



### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ICS843004I-01 is a 4 output LVPECL synthesizer optimized to generate Ethernet reference clock frequencies and is a member of the HiPerClocks™ family of high performance clock solutions from ICS. Using a 25MHz 18pF parallel resonant crystal, the following frequencies can be generated based on the settings of 2 frequency select pins (F\_SEL[1:0]): 156.25MHz, 125MHz, 62.5MHz. The ICS843004I-01 uses ICS' 3<sup>rd</sup> generation low phase noise VCO technology and can achieve 1ps or lower typical rms phase jitter, easily meeting Ethernet jitter requirements. The ICS843004I-01 is packaged in a small 24-pin TSSOP package.

### FEATURES

- Four 3.3V LVPECL outputs
- Selectable crystal oscillator interface or LVCMOS/LVTTL single-ended input
- Supports the following output frequencies: 156.25MHz, 125MHz and 62.5MHz
- VCO range: 560MHz - 680MHz
- Output skew: 50ps (maximum)
- RMS phase jitter @ 156.25MHz, using a 25MHz crystal (1.875MHz - 20MHz): 0.54ps (typical)
- Full 3.3V or 2.5V supply modes
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Lead-Free fully RoHS compliant

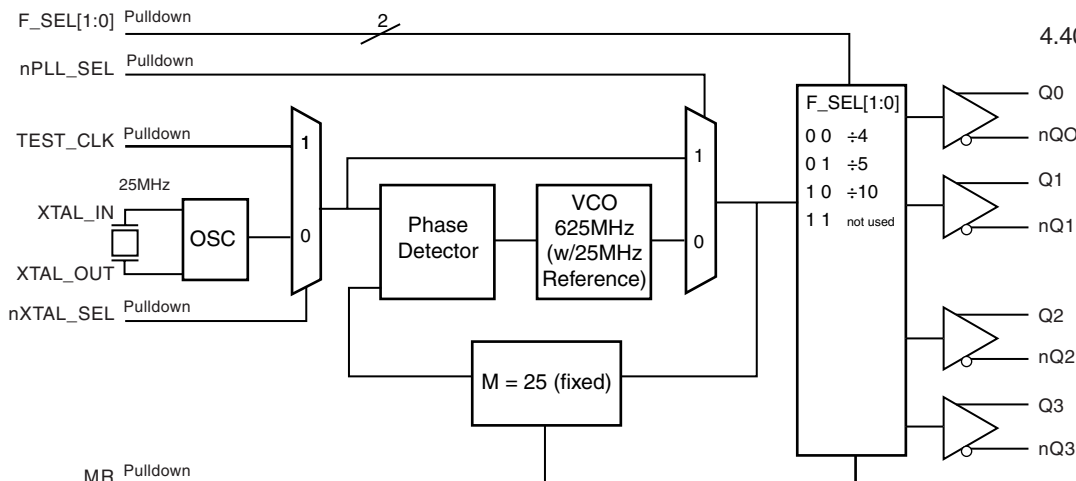
FREQUENCY SELECT FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs					Output Frequency (25MHz Ref.)
F_SEL1	F_SEL0	M Divider Value	N Divider Value	M/N Divider Value	
0	0	25	4	6.25	156.25
0	1	25	5	5	125
1	0	25	10	2.5	62.5
1	1	25	not used		not used

### PIN ASSIGNMENT

nQ1	1	24	nQ2
Q1	2	23	Q2
Vcco	3	22	Vcco
Q0	4	21	Q3
nQ0	5	20	nQ3
MR	6	19	VEE
nPLL_SEL	7	18	Vcc
nc	8	17	nXTAL_SEL
VCCA	9	16	TEST_CLK
F_SEL0	10	15	VEE
Vcc	11	14	XTAL_IN
F_SEL1	12	13	XTAL_OUT

