

Features

- High Performance, Low Power AVR[®] 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 54 Powerful Instructions – Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 16 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 12 MIPS Throughput at 12 MHz
- Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
 - 2K Bytes of In-System Programmable Flash Program Memory
 - 128 Bytes Internal SRAM
 - Flash Write/Erase Cycles: 10,000
 - Data Retention: 20 Years at 85°C / 100 Years at 25°C
- Peripheral Features
 - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Two PWM Channels
 - One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Two PWM Channels
 - 10-bit Analog to Digital Converter
 - 8 Single-Ended Channels
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
 - Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
 - Slave TWI Serial Interface
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - In-System Programmable
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Low Power Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Stand-by and Power-down Modes
 - Enhanced Power-on Reset Circuit
 - Internal Calibrated Oscillator
- I/O and Packages
 - 14-pin SOIC/TSSOP: 12 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 15-pad UFBGA: 12 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 20-pad QFN/MLF: 12 Programmable I/O Lines
- Operating Voltage:
 - 1.8 – 5.5V
- Programming Voltage:
 - 5V
- Speed Grade
 - 0 – 4 MHz @ 1.8 – 5.5V
 - 0 – 8 MHz @ 2.7 – 5.5V
 - 0 – 12 MHz @ 4.5 – 5.5V
- Industrial Temperature Range
- Low Power Consumption
 - Active Mode:
 - 200 µA at 1 MHz and 1.8V
 - Idle Mode:
 - 25 µA at 1 MHz and 1.8V
 - Power-down Mode:
 - < 0.1 µA at 1.8V



