



LMT070DICFWD-NLC

LCD Module User Manual

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Rev.	Descriptions	Release Date
0.1	Preliminary	2017-09-20
0.2	Revise operating orientation	2017-09-30
0.3	Revise display brightness control (BL_PWM only)	2017-10-23

Table of Content

1. General Specification 3

2. Block Diagram..... 3

3. Terminal Function..... 4

3.1 K1 Terminal(DVI Right angle connector)..... 4

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings 4

5. Electrical Characteristics 5

5.1 DC Characteristics 5

5.2 DC Characteristics(LVDS) 5

5.3 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE 5

6. AC Characteristics..... 6

6.1 AC Characteristics(LVDS)..... 6

6.2 AC Characteristics(TFT) 7

7. Optical Characteristics 8

8. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules 9

8.1 Handling Precautions 9

8.2 Storage precautions 9

8.3 Transportation Precautions 9

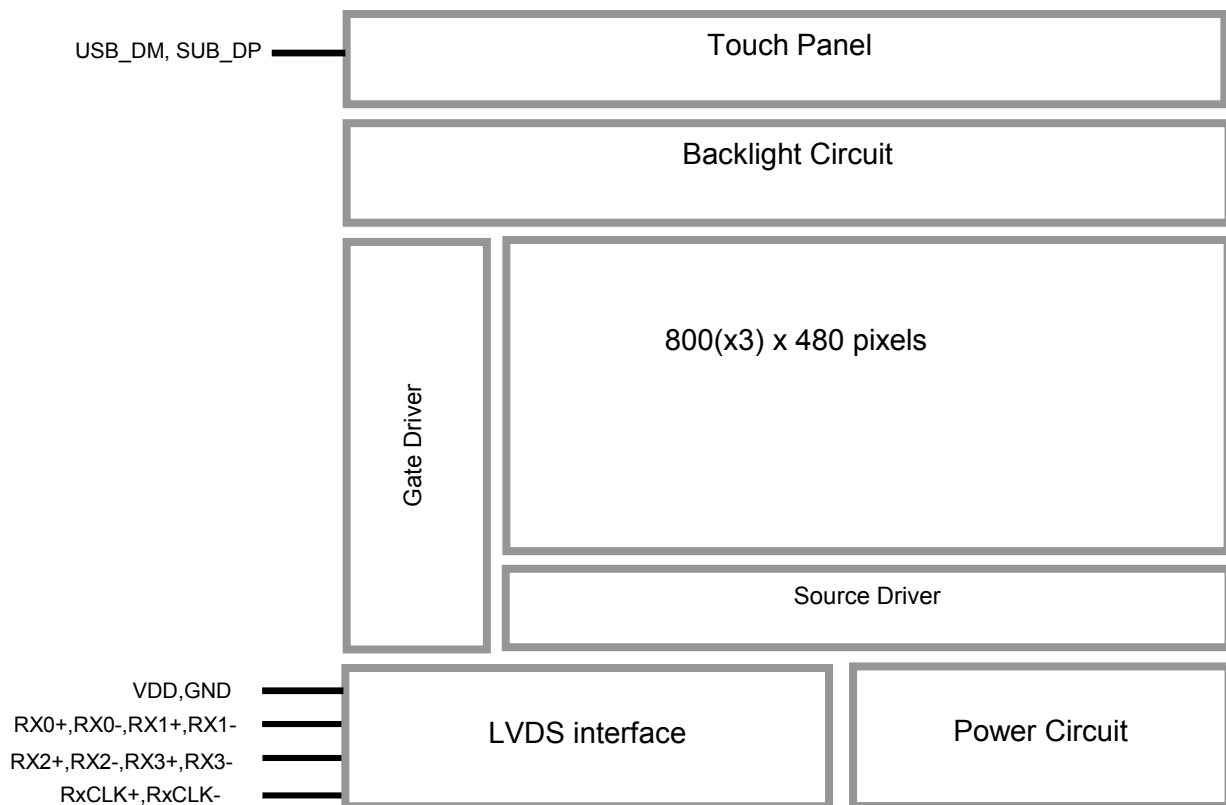
1. General Specification

Signal Interface :	LVDS (JEIDA 24 bits)
Display Mode :	Transmissive with Normally White
Screen Size :	7.0 inch
Outline Dimension :	185.9 x 119.2 x 21.4(mm)(with mounting Bezel) (see outline drawing for details)
Active Area :	154.08x 85.92(mm)
Number of dots :	800x 3 (RGB) x 480
Dot Pitch :	0.1926x 0.179(mm)
Pixel Configuration :	R.G.B. Vertical Stripe
Touch Panel Type	Capacitive Touch Panel
Backlight :	White LED
Viewing Direction :	12 o'clock (Gray scale Inversion) (*1) 6 o'clock (*2)
Operating Temperature :	-20 ~ +70°C
Storage Temperature :	-30 ~ +80°C

