TS3USB3031 双通道、1:3、USB 2.0 高速 (480Mbps) 和移动高清链路 (MHL) 或移动显示端口 (MyDP) 开关

1 特性

- V_{CC} 范围：2.5V 至 4.3V
- 移动高清链路 (MHL) 或移动显示端口 (MyDP) 开关：
  - 带宽 (-3dB)：-6.5GHz
  - R_{ON}（典型值）：5.5Ω
  - C_{ON}（典型值）：1.3pF
- USB 开关（2 组）：
  - 带宽 (-3dB)：6.5GHz
  - R_{ON}（典型值）：4.5Ω
  - C_{ON}（典型值）：1pF
- 电流消耗：28μA（典型值）
- 特殊 特性：
  - I_{OFF} 保护防止在掉电状态 (V_{CC} = 0V) 下产生泄漏电流
  - 1.8V 兼容控制输入 (SEL)
  - 所有 I/O 引脚上的过压容限 (OVT) 高达 5.5V，而且无需使用外部组件
- 静电放电 (ESD) 性能:
  - 2kV 人体放电模型（A114B，II 类）
  - 1kV 带电器件模型 (C101)
- 封装：
  - 12 引脚 VQFN 封装（1.8mm × 1.8mm，间距为 0.5mm）

2 应用

- 智能电话、平板电脑、移动电话
- 便携式仪表
- 数码相机 USB 2.0 MHL

3 说明

TS3USB3031 器件为双通道、1：3 多路复用器，其中包括高速移动高清链路 (MHL)、移动显示端口 (MyDP) 开关和 USB 2.0 高速 (480Mbps) 开关。这些配置允许系统设计人员针对 MHL/MyDP 信号和两组 USB 数据使用通用 USB 或 Mico-USB 连接器，从而节省电路板空间且无需再使用多个连接器。MHL/MyDP 路径支持最新的 MHL 3.0 修订版本技术规格。

TS3USB3031 的 V_{CC} 范围为 2.5V 至 4.3V，支持过压容限 (OVT) 功能，允许 I/O 引脚承受过压条件（最高可达 5.5V）。断电保护特性在未加电时强制所有 I/O 引脚处于高阻抗模式，从而实现此类情况下信号线路的完全隔离而又不产生过多的泄漏电流。TS3USB3031 的选择引脚与 1.8V 控制电压兼容，允许它们直接与移动处理器的通用 I/O (GPIO) 相连，而无需额外的电压电平转换电路。

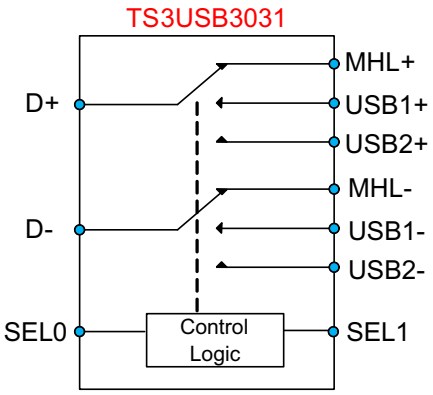
TS3USB3031 采用小型 12 引脚 VQFN 封装，尺寸仅为 1.8mm × 1.8mm，是移动应用的 理想选择。

器件信息(1)

器件型号	封装	封装尺寸（标称值）
TS3USB3031	VQFN (12)	1.80mm × 1.80mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

开关图



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4 修订历史记录

注：之前版本的页码可能与当前版本有所不同。

Changes from Revision B (December 2016) to Revision C — **Page**

- 将特性“1.8V 兼容控制输入（SEL、$\overline{OE}$）”更改为“1.8V 兼容控制输入 (SEL)” ... 1
- 将*开关图* 中的第二个引脚的 D+ 更改为 D- ... 1
- Changed DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS (SEL, $\overline{OE}$) To: DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS (SEL) in the *Electrical Characteristics* table ... 5
- Changed second pin D+ To: D- in the *Functional Block Diagram* ... 10
- Deleted sentence: "The internal pulldown resistor on OE enables the switch when power is applied to VCC" from the *Design Requirements* section ... 12

Changes from Revision A (September 2013) to Revision B — **Page**

- 已添加 *应用* 列表、*ESD 额定值* 表、*特性* *说明* 部分、*器件功能模式*、*应用和实施* 部分、*电源相关建议* 部分、*布局* 部分、*器件和文档支持* 部分以及*机械、封装和可订购信息* 部分。 ... 1
- 已删除 *订购信息* 表；请参阅数据表末尾的*封装选项附录* ... 1
- Moved Peak switch DC output current parameter From: *Absolute Maximum Ratings* To: *Recommended Operating Conditions* ... 4

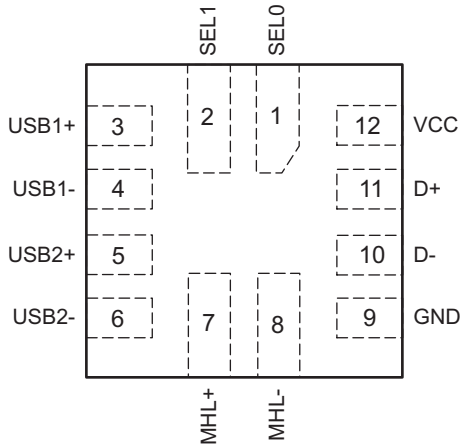
Changes from Original (June 2013) to Revision A — **Page**

- Added TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS section ... 6

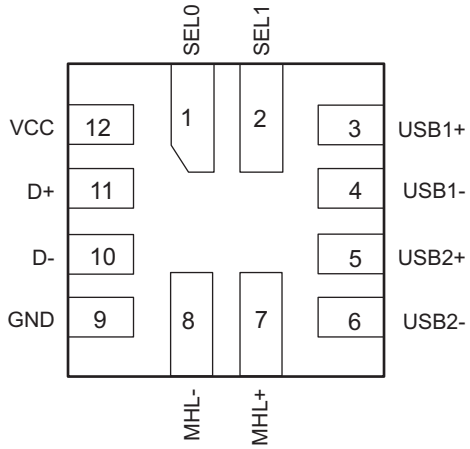
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5 Pin Configuration and Functions

RMG Package
12-Pin VQFN
Top View



RMG Package
12-Pin VQFN
Bottom View



Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE(1)	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	SEL0	I	Digital control Input
2	SEL1	I	Digital control Input
3	USB1+	I/O	Differential signal path 1
4	USB1–	I/O	Differential signal path 1
5	USB2+	I/O	Differential signal path 2
6	USB2–	I/O	Differential signal path 2
7	MHL+	I/O	Differential signal path 3
8	MHL–	I/O	Differential signal path 3
9	GND	G	Ground
10	D–	I/O	Common Differential signal path
11	D+	I/O	Common Differential signal path
12	VCC	P	Power Supply

(1) G = Ground, I = Input, O = Output, P = Power

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)(2)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage(3)	–0.3	5.5	V
$V_{I/O}$	Input/Output DC voltage(3)	–0.3	5.5	V
I_K	Input/Output port diode current (VI/O < 0)	–50		mA
V_I	Digital input voltage (SEL0, SEL1)	–0.3	5.5	
I_{IK}	Digital logic input clamp current (VI < 0)(3)	–50		mA
$I_{I/O}$	Continuous switch DC output current (USB and MHL)		60	mA
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001(1)	±2000	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101(2)	±1000	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions. Pins listed as ±2000 V may actually have higher performance.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions. Pins listed as ±1000 V may actually have higher performance.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	2.5	4.3	V
$V_{I/O\ (USB)}$, $V_{I/O\ (MHL)}$	Analog voltage	0	3.6	V
V_I	Digital input voltage (SEL0, SEL1)	0	V_{CC}	V
$T_{RAMP\ (VCC)}$	Power supply ramp time requirement (VCC)	100	1000	µs/V
$I_{I/O,\ PEAK}$	Peak switch DC output current (1-ms duration pulse at <10% duty cycle)		150	mA
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	–40	85	ºC

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC(1)		TS3USB3031 RMG (VQFN) 12 PINS	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	160.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	95.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	91.2	°C/W
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.4	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	91.2	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report.