8-bit AVR[®] Microcontroller with 2K Bytes In-System Programmable Flash

ATtiny20

Preliminary

Summary

Rev. 8235AS-AVR-03/10



1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout of ATtiny20

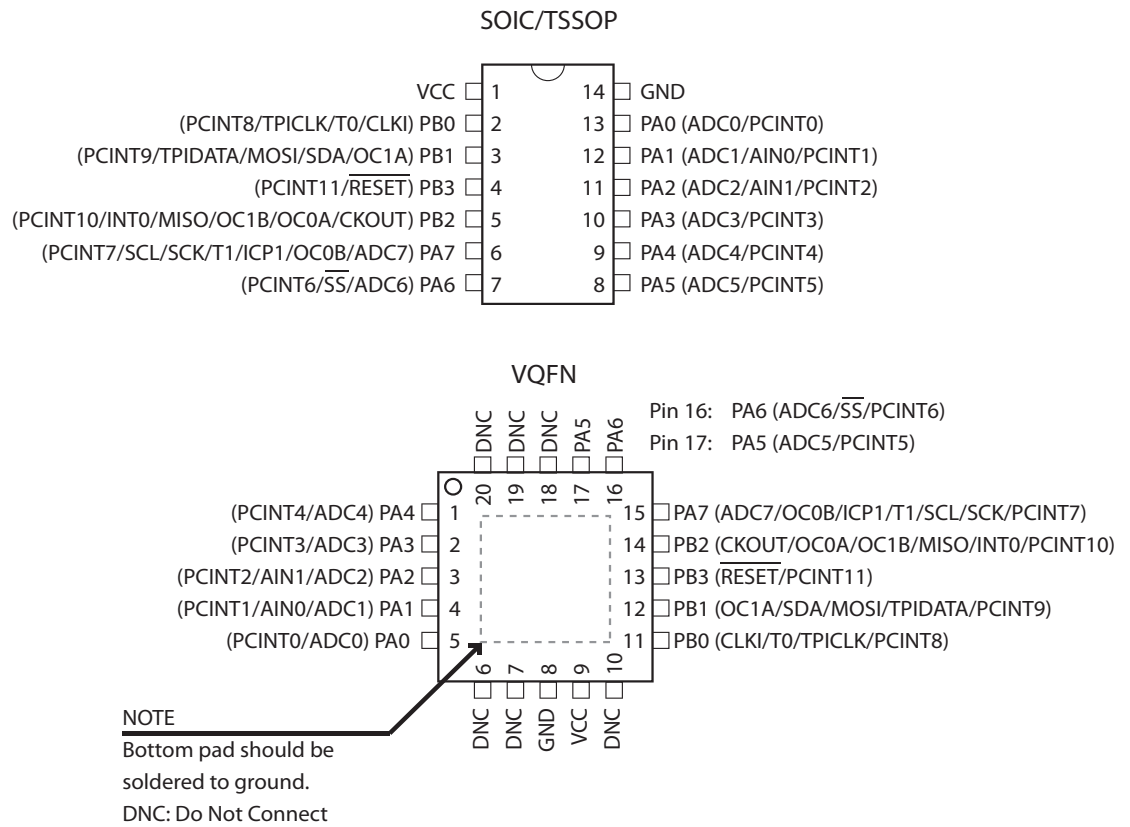


Table 1-1. UFBGA - Pinout ATtiny20.

	1	2	3	4
A		PA5	PA6	PB2
B	PA4	PA7	PB1	PB3
C	PA3	PA2	PA1	PB0
D	PA0	GND	GND	VCC

1.1 Pin Description

1.1.1 VCC

Supply voltage.

1.1.2 GND

Ground.

1.1.3 RESET

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running and provided the reset pin has not been disabled. The minimum pulse length is given in [Table 21-4 on page 176](#). Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

The reset pin can also be used as a (weak) I/O pin.

1.1.4 Port A (PA7:PA0)

Port A is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A has alternate functions as analog inputs for the ADC, analog comparator and pin change interrupt as described in [“Alternate Port Functions” on page 49](#).

1.1.5 Port B (PB3:PB0)

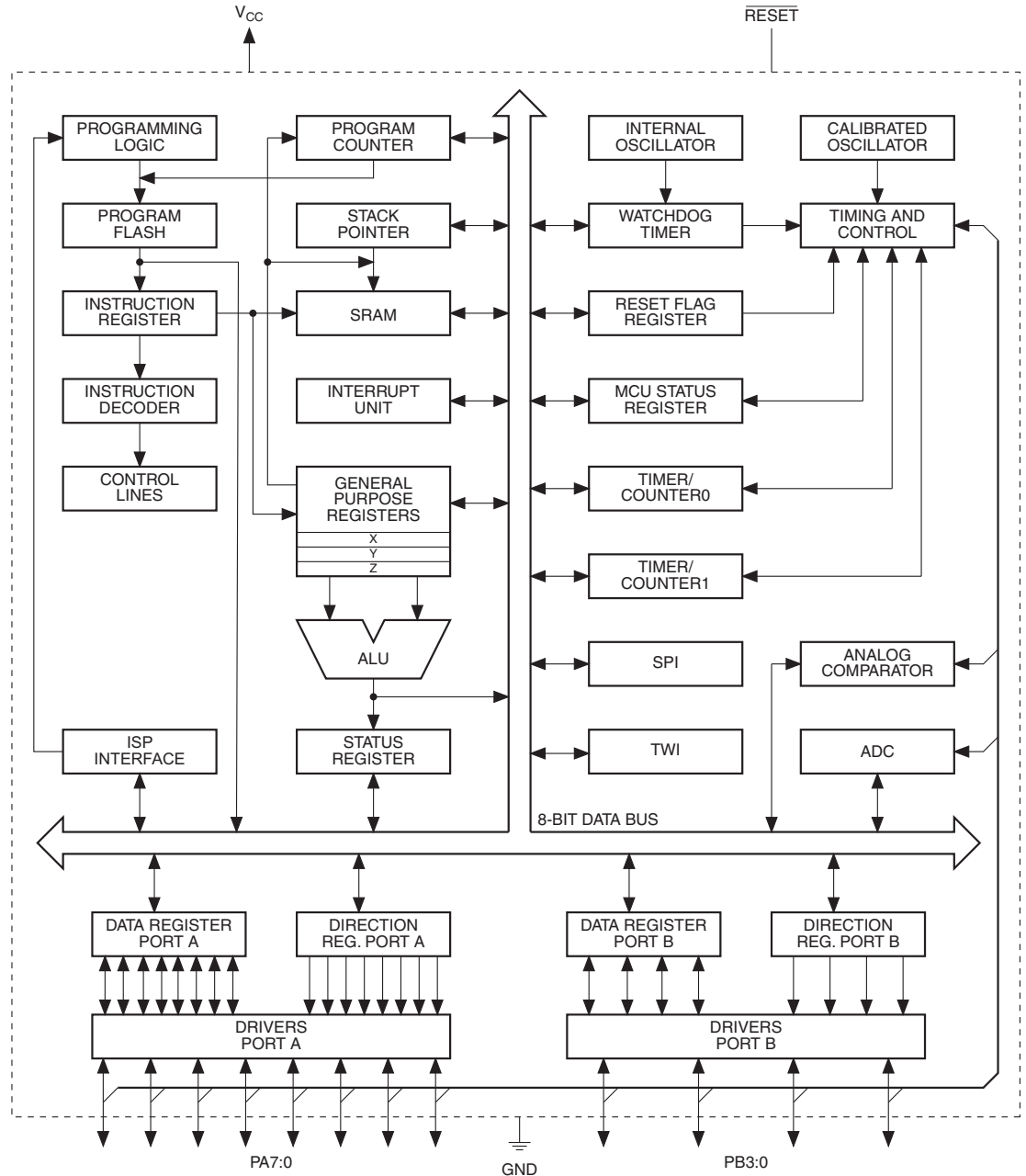
Port B is a 4-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability except PB3 which has the RESET capability. To use pin PB3 as an I/O pin, instead of RESET pin, program ('0') RSTDISBL fuse. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