Note:

- *1. For saturated color display content (eg. pure-red, pure-green, pure-blue or pure-colors -combinations).
- *2. For “color scales” display content.
- *3. Color tone may slightly change by temperature and driving condition.
- *4. Applicable cover panel/cover glass thickness = 2.0MAX.(Without air gap)

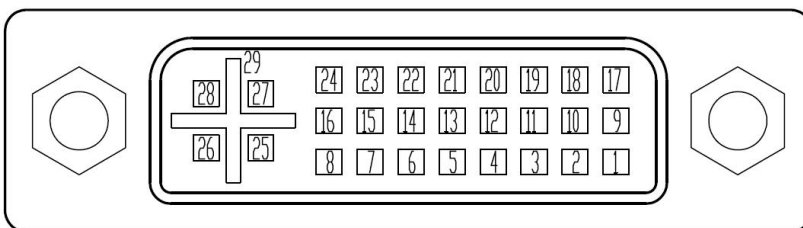
2. Block Diagram



3. Terminal Function

3.1 K1 Terminal(DVI Right angle connector)

Pin No.	Pin Name	IO	Descriptions
1	RX2-	Input	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 2
2	RX2+	Input	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 2
3	GND	Power	Ground
4	BL_PWM	Input	Backlight dimming control
5	NC	-	No connection
6	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply(5.0V)
7	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply(5.0V)
8	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply(5.0V)
9	RX1-	Input	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 1
10	RX1+	Input	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 1
11	GND	Power	Ground
12	RX3-	Input	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 3
13	RX3+	Input	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 3
14	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply(5.0V)
15	GND	Power	Ground
16	GND	Power	Ground
17	RX0-	Input	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 0
18	RX0+	Input	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 0
19	GND	Power	Ground
20	USB_DM	I/O	USB D- signal
21	USB_DP	I/O	USB D+ signal
22	GND	Power	Ground
23	RXCLK+	Input	LVDS receiver positive signal clock
24	RXCLK-	Input	LVDS receiver negative signal clock
25	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply(5.0V)
26	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply(5.0V)
27	NC	-	No connection
28	NC	-	No connection
29	GND	Power	Ground
--	SHELL	--	Case Ground



4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Items	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Power Supply voltage	VDD	-0.3	5.5	V	
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-20	70	°C	No Condensation
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	80	°C	No Condensation

Note:

- *1. This rating applies to all parts of the module. And should not be exceeded.
- *2. The operating temperature only guarantees operation of the circuit. The contrast, response speed, and the other specification related to electro-optical display quality is determined at the room temperature, T_{OP}=25°C
- *3. Any Stresses exceeding the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 DC Characteristics

VDD=5.0V,GND=0V,T_a=25°C

Items	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Supply Voltage	VDD	4.7	5.0	5.3	V	
VDD Power Consumption	I _{dd}	--	0.5	1.2	A	*1

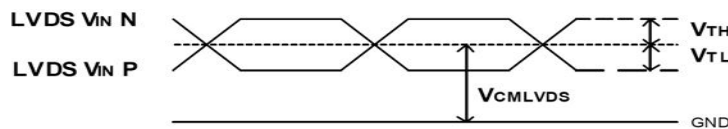
Note1:

*1. Backlight brightness is 100%.

