

## DUAL INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (IF) ANALOG FRONT END FOR DIGITAL RADIO

### FEATURES

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- Two Intermediate Frequency (IF) Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs)
- Two 12-Bit Auxiliary Digital-to-Analog Converters (DACs)
- Integrated IF Digital Processing Core
- Integrated Circuitry for Third-Overtone Master Clock Oscillator
- Wakeup Circuit/Real-Time Clock With Separate Crystal Oscillator
- Flexible Data Interface Optimized for TMS Family of Digital Baseband Processors
- Pin-Selectable SPI™ and I<sup>2</sup>C™ Control Interfaces
- 3.3-V/1.8-V Supply (Integrated Regulator Available to Optionally Generate 1.8-V Supply)
- TQFP-100 PowerPAD™ Package

### APPLICATIONS

- IF-Sampled AM/FM Radio
- Hybrid Digital (HD) Digital Audio Broadcasting (DAB) Digital Radio

### DESCRIPTION

The AFE8220 implements the intermediate frequency (IF) sampling and processing functions of a digital radio receiver system. It is designed to be used with TI's [digital radio baseband processors](#) and AM/FM tuners. The AFE8220 can also be programmed by the baseband processor for use in conventional AM/FM and digital radio. This unit includes two IF inputs with associated filtering and digital processing circuitry.

The receive circuit oversamples the radio tuner IF output to reduce noise and improve dynamic range. The IF analog-to-digital converter (ADC) oversamples the IF input at rates up to 75 MHz. the AFE8220 then digitally mixes, filters, and decimates the signal to provide in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) output signals to the baseband processor. A clock oscillator circuit is provided that can be used with an appropriate third-overtone crystal and external tank circuit to generate the sampling clock for the IF ADCs.

The AFE8220 also includes a real-time clock and associated low-power oscillator circuit. Two auxiliary digital-to-analog converters (DACs) are included for system control functions. Other features include eight general-purpose input/output (GPIO) lines and programmable interrupt generators.

The AFE8220 is available in a TQFP-100 (14 mm × 14 mm) package and uses a 3.3-V and a 1.8-V power supply. An onboard voltage regulator is included to optionally generate the 1.8-V digital supply for the AFE8220.

### ORDERING INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

| T <sub>A</sub> | PACKAGE <sup>(2)</sup> |            | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
|----------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| –40°C to 85°C  | HTQFP – PZP            | Tray of 90 | AFE8220IPZPQ1         | AFE8220Q         |
| –40°C to 105°C |                        |            | AFE8220TPZPQ1         | AFE8220QT        |

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

(2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at [www.ti.com/packaging](http://www.ti.com/packaging).



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SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

I<sup>2</sup>C is a trademark of NXP Semiconductors.

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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted.<sup>(1)</sup>

|                                                      |              |                        |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Supply voltage range                                 | AVDD         | –0.5 V to 3.6 V        |
|                                                      | DVDD         | –0.5 V to 3.6 V        |
|                                                      | IOVDD        | –0.5 V to 3.6 V        |
| Voltage between                                      | AGND to DGND | –0.3 V to 0.5 V        |
|                                                      | AVDD to DVDD | –3.3 V to 3.3 V        |
| Digital inputs <sup>(2)</sup>                        |              | –0.3 V to DVDD + 0.3 V |
| Digital data output                                  |              | –0.3 V to DVDD + 0.3 V |
| Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub> | AFE8220I     | –40°C to 85°C          |
|                                                      | AFE8220T     | –40°C to 105°C         |
| Operating junction temperature range, T <sub>J</sub> | AFE8220T     | –40°C to 125°C         |
| Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>          |              | –55°C to 125°C         |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) Measured with respect to DGND.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                 |                                               |          | MIN          | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|--------------|-----|-----|------|
| AVDD            | Analog supply voltage                         |          | 3.14         | 3.3 | 3.6 | V    |
| DVDD            | Digital supply voltage                        |          | 1.6          | 1.8 | 2.0 | V    |
| IOVDD           | Output driver supply voltage                  |          | 1.6          |     | 3.6 | V    |
|                 | Input common-mode voltage                     |          |              | VCM |     | V    |
|                 | Differential input peak-to-peak voltage range |          |              | 2   |     | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-level digital input voltage              |          | 0.7 × IOVDD  |     |     | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low-level digital input voltage               |          | 0.25 × IOVDD |     |     | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Operating free-air temperature                | AFE8220I | –40          |     | 85  | °C   |
|                 |                                               | AFE8220T | –40          |     | 105 |      |
| T <sub>J</sub>  | Operating junction temperature                | AFE8220T | –40          |     | 125 | °C   |

## POWER SUPPLY SPECIFICATIONS

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $AVDD = IOVDD = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $DVDD = 1.8\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                  | TEST CONDITIONS                          | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT          |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| <b>Power Consumption</b>   |                                          |     |     |     |               |
| Analog supply current      |                                          |     | 130 | 155 | mA            |
| Digital supply current     | $\overline{\text{REG\_ENB}}$ disabled    |     | 65  | 85  | mA            |
| Digital I/O supply current | $\overline{\text{REG\_ENB}}$ disabled    |     | 35  | 50  | mA            |
|                            | $\overline{\text{REG\_ENB}}$ enabled     |     | 105 | 125 | mA            |
| Power dissipation          | $\overline{\text{REG\_ENB}}$ disabled    |     | 660 |     | mW            |
|                            | $\overline{\text{REG\_ENB}}$ enabled     |     | 725 |     | mW            |
| <b>Reduced-Power Modes</b> |                                          |     |     |     |               |
| Software power-down        | Control register address 1 set to 0x0000 |     | 100 |     | mW            |
| Hardware power-down        | PWD enabled                              |     | 50  |     | $\mu\text{W}$ |

## IF ADC SPECIFICATIONS

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $AVDD = IOVDD = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $DVDD = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,  $f_S = 75\text{ MHz}$  (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                       | TEST CONDITIONS                            | MIN                                          | TYP | MAX | UNIT       |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------------|
| <b>DC Accuracy</b>                              |                                            |                                              |     |     |            |
| Input impedance                                 |                                            |                                              | 2   |     | k $\Omega$ |
| Offset error                                    |                                            |                                              | 3.0 |     | mV         |
| Gain error                                      |                                            |                                              | 1.0 |     | %FS        |
| Full-scale input level                          | Peak differential, 1x gain                 |                                              | 2.0 |     | V          |
|                                                 | Peak differential, 2x gain                 |                                              | 1.0 |     | V          |
| <b>Power Supply</b>                             |                                            |                                              |     |     |            |
| Power-supply rejection ratio, PSRR              | $AVDD = 3.15\text{ VDC to }3.6\text{ VDC}$ |                                              | 72  |     | dB         |
| <b>References</b>                               |                                            |                                              |     |     |            |
| Positive reference                              | REFP                                       | 1.9                                          | 2.0 | 2.1 | V          |
| Negative reference                              | REFN                                       | 0.9                                          | 1.0 | 1.1 | V          |
| Common-mode voltage                             | VCM                                        | 1.4                                          | 1.5 | 1.6 | V          |
| <b>AC Performance</b>                           |                                            |                                              |     |     |            |
| Input sample rate                               |                                            | 75                                           |     |     | MHz        |
| Signal-to-noise ratio within a limited passband | SNR                                        | Input 10.7 MHz, –1 dBFS, in 3-kHz passband   | 105 |     | dBc        |
|                                                 |                                            | Input 10.7 MHz, –1 dBFS, in 100-kHz passband | 85  | 90  |            |
| Third-order intermodulation distortion          |                                            | –7-dB signals at 10.656 MHz and 10.729 MHz   | 91  |     | dB         |
|                                                 |                                            | –10-dB signals at 10.656 MHz and 10.729 MHz  | 94  |     |            |
| Spurious-free dynamic range                     | SFDR                                       | –1-dB input at 10.7 MHz, 100-kHz passband    | 88  | 96  | dBc        |

## AUXILIARY DAC SPECIFICATIONS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $AVDD = IOVDD = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $DVDD = 1.8\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                   | TEST CONDITIONS                                                | MIN | TYP       | MAX | UNIT          |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|---------------|
| <b>Resolution</b>           |                                                                |     |           |     |               |
| Resolution                  |                                                                |     | 12        |     | Bits          |
| <b>Output Voltage Range</b> |                                                                |     |           |     |               |
| Output voltage range        | Input code 0x000                                               |     | 0         |     | V             |
|                             | Input code 0x3FF                                               |     | 2.7       |     | V             |
| <b>Settling Time</b>        |                                                                |     |           |     |               |
| Settling time               | 0.1% of FSR                                                    |     |           | 10  | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| <b>DC Performance</b>       |                                                                |     |           |     |               |
| Offset                      |                                                                |     | $\pm 1$   |     | % of FSR      |
| Gain error                  |                                                                |     | $\pm 5$   |     | % of FSR      |
| DNL                         | Monotonic                                                      |     | $\pm 0.5$ |     | LSB           |
| INL                         | Offset and gain errors removed                                 |     | $\pm 3.0$ |     | LSB           |
| PSRR                        | Input code 0x200, $AVDD = 3.15\text{ VDC}$ to $3.6\text{ VDC}$ |     | 30.0      |     | dB            |

## DIGITAL I/O SPECIFICATIONS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $IOVDD = 3.3\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

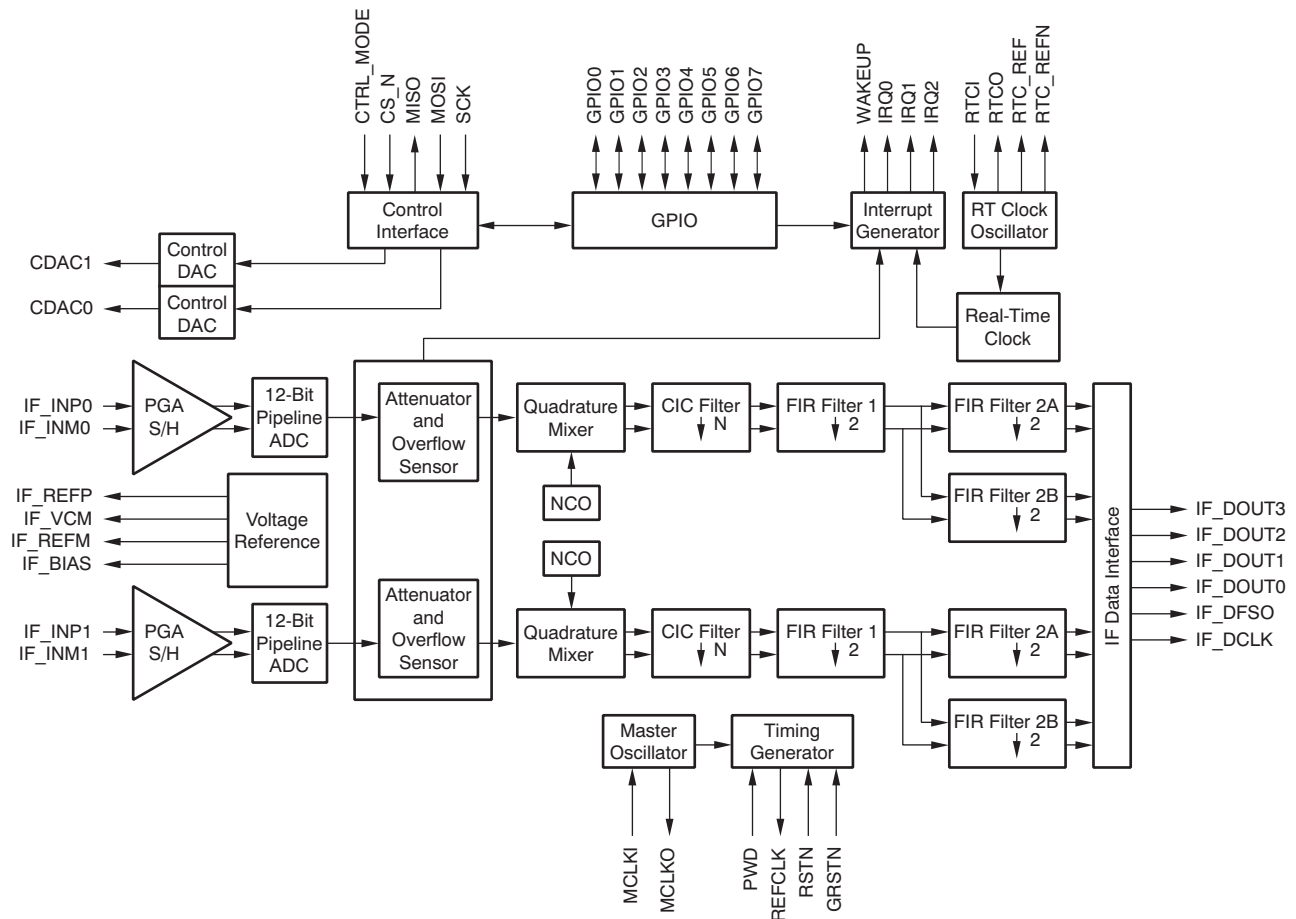
| PARAMETER                          | TEST CONDITIONS                           | MIN                | TYP | MAX | UNIT          |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| $I_{IH}$ High-level input current  | $V_{IH} = 1.6\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$ | –10                |     | 10  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IL}$ Low-level input current   | $V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ to $0.4\text{ V}$   | –10                |     | 10  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$         | $0.8 \times IOVDD$ |     |     | V             |
| $V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage  | $I_{OL} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$          | $0.2 \times IOVDD$ |     |     | V             |

## CLOCK OSCILLATOR SPECIFICATIONS

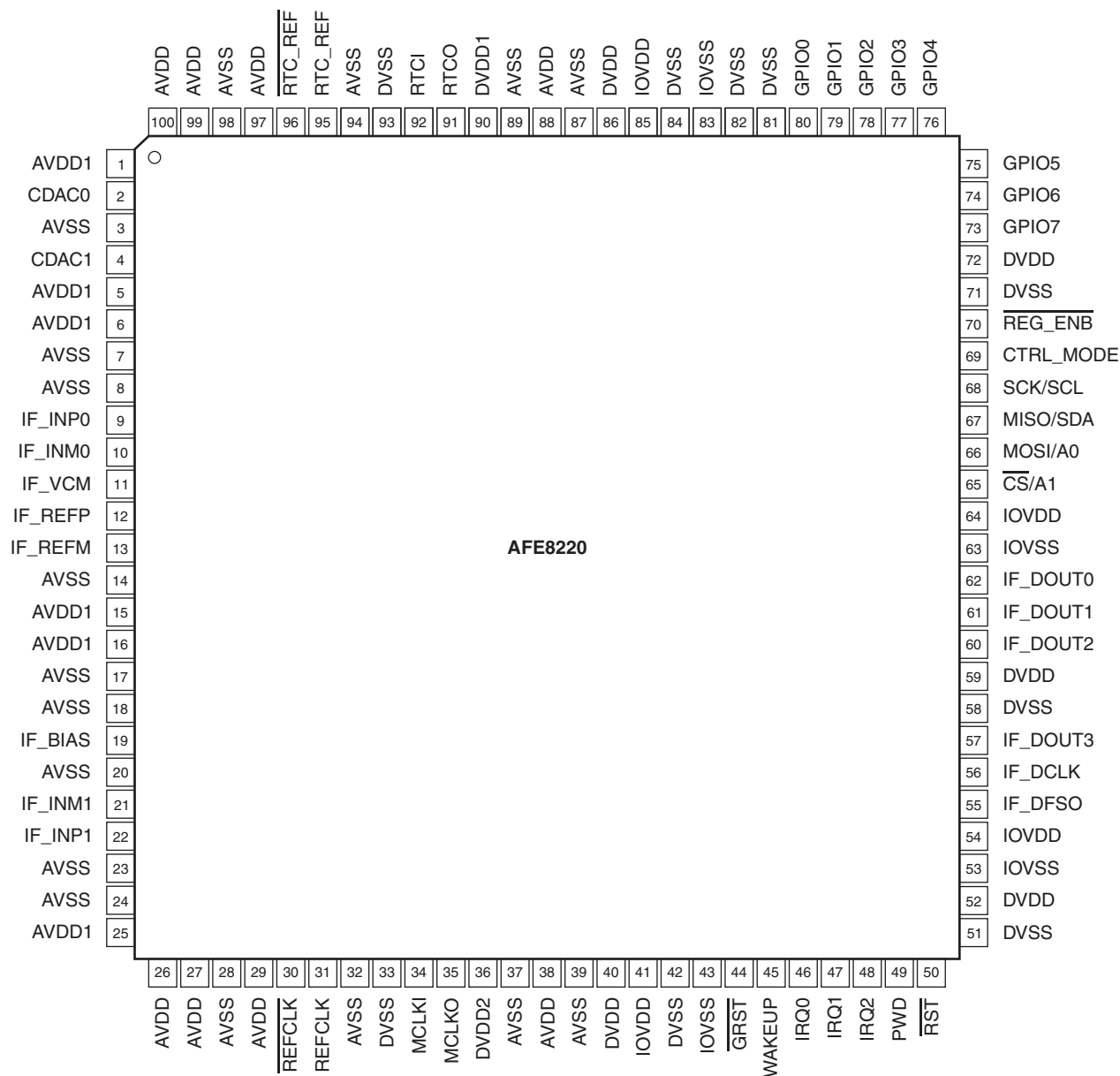
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $IOVDD = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,  $DVDD = 1.8\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                    | TEST CONDITIONS                                         | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $f_{XTAL}$ Crystal frequency | See the <a href="#">Master Clock Oscillator</a> section | 20  |     | 75  | MHz  |

