DDR SDRAM Unbuffered Module

184pin Unbuffered Module based on 512Mb D-die

66 TSOP-II & 54 sTSOP-II with Pb-Free

(RoHS compliant)

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Revision History

Revision	Month	Year	History
0.0	April	2005	- First version for internal review
0.2	June	2005	- Changed master format.

200Pin Unbuffered SODIMM based on 512Mb D-die (x8, x16)

1.0 Ordering Information

Part Number	Density	Organization	Component Composition	Height
M470L3324DU0-C(L)CC/B3/A2/B0	256MB	32M x 64	32Mx16 (K4H511638D) * 4EA	1,250mil
M470L6524DU0-C(L)CC/B3/A2/B0	512MB	64M x 64	32Mx16 (K4H511638D) * 8EA	1,250mil
M470L2923DV0-C(L)CC/B3/A2/B0	1GB	128M x 64	64Mx8 (K4H510838D) * 16EA	1,250mil

2.0 Operating Frequencies

	CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)
Speed @CL2	-	133MHz	133MHz	100MHz
Speed @CL2.5	166MHz	166MHz	133MHz	133MHz
Speed @CL3	200MHz	-	-	-
CL-tRCD-tRP	3-3-3	2.5-3-3	2-3-3	2.5-3-3

3.0 Feature

- VDD : 2.5V ± 0.2V, VDDQ : 2.5V ± 0.2V for DDR266, 333
- VDD : 2.6V ± 0.1V, VDDQ : 2.6V ± 0.1V for DDR400
- Double-data-rate architecture; two data transfers per clock cycle
- Bidirectional data strobe [DQ] (x4,x8) & [L(U)DQS] (x16)
- Differential clock inputs(CK and $\overline{CK}$)
- DLL aligns DQ and DQS transition with CK transition
- Programmable Read latency : DDR266(2, 2.5 Clock), DDR333(2.5 Clock), DDR400(3 Clock)
- Programmable Burst length (2, 4, 8)
- Programmable Burst type (sequential & interleave)
- Edge aligned data output, center aligned data input
- Auto & Self refresh, 7.8us refresh interval(8K/64ms refresh)
- Serial presence detect with EEPROM
- PCB : Height - 256MB(non ECC/ECC SS, 1250mil), 512MB/1GB(non ECC DS, 1250mil, ECC DS, 1400mil)
- SSTL_2 Interface
- 66pin TSOP II & 54pin sTSOP II **Pb-Free** package
- **RoHS compliant**

4.0 Pin Configuration (Front side/back side)

Pin	Front	Pin	Front	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Back	Pin	Back
1	VREF	67	DQ27	135	DQ34	2	VREF	68	DQ31	136	DQ38
3	VSS	69	VDD	137	VSS	4	VSS	70	VDD	138	VSS
5	DQ0	71	CB0	139	DQ35	6	DQ4	72	CB4	140	DQ39
7	DQ1	73	CB1	141	DQ40	8	DQ5	74	CB5	142	DQ44
9	VDD	75	VSS	143	VDD	10	VDD	76	VSS	144	VDD
11	DQS0	77	DQS8	145	DQ41	12	DM0	78	DM8	146	DQ45
13	DQ2	79	CB2	147	DQS5	14	DQ6	80	CB6	148	DM5
15	VSS	81	VDD	149	VSS	16	VSS	82	VDD	150	VSS
17	DQ3	83	CB3	151	DQ42	18	DQ7	84	CB7	152	DQ46
19	DQ8	85	DU	153	DQ43	20	DQ12	86	*DU/(RESET)	154	DQ47
21	VDD	87	VSS	155	VDD	22	VDD	88	VSS	156	$\overline{VDD}$
23	DQ9	89	CK2	157	VDD	24	DQ13	90	VSS	158	$\overline{CK1}$
25	DQS1	91	$\overline{CK2}$	159	VSS	26	DM1	92	VDD	160	CK1
27	VSS	93	VDD	161	VSS	28	VSS	94	$\overline{VDD}$	162	VSS
29	DQ10	95	CKE1	163	DQ48	30	DQ14	96	$\overline{CKE0}$	164	DQ52
31	DQ11	97	DU	165	$\overline{DQ49}$	32	DQ15	98	*DU(BA2)	166	DQ53
33	$\overline{VDD}$	99	A12	167	VDD	34	VDD	100	A11	168	VDD
35	CK0	101	A9	169	DQS6	36	VDD	102	A8	170	DM6
37	$\overline{CK0}$	103	VSS	171	DQ50	38	VSS	104	VSS	172	DQ54
39	VSS	105	A7	173	VSS	40	VSS	106	A6	174	VSS
KEY		107	A5	175	DQ51	KEY		108	A4	176	DQ55
41	DQ16	109	A3	177	DQ56	42	DQ20	110	A2	178	DQ60
43	DQ17	111	A1	179	VDD	44	DQ21	112	A0	180	VDD
45	VDD	113	VDD	181	DQ57	46	VDD	114	VDD	182	DQ61
47	DQS2	115	A10/AP	183	DQS7	48	DM2	116	BA1	184	DM7
49	DQ18	117	BA0	185	VSS	50	DQ22	118	$\overline{RAS}$	186	VSS
51	VSS	119	$\overline{WE}$	187	DQ58	52	VSS	120	$\overline{CAS}$	188	DQ62
53	DQ19	121	$\overline{CS0}$	189	DQ59	54	DQ23	122	$\overline{CS1}$	190	DQ63
55	DQ24	123	*DU(A13)	191	VDD	56	DQ28	124	DU	192	VDD
57	VDD	125	VSS	193	SDA	58	VDD	126	VSS	194	SA0
59	DQ25	127	DQ32	195	SCL	60	DQ29	128	DQ36	196	SA1
61	DQS3	129	DQ33	197	VDDSPD	62	DM3	130	DQ37	198	SA2
63	VSS	131	VDD	199	VDDID	64	VSS	132	VDD	200	DU
65	DQ26	133	DQS4			66	DQ30	134	DM4		

Note :
1. * : These pins are not used in this module.
2. Pins 71, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 79, 80, 83, 84 are not used on x64(M470~) module, & used on x72(M485 ~) module.
3. Pins 95,122 are NC for 1Row module & used for 2Row moule(M470L6524DU0).

