XC61A Series

Low Voltage Detectors (VDF=0.8V)

TOREX

2

◆**CMOS**
◆**Highly Accurate : ± 2%**
◆**Low Power Consumption : 1.0μA (VIN = 2.0V)**
◆**Ultra small Mini Mold Package**

■Applications

- ●Microprocessor reset circuitry
- ●Memory battery back-up circuits
- ●Power-on reset circuits
- ●Power failure detection
- ●System battery life and charge voltage monitors

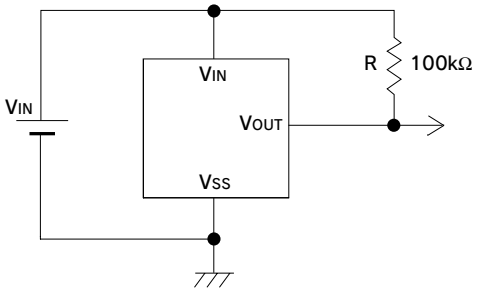
■General Description

The XC61A series are highly precise, low power consumption voltage detectors, manufactured using CMOS and laser trimming technologies. Detect voltage is extremely accurate with minimal temperature drift.
N channel open drain output configurations is available.

■Features

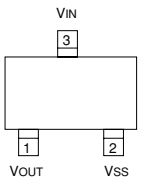
Highly accurate : ± 2%
Low power consumption : TYP 1.0 μA [VIN=2.0V]
Detect voltage range : 0.8V (N-ch open drain)
Operating voltage range : 0.7V ~ 6.0V
Detect voltage temperature characteristics
: TYP± 100ppm/°C
Output configuration : N-channel open drain
Ultra small package : SOT-23 (150mW) mini-mold
: SOT-89 (500mW) mini-mold
: TO-92 (300mW)

■Typical Application Circuit

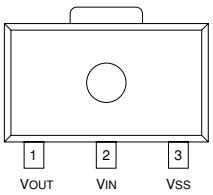


N-ch Open Drain Output

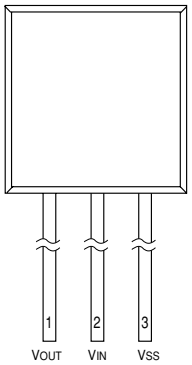
■Pin Configuration



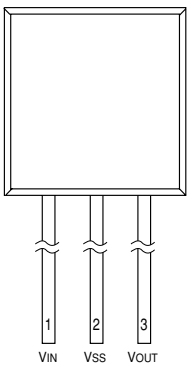
SOT-23
(TOP VIEW)



SOT-89
(TOP VIEW)



TO-92 (T Type)
(TOP VIEW)



TO-92 (L Type)
(TOP VIEW)

■Pin Assignment

PIN NUMBER				PIN NAME	FUNCTION
SOT-23	SOT-89	TO-92 (T)	TO-92 (L)		
3	2	2	1	VIN	Supply Voltage Input
2	3	3	2	VSS	Ground
1	1	1	3	VOUT	Output

■Product Classification

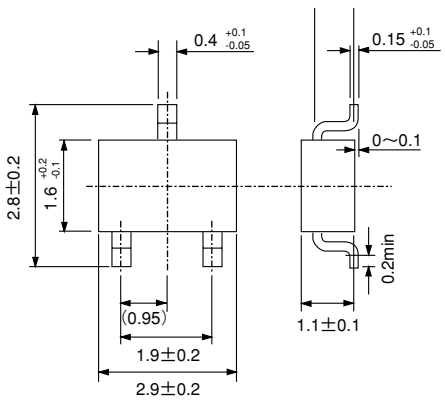
●Ordering Information

XC61A x xx x x x x
a b c d e f

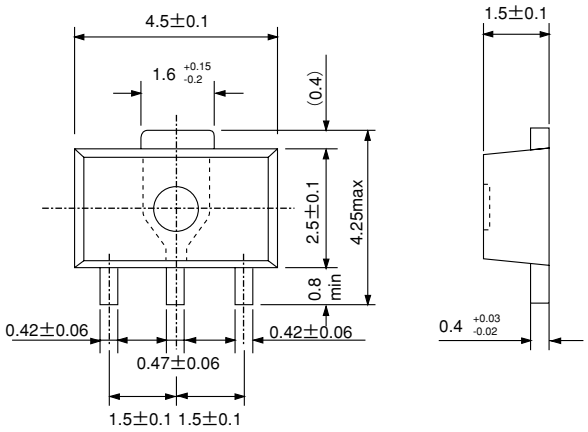
DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION
a	Output Configuration : N = N-ch open drain	e	PackageType : M = SOT-23 P = SOT-89 T = TO-92 (regular) L = TO-92 (Custom pin Configuration)
b	Detect Voltage : 08 = 0.8V		
c	Output Delay : 0 = No delay	f	Device Orientation : R = Embossed Tape (Right) L = Embossed Tape (Left) H = Paper Tape (TO-92) B = Bag (TO-92)
d	Detect Accuracy : 2 = within ± 2.0%		