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6.5 Electrical Characteristics

T_A = –40°C to 85°C, typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V and T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
MHL SWITCH						
R_{ON}	ON-state resistance	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 1.5V, I_{ON} = –8 mA (see Figure 9)		5.5	7	Ω
ΔR_{ON}	ON-state resistance match between + and – paths	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 1.5 V, I_{ON} = –8 mA		0.1		Ω
$R_{ON\ (FLAT)}$	ON-state resistance flatness	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 1.5 V to 3.3 V, I_{ON} = –8 mA		1		Ω
I_{OZ}	OFF leakage current	V_{CC} = 4.3 V, Switch OFF, $V_{MHL+/MHL-}$ = 1.5 V to 3.3 V, $V_{D+/D-}$= 0 V (see Figure 10)	–2		2	µA
I_{OFF}	Power-off leakage current	V_{CC} = 0 V, Power off, $V_{MHL+/MHL-}$ = 1.5 V to 3.3 V, $V_{D+/D-}$= NC	–10		10	µA
I_{ON}	ON leakage current	V_{CC} = 4.3 V, Switch ON, $V_{MHL+/MHL-}$ = 1.5 V to 3.3 V, $V_{D+/D-}$= NC	–2		2	µA
USB SWITCH (USB1 and USB2)						
R_{ON}	ON-state resistance	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0.4 V, I_{ON} = –8 mA (see Figure 9)		4.5	6	Ω
ΔR_{ON}	ON-state resistance match between + and – paths	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0.4 V, I_{ON} = –8 mA		0.1		Ω
$R_{ON\ (FLAT)}$	ON-state resistance flatness	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V to 0.4 V, I_{ON} = –8 mA		1		Ω
I_{OZ}	OFF leakage current	V_{CC} = 4.3 V, Switch OFF, $V_{USB+/USB-}$ = 0 V to 0.4 V, $V_{D+/D-}$= 0 V (see Figure 10)	–2		2	µA
I_{OFF}	Power-off leakage current	V_{CC} = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF, $V_{USB+/USB-}$ = 0 V to 0.4 V, $V_{D+/D-}$= NC	–10		10	µA
I_{ON}	ON leakage current	V_{CC} = 4.3 V, Switch ON, $V_{USB+/USB-}$ = 0 V to 0.4 V, $V_{D+/D-}$= NC	–2		2	µA
DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS (SEL)						
V_{IH}	Input logic high	V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V	1.3			V
V_{IL}	Input logic low	V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V			0.6	V
I_{IN}	Input leakage current	V_{CC} = 4.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V, V_{IN} = 0 V to 4.3 V	–10		10	µA

6.6 Dynamic Characteristics

T_A = –40°C to 85°C, Typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	R_L = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF, V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V, $V_{I/O(USB)}$ = 0.4 V, $V_{I/O(MHL)}$ = 3.3 V		50		ps
t_{switch}	Switching time between USB/MHL channels in active modes	R_L = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF, V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V, $V_{I/O(USB)}$ = 0.4 V, $V_{I/O(MHL)}$ = 3.3 V			400	ns
t_{ON}	Switch turnon time (from disabled to active mode)	R_L = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF, V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V, $V_{I/O(USB)}$ = 0.4 V, $V_{I/O(MHL)}$ = 3.3 V			100	µs
t_{OFF}	Switch turnoff time (from active to disabled mode)	R_L = 50 Ω, CL = 5 pF, V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V, $V_{I/O(USB)}$ = 0.4 V, $V_{I/O(MHL)}$ = 3.3 V			100	µs
$C_{ON(MHL)}$	MHL path, ON capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V or 3.3 V, f = 240 MHz, Switch ON		1.3		pF
$C_{ON(USB)}$	USB1 and USB2 paths, ON capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V or 3.3 V, f = 240 MHz, Switch ON		1		pF
$C_{OFF(MHL)}$	MHL path, OFF capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V or 3.3 V, f = 240 MHz, Switch OFF		1		pF
$C_{OFF(USB)}$	USB1 and USB2 paths, OFF capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V or 3.3 V, f = 240 MHz, Switch OFF		0.8		pF
C_I	Digital input capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, V_I = 0 V or 2 V		2.2		pF
$O_{ISO\ (MHL)}$	MHL path, OFF isolation	V_S = –10 dBm, V_{DC_BIAS} = 2.4 V, RT = 50 Ω, f = 240 MHz (see Figure 11), Switch OFF		–38		dB
$O_{ISO\ (USB)}$	USB path, OFF isolation	V_S = –10 dBm, V_{DC_BIAS} = 0.2 V RT = 50 Ω, f = 240 MHz (see Figure 11), Switch OFF		–38		dB
$X_{TALK\ (MHL)}$	MHL channel crosstalk	V_S = –10 dBm, V_{DC_BIAS} = 2.4 V, RT = 50 Ω, f = 240 MHz (see Figure 12), Switch ON		–41		dB

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Dynamic Characteristics (continued)

T_A = –40°C to 85°C, Typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$X_{TALK\ (USB)}$	USB channel crosstalk	V_S = –10 dBm, V_{DC_BIAS} = 0.2 V, RT = 50 Ω, f = 240 MHz (see Figure 12), Switch ON		–38		dB
$BW_{(MHL)}$	MHL path, –3-dB bandwidth	V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V, R_L = 50 Ω (see Figure 13), Switch ON		6.5		GHz
$BW_{(USB)}$	USB path, –3-dB bandwidth	V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 4.3 V, R_L = 50Ω (See Figure 13), Switch ON		6.5		GHz
SUPPLY						
V_{CC}	Power supply voltage		2.5		4.3	V
I_{CC}	Positive supply current	V_{CC} = 4.3 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF		28	40	µA

6.7 Typical Characteristics

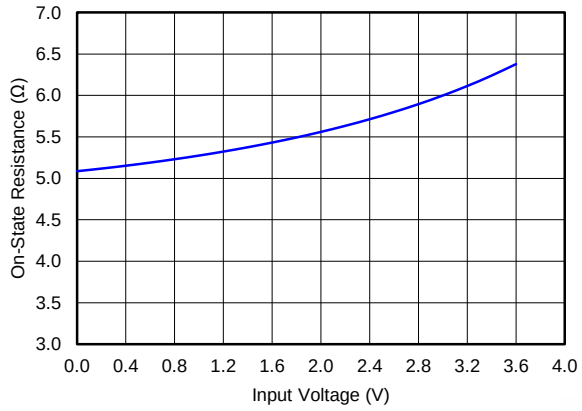


Figure 1. ON-Resistance vs $V_{I/O}$ for MHL Switch

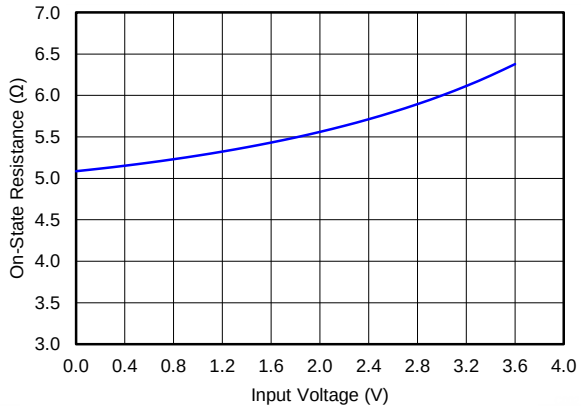


Figure 2. ON-Resistance vs $V_{I/O}$ for USB Switch

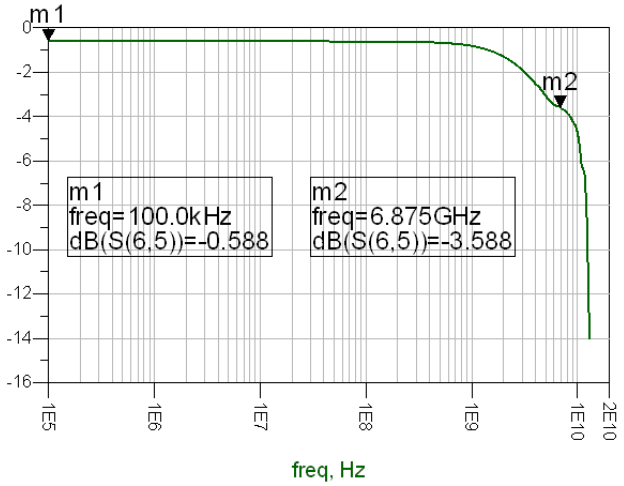


Figure 3. Bandwidth for MHL Switch

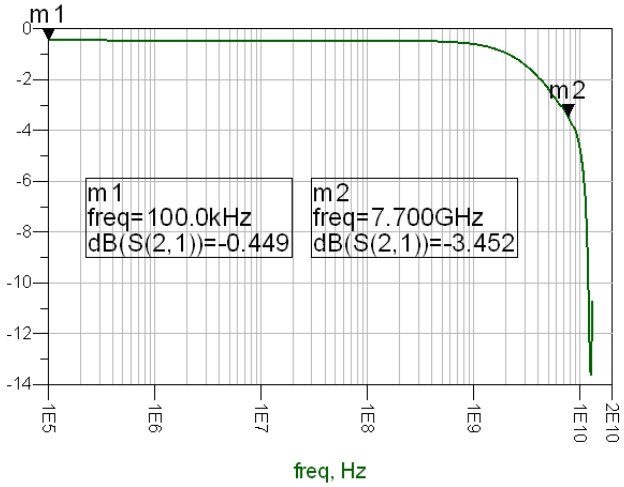


Figure 4. Bandwidth for USB Switch

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Typical Characteristics (continued)