5.0 Pin Description

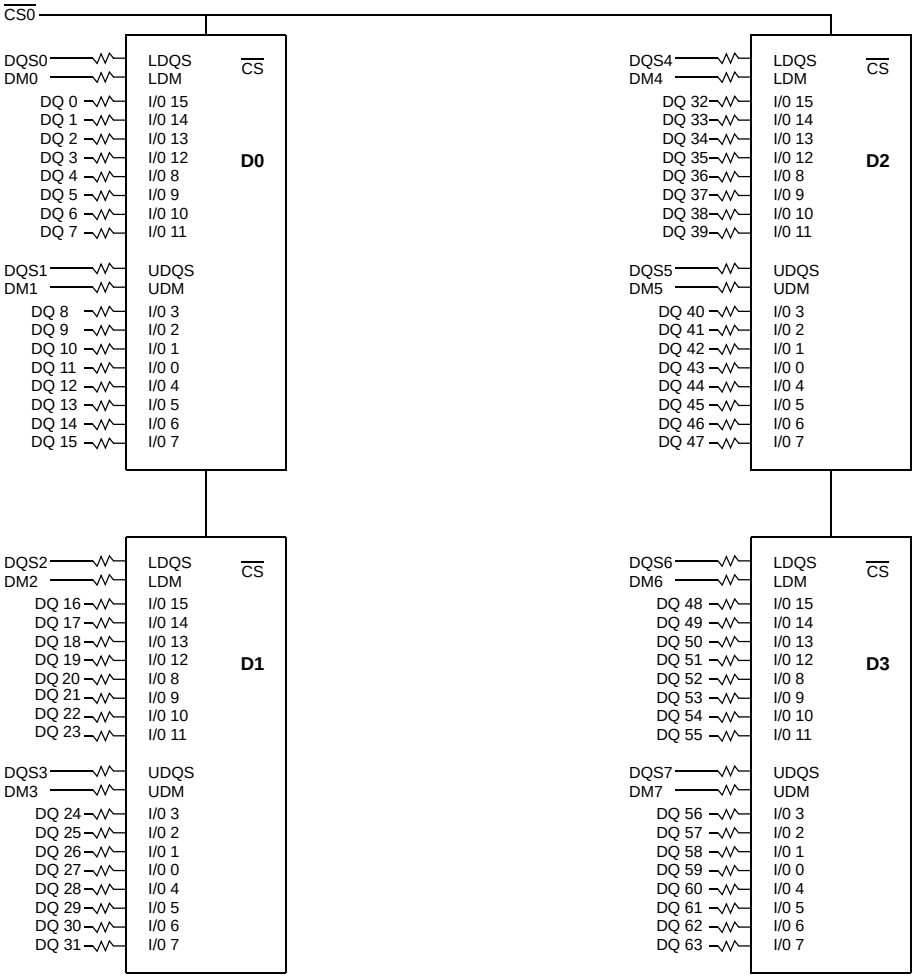
Pin Name	Function	Pin Name	Function
A0 ~ A12	Address input (Multiplexed)	DM0 ~7,8(for ECC)	Data - in mask
BA0 ~ BA1A	Bank Select Address	VDD	Power supply (2.5V for DDR266/333, 2.6V for DDR400)
DQ0 ~ DQ63	Data input/output	VDDQ	Power Supply for DQS (2.5V for DDR266/333, 2.6V for DDR400)
DQS0 ~ DQS8	Data Strobe input/output	VSS	Ground
CK0,$\overline{CK0}$ ~ CK2, $\overline{CK2}$	Clock input	VREF	Power supply for reference
CKE0, CKE1(for double banks)	Clock enable input	VDDSPD	Serial EEPROM Power/Supply (2.3V to 3.6V)
$\overline{CS0}$, $\overline{CS1}$(for double banks)	Chip select input	SDA	Serial data I/O
$\overline{RAS}$	Row address strobe	SCL	Serial clock
$\overline{CAS}$	Column address strobe	SA0 ~ 2	Address in EEPROM
$\overline{WE}$	Write enable	VDDID	VDD, VDDQ level detection
CB0 ~ CB7(for x72 module)	Check bit(Data-in/data-out)	NC	No connection

Note : VDDID defines relationship of VDD and VDDQ, and the default status of it is open (VDD=VDDQ)

6.0 Functional Block Diagram

6.1 256MB, 32M x 64 Non ECC Module (M470L3324DU0)

(Populated as 1 bank of x16 DDR SDRAM Module)



BA0 - BA1 → BA0-BA1: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D3

A0 - A12 → A0-A12: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D3

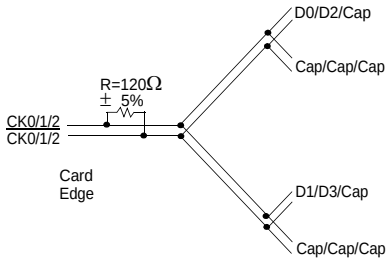
$\overline{RAS}$ → $\overline{RAS}$: SDRAMs D0 - D3

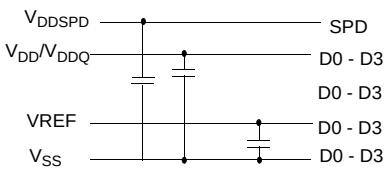
$\overline{CAS}$ → $\overline{CAS}$: SDRAMs D0 - D3

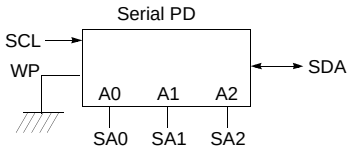
CKE0 → CKE: SDRAMs D0 - D3

$\overline{WE}$ → $\overline{WE}$: SDRAMs D0 - D3

Clock Wiring	
Clock Input	SDRAMs
CK0/CK0 CK1/CK1 CK2/CK2	2 SDRAMs 2 SDRAMs NC



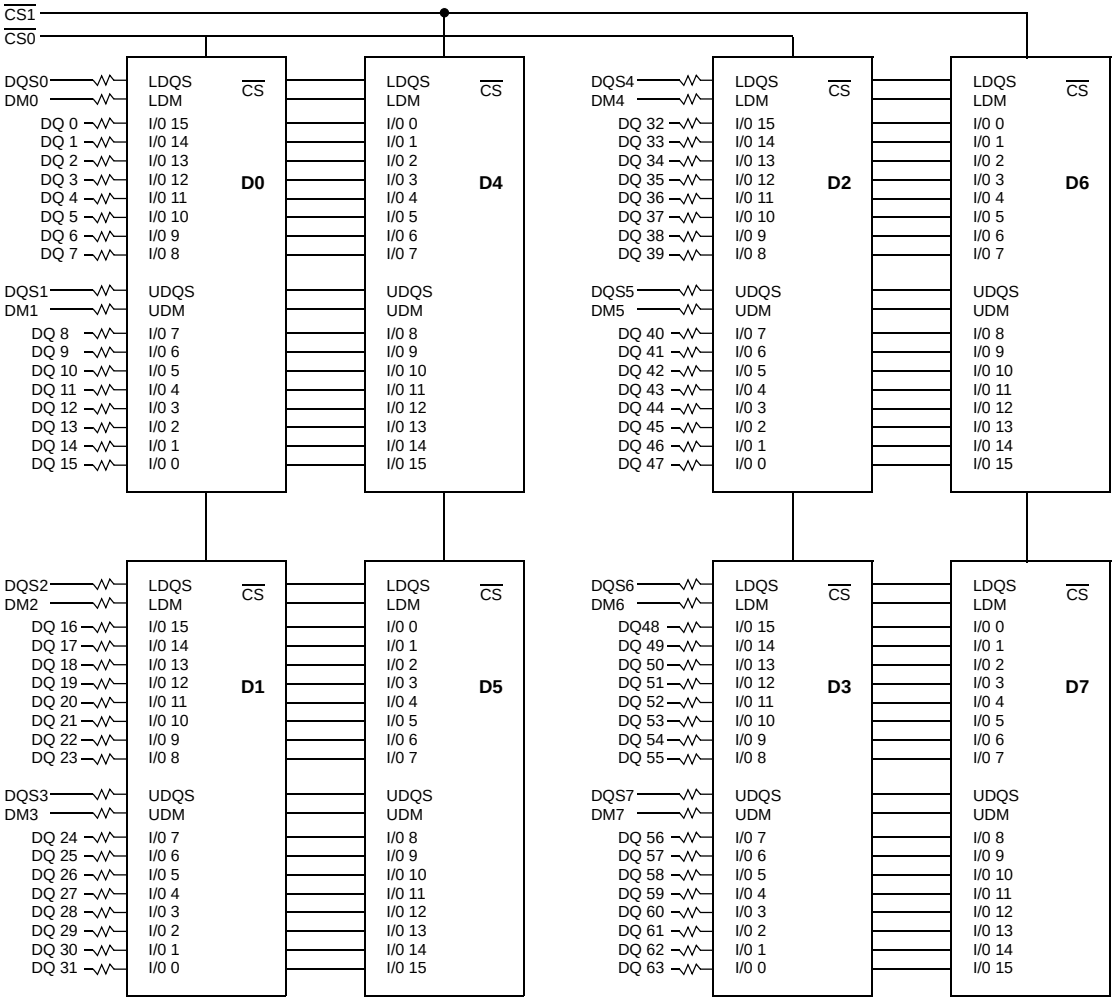




Notes:
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
2. DQ/DQS/DM/CKE/CS relationships must be maintained as shown.
3. DQ, DQS, DM/DQS resistors: 22 Ohms.