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



## PIN CONFIGURATION

**TQFP-100**  
**Top View**


**TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

| TERMINAL |     | FUNCTION | DESCRIPTION                                |
|----------|-----|----------|--------------------------------------------|
| NAME     | NO. |          |                                            |
| AVDD1    | 1   | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply (internally switched)  |
| CDAC0    | 2   | Output   | Control DAC 0 output                       |
| AVSS     | 3   | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| CDAC1    | 4   | Output   | Control DAC 1 output                       |
| AVDD1    | 5   | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply (internally switched)  |
| AVDD1    | 6   | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply (internally switched)  |
| AVSS     | 7   | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVSS     | 8   | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| IF_INP0  | 9   | Input    | IF ADC channel 0 positive input            |
| IF_INM0  | 10  | Input    | IF ADC channel 0 negative input            |
| IF_VCM   | 11  | Output   | IF ADC common-mode voltage                 |
| IF_REFP  | 12  | Output   | IF ADC positive reference                  |
| IF_REFM  | 13  | Output   | IF ADC negative reference                  |
| AVSS     | 14  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVDD1    | 15  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply (internally switched)  |
| AVDD1    | 16  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply (internally switched)  |
| AVSS     | 17  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVSS     | 18  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| IF_BIAS  | 19  | Input    | IF ADC bias input                          |
| AVSS     | 20  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| IF_INM1  | 21  | Input    | IF ADC channel 1 negative input            |
| IF_INP1  | 22  | Input    | IF ADC channel 1 positive input            |
| AVSS     | 23  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVSS     | 24  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVDD1    | 25  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply (internally switched)  |
| AVDD     | 26  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                        |
| AVDD     | 27  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                        |
| AVSS     | 28  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVDD     | 29  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                        |
| REFCLK   | 30  | Output   | Inverted reference clock output            |
| REFCLK   | 31  | Output   | Reference clock output                     |
| AVSS     | 32  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| DVSS     | 33  | Ground   | Digital ground (for MCLK oscillator)       |
| MCLKI    | 34  | Input    | MCLK oscillator input                      |
| MCLKO    | 35  | Output   | MCLK oscillator output                     |
| DVDD2    | 36  | Supply   | 1.8-V digital supply (for MCLK oscillator) |
| AVSS     | 37  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| AVDD     | 38  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                        |
| AVSS     | 39  | Ground   | Analog ground                              |
| DVDD     | 40  | Supply   | 1.8-V digital supply                       |
| IOVDD    | 41  | Supply   | 3.3-V digital I/O supply                   |
| DVSS     | 42  | Ground   | Digital ground                             |
| IOVSS    | 43  | Ground   | Digital I/O ground                         |
| GRST     | 44  | Input    | Global reset (active low)                  |
| WAKEUP   | 45  | Output   | WAKEUP interrupt output                    |
| IRQ0     | 46  | Output   | Interrupt output 0                         |

**TERMINAL FUNCTIONS (continued)**

| <b>TERMINAL</b>                  |            | <b>FUNCTION</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION</b>                                            |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NAME</b>                      | <b>NO.</b> |                 |                                                               |
| IRQ1                             | 47         | Output          | Interrupt output 1                                            |
| IRQ2                             | 48         | Output          | Interrupt output 2                                            |
| PWD                              | 49         | Input           | Power down pin (active high)                                  |
| $\overline{\text{RST}}$          | 50         | Input           | Reset pin (active low)                                        |
| DVSS                             | 51         | Ground          | Digital ground                                                |
| DVDD                             | 52         | Supply          | 1.8-V digital supply                                          |
| IOVSS                            | 53         | Ground          | Digital I/O ground                                            |
| IOVDD                            | 54         | Supply          | 3.3-V digital I/O supply                                      |
| IF_DFSO                          | 55         | Output          | IF interface frame sync                                       |
| IF_DCLK                          | 56         | Output          | IF interface bit clock                                        |
| IF_DOUT3                         | 57         | Output          | IF interface data out 3                                       |
| DVSS                             | 58         | Ground          | Digital ground                                                |
| DVDD                             | 59         | Supply          | 1.8-V digital supply                                          |
| IF_DOUT2                         | 60         | Output          | IF interface data out 2                                       |
| IF_DOUT1                         | 61         | Output          | IF interface data out 1                                       |
| IF_DOUT0                         | 62         | Output          | IF interface data out 0                                       |
| IOVSS                            | 63         | Ground          | Digital I/O ground                                            |
| IOVDD                            | 64         | Supply          | 3.3-V digital I/O supply                                      |
| $\overline{\text{CS}}/\text{A1}$ | 65         | Input           | SPI Chip select (active low) / I <sup>2</sup> C address bit 1 |
| MOSI/A0                          | 66         | Input           | SPI data in / I <sup>2</sup> C address bit 0                  |
| MISO/SDA                         | 67         | Bidirectional   | SPI data out / I <sup>2</sup> C SDA                           |
| SCK/SCL                          | 68         | Input           | SPI clock / I <sup>2</sup> C SCL                              |
| CTRL_MODE                        | 69         | Input           | Control interface mode select (SPI = 0, I2C = 1)              |
| $\overline{\text{REG\_ENB}}$     | 70         | Input           | Enable onboard DVDD regulator (active low)                    |
| DVSS                             | 71         | Ground          | Digital ground                                                |
| DVDD                             | 72         | Supply          | 1.8-V digital supply                                          |
| GPIO7                            | 73         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 7                                                        |
| GPIO6                            | 74         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 6                                                        |
| GPIO5                            | 75         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 5                                                        |
| GPIO4                            | 76         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 4                                                        |
| GPIO3                            | 77         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 3                                                        |
| GPIO2                            | 78         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 2                                                        |
| GPIO1                            | 79         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 1                                                        |
| GPIO0                            | 80         | Bidirectional   | GPIO 0                                                        |
| DVSS                             | 81         | Ground          | Digital ground                                                |
| DVSS                             | 82         | Ground          | Digital ground                                                |
| IOVSS                            | 83         | Ground          | Digital I/O ground                                            |
| DVSS                             | 84         | Ground          | Digital ground                                                |
| IOVDD                            | 85         | Supply          | 3.3-V digital I/O supply                                      |
| DVDD                             | 86         | Supply          | 1.8-V digital supply                                          |
| AVSS                             | 87         | Ground          | Analog ground                                                 |
| AVDD                             | 88         | Supply          | 3.3-V analog supply                                           |
| AVSS                             | 89         | Ground          | Analog ground                                                 |
| DVDD1                            | 90         | Supply          | 1.8-V digital supply (for RTC oscillator)                     |
| RTCO                             | 91         | Output          | RTC oscillator output                                         |
| RTCI                             | 92         | Input           | RTC oscillator input                                          |

**TERMINAL FUNCTIONS (continued)**

| TERMINAL                     |     | FUNCTION | DESCRIPTION                         |
|------------------------------|-----|----------|-------------------------------------|
| NAME                         | NO. |          |                                     |
| DVSS                         | 93  | Ground   | Digital ground (for RTC oscillator) |
| AVSS                         | 94  | Ground   | Analog ground                       |
| RTC_REF                      | 95  | Output   | RTC output                          |
| $\overline{\text{RTC\_REF}}$ | 96  | Output   | Inverted RTC output                 |
| AVDD                         | 97  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                 |
| AVSS                         | 98  | Ground   | Analog ground                       |
| AVDD                         | 99  | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                 |
| AVDD                         | 100 | Supply   | 3.3-V analog supply                 |

## OUTPUT DATA INTERFACE

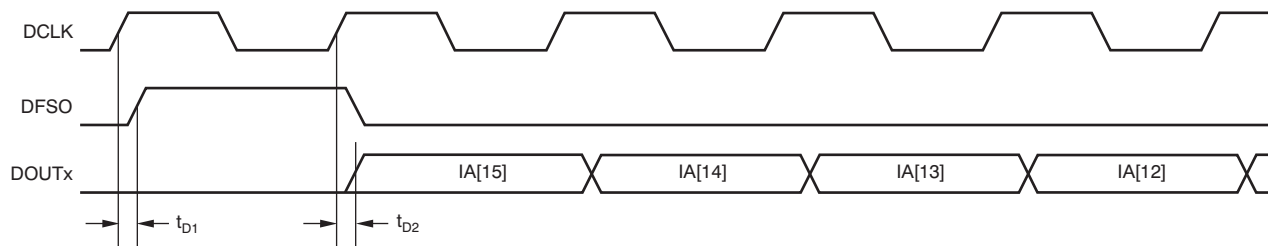


Figure 1. Output Data Interface Timing

### Output Data Interface Timing

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS     | MIN  | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|---------------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| $t_{D1}$  | DCLK to DFSO delay  | -2.9 |     | 3.7 | ns   |
| $t_{D2}$  | DCLK to DOUTx delay | -3.1 |     | 3.8 | ns   |

## SPI CONTROL INTERFACE

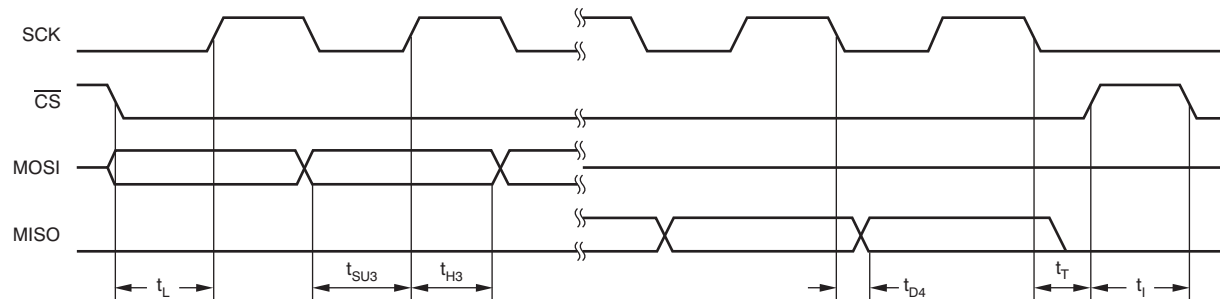
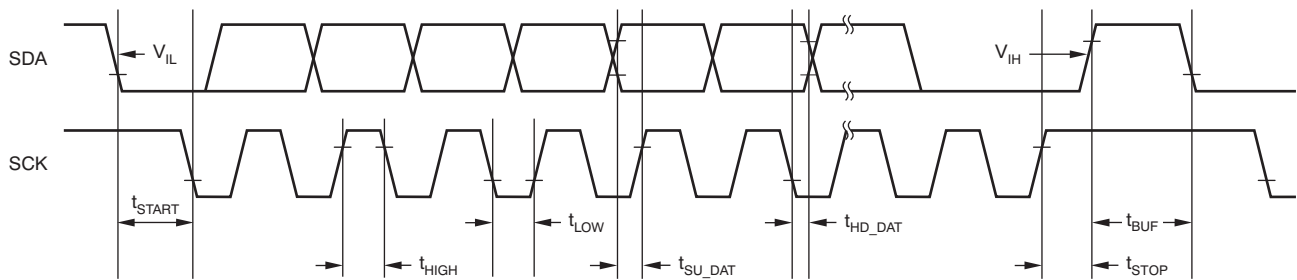


Figure 2. SPI Control Interface Timing

### SPI Control Interface Timing

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS                                                                       | MIN | TYP | MAX  | UNIT |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| $f_{SCK}$ | Maximum SCK frequency                                                            |     |     | 1    | MHz  |
| $t_L$     | $\overline{CS}$ lead time<br>Trailing $\overline{CS}$ to leading SCK             | 5.0 |     |      | ns   |
| $t_T$     | $\overline{CS}$ trail time<br>Trailing SCK to leading $\overline{CS}$            | 5.0 |     |      | ns   |
| $t_i$     | $\overline{CS}$ idle time<br>Leading $\overline{CS}$ to trailing $\overline{CS}$ | 5.0 |     |      | ns   |
| $t_{SU3}$ | MOSI to SCK setup time                                                           | 5.0 |     |      | ns   |
| $t_{H3}$  | MOSI to SCK hold time                                                            | 1.0 |     |      | ns   |
| $t_{D4}$  | SCK to MISO delay                                                                | 1.0 |     | 10.4 | ns   |

## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS INTERFACE



**Figure 3. I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface Timing**

### I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface Timing

| PARAMETER           |                                                  | MIN                   | TYP | MAX                   | UNIT |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| f <sub>SCK</sub>    | SCK clock frequency                              | 0                     |     | 400                   | kHz  |
| V <sub>IL</sub>     | Input voltage, low                               |                       |     | 0.3 × V <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>     | Input voltage, high                              | 0.7 × V <sub>DD</sub> |     |                       | V    |
| t <sub>START</sub>  | Setup time for START or repeated START condition | 0.6                   |     |                       | μs   |
| t <sub>STOP</sub>   | Setup time for STOP condition                    | 0.6                   |     |                       | μs   |
| t <sub>LOW</sub>    | LOW period of SCK clock                          | 1.3                   |     |                       | μs   |
| t <sub>HIGH</sub>   | HIGH period of SCK clock                         | 0.6                   |     |                       | μs   |
| t <sub>HD_DAT</sub> | Data hold time from SCK falling                  | 100 <sup>(1)</sup>    |     |                       | ns   |
|                     |                                                  | 250                   |     |                       |      |
| t <sub>SU_DAT</sub> | Data setup time to SCK rising                    | 100 <sup>(1)</sup>    |     |                       | ns   |
|                     |                                                  | 250                   |     |                       |      |
| t <sub>BUF</sub>    | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition | 4.7                   |     |                       | μs   |

(1) Valid when MCLK > 20 MHz; otherwise is 250 ns.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

### Reset Pins

The AFE8220 has two active-low reset pins,  $\overline{\text{GRST}}$  and  $\overline{\text{RST}}$ . When  $\overline{\text{GRST}}$  is brought low, all registers on the chip are brought to default values (0, unless otherwise specified). When  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  is brought low, all registers are brought to default values except for:

- Real-time clock registers (counters and alarms)
  - Registers to configure the WAKEUP interrupt
  - Registers controlling the GPIO pins
- These registers are left in the previously programmed states.

### Analog Supply Connections

A clean 3.3-V analog supply should be connected to all AVDD pins (26–27, 29, 38, 88, 97, and 99–100). Limited decoupling is required on the AVDD pins; a 0.1-mF capacitor near pins 29 and 38 and another capacitor near pins 88 and 97 should suffice.

The AFE8220 contains an internal analog switch that is used to disconnect power from the major analog blocks when the PWD pin is high. When the PWD pin is low, the AVDD1 pins (1, 5, 6, 15, 16, and 25) are internally connected to the AVDD pins (26, 27, 99, and 100). Because the AVDD1 pins are actually the active supply pins for the IF ADC and other analog components, the AVDD1 pins should be heavily bypassed with a minimum of parallel 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  and 0.01- $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitors at each pin (or pin pair).

### Digital Supply Connections

The digital supply connections depend on whether the onboard regulators are used to generate the 1.8-V digital core voltage ( $\text{REG\_ENB}$  low); or if the digital core voltage comes from a system-level supply ( $\text{REG\_ENB}$  high). In either case, all IOVDD pins should be connected to the 3.3-V IO supply and appropriately bypassed. If the internal regulators are used, this supply also sources the current drawn by the digital core.

### External 1.8-V Core Supply

If an external 1.8-V supply is used, all DVDD pins should be connected to the 1.8-V supply and appropriately bypassed with 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  and 0.01- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors. DVDD1 and DVDD2 pins may also be connected directly to the 1.8-V supply or may be optionally connected through a small (1  $\Omega$  to 10  $\Omega$ ) series resistor to reduce supply noise coupling into the MCLK oscillator (powered through DVDD1) or the RTC oscillator (powered through DVDD2).

When using an external supply, the PWD pin disables the MCLK oscillator when high, shutting off the clock to most of the digital core. As long as the external 1.8-V supply is maintained, all register settings in the digital core are maintained with PWD is high.

### Internal 1.8-V Regulator

If the internal 1.8-V regulator is used, then 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  and 0.01- $\mu\text{F}$  decoupling capacitors should still be put at the DVDD, DVDD1, and DVDD2 pins. DVDD2 should still be connected to the DVDD pins either directly or through a small series resistor. DVDD1 must be isolated from DVDD and DVDD2.

While using the internal regulators, the MCLK oscillator and the internal regulators are disabled when the PWD pin is high. This condition causes most of the register settings to be lost, except for the registers associated with the real-time clock, GPIO, and WAKEUP interrupt. For this reason, the  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  pin should be brought low prior to bringing the PWD pin low (to come out of power-down). The  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  pin should be held low for at least 10 ms after PWD goes low to allow the internal regulators to stabilize.

Note that the internal regulators are linear regulators, and therefore are relatively inefficient. Power dissipation as a result of the digital core almost doubles when the internal regulators are used (same core current, but drawn from a 3.3-V supply instead of a 1.8-V supply). Whenever possible, the use of a more efficient external switching regulator is encouraged in order to minimize overall system power as well as to reduce the thermal stress on the AFE8220.

## Control Interface

Configuration and control data are written to the AFE8220 via the control interface. The control interface supports two protocols, SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C. If the CTRL\_MODE pin is tied low, then an SPI interface is implemented. If CTRL\_MODE is tied high, then an I<sup>2</sup>C protocol-compatible interface is implemented.

