

Evaluating the **ADP7158** Ultralow Noise, 2 A, Fixed Output, RF Linear Regulator

FEATURES

Power supply rejection ratio (PSRR)

70 dB from 1 kHz to 100 kHz; 50 dB at 1 MHz,

$V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 4.0\text{ V}$

Low noise

0.9 μV rms total integrated noise from 100 Hz to 100 kHz

1.6 μV rms total integrated noise from 10 Hz to 100 kHz

Noise spectral density: 1.7 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ from 10 kHz to 1 MHz

Low dropout voltage: 200 mV typical at $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 2\text{ A}$

Maximum output current: 2 A

Input voltage range: 2.3 V to 5.5 V

Low quiescent and shutdown current

Initial accuracy: $\pm 0.6\%$ at $I_{LOAD} = 10\text{ mA}$

Accuracy over line, load, and temperature: $\pm 1.5\%$

10-lead 3mm $\times$ 3mm LFCSP package

EVALUATION KIT CONTENTS

ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ evaluation board

ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT NEEDED

A dc power supply

Multimeters for voltage and current measurements

Electronic or resistive loads

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ** evaluation board demonstrates the operation and functionality of the **ADP7158** ultralow noise, 2 A, fixed output, radio frequency (RF) linear regulator in a 10-lead LFCSP package.

Simple device measurements, such as line and load regulation, dropout voltage, and ground current, can be demonstrated using only a single voltage supply, load resistors, and a voltmeter or an ammeter.

EVALUATION BOARD LAYOUT

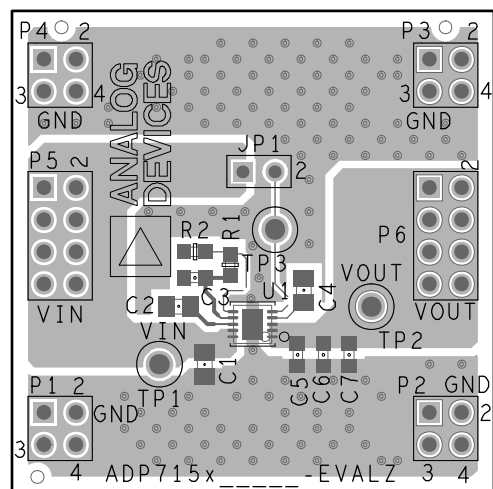


Figure 1. **ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ** Printed Circuit Board (PCB) Layout

Complete specifications for the **ADP7158** ultralow noise, 2 A, linear regulator are available in the **ADP7158** data sheet available from Analog Devices, Inc., and should be consulted in conjunction with this user guide when using the evaluation board.