6.2 512MB, 64M x 64 Non ECC Module (M470L6524DU0)

(Populated as 2 bank of x16 DDR SDRAM Module)



BA0 - BA1 → BA0-BA1: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D7

A0 - A12 → A0-A12: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D7

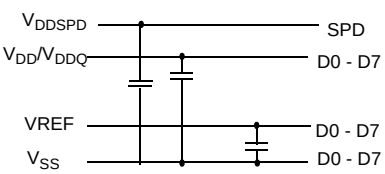
$\overline{RAS}$ → $\overline{RAS}$: SDRAMs D0 - D7

$\overline{CAS}$ → $\overline{CAS}$: SDRAMs D0 - D7

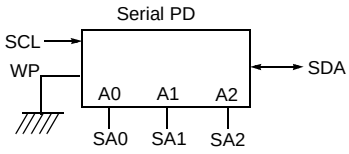
CKE0 → CKE: SDRAMs D0 - D3

CKE1 → CKE: SDRAMs D4 - D7

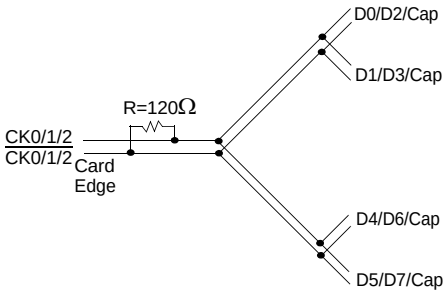
$\overline{WE}$ → $\overline{WE}$: SDRAMs D0 - D7



Clock Wiring	
Clock Input	SDRAMs
CK0/CK0 CK1/CK1 CK2/CK2	4 SDRAMs 4 SDRAMs NC



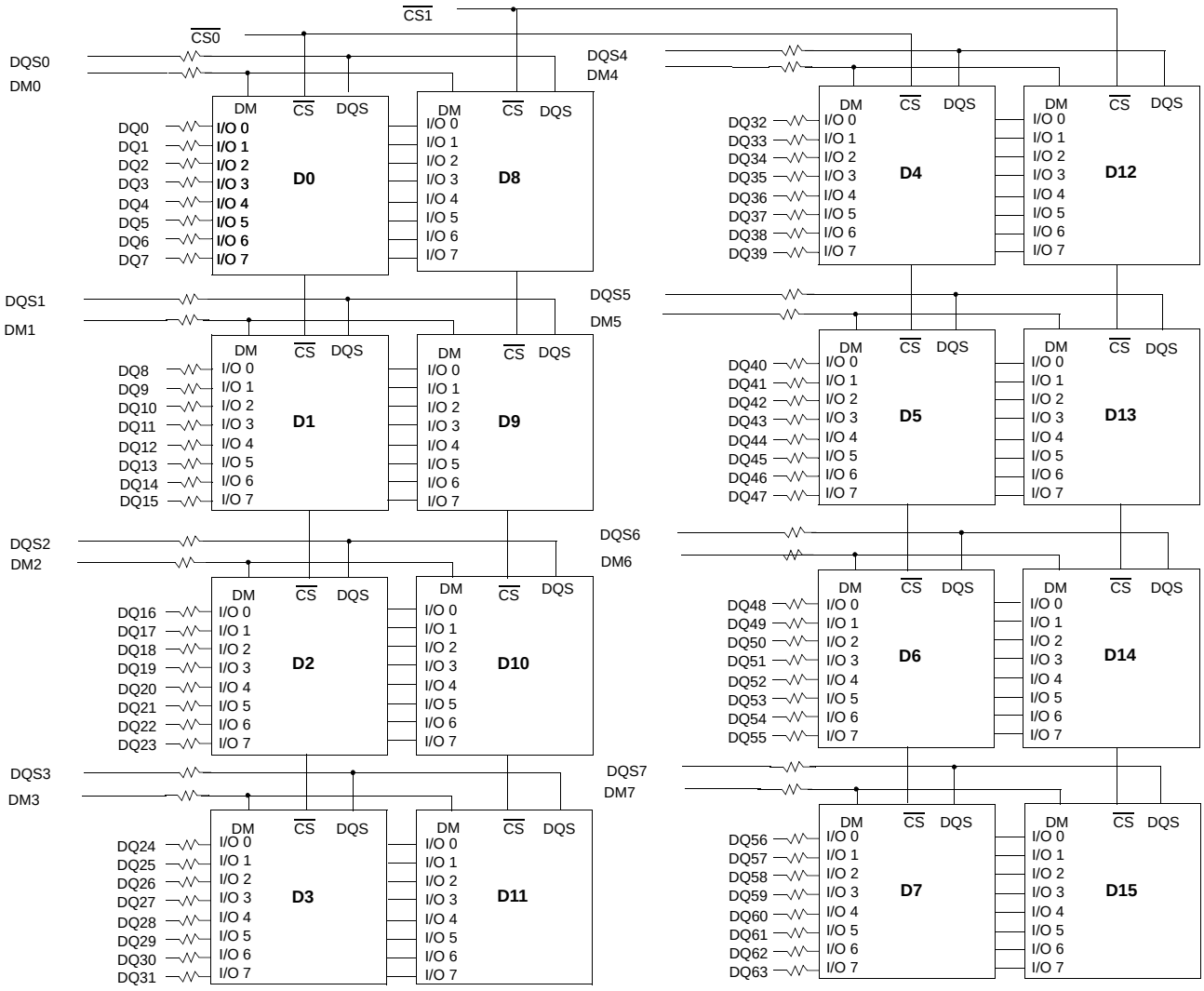
*Clock Net Wiring



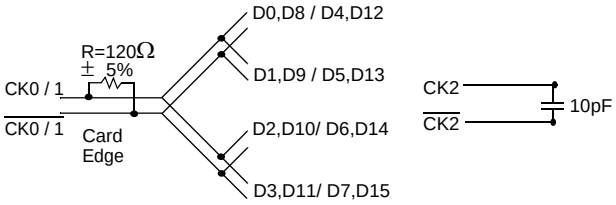
Notes:
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
2. DQ/DQS/DM/CKE/CS relationships must be maintained as shown.
3. DQ, DQS, DM/DQS resistors: 22 Ohms.

6.3 1GB, 128M x 64 Non ECC Module (M470L2923DV0)

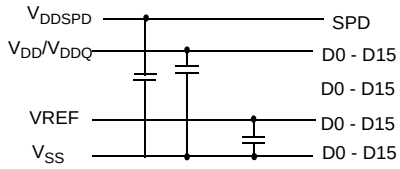
(Populated as 2 bank of x8 DDR SDRAM Module)



BA0 - BA1	→	BA0-BA1: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
A0 - A12	→	A0-A12 : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
$\overline{RAS}$	→	$\overline{RAS}$: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
$\overline{CAS}$	→	$\overline{CAS}$: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
CKE1	→	CKE : DDR SDRAMs D8 - D15
CKE0	→	CKE : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D7
$\overline{WE}$	→	$\overline{WE}$: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15



*Clock Net Wiring



Notes :
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
2. DQ/DQS/DM/CKE/$\overline{CS}$ relationships must be maintained as shown
3. DQ, DQS, DM/DQS resistors: 22 Ohm.

