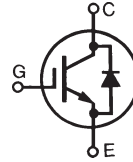


XPT™ 650V IGBT GenX3™ w/ Sonic Diode

IXYT30N65C3H1HV IXYH30N65C3H1

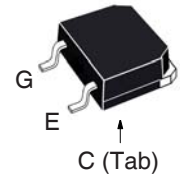
Extreme Light Punch Through
IGBT for 20-60kHz Switching



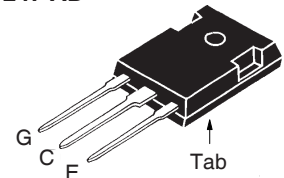
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CES} &= 650V \\ I_{C110} &= 30A \\ V_{CE(sat)} &\leq 2.7V \\ t_{fi(typ)} &= 24ns \end{aligned}$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 175°C	650	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 175°C , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	650	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	60	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	30	A
I_{F110}	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	29	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1ms	118	A
I_A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
E_{AS}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	300	mJ
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 10\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 60$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
t_{sc} (SCSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $V_{CE} = 360V$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $R_G = 82\Omega$, Non Repetitive	8	μs
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	270	W
T_J		-55 ... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{JM}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{SOLD}	1.6 mm (0.062in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
M_d	Mounting Torque	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in
Weight	TO-220	4	g
	TO-247	6	g

TO-268HV



TO-247 AD



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter Tab = Collector

Features

- Optimized for 20-60kHz Switching
- Square RBSOA
- High Voltage
- Avalanche Rated
- Short Circuit Capability
- Anti-Parallel Sonic Diode

Advantages

- High Power Density
- Extremely Rugged
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

Applications

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts
- High Frequency Power Inverters

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	650		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.5		6.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$			50 μA 4 mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 30A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.35 2.58		2.70 V V

Symbol Test Conditions
 $(T_J = 25^\circ\text{C Unless Otherwise Specified})$
Characteristic Values
Min. Typ. Max.

g_{fs}	$I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, \text{Note 1}$	11	19	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		1225	pF
C_{oes}			173	pF
C_{res}			28	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		44	nC
Q_{ge}			7	nC
Q_{gc}			24	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, R_G = 10\Omega$ Note 2		21	ns
t_{ri}			42	ns
E_{on}			1.00	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			75	ns
t_{fi}			24	ns
E_{off}			0.27	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, R_G = 10\Omega$ Note 2		19	ns
t_{ri}			40	ns
E_{on}			1.50	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			90	ns
t_{fi}			30	ns
E_{off}			0.41	mJ
R_{thJC}	TO-247	0.21	0.55 $^\circ\text{C/W}$	
R_{thCS}			$^\circ\text{C/W}$	

Reverse Sonic Diode (FRD)
Symbol Test Conditions
 $(T_J = 25^\circ\text{C Unless Otherwise Specified})$
Characteristic Values
Min. Typ. Max.

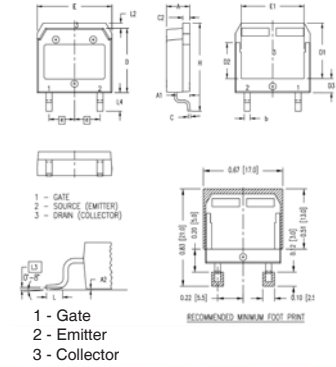
V_F	$I_F = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, \text{Note 1}$	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.15	2.5 V
I_{RM}	$I_F = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V},$ $-di_F/dt = 500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}$	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	25	A
t_{rr}		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	120	ns
R_{thJC}				0.80 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes:

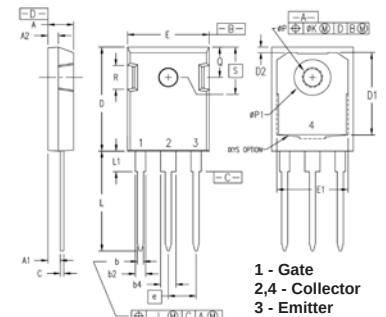
1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher $V_{CE}(\text{clamp})$, T_J or R_G .

PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The product presented herein is under development. The Technical Specifications offered are derived from a subjective evaluation of the design, based upon prior knowledge and experience, and constitute a "considered reflection" of the anticipated result. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions without notice.

TO-268HV Outline


Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
A1	2.70	2.90	0.106	0.114
A2	0.02	0.25	0.001	0.100
b	1.15	1.45	0.045	0.057
C	0.40	0.65	0.016	0.026
C 2	1.45	1.60	0.057	0.063
D	13.80	14.00	0.543	0.551
D1	11.80	12.10	0.465	0.476
D2	7.50	7.80	0.295	0.307
D3	2.90	3.20	0.114	0.126
E	15.85	16.05	0.624	0.632
E1	13.30	13.60	0.524	0.535
e	5.45 BSC		0.215 BSC	
H	18.70	19.10	0.736	0.752
L	1.70	2.00	0.067	0.079
L2	1.00	1.15	0.039	0.045
L3	0.25 BSC		0.010 BSC	
L4	3.80	4.10	0.150	0.161

TO-247 (IXYH) Outline


Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.70	5.30	0.185	0.209
A1	2.21	2.59	0.087	0.102
A2	1.50	2.49	0.059	0.098
b	0.99	1.40	0.039	0.055
b2	1.65	2.39	0.065	0.094
b4	2.59	3.43	0.102	0.135
c	0.38	0.89	0.015	0.035
D	20.79	21.45	0.819	0.845
D1	13.07	-	0.515	-
D2	0.51	1.35	0.020	0.053
E	15.48	16.24	0.610	0.640
E1	13.45	-	0.53	-
E2	4.31	5.48	0.170	0.216
e	5.45 BSC		0.215 BSC	
L	19.80	20.30	0.078	0.800
L1	-	4.49	-	0.177
Ø P	3.55	3.65	0.140	0.144
Ø P1	-	7.39	-	0.290
Q	5.38	6.19	0.212	0.244
S	6.14 BSC		0.242 BSC	

