

DC/DC (5 V/3.3 V) Single Mode 622 MBd ATM/SDH/SONET 1x9 Transceiver

V23826-H18-C63 V23826-H18-C363

Features

- Compliant with ATM, SONET OC-3, SDH STM-1 and SONET OC-12, SDH STM-4
- Meets mezzanine standard height of 9.8 mm
- Compact integrated transceiver unit with
 - MQW laser diode transmitter
 - InGaAs PIN photodiode receiver
 - Duplex SC receptacle
- Class 1 FDA and IEC laser safety compliant
- FDA Accession No. 9520890-12, 9520890-13
- Single power supply (5 V or 3.3 V)
- Signal detect indicator
- PECL differential inputs and outputs
- Process plug included
- Input Signal Monitor
- Wave solderable and washable with process plug inserted
- Industry standard multisource 1x9 footprint
- For distances of up to 15 km on single mode fiber



Part Number	Voltage	Signal Detect	Input	Output		
V23826-H18-C63 ¹⁾	5 V	PECL	DC	DC		
V23826-H18-C363 ¹⁾	3.3 V					
Add suffix to PIN	Shield options					
-C3	Metallized co	Metallized cover, forward springs				
-D3	Metallized co	Metallized cover, backward springs				

¹⁾ Standard version



Pin Configuration

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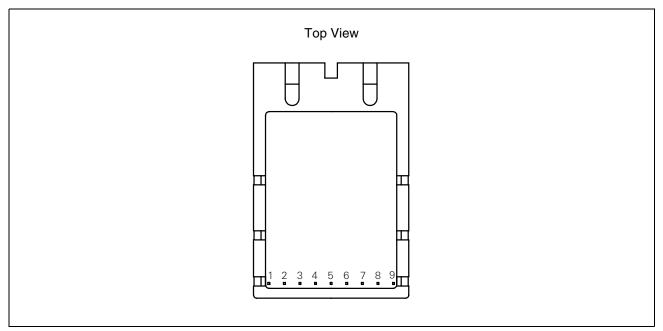


Figure 1

Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Level/Logic	Function	Description
1	RxV_{EE}	Power Supply	Rx Ground	Negative power supply, normally ground
2	RD	PECL Output	Rx Output Data	Receiver output data
3	RDn			Inverted receiver output data
4	SD	PECL	Rx Signal Detect	A high level on this output shows that optical data is applied to the optical input.
5	RxV_{CC}	Power Supply	Rx 3.3 V / 5 V	Positive power supply,
6	TxV _{CC}		Tx 3.3 V / 5 V	3.3 V / 5 V
7	TDn	PECL Input	Tx Input Data	Inverted transmitter input data
8	TD	-		Transmitter input data
9	TxV _{EE}	Power Supply	Tx Ground	Negative power supply, normally ground
S1/2		Mech. Support	Stud Pin	Not connected



Description

Description

The Infineon single mode ATM transceiver complies with the ATM Forum's Network Compatible ATM for Local Network Applications document and ANSI's Broadband ISDN - Customer Installation Interfaces, Physical Media Dependent Specification, T1.646-1995, Bellcore - SONET OC-3 / IR-1 and OC-12 / IR-1, ITU-T G.957 STM-1 / S.1.1 and STM-4 / S.4.1. ATM was developed to facilitate solutions in multimedia applications and real time transmission. The data rate is scalable, and the ATM protocol is the basis of the broadband public networks being standardized in the International Telecommunications Union (ITU), the former International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee (CCITT). ATM can also be used in local private applications.

The Infineon single mode ATM transceiver is a single unit comprised of a transmitter, a receiver, and an SC receptacle. This design frees the customer from many alignment and PC board layout concerns. The module is designed for low cost WAN applications. It can be used as the network end device interface in workstations, servers, and storage devices, and in a broad range of network devices such as bridges, routers, and intelligent hubs, as well as wide area ATM switches.