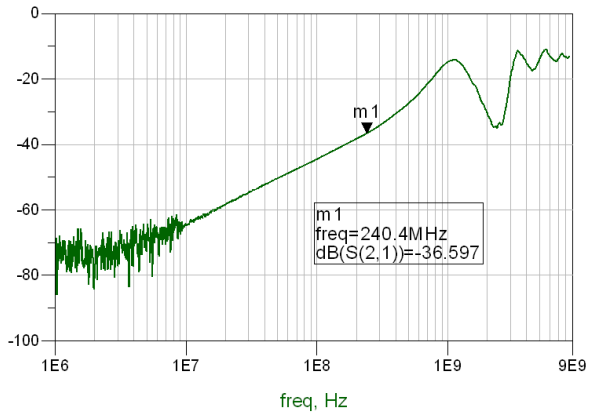


Figure 5. OFF Isolation vs Frequency for MHL Path

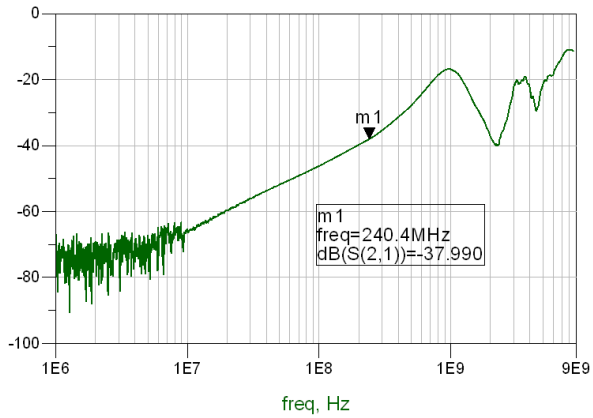


Figure 6. OFF Isolation vs Frequency for USB Path

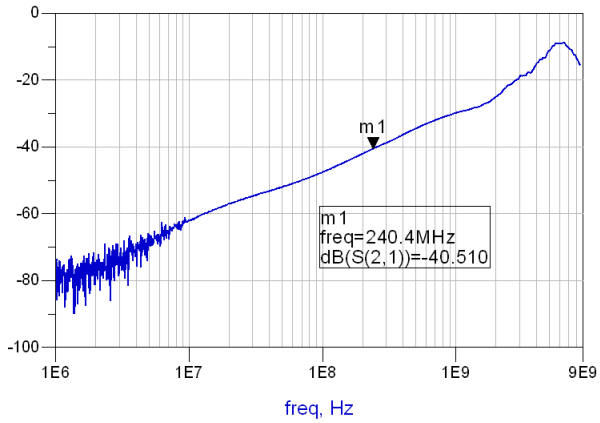


Figure 7. Cross Talk vs Frequency for MHL Path

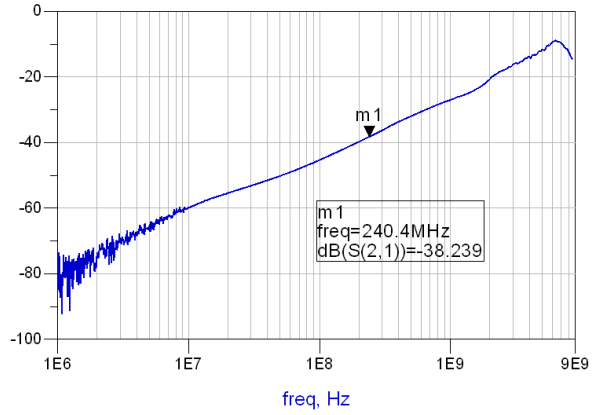
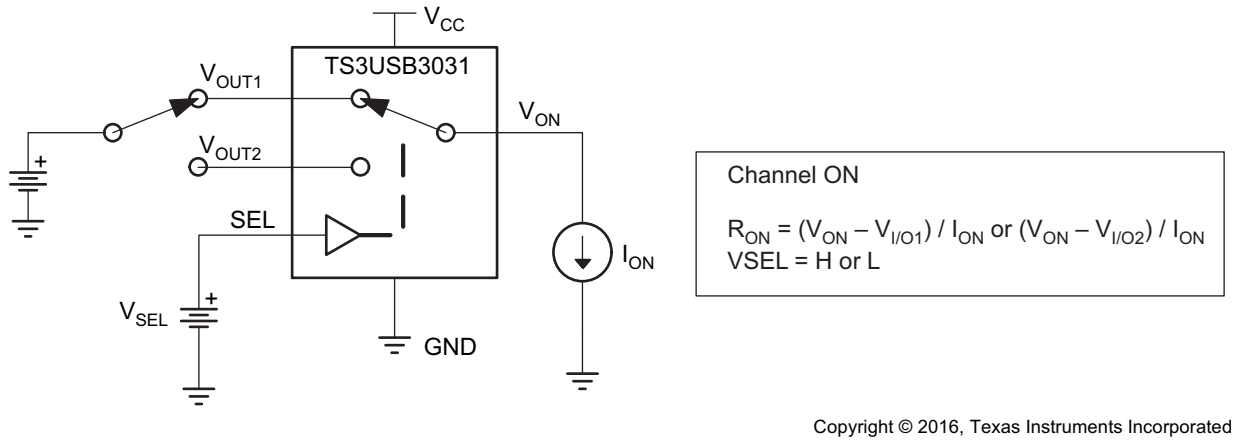


Figure 8. Cross Talk vs Frequency for USB Path

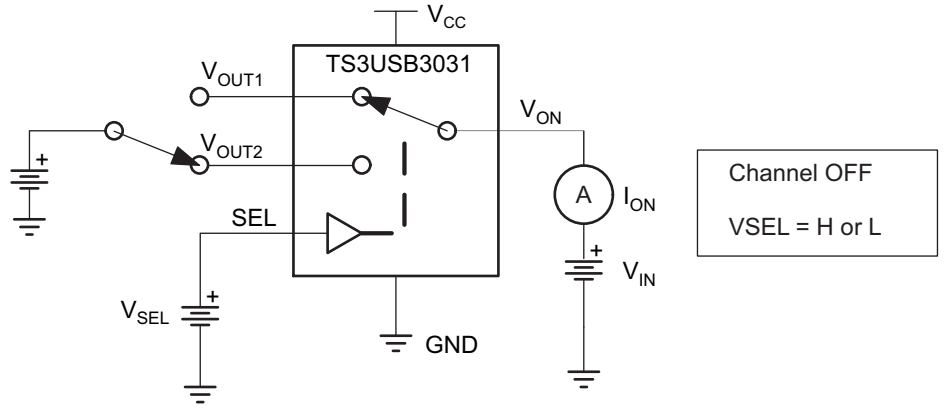
7 Parameter Measurement Information



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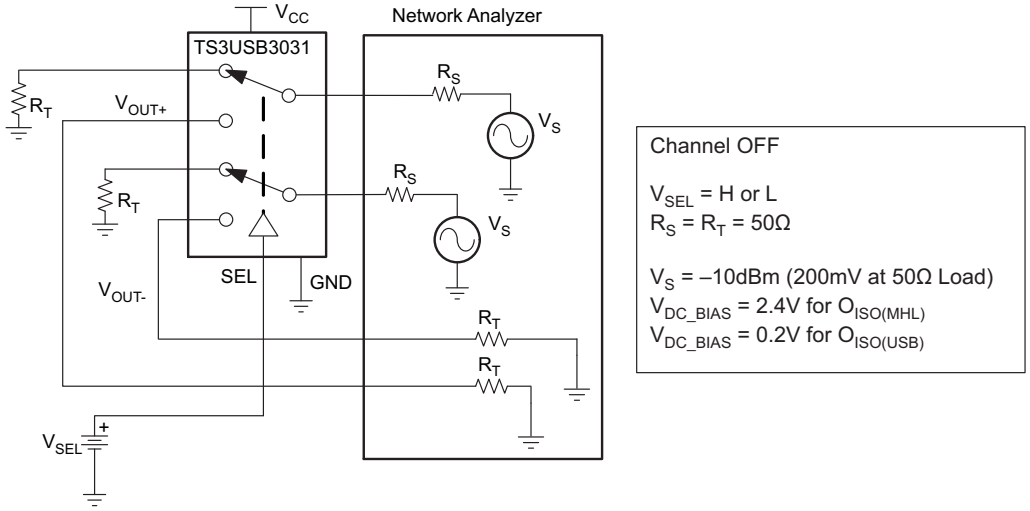
Figure 9. ON-State Resistance (R_{ON})

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



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Figure 10. OFF Leakage Current (I_{OZ})