The port also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny20, as listed on [page 39](#).

2. Overview

ATtiny20 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the compact AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATtiny20 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 16 general purpose working registers and system registers. All registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle.

The resulting architecture is compact and code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATTiny20 provides the following features: 2K byte of In-System Programmable Flash, 128 bytes of SRAM, twelve general purpose I/O lines, 16 general purpose working registers, an 8-bit Timer/Counter with two PWM channels, a 16-bit Timer/Counter with two PWM channels, Internal and External Interrupts, an eight-channel, 10-bit ADC, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal oscillator, a slave two-wire interface, a master/slave serial peripheral interface, an internal calibrated oscillator, and four software selectable power saving modes.

Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counter, ADC, Analog Comparator, and interrupt system to continue functioning. ADC Noise Reduction mode minimizes switching noise during ADC conversions by stopping the CPU and all I/O modules except the ADC. In Power-down mode registers keep their contents and all chip functions are disabled until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Standby mode, the oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping, allowing very fast start-up combined with low power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The on-chip, in-system programmable Flash allows program memory to be re-programmed in-system by a conventional, non-volatile memory programmer.

The ATTiny20 AVR is supported by a suite of program and system development tools, including macro assemblers and evaluation kits.

3. General Information

3.1 Resources

A comprehensive set of drivers, application notes, data sheets and descriptions on development tools are available for download at <http://www.atmel.com/avr>.

3.2 Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

3.3 Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

3.4 Disclaimer

Typical values contained in this datasheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology. Min and Max values will be available after the device has been characterized.

4. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x3F	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	Page 14
0x3E	SPH	Stack Pointer High Byte								Page 13
0x3D	SPL	Stack Pointer Low Byte								Page 13
0x3C	CCP	CPU Change Protection Byte								Page 13
0x3B	RSTFLR	–	–	–	–	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	Page 37
0x3A	MCUCR	ICSC01	ICSC00	–	BODS	SM2	SM1	SM0	SE	Pages 28, 41
0x39	OSCCAL	Oscillator Calibration Byte								Page 23
0x38	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x37	CLKMSR	–	–	–	–	–	–	CLKMS1	CLKMS0	Page 22
0x36	CLKPSR	–	–	–	–	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	Page 22
0x35	PRR	–	–	–	PRTWI	PRSPI	PRTIM1	PRTIM0	PRADC	Page 29
0x34	QTCSR	QTouch Control and Status Register								Page 152
0x33	NVMCMD	–	–	NVM Command						Page 171
0x32	NVMCSR	NVMBSY	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Page 172
0x31	WDTCR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	–	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	Page 35
0x30	SPCR	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	Page 136
0x2F	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	–	–	–	–	SSPS	SPI2X	Page 138
0x2E	SPDR	SPI Data Register								Page 138
0x2D	TWSCRA	TWSHE	–	TWDIE	TWASIE	TWEN	TWSIE	TWPME	TWSME	Page 147
0x2C	TWSCR	–	–	–	–	–	TWAA	TWCMD[1:0]		Page 148
0x2B	TWSSRA	TWDIF	TWASIF	TWCH	TWRA	TWC	TWBE	TWDIR	TWAS	Page 149
0x2A	TWSA	TWI Slave Address Register								Page 150
0x29	TWSAM	TWI Slave Address Mask Register								Page 151
0x28	TWSD	TWI Slave Data Register								Page 151
0x27	GTCCR	TSM	–	–	–	–	–	–	PSR	Page 108
0x26	TIMSK	ICE1	–	OCIE1B	OCIE1A	TOIE1	OCIE0B	OCIE0A	TOIE0	Pages 76, 104
0x25	TIFR	ICF1	–	OCF1B	OCF1A	TOV1	OCF0B	OCF0A	TOV0	Pages 76, 105
0x24	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	–	–	WGM11	WGM10	Page 99
0x23	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	–	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	Page 101
0x22	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	–	–	–	–	–	–	Page 102
0x21	TCNT1H	Timer/Counter1 – Counter Register High Byte								Page 103
0x20	TCNT1L	Timer/Counter1 – Counter Register Low Byte								Page 103
0x1F	OCR1AH	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register A High Byte								Page 103
0x1E	OCR1AL	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register A Low Byte								Page 103
0x1D	OCR1BH	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register B High Byte								Page 103
0x1C	OCR1BL	Timer/Counter1 – Compare Register B Low Byte								Page 103
0x1B	ICR1H	Timer/Counter1 – Input Capture Register High Byte								Page 104
0x1A	ICR1L	Timer/Counter1 – Input Capture Register Low Byte								Page 104
0x19	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	–	–	WGM01	WGM00	Page 71
0x18	TCCR0B	FOC0A	FOC0B	–	–	WGM02	CS02	CS01	CS00	Page 74
0x17	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0 – Counter Register								Page 75
0x16	OCR0A	Timer/Counter0 – Compare Register A								Page 75
0x15	OCR0B	Timer/Counter0 – Compare Register B								Page 76
0x14	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	Page 110
0x13	ACSRB	HSEL	HLEV	ACL	–	ACCE	ACME	ACIRS1	ACIRS0	Page 111
0x12	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	Page 127
0x11	ADCSRB	VDEN	VDPD	–	–	ADLAR	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	Page 128
0x10	ADMUX	–	REFS	REFEN	ADSCEN	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	Page 125
0x0F	ADCH	ADC Conversion Result – High Byte								Page 126
0x0E	ADCL	ADC Conversion Result – Low Byte								Page 126
0x0D	DIDR0	ADC7D	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	Page 129
0x0C	GIMSK	–	–	PCIE1	PCIE0	–	–	–	INT0	Page 41
0x0B	GIFR	–	–	PCIF1	PCIF0	–	–	–	INTF0	Page 42
0x0A	PCMSK1	–	–	–	–	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	Page 43
0x09	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	Page 43
0x08	PORTC	–	–	–	–	–	–	BBMB	BBMA	Page 58
0x07	PUEB	–	–	–	–	PUEB3	PUEB2	PUEB1	PUEB0	Page 58
0x06	PORTB	–	–	–	–	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	Page 59
0x05	DDR	–	–	–	–	DRB3	DRB2	DRB1	DRB0	Page 59
0x04	PINB	–	–	–	–	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	Page 59
0x03	PUEA	PUEA7	PUEA6	PUEA5	PUEA4	PUEA3	PUEA2	PUEA1	PUEA0	Page 58
0x02	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	Page 58
0x01	DDRA	DDRA7	DDRA6	DDRA5	DDRA4	DDRA3	DDRA2	DDRA1	DDRA0	Page 58
0x00	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	Page 58



- Note:
1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
 2. I/O Registers within the address range 0x00 - 0x1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
 3. Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operation the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such Status Flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.

5. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add without Carry	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract without Carry	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract Immediate with Carry	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot Rr$	Z,N,V,S	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND with Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot K$	Z,N,V,S	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$	Z,N,V,S	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR with Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V,S	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V,S	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow \$FF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,S	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow \$00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,S,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V,S	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot (\$FFh - K)$	Z,N,V,S	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V,S	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V,S	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot Rd$	Z,N,V,S	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V,S	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow \$FF$	None	1
BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC(15:0) \leftarrow Z, PC(21:16) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3/4
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC(15:0) \leftarrow Z, PC(21:16) \leftarrow 0$	None	3/4
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4/5
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	I	4/5
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	$Rd - Rr$	Z, C,N,V,S,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	$Rd - Rr - C$	Z, C,N,V,S,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare with Immediate	$Rd - K$	Z, C,N,V,S,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	A, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (I/O(A,b)=0) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	A, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (I/O(A,b)=1) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if (Z = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if (Z = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N \oplus V = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N \oplus V = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS					
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0) \leftarrow C, Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), C \leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(7) \leftarrow C, Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), C \leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=0..6$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	$Rd(3..0) \leftarrow Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) \leftarrow Rd(3..0)$	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 1$	SREG(s)	1

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
SBI	A, b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(A, b) ← 1	None	1
CBI	A, b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(A, b) ← 0	None	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	T ← Rr(b)	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	Rd(b) ← T	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	C	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	C	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	I	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Two's Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Two's Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	H	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	H	1
DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS					
MOV	Rd, Rr	Copy Register	Rd ← Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	Rd ← (X)	None	1/2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Increment	Rd ← (X), X ← X + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -X	Load Indirect and Pre-Decrement	X ← X - 1, Rd ← (X)	None	2/3
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Y)	None	1/2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Increment	Rd ← (Y), Y ← Y + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Decrement	Y ← Y - 1, Rd ← (Y)	None	2/3
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	1/2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Increment	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Decrement	Z ← Z - 1, Rd ← (Z)	None	2/3
LDS	Rd, k	Store Direct from SRAM	Rd ← (k)	None	1
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	(X) ← Rr	None	1
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Increment	(X) ← Rr, X ← X + 1	None	1
ST	-X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Decrement	X ← X - 1, (X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	(Y) ← Rr	None	1
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Increment	(Y) ← Rr, Y ← Y + 1	None	1
ST	-Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Decrement	Y ← Y - 1, (Y) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	1
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Increment.	(Z) ← Rr, Z ← Z + 1	None	1
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Decrement	Z ← Z - 1, (Z) ← Rr	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	1
IN	Rd, A	In from I/O Location	Rd ← I/O (A)	None	1
OUT	A, Rr	Out to I/O Location	I/O (A) ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS					
BREAK		Break	(see specific descr. for Break)	None	1
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR)	None	1

6. Ordering Information

6.1 ATtiny20

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code ⁽¹⁾	Package ⁽²⁾	Operational Range
12	1.8 - 5.5V	ATtiny20-SSU ATtiny20-SSUR ATtiny20-XU ATtiny20-XUR ATtiny20-CCU ATtiny20-CCUR ATtiny20-MMH ⁽³⁾ ATtiny20-MMHR ⁽³⁾	14S1 14S1 14X 14X 15CC1 15CC1 20M2 20M2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) ⁽⁴⁾

Notes: 1. Code indicators:

- H: NiPdAu lead finish
- U: matte tin
- R: tape & reel

2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).

