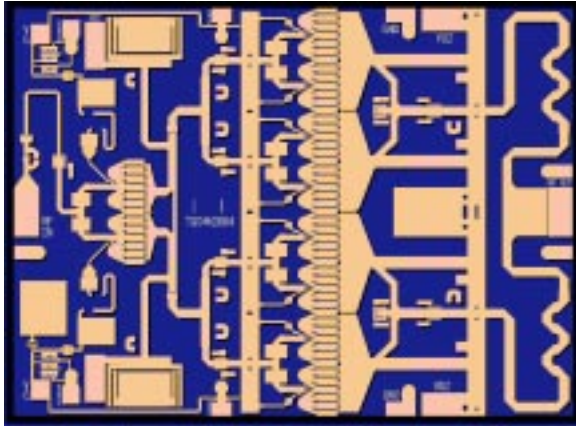


**9 – 10.5GHz High Power Amplifier**

**TGA2704**



**Key Features**

- Frequency Range: 9.0 -10.5 GHz
- 38 dBm Nominal Output Power
- 20 dB Nominal Gain
- Bias: 7-9V, 1.4A & 1.05A (~ 2A under RF drive)
- 0.25 um 3MI pHEMT Technology
- Chip Dimensions 3.52 x 2.61 x 0.10 mm (0.139 x 0.103 x 0.004 in)

**Primary Applications**

- Point-to-Point Radio
- Communications

**Product Description**

The TriQuint TGA2704 is a High Power Amplifier MMIC for 9 – 10.5GHz applications. The part is designed using TriQuint's 0.25um 3MI pHEMT production process.

The TGA2704 nominally provides 38 dBm output power and 40% PAE for bias of 9V, 1.05A. The typical gain is 20 dB.

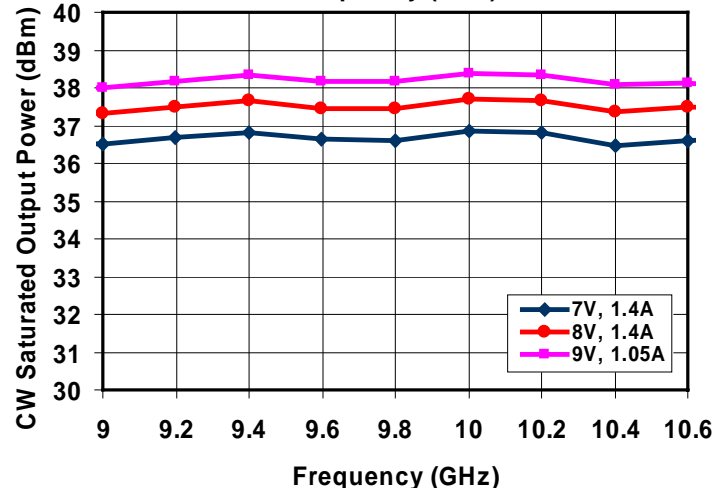
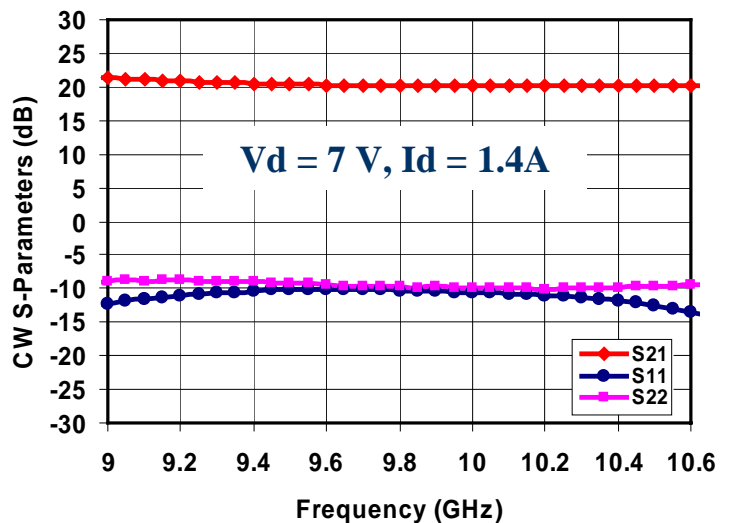
The part is ideally suited for low cost markets such as Point-to-Point Radio and Communications.

The TGA2704 is 100% DC and RF tested on-wafer to ensure performance compliance.

The TGA2704 has a protective surface passivation layer providing environmental robustness.

Lead-Free & RoHS compliant.

**Measured Fixtured Data**



*Note: Devices is early in the characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice*

**TABLE I**  
**MAXIMUM RATINGS 1/**

| <b>SYMBOL</b>    | <b>PARAMETER</b>                  | <b>VALUE</b>  | <b>NOTES</b> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| V <sub>d</sub>   | Drain Voltage                     | 10 V          | <u>2/</u>    |
| V <sub>g</sub>   | Gate Voltage Range                | -1 TO +0.5 V  |              |
| I <sub>d</sub>   | Drain Current                     | 3.85 A        | <u>2/ 3/</u> |
| I <sub>g</sub>   | Gate Current                      | 85 mA         | <u>3/</u>    |
| P <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Continuous Wave Power       | 23 dBm        |              |
| P <sub>D</sub>   | Power Dissipation                 | 11.3 W        | <u>2/ 4/</u> |
| T <sub>CH</sub>  | Operating Channel Temperature     | 150 °C        | <u>5/</u>    |
| T <sub>M</sub>   | Mounting Temperature (30 Seconds) | 320 °C        |              |
| T <sub>STG</sub> | Storage Temperature               | -65 to 150 °C |              |

- 1/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for this device.
- 2/ Combinations of supply voltage, supply current, input power, and output power shall not exceed P<sub>D</sub>.
- 3/ Total current for the entire MMIC.
- 4/ When operated at this power dissipation with a base plate temperature of 60°C, the median life is 1.0E+6 hrs.
- 5/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device median time to failure (MTTF). For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.

**TABLE II**  
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  
(Ta = 25 °C Nominal)

| PARAMETER   | TYPICAL    | TYPICAL    | UNITS |
|---|------------|------------|-------|
| Frequency Range   | 9.0 – 10.5 | 9.0 – 10.5 | GHz   |
| Drain Voltage, Vd   | 7          | 9          | V     |
| Drain Current, Id   | 1.4        | 1.05       | A     |
| Gate Voltage, Vg  | -0.6       | -0.6       | V     |
| Small Signal Gain, S21                                      | 20         | 19         | dB    |
| Input Return Loss, S11                                      | 10         | 10         | dB    |
| Output Return Loss, S22                                     | 10         | 10         | dB    |
| CW Saturated Output Power @ 19 dBm Pin                      | 36.5       | 38         | dBm   |
| Pulsed Saturated Output Power @ 19 dBm Pin & 25% Duty Cycle | 36.7       | 38.5       | dBm   |
| CW Power Added Eff. @ 19 dBm Pin                            | 40         | 39         | %     |
| Pulsed Power Added Eff. @ 19 dBm Pin & 25% Duty Cycle       | 39         | 38         | %     |
| Small Signal Gain Temperature Coefficient                   | -0.03      | -0.03      | dB/°C |

