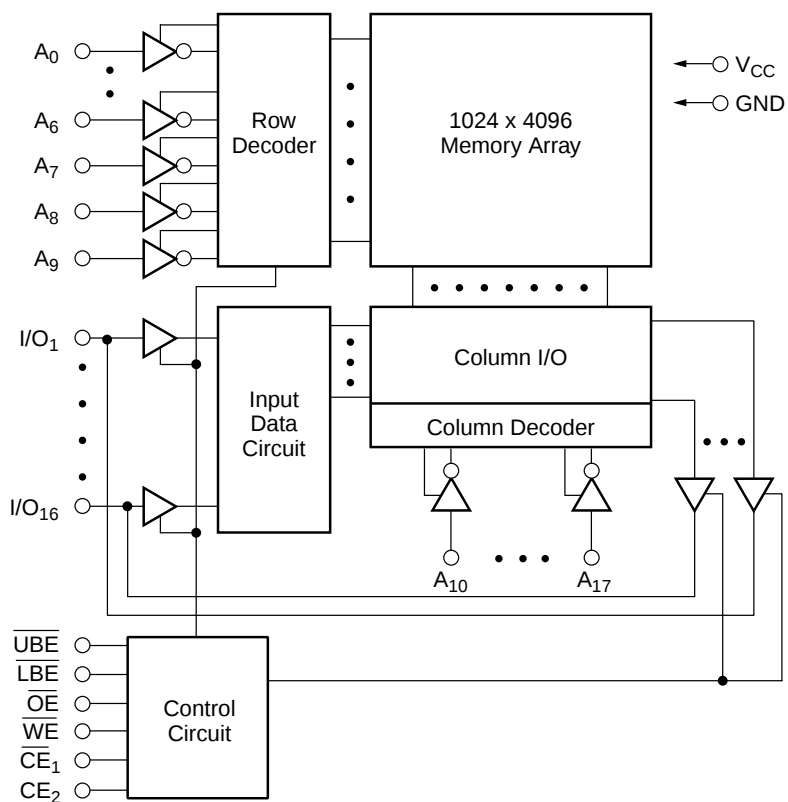


256K x 16, CMOS STATIC RAM**Features**

- High-speed: 85, 100 ns
- Ultra low CMOS standby current of 2μA (max.)
- Fully static operation
- All inputs and outputs directly TTL compatible
- Three state outputs
- Ultra low data retention current ($V_{CC} = 1.0V$)
- Operating voltage: 1.8V – 2.3V
- Packages
 - 48-Ball CSP BGA (8mm x 10mm)

Description

The V62C18164096 is a 4,194,304-bit static random-access memory organized as 262,144 words by 16 bits. Inputs and three-state outputs are TTL compatible and allow for direct interfacing with common system bus structures.

Functional Block Diagram**Device Usage Chart**

Operating Temperature Range	Package Outline	Access Time (ns)		Power		Temperature Mark
	B	85	100	L	LL	
0°C to 70°C	•	•	•	•	•	Blank
–40°C to +85°C	•	•	•		•	I

Pin Descriptions**A₀–A₁₇ Address Inputs**

These 18 address inputs select one of the 256K x 16 bit segments in the RAM.

 $\overline{CE}_1$, CE₂ Chip Enable Inputs

$\overline{CE}_1$ is active LOW and CE₂ is active HIGH. Both chip enables must be active to read from or write to the device. If either chip enable is not active, the device is deselected and is in a standby power mode. The I/O pins will be in the high-impedance state when deselected.

 $\overline{OE}$ Output Enable Input

The output enable input is active LOW. With the chip enabled, when $\overline{OE}$ is Low and $\overline{WE}$ High, data will be presented on the I/O pins. The I/O pins will be in the high impedance state when $\overline{OE}$ is High.

 $\overline{UBE}$, $\overline{LBE}$ Byte Enable

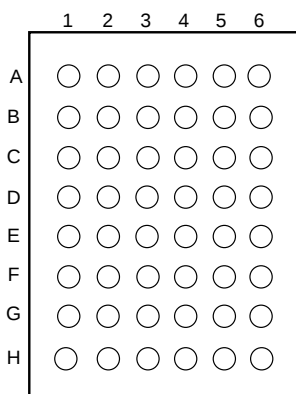
Active low inputs. These inputs are used to enable the upper or lower data byte.