### SPI Interface

The SPI interface consists of four signals: a serial clock (SCK), an active-low chip select ( $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ), a serial data input (MOSI: master out, slave in), and a serial data output (MISO: master in, slave out). Data are transferred in groups of 32 bits. The first 16 bits are the instruction, which indicates:

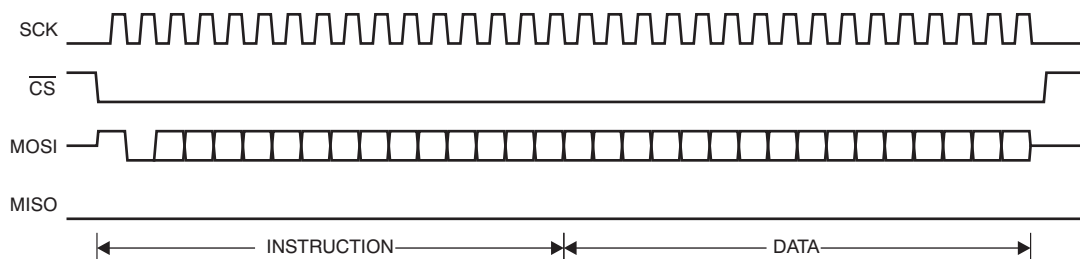
1. If data are to be written or to be read;
2. If the data target is a register or RAM; and
3. The address of the data target.

The second 16 bits are the data transfer, which is input on MOSI for a write cycle or output on MISO for a read cycle.

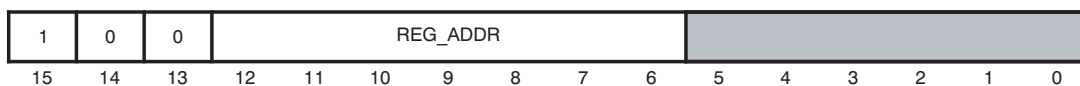
Figure 4 shows an SPI write cycle. The cycle is initiated by the high-to-low transition of the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  line. 32 SCK pulses clock the instruction and the data into the MOSI line. Data are clocked in MSB first. The first 16 bits are the instruction. There are two possible write cycle instructions: register write and memory write. The formats for these instructions are shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6, respectively.

The only information required for a register write is the five-bit register address (REG\_ADDR). For a memory write, both the two-bit memory select (MEM) plus the eight-bit memory address (MEM\_ADDR) are required.

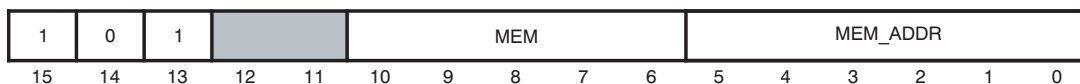
Following the 16-bit instruction, the 16-bit data word is clocked in, again MSB first. At the end of the write cycle, this data word is written to the appropriate register or memory location in the AFE8220.



**Figure 4. SPI Control Interface Write Cycle**



**Figure 5. Register Write Instruction Format**



**Figure 6. Memory Write Instruction Format**

Figure 7 shows the SPI interface read cycle. It is similar to the write cycle, except that instead of the data word being clocked into MOSI during the second half of the cycle, the data word is clocked out of MISO. Note that only register reads are permitted; RAM reads cannot be read back.

For reading and writing, data block transfers are supported. For a block transfer, multiple data words are transmitted following the memory read or write instruction. The data words are read from or written sequentially starting at the address contained in the instruction. The sequential access terminates when the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  line goes high. Figure 8 shows a register block read cycle. In the illustration, three succeeding register locations are read starting at address N. The block write cycle is similar except, of course, data are clocked into MOSI.

In all cases, the control interface is reset when  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  goes high. If the final SCK is not received before  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  goes high, then the cycle ends prematurely. For a read cycle, data transfer terminates; for a write cycle, no data are written to either a register or to memory.

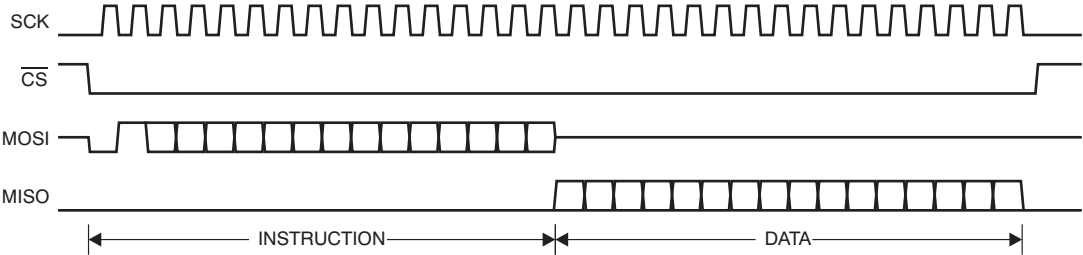
**I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Interface**

The AFE8220 control interface can be configured to provide I<sup>2</sup>C slave operation. It has a 10-bit slave address of 00010010AB and complies with the Philips I<sup>2</sup>C specification. Note that address bits A and B are determined by the state of the I<sup>2</sup>C address pins A1 and A0. The mapping of SPI pins to I<sup>2</sup>C pins is shown in Table 1.

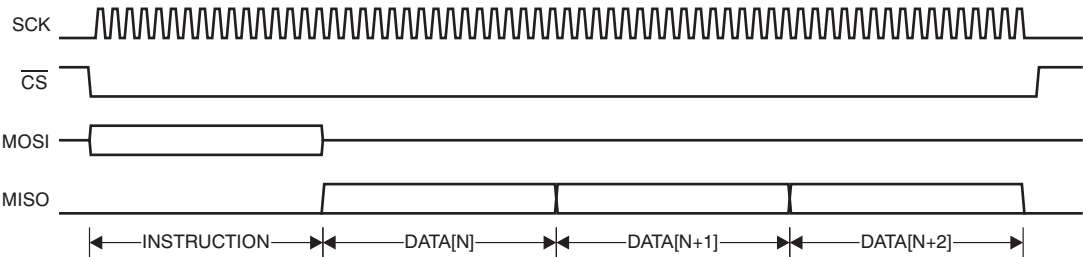
**Table 1. SPI/I<sup>2</sup>C Pin Mapping**

| CTRL_MODE = 0 (SPI)                    | CTRL_MODE = 1 (I <sup>2</sup> C)  |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Chip select ( $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ) | I <sup>2</sup> C address bit (A1) |
| Master out slave in (MOSI)             | I <sup>2</sup> C address bit (A0) |
| Master in slave out (MISO)             | Serial data line (SDA)            |
| SPI clock (SCK)                        | Serial clock line (SCL)           |

The AFE8220 I<sup>2</sup>C interface supports both fast mode (400K bits/sec) and standard mode (100K bits/sec) operation. However, if the master crystal frequency is less than 20 MHz, then only standard mode is supported.



**Figure 7. SPI Control Interface Read Cycle**



**Figure 8. SPI Control Interface Block Read Cycle**

As a reference, a typical data transfer on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus is described in Figure 9. Each data byte is eight bits long and must be followed by an Acknowledge bit. Start and stop conditions are defined as a transition of the SDA signal with SCL high. A pulse of the SCL clock signal indicates the transfer of data or an Acknowledge bit on the SDA pin. The transmitting device drives SDA data during clock periods 1–8. The receiving device acknowledges by driving SDA low during clock 9. Master devices always generate the SCL clock and initiate transactions. Refer to the Philips I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Specification for further details.

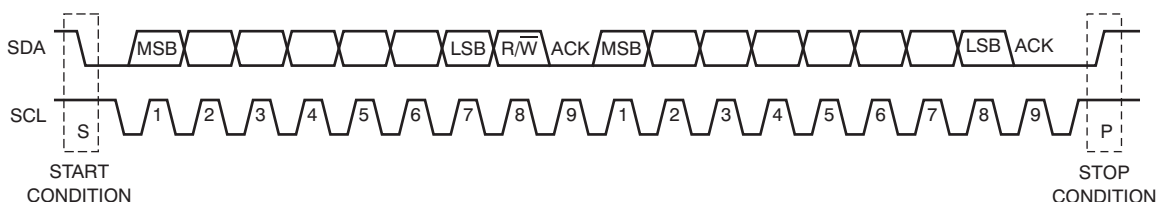
The AFE8220 has 16-bit internal registers and operates on 16-bit instructions. Because the I<sup>2</sup>C interface is inherently an 8-bit interface, special formats are required to send instructions and data between an I<sup>2</sup>C Master and the AFE8220. The I<sup>2</sup>C Write Operation and I<sup>2</sup>C Read Operation sections describe these formats in detail.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Write Operation

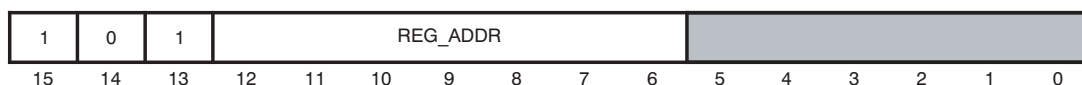
Write operations require a start condition followed by two bytes describing both a 10-bit address format and the AFE8220 10-bit slave address. The next two bytes must contain the 16-bit instruction word format described previously in [Figure 5](#) or [Figure 6](#), depending on the internal resource being addressed. Finally, a pair of bytes containing the 16-bit write data must be provided. If additional 16-bit writes are required, further pairs of bytes may be used as part of a block transfer. After the final pair of write data bytes, an I<sup>2</sup>C stop condition must be provided to terminate the transaction. [Figure 11](#) illustrates a block write transfer of *N* 16-bit data words. Gray areas denote slave-driven SDA cycles; white areas are master-driven.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Read Operation

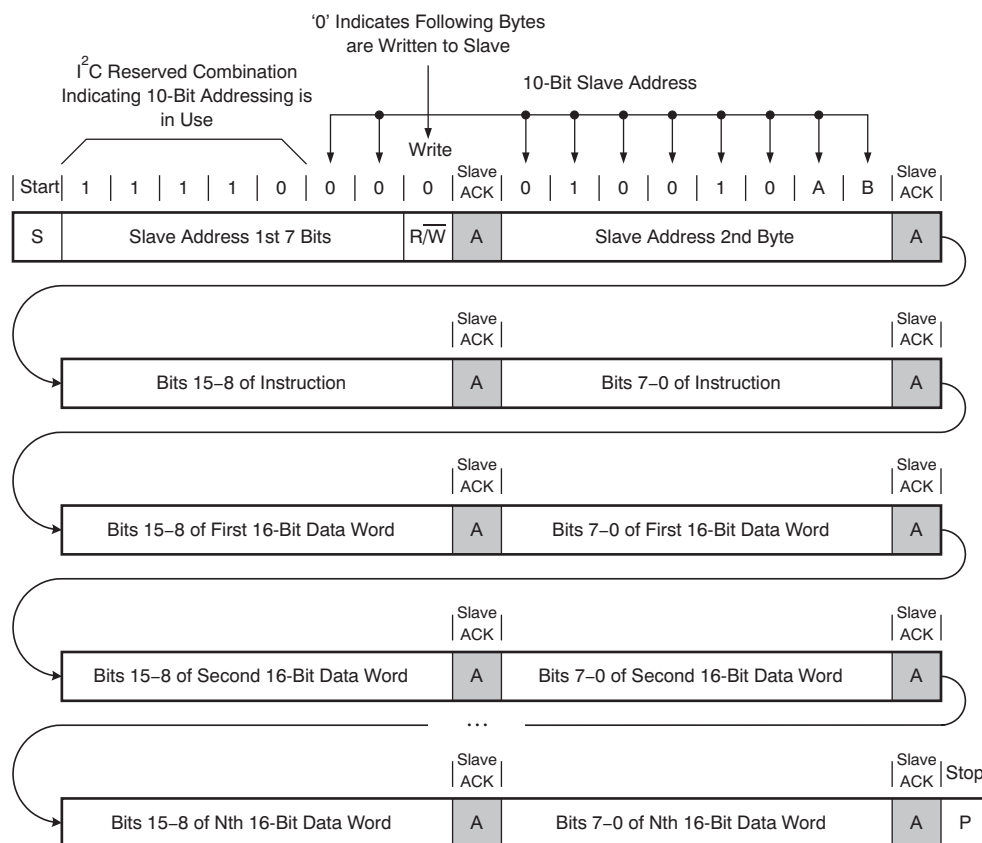
Read operations require a start condition followed by two bytes describing both a 10-bit address format and the AFE8220 10-bit slave address. The next two bytes must contain the 16-bit instruction word format, as illustrated in [Figure 10](#). A repeated start followed by the first byte of the slave address is then required to create a combined transaction. Note that the R/W bit is set to 1 (read), indicating that subsequent bytes are to be read from the slave. The AFE8220 presents addressed 16-bit data words in 8-bit pairs until a NACK (N) is provided by the master. After the final pair of read data bytes, an I<sup>2</sup>C stop condition must be provided to terminate the transaction. [Figure 12](#) illustrates a block read transfer of *N* 16-bit data words. Gray areas denote slave-driven SDA cycles; white areas are master-driven.



**Figure 9. Example Data Transfer on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus**



**Figure 10. Register Read Instruction Format**



### Figure 11. Example I<sup>2</sup>C Write Operation

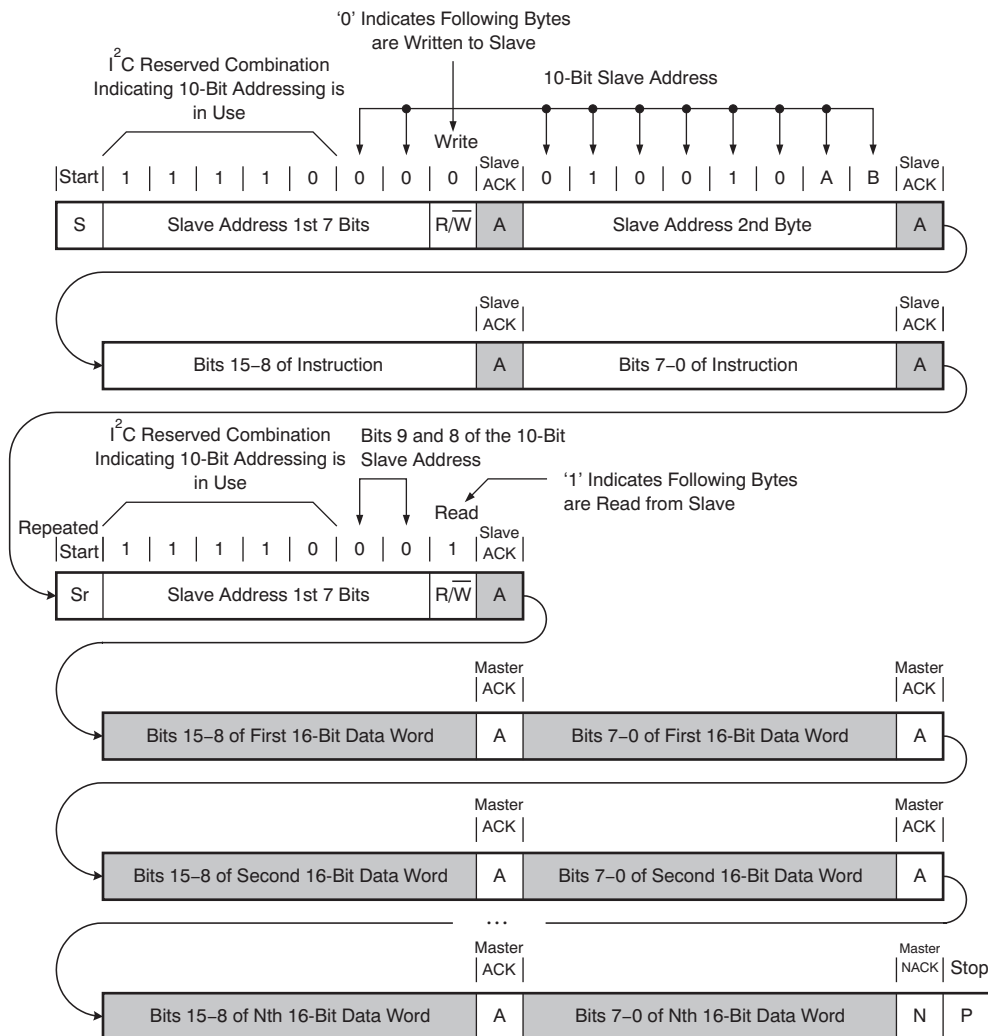


Figure 12. Example I²C Read Operation

## IF ADCs (IF\_ADC0 and IF\_ADC1)

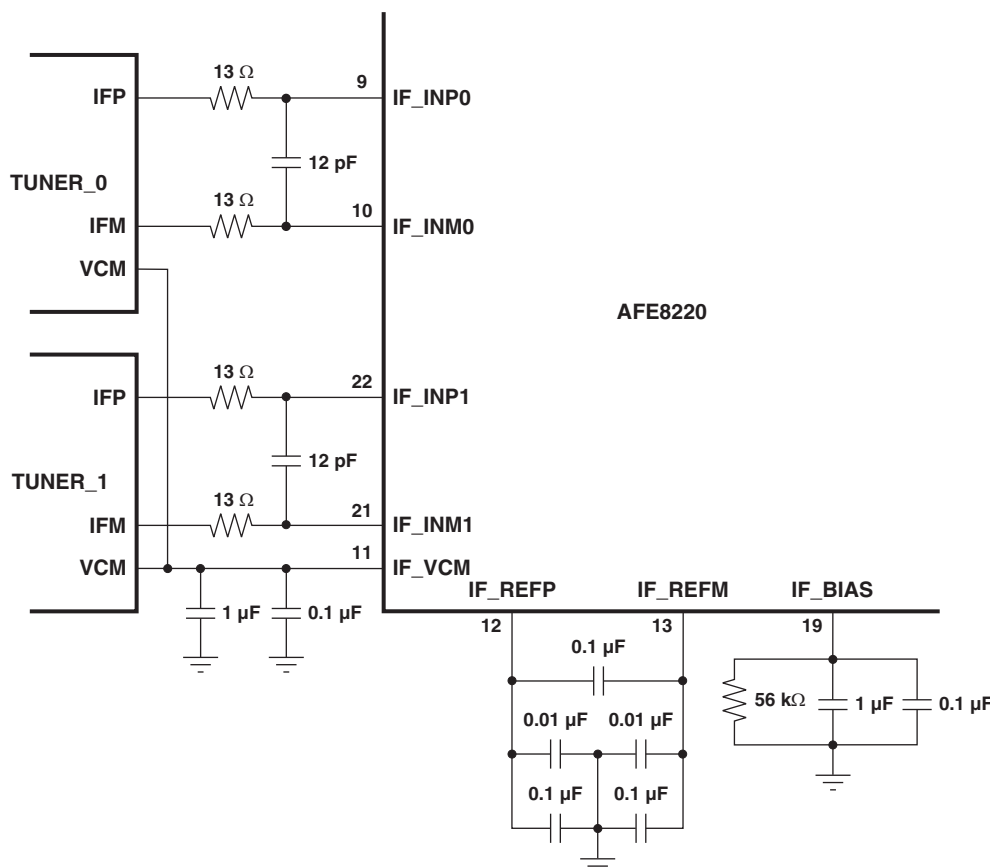
IF\_ADC0 and IF\_ADC1 are 12-bit pipeline ADCs that are used to sample the output of the tuner(s). [Figure 13](#) shows recommended connections for the IF ADCs.