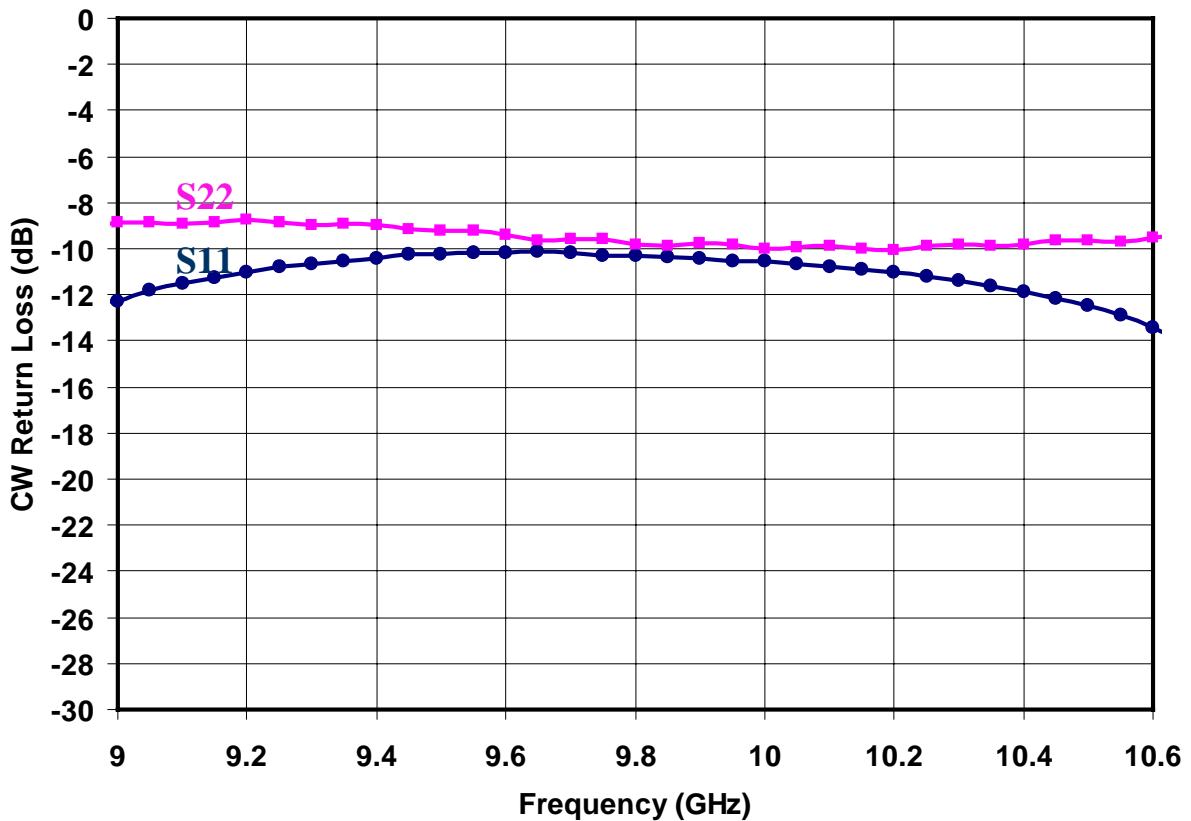
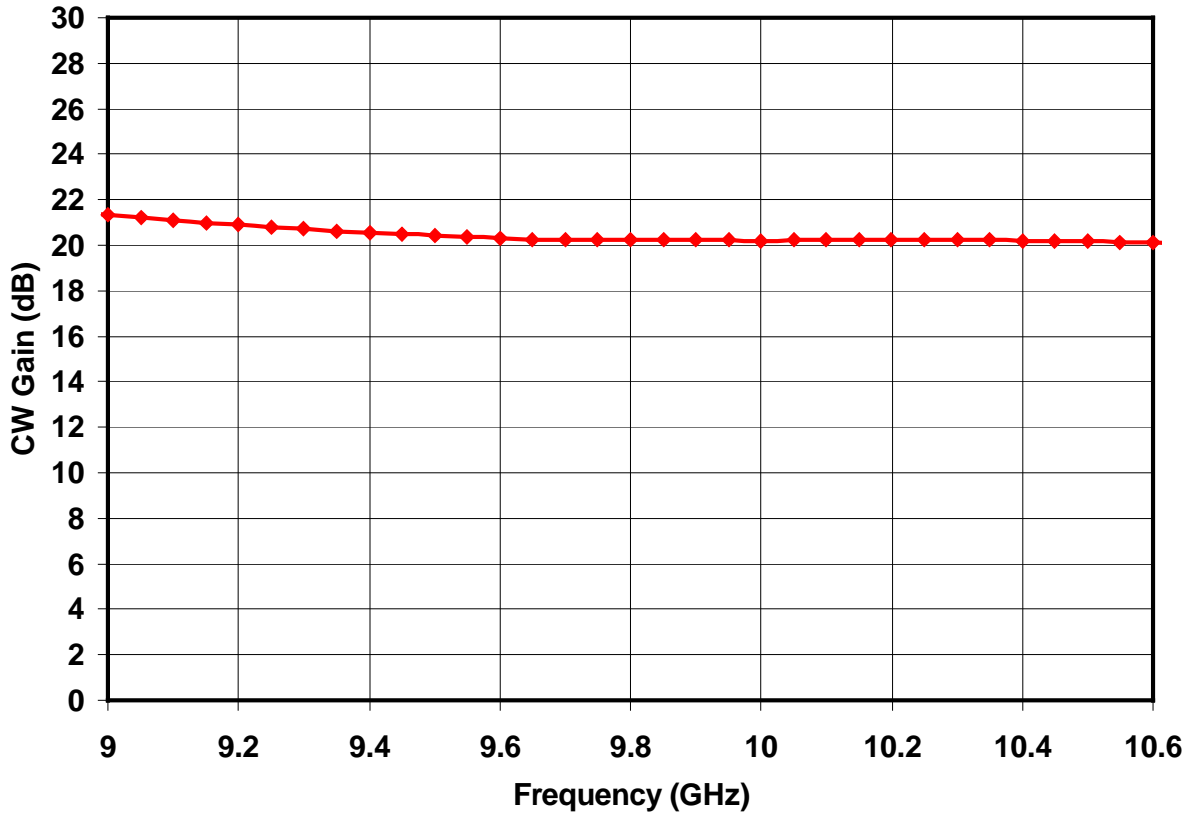
**TABLE III**  
**THERMAL INFORMATION**

| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS   | T <sub>CH</sub><br>(°C) | θ <sub>JC</sub><br>(°C/W) | T <sub>M</sub><br>(HRS) |
|---|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| θ <sub>JC</sub> Thermal Resistance<br>(channel to Case) | Vd = 7 V<br>Id = 1.4 A<br>P <sub>diss</sub> = 9.8W<br>Small Signal                          | 140                     | 7.1                       | 2.4E+6                  |
| θ <sub>JC</sub> Thermal Resistance<br>(channel to Case) | Vd = 7 V<br>Id = 1.7 A @ Psat<br>P <sub>diss</sub> = 7.2 W<br>P <sub>out</sub> = 4.8 W (RF) | 121                     | 7.1                       | 1.4E+7                  |

Note: Assumes eutectic attach using 1.5 mil 80/20 AuSn mounted to a 20 mil CuMo Carrier at 70°C baseplate temperature.