 $\overline{WE}$ Write Enable Input

The write enable input is active LOW and controls read and write operations. With the chip enabled, when $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH and $\overline{OE}$ is LOW, output data will be present at the I/O pins; when $\overline{WE}$ is LOW and $\overline{OE}$ is HIGH, the data present on the I/O pins will be written into the selected memory locations.

I/O₁–I/O₁₆ Data Input and Data Output Ports

These 16 bidirectional ports are used to read data from and write data into the RAM.

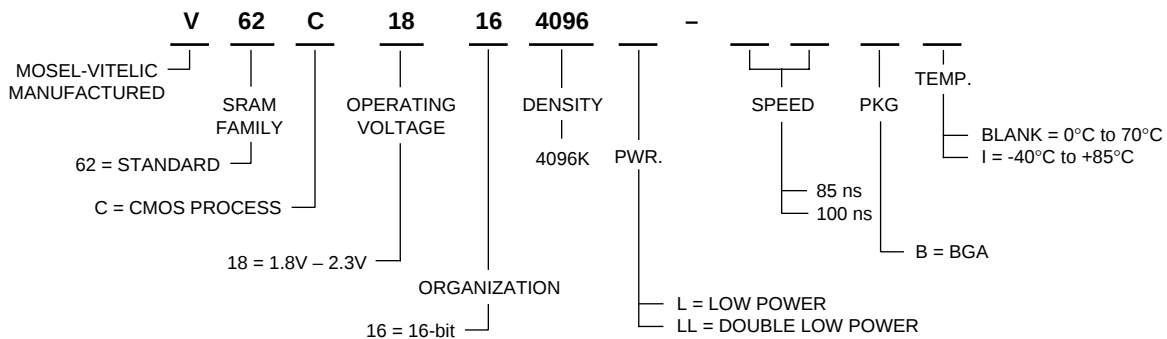
V_{CC} Power Supply**GND Ground****Pin Configurations (Top View)****48 BGA**

TOP VIEW

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	$\overline{BLE}$	OE	A0	A1	A2	CE ₂
B	I/O9	$\overline{BHE}$	A3	A4	$\overline{CE}_1$	I/O1
C	I/O10	I/O11	A5	A6	I/O2	I/O3
D	VSS	I/O12	A17	A7	I/O4	VCC
E	VCC	I/O13	NC	A16	I/O5	VSS
F	I/O15	I/O14	A14	A15	I/O6	I/O7
G	I/O16	NC	A12	A13	$\overline{WE}$	I/O8
H	NC	A8	A9	A10	A11	NC

Note: NC means no connect.

TOP VIEW

Part Number Information**Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾**

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Units
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _N	Input Voltage	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{DQ}	Input/Output Voltage Applied	V _{CC} + 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-10 to +125	-65 to +135	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	-65 to +150	°C

NOTE:

- Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Capacitance* T_A = 25°C, f = 1.0MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0V	6	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{I/O} = 0V	8	pF

NOTE:

- This parameter is guaranteed and not tested.

Truth Table

Mode	$\overline{CE}_1$	CE ₂	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{UBE}$	$\overline{LBE}$	I/O ₉₋₁₆ Operation	I/O ₁₋₈ Operation
Standby	H	X	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z
Standby	X	L	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z
Output Disable	L	H	X	X	H	H	High Z	High Z
Output Disable	L	H	H	H	X	X	High Z	High Z
Read	L	H	L	H	L	L	D _{OUT}	D _{OUT}
Read	L	H	L	H	L	H	D _{OUT}	High Z
Read	L	H	L	H	H	L	High Z	D _{OUT}
Write	L	H	X	L	L	L	D _{IN}	D _{IN}
Write	L	H	X	L	L	H	D _{IN}	High Z
Write	L	H	X	L	H	L	High Z	D _{IN}

NOTE:

