

## Features

September 2011

- Internal control latches and address decoder
- Short set-up and hold times
- Wide operating voltage: 4.5 V to 13.2 V
- 12Vpp analog signal capability
- $R_{ON}$  65  $\Omega$  max. @  $V_{DD} = 12$  V, 25°C
- $\Delta R_{ON} \leq 10$   $\Omega$  @  $V_{DD} = 12$  V, 25°C
- Full CMOS switch for low distortion
- Minimum feedthrough and crosstalk
- Separate analog and digital reference supplies
- Low power consumption ISO-CMOS technology

## Applications

- Key systems
- PBX systems
- Mobile radio
- Test equipment/instrumentation
- Analog/digital multiplexers
- Audio/Video switching

### Ordering Information

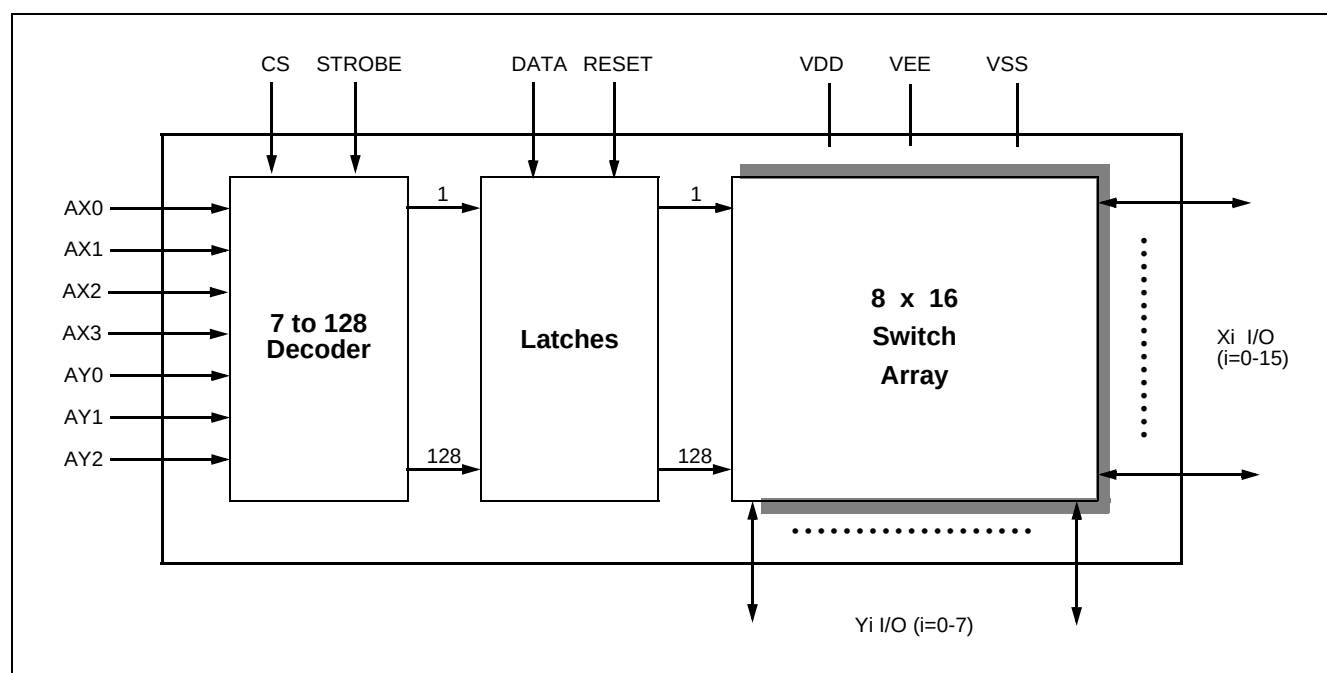
|            |              |             |
|------------|--------------|-------------|
| MT8816AP1  | 44 Pin PLCC* | Tubes       |
| MT8816APR1 | 44 Pin PLCC* | Tape & Reel |
| MT8816AE1  | 40 Pin PDIP* | Tubes       |
| MT8816AF1  | 44 Pin TQFP* | Trays       |

\* Pb Free Matte Tin

**-40°C to +85°C**

## Description

The Zarlink MT8816 is fabricated in Zarlink's ISO-CMOS technology providing low power dissipation and high reliability. The device contains a 8 x 16 array of crosspoint switches along with a 7 to 128 line decoder and latch circuits. Any one of the 128 switches can be addressed by selecting the appropriate seven address bits. The selected switch can be turned on or off by applying a logical one or zero to the DATA input.  $V_{SS}$  is the ground reference of the digital inputs. The range of the analog signal is from  $V_{DD}$  to  $V_{EE}$ . Chip Select (CS) allows the crosspoint array to be cascaded for matrix expansion.



**Figure 1 - Functional Block Diagram**

## Change Summary

Changes from the January 2010 issue to the September 2011 issue.

| Page | Item                 | Change                                     |
|------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 1    | Ordering Information | Removed leaded packages as per PCN notice. |