5.2 DC Characteristics(LVDS)

VDD=5.0V,GND=0V,T_a=25°C

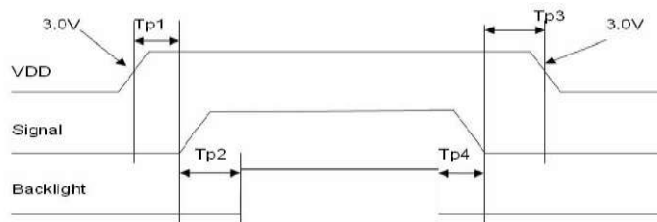
Items	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Differential Input High Threshold	V _{TH}	-	-	100	mV	
Differential Input Low Threshold	V _{TL}	-100	-	-	mV	
Input Current	I _{IN}			±10	uA	
Differential Input common Mode voltage	V _{CMLVDS}	1.65	-	2.1	V	



LVDS DC timing diagram

5.3 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
VDD 5.0V to signal starting	Tp1	0	-	50	ms	
Signal starting to backlight on	Tp2	150	-	-	ms	
Signal off to VDD 3.0V	Tp3	0	-	50	ms	
Backlight off to signal off	Tp4	150	-	-	ms	



Interface Power On/Off Sequence

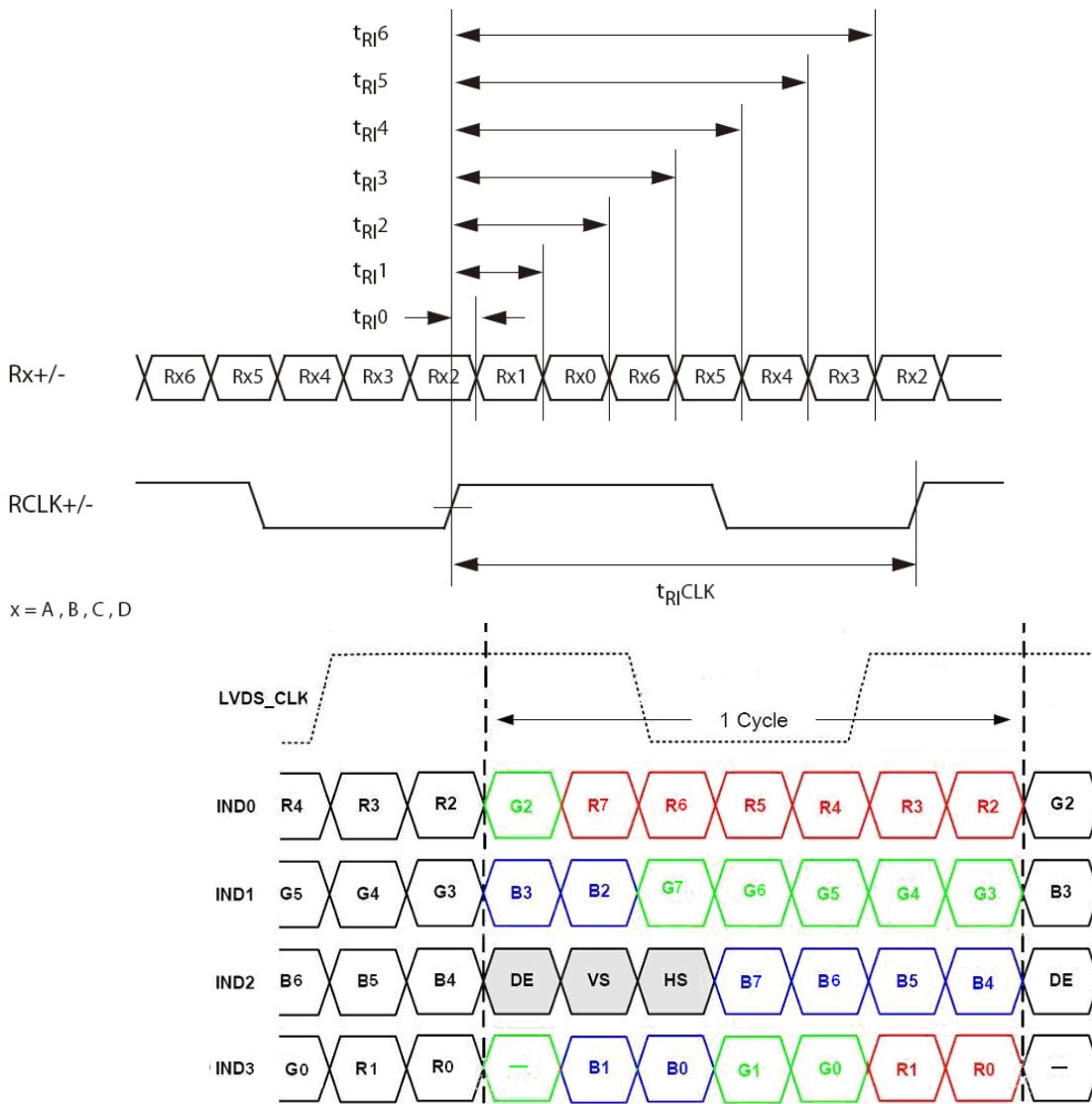
6. AC Characteristics

6.1 AC Characteristics(LVDS)

VDD=5.0V,GND=0V,T_a=25°C

Item	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Condition
Input CLK period	t _{RI} CLK	8.9	-	50	ns	
Input Data Position 0 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 0	-0.3	-	+0.3	ns	
Input Data Position 1 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 1	t _{RI} CLK/7-0.3	t _{RI} CLK/7	t _{RI} CLK/7+0.3	ns	
Input Data Position 2 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 2	2t _{RI} CLK/7-0.3	2t _{RI} CLK/7	2t _{RI} CLK/7+0.3	ns	
