

# Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices

## Overview

The Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices is designed to provide an easy-to-use, economical development environment for 16-bit microcontrollers. The board includes an integrated debugger/programmer, a socket for the target microcontroller chip and pins that facilitate insertion into a prototyping board for extremely flexible development.

## Installing MPLAB® IDE and C Compilers

The MPLAB® Integrated Development Environment (IDE) should be installed prior to using the Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices. This board is designed to run with MPLAB X IDE Version 1.60 or later. While the MPLAB IDE provides assembler tools for development, most code examples provided for Microchip devices are written in C language and require a C compiler to be installed. Microchip's MPLAB XC16 Compiler seamlessly integrates into the MPLAB IDE. Both the MPLAB IDE and C Compiler are free and available for download at: [www.microchip.com/mplabx](http://www.microchip.com/mplabx) and [www.microchip.com/xc16](http://www.microchip.com/xc16), respectively.<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** MPLAB XC16 Evaluation Version (free) – All optimization levels are enabled for 60 days, then limits to optimization, Level O1. The compiler will continue to function, but code size may increase. There are no restrictions on the use of this C compiler (see license text for details).

## Running Applications

After downloading and installing the development tools, please use the following procedure to build, run and debug your software:

1. Open the MPLAB X IDE application and close any open projects.
2. Open the Microstick application project by navigating to the installation directory and selecting the "pic24f16kl402\_microstick\_demo.X" folder.
3. Connect the Microstick board to the development computer via a USB cable.
4. Open the project properties by selecting File->Project Properties.
5. Ensure the correct device is the selected device in the Device dropdown menu.
6. Select the Microstick from the Hardware Tool. It will be listed under Microchip Starter Kits>Starter Kits (PKOB).
7. Build, program and run the Microstick demo application by selecting Debug>Debug Project.
8. Install Jumper, JP1, to enable the on-board LED for RA0 to ensure the program is running.

For more information on building, running and debugging your application, refer to the MPLAB IDE Help.

### Americas

Atlanta - 678-957-9614  
Boston - 774-760-0087  
Chicago - 630-285-0071  
Cleveland - 216-447-0464  
Dallas - 972-818-7423  
Detroit - 248-538-2250  
Indianapolis - 317-773-8323  
Los Angeles - 949-462-9523  
Phoenix - 480-792-7200  
Santa Clara - 408-961-6444  
Toronto - 905-673-0699

### Europe

Austria - Wels - 43-7242-2244-39  
Denmark - Copenhagen - 45-4450-2828  
France - Paris - 33-1-69-53-63-20  
Germany - Munich - 49-89-627-144-0  
Italy - Milan - 39-0331-742611  
Netherlands - Drunen - 31-416-690399  
Spain - Madrid - 34-91-708-08-90  
UK - Wokingham - 44-118-921-5869

### Asia/Pacific

Australia - Sydney - 61-2-9868-6733  
China - Beijing - 86-10-8569-7000  
China - Chengdu - 86-28-8665-5511  
China - Chongqing - 86-23-8980-9588

### Asia/Pacific (Continued)

China - Hangzhou - 86-571-2819-3187  
China - Hong Kong SAR - 852-2943-5100  
China - Nanjing - 86-25-8473-2460  
China - Qingdao - 86-532-8502-7355  
China - Shanghai - 86-21-5407-5533  
China - Shenyang - 86-24-2334-2829  
China - Shenzhen - 86-755-8864-2200  
China - Wuhan - 86-27-5980-5300  
China - Xiamen - 86-592-2388138  
China - Xian - 86-29-8833-7252  
China - Zhuhai - 86-756-3210040  
India - Bangalore - 91-80-3090-4444  
India - New Delhi - 91-11-4160-8631  
India - Pune - 91-20-2566-1512  
Japan - Osaka - 81-6-6152-7160  
Japan - Tokyo - 81-3-6880-3770  
Korea - Daegu - 82-53-744-4301  
Korea - Seoul - 82-2-554-7200  
Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur - 60-3-6201-9857  
Malaysia - Penang - 60-4-227-8870  
Philippines - Manila - 63-2-634-9065  
Singapore - 65-6334-8870  
Taiwan - Hsin Chu - 886-3-5778-366  
Taiwan - Kaohsiung - 886-7-213-7828  
Taiwan - Taipei - 886-2-2508-8600  
Thailand - Bangkok - 66-2-694-1351

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## Developing Applications

Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices only implements circuitry for low-voltage ICSP™ programming. To enable low-voltage ICSP programming, it is important to always configure the microcontroller to enable  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin function, rather than RA5 general purpose, input pin function.

The following assembly language directive enables the  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin function in the device Configuration bits:

```
; MCLR Pin Enable bit (RA5 input disabled; MCLR enabled)
config __FPOR, MCLRE_ON
```

In XC16, the same thing is accomplished with this code:

```
// MCLR Pin Enable bit (RA5 input disabled; MCLR enabled)
FPOR(MCLRE_ON)
```

**Warning:** Always program the microcontroller with  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin functionality enabled so that the Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices can be used to program/debug the chip in the future.

If the microcontroller is programmed with  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin function disabled (RA5 input is enabled), the Microstick will no longer program or debug firmware on the microcontroller, because Microstick does not have circuitry to use high-voltage ICSP entry. REAL ICE™, MPLAB ICD 3 and PICKit™ 3 are examples of high-voltage ICSP tools that can be used to recover the part.

The slide switch, labeled S3 on the PCB, is used to select which pair of PGECx/PGEDx pins to use for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™). When moved towards the PDIP socket, the Microstick is set for using PGEC3/PGED3. When moved towards the USB connector, the Microstick is configured for PGEC1/PGED1.