X = Don't Care, L = LOW, H = HIGH

DC Electrical Characteristics (over all temperature ranges, $V_{CC} = 1.8V - 2.3V$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ^(1,2)		-0.3	—	0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage ⁽¹⁾		1.6	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
I_{IL}	Input Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = 0V$ to V_{CC}	-1	—	1	μA
I_{OL}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, $V_{OUT} = 0V$ to V_{CC}	-1	—	1	μA
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$, $I_{OL} = 2.1mA$	—	—	0.4	V
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}$, $I_{OH} = -0.1mA$	$V_{CC} - 0.4$	—	—	V

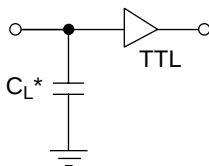
Symbol	Parameter	Power	Com. ⁽³⁾	Ind. ⁽³⁾	Units
I_{CC1}	Average Operating Current, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, $CE_2 = V_{CC} - 0.2V$, Output Open, $V_{CC} = \text{Max}$.	$f = f_{max}$	25	30	mA
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	2	3	
I_{SB}	TTL Standby Current $\overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max.}$, $f = 0$	L	0.4	0.5	mA
		LL	0.3	0.3	
I_{SB1}	CMOS Standby Current, $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $CE_2 < 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$, $V_{CC} = \text{Max.}$, $f = 0$	L	5	7	μA
		LL	2	3	

NOTES:

- These are absolute values with respect to device ground and all overshoots due to system or tester noise are included.
- V_{IL} (Min.) = -3.0V for pulse width < 20ns.
- Maximum values.

AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	0 to 1.6V
Input Rise and Fall Times	5 ns
Timing Reference Levels	0.9V
Output Load	see below

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

* Includes scope and jig capacitance

$C_L = 30 \text{ pF} + 1 \text{ TTL Load}$

Key to Switching Waveforms

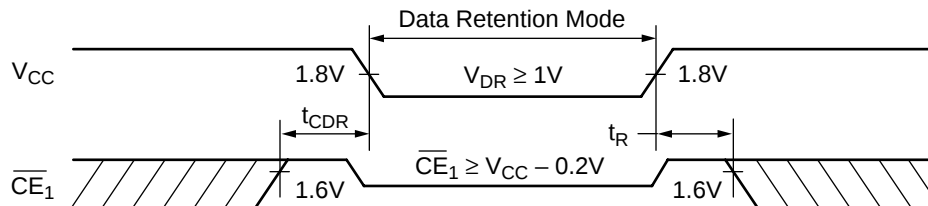
WAVEFORM	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
	MUST BE STEADY	WILL BE STEADY
	MAY CHANGE FROM H TO L	WILL BE CHANGING FROM H TO L
	MAY CHANGE FROM L TO H	WILL BE CHANGING FROM L TO H
	DON'T CARE: ANY CHANGE PERMITTED	CHANGING: STATE UNKNOWN
	DOES NOT APPLY	CENTER LINE IS HIGH IMPEDANCE "OFF" STATE

Data Retention Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Power	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for Data Retention $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $CE_2 < 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$		1.0	—	2.3	V
I_{CCDR}	Data Retention Current $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{DR} - 0.2V$, $CE_2 < 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$, $V_{DR} = 1.0V$	Com'l	L	—	1	μA
			LL	—	0.5	
		Ind.	L	—	—	
			LL	—	—	
t_{CDR}	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0	—	—	ns
t_R	Operation Recovery Time (see Retention Waveform)		$t_{RC}^{(1)}$	—	—	ns

NOTES:

- t_{RC} = Read Cycle Time
- $T_A = +25^\circ C$.

Low V_{CC} Data Retention Waveform ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled)