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



### ICS843004I-01

#### 24-Lead TSSOP

4.40mm x 7.8mm x 0.92mm  
package body  
**G Package**  
Top View



**TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Number	Name	Type		Description
1, 2	nQ1, Q1	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.
3, 22	V <sub>CCO</sub>	Power		Output supply pins.
4, 5	Q0, nQ0	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.
6	MR	Input	Pulldown	Active HIGH Master Reset. When logic HIGH, the internal dividers are reset causing the true outputs Qx to go low and the inverted outputs nQx to go high. When logic LOW, the internal dividers and the outputs are enabled. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
7	nPLL_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Selects between the PLL and TEST_CLK as input to the dividers. When LOW, selects PLL (PLL Enable). When HIGH, deselects the reference clock (PLL Bypass). LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
8	nc	Unused		No connect.
9	V <sub>CCA</sub>	Power		Analog supply pin.
10, 12	F_SEL0, F_SEL1	Input	Pulldown	Frequency select pins. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
11, 18	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power		Core supply pin.
13, 14	XTAL_OUT, XTAL_IN	Input		Parallel resonant crystal interface. XTAL_OUT is the output, XTAL_IN is the input.
15, 19	V <sub>EE</sub>	Power		Negative supply pins.
16	TEST_CLK	Input	Pulldown	LVCMOS/LVTTL clock input.
17	nXTAL_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Selects between crystal or TEST_CLK inputs as the the PLL Reference source. Selects XTAL inputs when LOW. Selects TEST_CLK when HIGH. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
20, 21	nQ3, Q3	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.
23, 24	Q2, nQ2	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.

NOTE: *Pulldown* refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

**TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R <sub>PULLDOWN</sub>	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage, $V_{CC}$	4.6V
Inputs, $V_i$	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
Outputs, $I_o$	
Continuous Current	50mA
Surge Current	100mA
Package Thermal Impedance, $\theta_{JA}$	70°C/W (0 mps)
Storage Temperature, $T_{STG}$	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

**TABLE 3A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  TO  $85^\circ C$**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{CC}$	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
$V_{CCA}$	Analog Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
$V_{CCO}$	Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current				130	mA
$I_{CCA}$	Analog Supply Current	Included in $I_{EE}$			15	mA

**TABLE 3B. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  TO  $85^\circ C$**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{CC}$	Core Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
$V_{CCA}$	Analog Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
$V_{CCO}$	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current				120	mA
$I_{CCA}$	Analog Supply Current	Included in $I_{EE}$			12	mA

**TABLE 3C. LVCMOS / LVTTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$  OR  $2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  TO  $85^\circ C$**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	2.0		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	1.7		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	-0.3		0.8	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	-0.3		0.7	V
$I_{IH}$	Input High Current	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$			150	$\mu A$
$I_{IL}$	Input Low Current	$V_{CC} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$ , $V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			$\mu A$



**TABLE 3D. LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$  OR  $2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  TO  $85^\circ\text{C}$**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		$V_{CCO} - 1.4$		$V_{CCO} - 0.9$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		$V_{CCO} - 2.0$		$V_{CCO} - 1.7$	V
$V_{SWING}$	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.6		1.0	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with  $50\Omega$  to  $V_{CCO} - 2V$ .

**TABLE 4. CRYSTAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fundamental			
Frequency			25		MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				50	$\Omega$
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF

NOTE: Characterized using an 18pF parallel resonant crystal.

**TABLE 5A. AC CHARACTERISTICS,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  TO  $85^\circ\text{C}$**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$f_{OUT}$	Output Frequency	$F\_SEL[1:0] = 00$	140		170	MHz
		$F\_SEL[1:0] = 01$	112		136	MHz
		$F\_SEL[1:0] = 10$	56		68	MHz
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output Skew; NOTE 1, 3			50	ps	
$f_{jit}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter; NOTE 2	156.25MHz (1.875MHz - 20MHz)		0.54		ps
		125MHz (1.875MHz - 20MHz)		0.58		ps
		62.5MHz (637KHz - 10MHz)		0.70		ps
$t_R / t_F$	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	300		600	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		48		52	%

NOTE 1: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Measured at  $V_{CCO}/2$ .

NOTE 2: Please refer to Phase Noise Plots on following page.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

**TABLE 5B. AC CHARACTERISTICS,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = V_{CCO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  TO  $85^\circ\text{C}$**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$f_{OUT}$	Output Frequency	$F\_SEL[1:0] = 00$	140		170	MHz
		$F\_SEL[1:0] = 01$	112		136	MHz
		$F\_SEL[1:0] = 10$	56		68	MHz
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output Skew; NOTE 1, 3			50	ps	
$f_{jit}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter; NOTE 2	156.25MHz (1.875MHz - 20MHz)		0.54		ps
		125MHz (1.875MHz - 20MHz)		0.58		ps
		62.5MHz (637KHz - 10MHz)		0.74		ps
$t_R / t_F$	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	300		600	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		48		52	%