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

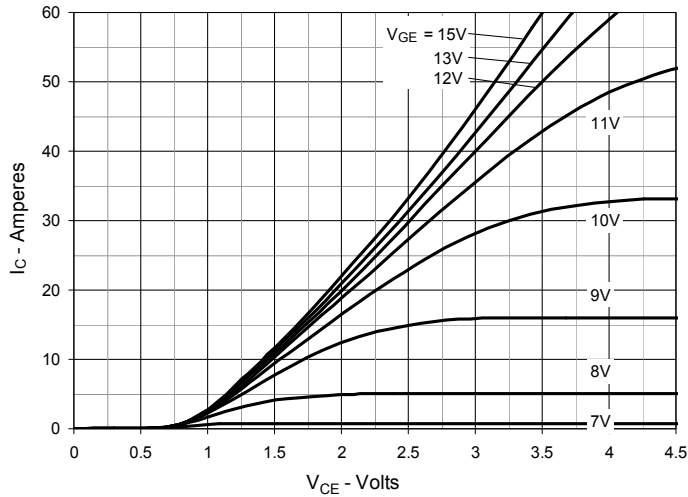
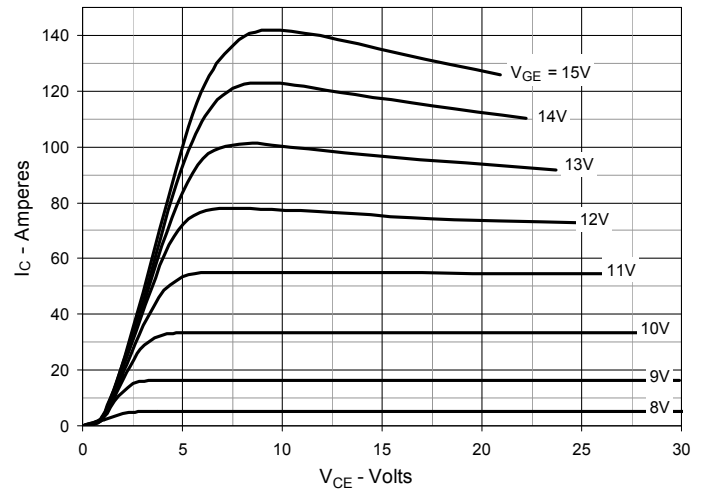
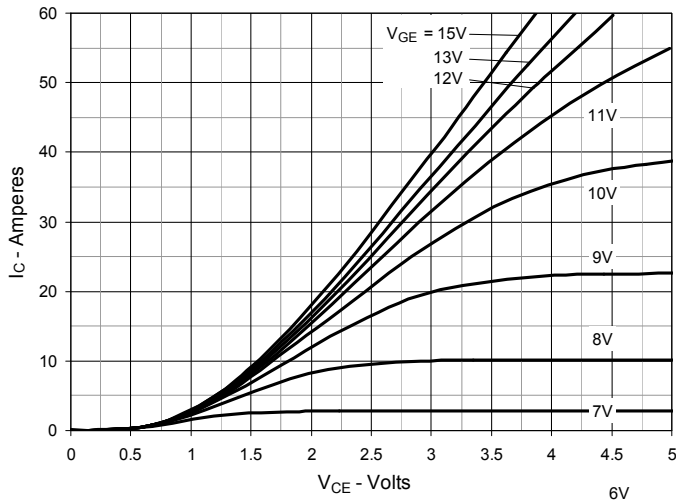
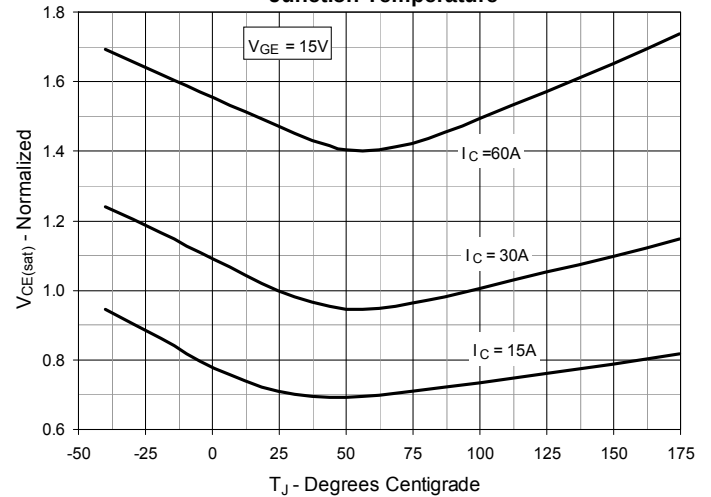
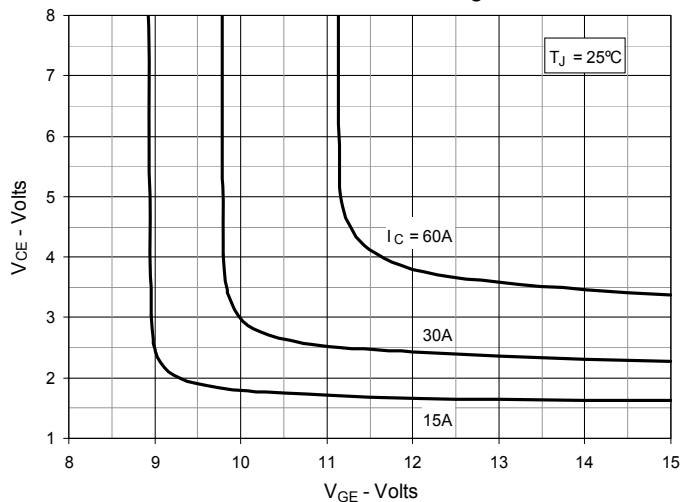
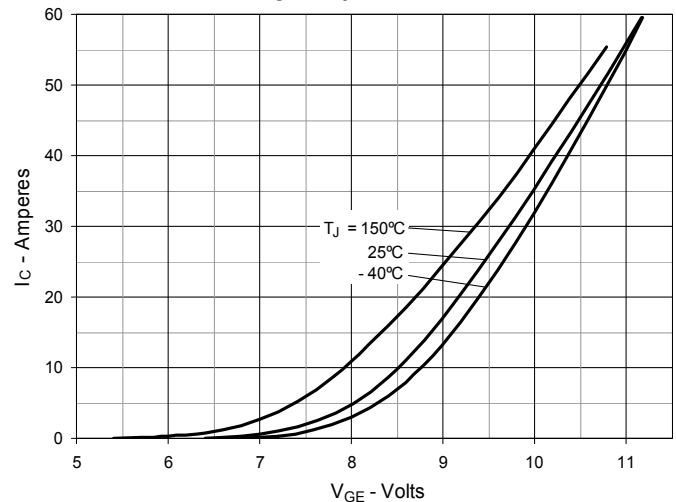
Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