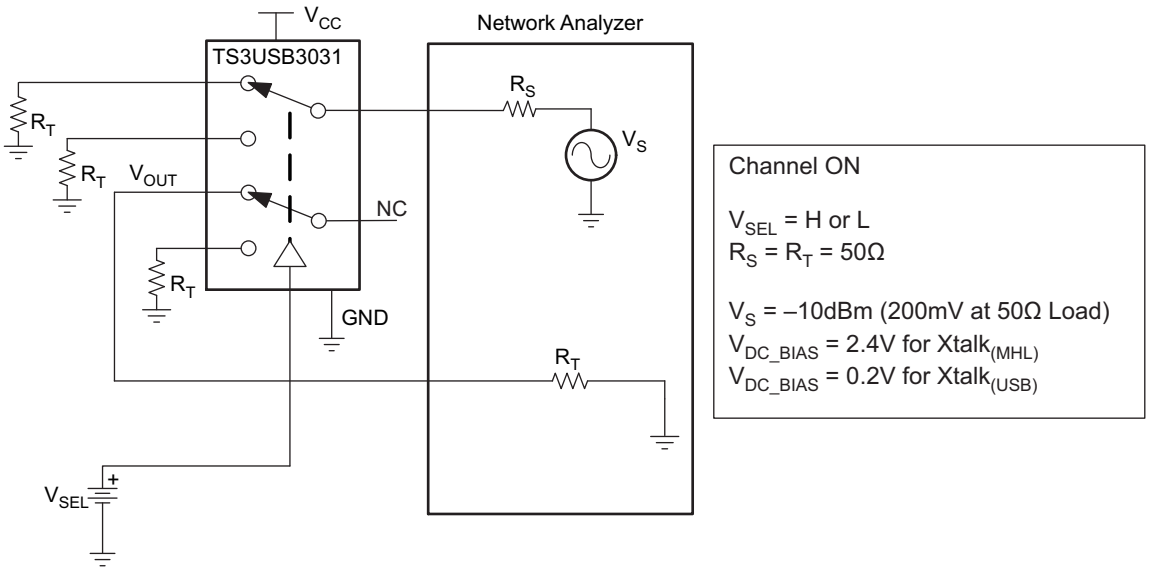


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Figure 11. Differential Off-Isolation (O_{ISO})

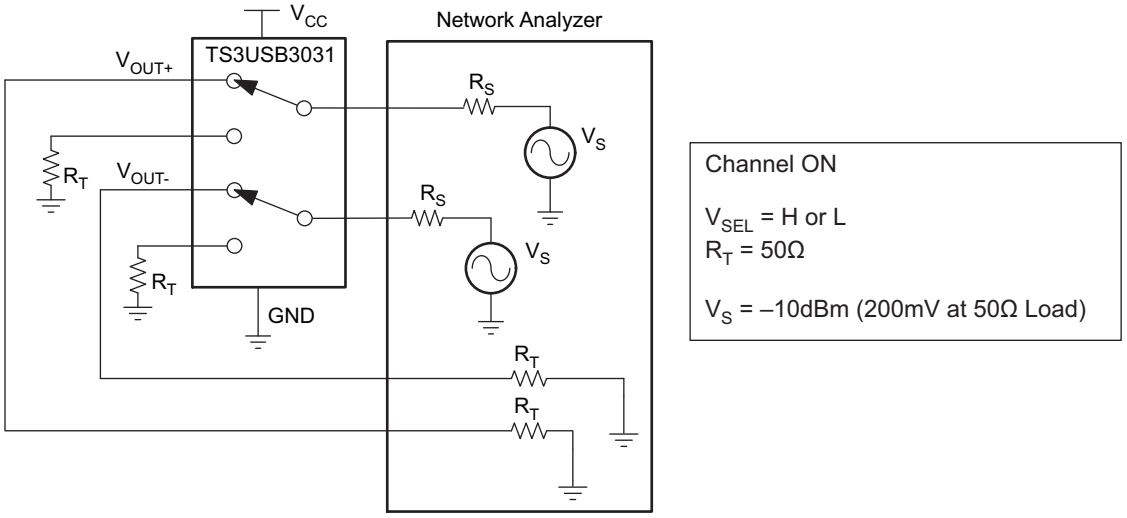
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Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



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Figure 12. Crosstalk (Xtalk)



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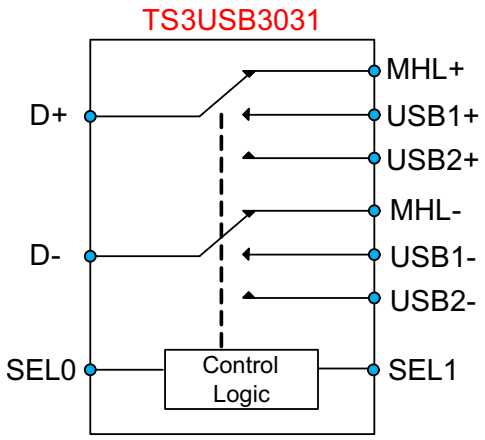
Figure 13. Differential Bandwidth (BW)

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TS3USB3031 device is a 2-channel, 1:3 multiplexer that includes a high-speed Mobile High-Definition Link (MHL) or Mobility Display Port (MyDP) switch and USB 2.0 High-Speed (480 Mbps) switches in the same package. This device is used in many high-speed differential 1:3 mux applications.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



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8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 I_{OFF} Protection

I_{OFF} protection precents current leakage through the device when V_{cc} = 0 V This allows signals to be present on the D± and USB/MHL± pins before the device is powered up without damaging the device or system.

8.3.2 1.8-V Compatible Logic

The TS3USB3031 device supports 1.8-V logic irrespective to the supply voltage applied to the IC.

8.3.3 Overvoltage Tolerant (OVT)

The D± and USB/MHL± pins of the device can support signals up to 5.5 V without damaging the device. This protects the TS3USB3031 in case the VBUS pin of the USB connector is shorted to the signal path without additional components added.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functional modes of the TS3USB3031.

Table 1. Function Table

SEL1	SEL0	SWITCH STATUS
Low	Low	D+/D– connected to USB1+/USB1–
Low	High	D+/D– connected to USB2+/USB2–
High	Low	D+/D– connected to MHL+/MHL–
High	High	USB and MHL switches in High-Z

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9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TS3USB3031 is a passive, bidirectional, 2-channel 1:3 switch which makes it versatile to be used in many high speed 1:3 switching applications. This device was designed originally for USB 2.0 and Mobile High-Definition Link applications but can be used for general signal switching applications such as I^2C, UART, LVDS, and so forth.

9.2 Typical Application

Figure 14 represents a typical application of the TS3USB3031 MHL switch. The TS3USB3031 is used to switch signals between the 2 sets of USB paths, which go to either the baseband or application processor, and the MHL path, which goes to the HDMI to MHL bridge. The TS3USB3031 has internal 6-MΩ pulldown resistors on SEL0 and SEL1. The pulldown on SEL0 and SEL1 ensure the USB1 channel is selected by default. The TS5A3157 is a separate SPDT switch that is used to switch between MHL's CBUS and the USB ID line that is required for USB OTG (USB On-The-Go) application.

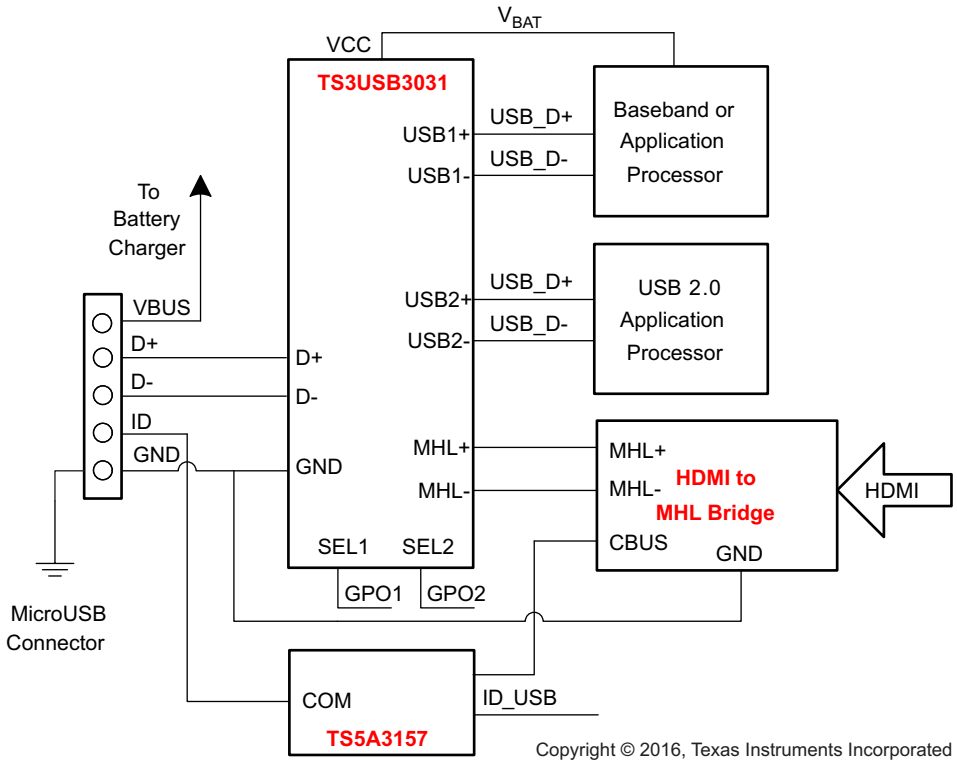


Figure 14. Typical TS3USB3031 Application

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Design requirements of the MHL and USB 1.0,1.1, and 2.0 standards must be followed.