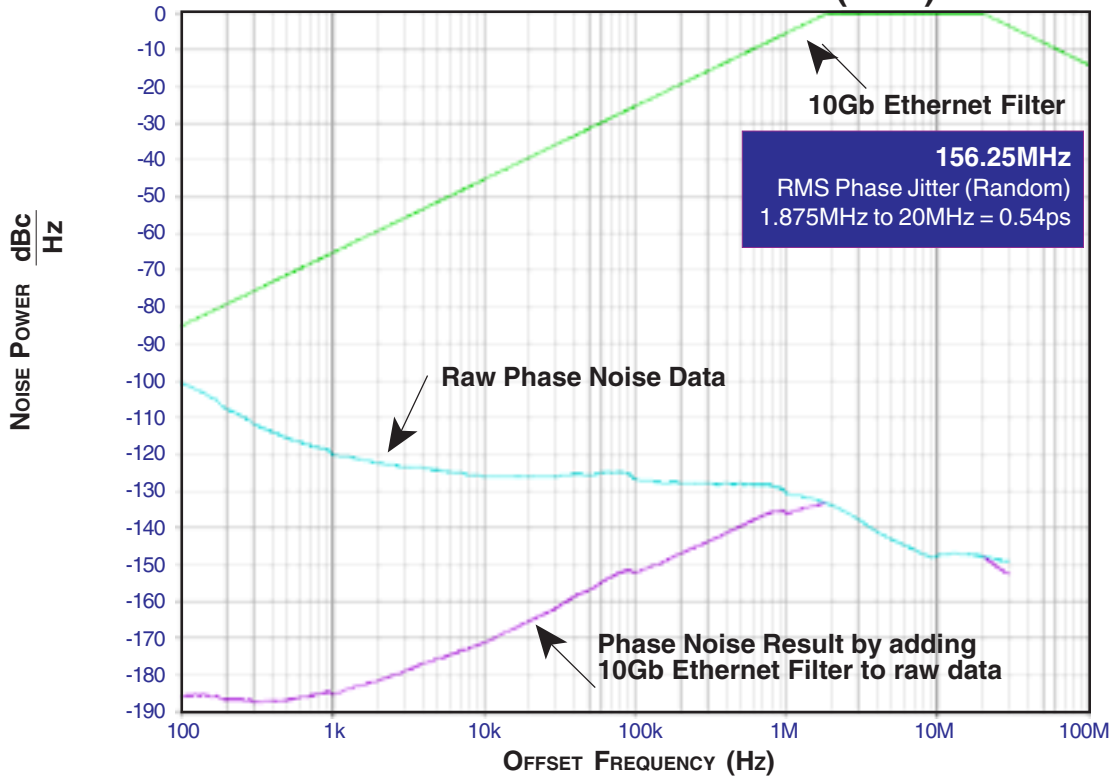
NOTE 1: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Measured at  $V_{CCO}/2$ .

NOTE 2: Please refer to Phase Noise Plots on following page.

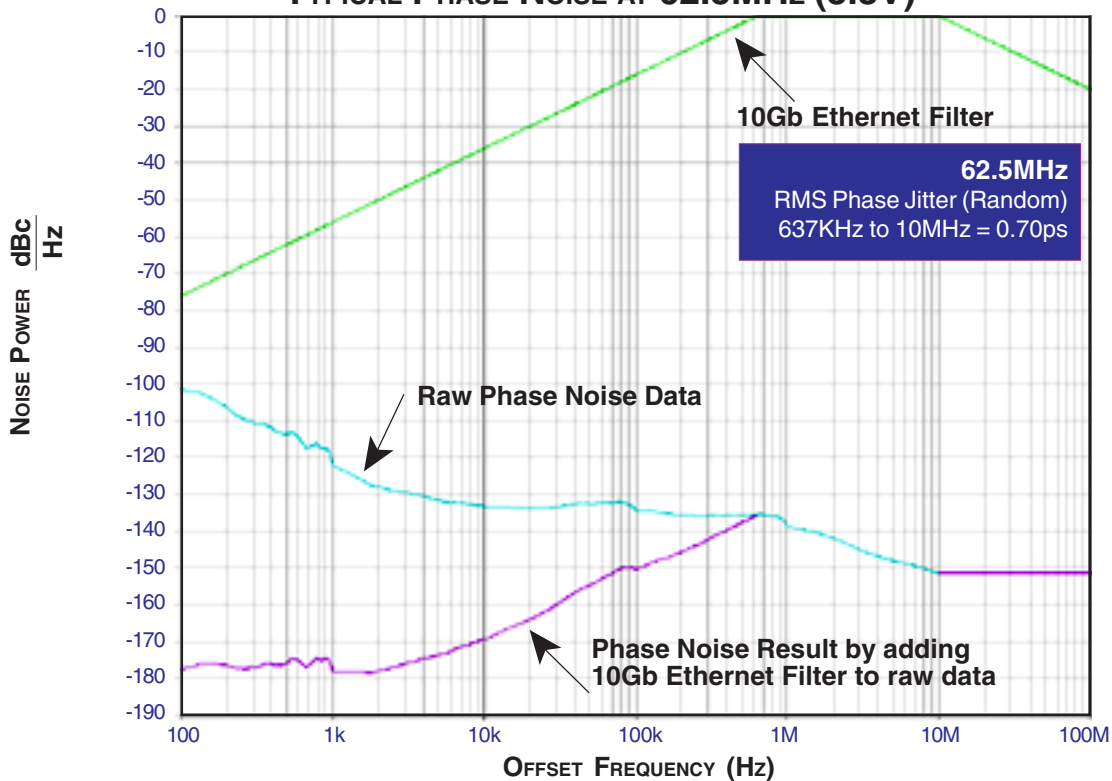
NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