This transceiver operates at 622.080 Mbit/s from a single power supply (+5 V or 3.3 V). The differential data inputs and outputs are PECL compatible.

Functional Description

This transceiver is designed to transmit serial data via single mode cable.

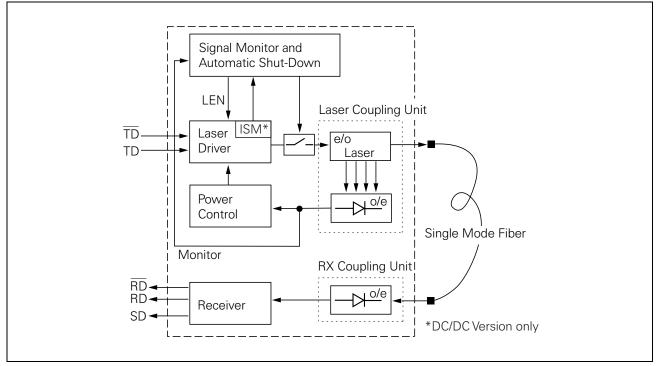


Figure 2 Functional Diagram



Description

The receiver component converts the optical serial data into PECL compatible electrical data (RD and RDnot). The Signal Detect (SD, active high) shows whether optical data is present¹⁾.

The transmitter converts electrical PECL compatible serial data (TD and TDnot) into optical serial data.

This version contains an Input Signal Monitor (ISM), that switches off the optical power if a continuously low level is applied at Data Input.

The transmitter contains a laser driver circuit that drives the modulation and bias current of the laser diode. The currents are controlled by a power control circuit to guarantee constant output power of the laser over temperature and aging.

The power control uses the output of the monitor PIN diode (mechanically built into the laser coupling unit) as a controlling signal, to prevent the laser power from exceeding the operating limits.

Single fault condition is ensured by means of an integrated automatic shutdown circuit that disables the laser when it detects transmitter failures. A reset is only possible by turning the power off, and then on again.

The transceiver contains a supervisory circuit to control the power supply. This circuit generates an internal reset signal whenever the supply voltage drops below the reset threshold. It keeps the reset signal active for at least 15 milliseconds after the voltage has risen above the reset threshold. During this time the laser is inactive.

Feature	Standard	Comments
ESD:	EIA/JESD22-A114-A	Class 1 (>1000 V)
Electrostatic Discharge	(MIL-STD 883D	
to the Electrical Pins	Method 3015.7)	
Immunity:	EN 61000-4-2	Discharges of ±15 kV with an air
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	discharge probe on the receptacle
(ESD) to the Duplex SC		cause no damage.
Receptacle		
Immunity:	EN 61000-4-3	With a field strength of 3 V/m rms,
Radio Frequency	IEC 61000-4-3	noise frequency ranges from
Electromagnetic Field		10 MHz to 2 GHz. No effect on
		transceiver performance between
		the specification limits.
Emission:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15,	Noise frequency range:
Electromagnetic	Class B	30 MHz to 6 GHz; Margins depend
Interference EMI	EN 55022 Class B CISPR 22	on PCB layout and chassis design.

Regulatory Compliance

¹⁾ We recommend to switch off the transmitter supply (V_{CC} - Tx) if no transmitter input data is applied.



Technical Data

Technical Data

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Lim	it Values	Unit
			min.	max.	
Package Power Dissipation ¹⁾	5 V 3.3 V			1.5 0.9	W
Supply Voltage	5 V 3.3 V	$V_{\rm CC} - V_{\rm EE}$		7 5	V
Data Input Levels				V _{CC} + 0.5]
Differential Data Input Voltage				2.5]
Operating Ambient Temperature			0	70	°C
Storage Ambient Temperature			-40	85	
Soldering Conditions Temp/Time (MIL-STD 883C, Method 2003)				250/5.5	°C/s

¹⁾ For $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ (min., max.). 50% duty cycle. The supply current does not include the load drive current of the receiver output.

Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.