The IF ADCs have three power modes controlled by *ifadc\_en[0]* and *ifadc\_en[1]*. Full-power mode occurs when both *ifadc\_en[0]* and *ifadc\_en[1]* are high. In this case, both ADCs are biased to the highest levels and are ready to operate. If only *ifadc\_en[0]* or *ifadc\_en[1]* is high, then the converters are operating in reduced-power mode, where the enabled ADC is fully biased and ready to operate while the second ADC is in a low (but not zero) bias state (a minimum bias current is necessary to maintain safe voltages within the ADC core). In low-power mode, both *ifadc\_en[0]* and *ifadc\_en[1]* are low. In this case, all IF ADC circuits are in the minimum bias mode. Note that to reach a true sleep mode, the analog supply to the IF ADC block must be turned off.

When *ifadc\_gain0* is low, IF\_ADC0 is in its normal 1x gain operating state. If *ifadc\_gain0* is high, then the gain of IF\_ADC0 is changed to 2x. In a similar fashion, *ifadc\_gain1* controls the gain of IF\_ADC1. [Table 2](#) shows the *ifadc\_en* and *ifadc\_gain* control variable parameters.

**Table 2. IF\_ADC Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER   | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-------------|---------|------|
| ifadc_en[0] | 1       | 0    |
| ifadc_en[1] | 1       | 1    |
| ifadc_gain0 | 1       | 2    |
| ifadc_gain1 | 1       | 3    |

**Figure 13. IF ADC Connections**

### IF ADC Alarm/Attenuator

The output of each IF ADC is monitored to ensure that the full-scale input range is not exceeded. If an ADC over-range condition occurs, an overflow signal is generated that may be used to generate an interrupt on the IRQ line, depending on the settings in the IRQ interrupt generator.

In addition, programmable limits may be set for each IF ADC. If the absolute value of IF\_ADC0 exceeds *if\_adc\_limit0* or the absolute value of IF\_ADC1 exceeds *ifadc\_limit1*, then an interrupt may be generated on IRQ again depending on the settings in the IRQ interrupt generator.

In the case of an IF ADC event, the IRQ status register can be read back to determine the type of event and on which ADC channel it occurred. The IRQ status register can be polled to determine if an IF ADC event has occurred in the case where IF ADC events are masked from generating an interrupt.

The control variable *ddc0\_atten* causes an attenuation of the IF\_ADC0 output prior to the DDC. The attenuation ranges in 3-dB steps from 0 dB (for *ddc0\_atten* = 0) to –18 dB (for *ddc0\_atten* = 6). *ddc1\_atten* has the same effect on the output of IF\_ADC1.

In order to better synchronize the IF ADC attenuator with the tuner automatic gain control (AGC), a delay may be programmed between when a new value of *ddc0\_atten* is written and when it takes effect. When a new value of *ddc0\_atten* is written, a counter (driven by MCLK) is initialized to *ddc0\_delay*. When the counter reaches zero, the actual attenuation change occurs. Likewise, *ddc1\_delay* affects *ddc1\_atten*. Note that if a new *ddc0\_atten* is written before the delay counter has reached zero from the previous write, the previous write is discarded. [Table 3](#) shows the attenuator, delay, and limit control variables.

**Table 3. IF ADC Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER    | ADDRESS | BITS |
|--------------|---------|------|
| ddc0_atten   | 3       | 2:0  |
| ddc1_atten   | 15      | 2:0  |
| ddc0_delay   | 4       | 15:0 |
| ddc1_delay   | 16      | 15:0 |
| ifadc_limit0 | 46      | 11:0 |
| ifadc_limit1 | 47      | 11:0 |

## Digital Downconverter 0 (DDC0)

DDC0 operation is controlled by *ddc\_en[0]*. When *ddc\_en[0]* is 1, operation of DDC0 is enabled. If *ddc\_en[0]* is 0, operation of DDC0 is disabled. [Table 4](#) shows the DDC0 operation control settings.

**Table 4. DDC Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER               | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-------------------------|---------|------|
| ddc0_cic_dec_rate       | 9       | 8:0  |
| ddc0_cic_scale          | 10      | 11:6 |
| ddc0_cic_shift          | 10      | 5:0  |
| ddc0_demod_freq[31:16]  | 5       | 15:0 |
| ddc0_demod_freq[15:0]   | 6       | 15:0 |
| ddc0_demod_phase[31:16] | 7       | 15:0 |
| ddc0_demod_phase[15:0]  | 8       | 15:0 |
| ddc0_fir1_base_address  | 11      | 13:8 |
| ddc0_fir1_mode          | 11      | 1:0  |
| ddc0_fir1_ncoeffs       | 11      | 7:2  |
| ddc0_fir1_nodect        | 14      | 9    |
| ddc0_fir2_nodect        | 14      | 10   |
| ddc0_fir2a_base_address | 12      | 15:9 |
| ddc0_fir2a_mode         | 12      | 1:0  |
| ddc0_fir2a_ncoeffs      | 12      | 8:2  |
| ddc0_fir2a_shift        | 14      | 3:0  |
| ddc0_fir2b_base_address | 13      | 15:9 |
| ddc0_fir2b_mode         | 13      | 1:0  |
| ddc0_fir2b_ncoeffs      | 13      | 8:2  |
| ddc0_fir2b_shift        | 14      | 7:4  |
| ddc0_interleave         | 14      | 8    |
| ddc_en[0]               | 1       | 4    |
| ddc_sync                | 1       | 6    |

## Quadrature Mixer/NCO

The NCO frequency and initial phase are set by the 32-bit unsigned variables *ddc0\_demod\_freq* and *ddc0\_demod\_phase*. The I and Q outputs of the mixer can be calculated by [Equation 1](#) and [Equation 2](#).

$$I = \text{ADC} \times \cos(2\pi ft + \phi) \quad (1)$$

$$Q = \text{ADC} \times \sin(2\pi ft + \phi) \quad (2)$$

where ADC is the output of the IF analog-to-digital converter, f is the NCO phase offset (in radians) given by [Equation 3](#), and  $\phi$  is the NCO phase offset (in radians) given by [Equation 4](#).

$$f = f_{\text{MCLK}} \frac{\text{ddc0\_demod\_freq}}{2^{32}} \quad (3)$$

$$\phi = 2\pi \frac{\text{ddc0\_demod\_phase}}{2^{32}} \quad (4)$$

The *ddc\_sync* signal can be used to control the phase of the mixer. While the *ddc\_sync* signal is high, the phase accumulator is held to a constant value *ddc0\_demod\_phase*, essentially holding it to 0 in [Equation 1](#) and [Equation 2](#). When the *ddc\_sync* signal is brought low, the phase accumulator is incremented by the value *ddc0\_demod\_freq* once per MCLK cycle.

## CIC Filter

The first stage of decimation filtering is provided by a fifth-order CIC filter. The operation of the CIC filter is controlled by the unsigned variables *ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate*, *ddc0\_cic\_scale*, and *ddc0\_cic\_shift*. The valid range for *ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate* is from 4 to 256.

The inherent dc gain of the CIC filter is *ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate*. The control variables *ddc0\_cic\_shift* and *ddc0\_cic\_scale* are used to reduce this very high gain before the signal is output to the next stage of the decimation filter. The combined effect of *ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate*, *ddc0\_cic\_shift*, and *ddc0\_cic\_scale* produces an overall dc gain for the CIC filter of [Equation 5](#).

$$\text{GAIN} = \text{ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate}^5 \frac{\text{ddc0\_cic\_scale}/32}{2^{\text{ddc0\_cic\_shift}}} \quad (5)$$

In general, *ddc0\_cic\_shift* and *ddc0\_cic\_scale* should be chosen to make GAIN as close to 1 as possible. For example, if *ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate* is 20, setting *ddc0\_cic\_shift* to 22 and *ddc0\_cic\_scale* to 41 results in a GAIN of 0.9775.

## First FIR Filter

The block following the CIC filter is a decimate-by-two finite impulse response (FIR) filter with programmable coefficients. *ddc0\_fir1\_mode* sets the type of filter response—ODD (MODE = 00: symmetric impulse response, odd number of taps), EVEN (MODE = 01: symmetric impulse response, even number of taps), HALFBAND (MODE = 10), and ARBITRARY (MODE = 11: non-symmetric impulse response).

The 16-bit wide filter coefficients are stored in memory bank 0. Up to 64 coefficients can be stored in this memory. Depending on the types of filters desired and the number of taps, coefficients for multiple filter responses may be stored in the memory bank. The filter response may be changed simply by updating the control register with new values for *ddc0\_fir1\_mode*, *ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff*, and *ddc0\_fir1\_base\_addr*.

*ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff* defines the number of unique filter coefficients that make up the filter response. *ddc0\_fir1\_base\_addr* defines the memory location where the first filter coefficient is stored. The actual filter length is a function of the *ddc0\_fir1\_mode* and *ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff*, as shown in [Equation 6](#).

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Filter Length} &= 2 \times (\text{ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff} - 1) + 1 \text{ for ODD} \\
 \text{Filter Length} &= 2 \times \text{ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff} \text{ for EVEN} \\
 \text{Filter Length} &= 4 \times (\text{ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff} - 1) + 1 \text{ for HALFBAND} \\
 \text{Filter Length} &= \text{ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff} \text{ for ARBITRARY}
 \end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

The maximum filter length that can be realized is limited by two factors. First, the number of clock cycles between successive filter outputs limits the number of coefficients that can be processed, as shown in [Equation 7](#).

$$\text{ddc0\_fir1\_ncoeff} \leq 2 \times \text{ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate} \tag{7}$$

where *ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate* is the decimation ration of the CIC filter.

Second, the size of the data memory (which stores incoming data samples) limits filter length to 62 taps.

The dc gain of the FIR filter depends on the coefficient values and the filter mode. For ODD mode and HALFBAND mode, the dc gain is given by [Equation 8](#):

$$\text{GAIN} = \left( \frac{h_{\text{NCOEFF}} + \sum_{n=1}^{\text{NCOEFF}-1} 2h_n}{2^{15} - 1} \right) \tag{8}$$

where  $h_n$  is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  of NCOEFF filter coefficients stored in memory.

For EVEN mode the, dc gain is shown by [Equation 9](#):

$$\text{GAIN} = \left( \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{\text{NCOEFF}} 2h_n}{2^{15} - 1} \right) \tag{9}$$

while for ARBITRARY mode the gain is shown by [Equation 10](#):

$$\text{GAIN} = \left( \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{\text{NCOEFF}} h_n}{2^{15} - 1} \right) \tag{10}$$

## Second FIR Filters

The first FIR filter is followed by two parallel second FIR filters, FIR2A and FIR2B. Duplicate filters allow the output of two I and Q output streams with different bandwidths. For example, the bandwidth of FIR2A may be set wide to accommodate reception of digital broadcasts, while FIR2B may be set narrower to receive an analog broadcast sharing the same band. Coefficients for FIR2A are stored in memory bank 1 (MEM = 1) and coefficients for FIR2B are stored in memory bank 2 (MEM = 2).

The operation of the second FIR filter is similar to the first FIR filter with several notable exceptions. First, the depths of the coefficient and data memories are doubled to 128. This size increase allows for filters up to 126 taps to be realized without running out of data memory. It also allows longer sets of filter coefficients to be stored in coefficient memory.

Second, because of the additional decimation by two from the first FIR filter, twice as many MCLK cycles are available to process coefficients, increasing the maximum allowable value of NCOEFF, as shown in [Equation 11](#) and [Equation 12](#).

$$\text{ddc0\_fir2a\_ncoeff} \leq 4 \times \text{ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate} \tag{11}$$

$$\text{ddc0\_fir2b\_ncoeff} \leq 4 \times \text{ddc0\_cic\_dec\_rate} \tag{12}$$

Third, in the first FIR filter the total of all the filter tap weights must add up to  $(2^{15} - 1)$  to achieve unity gain through the filter. With longer filters (and therefore, smaller coefficients), frequency response errors may be introduced as a result of coefficient truncation. A Shift parameter has been added to the second FIR filter to alleviate this problem. The total of all filter tap weights must add up to  $(2^{15+\text{ddc0\_fir2a\_shift}} - 1)$  to achieve unity gain through FIR2A (similarly for *ddc0\_fir2b\_shift* and FIR2B). Note that shift values for FIR2A and FIR2B can be set separately.

### Extended-Length Filter Mode

If FIR2A or FIR2B cannot provide enough filter taps to achieve the desired frequency response, setting control bit *ddc0\_interleave* puts the two filters into an interleaved mode that doubles the length of the filter that can be realized. However, there are several limitations:

1. Only odd symmetrical filters may be realized;
2. The filter length M must be such that  $(M + 1)/4$  is an integer; and
3. Only one filter can be realized (in *ddc0\_interleave* mode the A and B outputs are identical:  $IB = IA$  and  $QB = QA$ ).

In addition to setting the *ddc0\_interleave* bit, FIR2A must be set to EVEN mode and FIR2B must be set to ODD mode. *ddc0\_fir2a\_ncoeff* and *ddc0\_fir2b\_ncoeff* are both set to  $(M + 1)/4$ . *ddc0\_fir2a\_shift* and *ddc0\_fir2b\_shift* should be identical. There are no restrictions on *ddc0\_fir2a\_base\_addr* or *ddc0\_fir2b\_base\_addr*.

The M-tap filter has  $(M + 1)/2$  unique coefficients. The first, third, fifth, etc. coefficients are loaded into the FIR2A coefficient memory; the second, fourth, sixth, etc. coefficients are loaded into the FIR2B memory. The center coefficients of the filter end up as the last coefficient loaded into FIR2B.

### FIR Filter Transfer Functions

Equation 13 to Equation 21 show transfer functions and dc gain for the various filter modes. Generic names for the control variables are used; just substitute the appropriate variable (that is, *ddc0\_fir2a\_ncoeff* for NCOEFF) as necessary. Also, note that SHIFT has a value of 0 for FIR1.