### TYPICAL PHASE NOISE AT 156.25MHz (3.3V)

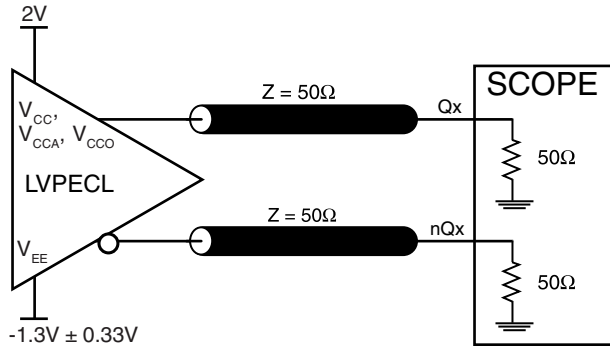


### TYPICAL PHASE NOISE AT 62.5MHz (3.3V)

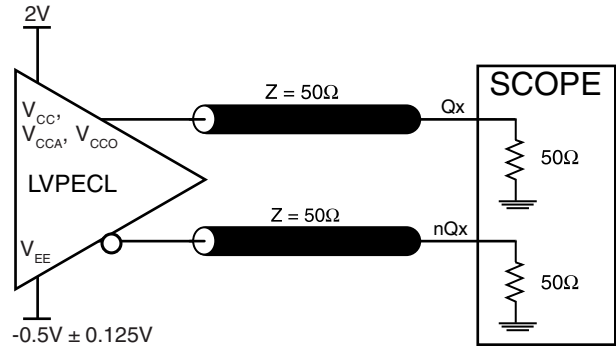




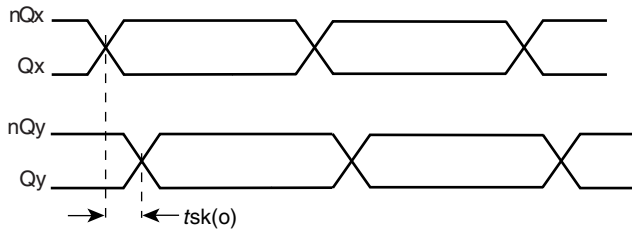
## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



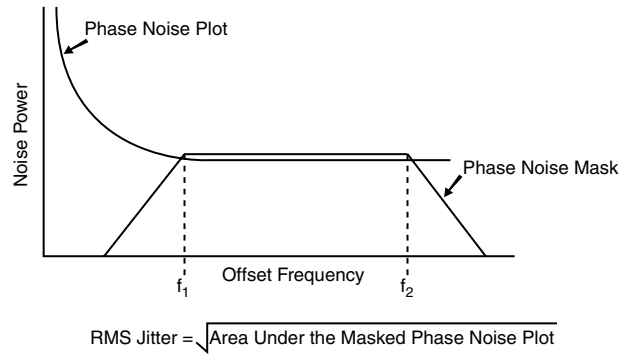
**3.3V CORE/3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT**



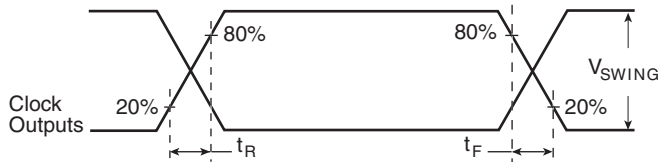
**2.5V CORE/2.5V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT**



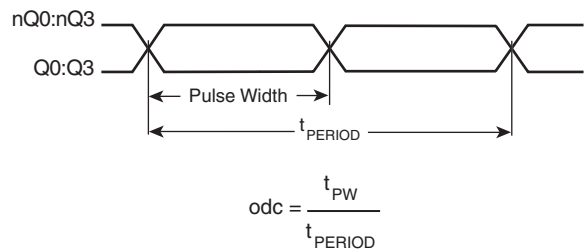
**OUTPUT SKEW**



**RMS PHASE JITTER**



**OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME**



**OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD**



## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### POWER SUPPLY FILTERING TECHNIQUES

As in any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to random noise. The ICS843004I-01 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL.  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CCA}$ , and  $V_{CCO}$  should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. *Figure 1* illustrates how a  $10\Omega$  resistor along with a  $10\mu\text{F}$  and a  $.01\mu\text{F}$  bypass capacitor should be connected to each  $V_{CCA}$ .