The TS3USB3031 has internal 6-MΩ pulldown resistors on SEL0 and SEL1 so no external resistors are required on the logic pins. The pulldown on SEL0 and SEL1 ensure the USB1 channel is selected by default.

The TS5A3157 is a separate SPDT switch that is used to switch between the CBUS of the MHL and the USB ID line that is required for USB OTG (USB On-The-Go) application.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The TS3USB3031 can be properly operated without any external components. However, TI recommends that unused signal I/O pins must be connected to ground through a 50-Ω resistor to prevent signal reflections back into the device.

9.2.3 Application Curves

9.2.3.1 MHL Eye Pattern

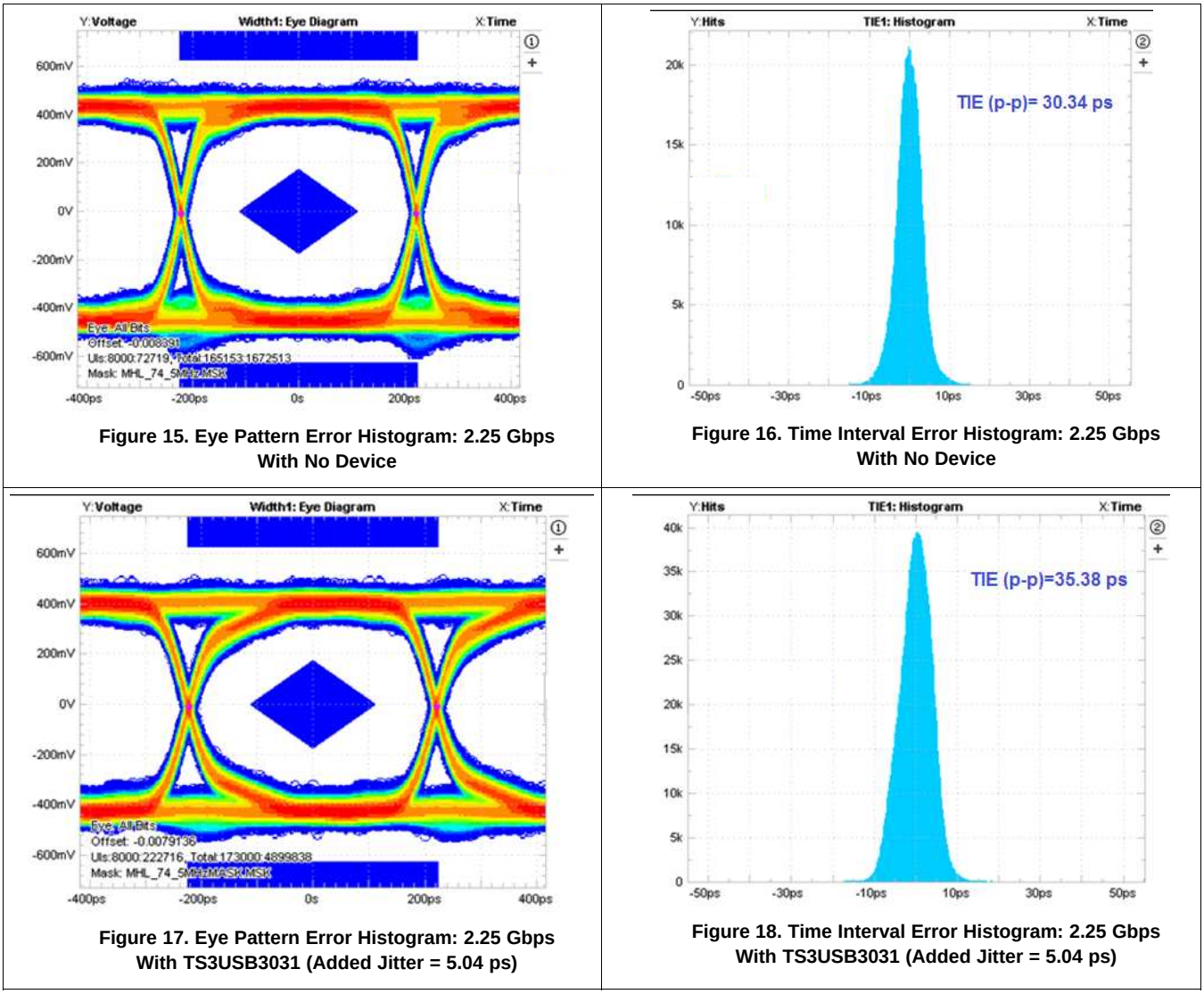


Figure 15. Eye Pattern Error Histogram: 2.25 Gbps With No Device

Figure 16. Time Interval Error Histogram: 2.25 Gbps With No Device

Figure 17. Eye Pattern Error Histogram: 2.25 Gbps With TS3USB3031 (Added Jitter = 5.04 ps)

Figure 18. Time Interval Error Histogram: 2.25 Gbps With TS3USB3031 (Added Jitter = 5.04 ps)

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Typical Application (continued)

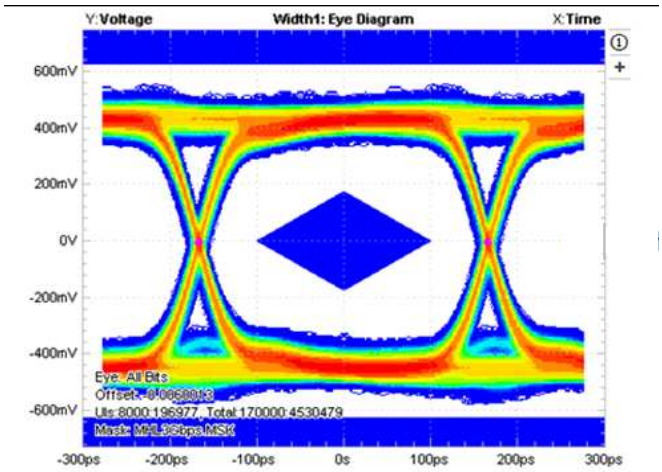


Figure 19. Eye Pattern Error Histogram: 3.0 Gbps With No Device

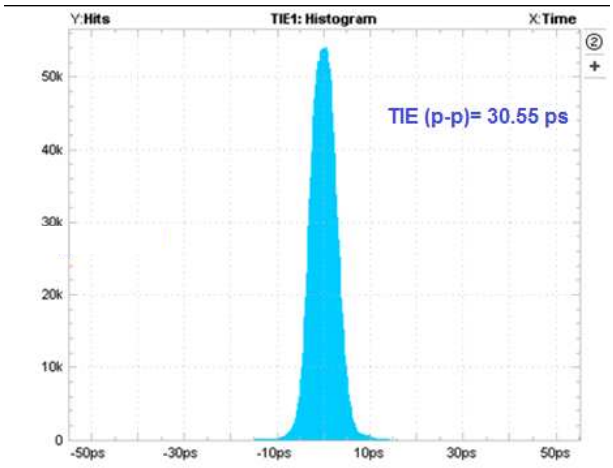


Figure 20. Time Interval Error Histogram: 3.0 Gbps With No Device

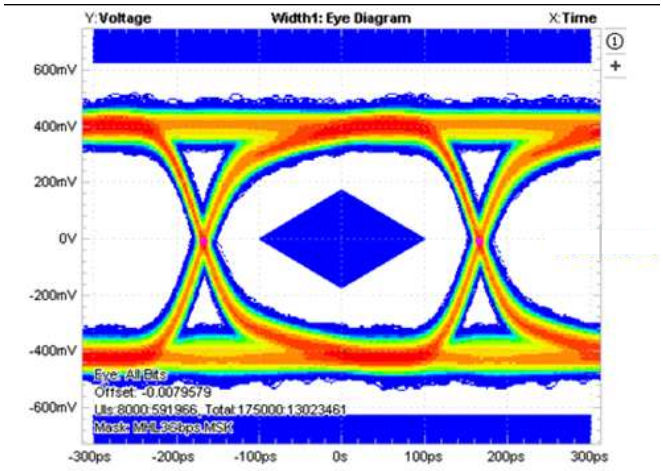


Figure 21. Eye Pattern Error Histogram: 3.0 Gbps With TS3USB3031 (Added Jitter = 2.57 ps)