Fig. 6. Input Admittance


Fig. 7. Transconductance

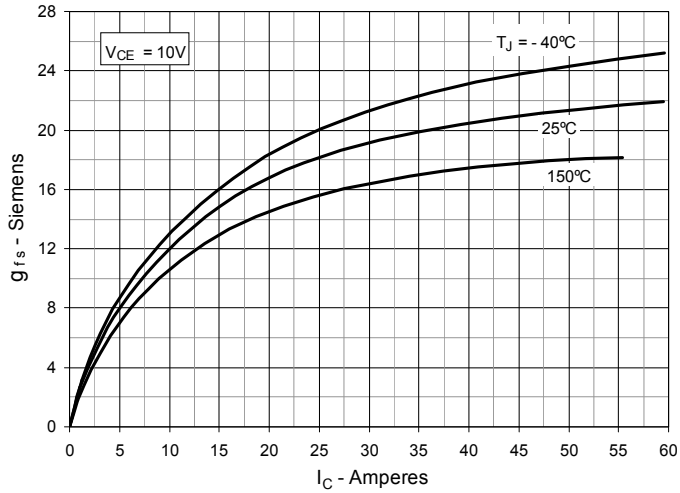


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

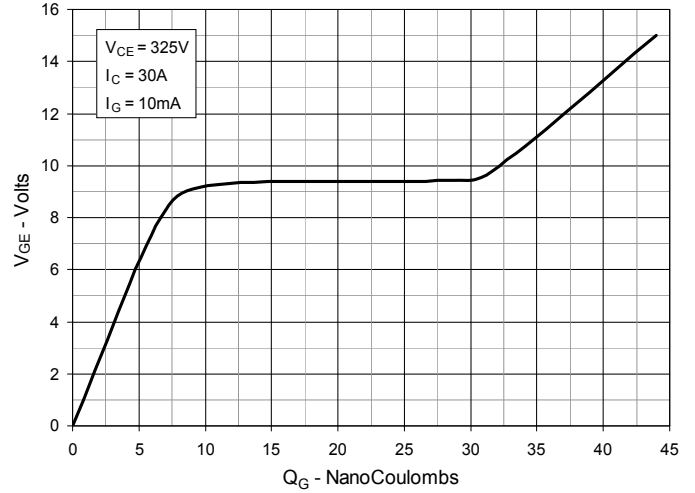


Fig. 9. Capacitance

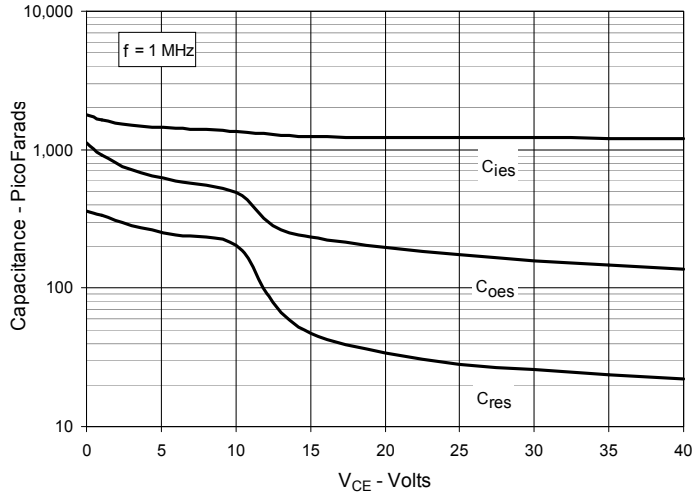


Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