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REVISION HISTORY

3/16—Revision 0: Initial Version

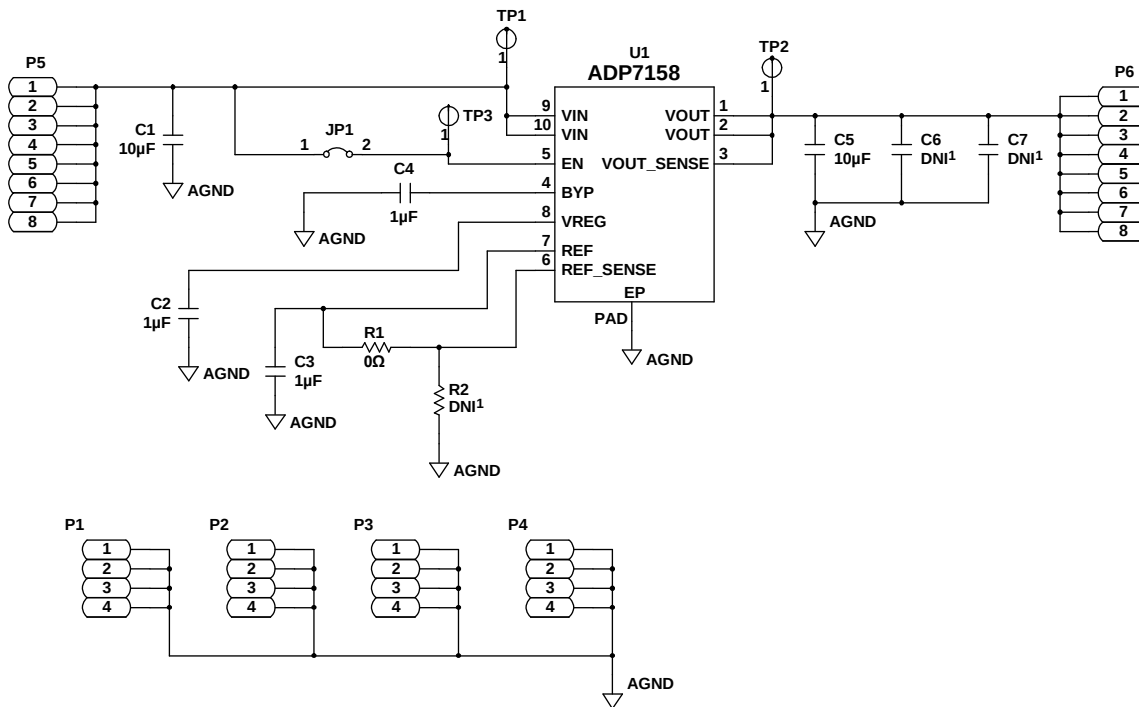
EVALUATION BOARD HARDWARE

EVALUATION BOARD CONFIGURATIONS

The [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#) evaluation board comes supplied with components as shown in Table 1. The schematics of the evaluation board configuration is shown in Figure 2. The [ADP7158](#) is available in 16 fixed output voltage options ranging from 1.2 V to 3.3 V.

Table 1. [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#) Hardware Components

Component	Description
U1	ADP7158ACPZ-3.3-R7
C1	Input bypass capacitor (C_{IN})
C2	V_{REG} bypass capacitor (C_{REG})
C3	V_{REF} bypass capacitor (C_{REF})
C4	Bypass capacitor (C_{BYP})
C5	Output capacitor (C_{OUT})
C6, C7	Optional output capacitors (not installed in the evaluation board)
R1	Reference short resistor
R2	Reference resistor for adjustable output versions only (not installed in the evaluation board for fixed output versions)
JP1	Jumper (connects the EN pin to the VIN pin for automatic startup)



¹DNI = DO NOT INSTALL. DO NOT INSTALL THIS COMPONENT IN THE EVALUATION BOARD.

Figure 2. [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#) Evaluation Board Schematic

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OUTPUT VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