7.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS}	V_{IN},V_{OUT}	-0.5 ~ 3.6	V
Voltage on V_{DD} & V_{DDQ} supply relative to V_{SS}	V_{DD},V_{DDQ}	-1.0 ~ 3.6	V
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-55 ~ +150	°C
Power dissipation	P_D	1.5 * # of component	W
Short circuit current	I_{OS}	50	mA

Note :
Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded.
Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.
Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

8.0 DC Operating Conditions

Recommended operating conditions(Voltage referenced to V_{SS}=0V, T_A=0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage(for device with a nominal V_{DD} of 2.5V for DDR266/333)	V_{DD}	2.3	2.7	V	
Supply voltage(for device with a nominal V_{DD} of 2.6V for DDR400)	V_{DD}	2.5	2.7	V	
I/O Supply voltage(for device with a nominal V_{DD} of 2.5V for DDR266/333)	V_{DDQ}	2.3	2.7	V	
I/O Supply voltage(for device with a nominal V_{DD} of 2.6V for DDR400)	V_{DDQ}	2.5	2.7	V	
I/O Reference voltage	V_{REF}	0.49*VDDQ	0.51*VDDQ	V	1
I/O Termination voltage(system)	V_{TT}	V_{REF}-0.04	V_{REF}+0.04	V	2
Input logic high voltage	V_{IH}(DC)	V_{REF}+0.15	V_{DDQ}+0.3	V	
Input logic low voltage	V_{IL}(DC)	-0.3	V_{REF}-0.15	V	
Input Voltage Level, CK and $\overline{CK}$ inputs	V_{IN}(DC)	-0.3	V_{DDQ}+0.3	V	
Input Differential Voltage, CK and $\overline{CK}$ inputs	V_{ID}(DC)	0.36	V_{DDQ}+0.6	V	3
V-I Matching: Pullup to Pulldown Current Ratio	VI(Ratio)	0.71	1.4	-	4
Input leakage current	I_I	-2	2	uA	
Output leakage current	I_{OZ}	-5	5	uA	
Output High Current(Normal strengh driver) ;V_{OUT} = V_{TT} + 0.84V	I_{OH}	-16.8		mA	
Output High Current(Normal strengh driver) ;V_{OUT} = V_{TT} - 0.84V	I_{OL}	16.8		mA	
Output High Current(Half strengh driver) ;V_{OUT} = V_{TT} + 0.45V	I_{OH}	-9		mA	
Output High Current(Half strengh driver) ;V_{OUT} = V_{TT} - 0.45V	I_{OL}	9		mA	

Note :
1. V_{REF} is expected to be equal to 0.5*V_{DDQ} of the transmitting device, and to track variations in the dc level of same. Peak-to peak noise on V_{REF} may not exceed +/-2% of the dc value.
2. V_{TT} is not applied directly to the device. V_{TT} is a system supply for signal termination resistors, is expected to be set equal to V_{REF}, and must track variations in the DC level of V_{REF}.
3. V_{ID} is the magnitude of the difference between the input level on CK and the input level on $\overline{CK}$.
4. The ratio of the pullup current to the pulldown current is specified for the same temperature and voltage, over the entire temperature and voltage range, for device drain to source voltages from 0.25V to 1.0V. For a given output, it represents the maximum difference between pullup and pulldown drivers due to process variation. The full variation in the ratio of the maximum to minimum pullup and pulldown current will not exceed 1.7 for device drain to source voltages from 0.1 to 1.0.

9.0 DDR SDRAM IDD spec table

9.1 M470L3324DU0 [(32M x 64) 256MB Module]

(V_{DD}=2.7V, T = 10°C)

Symbol		CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)	Unit	Notes
IDD0		480	420	380	380	mA	
IDD1		640	560	520	520	mA	
IDD2P		20	20	20	20	mA	
IDD2F		120	120	120	120	mA	
IDD2Q		100	100	100	100	mA	
IDD3P		180	120	120	120	mA	
IDD3N		240	180	180	180	mA	
IDD4R		760	680	620	620	mA	
IDD4W		860	740	640	640	mA	
IDD5		880	820	780	780	mA	
IDD6	Normal	20	20	20	20	mA	
	Low power	12	12	12	12	mA	Optional
IDD7A		1,600	1,520	1,380	1,380	mA	

* Module IDD was calculated on the basis of component IDD and can be differently measured according to DQ loading cap.

9.2 M470L6524DU0 [(64M x 64) 512MB Module]

(V_{DD}=2.7V, T = 10°C)

Symbol		CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)	Unit	Notes
IDD0		720	600	560	560	mA	
IDD1		880	740	700	700	mA	
IDD2P		40	40	40	40	mA	
IDD2F		240	240	240	240	mA	
IDD2Q		200	200	200	200	mA	
IDD3P		360	240	240	240	mA	
IDD3N		480	360	360	360	mA	
IDD4R		1,000	860	800	800	mA	
IDD4W		1,100	920	820	820	mA	
IDD5		1,120	1,000	960	960	mA	
IDD6	Normal	40	40	40	40	mA	
	Low power	24	24	24	24	mA	Optional
IDD7A		1,840	1,700	1,560	1,560	mA	

* Module IDD was calculated on the basis of component IDD and can be differently measured according to DQ loading cap.

9.3 M470L2923DV0 [(128M x 64) 1GB Module]

(V_{DD}=2.7V, T = 10°C)

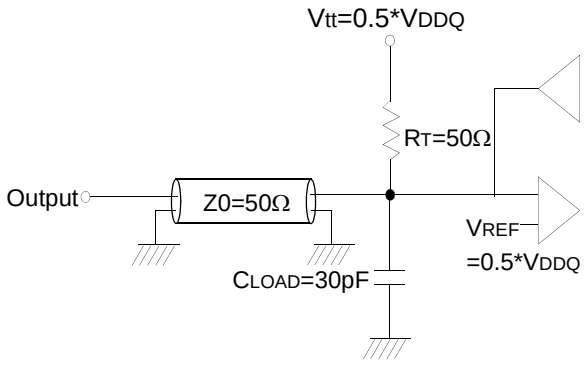
Symbol		CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)	Unit	Notes
IDD0		1,440	1,200	1,120	1,120	mA	
IDD1		1,680	1,440	1,360	1,360	mA	
IDD2P		80	80	80	80	mA	
IDD2F		480	480	480	480	mA	
IDD2Q		400	400	400	400	mA	
IDD3P		720	480	480	480	mA	
IDD3N		960	720	720	720	mA	
IDD4R		1,720	1,480	1,360	1,360	mA	
IDD4W		1,880	1,560	1,400	1,400	mA	
IDD5		2,240	2,000	1,920	1,920	mA	
IDD6	Normal	80	80	80	80	mA	
	Low power	48	48	48	48	mA	Optional
IDD7A		3,560	3,240	2,960	2,960	mA	

* Module IDD was calculated on the basis of component IDD and can be differently measured according to DQ loading cap.

10.0 AC Operating Conditions

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage, DQ, DQS and DM signals	VIH(AC)	VREF + 0.31		V	3
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage, DQ, DQS and DM signals.	VIL(AC)		VREF - 0.31	V	3
Input Differential Voltage, CK and CK inputs	VID(AC)	0.7	VDDQ+0.6	V	1
Input Crossing Point Voltage, CK and CK inputs	VIX(AC)	0.5*VDDQ-0.2	0.5*VDDQ+0.2	V	2

Note :
1. VID is the magnitude of the difference between the input level on CK and the input on $\overline{CK}$.
2. The value of V_{IX} is expected to equal 0.5*V_{DDQ} of the transmitting device and must track variations in the DC level of the same.
3. These parameters should be tested at the pim on actual components and may be checked at either the pin or the pad in simulation. the AC and DC input specificatims are refation to a Vref envelope that has been bandwidth limited 20MHz.



