

### Description

The ACE12322A is the Dual N-Channel logic enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using high cell density, DMOS trench technology. This high density process is especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage application notebook computer power management and other battery powered circuits where high-side switching, low in-line power loss and resistance to transients are needed.

#### Features

- 20V/4.0A, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>=26mΩ@VGS=4.5V
- 20V/3.0A, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>=35mΩ@VGS=2.5V
- 20V/2.0A, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>=50mΩ@VGS=1.8V
- Super high density cell design for extremely low R<sub>DS (ON)</sub>
- Exceptional on-resistance and maximum DC current capability
- DFN2X2-6L package design

### Applications

- Power Management in Note book
- Portable Equipment
- Battery Powered System
- DC/DC Converter
- Load Switch
- DSC
- LCD Display inverter

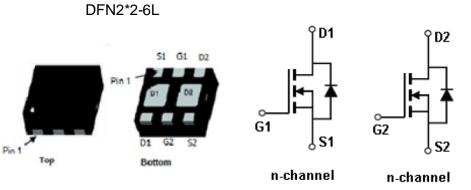
## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(T<sub>A</sub>=25°C Unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{\text{DSS}}$	20	V		
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GSS}$	±12	V		
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> =150 $^{\circ}$ C)	<b>T</b> <sub>A</sub> =25°C		4.5		
	<b>T</b> <sub>A</sub> <b>=70</b> °C	Ι <sub>D</sub>	4.5	А	
Pulsed Drain Current	I <sub>DM</sub>	20	А		
Continuous Source Current(Diode Condu	۱ <sub>s</sub>	1.6	А		
Power Dissipation	<b>T</b> <sub>A</sub> =25°C		1.9	14/	
	<b>T</b> <sub>A</sub> =70°C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.2	W	
Operating Junction Temperature	TJ	-55~150	°C		
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~150	°C		
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient	T≦5sec	D	65	°C /W	
	Steady State	$R_{ extsf{ heta}JA}$	95		



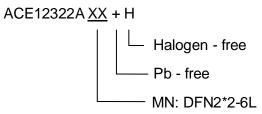
## Packaging Type



#### **Pin Description**

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	S1	Source 1
2	G1	Gate 1
3	D2	Drain 2
4	S2	Source 2
5	G2	Gate 2
6	D1	Drain 1
Exposed Backside Metal	D1/D2	Drain

## **Ordering information**



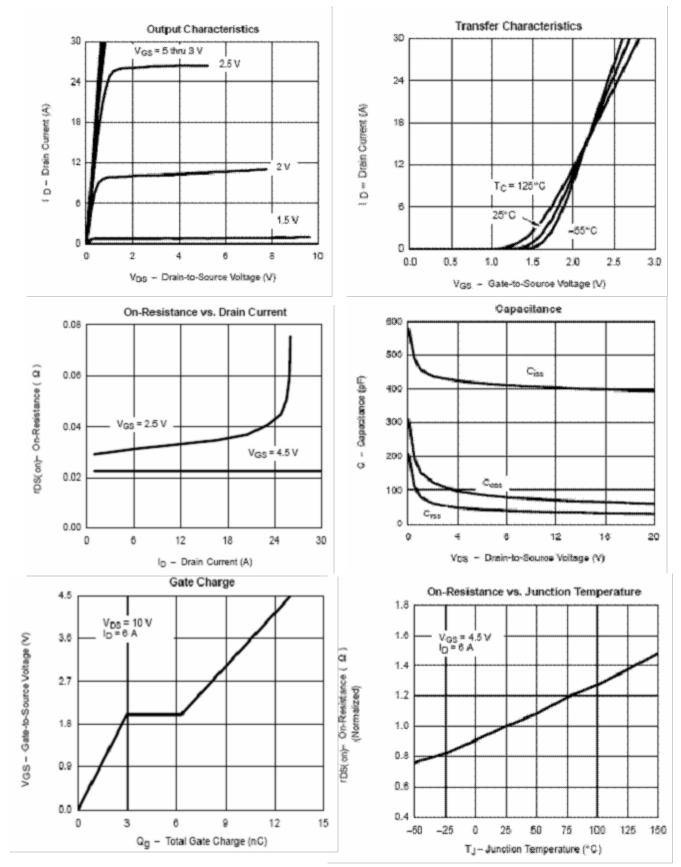


## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		Static					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =250uA	20			- V	
Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250$ uA	0.4		1.0		
Gate Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=\pm 12V$			±100	uA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =20V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	1 uA	
		$V_{DS}$ =20V, $V_{GS}$ =0V, $T_J$ =55 $^{\circ}$ C			10	uA	
On-State Drain Current	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \leq 4.5 V, V_{GS} = 5 V$	15			Α	
Drain-Source On-Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =4.0A			26	mΩ	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =3.0A			35		
		V <sub>GS</sub> =1.8V, I <sub>D</sub> =2.0A			50		
Forward Trans Conductance	gfs	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-3.5A		10		S	
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>S</sub> =1A			1.0	V	
		Dynamic					
Total Gate Charge	Qg			8.6		nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> ≡4.0A		1.37			
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>			2.3			
Input Capacitance	Ciss			575		pF	
Output Capacitance	Coss	$V_{DS} = 8V$ , f = 1MHz, $V_{GS} = 0V$		84			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss			22			
Turn-On Time	td(on)			5.2			
	tr	V <sub>DD</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> ≡3.0A,		34			
Turn-Off Time	td(off)	$R_G$ =3.3 $\Omega$ , $V_{GEN}$ =4.5V		23		ns	
	tf			9.2			