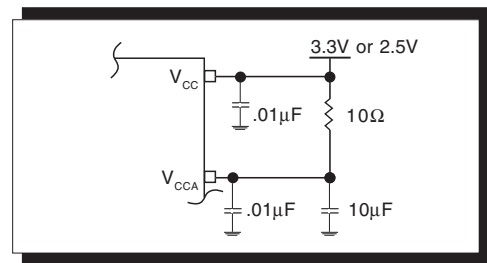


FIGURE 1. POWER SUPPLY FILTERING

### TERMINATION FOR 3.3V LVPECL OUTPUT

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are

designed to drive  $50\Omega$  transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. *Figures 2A and 2B* show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

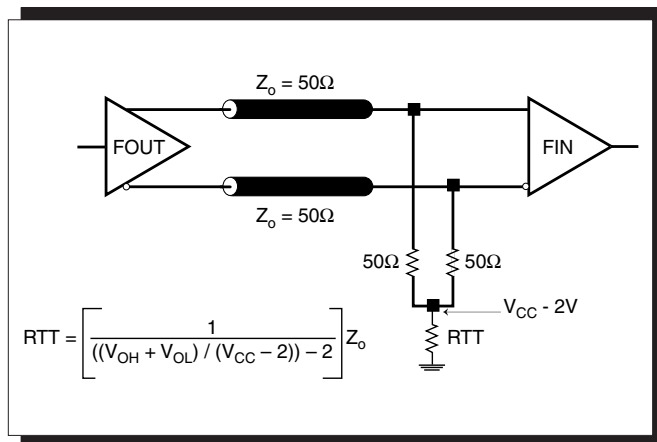


FIGURE 2A. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

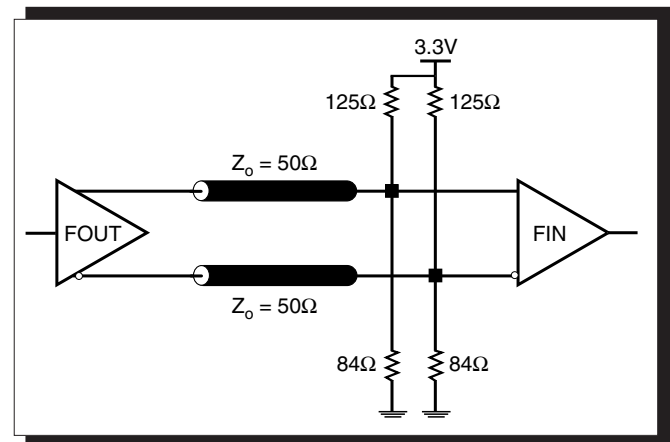


FIGURE 2B. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION



### TERMINATION FOR 2.5V LVPECL OUTPUT

Figure 3A and Figure 3B show examples of termination for 2.5V LVPECL driver. These terminations are equivalent to terminating 50Ω to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ . For  $V_{CCO} = 2.5V$ , the  $V_{CCO} - 2V$  is very close to

ground level. The R3 in Figure 3B can be eliminated and the termination is shown in Figure 3C.