#### Basic Filter Modes

$$H_{\text{EVEN}}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-1} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n} \times (z^{-n} + z^{-(2 \times NCOEFF - 1 - n)}) \quad (13)$$

$$H_{\text{ODD}}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-2} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n} \times (z^{-n} + z^{-(2 \times NCOEFF - 2 - n)}) + COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+NCOEFF-1} \times z^{NCOEFF-1} \quad (14)$$

$$H_{\text{HALFBAND}}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-2} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n} \times (z^{-2n} + z^{-(4 \times NCOEFF - 6 - 2n)}) + COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+NCOEFF-1} \times z^{2 \times NCOEFF - 3} \quad (15)$$

$$H_{\text{ARBITRARY}}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-1} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n} \times z^{-n} \quad (16)$$

$$GAIN_{\text{EVEN}}(z) = 2^{-\text{SHIFT}} \times \frac{2 \times \sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-1} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n}}{2^{15} - 1} \quad (17)$$

$$GAIN_{\text{ODD}} = GAIN_{\text{HALFBAND}} = 2^{-\text{SHIFT}} \times \frac{2 \times \sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-2} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n} + COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+NCOEFF-1}}{2^{15} - 1} \quad (18)$$

$$GAIN_{\text{ARBITRARY}}(z) = 2^{-\text{SHIFT}} \times \frac{\sum_{n=0}^{NCOEFF-1} COEFF_{\text{BASE\_ADDR}+n}}{2^{15} - 1} \quad (19)$$

### Extended-Length Filter Mode

$$H_{\text{EXTENDED}}(z) = 2^{-\text{SHIFT}} \times \left( \sum_{n=0}^{\text{NCOEFF}-1} \text{COEFF\_A}_{\text{BASE\_ADDR\_A}+n} \times (z^{-2 \times n} + z^{-2 \times (2 \times \text{NCOEFF}-1-n)}) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{n=0}^{\text{NCOEFF}-2} \text{COEFF\_B}_{\text{BASE\_ADDR\_B}+n} \times (z^{-2 \times n+1} + z^{-2 \times (2 \times \text{NCOEFF}-2-n)+1}) \right) \\ \left. + \text{COEFF\_B}_{\text{BASE\_ADDR\_B}+\text{NCOEFF}-1} \times z^{2 \times \text{NCOEFF}} \right) \quad (20)$$

$$\text{GAIN}_{\text{EXTENDED}} = \frac{2^{-\text{SHIFT}}}{2^{15}-1} \times \left( 2 \times \sum_{n=0}^{\text{NCOEFF}-1} \text{COEFF\_A}_{\text{BASE\_ADDR\_A}+n} \right. \\ \left. + 2 \times \sum_{n=0}^{\text{NCOEFF}-2} \text{COEFF\_B}_{\text{BASE\_ADDR\_B}+n} \right. \\ \left. + \text{COEFF\_B}_{\text{BASE\_ADDR\_B}+\text{NCOEFF}-1} \right) \quad (21)$$

### Digital Downconverter 1 (DDC1)

The description of DDC1 is identical to the description of DDC0, with the following exceptions:

1. DDC1 is enabled by *ddc\_en[1]*.
2. Control variables are prefixed with *ddc1* instead of *ddc0*.
3. FIR coefficients are stored in memory banks 3, 4, and 5 instead of 0, 1, and 2.

Table 5 shows the DDC1 operation control settings.

### IF Data Interface

The two DDCs produce a total of eight 16-bit output values (I and Q from each of four final-stage FIR filters). The IF data interface time-multiplexes these eight values onto four serial lines. The IF data interface also generates the necessary clock and frame sync signals to complete the interface to the DSP. The general timing of the IF data interface is shown in Figure 14.

Note that each serial line (IF\_DOUT0 through IF\_DOUT3) can carry up to four time-multiplexed 16-bit signals. The actual number of signals per line is limited by:

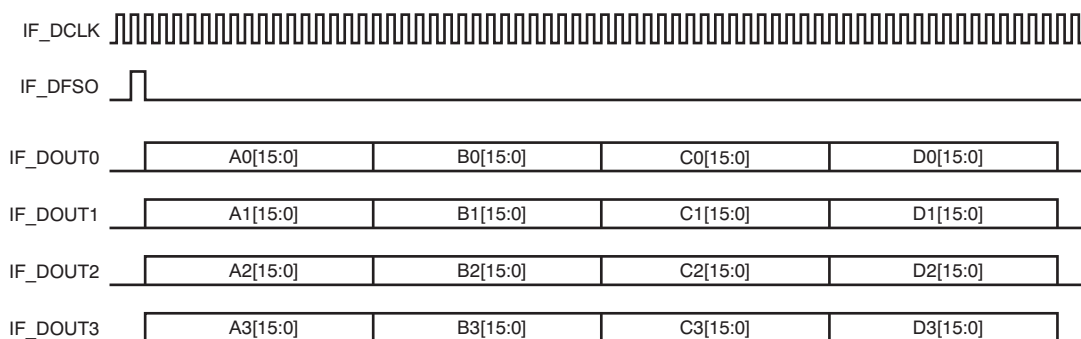
- a. the frequency of IF\_DCLK, which can be programmed to be the same as the IF sampling clock (MCLK), one-half the IF sampling frequency, or one-fourth the IF sampling frequency; and
- b. the overall decimation ratio of the DDC that determines the frequency of IF\_DFSO pulses and therefore the number of IF\_DCLK cycles available to clock out data.

**Table 5. IF Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER               | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-------------------------|---------|------|
| ddc1_cic_dec_rate       | 21      | 8:0  |
| ddc1_cic_scale          | 22      | 11:6 |
| ddc1_cic_shift          | 22      | 5:0  |
| ddc1_demod_freq[31:16]  | 17      | 15:0 |
| ddc1_demod_freq[15:0]   | 18      | 15:0 |
| ddc1_demod_phase[31:16] | 19      | 15:0 |
| ddc1_demod_phase[15:0]  | 20      | 15:0 |
| ddc1_fir1_base_address  | 23      | 13:8 |
| ddc1_fir1_mode          | 23      | 1:0  |
| ddc1_fir1_ncoeffs       | 23      | 7:2  |
| ddc1_fir1_noddec        | 26      | 9    |
| ddc1_fir2_noddec        | 26      | 10   |
| ddc1_fir2a_base_address | 24      | 15:9 |
| ddc1_fir2a_mode         | 24      | 1:0  |
| ddc1_fir2a_ncoeffs      | 24      | 8:2  |

**Table 5. IF Control Register Settings (continued)**

| PARAMETER               | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-------------------------|---------|------|
| ddc1_fir2a_shift        | 26      | 3:0  |
| ddc1_fir2b_base_address | 25      | 15:9 |
| ddc1_fir2b_mode         | 25      | 1:0  |
| ddc1_fir2b_ncoeffs      | 25      | 8:2  |
| ddc1_fir2b_shift        | 26      | 7:4  |
| ddc1_interleave         | 26      | 8    |
| ddc_en[1]               | 1       | 5    |
| ddc_sync                | 1       | 6    |

**Figure 14. IF Data General Timing**

Control register variables *dout0\_config*, *dout1\_config*, *dout2\_config*, and *dout3\_config*, are used to assign specific output data streams to particular time slots in the IF interface output frame. Each register is broken into four 4-bit values, each of which is used to assign the source for a given time slot according to [Table 6](#).

**Table 6. Time Slot Sources**

| VALUE | SOURCE             |
|-------|--------------------|
| 0     | No source assigned |
| 1     | DDC0, FIR2A, I     |
| 2     | DDC0, FIR2A, Q     |
| 3     | DDC0, FIR2B, I     |
| 4     | DDC0, FIR2B, Q     |
| 5     | DDC1, FIR2A, I     |
| 6     | DDC1, FIR2A, Q     |
| 7     | DDC1, FIR2B, I     |
| 8     | DDC1, FIR2B, Q     |

*dout0\_config* controls the four time slots of IF\_DOUT0, register 24 controls the four time slots of IF\_DOUT1, and so on. The mapping of register bits to time slots is summarized in [Table 7](#).

**Table 7. Register Bit Mapping**

| PARAMETER    | [15:12] | [11:8] | [7:4] | [3:0] |
|--------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|
| dout0_config | D0      | C0     | B0    | A0    |
| dout1_config | D1      | C1     | B1    | A1    |
| dout2_config | D2      | C2     | B2    | A2    |
| dout3_config | D3      | C3     | B3    | A3    |

For example, bits [11:8] of *dout2\_config* set the source assignment for time slot C2 of IF\_DOUT2.

The control variable *if\_dclk\_div* sets the frequency of IF\_DCLK, as shown in Equation 22 and Equation 23.

$$f_{\text{IF\_DCLK}} = \frac{f_{\text{MCLK}}}{\text{if\_dclk\_div}} \quad \text{if\_dclk\_div} > 1 \quad (22)$$

$$f_{\text{IF\_DCLK}} = f_{\text{MCLK}} \quad \text{if\_dclk\_div} \leq 1 \quad (23)$$

Normally the data and the frame sync change on the rising edge of IF\_DCLK. If *if\_dclk\_edge* is set to 1 then IF\_DCLK is inverted so that data and frame sync change on the falling edge of IF\_DCLK.

The control value *if\_dfso\_select* determines which DDC is responsible for generating IF\_DFSD. If *if\_dfso\_select* is 0, then an IF\_DFSD pulse is generated each time a new output is ready from DDC0. Similarly, if *if\_dfso\_select* is 1, then an IF\_DFSD pulse is generated each time a new output is ready from DDC1. If the decimation rates of DDC0 and DDC1 are identical, then it does not matter which DDC initiates the IF\_DFSD pulse. If the decimation rates are different, then the DDC with the smaller decimation ratio (higher output rate) should be chosen to generate the IF\_DFSD pulse. Note that in this case, outputs from the slower DDC are repeated for multiple frames and it is the responsibility of the DSP software to compensate. This compensation is easiest to do if the higher decimation rate is an integer multiple of the lower decimation rate.

Finally, *if\_dfso\_mode* is used to select alternate forms of frame sync. In the default case (*if\_dfso\_mode* = 0), the frame sync is a high pulse one clock period wide that occurs the clock cycle before the first data bit of the serial output. If *if\_dfso\_mode* is set to 1, then the frame sync changes polarity once per frame; again, one clock cycle before the first data bit of the frame. If *if\_dfso\_mode* is set to 2, then the frame sync behaves like the default frame sync except that the sync pulse is 16 clock periods wide. The three frame sync modes are illustrated in Figure 15 and Figure 16. Table 8 shows the detailed timing conditions for Figure 16.

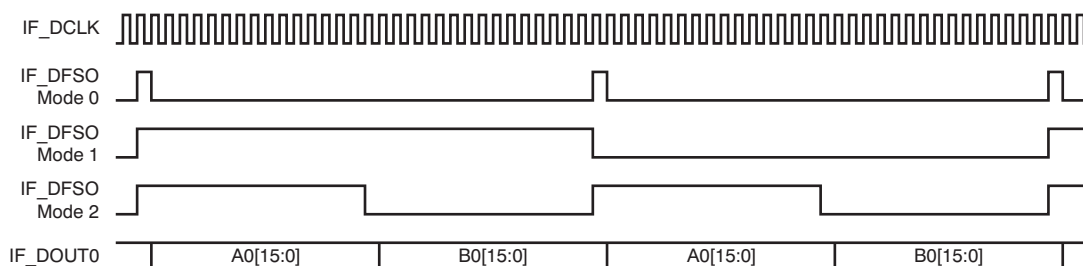
It is recommended that the DSP interface be configured to sample IF\_DFSD and the four IF\_DOUT lines on the trailing edge of IF\_DCLK. Table 9 shows the *dout*, *if\_dclk*, *if\_dfso*, and *if\_dout* operation control settings.

**Table 8. Detailed Timing Conditions**

| PARAMETER       |                            | MIN  | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|----------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| t <sub>D1</sub> | IF_DCLK0 to IF_DFSD delay  | -2.9 |     | 3.7 | ns   |
| t <sub>D2</sub> | IF_DCLK0 to IF_DOUTx delay | -3.1 |     | 3.8 | ns   |

**Table 9. Primary IF Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER       | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-----------------|---------|------|
| dout_en         | 1       | 7    |
| if_dclk_div     | 31      | 4:0  |
| if_dclk_edge    | 31      | 5    |
| if_dfso_mode    | 31      | 8:7  |
| if_dfso_select  | 31      | 6    |
| if_dout0_config | 27      | 15:0 |
| if_dout1_config | 28      | 15:0 |
| if_dout2_config | 29      | 15:0 |
| if_dout3_config | 30      | 15:0 |



**Figure 15. Frame Sync Modes**

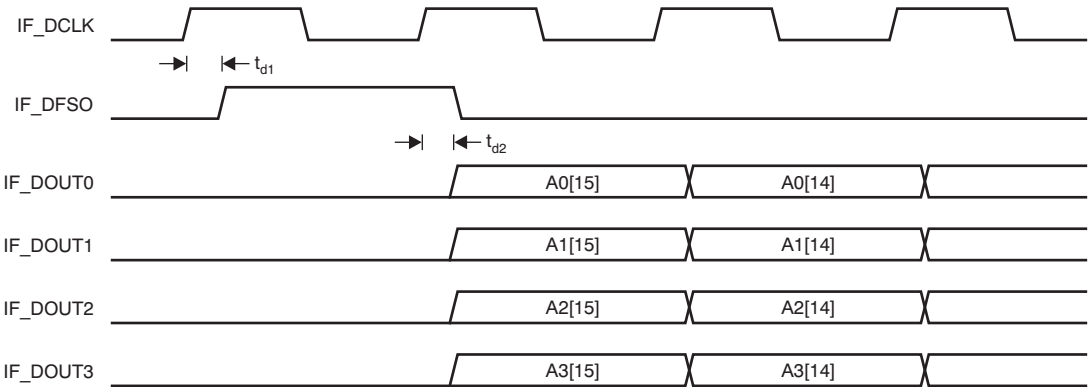


Figure 16. Detailed Timing

Auxiliary DACS

CDAC0 is enabled by a high value set for *cdac\_en[0]*. Similarly, CDAC1 is enabled by a high value set for *cdac\_en[1]*. A control DAC that is disabled is put into a low-power state.

The control DAC outputs are set by the control variable *cdac0\_out* for CDAC0 and *CDAC1\_OUT* for CDAC1. A value of zero generates a 0 output from the control DAC while a value of 4095 generates a full-scale output from the control DAC. [Table 10](#) shows the CDAC operation control settings.

Table 10. CDAC Control Register Settings

| PARAMETER  | ADDRESS | BITS |
|------------|---------|------|
| cdac_en[0] | 1       | 9    |
| cdac_en[1] | 1       | 10   |
| cdac0_out  | 37      | 11:0 |
| cdac1_out  | 38      | 11:0 |

## Master Clock Oscillator

The master clock oscillator supports third-overtone designs from 55 MHz to 75 MHz. It can also support fundamental operations in the 20-MHz to 30-MHz range. The recommended third-overtone circuit for third-overtone operation is shown in Figure 17 and Table 11.

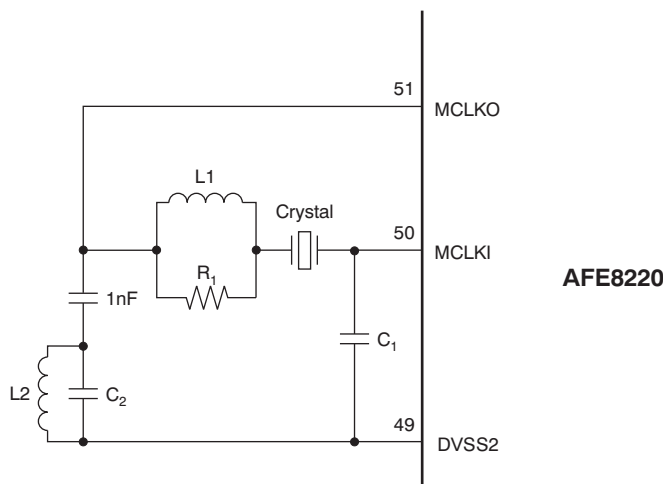


Figure 17. Third-Overtone Operation

Table 11. Third-Overtone Operation Recommendations

| FREQUENCY (MHz) | C <sub>1</sub> (pF) | C <sub>2</sub> (pF) | L1 (μH) | L2 (μH) | R <sub>1</sub> (kΩ) |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|
| 55              | 3                   | 10                  | 0.1     | 4.7     | 6.8                 |
| 60              | 5                   | 10                  | 0.82    | 3.3     | 4.7                 |
| 65              | 4                   | 10                  | 0.68    | 2.7     | 3.3                 |
| 70              | 5                   | 10                  | 0.56    | 2.7     | 3.3                 |
| 75              | 3                   | 10                  | 0.56    | 2.2     | 3.3                 |

The master clock oscillator may be optionally divided down to provide a reference clock on the REFCLK pin. Control variable *refclk\_en* enables the generation of the reference clock when high. Two variables, *refclk\_hi* and *refclk\_lo*, define the high and low periods of REFCLK in terms of MCLK cycles. REFCLK is high for *refclk\_hi* cycles of MCLK, then low for *refclk\_lo* periods of MCLK. REFCLK frequency is limited to integer submultiples of MCLK. Table 12 shows the *refclk* operation control settings.

Table 12. REFCLK Control Register Settings

| PARAMETER | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-----------|---------|------|
| refclk_en | 1       | 13   |
| refclk_hi | 41      | 15:0 |
| refclk_lo | 40      | 15:0 |

## Real-Time Clock Oscillator

The real-time clock oscillator supports crystals in the frequency range of 32.768 kHz through 150 kHz. The real-time clock module can be programmed to operate accurately with crystals in this frequency range.

The real-time clock oscillator output may be optionally output on the RTC\_OUT pin when *rtc\_oe* is set high. This option allows the real-time clock oscillator to be used as an alternate reference clock in the event that an acceptable frequency cannot be derived from MCLK. Table 13 shows the *rtc\_oe* control setting.

**Table 13. RTC Control Register Setting**

| PARAMETER     | ADDRESS | BITS |
|---------------|---------|------|
| <i>rtc_oe</i> | 1       | 12   |

## Real-Time Clock

The real-time clock (RTC) is enabled by setting *rtc\_en* to 1. While *rtc\_en* is 0, the RTC oscillator continues to run but the RTC registers do not advance.

The RTC can operate with a range of oscillator frequencies up to 100 kHz. At the beginning of each second, two times the value of *rtc\_max\_count* is loaded into the RTC crystal counter. This counter is decremented at the rate of the RTC oscillator until it hits zero, which generates a strobe that increments the seconds counter as well as re-initializes the RTC crystal counter. For a nominal 32.768-kHz clock crystal, *rtc\_max\_count* should be set to 16,384 (the default value); for a nominal 100-kHz crystal, *rtc\_max\_count* should be set to 50,000. [Table 15](#) illustrates the RTC control variable settings.