AC Electrical Characteristics

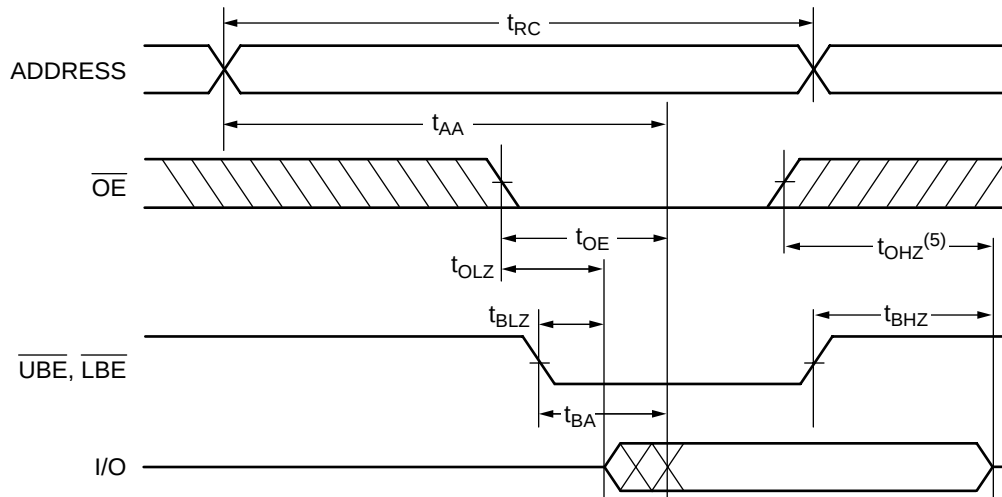
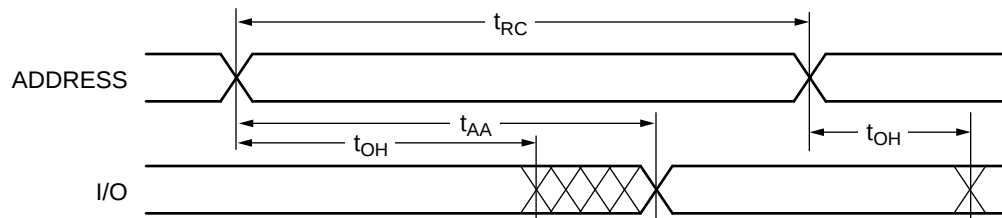
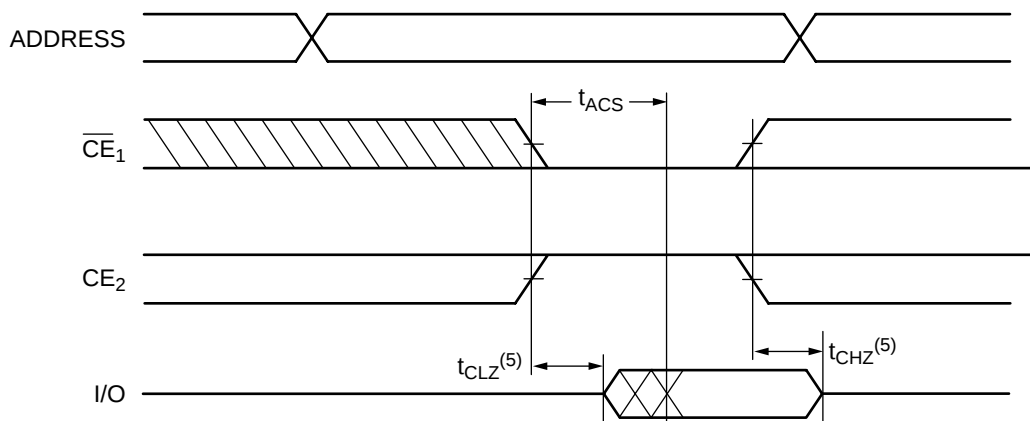
(over all temperature ranges)