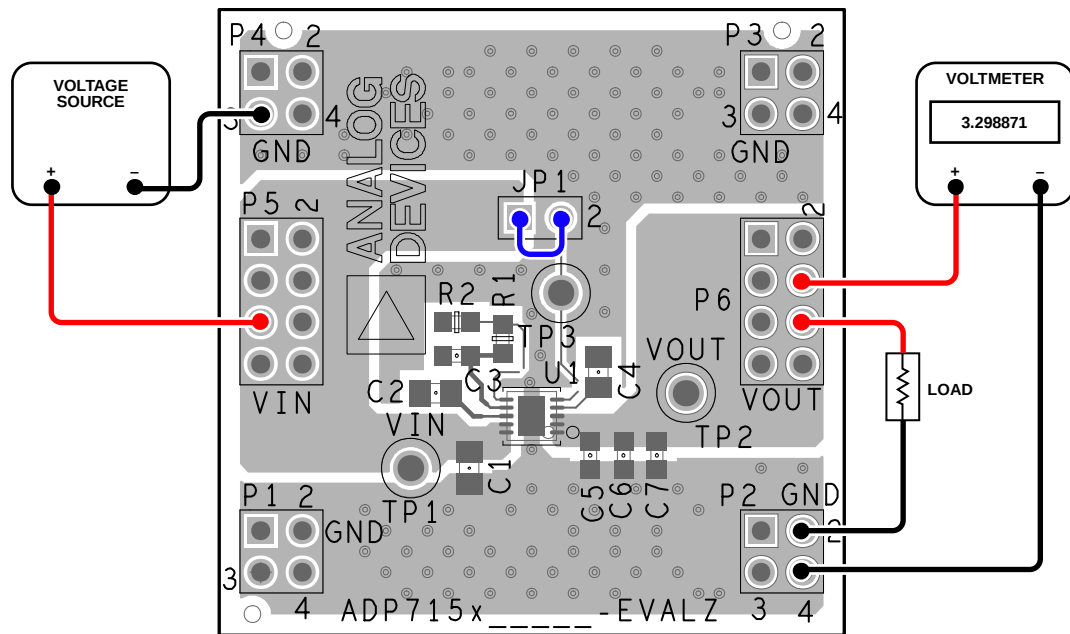


Figure 3. Output Voltage Measurement Setup for the [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#)

Figure 3 shows the connections to a voltage source and a voltmeter for basic output voltage accuracy measurements for the [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#). Use a resistor as the load for the regulator. Ensure the resistor has a power rating that can handle the power dissipated across it. An electronic load can also be used as an alternative to using a resistor load. Ensure the voltage source supplies enough current for the expected load levels.

The steps on how to connect the [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#) to a voltage source and a voltmeter are as follows:

1. Connect the negative terminal of the voltage source to one of the GND pins on the evaluation board.
2. Connect the positive terminal of the voltage source to the VIN pin on the evaluation board.

3. Connect a load between the evaluation board VOUT pin and one of the GND pins.
4. Connect the negative terminal of the voltmeter to one of the GND pins on the evaluation board.
5. Connect the positive terminal of the voltmeter to the evaluation board VOUT pin on the evaluation board.

When these steps are complete, turn on the voltage source. If the JP1 jumper is inserted (connecting the EN pin to the VIN pin for automatic startup), the regulator powers up.

If the load current is large, connect the voltmeter as close as possible to the output capacitor to reduce the effects of voltage drops.

LINE REGULATION MEASUREMENTS

For line regulation measurements, the change in the output of the regulator is measured when the input is varied. For good line regulation, the output must maintain a minimal change in voltage with respect to varying input voltage levels. To ensure the device is not in dropout mode during this measurement, vary V_{IN} between $V_{OUT_NOM} + 0.5\text{ V}$ (or 2.3 V , whichever is greater) and V_{IN_MAX} . For example, if the ADP7158 has a fixed 3.3 V output, vary V_{IN} between 3.8 V and 5.5 V . This measurement can be repeated under different load conditions. The typical line regulation performance of an ADP7158 with a fixed 3.3 V output is shown in Figure 4.

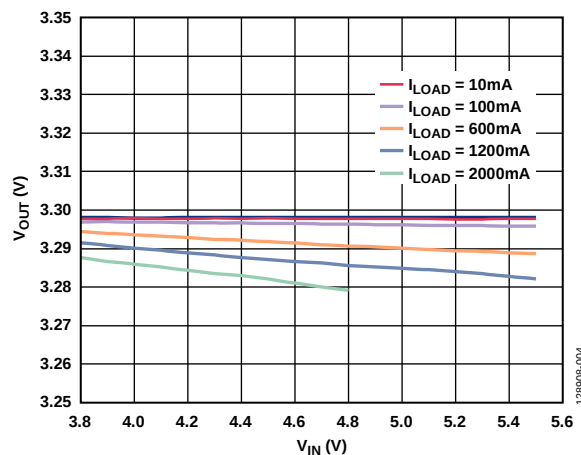


Figure 4. Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) vs. Input Voltage (V_{IN}), $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

LOAD REGULATION MEASUREMENTS

For load regulation measurements, the output voltage of the regulator is monitored while the load current is varied. For a good load regulation, the output must maintain a minimal voltage change with respect to varying load current levels. Hold the input voltage constant during this measurement. The load current can vary from 0 mA to 2 A . The typical load regulation performance of an ADP7158 with a fixed 3.3 V output for an input voltage of 3.8 V is shown in Figure 5.