Technical Data

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Limit Value		lues	Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Ambient Temperature		T _{AMB}	0		70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	3.3 V 5 V	$V_{\rm CC} - V_{\rm EE}$	3.1 4.75	3.3 5	3.5 5.25	V
Supply Current ¹⁾	3.3 V 5 V	I _{CC}		160 180	230 270	mA
Transmitter						
Data Input High Voltage DC/DC		$V_{\rm IH} - V_{\rm CC}$	-1165		-880	mV
Data Input Low Voltage DC/DC		$V_{\rm IL} - V_{\rm CC}$	-1810		-1475	
Input Data Rise/Fall Time 10%–90%		t _R , t _F	100		1300	ps
Receiver			•			
Input Center Wavelength		λ _C	1270		1356	nm
		·				I

¹⁾ For $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ (min., max.) 50% duty cycle. The supply current does not include the load drive current of the receiver output.

The electro-optical characteristics described in the following tables are only valid for use under the recommended operating conditions.

Transmitter Electro-Optical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Limit Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Launched Power (Ave	rage)1	Po	-15	-11	-8	dBm
Center Wavelength		λ _C	1274		1356	nm
Spectral Width (RMS)		σι			2.5	
Relative Intensity Noise		RIN			-120	dB/Hz
Extinction Ratio (Dynamic)		ER	8.2			dB
Reset Threshold ²⁾	3.3 V 5 V	V _{TH}		2.7 3.5		V
Reset Time Out ²⁾		t _{RES}	15	22	35	ms
Eye Diagram ³⁾		ED				

¹⁾ Into single mode fiber, 9 µm diameter.

²⁾ Laser power is shut down if power supply is below V_{TH} and switched on if power supply is above V_{TH} after t_{RES} .

³ Transmitter meets ANSI T1E1.2, SONET OC-3 and OC-12, and ITU-T G.957 mask patterns.



Technical Data

Receiver Electro-Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol I		Limit Values	
		min.	typ.	max.	
Sensitivity (Average Power) ¹⁾	P _{IN}		-30	-28	dBm
Saturation (Average Power)	P _{SAT}	-8			
Signal Detect Assert Level ²⁾	P _{SDA}	-37	31.4	-28	
Signal Detect Deassert Level ³⁾	P _{SDD}	-38	-34.5	-29	
Signal Detect Hysteresis	$P_{\rm SDA} - P_{\rm SDD}$		1.5		dB
Signal Detect Assert Time	t _{ASS}			100	μs
Signal Detect Deassert Time	t _{DAS}			350	
Output Low Voltage ⁴⁾	V _{OL} - V _{CC}	-1950		-1620	mV
Output High Voltage ⁴⁾	V _{OH} - V _{CC}	-1025		-720	
Output Data Rise/Fall Time, 20%–80%	t _R , t _F			375	ps
Return Loss of Receiver	A _{RL}	12			dB

¹⁾ Minimum average optical power at which the BER is less than 1x10⁻¹² or lower. Measured with a 2²³ – 1 NRZ PRBS as recommended by ANSI T1E1.2, SONET OC-3 and OC-12, and ITU-T G.957.

²⁾ An increase in optical power above the specified level will cause the SIGNAL DETECT output to switch from a Low state to a High state.

³⁾ A decrease in optical power below the specified level will cause the SIGNAL DETECT to change from a High state to a Low state.

⁴⁾ DC/DC for data, DC/DC PECL for Signal Detect. Load is 50 Ω into V_{CC} – 2 V for data, 510 Ω (5 V) or 270 Ω (3.3 V) to V_{EE} for Signal Detect. Measured under DC conditions. For dynamic measurements a tolerance of 50 mV should be added. V_{CC} = 3.3 V / 5 V. T_{AMB} = 25°C.



Eye Safety

Eye Safety

This laser based single mode transceiver is a Class 1 product. It complies with IEC 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11.