The RTC can be coarsely calibrated by adjusting the *rtc\_max\_count* to an appropriate value other than half the nominal crystal frequency. If finer calibration is required, compensation mode can be enabled by setting *rtc\_comp\_en* to 1. In compensation mode, the two's-complement value stored in *rtc\_comp\_val* is added to the one-second counter when it is re-initialized at the beginning of each hour; thus, the first second of each hour is lengthened or shortened depending on the sign of *rtc\_comp\_val*. The compensation can be applied to several seconds at the beginning of each hour; *rtc\_comp\_cnt* holds the number of seconds per hour to which the compensation is applied. By spreading the compensation out over a number of seconds, the impact on the length of any given second is minimized.

## Setting and Reading the RTC

Because of the need to carefully synchronize any update of the RTC time registers (*rtc\_seconds*, *rtc\_minutes*, etc.), they must be written in a slightly different manner than the other control registers. Time registers must be written individually; after a particular register address is written, at least two clock cycles of the RTC oscillator must pass before another register write occurs. The MSB of each time register address can be polled to determine if it is safe to make another write: if the MSB is 1, the interface is still busy and a new write should not be initiated. If the MSB is 0, then the interface is ready to accept another write. There is no limitation on reading the time registers.

Note that all time register values are BCD-encoded. Also note that the *rtc\_day\_of\_week* is a read-only value that is internally calculated from the *rtc\_day*, *rtc\_month*, and *rtc\_year* registers. Ranges on the various time registers are shown in [Table 14](#).

**Table 14. Time Register Ranges**

| PARAMETER              | RANGE                                             |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <i>rtc_seconds</i>     | 0 to 59                                           |
| <i>rtc_minutes</i>     | 0 to 59                                           |
| <i>rtc_hours</i>       | 0 to 12 (12-hour mode);<br>0 to 24 (24-hour mode) |
| <i>rtc_ampm</i>        | 0 (AM) or 1(PM)<br>12-hour mode only              |
| <i>rtc_day</i>         | 1 to 31                                           |
| <i>rtc_month</i>       | 1 to 12                                           |
| <i>rtc_year</i>        | 0 to 99<br>(for years 2000 to 2099)               |
| <i>rtc_day_of_week</i> | 0 (Sunday) to 6 (Saturday)                        |

Invalid combinations of *rtc\_day* and *rtc\_month* (trying to set February 30, for example) cause unpredictable behavior and should be avoided. The February 28/29 rollover variation based on leap year is automatically corrected for.

The RTC defaults to operate in 12-hour plus AM/PM mode. To operate in 24-hour mode (where the AM/PM bits are disabled) set *rtc\_mode* to 1. Care must be taken when switching between AM/PM mode and 24-hour mode to avoid setting the time to a invalid value. See [Figure 18](#) and [Figure 19](#) for the proper procedures.

## Real-Time Clock Alarm

The real-time clock alarm function can be used to generate an interrupt (or a wakeup interrupt) at a pre-programmed time. If the appropriate bit in an interrupt enable register is set, an interrupt will be generated when the values in the RTC time registers become equal to the values in the RTC alarm registers. The register settings are shown in [Table 15](#).

**Table 15. RTC Alarm Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER                      | ADDRESS | BITS |
|--------------------------------|---------|------|
| <i>rtc_seconds_alarm</i> [6:0] | 67      | 6:0  |
| <i>rtc_minutes_alarm</i> [6:0] | 68      | 6:0  |
| <i>rtc_hours_alarm</i> [5:0]   | 69      | 5:0  |
| <i>rtc_ampm_alarm</i>          | 69      | 7    |
| <i>rtc_day_alarm</i> [5:0]     | 70      | 5:0  |
| <i>rtc_month_alarm</i> [4:0]   | 71      | 4:0  |
| <i>rtc_year_alarm</i> [7:0]    | 72      | 7:0  |

## GPIO

Eight general-purpose I/O pins are provided, labeled GPIO0 through GPIO7. The direction of the eight GPIO pins can be independently set through control variable *gpio\_oe*(7:0). A pin is an input if the corresponding bit of *gpio\_oe* is 0; a pin is an output if the corresponding bit of *gpio\_oe* is 1.

The control variable *gpio*(7:0) serves different functions, depending on whether it is read from or written to. A read operation from *gpio* returns the logic state of the eight GPIO pins regardless of their direction. A write to *gpio* sets the output state of the GPIO pins if they are configured as outputs; there is no effect if the pin is configured as an input. Note that the write value of *gpio* is stored in a register, so that if a GPIO pin is changed from an input to an output its logic state is set by the stored value of *gpio*. [Table 18](#) shows the *gpio* control variable settings.

The GPIO inputs can be optionally debounced if an RTC oscillator is running. Debouncing is controlled by *gpio\_delay*, which is divided into eight 2-bit fields, each controlling a particular GPIO input according to [Table 16](#).

**Table 16. gpio\_delay**

| [15:14] | [13:12] | [11:10] | [9:8] | [7:6] | [5:4] | [3:2] | [1:0] |
|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| GPIO7   | GPIO6   | GPIO5   | GPIO4 | GPIO3 | GPIO2 | GPIO1 | GPIO0 |

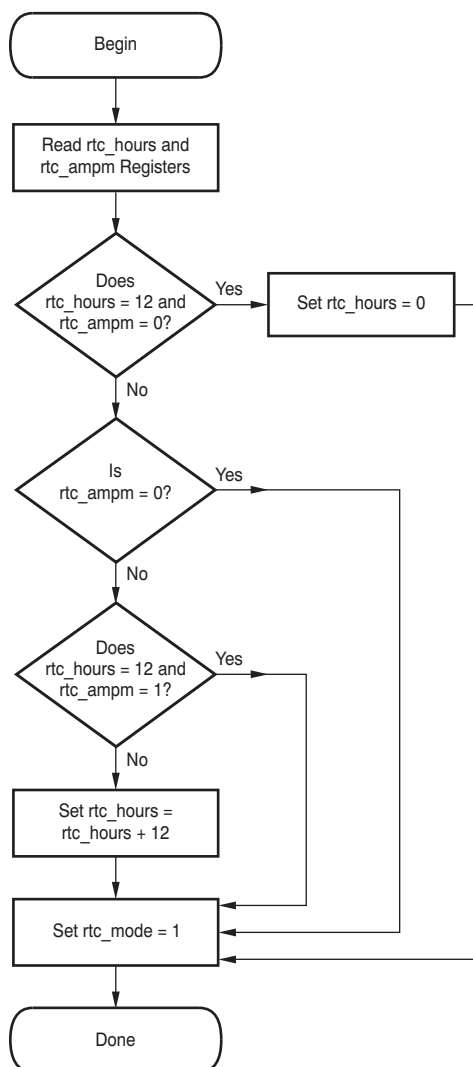
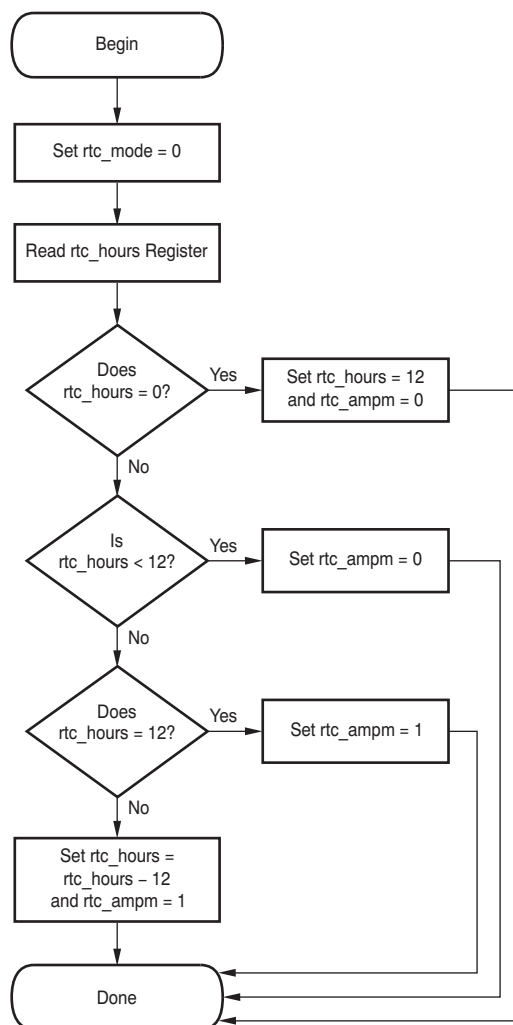


Figure 18. Procedure for Updating RTC Hour When Going from 12-Hour Mode to 24-Hour Mode



**Figure 19. Procedure for Updating RTC Hour When Going from 24-Hour Mode to 12-Hour Mode**

The debounce circuitry uses a clock divided from the RTC oscillator, with a debounce clock frequency given by Equation 24.

$$f_{\text{DEBOUNCE}} = \frac{f_{\text{RTC}}}{2^{2 \times \text{GPIO\_DEBOUNCE\_FREQ} + 1}} \quad (24)$$

If debounce is enabled, then in order for a GPIO input to change value (and possibly generate an interrupt if so programmed) it must remain stable for the number of debounce clock cycles (zero to three) given in the appropriate field of *gpio\_delay*.

**Table 17. General RTC Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER            | ADDRESS | BITS |
|----------------------|---------|------|
| rtc_ampm             | 75      | 7    |
| rtc_comp_cnt[5:0]    | 64      | 12:7 |
| rtc_comp_en          | 64      | 2    |
| rtc_comp_val         | 66      | 15:0 |
| rtc_day[5:0]         | 76      | 5:0  |
| rtc_day_of_week[2:0] | 79      | 2:0  |
| rtc_en               | 64      | 0    |

**Table 17. General RTC Control Register Settings (continued)**

| PARAMETER           | ADDRESS | BITS |
|---------------------|---------|------|
| rtc_hours[5:0]      | 75      | 5:0  |
| rtc_max_count[15:0] | 65      | 15:0 |
| rtc_minutes[6:0]    | 74      | 6:0  |
| rtc_mode            | 64      | 1    |
| rtc_month[4:0]      | 77      | 4:0  |
| rtc_seconds[6:0]    | 73      | 6:0  |
| rtc_year[7:0]       | 78      | 7:0  |

**Table 18. GPIO Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER        | ADDRESS | BITS |
|------------------|---------|------|
| gpio             | 43      | 11:0 |
| gpio_delay[15:0] | 44      | 15:0 |
| gpio_oe          | 42      | 11:0 |

### Alternate Registers—GPIO and Input Attenuator

If some of the GPIO pins on the AFE8220 are to be used to control the gain of a tuner, it may be desirable to change the GPIO values at the same time as the input attenuation to the DDC. To make this process more deterministic, the control parameters *gpio*, *ddc0\_atten*, and *ddc1\_atten* can be accessed through the alternate control register addresses of 96 and 97. By writing to register 96, *gpio* and *ddc0\_atten* can be changed in a single register write; by writing to register 97, *gpio* and *ddc1\_atten* can be changed in a single register write. [Table 19](#) shows the operation control settings for these parameters.

**Table 19. Alternate GPIO and DDC Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER  | ADDRESS | BITS  |
|------------|---------|-------|
| gpio       | 96      | 7:0   |
|            | 97      |       |
| ddc0_atten | 96      | 14:12 |
| ddc1_atten | 97      |       |

### Interrupt Generators

There are three programmable interrupt pins; IRQ0, IRQ1, and IRQ2. Only the operation of IRQ0 is described here; IRQ1 and IRQ2 are programmed in the same way, using different control variables.

Interrupts can be generated from various sources. Interrupt generation is enabled through *irq0\_en*, as [Table 20](#) shows.

**Table 20. Interrupt Generation**

| BIT POSITION | SOURCE                       | BIT POSITION | SOURCE               |
|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 0            | GPIO                         | 8            | RTC alarm            |
| 1            | None                         | 9            | RTC seconds rollover |
| 2            | I <sup>2</sup> C Master done | 10           | RTC minutes rollover |
| 3            | Aux ADC done                 | 11           | RTC hours rollover   |
| 4            | IFADC0 over-range            | 12           | RTC months rollover  |
| 5            | IFADC1 over-range            | 13           | RTC day rollover     |
| 6            | IFADC0 limit                 | 14           | RTC year rollover    |
| 7            | IFADC1 limit                 | 15           | —                    |

Setting a bit of *irq0\_en* allows the generation of an interrupt for the corresponding event. All three IRQ generators run on the master clock (MCLK). When an interrupt event occurs on a given source signal, a value of 1 is written to the corresponding bit of *irq0\_status*. This value is held in *irq0\_status* until it is explicitly cleared by writing a 0 to the appropriate bit of *irq0\_status*. A typical sequence upon receipt of an interrupt would be to poll *irq0\_status* to determine the source of the interrupt, take whatever system action is appropriate, and then clear *irq0\_status*.

Changes to any of the GPIO pins can also be programmed as interrupts. GPIO pin events are defined as changes from low to high or from high to low, depending on whether the corresponding bit in *irq0\_gpio\_edge* is high or low. GPIO interrupts are enabled by setting the corresponding bit in *irq0\_gpio\_en*; they are identified and cleared by reading and writing the corresponding bit in *irq0\_gpio\_status*.

The behavior of the IRQ0 pin is determined by *irq0\_sense*. When *irq0\_sense* is 0, IRQ0 is normally low and goes high on an unmasked interrupt event. When *irq0\_sense* is 1, IRQ0 is normally high and goes low on an unmasked interrupt event. [Table 21](#) shows the *irq0*, *irq1*, and *irq2* operations control settings.

**Table 21. IRQ Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER               | ADDRESS | BITS |
|-------------------------|---------|------|
| <i>irq0_en</i>          | 50      | 15:0 |
| <i>irq1_en</i>          | 55      | 15:0 |
| <i>irq2_en</i>          | 60      | 15:0 |
| <i>irq0_gpio_edge</i>   | 48      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq1_gpio_edge</i>   | 53      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq2_gpio_edge</i>   | 58      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq0_gpio_en</i>     | 49      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq1_gpio_en</i>     | 54      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq2_gpio_en</i>     | 59      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq0_gpio_status</i> | 52      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq1_gpio_status</i> | 57      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq2_gpio_status</i> | 62      | 11:0 |
| <i>irq0_sense</i>       | 2       | 1    |
| <i>irq1_sense</i>       | 2       | 2    |
| <i>irq2_sense</i>       | 2       | 3    |
| <i>irq0_status</i>      | 51      | 15:0 |
| <i>irq1_status</i>      | 56      | 15:0 |
| <i>irq2_status</i>      | 61      | 15:0 |

## Wakeup Interrupt Generator

The WAKEUP interrupt generator functions in the same way as the IRQ generators with the following exceptions:

1. The WAKEUP generator runs on the RTC clock instead of MCLK;
2. The WAKEUP generator operates when the AFE is in low-power mode, whereas the IRQ generators do not; and
3. The interrupt sources for the WAKEUP interrupt generator are slightly different.

[Table 22](#) shows the wakeup control settings. [Table 23](#) shows the generator functions.