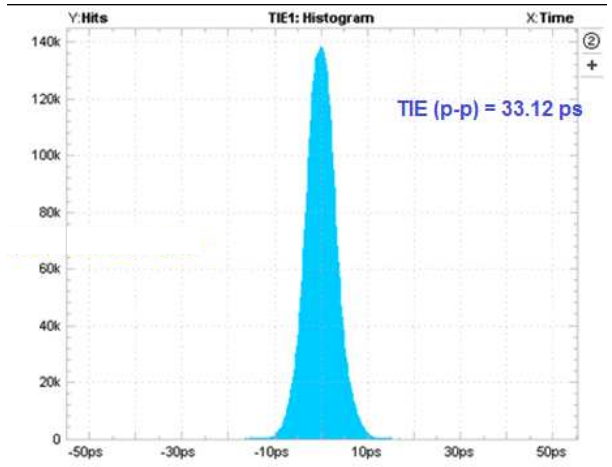


Figure 22. Time Interval Error Histogram: 3.0 Gbps With TS3USB3031 (Added Jitter = 2.57 ps)

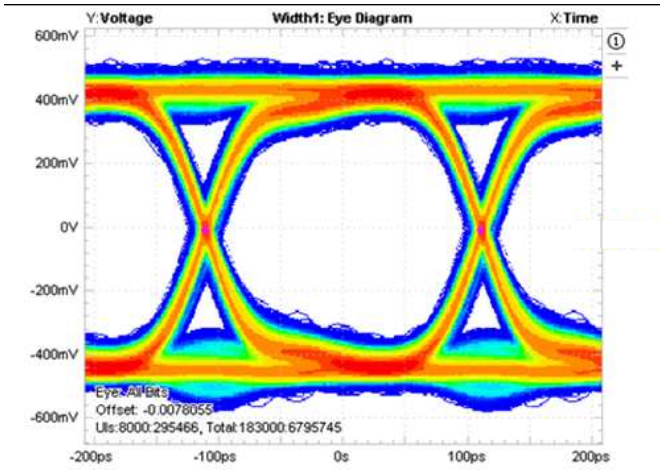


Figure 23. Eye Pattern Error Histogram: 4.5 Gbps With No Device

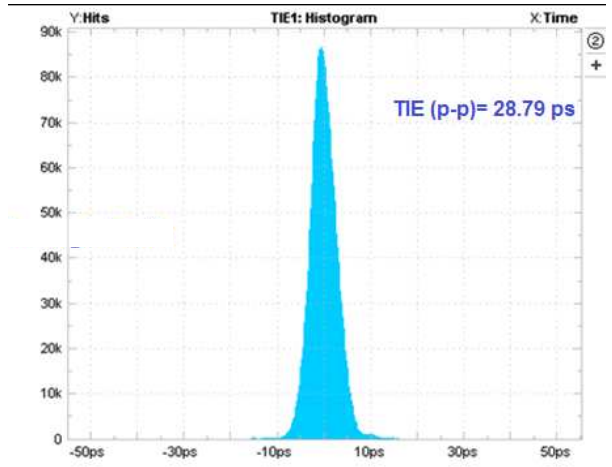


Figure 24. Time Interval Error Histogram: 4.5 Gbps With No Device

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Typical Application (continued)

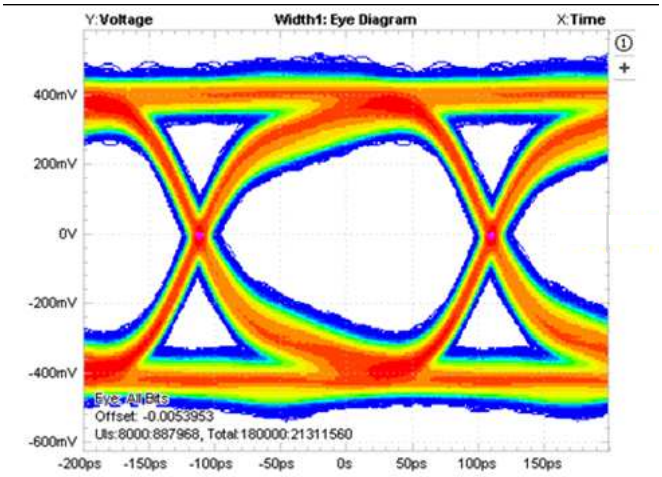


Figure 25. Eye Pattern Error Histogram: 4.5 Gbps With TS3USB3031 (Added Jitter = 1.13 ps)

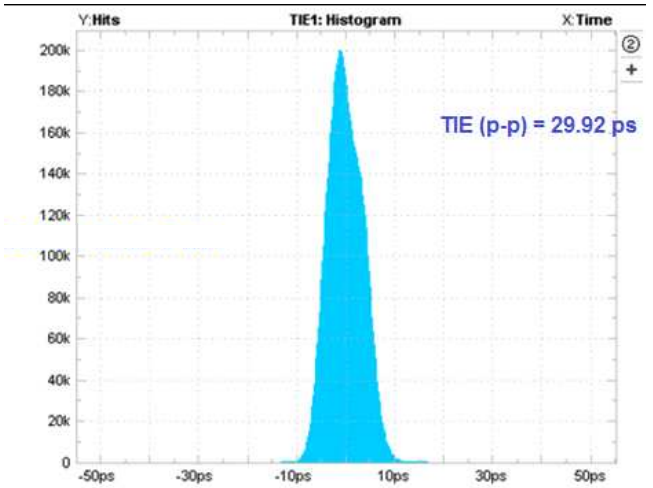


Figure 26. Time Interval Error Histogram: 4.5 Gbps With TS3USB3031 (Added Jitter = 1.13 ps)

9.2.3.2 USB EYE Pattern

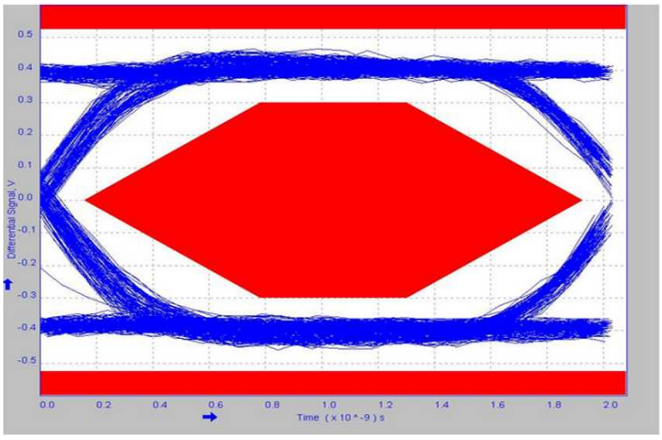


Figure 27. 480-Mbps USB 2.0 Eye Pattern With No Device

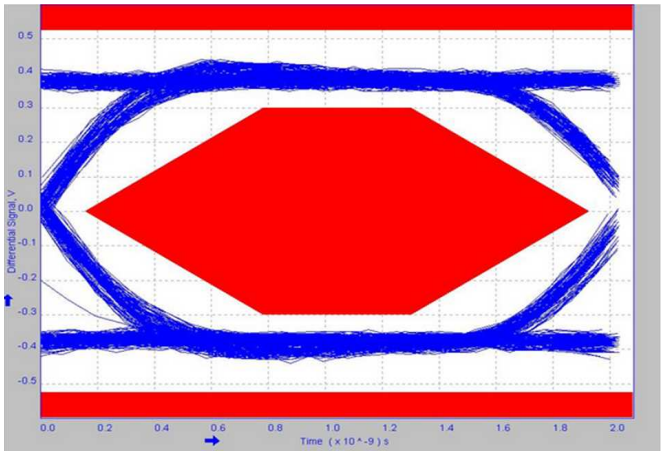


Figure 28. 480-Mbps USB 2.0 Eye Pattern for USB Switch

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10 Power Supply Recommendations

Power to the device is supplied through the V_{CC} pin. TI recommends placing a bypass capacitor as close as possible to the supply pin V_{CC} to help smooth out lower frequency noise to provide better load regulation across the frequency spectrum.

This device does not require any power sequencing with respect to other devices in the system due to its power off isolation feature which allows signals to be present on the signal path pins before the device is powered up without damaging the device.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Place supply bypass capacitors as close to V_{CC} pin as possible and avoid placing the bypass caps near the D+ and D– traces.

The high-speed D+ and D– traces must always be of equal length and must be no more than 4 inches; otherwise, the eye diagram performance may be degraded. A high-speed USB connection is made through a shielded, twisted pair cable with a differential characteristic impedance. In layout, the impedance of D+ and D– traces must match the cable characteristic differential impedance for optimal performance.

Route the high-speed USB signals using a minimum of vias and corners which reduces signal reflections and impedance changes. When a via must be used, increase the clearance size around it to minimize its capacitance. Each via introduces discontinuities in the transmission line of the signal and increases the chance of picking up interference from the other layers of the board. Be careful when designing test points on twisted pair lines; through-hole pins are not recommended.

When it becomes necessary to turn 90°, use two 45° turns or an arc instead of making a single 90° turn. This reduces reflections on the signal traces by minimizing impedance discontinuities.