To meet laser safety requirements the transceiver shall be operated within the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Attention: All adjustments have been made at the factory prior to shipment of the devices. No maintenance or alteration to the device is required. Tampering with or modifying the performance of the device will result in voided product warranty.

Note: Failure to adhere to the above restrictions could result in a modification that is considered an act of "manufacturing", and will require, under law, recertification of the modified product with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (ref. 21 CFR 1040.10 (i)).

Laser Data

Wavelength	1300 nm
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 50 mm aperture at 10 cm distance)	less than 2 mW
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7 mm aperture at 20 cm distance)	less than 180 µW
Beam Divergence	4°

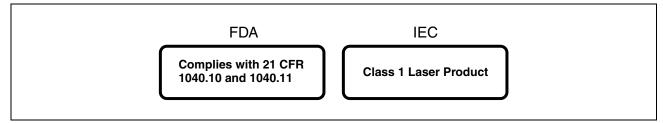


Figure 3 Required Labels

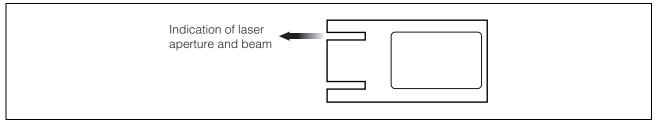


Figure 4 Laser Emission



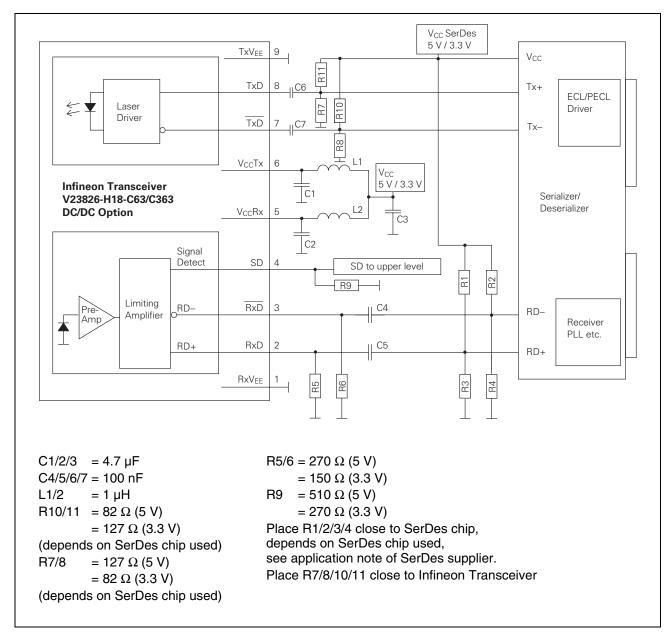
Application Notes

Application Notes

ATM transceivers and matching circuits are high frequency components and shall be terminated as recommended in the application notes for proper EMI performance. Electromagnetic emission may be caused by these components.

To prevent emissions it is recommended that cutouts for the fiber connectors be designed as small as possible.

It is recommended that the Tx plug and the Rx plug be separated with a bar that divides the duplex SC opening.



Single Mode 622 MBd ATM 1x9 Transceiver

Figure 5



Application Notes

This Application Note assumes Fiber Optic Transceivers using 5 V power supply and SerDes Chips using 3.3 V power supply. It also assumes no self biasing at the receiver data inputs (RD+/RD–) of the SerDes chip (Refer to the manufacturer data sheet for other applications).

3.3 V-Transceivers can be directly connected to SerDes-Chips using standard PECL Termination network.

Value of R1...R4 may vary as long as proper 50 Ω termination to V_{EE} or 100 Ω differential is provided. The power supply filtering is required for good EMI performance. Use short tracks from the inductor L1/L2 to the module $V_{\text{CC}}\text{Rx}/V_{\text{CC}}\text{Tx}$. Further Application Notes for electrical interfacing are available upon request. Ask for Appnote 82.

We strongly recommend a $V_{\rm EE}$ plane under the module for getting good EMI performance.