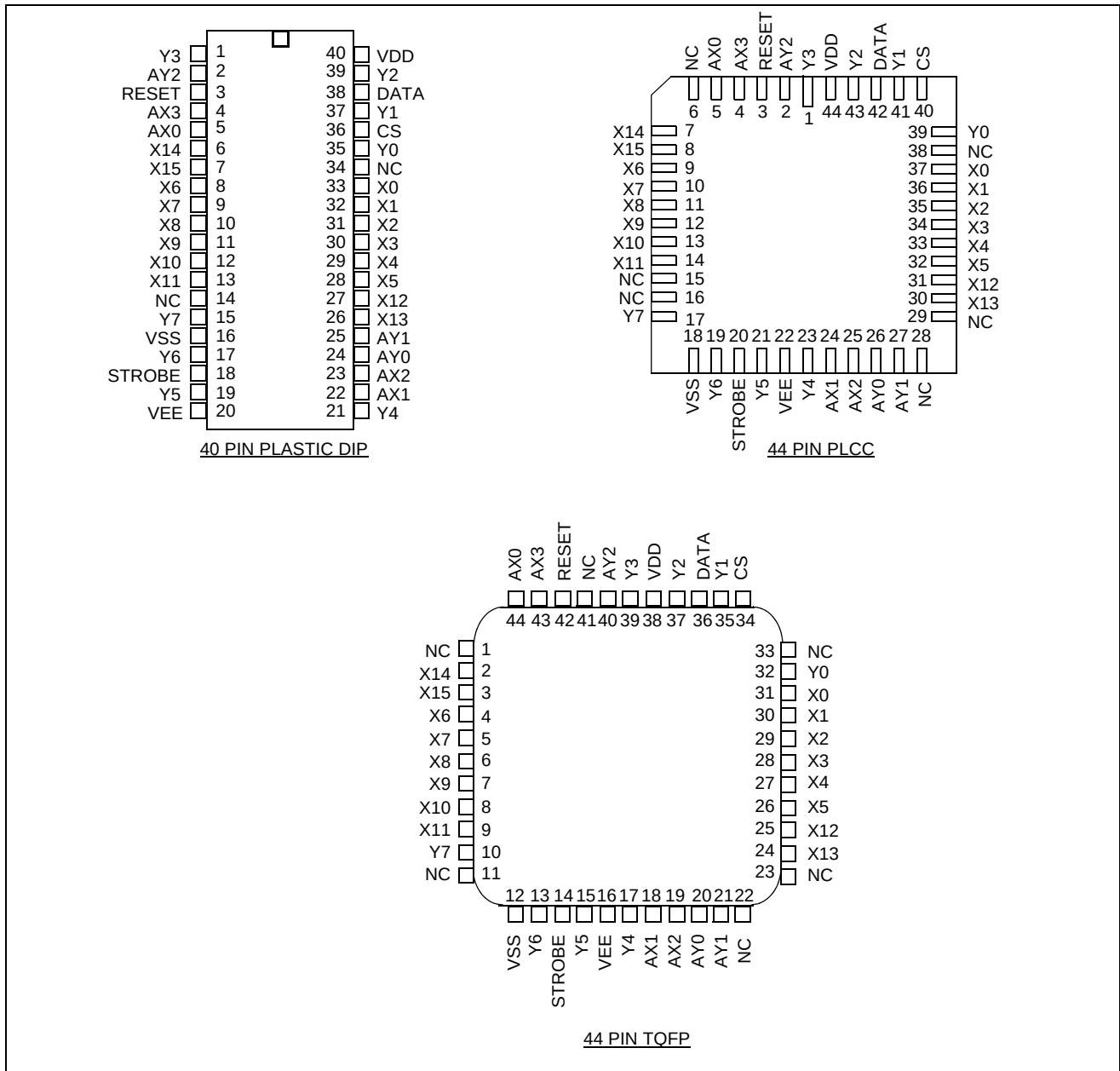


Figure 2 - Pin Connections

## Pin Description

| Pin #    |         |           | Name            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------|---------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TQFP     | PDIP    | PLCC      |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 39       | 1       | 1         | Y3              | <b>Y3 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y3 column of the switch array.                                                                                                     |
| 40       | 2       | 2         | AY2             | <b>Y2 Address Line (Input).</b>                                                                                                                                                              |
| 42       | 3       | 3         | RESET           | <b>Master RESET (Input):</b> this is used to turn off all switches regardless of the condition of CS. Active High.                                                                           |
| 43,44    | 4,5     | 4,5       | AX3,AX0         | <b>X3 and X0 Address Lines (Inputs).</b>                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2, 3     | 6,7     | 7,8       | X14, X15        | <b>X14 and X15 Analog (Inputs/Outputs):</b> these are connected to the X14 and X15 rows of the switch array.                                                                                 |
| 4-9      | 8-13    | 9-14      | X6-X11          | <b>X6-X11 Analog (Inputs/Outputs):</b> these are connected to the X6-X11 rows of the switch array.                                                                                           |
| 41,1,11  | 14      | 6,15,16   | NC              | <b>No Connection</b>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 10       | 15      | 17        | Y7              | <b>Y7 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y7 column of the switch array.                                                                                                     |
| 12       | 16      | 18        | V <sub>SS</sub> | <b>Digital Ground Reference.</b>                                                                                                                                                             |
| 13       | 17      | 19        | Y6              | <b>Y6 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y6 column of the switch array.                                                                                                     |
| 14       | 18      | 20        | STROBE          | <b>STROBE (Input):</b> enables function selected by address and data. Address must be stable before STROBE goes high and DATA must be stable on the falling edge of the STROBE. Active High. |
| 15       | 19      | 21        | Y5              | <b>Y5 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y5 column of the switch array.                                                                                                     |
| 16       | 20      | 22        | V <sub>EE</sub> | <b>Negative Power Supply.</b>                                                                                                                                                                |
| 17       | 21      | 23        | Y4              | <b>Y4 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y4 column of the switch array.                                                                                                     |
| 18,19    | 22, 23  | 24,25     | AX1,AX2         | <b>X1 and X2 Address Lines (Inputs).</b>                                                                                                                                                     |
| 20,21    | 24, 25  | 26,27     | AY0,AY1         | <b>Y0 and Y1 Address Lines (Inputs).</b>                                                                                                                                                     |
| 24,25    | 26, 27  | 30,31     | X13, X12        | <b>X13 and X12 Analog (Inputs/Outputs):</b> these are connected to the X13 and X12 rows of the switch array.                                                                                 |
| 26-31    | 28 - 33 | 32-37     | X5-X0           | <b>X5-X0 Analog (Inputs/Outputs):</b> these are connected to the X5-X0 rows of the switch array.                                                                                             |
| 22,23,33 | 34      | 28,29, 38 | NC              | <b>No Connection.</b>                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 32       | 35      | 39        | Y0              | <b>Y0 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y0 column of the switch array.                                                                                                     |
| 34       | 36      | 40        | CS              | <b>Chip Select (Input):</b> this is used to select the device. Active High.                                                                                                                  |