**Table 22. Wakeup Control Register Settings**

| PARAMETER                 | ADDRESS | BITS |
|---------------------------|---------|------|
| <i>wakeup_sense</i>       | 2       | 0    |
| <i>wakeup_gpio_edge</i>   | 80      | 11:0 |
| <i>wakeup_gpio_en</i>     | 81      | 11:0 |
| <i>wakeup_en</i>          | 82      | 15:0 |
| <i>wakeup_status</i>      | 83      | 15:0 |
| <i>wakeup_gpio_status</i> | 84      | 11:0 |

**Table 23. WAKEUP Interrupt Generator**

| <b>BIT POSITION</b> | <b>SOURCE</b>        |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 0                   | GPIO                 |
| 1                   | None                 |
| 2                   | None                 |
| 3                   | None                 |
| 4                   | None                 |
| 5                   | None                 |
| 6                   | None                 |
| 7                   | None                 |
| 8                   | RTC alarm            |
| 9                   | RTC seconds rollover |
| 10                  | RTC minutes rollover |
| 11                  | RTC hours rollover   |
| 12                  | RTC months rollover  |
| 13                  | RTC day rollover     |
| 14                  | RTC year rollover    |

## Control Register Assignments

**Table 24. Control Registers**

| Address: 1                                        |          |                                    |                         |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Description: Functional Block Enables             |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 1:0                                               | 0..3     | Enable IFADC converters            | ifadc_en(1:0)           |
| 2                                                 | 0/1      | Gain control for IF_ADC0           | ifadc_gain0             |
| 3                                                 | 0/1      | Gain control for IF_ADC1           | ifadc_gain1             |
| 5:4                                               | 0..3     | Enable DDCs                        | ddc_en(1:0)             |
| 6                                                 | 0/1      | Synchronize DDC0 and DDC1          | ddc_sync                |
| 7                                                 | 0/1      | Enable primary IF data interface   | dout_en                 |
| 8                                                 | 0/1      | Enable secondary IF data interface | bb_en                   |
| 10:9                                              | 0..3     | Enable auxiliary DACs              | cdac_en(1:0)            |
| 11                                                | —        | Not used                           | aux_adc_en              |
| 12                                                | 0/1      | Enable RTC output pins             | rtc_oe                  |
| 13                                                | 0/1      | Enable reference clock output pins | refclk_en               |
| Address: 2                                        |          |                                    |                         |
| Description: Interrupt Output Level Configuration |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 0                                                 | 0/1      | 0 = Active high WAKEUP interrupt   | wakeup_sense            |
|                                                   |          | 1 = Active low WAKEUP interrupt    |                         |
| 1                                                 | 0/1      | 0 = Active high IRQ0 interrupt     | irq0_sense              |
|                                                   |          | 1 = Active low IRQ0 interrupt      |                         |
| 2                                                 | 0/1      | 0 = Active high IRQ1 interrupt     | irq1_sense              |
|                                                   |          | 1 = Active low IRQ1 interrupt      |                         |
| 3                                                 | 0/1      | 0 = Active high IRQ2 interrupt     | irq2_sense              |
|                                                   |          | 1 = Active low IRQ2 interrupt      |                         |
| Address: 3                                        |          |                                    |                         |
| Description: DDC0 Input Attenuator                |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 2:0                                               | 0..6     | Attenuation setting for DDC0       | ddc_atten(2:0)          |
| Address: 4                                        |          |                                    |                         |
| Description: DDC0 Input Attenuator                |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                              | 0..65535 | Delay setting for DDC0 attenuator  | ddc0_delay(15:0)        |
| Address: 5                                        |          |                                    |                         |
| Description: DDC0 NCO Frequency                   |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                              | 0..65535 | Upper bytes of DDC0 NCO frequency  | ddc0_demod_freq(31:16)  |
| Address: 6                                        |          |                                    |                         |
| Description: DDC0 NCO Frequency                   |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                              | 0..65535 | Lower bytes of DDC0 NCO frequency  | ddc0_demod_freq(15:0)   |
| Address: 7                                        |          |                                    |                         |
| Description: DDC0 NCO Phase                       |          |                                    |                         |
| Bits                                              | Range    | Action                             | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                              | 0..65535 | Upper bytes of DDC0 NCO phase      | ddc0_demod_phase(31:16) |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

| <b>Address: 8</b>                                     |          |                                                            |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Description: DDC0 NCO Phase (continued)</b>        |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter name            |
| 15:0                                                  | 0..65535 | Lower bytes of DDC0 NCO phase                              | ddc0_demod_phase(15:0)    |
| <b>Address: 9</b>                                     |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC0 CIC Filter</b>                   |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 8:0                                                   | 4..256   | CIC filter decimation rate                                 | ddc0_cic_dec_rate(8:0)    |
| <b>Address: 10</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC0 CIC Filter</b>                   |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 5:0                                                   | 0..63    | CIC filter post-filter shift                               | ddc0_cic_shift(5:0)       |
| 11:6                                                  | 0..32    | CIC filter post-filter scale                               | ddc0_cic_scale(5:0)       |
| <b>Address: 11</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC0 FIR Filter 1</b>                 |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 1:0                                                   | 0..3     | FIR filter mode                                            | ddc0_fir1_mode(1:0)       |
| 7:2                                                   | 0..63    | Number of coefficients to process                          | ddc0_fir1_ncoeffs(5:0)    |
| 13:8                                                  | 0..63    | Coefficient base address                                   | ddc0_fir1_base_addr(5:0)  |
| <b>Address: 12</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC0 FIR Filter 2A</b>                |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 1:0                                                   | 0..3     | FIR filter mode                                            | ddc0_fir2a_mode(1:0)      |
| 8:2                                                   | 0..127   | Number of coefficients to process                          | ddc0_fir2a_ncoeffs(6:0)   |
| 15:9                                                  | 0..127   | Coefficient base address                                   | ddc0_fir2a_base_addr(6:0) |
| <b>Address: 13</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC0 FIR Filter 2B</b>                |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 1:0                                                   | 0..3     | FIR filter mode                                            | ddc0_fir2b_mode(1:0)      |
| 8:2                                                   | 0..127   | Number of coefficients to process                          | ddc0_fir2b_ncoeffs(6:0)   |
| 15:9                                                  | 0..127   | Coefficient base address                                   | ddc0_fir2b_base_addr(6:0) |
| <b>Address: 14</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC0 FIR Filter Extended Features</b> |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 3:0                                                   | 0..15    | Post-filter shift for FIR filter 2A                        | ddc0_fir2a_shift(3:0)     |
| 7:4                                                   | 0..15    | Post-filter shift for FIR filter 2B                        | ddc0_fir2b_shift(3:0)     |
| 8                                                     | 0/1      | Enable interleave mode for FIR filter 2A and FIR filter 2B | ddc0_interleave           |
| 9                                                     | 0/1      | Disable decimation for FIR filter 1                        | ddc0_fir1_noddec          |
| 10                                                    | 0/1      | Disable decimation for FIR filter 2A and FIR filter 2B     | ddc0_fir2_noddec          |
| <b>Address: 15</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 Input Attenuator</b>             |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 2:0                                                   | 0..6     | Attenuation setting for DDC1                               | ddc1_atten(2:0)           |
| <b>Address: 16</b>                                    |          |                                                            |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 Input Attenuator</b>             |          |                                                            |                           |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                     | Parameter Name            |
| 15:0                                                  | 0..65535 | Delay setting for DDC1 attenuator                          | ddc1_delay(15:0)          |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

| <b>Address: 17</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
|------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Description: DDC1 NCO Frequency</b>         |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 15:0                                           | 0..65535 | Upper bytes of DDC1 NCO frequency | ddc1_demod_freq(31:16)    |
| <b>Address: 18</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 NCO Frequency</b>         |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 15:0                                           | 0..65535 | Lower bytes of DDC1 NCO frequency | ddc1_demod_freq(15:0)     |
| <b>Address: 19</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 NCO Phase</b>             |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 15:0                                           | 0..65535 | Upper bytes of DDC1 NCO phase     | ddc1_demod_phase(31:16)   |
| <b>Address: 20</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 NCO Phase</b>             |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 15:0                                           | 0..65536 | Lower bytes of DDC1 NCO phase     | ddc1_demod_phase(15:0)    |
| <b>Address: 21</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 CIC Filter Decimation</b> |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 8:0                                            | 4..256   | CIC filter decimation rate        | ddc1_cic_dec_rate(8:0)    |
| <b>Address: 22</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 CIC Filter</b>            |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 5:0                                            | 0..63    | CIC filter post-filter shift      | ddc1_cic_shift(5:0)       |
| 11:6                                           | 0..32    | CIC filter post-filter scale      | ddc1_cic_scale(5:0)       |
| <b>Address: 23</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 FIR Filter 1</b>          |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 1:0                                            | 0..3     | FIR filter mode                   | ddc1_fir1_mode(1:0)       |
| 7:2                                            | 0..63    | Number of coefficients to process | ddc1_fir1_ncoeffs(5:0)    |
| 13:8                                           | 0..63    | Coefficient base address          | ddc1_fir1_base_addr(5:0)  |
| <b>Address: 24</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 FIR Filter 2A</b>         |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 1:0                                            | 0..3     | FIR filter mode                   | ddc1_fir2a_mode(1:0)      |
| 8:2                                            | 0..127   | Number of coefficients to process | ddc1_fir2a_ncoeffs(6:0)   |
| 15:9                                           | 0..127   | Coefficient base address          | ddc1_fir2a_base_addr(6:0) |
| <b>Address: 25</b>                             |          |                                   |                           |
| <b>Description: DDC1 FIR Filter 2B</b>         |          |                                   |                           |
| Bits                                           | Range    | Action                            | Parameter Name            |
| 1:0                                            | 0..3     | FIR filter mode                   | ddc1_fir2b_mode(1:0)      |
| 8:2                                            | 0..127   | Number of coefficients to process | ddc1_fir2b_ncoeffs(6:0)   |
| 15:9                                           | 0..127   | Coefficient base address          | ddc1_fir2b_base_addr(6:0) |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

| <b>Address: 26</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Description: DDC1 FIR Filter Extended Features</b> |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 3:0                                                   | 0..15    | Post-filter shift for FIR filter 2A                                                                                   | ddc1_fir2a_shift(3:0) |
| 7:4                                                   | 0..15    | Post-filter shift for FIR filter 2B                                                                                   | ddc1_fir2b_shift(3:0) |
| 8                                                     | 0/1      | Enable interleave mode for FIR filter 2A and FIR filter 2B                                                            | ddc1_interleave       |
| 9                                                     | 0/1      | Disable decimation for FIR filter 1                                                                                   | ddc1_fir1_noddec      |
| 10                                                    | 0/1      | Disable decimation for FIR filter 2A and FIR filter 2B                                                                | ddc1_fir2_noddec      |
| <b>Address: 27</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: Data Interface Configuration</b>      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 15:0                                                  | 0..65535 | Configuration for IF_DOUT0                                                                                            | if_dout0_config       |
| <b>Address: 28</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: Data Interface Configuration</b>      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 15:0                                                  | 0..65535 | Configuration for IF_DOUT1                                                                                            | if_dout1_config       |
| <b>Address: 29</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: Data Interface Configuration</b>      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 15:0                                                  | 0..65535 | Configuration for IF_DOUT2                                                                                            | if_dout2_config       |
| <b>Address: 30</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: Data Interface Configuration</b>      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 15:0                                                  | 0..65535 | Configuration for IF_DOUT3                                                                                            | if_dout3_config       |
| <b>Address: 31</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: Data Interface Configuration</b>      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 4:0                                                   | 0..16    | Divide factor to derive IF_DCLK from MCLK                                                                             | if_dclk_div(4:0)      |
| 5                                                     | 0/1      | 0: IF_DFSO and IF_DOUTx change on rising edge of IF_DCLK<br>1: IF_DFSO and IF_DOUTx change on falling edge of IF_DCLK | if_dclk_edge          |
| 6                                                     | 0/1      | 0: IF_DFSO generated by DDC0<br>1: IF_DFSO generated by DDC1                                                          | if_dfso_select        |
| 8:7                                                   | 0..2     | 0: IF_DFSO one IF_DCLK cycle wide<br>1: IF_DFSO toggles once per frame<br>2: IF_DFSO 16 IF_DCLK cycles wide           | if_dfso_mode(1:0)     |
| <b>Address: 32–36</b>                                 |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: Not Used</b>                          |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| —                                                     | —        | —                                                                                                                     | —                     |
| <b>Address: 37</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: CDAC0 Output</b>                      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 11:0                                                  | 0..4095  | Output value for CDAC0                                                                                                | cdac0_out(11:0)       |
| <b>Address: 38</b>                                    |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Description: CDAC1 Output</b>                      |          |                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Bits                                                  | Range    | Action                                                                                                                | Parameter Name        |
| 11:0                                                  | 0..4095  | Output value for CDAC1                                                                                                | cdac1_out(11:0)       |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

| <b>Address: 39</b>                                |         |                                                                  |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Description: Not Used</b>                      |         |                                                                  |                 |
| Bits                                              | Range   | Action                                                           | Parameter Name  |
| —                                                 | —       | —                                                                | —               |
| <b>Address: 40</b>                                |         |                                                                  |                 |
| <b>Description: Reference Clock Configuration</b> |         |                                                                  |                 |
| Bits                                              | Range   | Action                                                           | Parameter Name  |
| 15:0                                              | 0..4095 | Low period ( in units of MCLK cycles) for reference clock output | refclk_lo(15:0) |
| <b>Address: 41</b>                                |         |                                                                  |                 |
| <b>Description: Reference Clock Configuration</b> |         |                                                                  |                 |
| Bits                                              | Range   | Action                                                           | Parameter Name  |
| 15:0                                              | 0..4095 | High period (in units of MCLK cycles) for reference clock output | refclk_hi(15:0) |
| <b>Address: 42</b>                                |         |                                                                  |                 |
| <b>Description: GPIO Configuration</b>            |         |                                                                  |                 |
| Bits                                              | Range   | Action                                                           | Parameter Name  |
| 0                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO0 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(0)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO0 set as output                                          |                 |
| 1                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO1 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(1)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO1 set as output                                          |                 |
| 2                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO2 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(2)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO2 set as output                                          |                 |
| 3                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO3 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(3)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO3 set as output                                          |                 |
| 4                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO4 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(4)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO4 set as output                                          |                 |
| 5                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO5 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(5)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO5 set as output                                          |                 |
| 6                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO6 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(6)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO6 set as output                                          |                 |
| 7                                                 | 0/1     | 0 = GPIO7 set as input                                           | gpio_oe(7)      |
|                                                   |         | 1 = GPIO7 set as output                                          |                 |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

| <b>Address: 43</b>                                 |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Description: GPIO Configuration (continued)</b> |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| Bits                                               | Range   | Action                                                                                                      | Parameter Name       |
| 0                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO0 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO0 pin | gpio(0)              |
| 1                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO1 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO1 pin | gpio(1)              |
| 2                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO2 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO2 pin | gpio(2)              |
| 3                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO3 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO3 pin | gpio(3)              |
| 4                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO4 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO4 pin | gpio(4)              |
| 5                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO5 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO5 pin | gpio(5)              |
| 6                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO6 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO6 pin | gpio(6)              |
| 7                                                  | 0/1     | Register write: drives value on GPIO7 pin if enabled as output<br>Register read: returns value on GPIO7 pin | gpio(7)              |
| <b>Address: 44</b>                                 |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| <b>Description: GPIO Configuration</b>             |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| Bits                                               | Range   | Action                                                                                                      | Parameter Name       |
| 1:0                                                | 0..3    | GPIO0 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(1:0)      |
| 3:2                                                | 0..3    | GPIO1 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(3:2)      |
| 5:4                                                | 0..3    | GPIO2 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(5:4)      |
| 7:6                                                | 0..3    | GPIO3 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(7:6)      |
| 9:8                                                | 0..3    | GPIO4 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(9:8)      |
| 11:10                                              | 0..3    | GPIO5 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(11:10)    |
| 13:12                                              | 0..3    | GPIO6 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(13:12)    |
| 15:14                                              | 0..3    | GPIO7 debounce setting                                                                                      | gpio_delay(15:14)    |
| <b>Address: 45</b>                                 |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| <b>Description: Not Used</b>                       |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| Bits                                               | Range   | Action                                                                                                      | Parameter Name       |
| —                                                  | —       | —                                                                                                           | —                    |
| <b>Address: 46</b>                                 |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| <b>Description: IF ADC Alarm</b>                   |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| Bits                                               | Range   | Action                                                                                                      | Parameter Name       |
| 11:0                                               | 0..2047 | Alarm limit for IF_ADC0                                                                                     | ifadc0_limit(11:0)   |
| <b>Address: 47</b>                                 |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| <b>Description: IF ADC Alarm</b>                   |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| Bits                                               | Range   | Action                                                                                                      | Parameter Name       |
| 11:0                                               | 0..2047 | Alarm limit for IF_ADC1                                                                                     | ifadc1_limit(11:0)   |
| <b>Address: 48</b>                                 |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| <b>Description: IRQ0 Configuration</b>             |         |                                                                                                             |                      |
| Bits                                               | Range   | Action                                                                                                      | Parameter Name       |
| 11:0                                               | 0..4095 | GPIO input edge select for IRQ0                                                                             | irq0_gpio_edge(11:0) |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

|                                           |          |                                                      |                        |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Address: 49                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ0 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | IRQ0 GPIO enable                                     | irq0_gpio_en(11:0)     |
| Address: 50                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ0 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 15:0                                      | 0..65535 | IRQ0 enable                                          | irq0_en(15:0)          |
| Address: 51                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ0 Status                  |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 15:0                                      | 0..65535 | Register read: returns IRQ0 status                   | irq0_status(15:0)      |
|                                           |          | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                        |
| Address: 52                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ0 GPIO Status             |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | Register read: returns IRQ0 status                   | irq0_gpio_status(11:0) |
|                                           |          | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                        |
| Address: 53                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ1 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | GPIO input edge select for IRQ1                      | irq1_gpio_edge(11:0)   |
| Address: 54                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ1 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | IRQ1 GPIO enable                                     | irq1_gpio_en(11:0)     |
| Address: 55                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ1 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 15:0                                      | 0..65535 | IRQ1 enable                                          | irq1_en(15:0)          |
| Address: 56                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ1 Status                  |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 15:0                                      | 0..65535 | Register read: returns IRQ1 status                   | irq1_status(15:0)      |
|                                           |          | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                        |
| Address: 57                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ1 GPIO Status (continued) |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | Register read: returns IRQ1 status                   | irq1_gpio_status(11:0) |
|                                           |          | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                        |
| Address: 58                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ2 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | GPIO input edge select for IRQ2                      | irq2_gpio_edge(11:0)   |
| Address: 59                               |          |                                                      |                        |
| Description: IRQ2 Configuration           |          |                                                      |                        |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name         |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | IRQ2 GPIO enable                                     | irq2_gpio_en(11:0)     |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

