

Ultra Low Power 1.8V, 400KHz Op Amp With Industry Standard Pin-Out

DESCRIPTION

The MP8104 is a rail-to-rail output, operational amplifier in a TSOT-23 package with Industry standard pin-out. This amplifier provides 400KHz bandwidth while consuming an incredibly low 11µA of supply current. The MP8104 can operate with a single supply voltage as low as 1.8V.

FEATURES

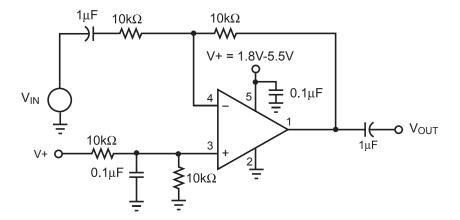
- Single Supply Operation: 1.8V to 5.5V
- TSOT23-5 Package
- 400KHz Gain Bandwidth
- 11µA Supply Current
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- Unity-Gain Stable
- Input Common Mode to Ground
- Drives Up to 1000pF of Capacitive Loads

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Equipment
- PDAs
- Pagers
- Cordless Phones
- Handheld GPS
- Consumer Electronics

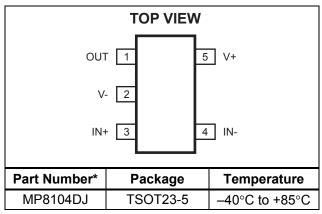
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TYPICAL APPLICATION





PACKAGE REFERENCE



^{*} For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (eg. MP8104DJ–Z) For Lead Free, add suffix –LF (eg. MP8104DJ–LF–Z)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Supply Voltage (V+ to V-).....+6.0V Differential Input Voltage ($V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}$).....+6.0V Input Voltage ($V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}$).. $V_{IN+} + 0.3V$, $V_{IN-} - 0.3V$

Recommended Operating Conditions (2)

Supply Voltage+1.8V to +5.5V Operating Temperature-40°C to +85°C

Thermal Resistance (3) **θ**_{JA} **θ**_{JC} TSOT23-5......220.... 110.. °C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 3) Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V+ = +5V, V- = 0V, V_{CM} = V+/2, R_L = 10k Ω , T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Offset Voltage	Vos		- 5	1	+5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Temp Coefficient				15		μV/°C
Input Bias Current (4)	I _B			2		pА
Input Offset Current (4)	Ios			0.2		pА
Input Voltage Range	V_{CM}	CMRR > 60dB	0		3.8	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	0 < V _{CM} < 3.5V		82		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	Supply Voltage change of 1.0V		80		dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _{VOL}	R_L = 100kΩ, V_{OUT} = 5.0 Peak to Peak	60	88		dB
Maximum Output Voltage Swing	V _{OUT}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$		(V+) – 23mV		V
Minimum Output Voltage Swing	V _{OUT}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$		(V–) + 19mV		V
Gain-Bandwidth Product (4)	GBW	$R_L = 200k\Omega, C_L = 2pF,$ $V_{OUT} = 0$		400		KHz
–3dB Bandwidth ⁽⁴⁾	BW	$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 2pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$		1		MHz
Slew Rate (4)	SR	$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 2pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$		0.2		V/µs
Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}	Source		20		mA
Short Circuit Current		Sink		20		mA
Supply Current		No Load		11	20	μA

Note:

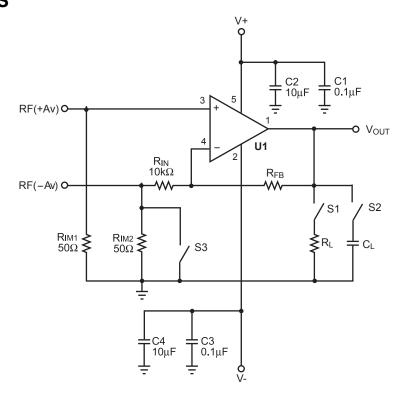
4) Guaranteed by design.



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin#	Name	Description
1	OUT	Output.
2	V-	Ground or Supply Return Pin.
3	IN+	Non-Inverting Input.
4	IN-	Inverting Input.
5	V+	Supply Voltage.

TEST CIRCUITS



Notes: Close S3 for positive gain. Input signal to RF(+Av) connector.

The gain Av = $1 + R_{FB}/R_{IN}$.

For unity gain, remove R_{IN} and short R_{FB}.

Open S3 for negative gain. Input signal to RF(-Av) connector.

The gain $Av = -R_{FB}/R_{IN}$.

S1 and S2 are switches for possible resistor and capacitor load connections.