Do not route USB traces under or near crystals, oscillators, clock signal generators, switching regulators, mounting holes, magnetic devices, or IC's that use or duplicate clock signals.

Avoid stubs on the high-speed USB signals because they cause signal reflections. If a stub is unavoidable, then the stub must be less than 200 mm.

Route all high-speed USB signal traces over continuous GND planes, with no interruptions.

Avoid crossing over anti-etch, commonly found with plane splits.

Due to high frequencies associated with the USB, a printed-circuit board with at least four layers is recommended: two signal layers separated by a ground layer and a power layer. The majority of signal traces must run on a single layer, preferably top layer. Immediately next to this layer must be the GND plane, which is solid with no cuts. Avoid running signal traces across a split in the ground or power plane. When running across split planes is unavoidable, sufficient decoupling must be used. Minimizing the number of signal vias reduces EMI by reducing inductance at high frequencies. For more information on layout guidelines, see *High Speed Layout Guidelines* (SCAA082) and *USB 2.0 Board Design and Layout Guidelines* (SPRAAR7).

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11.2 Layout Example

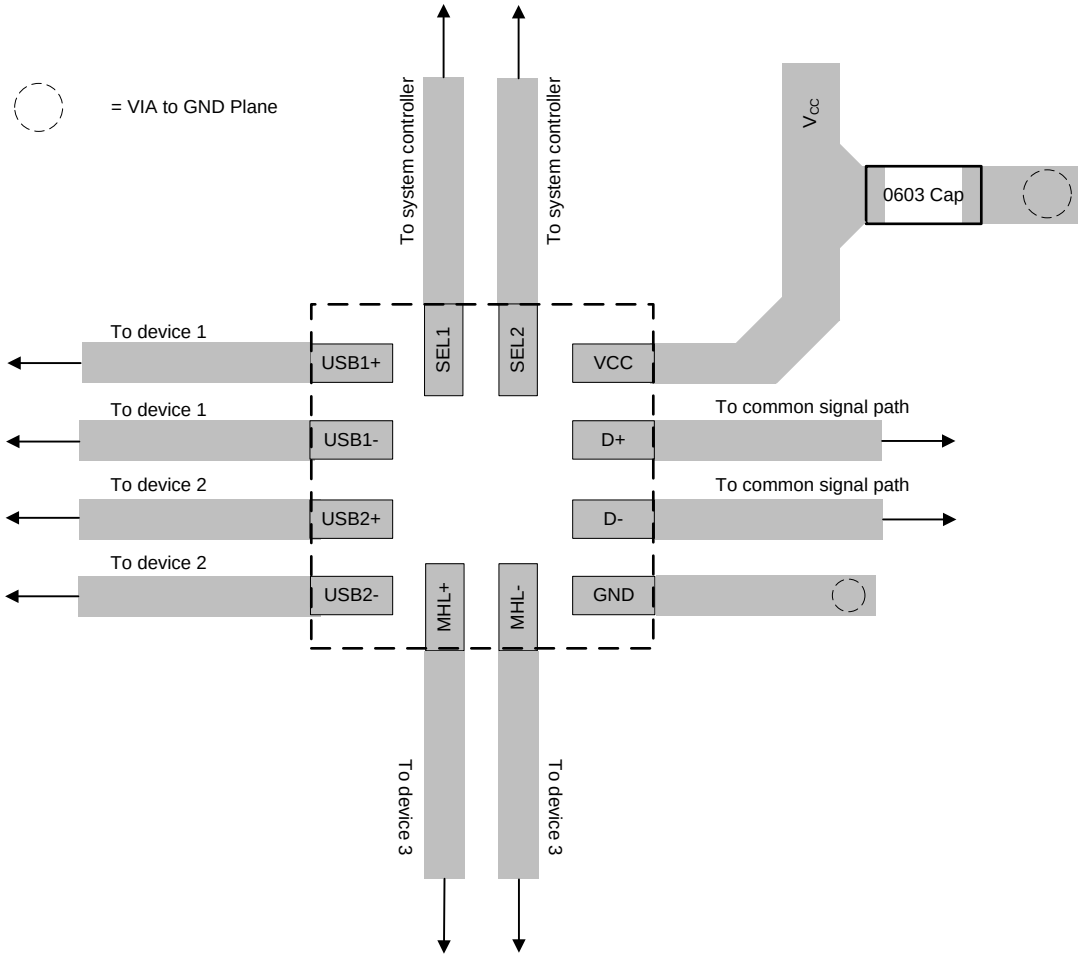


Figure 29. Layout Recommendation

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12 器件和文档支持

12.1 文档支持

12.1.1 相关文档

相关文档如下：

- *《高速布局指南》*(SCAA082)
- *《USB 2.0 电路板设计和布局指南》*(SPRAAR7)

12.2 接收文档更新通知

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12.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页面包括机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是指定器件的最新可用数据。这些数据发生变化时，我们可能不会另行通知或修订此文档。如欲获取此产品说明书的浏览器版本，请参见左侧的导航栏。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS3USB3031RMGR	ACTIVE	WQFN	RMG	12	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DY	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

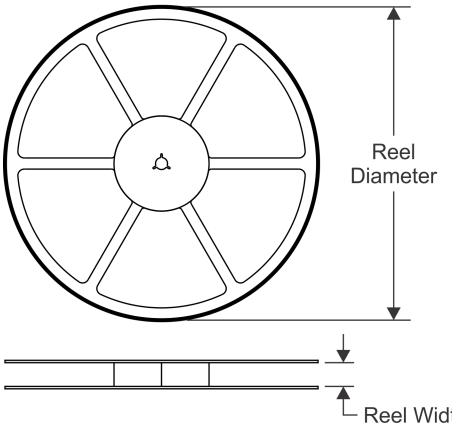
(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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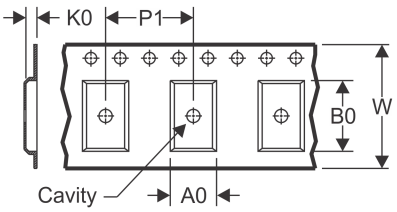
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

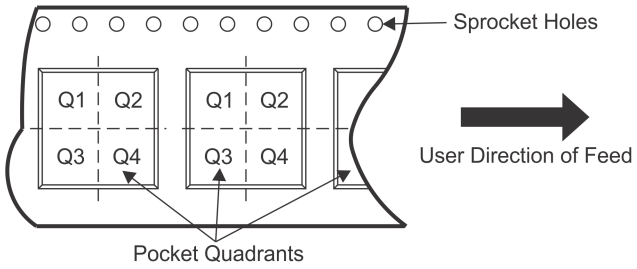


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

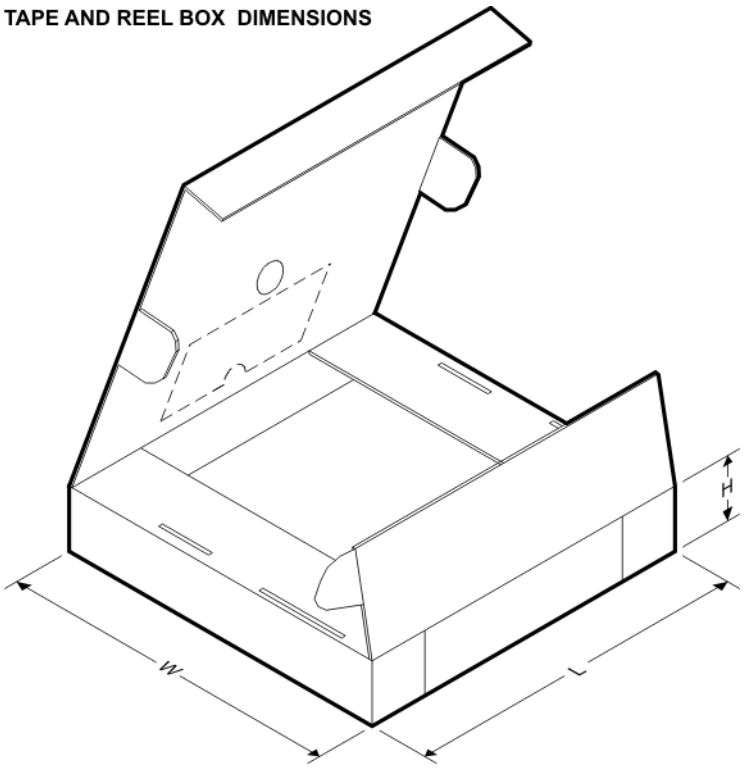
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS3USB3031RMGR	WQFN	RMG	12	3000	180.0	8.4	2.05	2.05	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