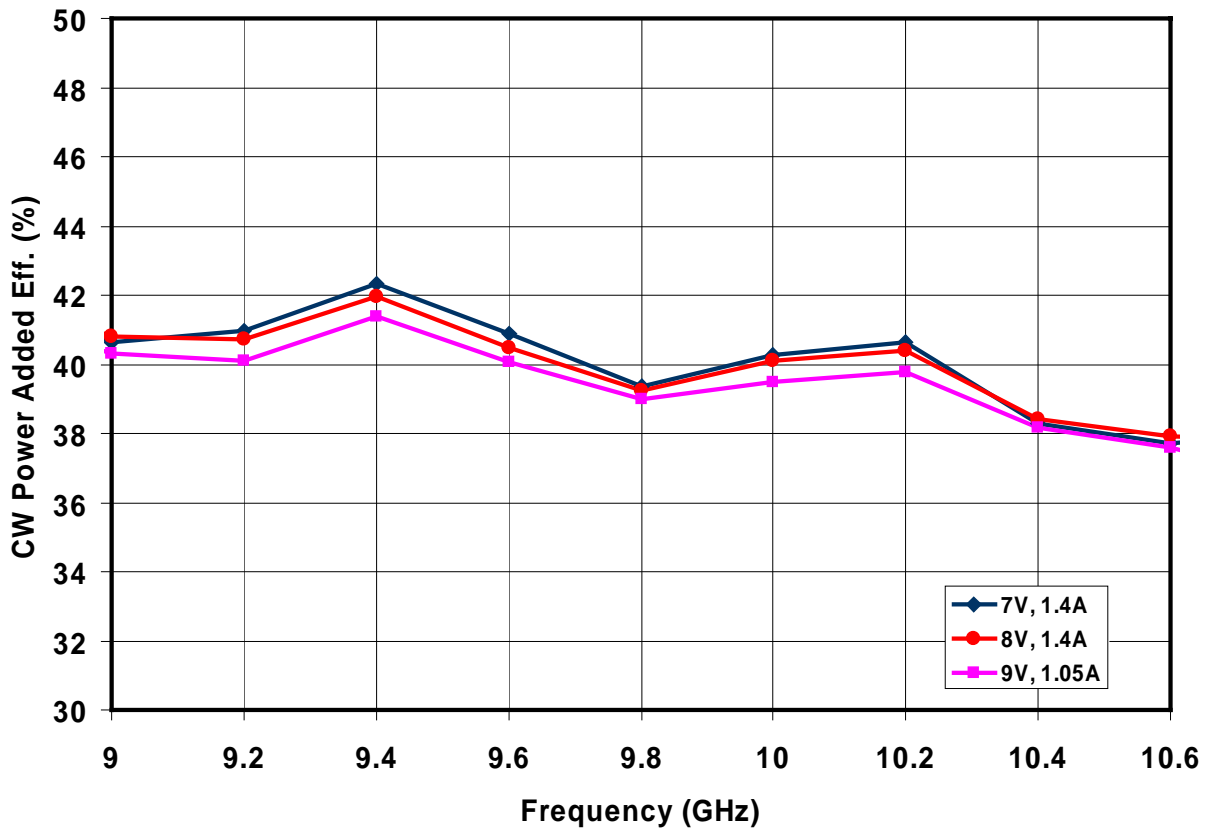
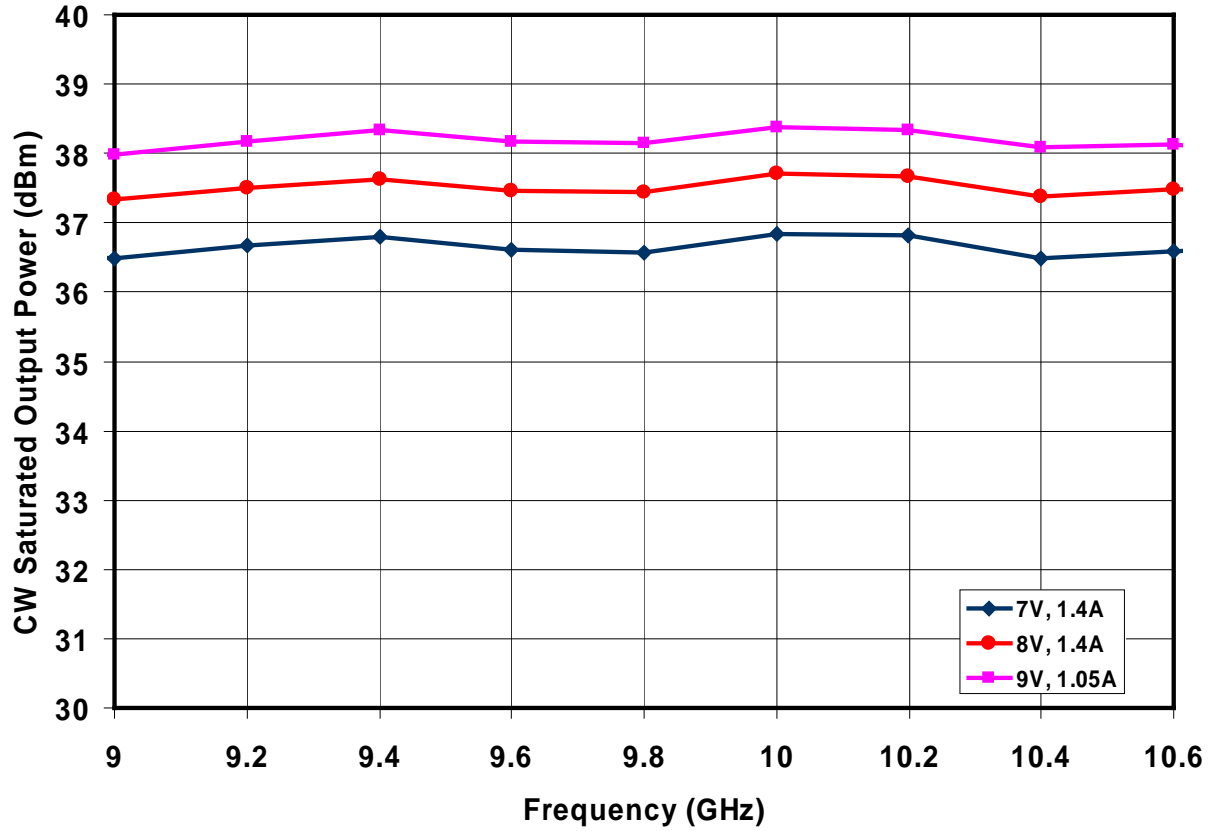
**Measured Data**