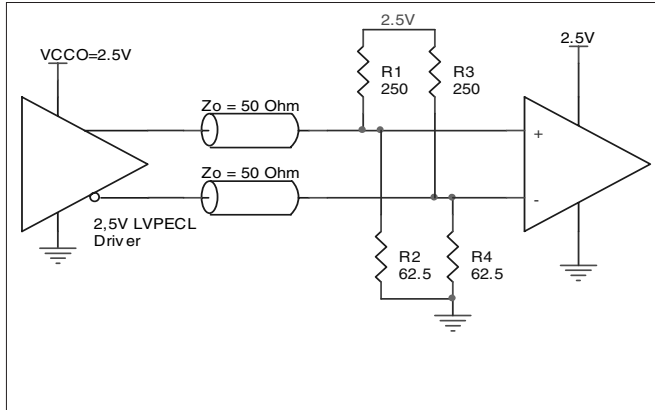


FIGURE 3A. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

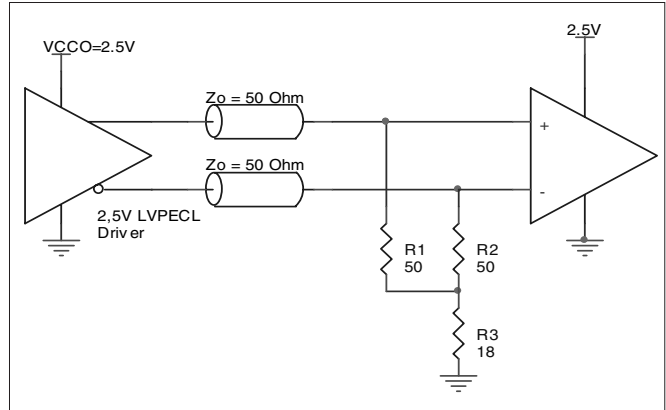


FIGURE 3B. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

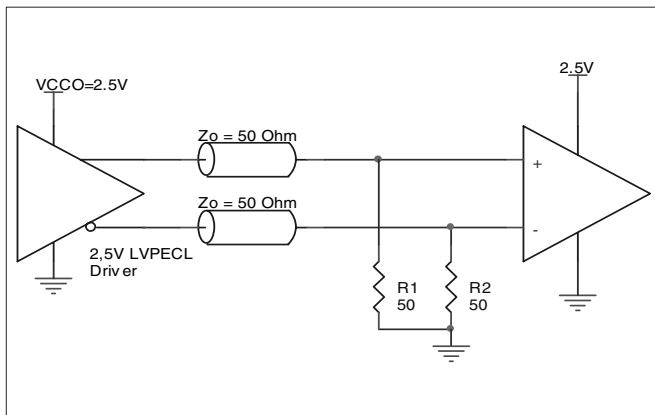


FIGURE 3C. 2.5V LVPECL TERMINATION EXAMPLE

### CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

The ICS843004I-01 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values shown in Figure 4

below were determined using a 25MHz 18pF parallel resonant crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error.

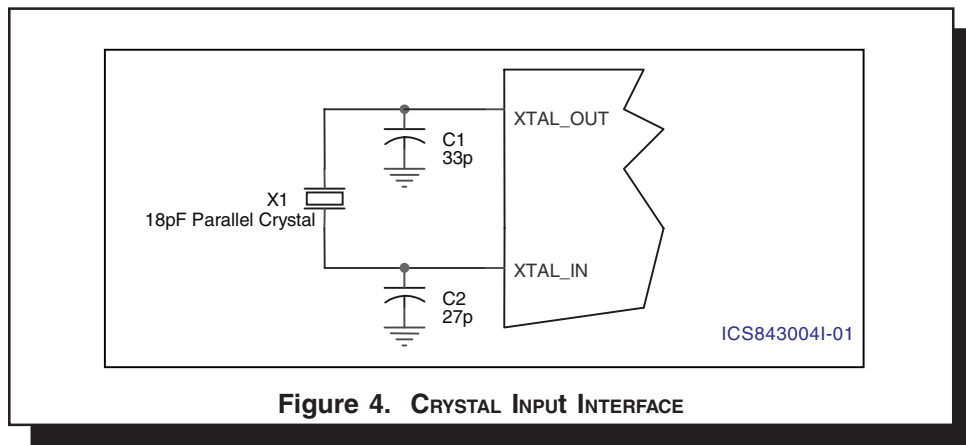


Figure 4. CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE





### LAYOUT GUIDELINE

Figure 5 shows a schematic example of the ICS843004I-01. An example of LVPECL termination is shown in this schematic. Additional LVPECL termination approaches are shown in the LVPECL Termination Application Note. In this example, an 18pF

parallel resonant 25MHz crystal is used. The C1=27pF and C2=33pF are recommended for frequency accuracy. For different board layout, the C1 and C2 may be slightly adjusted for optimizing frequency accuracy.