**Pin Description (continued)**

| Pin # |      |      | Name            | Description                                                                                                                              |
|-------|------|------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TQFP  | PDIP | PLCC |                 |                                                                                                                                          |
| 35    | 37   | 41   | Y1              | <b>Y1 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y1 column of the switch array.                                                 |
| 36    | 38   | 42   | DATA            | <b>DATA (Input):</b> a logic high input will turn on the selected switch and a logic low will turn off the selected switch. Active High. |
| 37    | 39   | 43   | Y2              | <b>Y2 Analog (Input/Output):</b> this is connected to the Y2 column of the switch array.                                                 |
| 38    | 40   | 44   | V <sub>DD</sub> | <b>Positive Power Supply.</b>                                                                                                            |

## Functional Description

The MT8816 is an analog switch matrix with an array size of 8 x 16. The switch array is arranged such that there are 8 columns by 16 rows. The columns are referred to as the Y inputs/outputs and the rows are the X inputs/outputs. The crosspoint analog switch array will interconnect any X I/O with any Y I/O when turned on and provide a high degree of isolation when turned off. The control memory consists of a 128 bit write only RAM in which the bits are selected by the address inputs (AY0-AY2, AX0-AX3). Data is presented to the memory on the DATA input. Data is asynchronously written into memory whenever both the CS (Chip Select) and STROBE inputs are high and are latched on the falling edge of STROBE. A logical "1" written into a memory cell turns the corresponding crosspoint switch on and a logical "0" turns the crosspoint off. Only the crosspoint switches corresponding to the addressed memory location are altered when data is written into memory. The remaining switches retain their previous states. Any combination of X and Y inputs/outputs can be interconnected by establishing appropriate patterns in the control memory. A logical "1" on the RESET input will asynchronously return all memory locations to logical "0" turning off all crosspoint switches regardless of whether CS is high or low. Two voltage reference pins ( $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{EE}$ ) are provided for the MT8816 to enable switching of negative analog signals. The range for digital signals is from  $V_{DD}$  to  $V_{SS}$  while the range for analog signals is from  $V_{DD}$  to  $V_{EE}$ .  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{EE}$  pins can be tied together if a single voltage reference is needed.

## Address Decode

The seven address inputs along with the STROBE and CS (Chip Select) are logically ANDed to form an enable signal for the resettable transparent latches. The DATA input is buffered and is used as the input to all latches. To write to a location, RESET must be low and CS must go high while the address and data are set up. Then the STROBE input is set high and then low causing the data to be latched. The data can be changed while STROBE is high, however, the corresponding switch will turn on and off in accordance with the DATA input. DATA must be stable on the falling edge of STROBE in order for correct data to be written to the latch.

## Applications

Figure 3 shows a typical Operating Circuit of a video surveillance system using analog crosspoint switches which allow multiple video sources switched to multiple output devices, e.g., video monitor, video recorder etc.