Figure 1—AC Test Circuit



TEST CIRCUITS (continued)

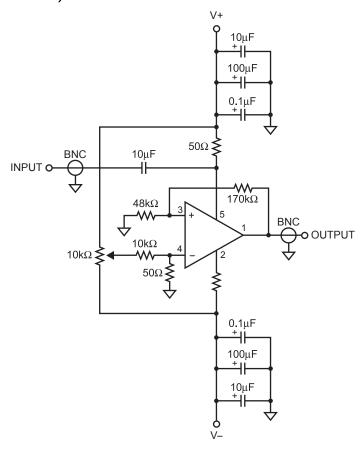


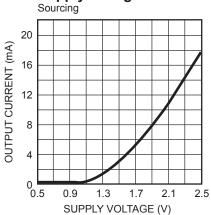
Figure 2—Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio Measurement



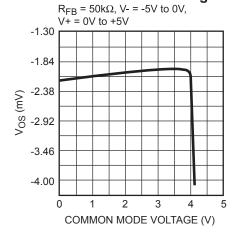
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

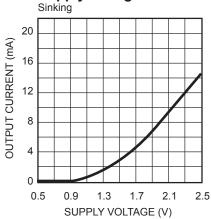
Short Circuit Current vs Supply Voltage



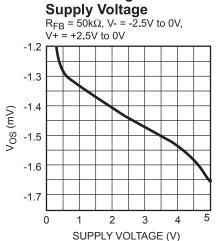
Offset Voltage vs. **Common Mode Voltage**



Short Circuit Current vs Supply Voltage



Offset Voltage vs.

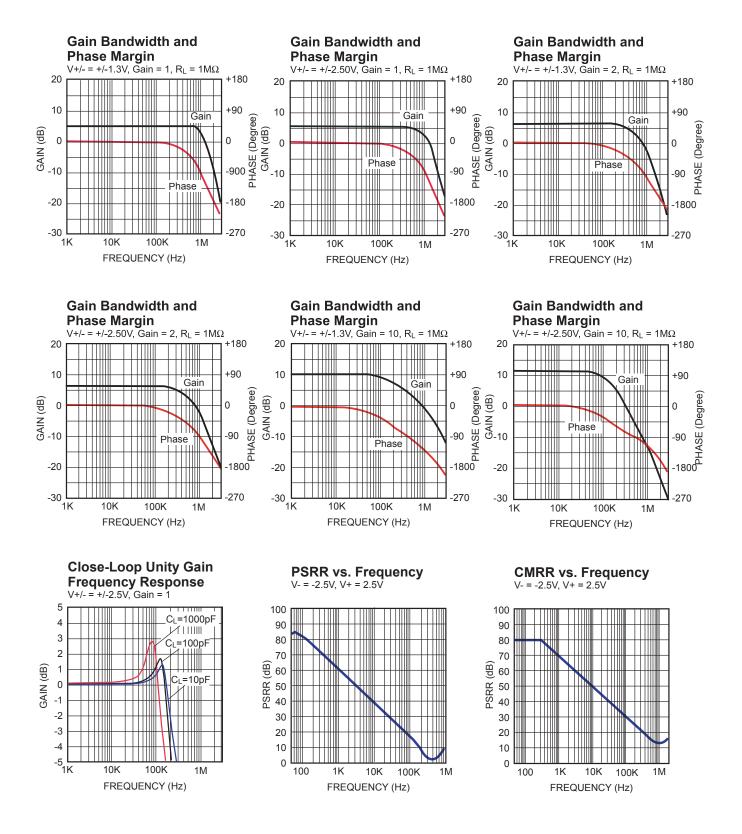


Output Noise vs. Frequency 1800 1600 OUTPUT NOISE (nV/√Hz) 1400 1200 1000 800 600 400 200 0 0 100 1K 10K 100K FREQUENCY (Hz)