Output Load Circuit (SSTL_2)

11.0 Input/Output Capacitance

(TA= 25°C, f=100MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	M470L3324DU0		M470L6524DU0		M470L2923DV0		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input capacitance(A0 ~ A12, BA0 ~ BA1,$\overline{RAS}$,$\overline{CAS}$,$\overline{WE}$)	CIN1	41	45	49	57	65	81	pF
Input capacitance(CKE0,CKE1)	CIN2	34	38	42	50	42	50	pF
Input capacitance($\overline{CS0}$, $\overline{CS1}$)	CIN3	34	38	42	50	42	50	pF
Input capacitance(CLK0, CLK1,CLK2)	CIN4	25	30	25	30	28	34	pF
Input capacitance(DM0~DM7)	CIN5	6	7	6	7	10	12	pF
Data & DQS input/output capacitance(DQ0~DQ63)	Cout1	6	7	6	7	10	12	pF

12.0 AC Timming Parameters & Specifications

Parameter		Symbol	CC (DDR400@CL=3.0)		B3 (DDR333@CL=2.5)		A2 (DDR266@CL=2.0)		B0 (DDR266@CL=2.5)		Unit	Note
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Row cycle time		tRC	55		60		65		65		ns	
Refresh row cycle time		tRFC	70		72		75		75		ns	
Row active time		tRAS	40	70K	42	70K	45	70K	45	70K	ns	
RAS to CAS delay		tRCD	15		18		20		20		ns	
Row precharge time		tRP	15		18		20		20		ns	
Row active to Row active delay		tRRD	10		12		15		15		ns	
Write recovery time		tWR	15		15		15		15		ns	
Last data in to Read command		tWTR	2		1		1		1		tCK	
Clock cycle time	CL=2.0	tCK	-	-	7.5	12	7.5	12	10	12	ns	
	CL=2.5		6	12	6	12	7.5	12	7.5	12	ns	
	CL=3.0		5	10	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Clock high level width		tCH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
Clock low level width		tCL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
DQS-out access time from CK/CK		tDQSCK	-0.55	+0.55	-0.6	+0.6	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns	
Output data access time from CK/CK		tAC	-0.65	+0.65	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns	
Data strobe edge to ouput data edge		tDQSQ	-	0.4	-	0.45	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns	22
Read Preamble		tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK	
Read Postamble		tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
CK to valid DQS-in		tDQSS	0.72	1.28	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	tCK	
DQS-in setup time		tWPRES	0		0		0		0		ns	13
DQS-in hold time		tWPRE	0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		tCK	
DQS falling edge to CK rising-setup time		tDSS	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		tCK	
DQS falling edge from CK rising-hold time		tDSH	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		tCK	
DQS-in high level width		tDQSH	0.35		0.35		0.35		0.35		tCK	
DQS-in low level width		tDQSL	0.35		0.35		0.35		0.35		tCK	
Address and Control Input setup time(fast)		tIS	0.6		0.75		0.9		0.9		ns	15, 17~19
Address and Control Input hold time(fast)		tIH	0.6		0.75		0.9		0.9		ns	15, 17~19
Address and Control Input setup		tIS	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.0		ns	16~19
Address and Control Input hold time(slow)		tIH	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.0		ns	16~19
Data-out high impedence time from CK/CK		tHZ	-0.65	+0.65	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns	11
Data-out low impedence time from CK/CK		tLZ	-0.65	+0.65	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns	11
Mode register set cycle time		tMRD	10		12		15		15		ns	
DQ & DM setup time to DQS		tDS	0.4		0.45		0.5		0.5		ns	j, k
DQ & DM hold time to DQS		tDH	0.4		0.45		0.5		0.5		ns	j, k
Control & Address input pulse width		tIPW	2.2		2.2		2.2		2.2		ns	18
DQ & DM input pulse width		tDIPW	1.75		1.75		1.75		1.75		ns	18
Exit self refresh to non-Read command		tXSNR	75		75		75		75		ns	
Exit self refresh to read command		tXSRD	200		200		200		200		tCK	
Refresh interval time		tREFI		7.8		7.8		7.8		7.8	us	14
Output DQS valid window		tQH	tHP -tQHS	-	tHP -tQHS	-	tHP -tQHS	-	tHP -tQHS	-	ns	21
Clock half period		tHP	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	ns	20, 21
Data hold skew factor		tQHS		0.5		0.55		0.75		0.75	ns	21
DQS write postamble time		tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	12
Active to Read with Auto precharge command		tRAP	15		18		20		20			
Autoprecharge write recovery + Precharge time		tDAL	(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		tCK	23

13.0 System Characteristics for DDR SDRAM

The following specification parameters are required in systems using DDR333, DDR266 devices to ensure proper system performance. these characteristics are for system simulation purposes and are guaranteed by design.

Table 1 : Input Slew Rate for DQ, DQS, and DM

AC CHARACTERISTICS		DDR333		DDR266			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Units	Notes
DQ/DM/DQS input slew rate measured between VIH(DC), VIL(DC) and VIL(DC), VIH(DC)	DCSLEW	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	V/ns	a, m

Table 2 : Input Setup & Hold Time Derating for Slew Rate

Input Slew Rate	ΔtIS	ΔtIH	Units	Notes
0.5 V/ns	0	0	ps	i
0.4 V/ns	+50	0	ps	i
0.3 V/ns	+100	0	ps	i

Table 3 : Input/Output Setup & Hold Time Derating for Slew Rate

Input Slew Rate	ΔtDS	ΔtDH	Units	Notes
0.5 V/ns	0	0	ps	k
0.4 V/ns	+75	+75	ps	k
0.3 V/ns	+150	+150	ps	k

Table 4 : Input/Output Setup & Hold Derating for Rise/Fall Delta Slew Rate

Delta Slew Rate	ΔtDS	ΔtDH	Units	Notes
+/- 0.0 V/ns	0	0	ps	j
+/- 0.25 V/ns	+50	+50	ps	j
+/- 0.5 V/ns	+100	+100	ps	j

Table 5 : Output Slew Rate Characteristice (X4, X8 Devices only)

Slew Rate Characteristic	Typical Range (V/ns)	Minimum (V/ns)	Maximum (V/ns)	Notes
Pullup Slew Rate	1.2 ~ 2.5	1.0	4.5	a,c,d,f,g,h
Pulldown slew	1.2 ~ 2.5	1.0	4.5	b,c,d,f,g,h

Table 6 : Output Slew Rate Characteristice (X16 Devices only)

Slew Rate Characteristic	Typical Range (V/ns)	Minimum (V/ns)	Maximum (V/ns)	Notes
Pullup Slew Rate	1.2 ~ 2.5	0.7	5.0	a,c,d,f,g,h
Pulldown slew	1.2 ~ 2.5	0.7	5.0	b,c,d,f,g,h

Table 7 : Output Slew Rate Matching Ratio Characteristics

AC CHARACTERISTICS	DDR333		DDR266		
PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Notes
Output Slew Rate Matching Ratio (Pullup to Pulldown)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	e,m

14.0 Component Notes

1. All voltages referenced to Vss.
2. Tests for ac timing, IDD, and electrical, ac and dc characteristics, may be conducted at nominal reference/supply voltage levels, but the related specifications and device operation are guaranteed for the full voltage range specified.
3. Figure 1 represents the timing reference load used in defining the relevant timing parameters of the part. It is not intended to be either a precise representation of the typical system environment nor a depiction of the actual load presented by a production tester. System designers will use IBIS or other simulation tools to correlate the timing reference load to a system environment. Manufacturers will correlate to their production test conditions (generally a coaxial transmission line terminated at the tester electronics).