Input Data Position 3 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 3	3t _{RI} CLK/7-0.3	3t _{RI} CLK/7	3t _{RI} CLK/7+0.3	ns	
Input Data Position 4 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 4	4t _{RI} CLK/7-0.3	4t _{RI} CLK/7	4t _{RI} CLK/7+0.3	ns	
Input Data Position 5 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 5	5t _{RI} CLK/7-0.3	5t _{RI} CLK/7	5t _{RI} CLK/7+0.3	ns	
Input Data Position 6 (t _{RI} CLK = 8.9ns)	t _{RI} 6	6t _{RI} CLK/7-0.3	6t _{RI} CLK/7	6t _{RI} CLK/7+0.3	ns	

Input Clock and Data timing Diagram:



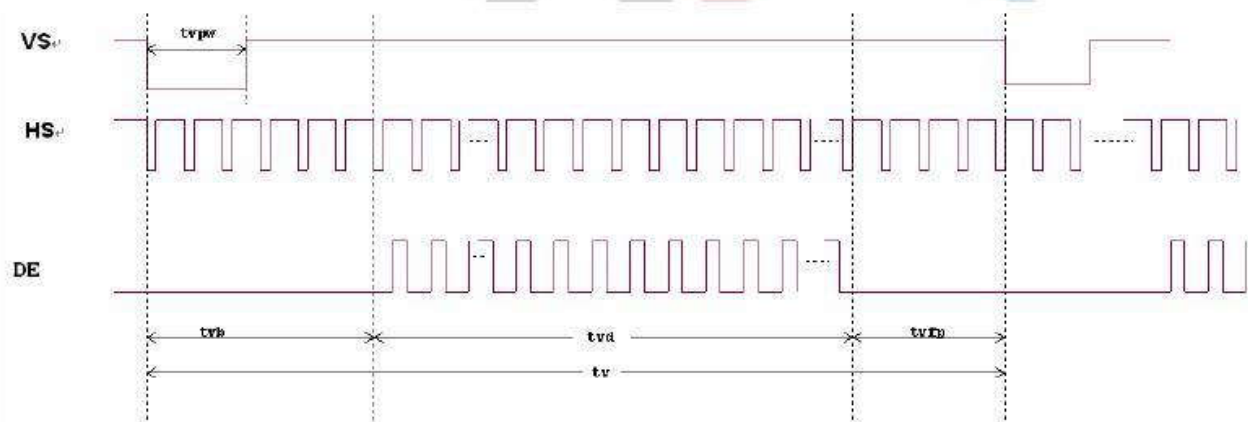
6.2 AC Characteristics(TFT)

Item	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Horizontal Display Area	thd	-	800	-	DCLK	
DCLK Frequency	fclk	26.4	33.3	46.8	MHz	
One Horizontal Line	th	862	1056	1200	DCLK	
HS pulse width	thpw	1	-	40	DCLK	
HS Blanking	thb	46	46	46	DCLK	
HS Front Porch	thfp	16	210	354	DCLK	

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Vertical Display Area	tvd	-	480	-	TH	
VS period time	tv	510	525	650	TH	
VS pulse width	tvpw	1	-	20	TH	
VS Blanking	tvb	23	23	23	TH	
VS Front Porch	tvfp	7	22	147	TH	



1 Horizontal input timing diagram.



Vertical input timing diagram.