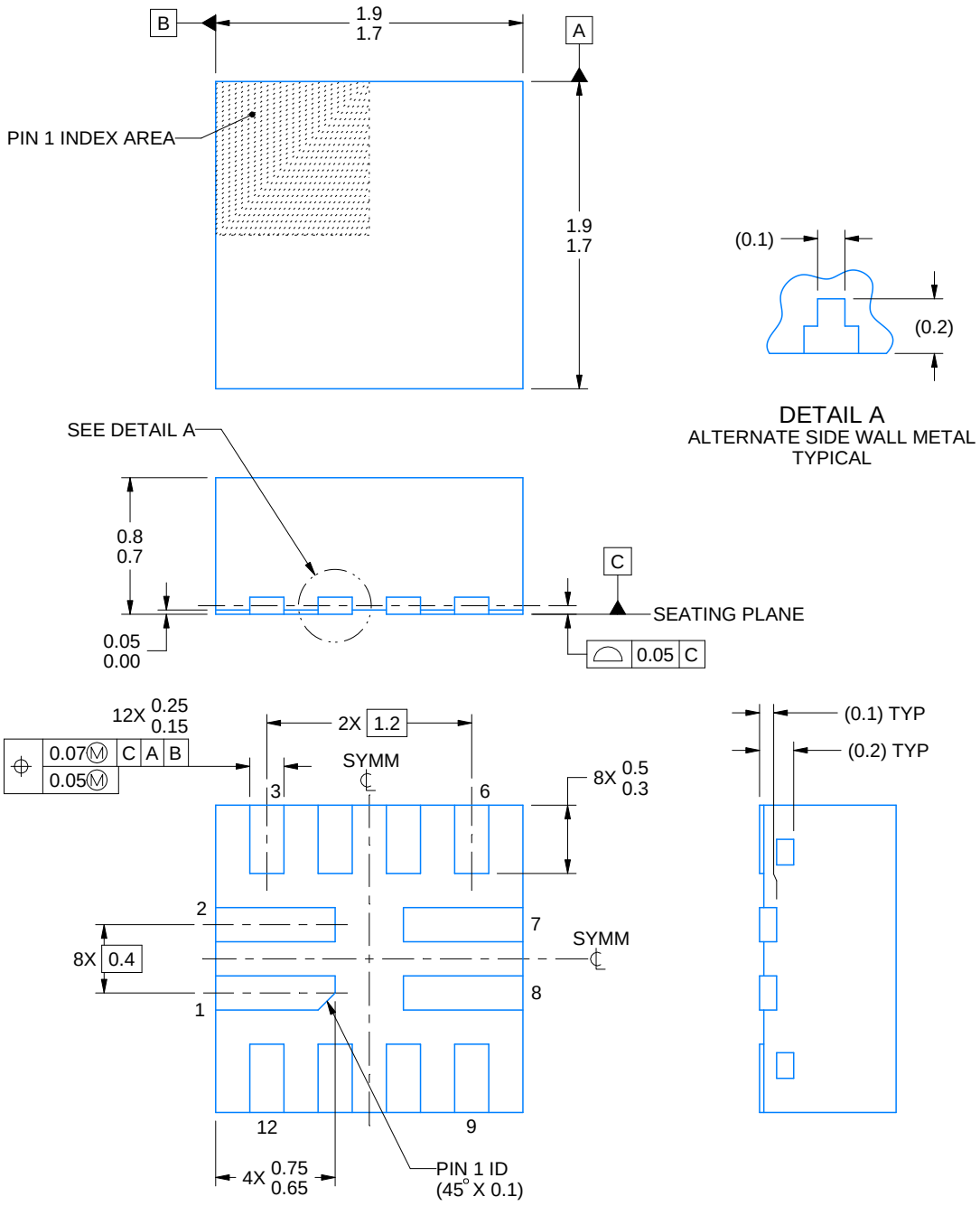
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS3USB3031RMGR	WQFN	RMG	12	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0

RMG0012A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

VQFN - 0.8 mm max height

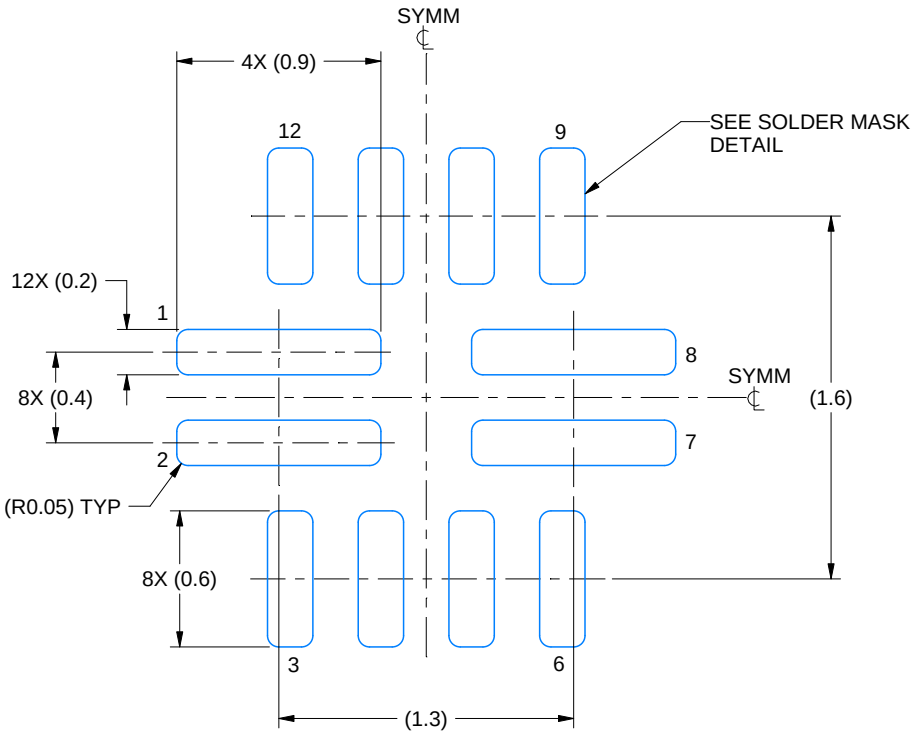
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



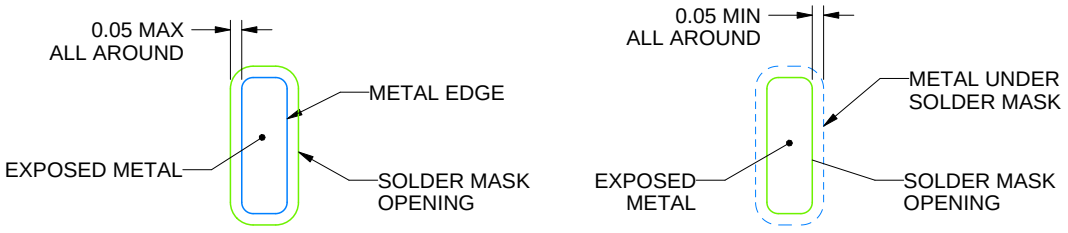
4226797/A 05/2021

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 30X

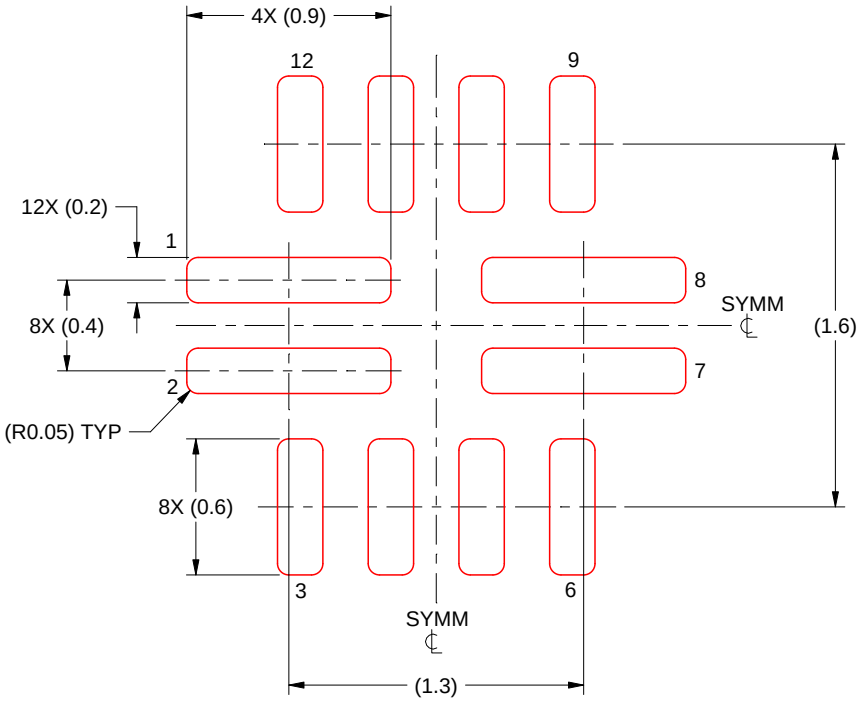


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 MM THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 30X

4226797/A 05/2021

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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