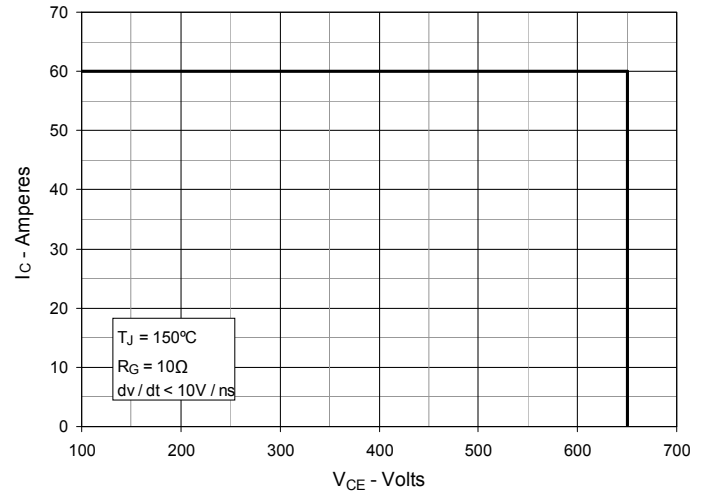


Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

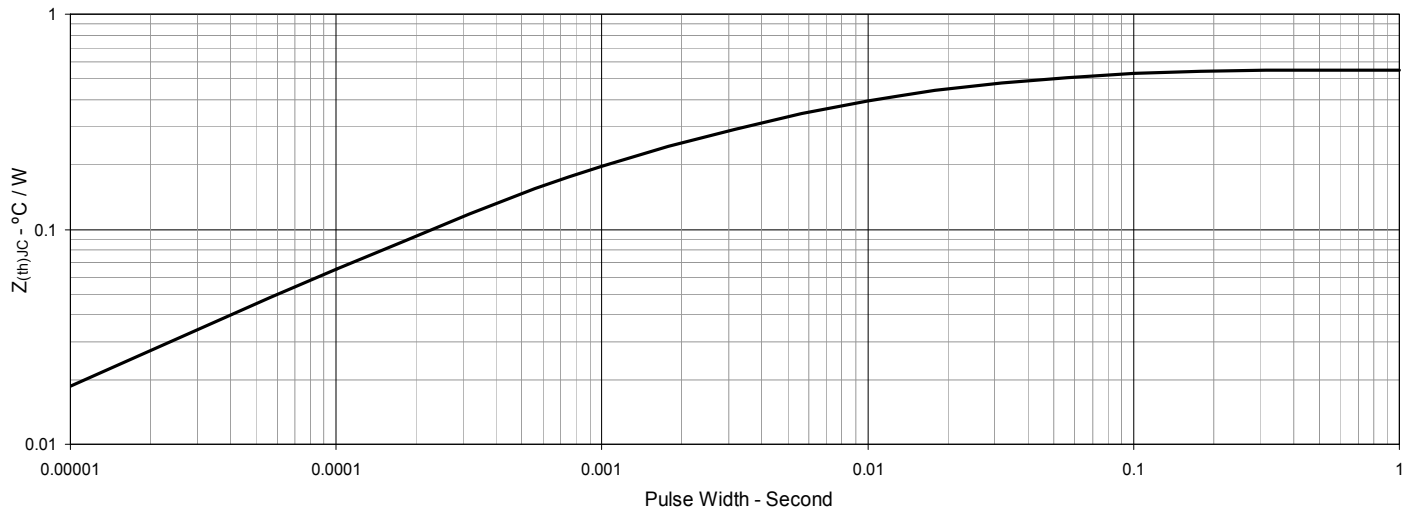


Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

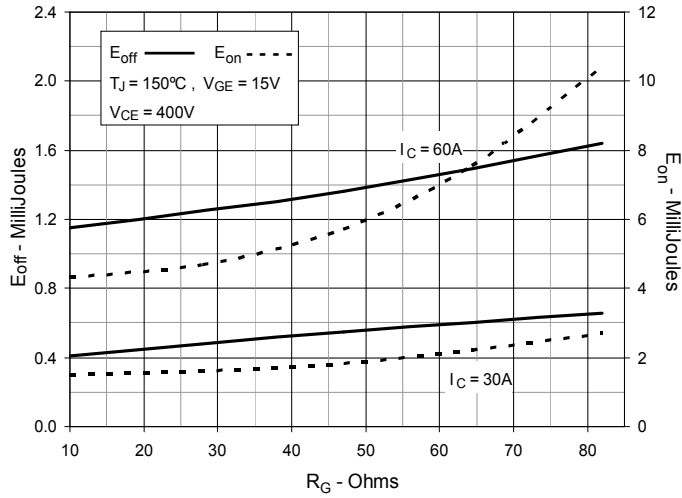


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