7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Note.
Viewing angle (CR ≥ 10)	θ_L	9 o'clock	60	70	-	degree	*2
	θ_R	3 o'clock	60	70	-		
	θ_T	12 o'clock	60	70	-		
	θ_B	6 o'clock	40	50	-		
Response Time	T_f	Normal $\theta=0^\circ$	-	10	20	msec	*3
	T_r		-	15	30	msec	
Contrast ratio	CR		400	500	-	-	*1
Color chromaticlty	W_x		0.26	0.31	0.26	-	
	W_y		0.28	0.33	0.38	-	
Luminance	L		-	500	-	cd/m ²	*4
Luminance uniformity	Y_U		70	75	-	%	*4

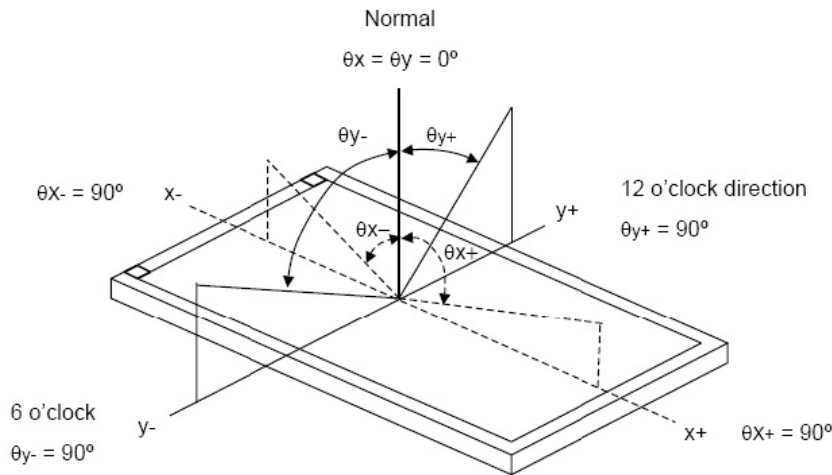
Note:

*1. Definition of Contrast Ratio

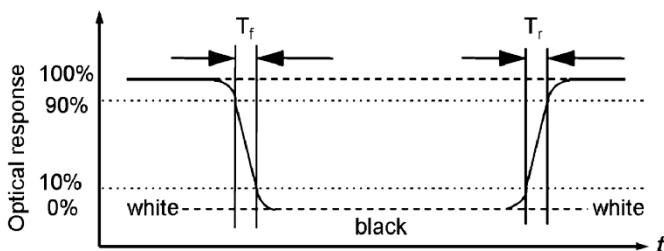
The contrast ratio could be calculate by the following expression:

Contrast Ratio (CR) = Luminanc with all pixels white / Luminance with all pixels black

*2 Definition of Viewing Angle



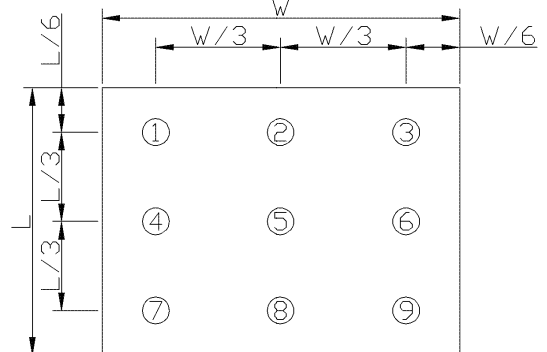
*3 Definition of response time



*4 Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Luminance uniformity (Lu)=

Min. Luminance form pt1~pt9 / Max Luminance form Pt1~pt9



8. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

8.1 Handling Precautions

- 9.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 9.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 9.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 9.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 9.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcoholSolvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents
- 9.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 9.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 9.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - 9.1.8.1 Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
 - 9.1.8.2 Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
 - 9.1.8.3 To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
 - 9.1.8.4 The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

8.2 Storage precautions

- 9.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 9.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:
Temperature : 0°C ~ 40°C Relatively humidity: ≤80%
- 9.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

8.3 Transportation Precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

附录一:

CTP Application Precautions

1. CTP Mounting Precaution

1.1 Bezel Mounting (Figure 1)

- The bezel window should be bigger than the CTP active area. It should be $\geq 0.5\text{mm}$ each side.
- Gasket should be installed between the bezel and the CTP surface.
The final gap should be about $0.5\sim 1.0\text{mm}$.
- It is recommended to provide an additional support bracket for backside support when necessary (e.g. slim type TFT module without mounding structure). They should only provide appropriate support and keep the module in place.
- The mounting structure should be strong enough to prevent external uneven force or twist act onto the module.

