

Current Transducer HX 03..50-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).









 $I_{PN} = 3 ... 50 A$



All data are given with \mathbf{R}_{i} = 10 k Ω

	All data are given with $\mathbf{R}_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$				
Ele	ctrical da	ta			
curre	ry nominal nt rms I _{PN} (A)	Primary current measuring range I _{PM} (A)	Primary conductor diameter x turns (mm)	Туре	
	3	± 9	0.6d x 20T	HX 03-	.P
	5	± 15	0.8d x 12T	HX 05-	·P
	10	± 30	1.1d x 6T	HX 10-	·P
	15	± 45	1.4d x 4T	HX 15-	·P
	20	± 60	1.6d x 3T	HX 20-	·P
	25	± 75	1.6d x 2T	HX 25-	·P
	50	± 150	1.2 x 6.3 x 1T	HX 50-P	
V _{OUT}	Output volta	ige (Anarog) @ ± I _{PN} , F	$\mathbf{R}_{\perp} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \mathbf{T}_{\Delta} = 25 \text{ °C}$	± 4	V
R _{OUT}	Output inter	nal resistance		< 50	Ω
R _L	Load resista	nce		≥ 10	$k\Omega$
V _c	Supply volta	age (± 5 %) 1)		± 15	V
V _c	Current con	sumption		< ± 15	mΑ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

	Accuracy @ \mathbf{I}_{PN} , \mathbf{T}_{A} = 25°C (xcluding offset) Linearity error (0 ± \mathbf{I}_{PN}) Electorical offset voltage @ \mathbf{I}_{P} = 0, \mathbf{T}_{A} = 25°C Hysteresis offset voltage @ \mathbf{I}_{P} = 0 after an excursion of 1 x \mathbf{I}_{PN} Temperature coefficient of \mathbf{V}_{OE}	< ± 1 % < ± 1 % < ± 40 < ± 15 < ± 1.5	% of I _{PN} mV
TCV _{OUT}	Temperature coefficient of \mathbf{V}_{OUT} (% of reading) Response time to 90% of \mathbf{I}_{PN} step Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB) 2)	± 0.1 ≤ 3 50	%/K µs kHz

General data

T _A	Ambient operating temperature	- 25 + 85	°C
$T_{\rm s}$	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 + 85	$^{\circ}C$
m	Mass	8	g
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	

Note: 1) Also operate at $\pm 12V$ power supples, measuring range reduced to $\pm 2.5 \times I_{PN}$.

Features

- Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- Hall effect measuring principle
- Isolation voltage 3000V
- · Low power consumption
- Extended measuring range (3 x
 I_{DN})
- Power supply from ±12V to ±15V
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Low insertion losses
- Easy to mount with automatic handling system
- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference

Applications

- AC variable speed drives
- DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Electrical appliances

Application domain

Industrial

²⁾ Small signal only to avoid excssive heating of the magnetic cores.



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Is	olation characteristics		
$oldsymbol{V}_{d} \ oldsymbol{V}_{e} \ oldsymbol{\hat{V}}_{w}$	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min Partial discharge extinction voltage rms @ 10 pC Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	> 3 ≥ 1 ≥ 6	kV kV kV
dCp dCl CTI	Creepage distance Clearance distance Comparative Tracking Index (group I)	≥ 5.5 ≥ 5.5 ≥ 600	mm mm

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- · Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, \hat{V}_w	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced insulation	300 V	150 V

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

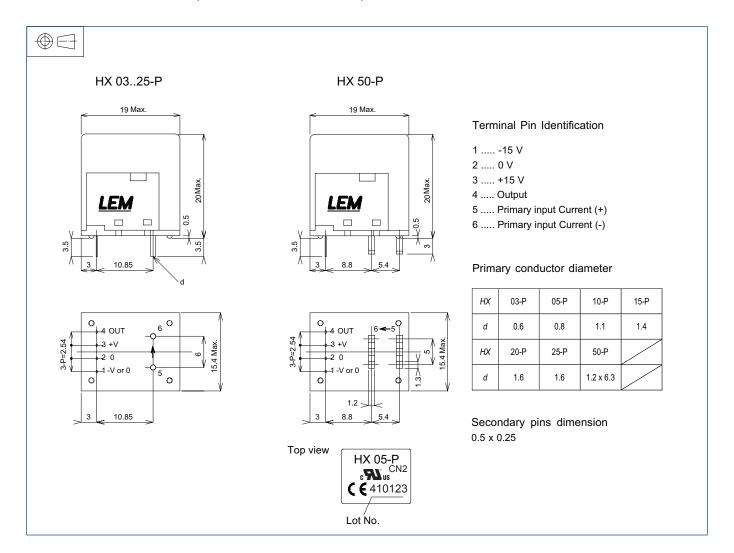
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions HX 03..50-P.(in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

• General tolerance ± 0.5 mm