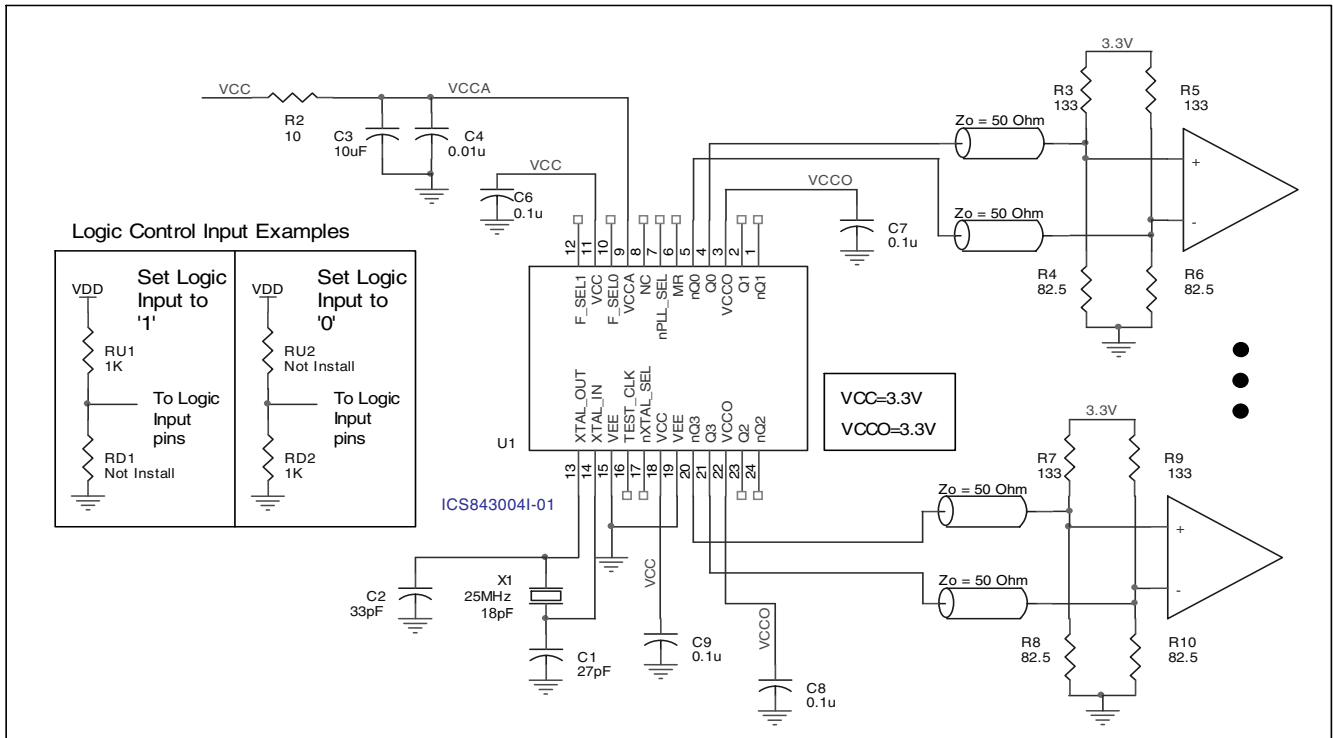


FIGURE 5. ICS843004I-01 SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE



## POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS843004I-01. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

### 1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS843004I-01 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for  $V_{CC} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$ , which gives worst case results.

**NOTE:** Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)<sub>MAX</sub> =  $V_{CC\_MAX} * I_{EE\_MAX} = 3.465V * 130mA = 450.45mW$
- Power (outputs)<sub>MAX</sub> = **30mW/Loaded Output pair**  
If all outputs are loaded, the total power is  $4 * 30mW = 120mW$

**Total Power**<sub>MAX</sub> (3.465V, with all outputs switching) =  $450.45mW + 120mW = 570.45mW$

### 2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature,  $T_j$ , is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS™ devices is 125°C.

The equation for  $T_j$  is as follows:  $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd\_total + T_A$

$T_j$  = Junction Temperature

$\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$Pd\_total$  = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

$T_A$  = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$  must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 1 meter per second and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 65°C/W per Table 6 below.

Therefore,  $T_j$  for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:  
 $85°C + 0.571W * 65°C/W = 122.1°C$ . This is below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example.  $T_j$  will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

**TABLE 6. THERMAL RESISTANCE  $\theta_{JA}$  FOR 24-PIN TSSOP, FORCED CONVECTION**

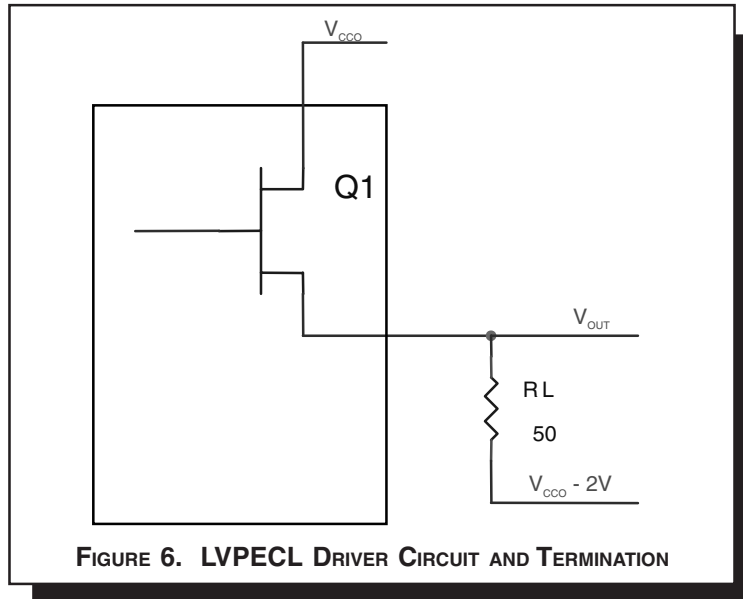
$\theta_{JA}$ by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	70°C/W	65°C/W	62°C/W



### 3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 6*.



**FIGURE 6. LVPECL DRIVER CIRCUIT AND TERMINATION**

To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load, and a termination voltage of  $V_{CC} - 2V$ .