Bias Conditions:  $V_d = 7V$ ,  $I_{dq} = 1.4 A$



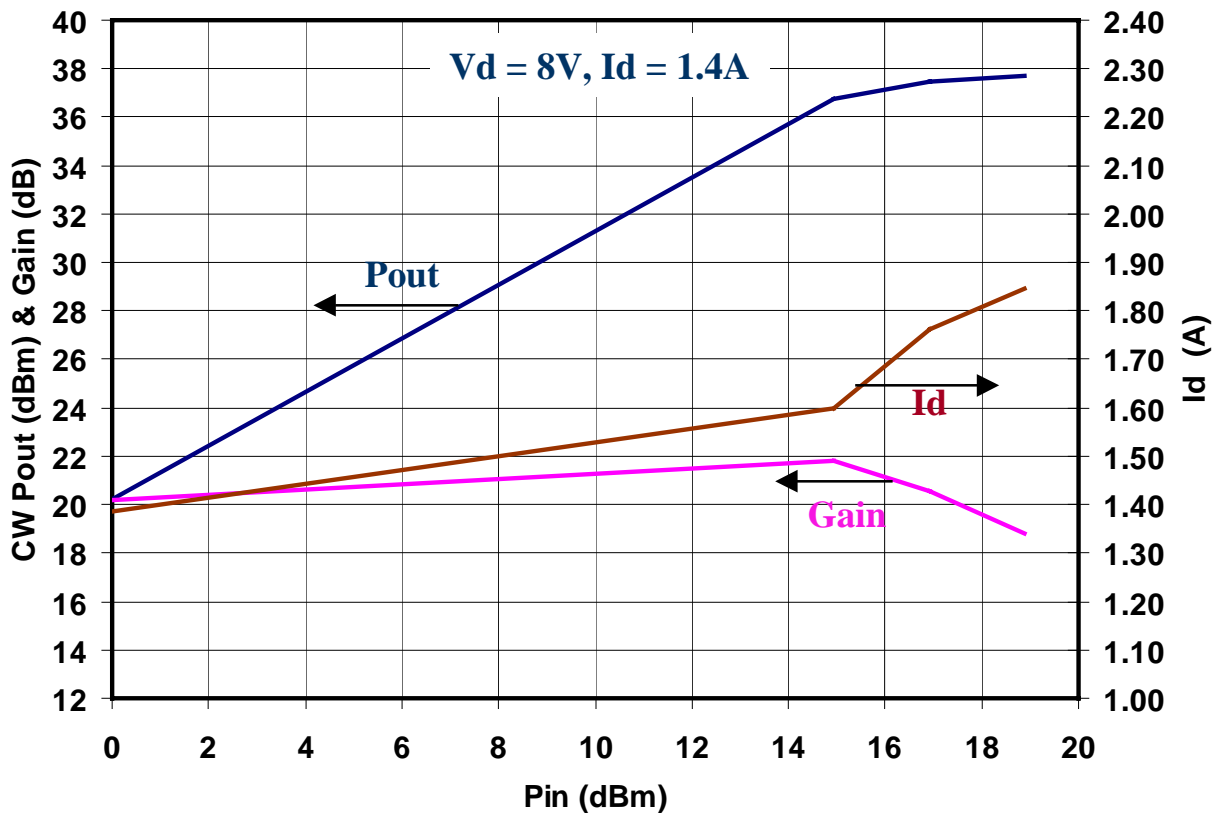
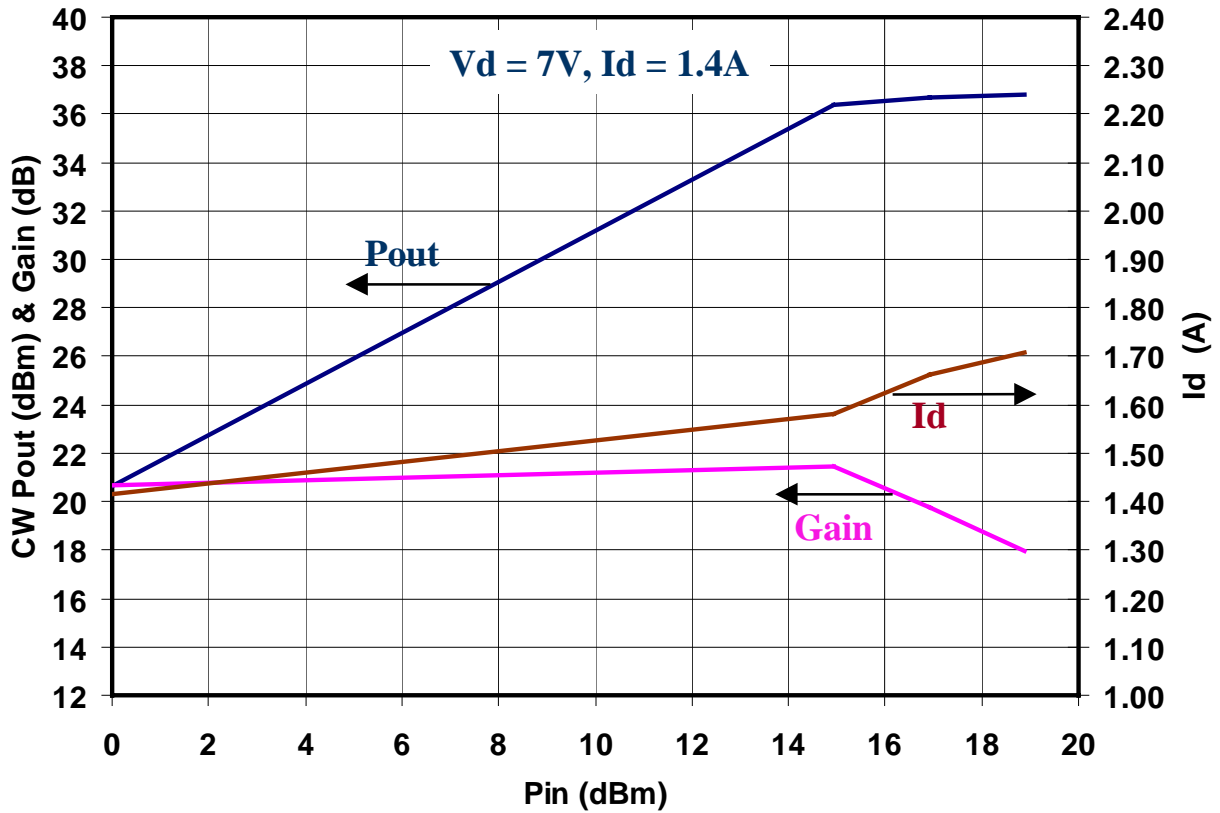
**Measured Data**