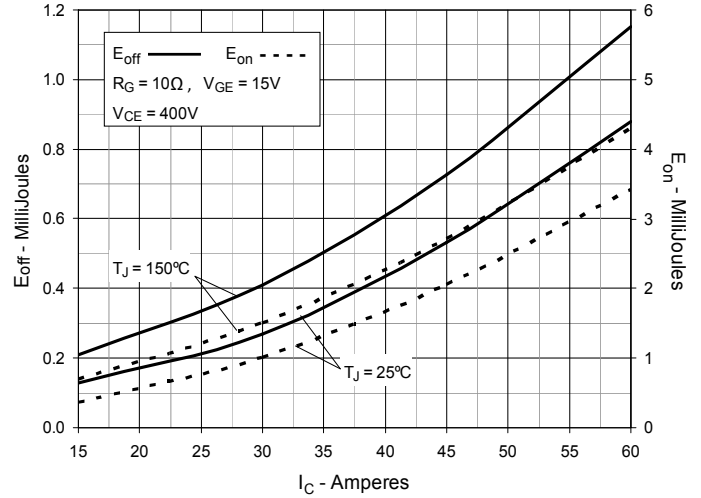


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

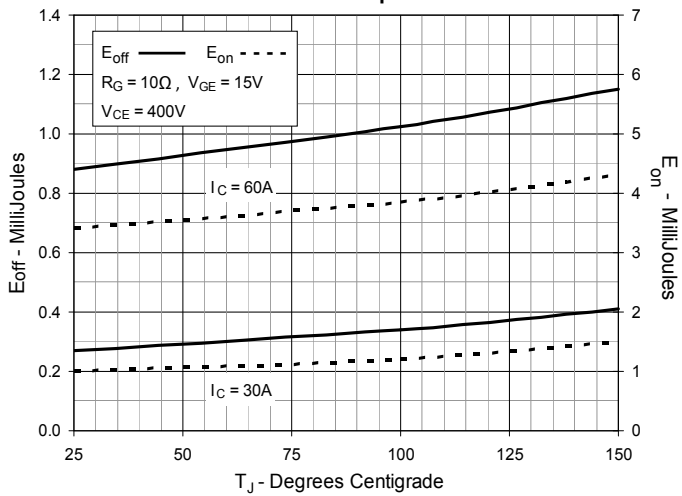


Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

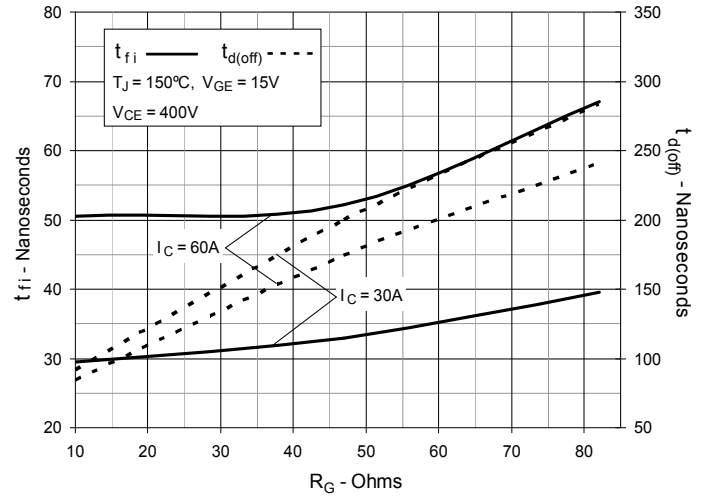


Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