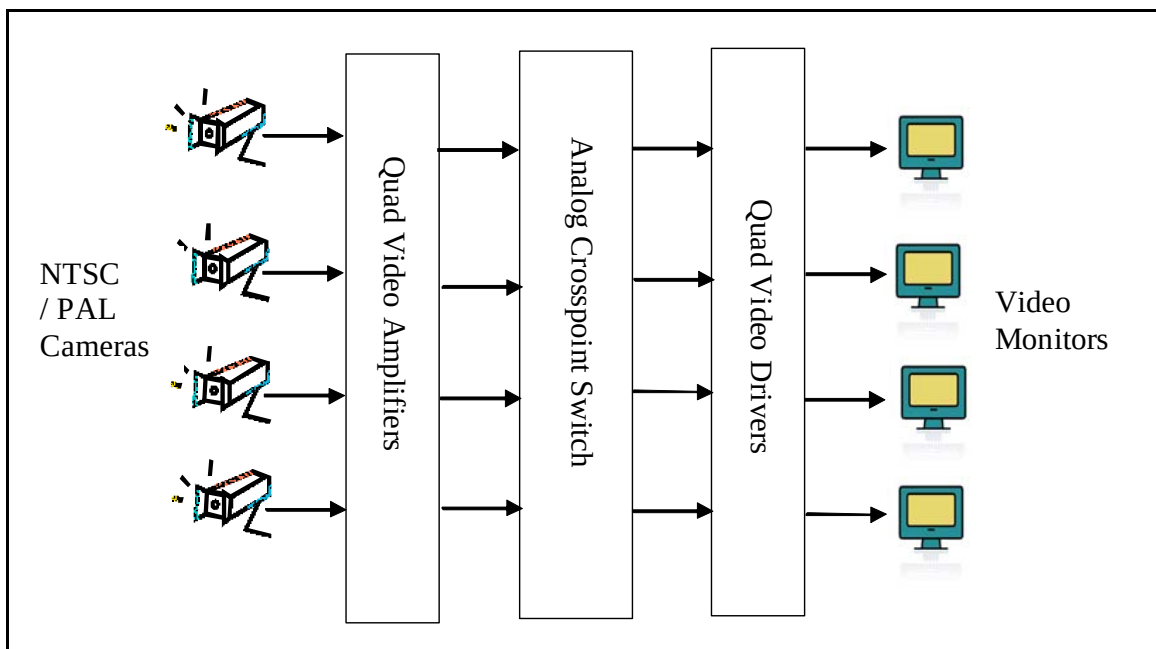
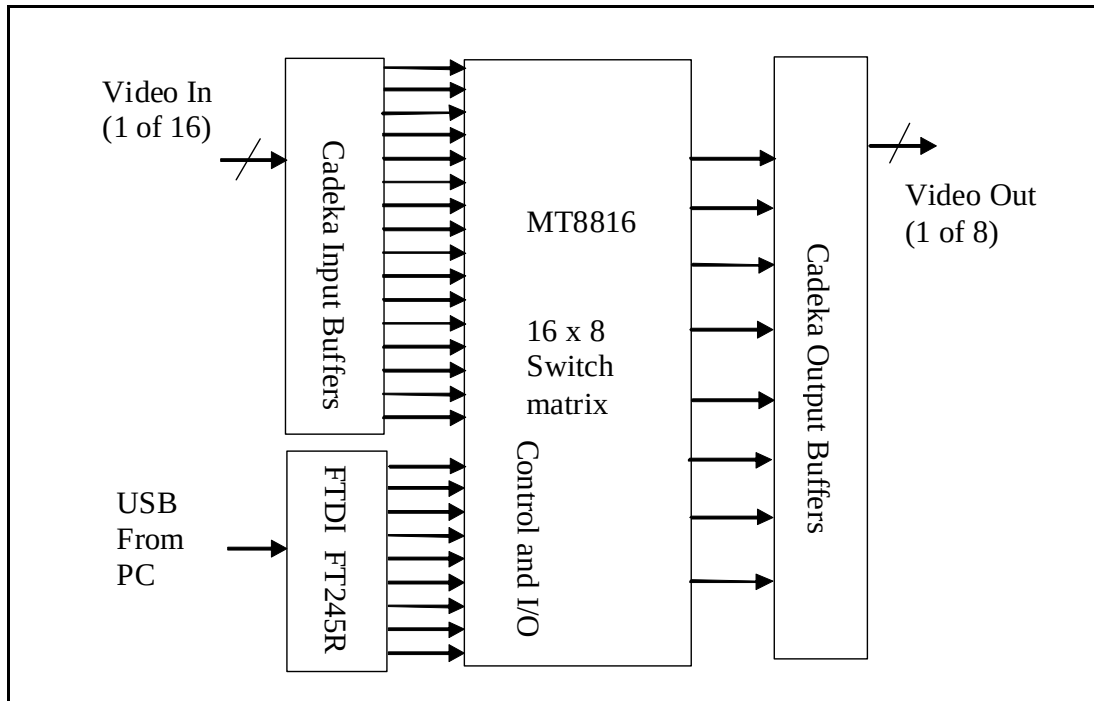


Figure 3 - Typical Video Surveillance System

Figure 4 illustrates the major components of a video surveillance system. In the center is the MT8816, a 16 x 8 analog cross-point IC. At the left are 16 video input buffers CLC2005 from Cadeka Microcircuits. At the right hand side are 8 video output buffers CLC2005 and each buffer is capable of driving a 75 ohm video load directly. BNC connectors are provided for all video inputs and video outputs.

A FT245R USB FIFO from Future Technology Devices International (FTDI) provides a standard USB interface for a PC. Through this USB connection the PC controls the switching of the video signals.



**Figure 4 - Functional Block Diagram for a 16 x 8 Video Surveillance System using MT8816**

**Absolute Maximum Ratings\*** - Voltages are with respect to  $V_{EE}$  unless otherwise stated.

|   | Parameter                             | Symbol               | Min.         | Max.                 | Units  |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------|
| 1 | Supply Voltage                        | $V_{DD}$<br>$V_{SS}$ | -0.3<br>-0.3 | 16.0<br>$V_{DD}+0.3$ | V<br>V |
| 2 | Analog Input Voltage                  | $V_{INA}$            | -0.3         | $V_{DD}+0.3$         | V      |
| 3 | Digital Input Voltage                 | $V_{IN}$             | $V_{SS}-0.3$ | $V_{DD}+0.3$         | V      |
| 4 | Current on any I/O Pin                | I                    |              | $\pm 15$             | mA     |
| 5 | Storage Temperature                   | $T_S$                | -65          | +150                 | °C     |
| 6 | Package Power Dissipation PLASTIC DIP | $P_D$                |              | 0.6                  | W      |

\* Exceeding these values may cause permanent damage. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

**Recommended Operating Conditions** - Voltages are with respect to  $V_{EE}$  unless otherwise stated.

|   | Characteristics       | Sym.                 | Min.            | Typ. | Max.                 | Units  | Test Conditions |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------|----------------------|--------|-----------------|
| 1 | Operating Temperature | $T_O$                | -40             | 25   | 85                   | °C     |                 |
| 2 | Supply Voltage        | $V_{DD}$<br>$V_{SS}$ | 4.5<br>$V_{EE}$ |      | 13.2<br>$V_{DD}-4.5$ | V<br>V |                 |
| 3 | Analog Input Voltage  | $V_{INA}$            | $V_{EE}$        |      | $V_{DD}$             | V      |                 |
| 4 | Digital Input Voltage | $V_{IN}$             | $V_{SS}$        |      | $V_{DD}$             | V      |                 |

**DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>†</sup>** - Voltages are with respect to  $V_{EE} = V_{SS} = 0$  V,  $V_{DD} = 12$  V unless otherwise stated.