Pin = 19dBm, CW Power



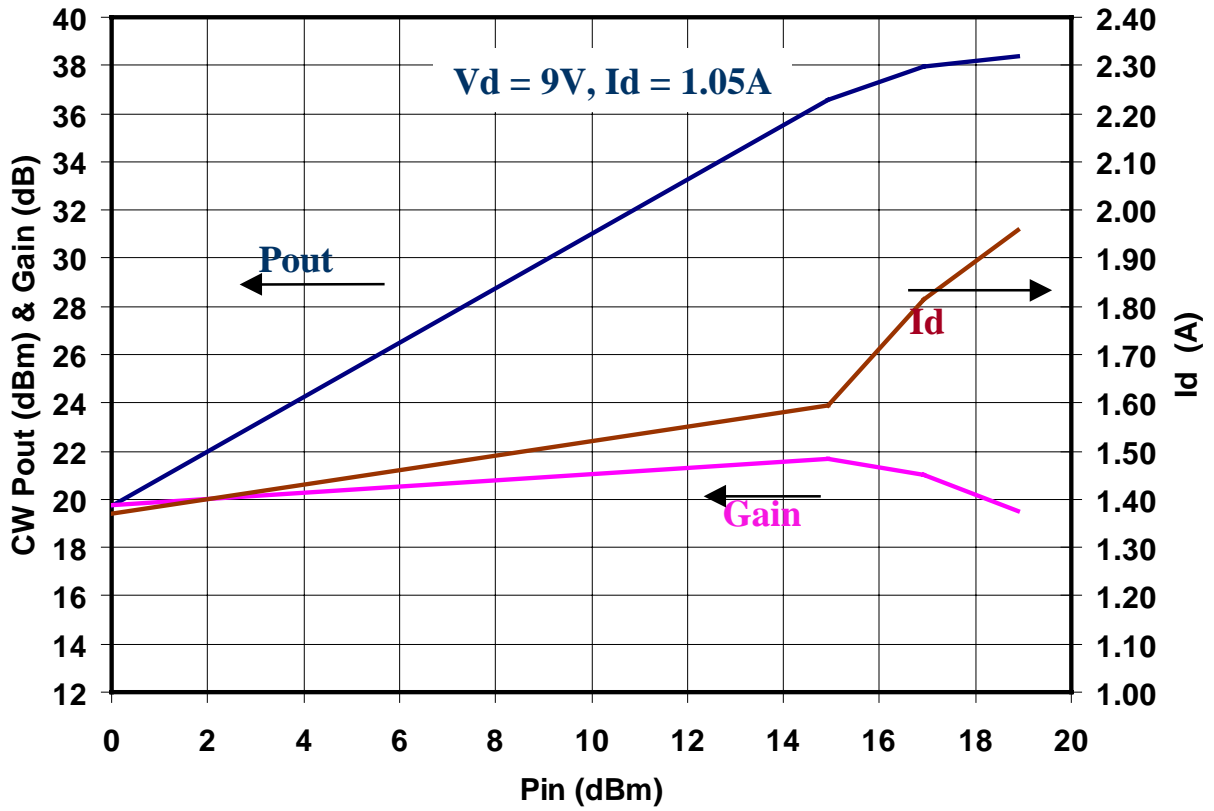
**Measured Data**

Frequency @ 10GHz, CW Power



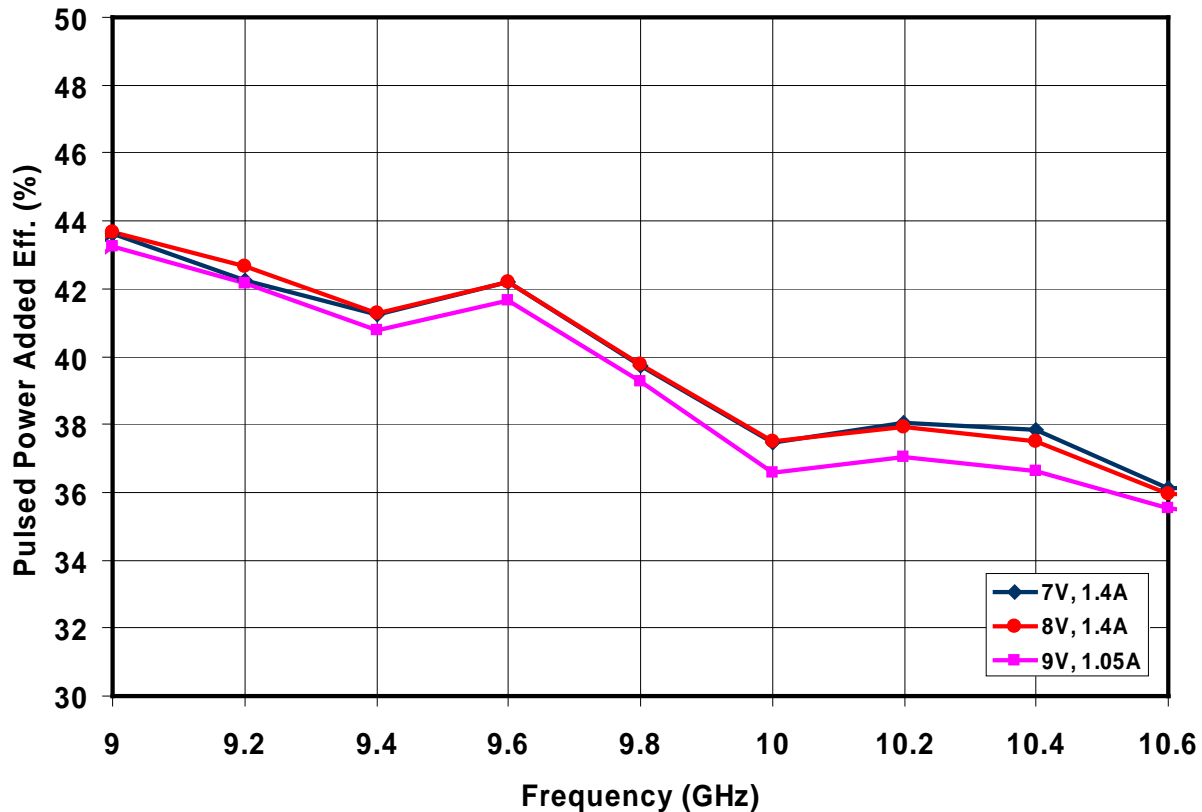
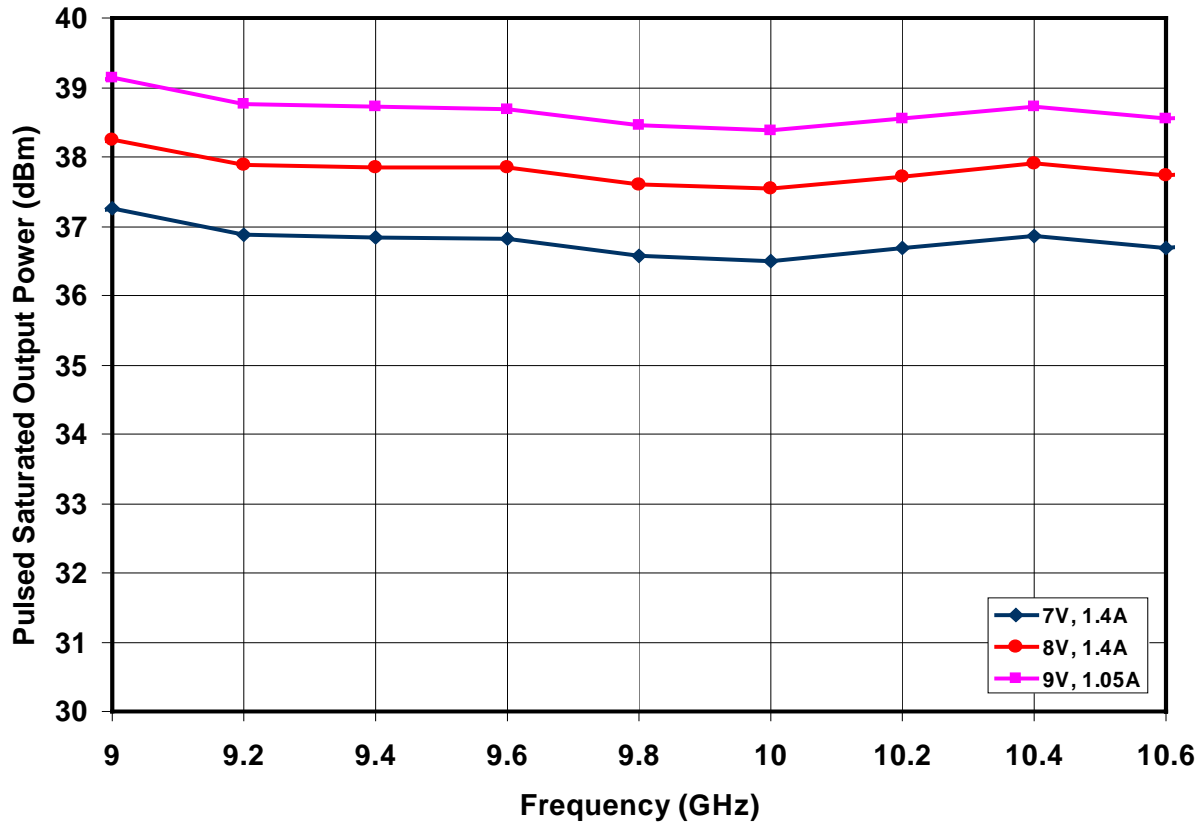
**Measured Data**