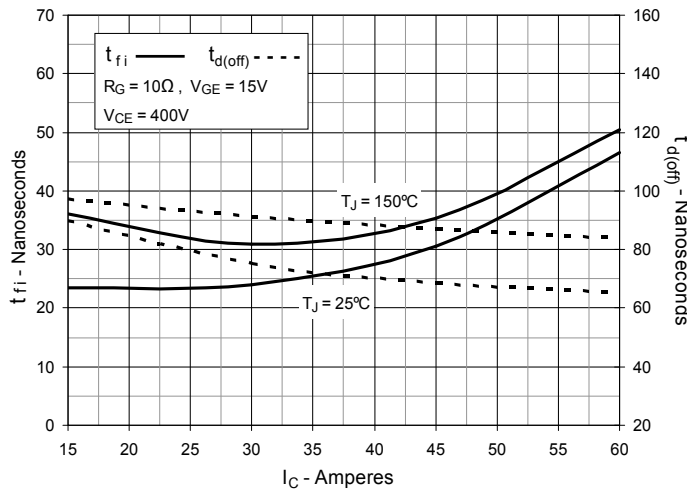


Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

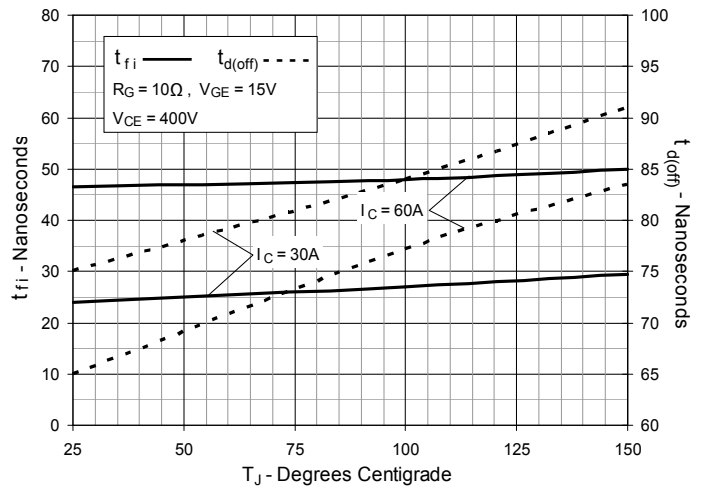


Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

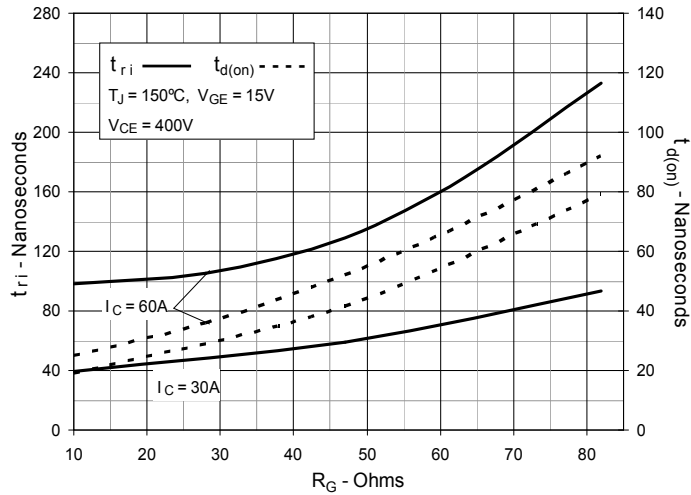


Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current