The transceiver contains an automatic shutdown circuit. Reset is only possible if the power is turned off, and then on again. ($V_{CC}Tx$ switched below V_{TH}).

Application Board available on request.



Shield Options

Shield Options

Shield with Forward Springs, -C3

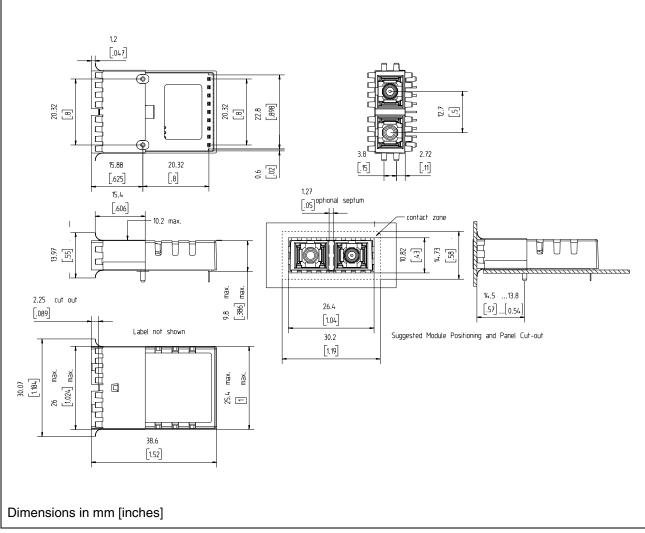


Figure 6



Shield Options

Shield with Backward Springs, -D3

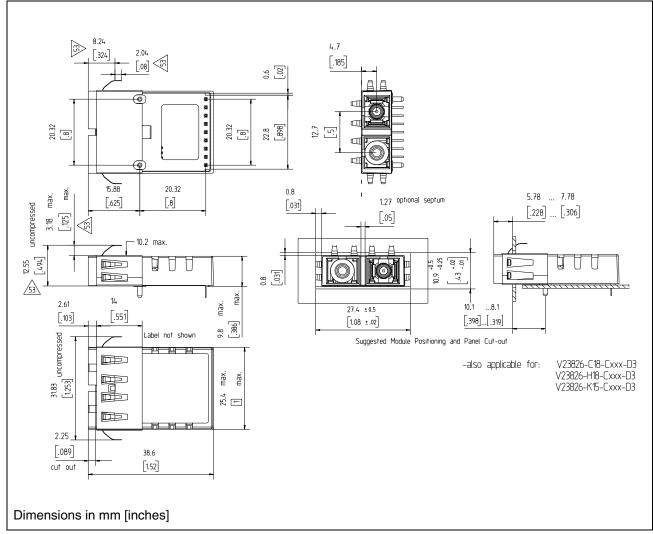
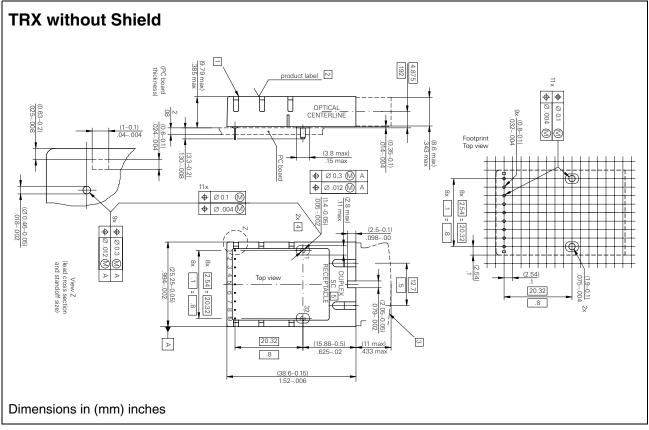


Figure 7



Package Outlines

Package Outlines





	H18-C63 H18-C363 History:	2001-08-01	DS0
Previous	Version:		
Page	Subjects	(major changes since last revision)	
	Documer	t's layout has been changed: 2002-Aug.	

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