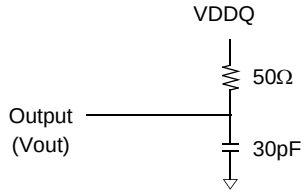


Figure 1 : Timing Reference Load

4. AC timing and IDD tests may use a VIL to VIH swing of up to 1.5 V in the test environment, but input timing is still referenced to VREF (or to the crossing point for CK/CK), and parameter specifications are guaranteed for the specified ac input levels under normal use conditions. The minimum slew rate for the input signals is 1 V/ns in the range between VIL(ac) and VIH(ac).
5. The ac and dc input level specifications are as defined in the SSTL_2 Standard (i.e., the receiver will effectively switch as a result of the signal crossing the ac input level and will remain in that state as long as the signal does not ring back above (below) the dc input LOW (HIGH) level.
6. Inputs are not recognized as valid until VREF stabilizes. Exception: during the period before VREF stabilizes, CKE ≤ 0.2VDDQ is recognized as LOW.
7. Enables on.chip refresh and address counters.
8. IDD specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized.
9. The CK/$\overline{CK}$ input reference level (for timing referenced to CK/$\overline{CK}$) is the point at which CK and $\overline{CK}$ cross; the input reference level for signals other than CK/$\overline{CK}$, is VREF.
10. The output timing reference voltage level is VTT.
11. tHZ and tLZ transitions occur in the same access time windows as valid data transitions. These parameters are not referenced to a specific voltage level but specify when the device output is no longer driving (HZ), or begins driving (LZ).
12. The maximum limit for this parameter is not a device limit. The device will operate with a greater value for this parameter, but sys tem performance (bus turnaround) will degrade accordingly.
13. The specific requirement is that DQS be valid (HIGH, LOW, or at some point on a valid transition) on or before this CK edge. A valid transition is defined as monotonic and meeting the input slew rate specifications of the device. when no writes were previ ously in progress on the bus, DQS will be tran sitioning from High- Z to logic LOW. If a previous write was in progress, DQS could be HIGH, LOW, or transitioning from HIGH to LOW at this time, depending on tDQSS.
14. A maximum of eight AUTO REFRESH commands can be posted to any given DDR SDRAM device.
15. For command/address input slew rate ≥ 1.0 V/ns
16. For command/address input slew rate ≥ 0.5 V/ns and < 1.0 V/ns
17. For CK & $\overline{CK}$ slew rate ≥ 1.0 V/ns
18. These parameters guarantee device timing, but they are not necessarily tested on each device. They may be guaranteed by device design or tester correlation.
19. Slew Rate is measured between VOH(ac) and VOL(ac).
20. Min (tCL, tCH) refers to the smaller of the actual clock low time and the actual clock high time as provided to the device (i.e. this value can be greater than the minimum specification limits for tCL and tCH).....For example, tCL and tCH are = 50% of the period, less the half period jitter (tJIT(HP)) of the clock source, and less the half period jitter due to crosstalk (tJIT(crosstalk)) into the clock traces.
21. tQH = tHP - tQHS, where:
    tHP = minimum half clock period for any given cycle and is defined by clock high or clock low (tCH, tCL). tQHS accounts for 1) The pulse duration distortion of on-chip clock circuits; and 2) The worst case push-out of DQS on one tansition followed by the worst case pull-in of DQ on the next transition, both of which are, separately, due to data pin skew and output pattern effects, and p channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers.
22. tDQSQ - Consists of data pin skew and output pattern effects, and p-channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers for any given cycle.
23. tDAL = (tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)
    For each of the terms above, if not already an integer, round to the next highest integer. Example: For DDR266B at CL=2.5 and tCK=7.5ns tDAL = (15 ns / 7.5 ns) + (20 ns/ 7.5ns) = (2) + (3) tDAL = 5 clocks

15.0 System Notes:

a. Pullup slew rate is characteristized under the test conditions as shown in Figure 2.

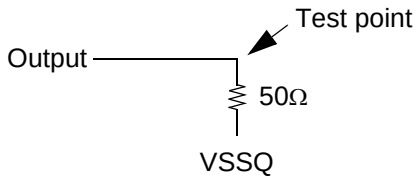


Figure 2 : Pullup slew rate test load

b. Pulldown slew rate is measured under the test conditions shown in Figure 3.

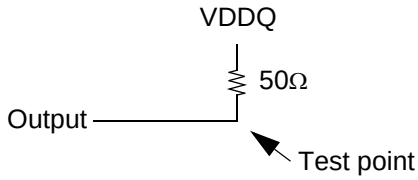


Figure 3 : Pulldown slew rate test load

c. Pullup slew rate is measured between (VDDQ/2 - 320 mV +/- 250 mV)
Pulldown slew rate is measured between (VDDQ/2 + 320 mV +/- 250 mV)
Pullup and Pulldown slew rate conditions are to be met for any pattern of data, including all outputs switching and only one output switching.
Example : For typical slew rate, DQ0 is switching
For minmum slew rate, all DQ bits are switching from either high to low, or low to high.
The remaining DQ bits remain the same as for previous state.

d. Evaluation conditions
Typical : 25 °C (T Ambient), VDDQ = 2.5V(for DDR266/333) and 2.6V(for DDR400), typical process
Minimum : 70 °C (T Ambient), VDDQ = 2.3V(for DDR266/333) and 2.5V(for DDR400), slow - slow process
Maximum : 0 °C (T Ambient), VDDQ = 2.7V(for DDR266/333) and 2.7V(for DDR400), fast - fast process

e. The ratio of pullup slew rate to pulldown slew rate is specified for the same temperature and voltage, over the entire temperature and voltage range. For a given output, it represents the maximum difference between pullup and pulldown drivers due to process variation.

f. Verified under typical conditions for qualification purposes.

g. TSOPII package divices only.

h. Only intended for operation up to 266 Mbps per pin.

i. A derating factor will be used to increase tIS and tIH in the case where the input slew rate is below 0.5V/ns as shown in Table 2. The Input slew rate is based on the lesser of the slew rates detemined by either VIH(AC) to VIL(AC) or VIH(DC) to VIL(DC), similarly for rising transitions.

j. A derating factor will be used to increase tDS and tDH in the case where DQ, DM, and DQS slew rates differ, as shown in Tables 3 & 4. Input slew rate is based on the larger of AC-AC delta rise, fall rate and DC-DC delta rise, Input slew rate is based on the lesser of the slew rates determined by either VIH(AC) to VIL(AC) or VIH(DC) to VIL(DC), similarly for rising transitions. The delta rise/fall rate is calculated as: {1/(Slew Rate1)} - {1/(Slew Rate2)}

For example : If Slew Rate 1 is 0.5 V/ns and slew Rate 2 is 0.4 V/ns, then the delta rise, fall rate is - 0.5ns/V . Using the table given, this would result in the need for an increase in tDS and tDH of 100 ps.

k. Table 3 is used to increase tDS and tDH in the case where the I/O slew rate is below 0.5 V/ns. The I/O slew rate is based on the lesser on the lesser of the AC - AC slew rate and the DC- DC slew rate. The inut slew rate is based on the lesser of the slew rates deter mined by either VIH(ac) to VIL(ac) or VIH(DC) to VIL(DC), and similarly for rising transitions.

m. DQS, DM, and DQ input slew rate is specified to prevent double clocking of data and preserve setup and hold times. Signal transi tions through the DC region must be monotonic.