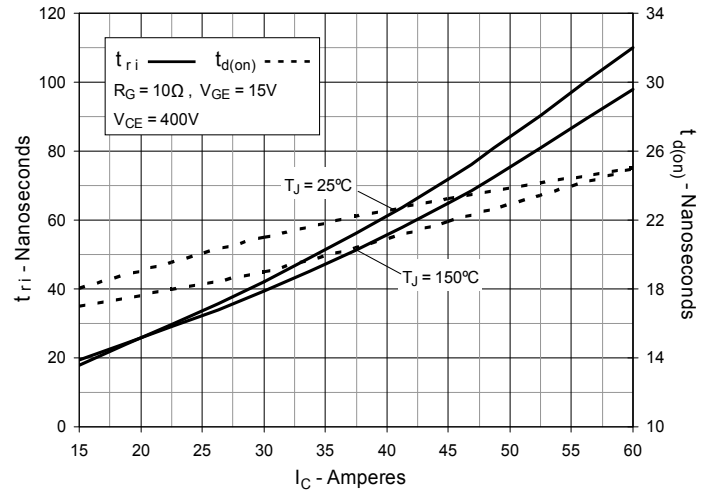


Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

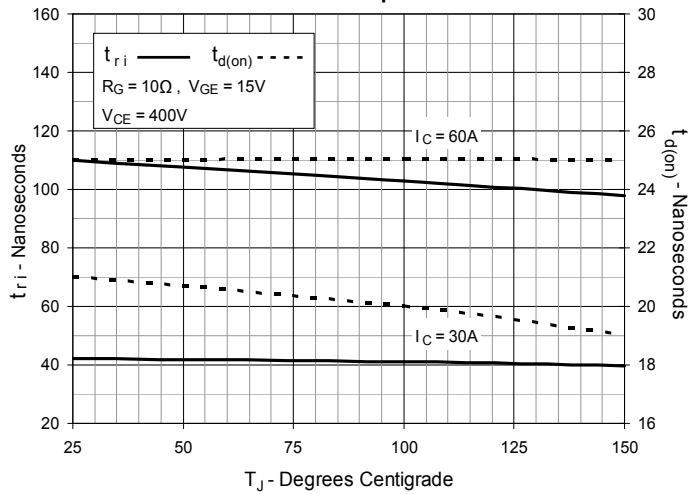
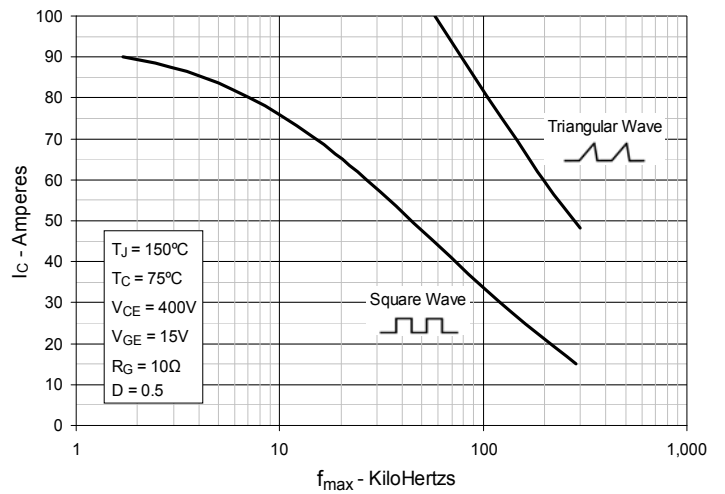


Fig. 21. Maximum Peak Load Current vs. Frequency





Disclaimer Notice - Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.