3. Topside marking for ATtiny20:

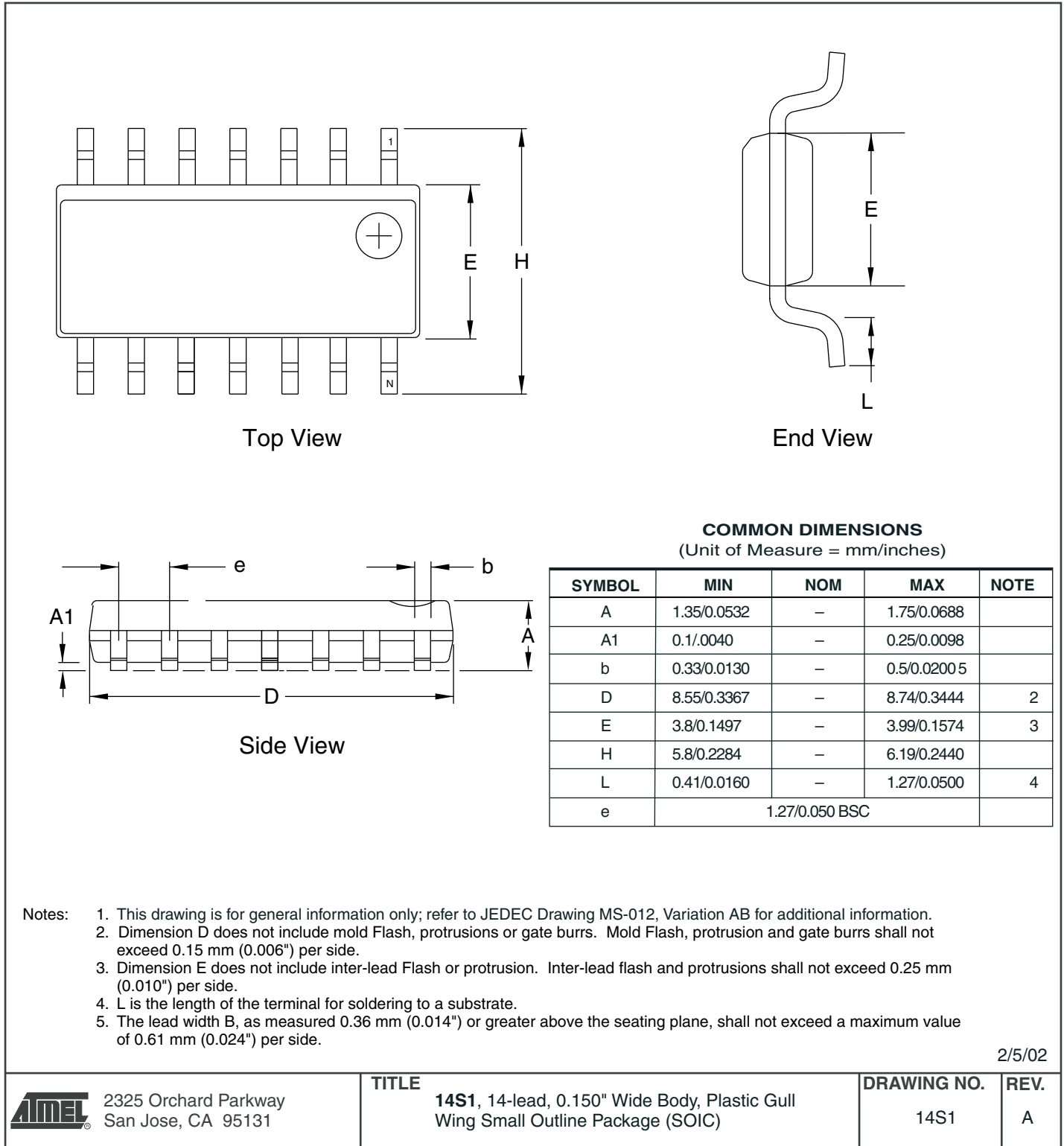
- 1st Line: T20
- 2nd Line: xx
- 3rd Line: xxx

4. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

Package Type	
14S1	14-lead, 0.150" Wide Body, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)
14X	14-lead, 4.4 mm Body, Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)
15CC1	15-ball (4 x 4 Array), 0.65 mm Pitch, 3.0 x 3.0 x 0.6 mm, Ultra Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (UFBGA)
20M2	20-pad, 3 x 3 x 0.85 mm Body, Very Thin Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN)