Read Cycle

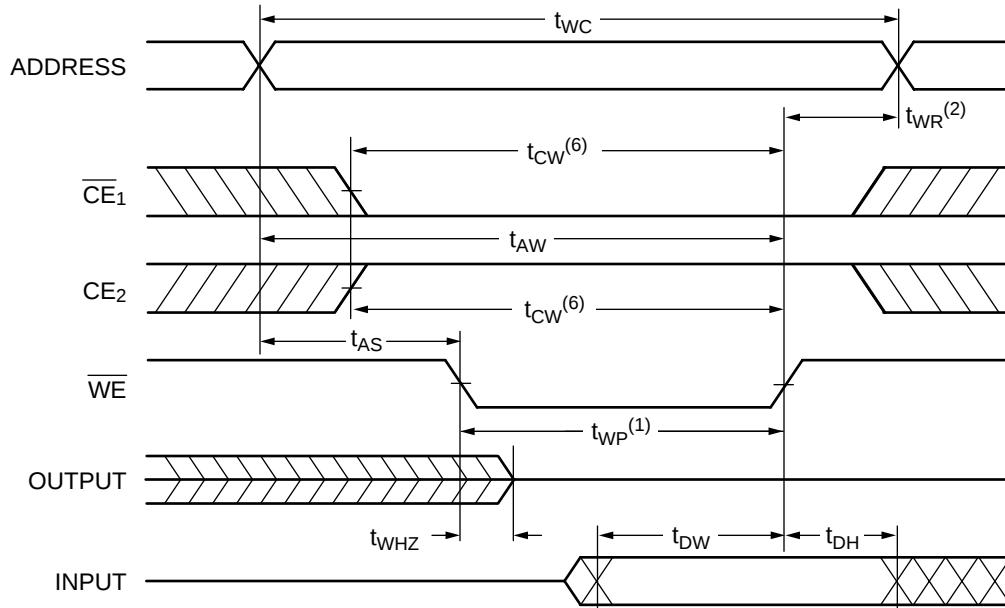
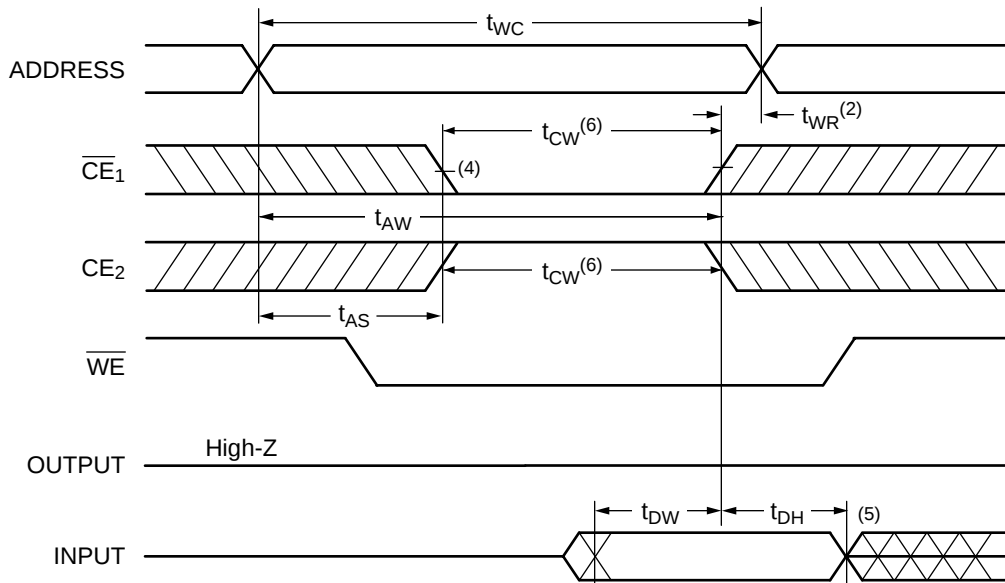
Parameter Name	Parameter	85		100		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	85	—	70	—	ns
t_{AA}	Address Access Time	—	85	—	100	ns
t_{ACS}	Chip Enable Access Time	—	85	—	100	ns
t_{BA}	$\overline{UBE}$, $\overline{LBE}$ Access Time	—	85	—	100	ns
t_{OE}	Output Enable to Output Valid	—	35	—	40	ns
t_{CLZ}	Chip Enable to Output in Low Z	10	—	15	—	ns
t_{BLZ}	$\overline{UBE}$, $\overline{LBE}$ to Output in Low Z	10	—	15	—	ns
t_{OLZ}	Output Enable to Output in Low Z	10	—	10	—	ns
t_{CHZ}	Chip Disable to Output in High Z	0	30	0	35	ns
t_{OHZ}	Output Disable to Output in High Z	0	30	0	35	ns
t_{BHZ}	$\overline{UBE}$, $\overline{LBE}$ to Output in High Z	0	30	0	35	ns
t_{OH}	Output Hold from Address Change	10	—	10	—	ns