To allow for debugging to work in MPLAB, the device's Configuration bits must be set up to indicate which PGECx/PGEDx pins are actually being used in the circuit. For example, in assembly language, you may need directives such as this:

```
.include "p24Fxxxx.inc"
; ICD Pin Placement Select (EMUC/EMUD share PGC3/PGD3)
config __FICD, ICS_PGx3
```

In XC16, the same thing can be accomplished with this code:

```
#include <p24Fxxxx.h>
// ICD Pin Placement Select (EMUC/EMUD share PGC3/PGD3)
_FICD(ICS_PGx3)
```

An XC16 firmware source code example for blinking the Microstick's LED is provided on the Microchip web site (see <http://www.microchip.com/microstick>).

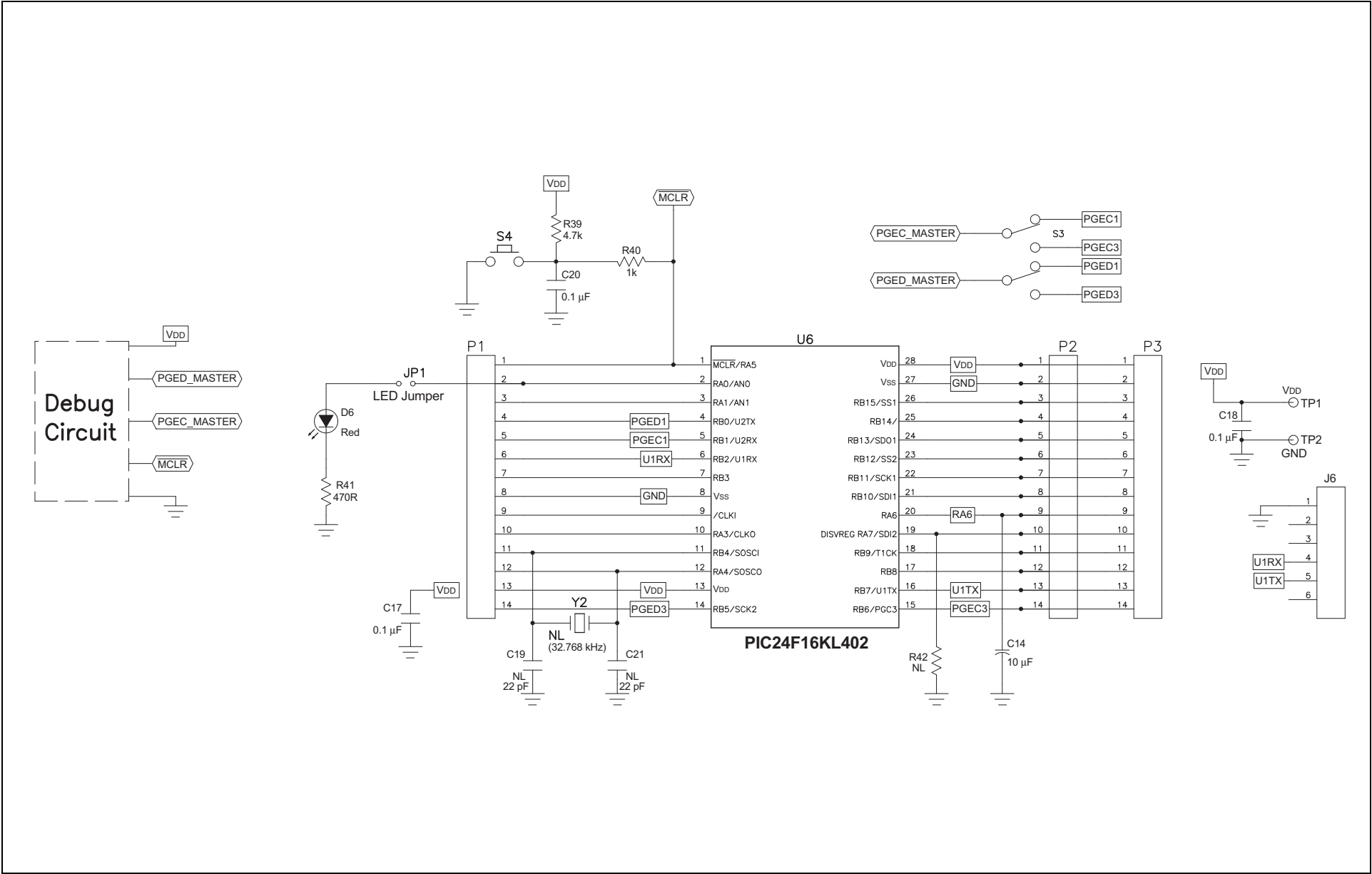
## Hardware Design

The Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices is USB bus powered. An on-board MCP1727 LDO regulator provides +3.3 VDC output from the USB bus power. Turning power on/off to the target application is controlled by the MPLAB IDE via the FPF2102 load switch. The FPF2102 load switch automatically shuts down power to the target if the current exceeds a trip point of 200 mA to 400 mA. This may help protect the host PC USB port from accidental shorting of power supply pins in the target application circuit.

The Microstick may be plugged into a prototyping board to develop external application circuitry with the PIC® MCU. On the bottom side of the board, three rows of pins are provided, labeled P1, P2 and P3. Normally, the Skinny PDIP (SPDIP) layout (300 mils) should be used by populating rows, P1 and P2. Optionally, rows, P1 and P3, may be populated instead to provide a wide PDIP layout (600 mils).

Introducing the Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices

Application Hardware



# Introducing the Microstick for 3V PIC24 K Series Devices

## Debugger Hardware