|   | Characteristics                                 | Sym.       | Min.         | Typ. <sup>‡</sup> | Max.          | Units   | Test Conditions                                                  |
|---|-------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Quiescent Supply Current                        | $I_{DD}$   |              | 1                 | 100           | $\mu$ A | All digital inputs at $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$ or $V_{DD}$                |
|   |                                                 |            |              | 0.4               | 1.5           | mA      | All digital inputs at $V_{IN}=2.4$ V + $V_{SS}$ ; $V_{SS}=7.0$ V |
|   |                                                 |            |              | 5                 | 15            | mA      | All digital inputs at $V_{IN}=3.4$ V                             |
| 2 | Off-state Leakage Current (See G.9 in Appendix) | $I_{OFF}$  |              | $\pm 1$           | $\pm 500$     | nA      | $ V_{XI} - V_{YJ}  = V_{DD} - V_{EE}$<br>See Appendix, Fig. A.1  |
| 3 | Input Logic "0" level                           | $V_{IL}$   |              |                   | $0.8+V_{S_s}$ | V       | $V_{SS}=7.5$ V; $V_{EE}=0$ V                                     |
| 4 | Input Logic "1" level                           | $V_{IH}$   | $2.0+V_{SS}$ |                   |               | V       | $V_{SS}=6.5$ V; $V_{EE}=0$ V                                     |
| 5 | Input Logic "1" level                           | $V_{IH}$   | 3.3          |                   |               | V       |                                                                  |
| 6 | Input Leakage (digital pins)                    | $I_{LEAK}$ |              | 0.1               | 10            | $\mu$ A | All digital inputs at $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ or $V_{DD}$              |

<sup>†</sup> DC Electrical Characteristics are over recommended temperature range.

<sup>‡</sup> Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only; not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

**DC Electrical Characteristics- Switch Resistance** -  $V_{DC}$  is the external DC offset applied at the analog I/O pins.

|   | Characteristics                                                                                       | Sym.            | 25°C            |                 | 70°C |                 | 85°C |                 | Units                            | Test Conditions                                                                                              |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   |                                                                                                       |                 | Typ.            | Max.            | Typ. | Max.            | Typ. | Max.            |                                  |                                                                                                              |
| 1 | On-state Resistance<br>$V_{DD}=12V$<br>$V_{DD}=10V$<br>$V_{DD}=5V$<br>(See G.1, G.2, G.3 in Appendix) | $R_{ON}$        | 45<br>55<br>120 | 65<br>75<br>185 |      | 75<br>85<br>215 |      | 80<br>90<br>225 | $\Omega$<br>$\Omega$<br>$\Omega$ | $V_{SS}=V_{EE}=0V, V_{DC}=V_{DD}/2$ ,<br>$ V_{Xi}-V_{Yj}  = 0.4V$<br>See Appendix, Fig. A.2                  |
| 2 | Difference in on-state resistance between two switches<br>(See G.4 in Appendix)                       | $\Delta R_{ON}$ | 5               | 10              |      | 10              |      | 10              | $\Omega$                         | $V_{DD}=12V, V_{SS}=V_{EE}=0$ ,<br>$V_{DC}=V_{DD}/2$ ,<br>$ V_{Xi}-V_{Yj}  = 0.4V$<br>See Appendix, Fig. A.2 |

**AC Electrical Characteristics<sup>†</sup> - Crosspoint Performance**-Voltages are with respect to  $V_{DD}=5V$ ,  $V_{SS}=0V$ ,  $V_{EE}=-7V$ , unless otherwise stated.

|   | Characteristics                                                                                                                                | Sym.       | Min. | Typ. <sup>‡</sup> | Max. | Units | Test Conditions                                                                                                   |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-------------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Switch I/O Capacitance                                                                                                                         | $C_S$      |      | 20                |      | pF    | f=1 MHz                                                                                                           |
| 2 | Feedthrough Capacitance                                                                                                                        | $C_F$      |      | 0.2               |      | pF    | f=1 MHz                                                                                                           |
| 3 | Frequency Response<br>Channel "ON"<br>$20\text{LOG}(V_{OUT}/V_{Xi})=-3\text{ dB}$                                                              | $F_{3dB}$  |      | 45                |      | MHz   | Switch is "ON"; $V_{INA} = 2V_{pp}$ sinewave; $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$<br>See Appendix, Fig. A.3                  |
| 4 | Total Harmonic Distortion<br>(See G.5, G.6 in Appendix)                                                                                        | THD        |      | 0.01              |      | %     | Switch is "ON"; $V_{INA} = 2V_{pp}$ sinewave f= 1 kHz; $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$                                     |
| 5 | Feedthrough Channel "OFF"<br>Feed.= $20\text{LOG}(V_{OUT}/V_{Xi})$<br>(See G.8 in Appendix)                                                    | FDT        |      | -95               |      | dB    | All Switches "OFF"; $V_{INA}=2V_{pp}$ sinewave f= 1 kHz; $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ .<br>See Appendix, Fig. A.4     |
| 6 | Crosstalk between any two channels for switches Xi-Yi and Xj-Yj.<br><br>$X_{talk}=20\text{LOG}(V_{Yj}/V_{Xi})$ .<br><br>(See G.7 in Appendix). | $X_{talk}$ |      | -45               |      | dB    | $V_{INA}=2V_{pp}$ sinewave f= 10 MHz; $R_L = 75\text{ }\Omega$                                                    |
|   |                                                                                                                                                |            |      | -90               |      | dB    | $V_{INA}=2V_{pp}$ sinewave f= 10 kHz; $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$ .                                                 |
|   |                                                                                                                                                |            |      | -85               |      | dB    | $V_{INA}=2V_{pp}$ sinewave f= 10 kHz; $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ .                                                  |
|   |                                                                                                                                                |            |      | -80               |      | dB    | $V_{INA}=2V_{pp}$ sinewave f= 1 kHz; $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ .<br>Refer to Appendix, Fig. A.5 for test circuit. |
| 7 | Propagation delay through switch                                                                                                               | $t_{PS}$   |      |                   | 30   | ns    | $R_L=1\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $C_L=50\text{ pF}$                                                                       |

<sup>†</sup> Timing is over recommended temperature range. See Fig. 3 for control and I/O timing details.<sup>‡</sup> Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only; not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

Crosstalk measurements are for Plastic DIPS only, crosstalk values for PLCC packages are approximately 5 dB better.