Frequency @ 10GHz, CW Power



**Measured Data**

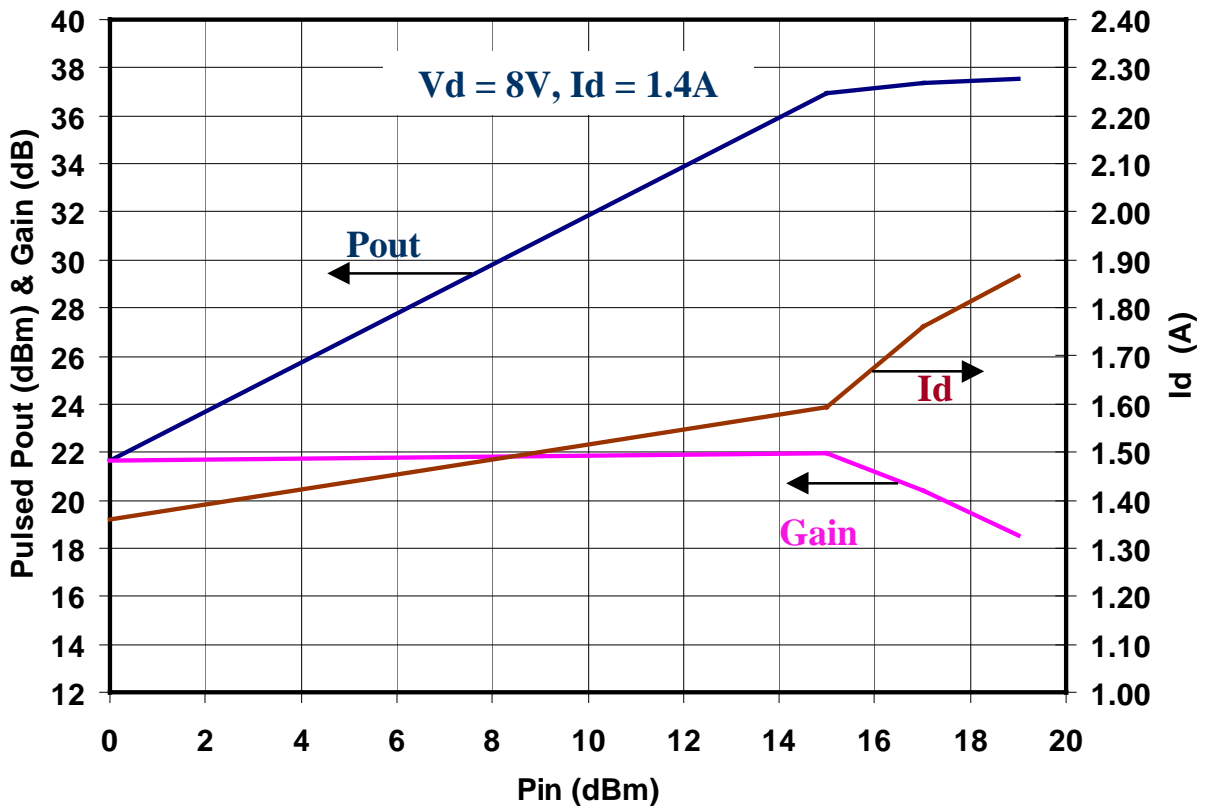
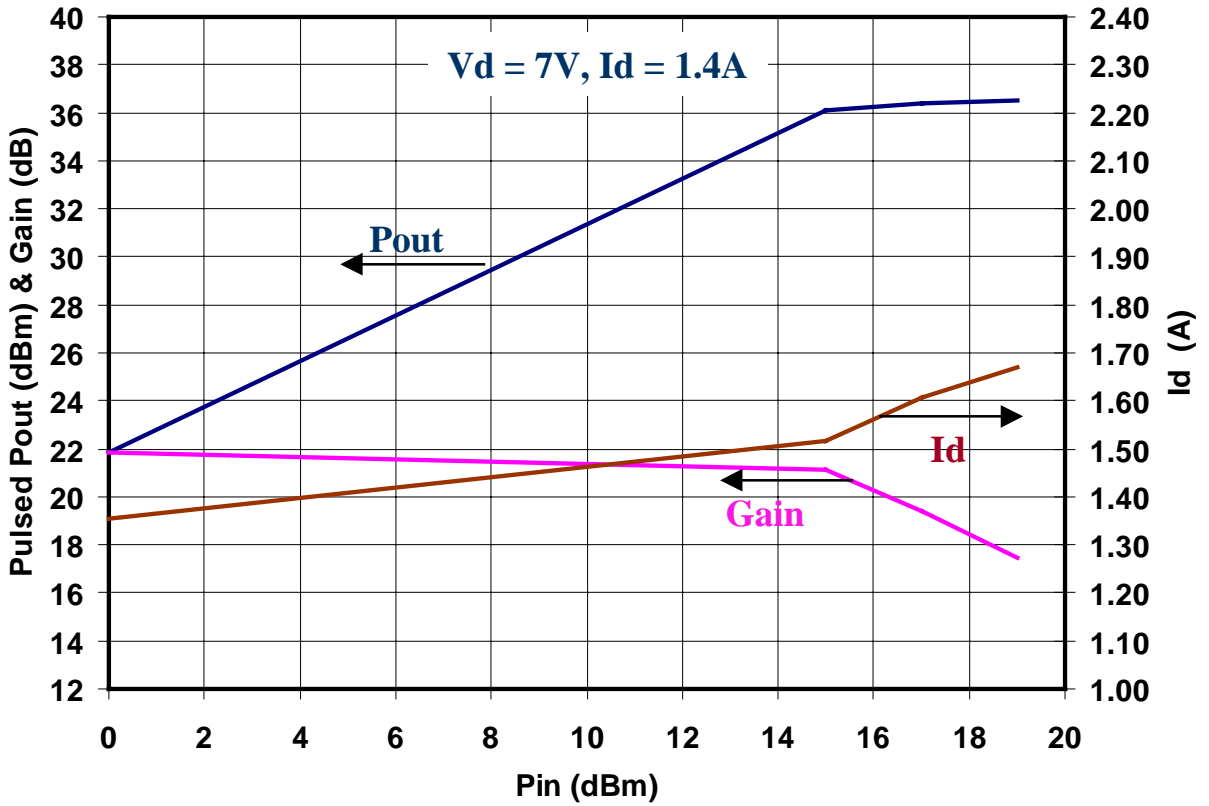
Pin = 19dBm, Pulsed Power, 25% DC