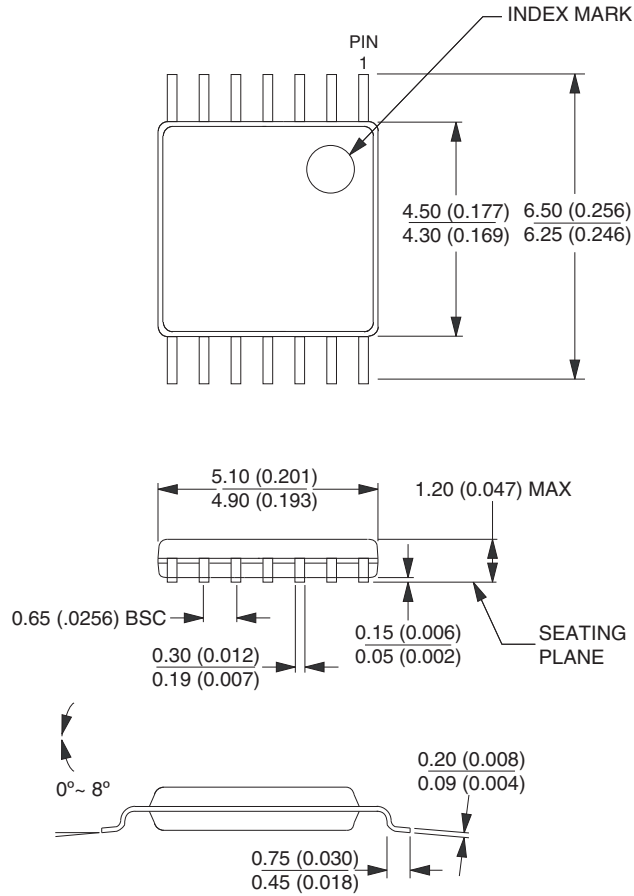
7. Packaging Information

7.1 14S1



7.2 14X

Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches).
 Controlling dimension: Millimeters.
 JEDEC Standard MO-153 AB-1.



05/16/01

ATMEL 2325 Orchard Parkway
 San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE

14X (Formerly "14T"), 14-lead (4.4 mm Body) Thin Shrink
 Small Outline Package (TSSOP)

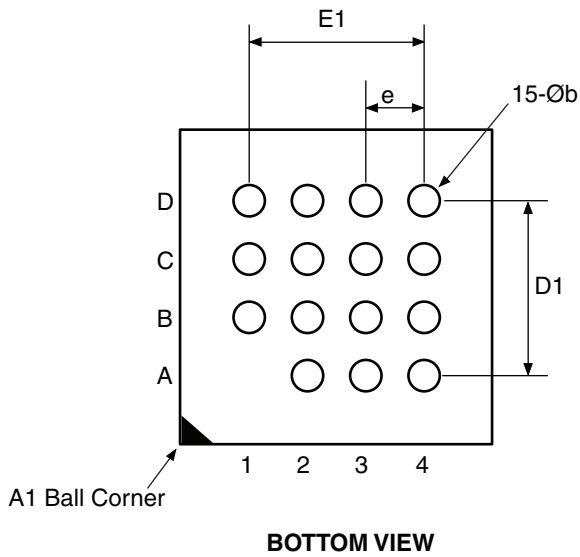
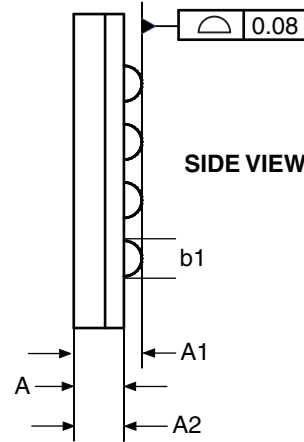
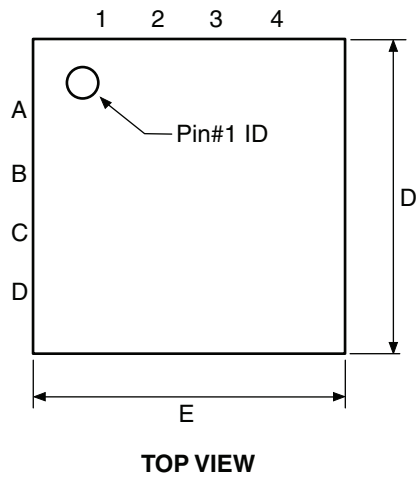
DRAWING NO.

14X

REV.

B

7.3 15CC1



COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	0.6	
A1	0.05	0.010	0.015	
A2	0.43 REF			
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	1
b1	0.25	–	–	2
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	
D1	1.95 BSC			
E	2.90	3.00	3.10	
E1	1.95 BSC			
e	0.65 BSC			

Note1: Dimension "b" is measured at the maximum ball dia. in a plane parallel to the seating plane.

Note2: Dimension "b1" is the solderable surface defined by the opening of the solder resist layer.