|                                                        |               |                                                      |                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Address: 60                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: IRQ2 Configuration                        |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                                   | 0..65535      | IRQ2 enable                                          | irq2_en(15:0)           |
| Address: 61                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: IRQ2 Status                               |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                                   | 0..65535      | Register read: returns IRQ2 status                   | irq2_status(15:0)       |
|                                                        |               | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                         |
| Address: 62                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: IRQ2 GPIO Status                          |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 11:0                                                   | 0..4095       | Register read: returns IRQ2 status                   | irq2_gpio_status(11:0)  |
|                                                        |               | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                         |
| Address: 63                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: Not Used                                  |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| —                                                      | —             | —                                                    | —                       |
| Address: 64                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Configuration             |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 0                                                      | 0/1           | 0 = Freeze real-time clock                           | rtc_en                  |
|                                                        |               | 1 = Enable real-time clock operation                 |                         |
| 1                                                      | 0/1           | 0:12 hour mode                                       | rtc_mode                |
|                                                        |               | 1:24 hour mode                                       |                         |
| 2                                                      | 0/1           | Enable clock compensation                            | rtc_comp_en             |
| 3                                                      | 0/1           | Enable clock test mode                               | rtc_test_en             |
| 6:4                                                    | 0..4          | Clock test mode selection                            | rtc_test_mode(2:0)      |
| 12:7                                                   | 0..31         | Compensation count                                   | rtc_comp_cnt(5:0)       |
| 15:13                                                  | 0..7          | Frequency select for GPIO debounce                   | gpio_debounce_freq(2:0) |
| Address: 65                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Configuration             |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                                   | 0..32767      | Real-time one second terminal count                  | rtc_max_count(15:0)     |
| Address: 66                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Configuration (continued) |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 15:0                                                   | –32768..32767 | Real-time clock compensation value                   | rtc_comp_val(15:0)      |
| Address: 67                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Alarm                     |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 6:0                                                    | 0..59         | Seconds alarm setting                                | rtc_seconds_alarm(6:0)  |
| Address: 68                                            |               |                                                      |                         |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Alarm                     |               |                                                      |                         |
| Bits                                                   | Range         | Action                                               | Parameter Name          |
| 6:0                                                    | 0..59         | Minutes alarm setting                                | rtc_minutes_alarm(6:0)  |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

| <b>Address: 69</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Description: Realtime Clock Alarm</b>                     |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 5:0                                                          | 1..12 | Hour alarm setting, 12-hour mode                       | rtc_hours_alarm(5:0)  |
|                                                              | 0..23 | Hour alarm setting, 24-hour mode                       |                       |
| 6                                                            | —     | Not used                                               | —                     |
| 7                                                            | 0/1   | 12-hour mode: 0 = AM, 1 = PM<br>24-hour mode: not used | rtc_ampm_alarm        |
| <b>Address: 70</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Alarm</b>                    |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 5:0                                                          | 1..31 | Day of the month alarm setting                         | rtc_day_alarm(5:0)    |
| <b>Address: 71</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Alarm</b>                    |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 4:0                                                          | 1..12 | Month alarm setting                                    | rtc_months_alarm(4:0) |
| <b>Address: 72</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Alarm</b>                    |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 7:0                                                          | —     | Year alarm setting                                     | rtc_year_alarm(7:0)   |
| <b>Address: 73</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time</b>             |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 6:0                                                          | 0..59 | Seconds register                                       | rtc_seconds(6:0)      |
| 14:7                                                         | —     | Not used                                               | —                     |
| 15                                                           | 0/1   | Real-time clock busy (read only)                       | rtc_busy              |
| <b>Address: 74</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time</b>             |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 6:0                                                          | 0..59 | Minutes register                                       | rtc_minutes(6:0)      |
| 14:7                                                         | —     | Not used                                               | —                     |
| 15                                                           | 0/1   | Real-time clock busy (read only)                       | rtc_busy              |
| <b>Address: 75</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time (continued)</b> |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 5:0                                                          | 1..12 | Hour register, 12-hour mode                            | rtc_hours(5:0)        |
|                                                              | 0..23 | Hour register, 24-hour mode                            |                       |
| 6                                                            | —     | Not used                                               | —                     |
| 7                                                            | 0/1   | 12-hour mode: 0 = AM, 1 = PM<br>24-hour mode: not used | rtc_ampm              |
| 14:8                                                         | —     | Not used                                               | —                     |
| 15                                                           | 0/1   | Real-time clock busy (read only)                       | rtc_busy              |
| <b>Address: 76</b>                                           |       |                                                        |                       |
| <b>Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time</b>             |       |                                                        |                       |
| Bits                                                         | Range | Action                                                 | Parameter Name        |
| 5:0                                                          | 1..31 | Day of month register                                  | rtc_day(5:0)          |
| 14:6                                                         | —     | Not used                                               | —                     |
| 15                                                           | 0/1   | Real-time clock busy (read only)                       | rtc_busy              |

**Table 24. Control Registers (continued)**

|                                           |          |                                                      |                          |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Address: 77                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 4:0                                       | 1..12    | Month register                                       | rtc_month(4:0)           |
| 14:5                                      | —        | Not used                                             | —                        |
| 15                                        | 0/1      | Real-time clock busy (read only)                     | rtc_busy                 |
| Address: 78                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 7:0                                       | 0..99    | Year register                                        | rtc_year(7:0)            |
| 14:8                                      | —        | Not used                                             | —                        |
| 15                                        | 0/1      | Real-time clock busy (read only)                     | rtc_busy                 |
| Address: 79                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: Real-Time Clock Current Time |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 2:0                                       | 0..6     | Day of week                                          | rtc_day_of_week(2:0)     |
| 14:3                                      | —        | Not used                                             | —                        |
| 15                                        | 0/1      | Real-time clock busy (read only)                     | rtc_busy                 |
| Address: 80                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: WAKEUP Configuration         |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | GPIO input edge select for WAKEUP                    | wakeup_gpio_edge(11:0)   |
| Address: 81                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: WAKEUP Configuration         |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | WAKEUP GPIO enable                                   | wakeup_gpio_en(11:0)     |
| Address: 82                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: WAKEUP Configuration         |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 15:0                                      | 0..65535 | WAKEUP enable                                        | wakeup_en(15:0)          |
| Address: 83                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: WAKEUP Status                |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 15:0                                      | 0..65535 | Register read: returns WAKEUP status                 | wakeup_status(15:0)      |
|                                           |          | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                          |
| Address: 84                               |          |                                                      |                          |
| Description: WAKEUP GPIO Status           |          |                                                      |                          |
| Bits                                      | Range    | Action                                               | Parameter Name           |
| 11:0                                      | 0..4095  | Register read: returns WAKEUP status                 | wakeup_gpio_status(11:0) |
|                                           |          | Register write: clears interrupt bit if 1 is written |                          |

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| AFE8220IPZPQ1    | ACTIVE        | HTQFP        | PZP                | 100  | 90             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | NIPDAU                  | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | AFE8220Q                | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| AFE8220TPZPQ1    | ACTIVE        | HTQFP        | PZP                | 100  | 90             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | NIPDAU                  | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 105   | AFE8220QT               | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

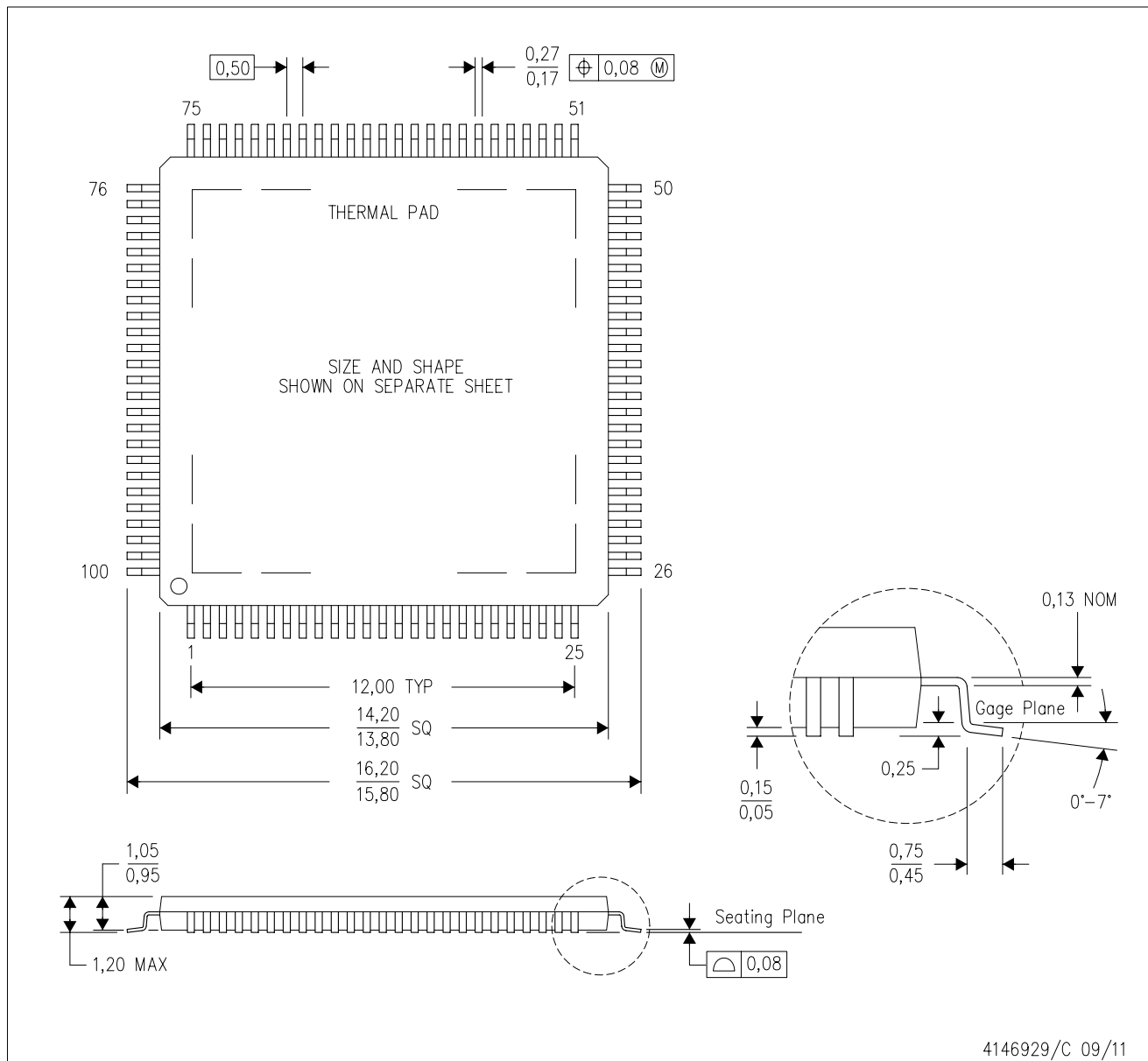
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PZP (S-PQFP-G100)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion
  - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com) <<http://www.ti.com>>.
  - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
  - Falls within JEDEC MS-026

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

## THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

PZP (S-PQFP-G100)

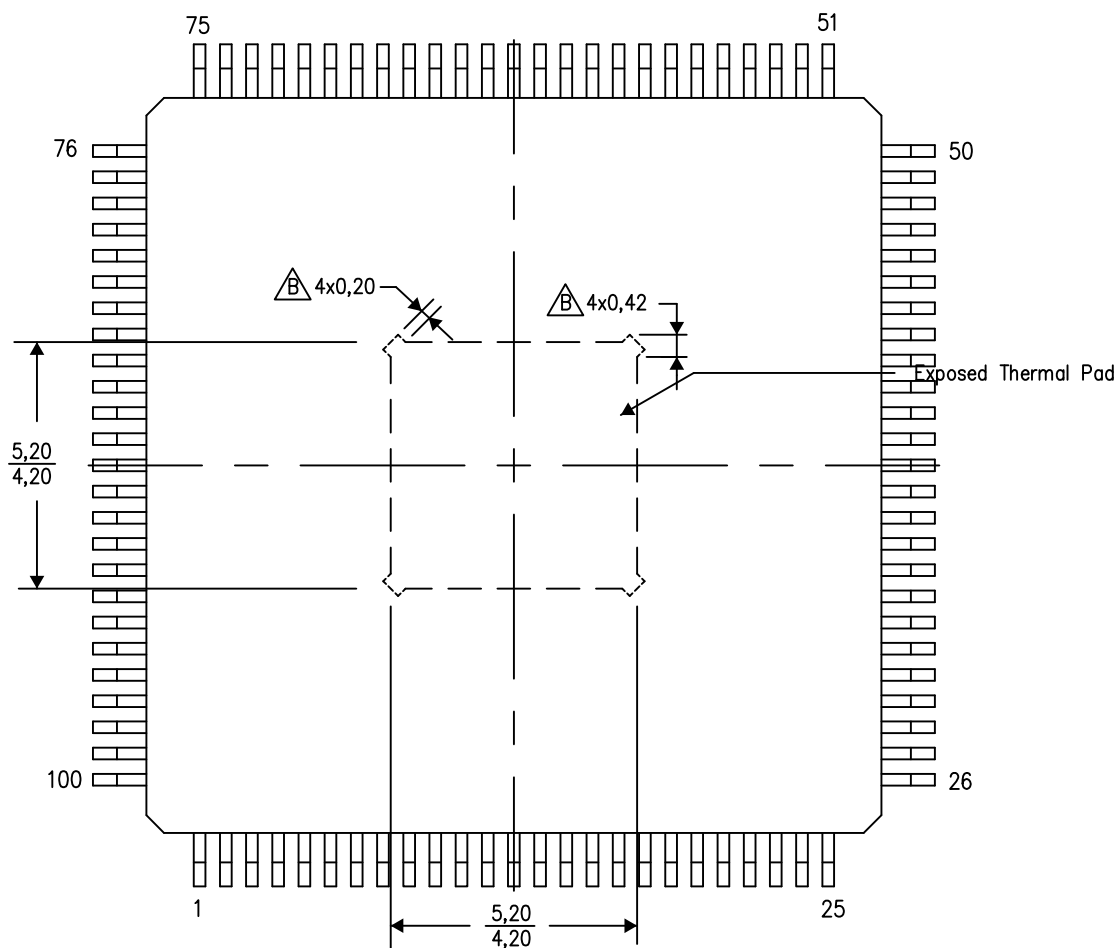
PowerPAD™ PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK

### THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



4206333-2/L 05/14

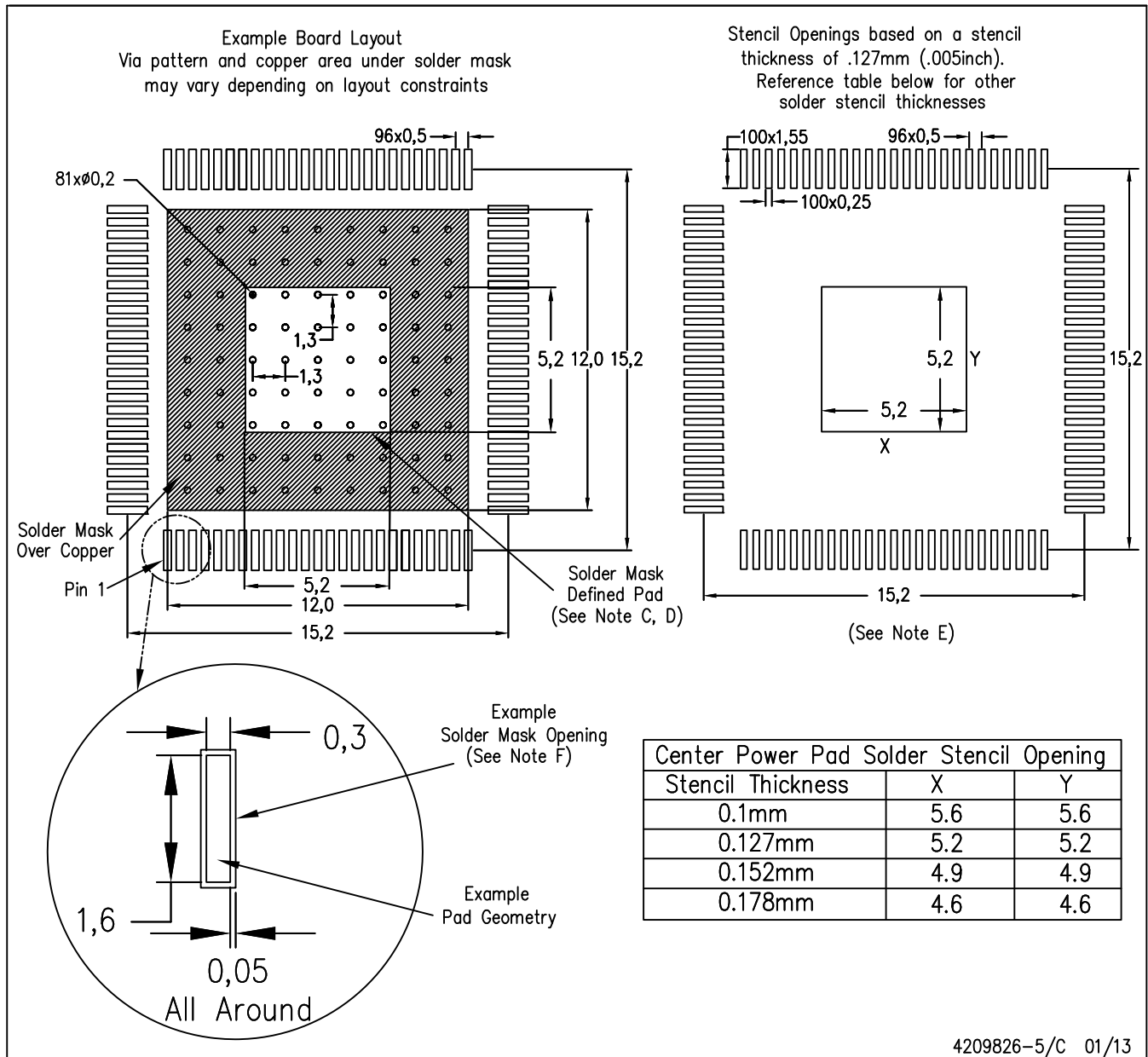
NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

 Tie strap features may not be present.

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PZP (S-PQFP-G100)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
  - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com) <<http://www.ti.com>>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
  - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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