- For logic high,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OH\_MAX} = V_{CC\_MAX} - 0.9V$

$$(V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OH\_MAX}) = 0.9V$$

- For logic low,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OL\_MAX} = V_{CC\_MAX} - 1.7V$

$$(V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OL\_MAX}) = 1.7V$$

$Pd\_H$  is power dissipation when the output drives high.

$Pd\_L$  is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd\_H = [(V_{OH\_MAX} - (V_{CC\_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OH\_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OH\_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OH\_MAX}) = [(2V - 0.9V)/50\Omega] * 0.9V = 19.8mW$$

$$Pd\_L = [(V_{OL\_MAX} - (V_{CC\_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OL\_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OL\_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OL\_MAX}) = [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = 10.2mW$$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair =  $Pd\_H + Pd\_L = 30mW$



## RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 6.  $\theta_{JA}$  vs. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 24 LEAD TSSOP

$\theta_{JA}$ by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	70°C/W	65°C/W	62°C/W

### TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS843004I-01 is: 3183



PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 24 LEAD TSSOP

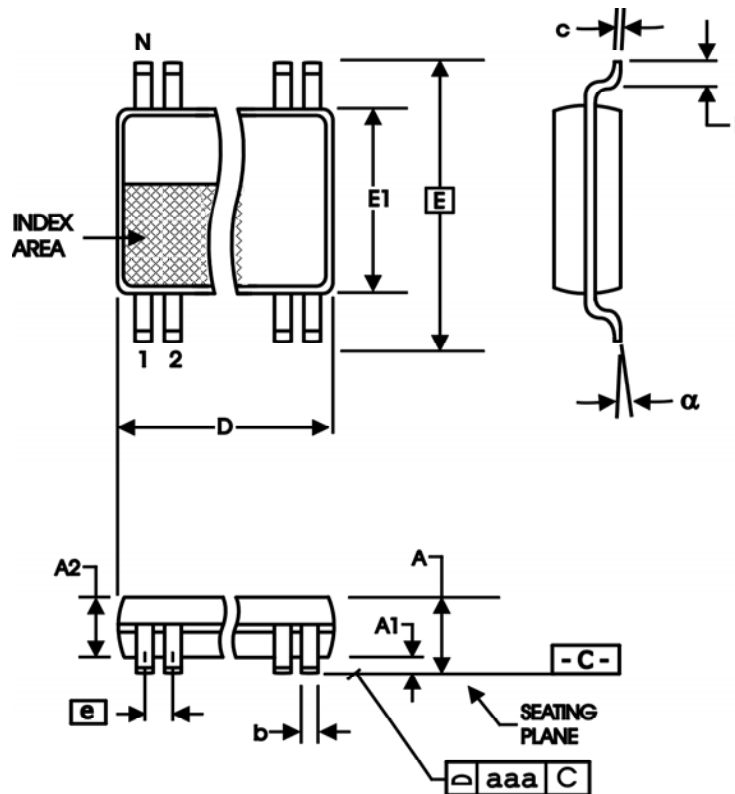


TABLE 7. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millimeters	
	Minimum	Maximum
N	24	
A	--	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	7.70	7.90
E	6.40 BASIC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa	--	0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153



Integrated  
Circuit  
Systems, Inc.

**ICS843004I-01**  
**FEMTOCLOCKS™ CRYSTAL-TO-**  
**3.3V, 2.5V LVPECL FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZER**

**TABLE 8. ORDERING INFORMATION**

<b>Part/Order Number</b>	<b>Marking</b>	<b>Package</b>	<b>Shipping Packaging</b>	<b>Temperature</b>
ICS843004AGI-01	ICS843004AI01	24 Lead TSSOP	tube	-40°C to 85°C
ICS843004AGI-01T	ICS843004AI01	24 Lead TSSOP	2500 tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C
ICS843004AGI-01LF	TBD	24 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	tube	-40°C to 85°C
ICS843004AGI-01LFT	TBD	24 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	2500 tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C

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