Write Cycle

Parameter Name	Parameter	85		100		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	85	—	100	—	ns
t_{CW}	Chip Enable to End of Write	70	—	80	—	ns
t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	0	—	0	—	ns
t_{AW}	Address Valid to End of Write	70	—	80	—	ns
t_{WP}	Write Pulse Width	60	—	70	—	ns
t_{WR}	Write Recovery Time	0	—	0	—	ns
t_{WHZ}	Write to Output High-Z	0	25	0	35	ns
t_{DW}	Data Setup to End of Write	40	—	45	—	ns
t_{DH}	Data Hold from End of Write	0	—	0	—	ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{UBE}$, $\overline{LBE}$ to End of Write	70	—	80	—	ns

Switching Waveforms (Read Cycle)**Read Cycle 1^(1, 2)****Read Cycle 2^(1, 2, 4, 6)****Read Cycle 3^(1, 3, 4, 6)****NOTES:**

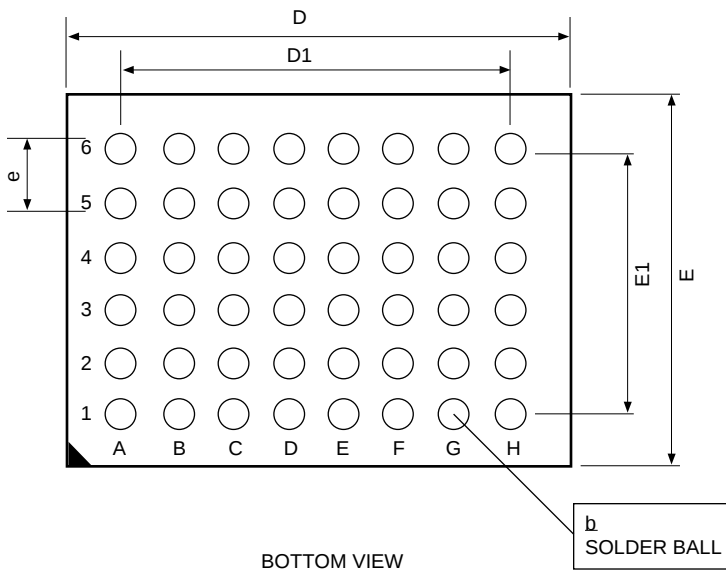
1. $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$.
2. $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, $CE_2 = V_{IH}$.
3. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$ transition LOW.
4. $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.
5. Transition is measured $\pm 500\text{mV}$ from steady state with $C_L = 5\text{pF}$. This parameter is guaranteed and not 100% tested.
6. $\overline{UBE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{LBE} = V_{IL}$.

Switching Waveforms (Write Cycle)**Write Cycle 1 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled)⁽⁴⁾****Write Cycle 2 (CE Controlled)⁽⁴⁾****NOTES:**

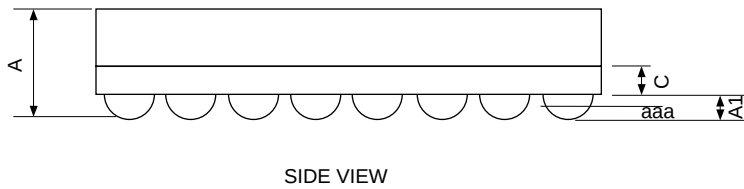
1. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{CE}_1$ and CE_2 active and $\overline{WE}$ low. All signals must be active to initiate and any one signal can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the second transition edge of the signal that terminates the write.
2. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of $\overline{CE}_1$ or $\overline{WE}$ going high, or CE_2 going LOW at the end of the write cycle.
3. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
4. $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ or V_{IH} . However it is recommended to keep $\overline{OE}$ at V_{IH} during write cycle to avoid bus contention.
5. If $\overline{CE}_1$ is LOW and CE_2 is HIGH during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Then the data input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
6. t_{CW} is measured from $\overline{CE}_1$ going low or CE_2 going HIGH to the end of write.

Package Diagrams

48 Ball—8x10 BGA



SYMBOL	UNIT.MM
A	1.05+0.15
A1	0.25±0.05
b	0.35±0.05
c	0.30(TYP)
D	10.00±0.10
D1	5.25
E	8.00±0.10
E1	3.75
e	0.75TYP
aaa	0.10



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