16.0 Command Truth Table

(V=Valid, X=Don't Care, H=Logic High, L=Logic Low)

COMMAND			CKEn-1	CKEn	$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{RAS}$	$\overline{CAS}$	$\overline{WE}$	BA0,1	A10/AP	A0 ~ A9 A11, A12	Note
Register	Extended MRS		H	X	L	L	L	L	OP CODE			1, 2
Register	Mode Register Set		H	X	L	L	L	L	OP CODE			1, 2
Refresh	Auto Refresh		H	H	L	L	L	H	X			3
	Self Refresh	Entry		L								3
		Exit	L	H	L	H	H	H	X			3
					H	X	X	X				3
Bank Active & Row Addr.			H	X	L	L	H	H	V	Row Address (A0~A9, A11,A12)		
Read & Column Address	Auto Precharge Disable		H	X	L	H	L	H	V	L	Column Address	4
	Auto Precharge Enable									H		4
Write & Column Address	Auto Precharge Disable		H	X	L	H	L	L	V	L	Column Address	4
	Auto Precharge Enable									H		4, 6
Burst Stop			H	X	L	H	H	L	X			7
Precharge	Bank Selection		H	X	L	L	H	L	V	L	X	
	All Banks								X	H		5
Active Power Down		Entry	H	L	H	X	X	X	X			
					L	V	V	V				
		Exit	L	H	X	X	X	X				
Precharge Power Down Mode		Entry	H	L	H	X	X	X	X			
					L	H	H	H				
		Exit	L	H	H	X	X	X				
					L	V	V	V				
DM			H	X					X			8
No operation (NOP) : Not defined			H	X	H	X	X	X	X			9
					L	H	H	H				9

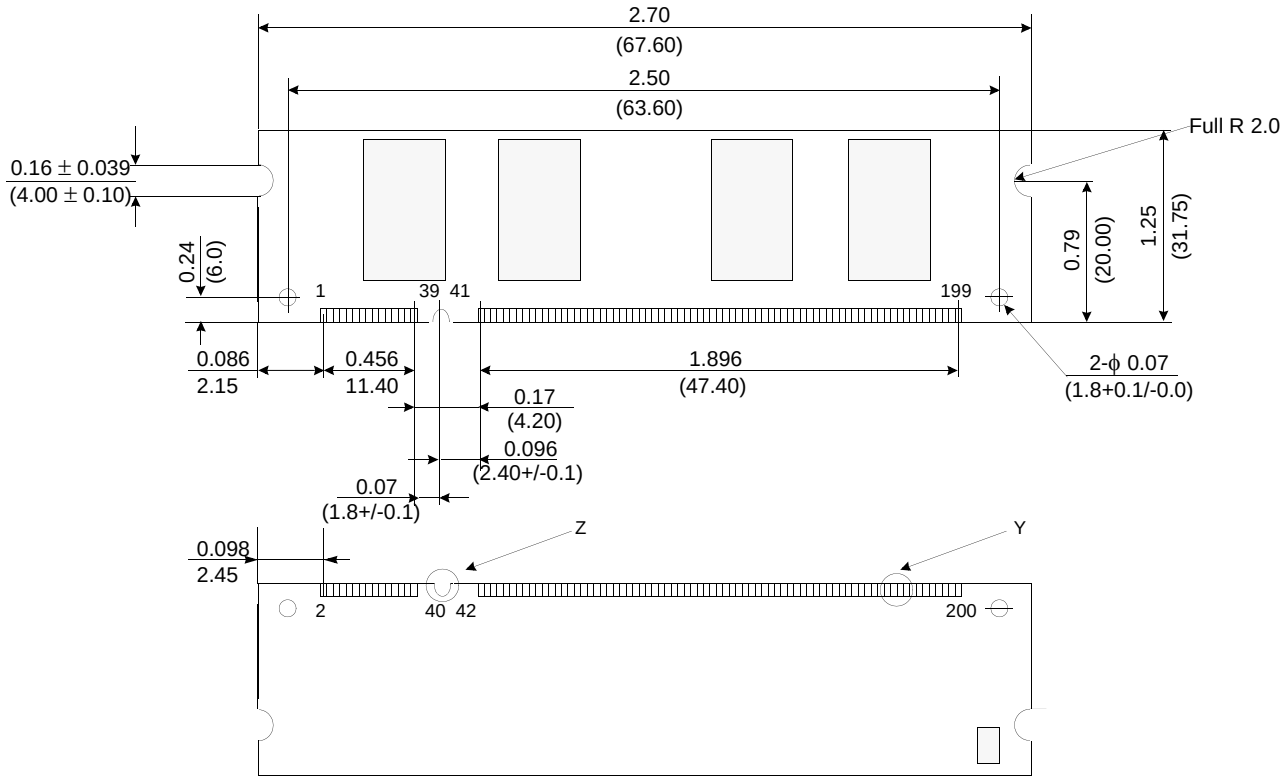
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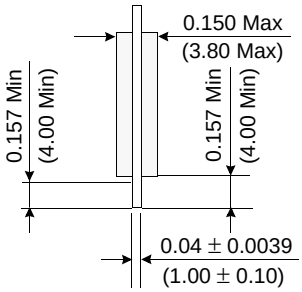
1. OP Code : Operand Code. A_0 ~ A_{12} & BA_0 ~ BA_1 : Program keys. (@EMRS/MRS)
2. EMRS/ MRS can be issued only at all banks precharge state. A new command can be issued 2 clock cycles after EMRS or MRS.
3. Auto refresh functions are same as the CBR refresh of DRAM.
   The automatical precharge without row precharge command is meant by "Auto".
   Auto/self refresh can be issued only at all banks precharge state.
4. BA_0 ~ BA_1 : Bank select addresses.
   If both BA_0 and BA_1 are "Low" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank A is selected.
   If BA_0 is "High" and BA_1 is "Low" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank B is selected.
   If BA_0 is "Low" and BA_1 is "High" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank C is selected.
   If both BA_0 and BA_1 are "High" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank D is selected.
5. If A_{10}/AP is "High" at row precharge, BA_0 and BA_1 are ignored and all banks are selected.
6. During burst write with auto precharge, new read/write command can not be issued.
   Another bank read/write command can be issued after the end of burst.
   New row active of the associated bank can be issued at t_{RP} after the end of burst.
7. Burst stop command is valid at every burst length.
8. DM sampled at the rising and falling edges of the DQS and Data-in are masked at the both edges (Write DM latency is 0).
9. This combination is not defined for any function, which means "No Operation(NOP)" in DDR SDRAM.

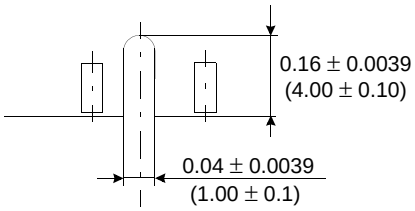
17.0 Physical Dimensions

17.1 32M x 64 (M470L3324DU0)

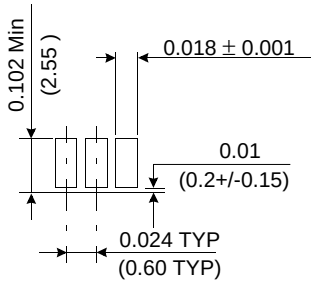
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Detail Z