27/07/09



Package Drawing Contact:
packagedrawings@atmel.com

TITLE

15CC1, 15-ball (4 x 4 Array), 3.0 x 3.0 x 0.6mm package, ball pitch 0.65mm, Ultra thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (UFBGA)

GPC

CBC

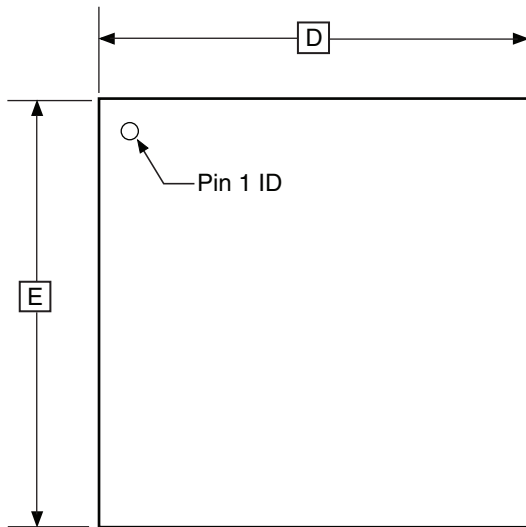
DRAWING NO.

15CC1

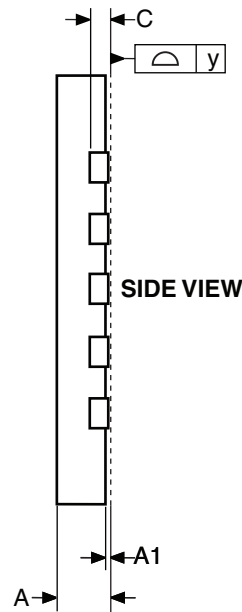
REV.

B

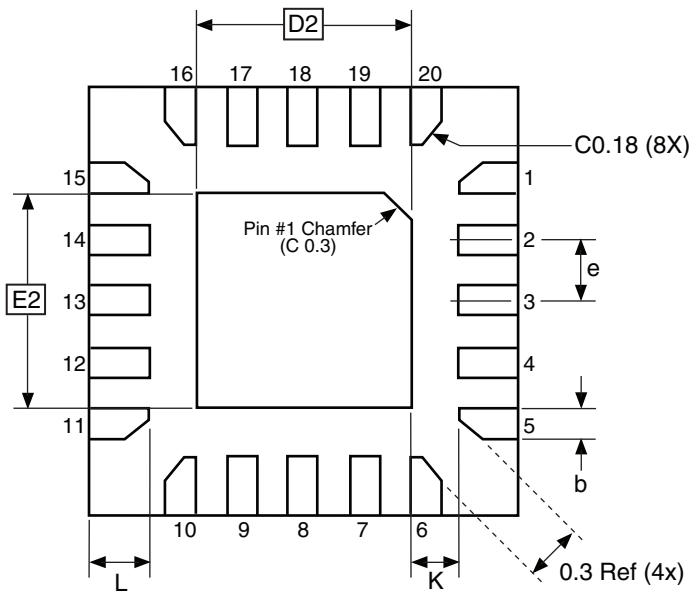
7.4 20M2



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	0.75	0.80	0.85	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
b	0.17	0.22	0.27	
C	0.152			
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	
D2	1.40	1.55	1.70	
E	2.90	3.00	3.10	
E2	1.40	1.55	1.70	
e	-	0.45	-	
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	
K	0.20	-	-	
y	0.00	-	0.08	

10/24/08



Package Drawing Contact:
packagedrawings@atmel.com

TITLE
20M2, 20-pad, 3 x 3 x 0.85 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.45 mm,
1.55 x 1.55 mm Exposed Pad, Thermally Enhanced
Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN)

GPC
ZFC

DRAWING NO.
20M2

REV.
B



8. Errata

The revision letters in this section refer to the revision of the corresponding ATtiny20 device.

8.1 Rev. A

- **Lock bits re-programming**

- 1. Lock bits re-programming**

Attempt to re-program Lock bits to present, or lower protection level (tampering attempt), causes erroneously one, random line of Flash program memory to get erased. The Lock bits will not get changed, as they should not.

Problem Fix / Workaround

Do not attempt to re-program Lock bits to present, or lower protection level.

9. Datasheet Revision History

9.1 Rev. 8235A – 03/10

1. Initial revision



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