■Packaging Information

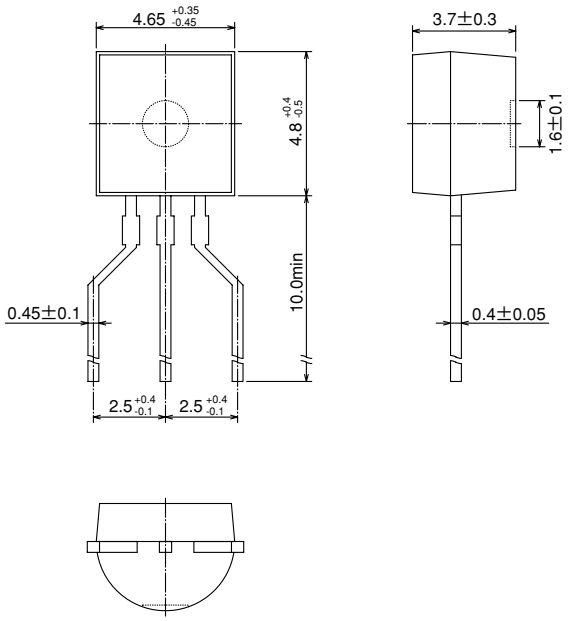
●SOT-23



●SOT-89

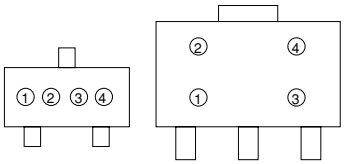

4.5±0.1
1.6 +0.15 -0.2
(0.4)
2.5±0.1
4.25max
0.8 min
0.42±0.06
0.42±0.06
0.47±0.06
1.5±0.1 1.5±0.1
1.5±0.1
0.4 +0.03 -0.02

●TO-92


4.65 +0.35 -0.45
4.8 +0.4 -0.5
10.0min
0.45±0.1
2.5 +0.4 -0.1
2.5 +0.4 -0.1
3.7±0.3
1.6±0.1
0.4±0.05

■Marking

●SOT-23, SOT-89



SOT-23 (TOP VIEW)　SOT-89 (TOP VIEW)

① Represents the integer of the Output Voltage and Detect Voltage

DESIGNATOR	CONFIGURATION	VOLTAGE
K	N-ch	0.②(V)

② Represents the decimal point of the Detect Voltage

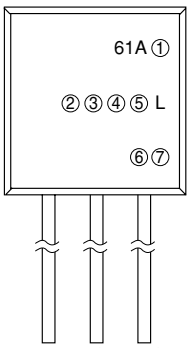
DESIGNATOR	VOLTAGE
8	①.8(V)

③ Indicates 'Delay Time'

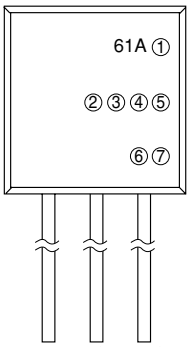
DESIGNATOR	DELAY TIME
0	No Delay

④ Represents the assembly lot no.
Based on internal standards

●TO-92



TO-92（L Type）
(TOP VIEW)



TO-92（T Type）
(TOP VIEW)

① Represents the output configuration

DESIGNATOR	OUTPUT CONFIGURATION
N	N-ch

② Represents the Detect Voltage

DESIGNATOR		VOLTAGE（V）
②	③	
0	8	0.8

④ Indicates Delay Time

DESIGNATOR	DELAY TIME
0	No delay

⑤ Represents the Detect Voltage Accuracy

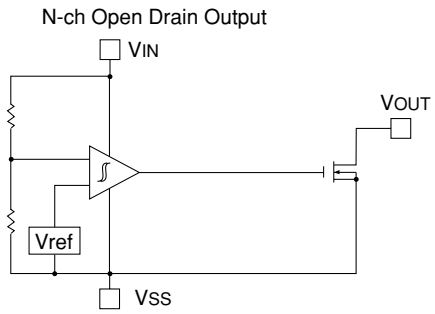
DESIGNATOR	DETECT VOLTAGE ACCURACY
2	within ±2%

⑥ Represents a least significant digit of the produced year

DESIGNATOR	Produced year
0	2000
1	2001

⑦ Denotes the production lot number
0 to 9, A to Z repeated(G.I.J.O.Q.W excepted)