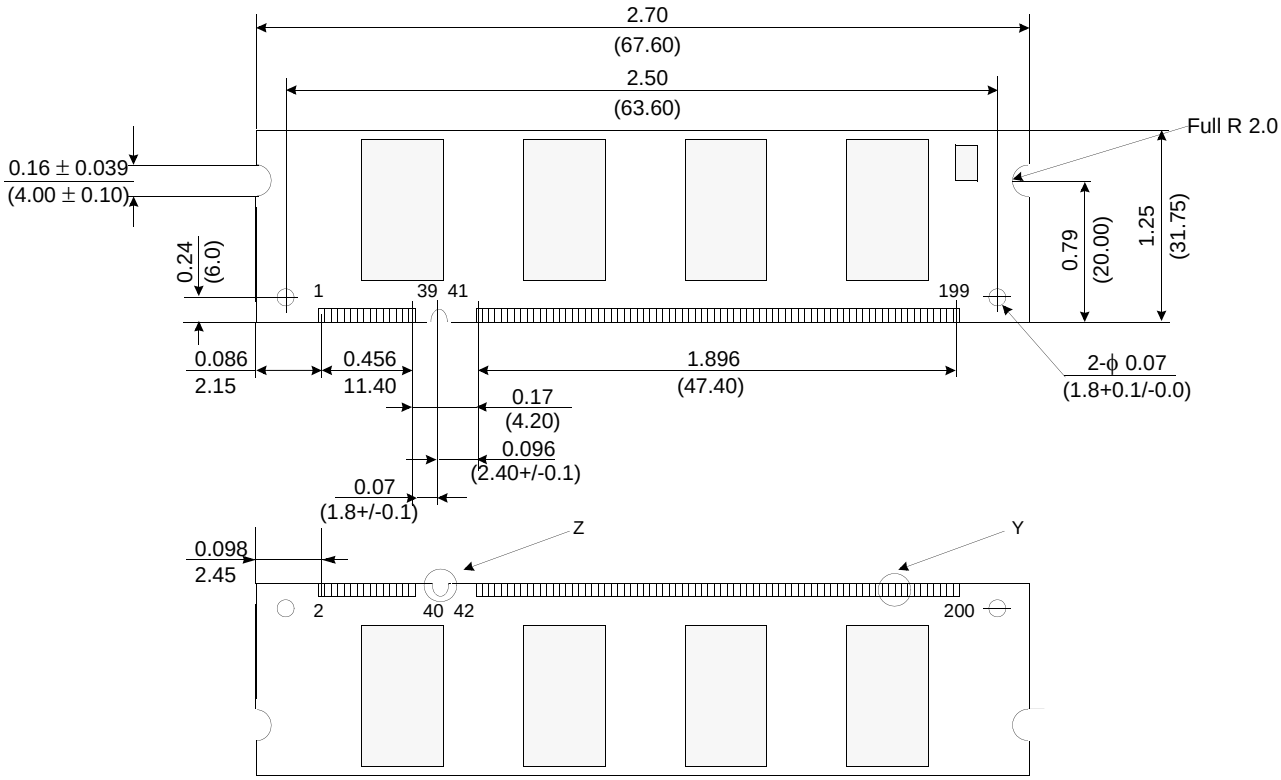


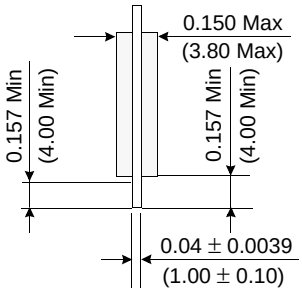
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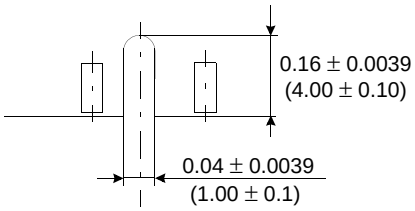
Tolerances : ±.006(.15) unless otherwise specified
The used device is 32Mx16 SDRAM, TSOPII
SDRAM Part No. : K4H511638D-U***

17.2 64Mx64 (M470L6524DU0)

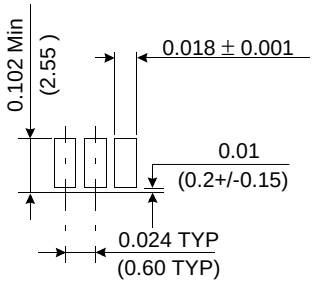
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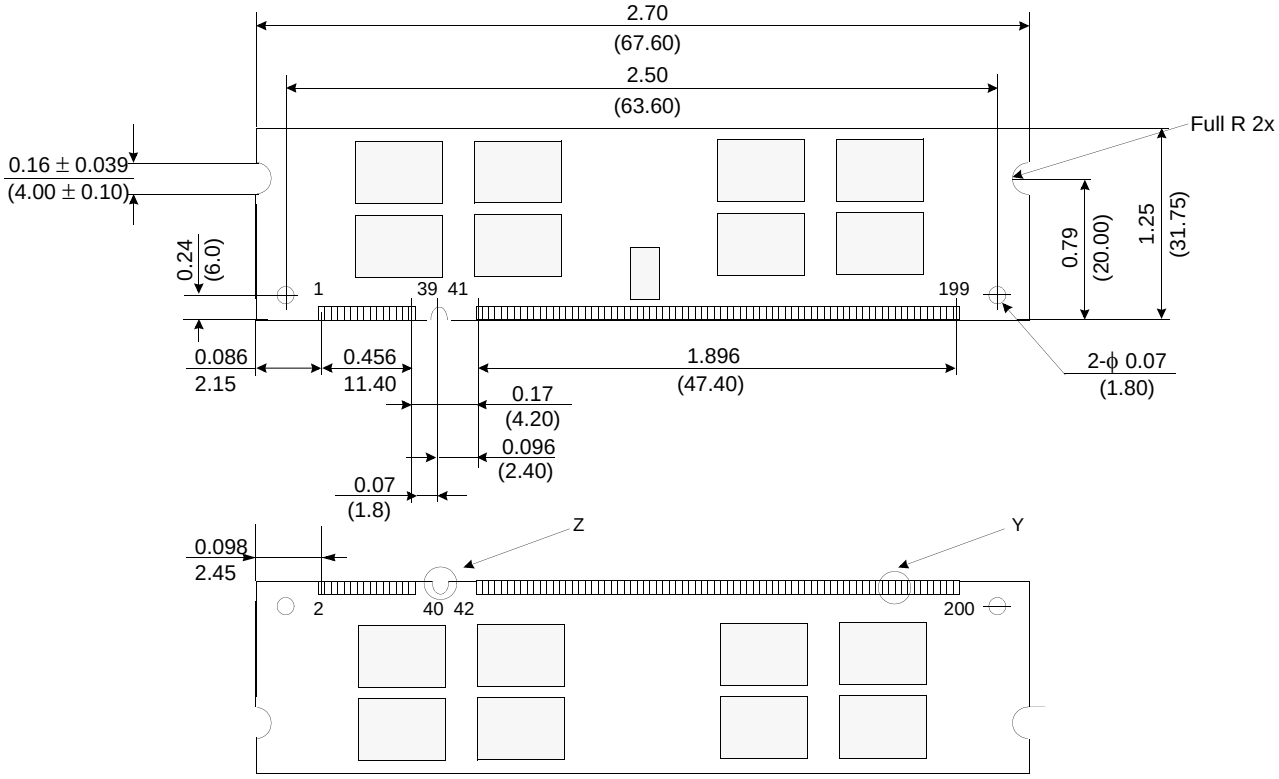


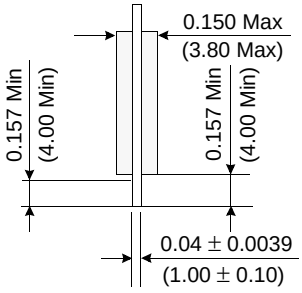
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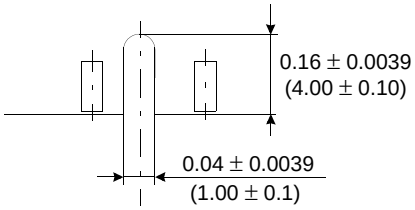
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SDRAM Part No. : K4H511638D-U***

17.3 128Mx64 (M4702923DV0)

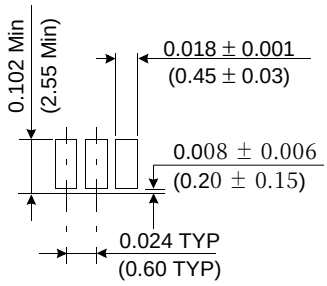
Units : Inches (Millimeters)







Detail Z



Detail Y

Tolerances : ±.006(.15) unless otherwise specified
The used device is 64Mx8 DDR SDRAM, sTSOPII-300mil
SDRAM Part No. : K4H510838D-V***