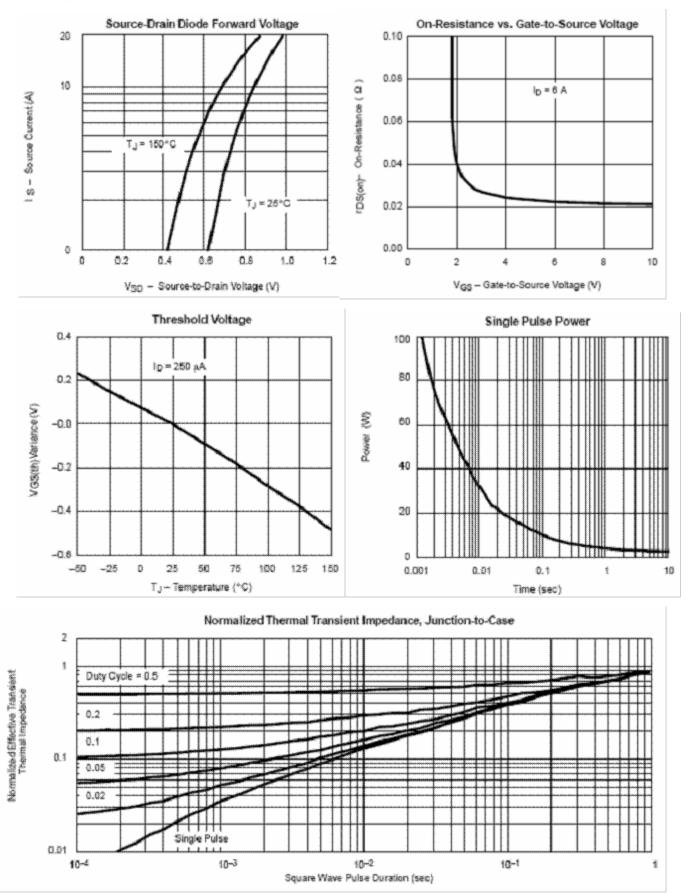




## **Typical Performance Characteristics**

VER 1.1 4

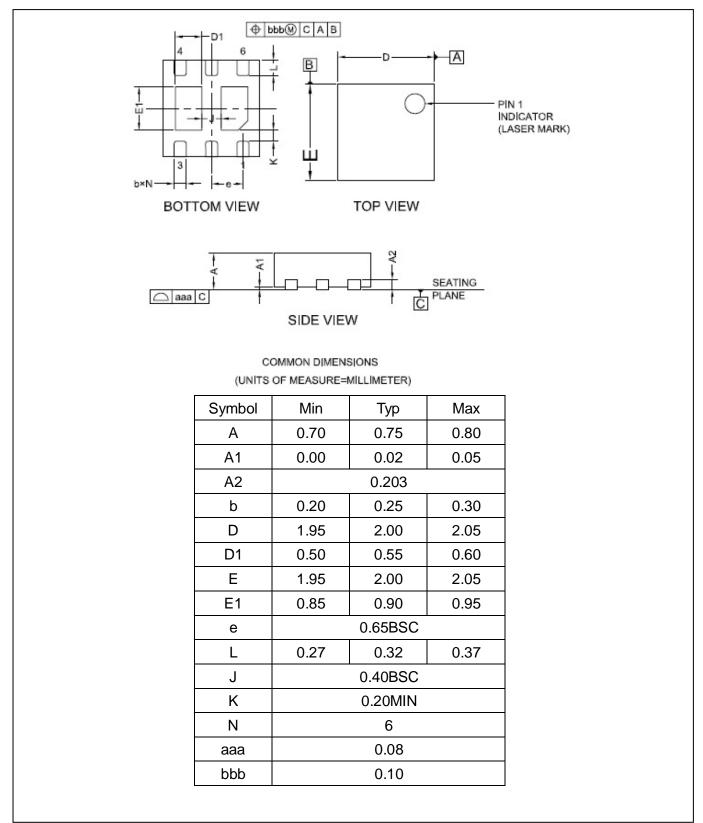






### **Packing Information**

#### DFN2\*2-6L





### Notes

ACE does not assume any responsibility for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the president and general counsel of ACE Electronics Co., LTD. As sued herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and shoes failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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