■Block Diagram



■Absolute Maximum Ratings

Ta = 25℃

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage		VIN	9	V
Output Current		IOUT	50	mA
Output Voltage	N-ch open drain	VOUT	VSS -0.3 ～ 9	V
Power Dissipation	SOT-23	Pd	150	mW
	SOT-89		500	
	TO-92		300	
Operating Ambient Temperature		Topr	-30 ～ +80	℃
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-40 ～ +125	℃

■Electrical Characteristics

Ta = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Detect Voltage	VDF		VDF x 0.98	VDF	VDF x 1.02	V
Hysteresis Range	VHYS		VDF x 0.02	VDF x 0.05	VDF x 0.08	V
Supply Current	ISS	VIN = 1.5V		0.9	2.6	μA
		= 2.0V		1.0	3.0	
		= 3.0V		1.3	3.4	
		= 4.0V		1.6	3.8	
		= 5.0V		2.0	4.2	
Operating Voltage	VIN	VDF = 0.8V to 2.0V	0.7		6.0	V
Output Current	IOUT	N-ch VDS= 0.5V VIN= 0.7V		0.35		mA
		= 1.0V		2.2		
Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta VDF}{\Delta Topr \cdot VDF}$	-30°C ≤ Topr ≤ 80°C		±100		ppm/°C
Delay Time (VDR→VOUT inversion)	tDLY				0.2	ms

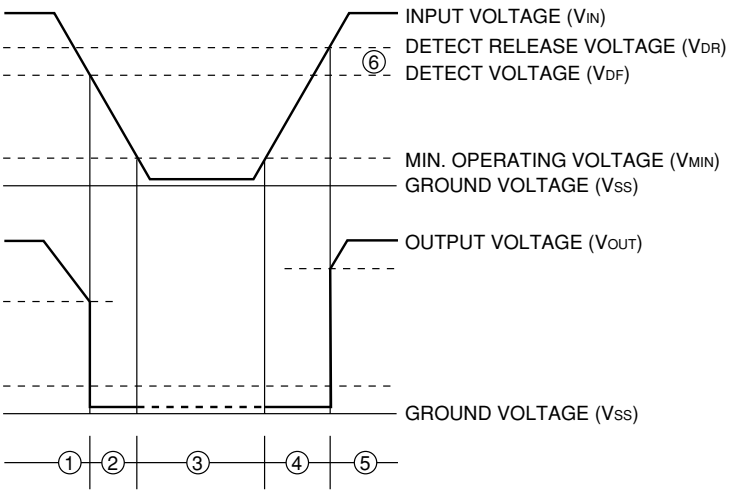
Note :
When a resistor is connected between the VIN pin and the input, VDR will increase and it may be the case that the establis hed characteristics cannot be achieved.

■Functional Description

●Functional Description

① When input voltage (V_{IN}) rises above detect voltage (V_{DF}), output voltage (V_{OUT}) will be equal to V_{IN}.
(A condition of high impedance exists with Nch open drain output configurations.)
② When input voltage (V_{IN}) falls below detect voltage (V_{DF}), output voltage (V_{OUT}) will be equal to the ground voltage (V_{SS}) level.
③ When input voltage (V_{IN}) falls to a level below that of the minimum operating voltage (V_{MIN}), output will become unstable. In this condition, V_{IN} will equal the pulled-up output (should output be pulled-up.)
④ When input voltage (V_{IN}) rises above the ground voltage (V_{SS}) level, output will be unstable at levels below the minimum operating voltage (V_{MIN}). Between the V_{MIN} and detect release voltage (V_{DR}) levels, the ground voltage (V_{SS}) level will be maintained.
⑤ When input voltage (V_{IN}) rises above detect release voltage (V_{DR}), output voltage (V_{OUT}) will be equal to V_{IN}.
(A condition of high impedance exists with Nch open drain output configurations.)
⑥ The difference between V_{DR} and V_{DF} represents the hysteresis range.

●Timing Chart



■Directions for use

●Notes on Use

When a resistor is connected between the V_{IN} pin and the input with N-channel open drain output configurations, we suggest that a resistor with an R_{IN} value of less than 1k Ω and a capacitor with a value of more than 0.1 μF be used in order to avoid oscillation.

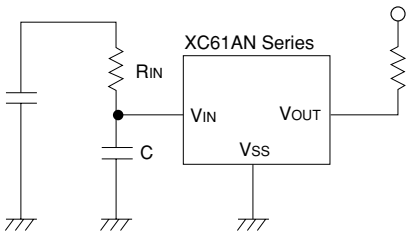


Diagram: Circuit using an input resistor