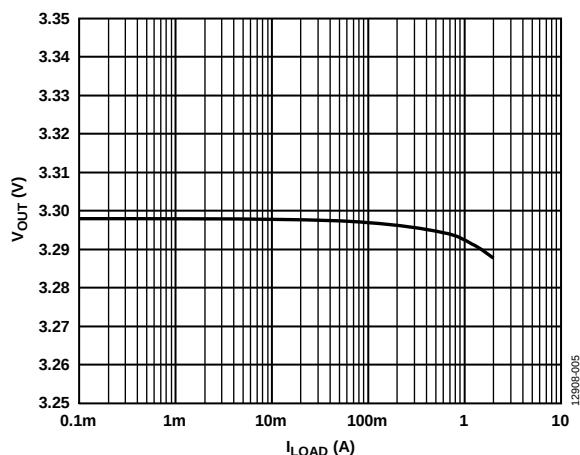


Figure 5. Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) vs. Load Current (I_{LOAD}), $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

DROPOUT VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output voltage differential when the input voltage is set to the nominal output voltage. This definition is only applicable to output voltages above 2.3 V . Dropout voltage increases with larger loads. Figure 3 shows the configuration for measuring dropout voltage.

For more accurate measurements, use a second voltmeter to monitor the input voltage across the input capacitor. The input supply voltage may require adjusting for voltage drops, especially if using large load currents. The typical curve of dropout voltage measurements over varying load current levels is shown in Figure 6.

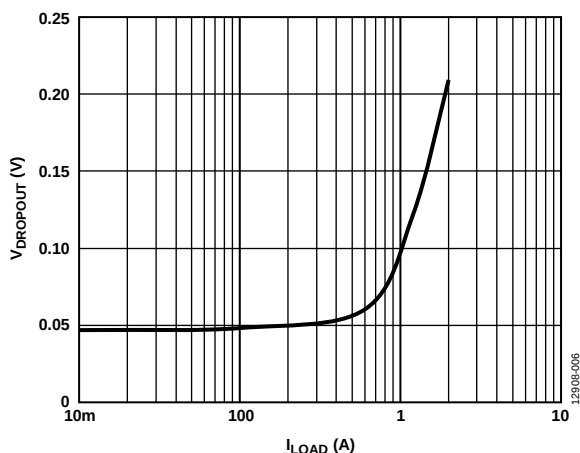


Figure 6. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current (I_{LOAD}), $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

GROUND CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

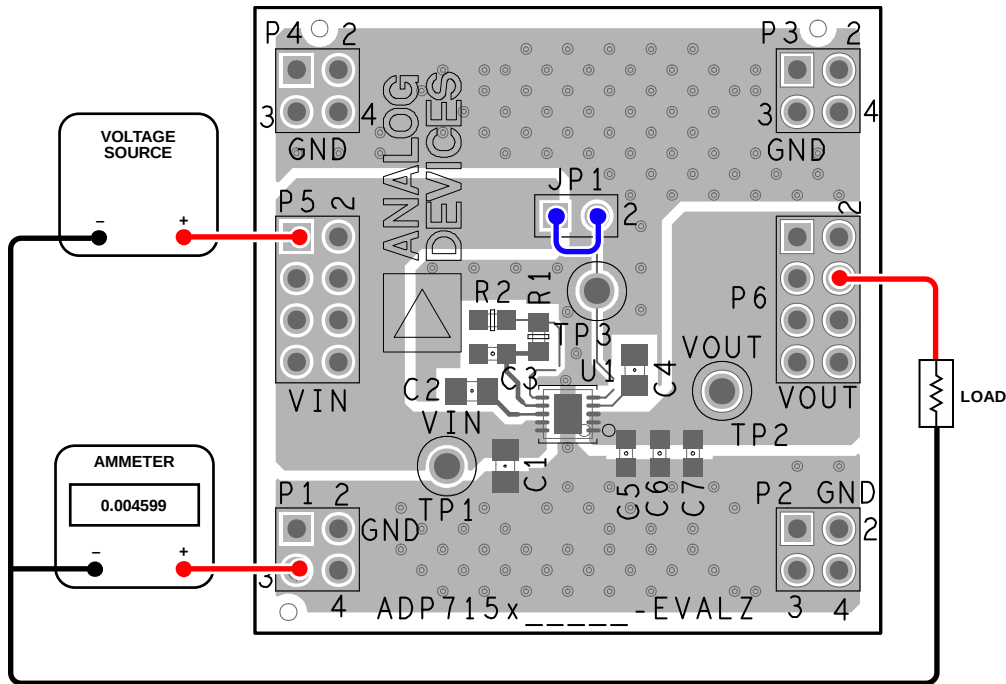


Figure 7. Ground Current Measurement Setup for the [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#)