**AC Electrical Characteristics<sup>†</sup> - Control and I/O Timings**- Voltages are with respect to  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = -7\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise stated.

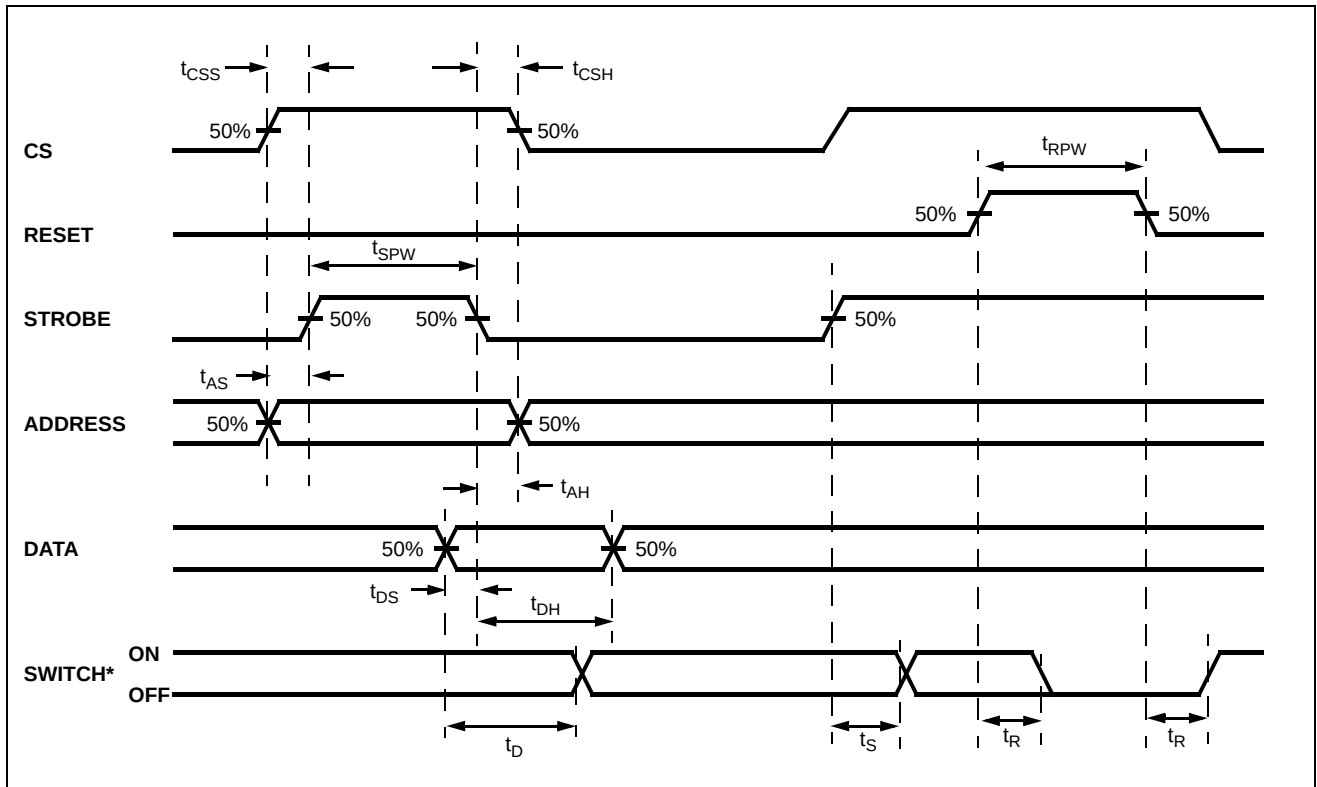
|    | Characteristics                                                   | Sym.               | Min. | Typ. <sup>‡</sup> | Max. | Units | Test Conditions                                                                                                    |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | Control Input crosstalk to switch (for CS, DATA, STROBE, Address) | $CX_{\text{talk}}$ |      | 30                |      | mVpp  | $V_{IN}=3\text{ V}$ squarewave;<br>$R_{IN}=1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $R_L=10\text{ k}\Omega$ .<br>See Appendix, Fig. A.6 |
| 2  | Digital Input Capacitance                                         | $C_{DI}$           |      | 10                |      | pF    | $f=1\text{ MHz}$                                                                                                   |
| 3  | Switching Frequency                                               | $F_O$              |      |                   | 20   | MHz   |                                                                                                                    |
| 4  | Setup Time DATA to STROBE                                         | $t_{DS}$           | 10   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 5  | Hold Time DATA to STROBE                                          | $t_{DH}$           | 10   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 6  | Setup Time Address to STROBE                                      | $t_{AS}$           | 10   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L= 50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                        |
| 7  | Hold Time Address to STROBE                                       | $t_{AH}$           | 10   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 8  | Setup Time CS to STROBE                                           | $t_{CSS}$          | 10   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 9  | Hold Time CS to STROBE                                            | $t_{CSH}$          | 10   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 10 | STROBE Pulse Width                                                | $t_{SPW}$          | 20   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 11 | RESET Pulse Width                                                 | $t_{RPW}$          | 40   |                   |      | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 12 | STROBE to Switch Status Delay                                     | $t_S$              |      | 40                | 100  | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 13 | DATA to Switch Status Delay                                       | $t_D$              |      | 50                | 100  | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |
| 14 | RESET to Switch Status Delay                                      | $t_R$              |      | 35                | 100  | ns    | $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L=50\text{ pF}$ <sup>§</sup>                                                         |

<sup>†</sup> Timing is over recommended temperature range. See Fig. 3 for control and I/O timing details.