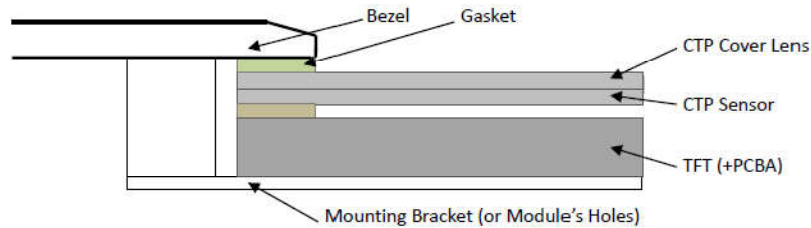


Figure 1

1.2 Surface Mounting (Figure 2)

- As the CTP assembling on the countersink area with double side adhesive.
- The countersink area should be flat and clean to ensure the double side adhesive installation result.
- The Bezel is recommend to keep a gap ($\geq 0.3\text{mm}$ each side) around the cover lens for tolerance.
- It is recommended to provide an additional support bracket with gasket for backside support when necessary (e.g. TFT module without mounding structure). They should only provide appropriate support and keep the module in place.
- The mounting structure should be strong enough to prevent external uneven force or twist act onto the module.

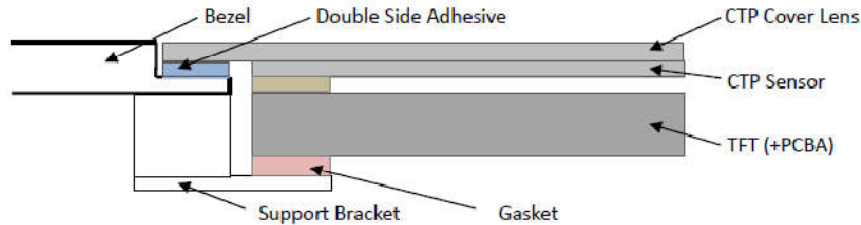


Figure 2

1.3 Additional Cover Lens Mounting (Figure 3)

- For the case of additional cover Lens mounting, it is necessary to recheck with the CTP specification about the material and thickness to ensure the functionality.
- It should keep a $0.2\sim 0.3\text{mm}$ gap between the cover lens and the CTP surface..
- The cover lens window should be bigger than the active area of the CTP.
It should be $\geq 0.5\text{mm}$ each side.
- It is recommended to provide an additional support bracket for backside support when necessary (e.g. slim type TFT module without mounding structure). They should only provide appropriate support and keep the module in place.
- The mounting structure should be strong enough to prevent external uneven force or twist act onto the module.

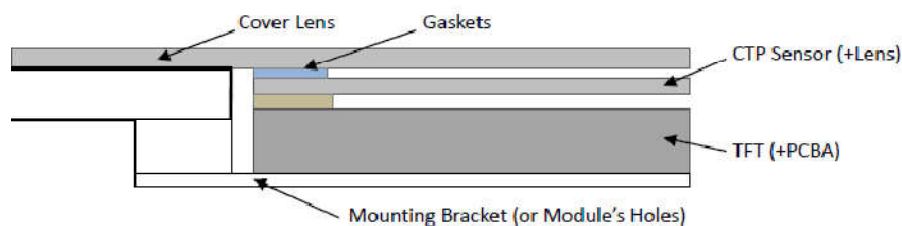


Figure 3

2. Handling Precautions

- 2.1 The product made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 2.2 Do not apply excessive or uneven force to the product since this may damage to the performance.
- 2.3 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with Isopropyl alcohol or Ethyl alcohol solvents. Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the product. Especially, do not use Water, Ketone, Aromatic solvents.
- 2.4 Do not attempt to disassemble the CTP Module.
- 2.5 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 2.6 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - a. Be sure to ground the body when handling the CTP Modules.
 - b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
 - c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
 - d. The CTP Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

3. Storage and Transportation Precautions

- 3.1 When storing the CTP modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 3.2 The CTP modules should be stored the required temperature range. If the CTP modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is the temperature of 0~40 °C and relative humidity of $\leq 80\%$.
- 3.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 3.4 The CTP modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.