Figure 7 shows the connections to a voltage source and an ammeter for ground current measurements for the [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#). Use a resistor as the load for the regulator. Ensure the resistor has a power rating that can handle the power dissipated across it. An electronic load can also be used as an alternative to using a resistor load. Ensure the voltage source supplies enough current for the expected load levels.

The steps on how to connect the [ADP7158CP-3.3EVALZ](#) to a voltage source and an ammeter are as follows:

1. Connect the positive terminal of the voltage source to the VIN pin on the evaluation board.

2. Connect the positive terminal of the ammeter to one of the GND pins on the evaluation board.
3. Connect the negative terminal of the ammeter to the negative terminal of the voltage source.
4. Connect a load between the evaluation board VOUT pin and the negative terminal of the voltage source.

When these steps are completed, turn on the voltage source. If the JP1 jumper is inserted (connecting the EN pin to the VIN pin for automatic startup), the regulator powers up.

GROUND CURRENT CONSUMPTION

Ground current measurements can determine how much current the internal circuits of the regulator consume while the circuits perform the regulation function. For efficiency, the regulator must consume as little current as possible. Typically, the regulator uses the maximum current when supplying its largest load level (2 A). The typical ground current consumption for various load current levels at $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$ and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ is shown in Figure 8.

When the device is disabled ($EN = GND$), the ground current typically drops to $0.2\text{ }\mu\text{A}$.

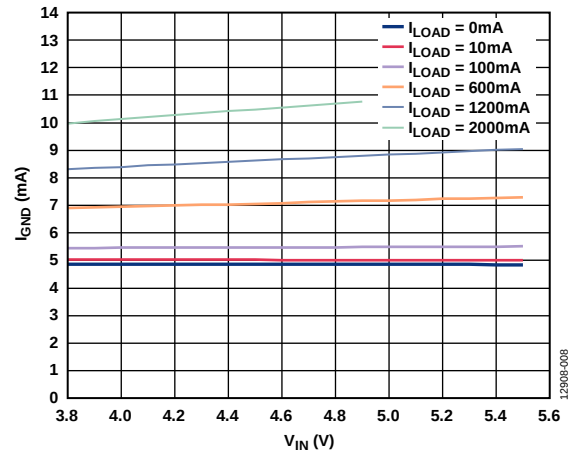


Figure 8. Ground Current (I_{GND}) vs. Input Voltage (V_{IN}), $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

ORDERING INFORMATION

BILL OF MATERIALS

Table 2.

Reference Designator	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
U1	ADP7158, IC, ultralow noise, low dropout, linear regulator	Analog Devices, Inc.	ADP7158ACPZ-3.3-R7
C1, C5, C6 ¹ , C7 ¹	Capacitor, MLCC, 10 μ F, 10 V, 0805, X5R, 10%	TDK or equivalent	C2012X5R1A106K125AB
C2, C4	Capacitor, MLCC, 1 μ F, 10 V, 0805, X5R, 10%	TDK or equivalent	C2012X5R1A105K/10
C3	Capacitor, MLCC, 1 μ F, 10 V, 0603, X5R, 10%	TDK or equivalent	C1608X5R1A105K080AC
R1	Resistor, 0 Ω , 0603 case	Vishay Dale	CRCW06030000Z0EA
R2 ¹	Resistor, 1%, 0603 case	Vishay Dale	CRCW0603xxxxF
JP1	Jumper, plug, 2-position, single row	Omron Electronics Inc-EMC Div	XG8S-0241
VIN, VOUT, GND	Header 0.100, single, straight, two pins	Sullins Electronics/3M	S1012E-36-ND

¹ Not installed in the evaluation board.



ESD Caution

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

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