Digital Input rise time ( $t_r$ ) and fall time ( $t_f$ ) = 5 ns.

<sup>‡</sup> Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only; not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

<sup>§</sup> Refer to Appendix, Fig. A.7 for test circuit.



**Figure 5 - Control Memory Timing Diagram**

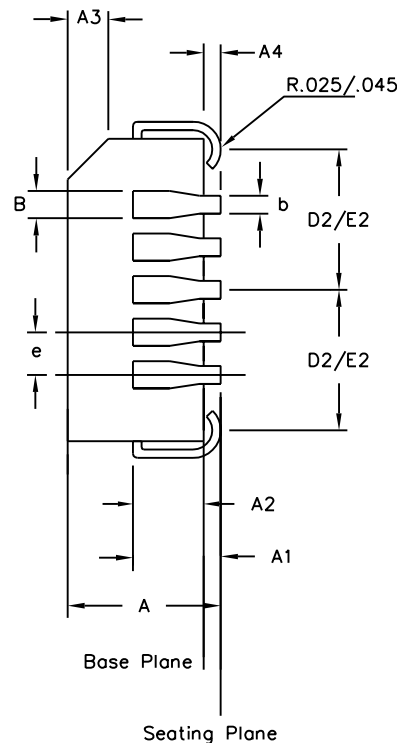
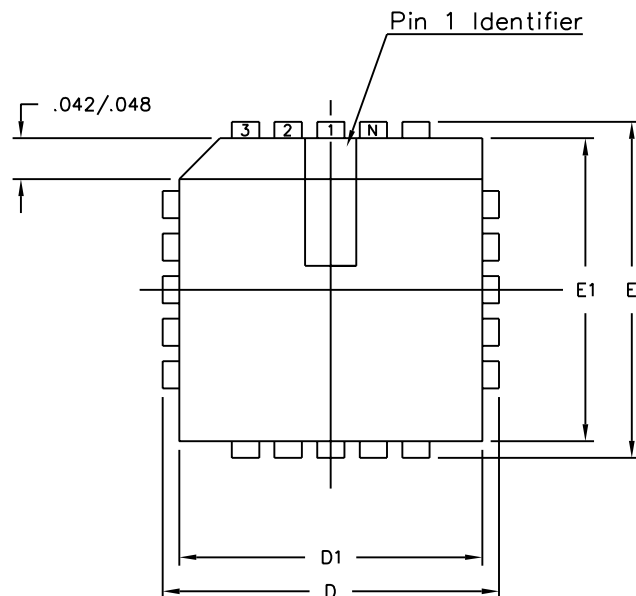
\* See Appendix, Fig. A.7 for switching waveform

| AX0    | AX1    | AX2    | AX3    | AY0    | AY1    | AY2    | Connection* |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|
| 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X0-Y0       |
| 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X1-Y0       |
| 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X2-Y0       |
| 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X3-Y0       |
| 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X4-Y0       |
| 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X5-Y0       |
| 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X12-Y0      |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X13-Y0      |
| 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X6-Y0       |
| 1      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X7-Y0       |
| 0      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X8-Y0       |
| 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X9-Y0       |
| 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X10-Y0      |
| 1      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X11-Y0      |
| 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X14-Y0      |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | X15-Y0      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | X0-Y1<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | X15-Y1      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | X0-Y2<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | X15-Y2      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | X0-Y3<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | X15-Y3      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | X0-Y4<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 1      | X15-Y4      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | X0-Y5<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | X15-Y5      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | X0-Y6<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 1      | X15-Y6      |
| 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 0<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | 1<br>↓ | X0-Y7<br>↓  |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | X15-Y7      |

Table 1 - Address Decode Truth Table

\* Switch connections are not in ascending order





| Symbol                            | Control Dimensions<br>in inches |       | Altern. Dimensions<br>in millimetres |       |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|
|                                   | MIN                             | MAX   | MIN                                  | MAX   |
| A                                 | 0.165                           | 0.180 | 4.19                                 | 4.57  |
| A1                                | 0.090                           | 0.120 | 2.29                                 | 3.05  |
| A2                                | 0.062                           | 0.083 | 1.57                                 | 2.11  |
| A3                                | 0.042                           | 0.056 | 1.07                                 | 1.42  |
| A4                                | 0.020                           | —     | 0.51                                 | —     |
| D                                 | 0.685                           | 0.695 | 17.40                                | 17.65 |
| D1                                | 0.650                           | 0.656 | 16.51                                | 16.66 |
| D2                                | 0.291                           | 0.319 | 7.39                                 | 8.10  |
| E                                 | 0.685                           | 0.695 | 17.40                                | 17.65 |
| E1                                | 0.650                           | 0.656 | 16.51                                | 16.66 |
| E2                                | 0.291                           | 0.319 | 7.39                                 | 8.10  |
| B                                 | 0.026                           | 0.032 | 0.66                                 | 0.81  |
| b                                 | 0.013                           | 0.021 | 0.33                                 | 0.53  |
| e                                 | 0.050                           | BSC   | 1.27                                 | BSC   |
|                                   | Pin features                    |       |                                      |       |
| ND                                | 11                              |       |                                      |       |
| NE                                | 11                              |       |                                      |       |
| N                                 | 44                              |       |                                      |       |
| Note                              | Square                          |       |                                      |       |
| Conforms to JEDEC MS-018AC Iss. A |                                 |       |                                      |       |

#### Notes:

1. All dimensions and tolerances conform to ANSI Y14.5M-1982
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mould protrusions. Allowable mould protrusion is 0.010" per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 include mould protrusion mismatch and are determined at the parting line, that is D1 and E1 are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
3. Controlling dimensions in Inches.
4. "N" is the number of terminals.
5. Not To Scale
6. Dimension R required for 120° minimum bend.