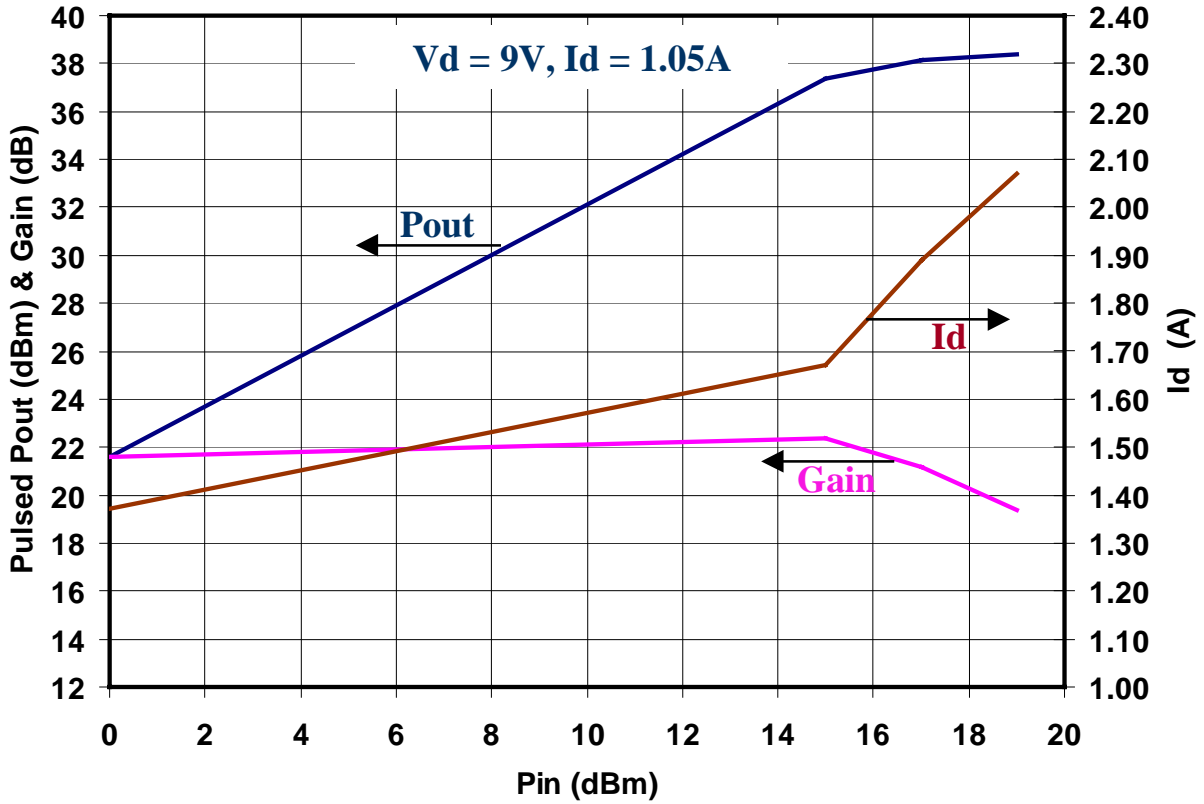
**Measured Data**

Frequency @ 10GHz, Pulsed Power, 25% DC



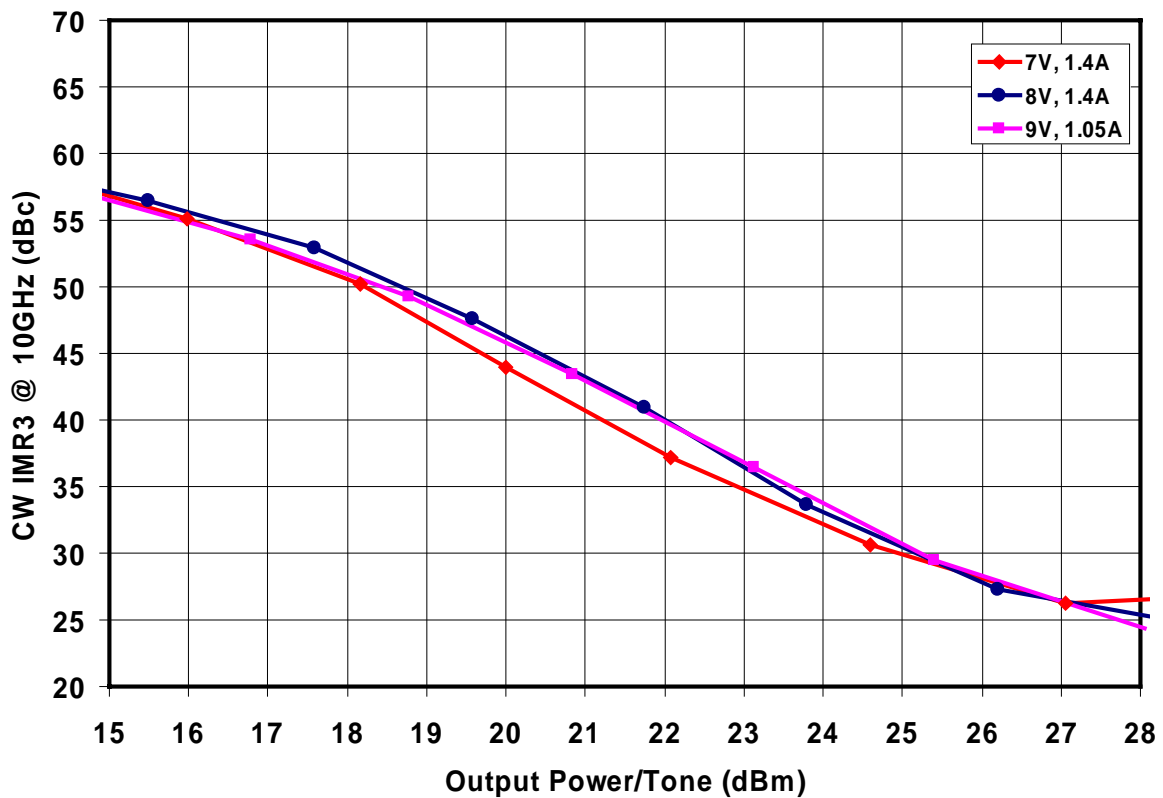
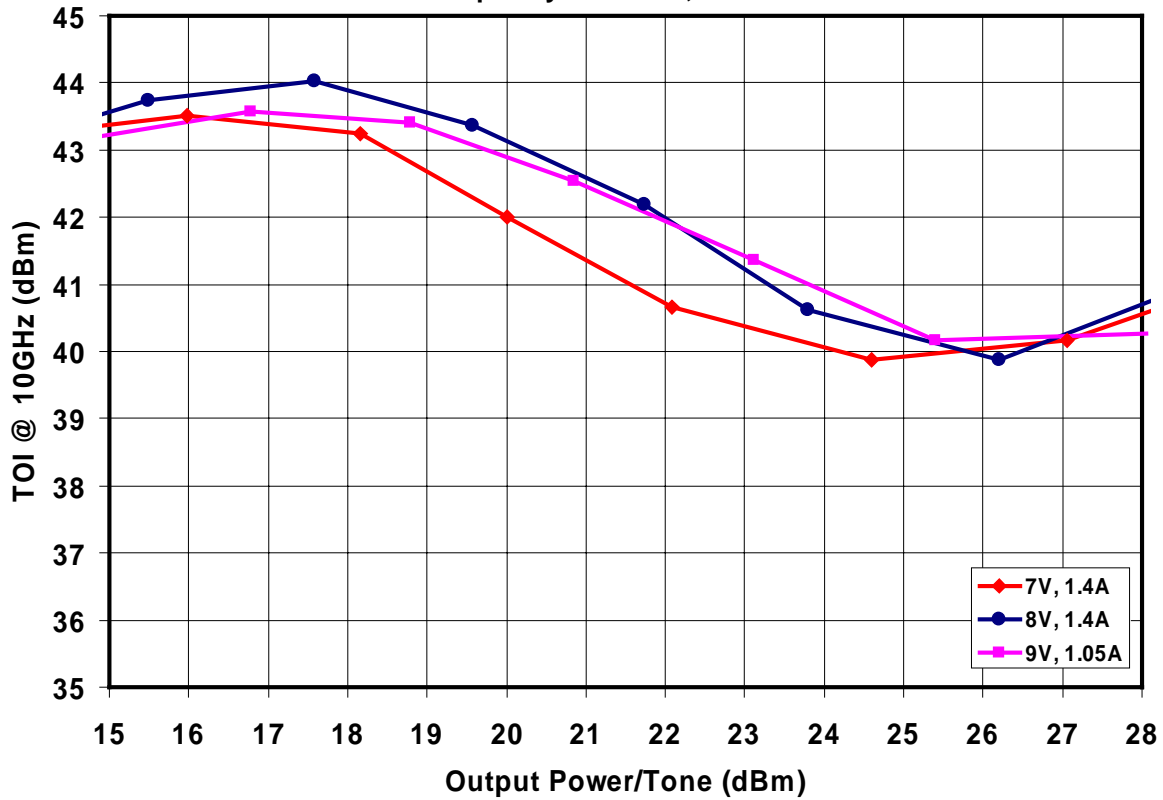
**Measured Data**