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

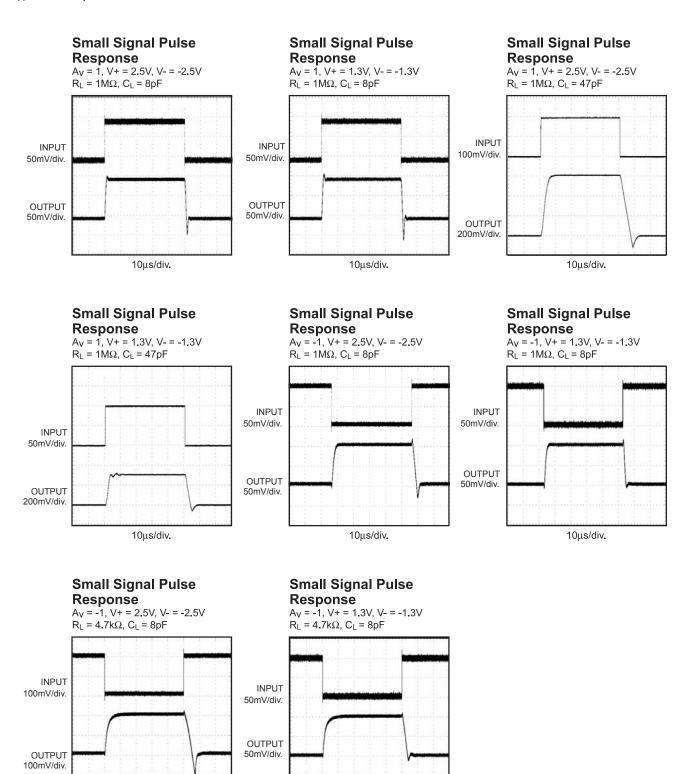
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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.



10μs/div.

10μs/div.

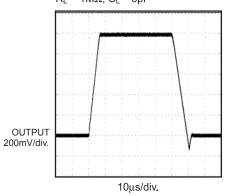


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

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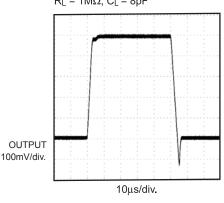
Large Signal Pulse Response

 $A_V = 1$, V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 8pF$



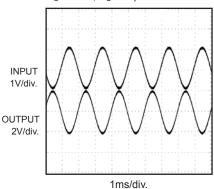
Large Signal Pulse Response

 $A_V = 1$, V + = 1.3V, V - = -1.3V $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 8pF$



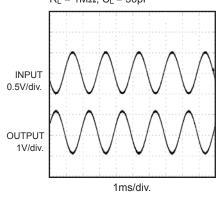
Rail to Rail Output Operation

 $A_V = -2$, V+ = 2.5V, V- = -2.5V $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 50pF$



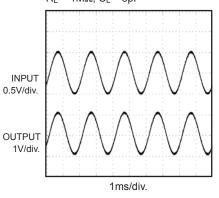
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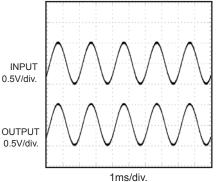
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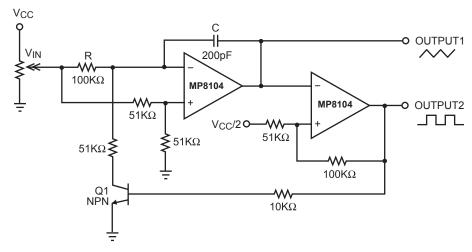
APPLICATION INFORMATION

Power Supply Bypassing

Regular supply bypassing techniques are recommended. A 10µF capacitor in parallel with a 0.1µF capacitor on both the positive and negative supplies is ideal. For the best performance, all bypassing capacitors should

be located as close to the op amp as possible and all capacitors should be low ESL (Equivalent Series Inductance) and low ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance). Surface mount ceramic capacitors are ideal.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



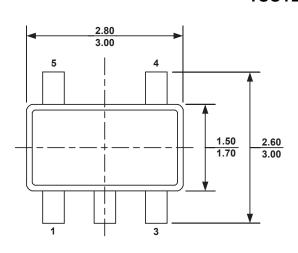
- 1) The control voltage V_{IN} is wide, $0 < V_{IN} < V_{CC}$ 1V 2) The switch frequency can be changed by adjusting R and C.

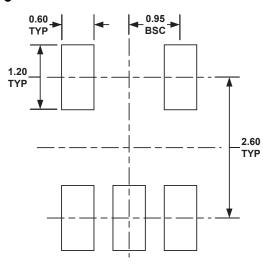
Figure 3—Voltage Controlled Frequency Circuit



PACKAGE INFORMATION

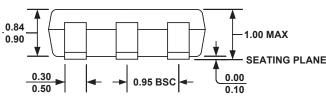
TSOT23-5

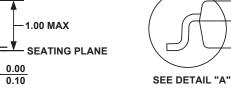




TOP VIEW

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

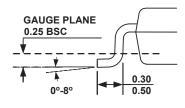




FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

0.09



DETAIL A

NOTE:

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) PACKAGE LENGTH DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURR.
- 3) PACKAGE WIDTH DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
- 4) LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETERS MAX.
- 5) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-193, VARIATION AA.
- 6) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

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