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| ISSUE  | 1       | 2       | 3       |  |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| ACN    | 5958    | 207470  | 213094  |  |
| DATE   | 15Aug94 | 10Sep99 | 15Jul02 |  |
| APPRD. |         |         |         |  |



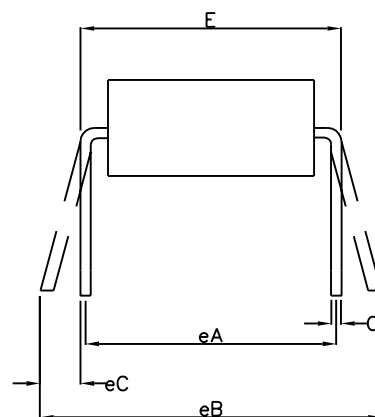
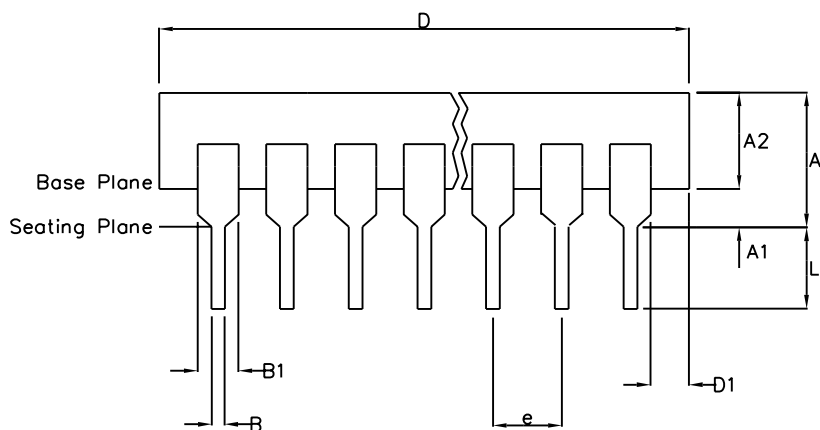
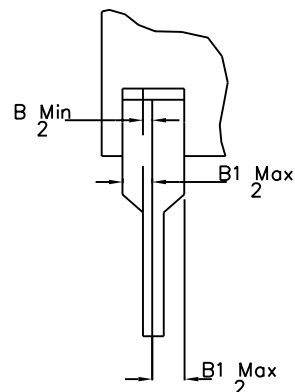
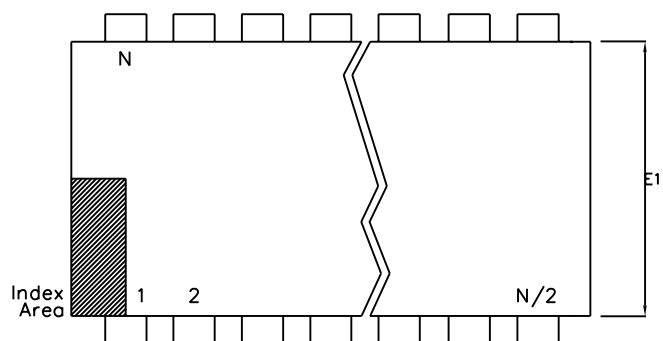
Previous package codes

HP / P

Package Code QA

Package Outline for  
44 lead PLCC

GPD000003



|                                  | Min<br>mm | Max<br>mm | Min<br>Inches | Max<br>Inches |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| A                                |           | 6.35      |               | 0.250         |
| A1                               | 0.38      |           | 0.015         |               |
| A2                               | 3.18      | 4.95      | 0.125         | 0.195         |
| B                                | 0.36      | 0.56      | 0.014         | 0.022         |
| B1                               | 0.76      | 1.78      | 0.030         | 0.070         |
| C                                | 0.20      | 0.38      | 0.008         | 0.015         |
| D                                | 50.29     | 53.21     | 1.980         | 2.095         |
| D1                               | 0.13      |           | 0.005         |               |
| E                                | 15.24     | 15.88     | 0.600         | 0.625         |
| E1                               | 12.32     | 14.73     | 0.485         | 0.580         |
| e                                | 2.54      | BSC       | 0.100         | BSC           |
| eA                               | 15.24     | BSC       | 0.600         | BSC           |
| eB                               |           | 17.78     |               | 0.700         |
| L                                | 2.92      | 5.08      | 0.115         | 0.200         |
| N                                | 40        |           | 40            |               |
| Conforms to Jedec MS-011AC ISS.B |           |           |               |               |

Notes:

1. Controlling Dimensions are in inches
2. Dimension A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in the Seating Plane
3. Dimensions D & E1 do not include mould flash or protrusions. Mould flash or protrusion shall not exceed 0.010 inch.
4. Dimensions E & eA are measured with leads constrained to be perpendicular to plane T.
5. Dimensions eB & eC are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained; eC must be zero or greater.

|                                                   |         |         |         |                                                                                                                     |                        |                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
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| ISSUE                                             | 1       | 2       | 3       |                                                                                                                     | Previous package codes | Package Outline for 40 lead PDIP |
| ACN                                               | 7010    | 203533  | 213103  |                                                                                                                     | DP / E                 |                                  |
| DATE                                              | 20Apr95 | 25Nov97 | 15Jul02 |                                                                                                                     |                        | GPD000073                        |
| APPRD.                                            |         |         |         |                                                                                                                     |                        |                                  |



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