Frequency @ 10GHz, Pulsed Power, 25% DC

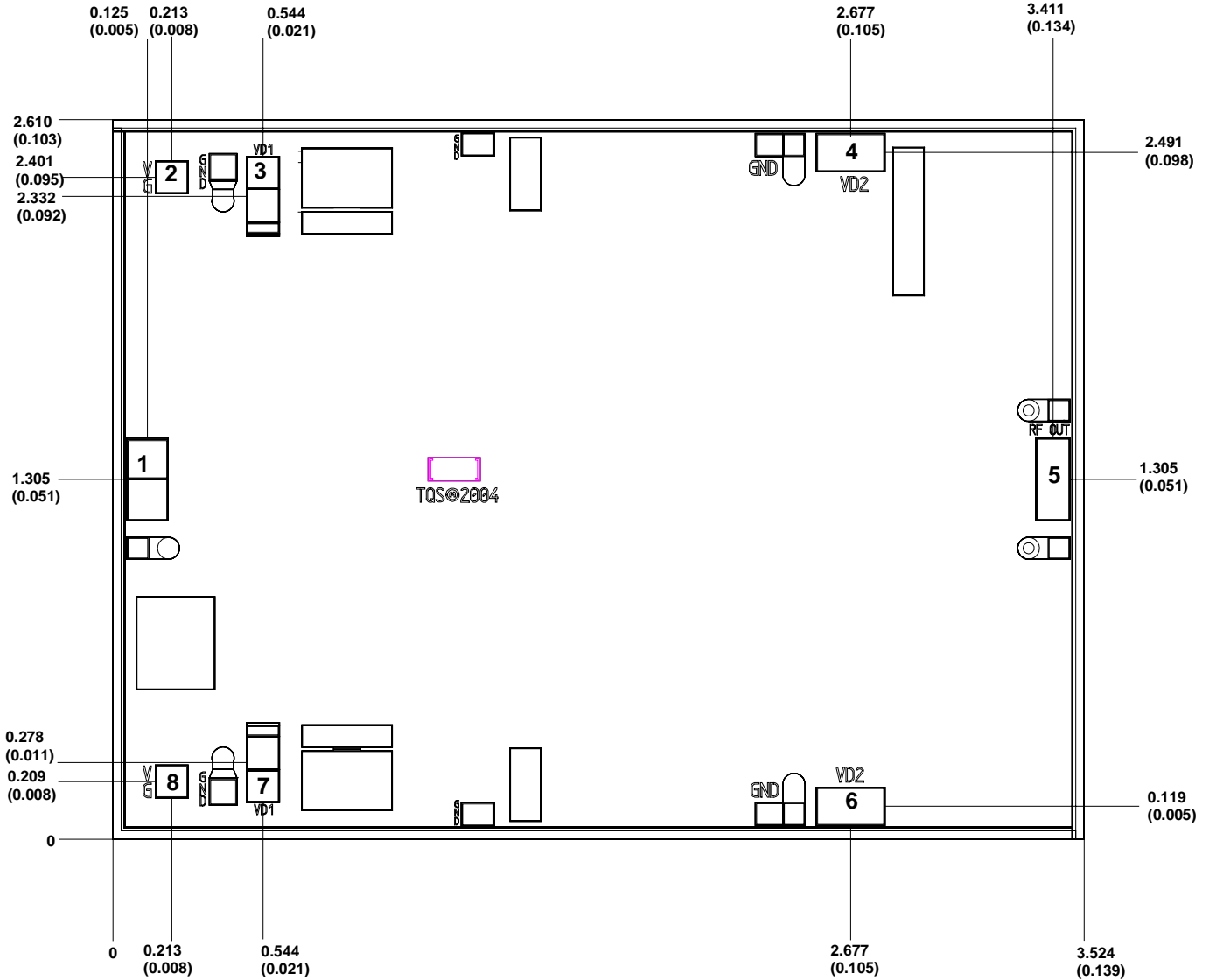


**Measured Data**

Frequency @ 10GHz, CW TOI



**Mechanical Drawing**



Units: Millimeters (inches)

Thickness: 0.10 (0.004)

Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad

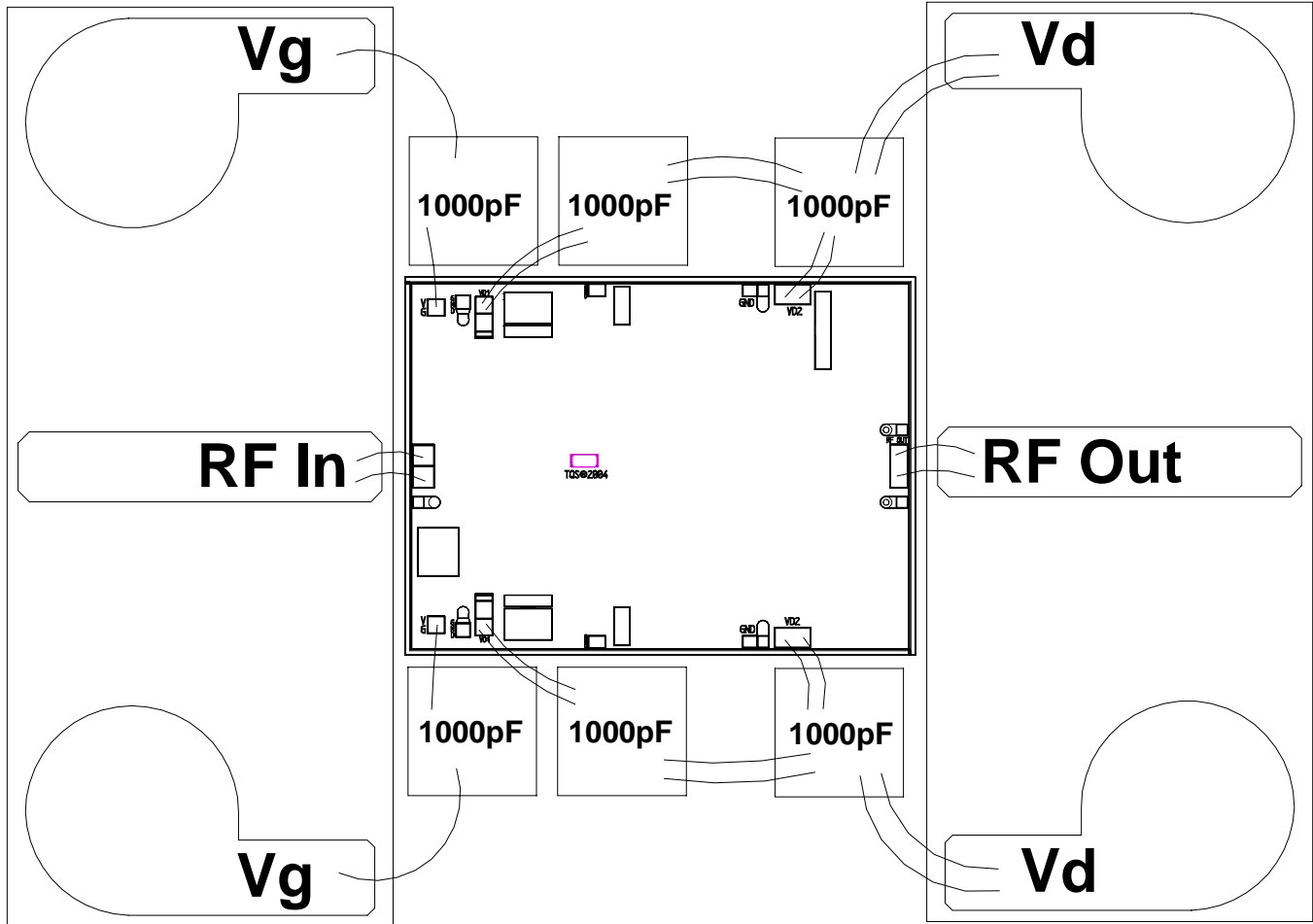
Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.05 (0.002)

GND IS BACKSIDE OF MMIC

|                 |             |                               |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Bond pad # 1    | (RF Input)  | 0.150 x 0.300 (0.006 x 0.012) |
| Bond pad # 2, 8 | (Vg)        | 0.120 x 0.120 (0.005 x 0.005) |
| Bond pad # 3, 7 | (Vd1)       | 0.120 x 0.290 (0.005 x 0.011) |
| Bond pad # 4, 6 | (Vd2)       | 0.250 x 0.140 (0.010 x 0.006) |
| Bond pad # 5    | (RF Output) | 0.125 x 0.300 (0.005 x 0.012) |

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**

**Recommended Chip Assembly Diagram**



**Vd = 7 to 9 V**

**Vg = -0.6 V Typical**

*GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.*

## **Assembly Process Notes**

Reflow process assembly notes:

- Use AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300<sup>0</sup>C (30 seconds max).
- An alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere should be used.
- No fluxes should be utilized.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability.
- Devices must be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- Vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets are the preferred method of pick up.
- Air bridges must be avoided during placement.
- The force impact is critical during auto placement.
- Organic attachment can be used in low-power applications.
- Curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern.
- Microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical.

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- Thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique.
- Force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters.
- Aluminum wire should not be used.
- Maximum stage temperature is 200<sup>0</sup>C.

***GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.***