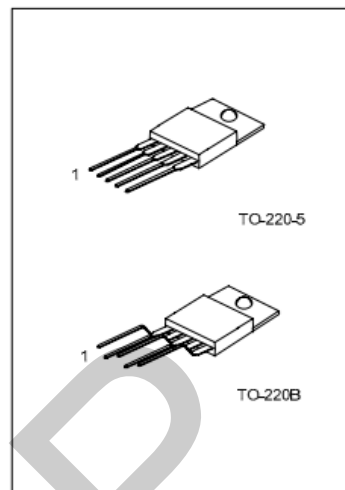


DESCRIPTION

The TDA2003 is a monolithic audio power amplifier integrated circuit.

FEATURES

- ◆ Very low number of external component required.
- ◆ High current output (up to 3 A).
- ◆ Low harmonic and crossover distortion.
- ◆ Built-in Over temperature protection.
- ◆ Short circuit protection between all pins.
- ◆ Safety Operating Area for output transistors



*Pb-free plating product number: TDA2030L

ORDERING INFORMATION

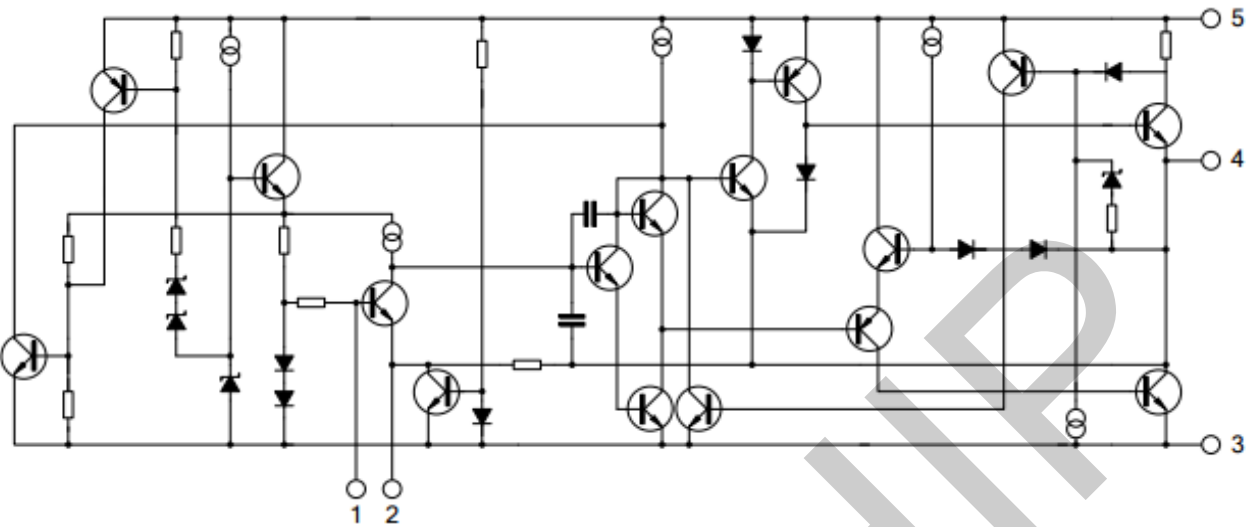
Ordering Number		Package	Packing
Normal	Lead Free Plating		
TDA2003-TA5-T	TDA2003L-TA5-T	TO-220-5	Tube
TDA2003-TB5-T	TDA2003L-TB5-T	TO-220B	Tube

<p>TDA2003L-TA5-T</p> <p>(1) Packing Type (2) Package Type (3) Lead Free</p>	<p>(1) T: Tube (2) TA5: TO-220-5, TB5: TO-220B (3) G: Halogen Free, L: Lead Free, Blank: Pb/Sn</p>
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PIN CONFIGURATION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME
1	Non inverting input
2	Inverting input
3	Ground
4	Output
5	Supply Voltage

BLOCK DIAGR



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

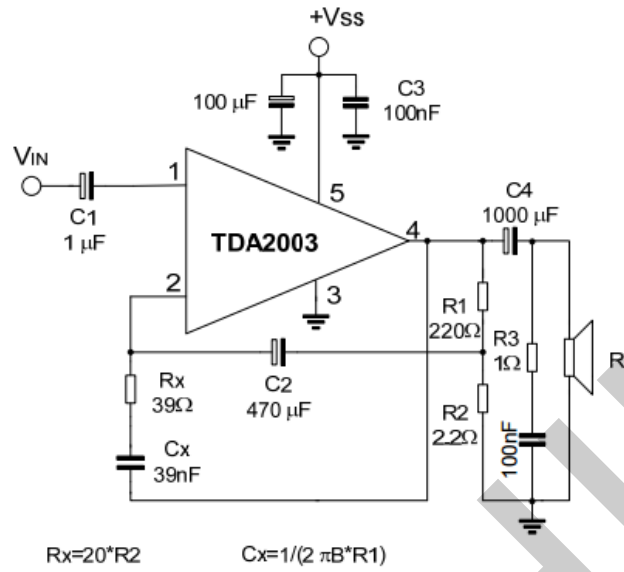
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{SS}	40	V
DC Supply Voltage	V_{SS}	28	V
Operating Supply Voltage	V_{SS}	18	V
Output Peak Current	Repetitive	3.5	A
	Non Repetitive	4.5	
Power Dissipation at $T_c = 90^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	20	W
Storage and Junction Temperature	T_{STG}	-40 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

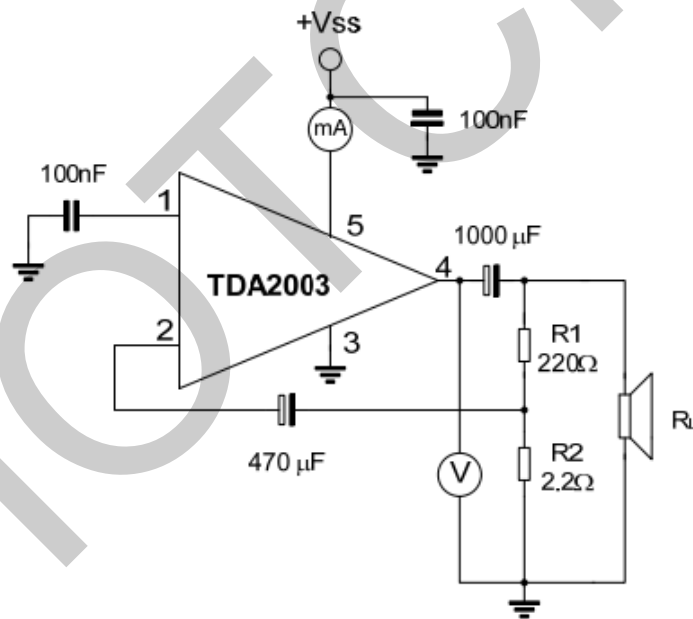
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Refer to the test circuit, $V_s = \pm 16V, T_a = 25^\circ C$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DC CHARACTERISTICS						
Supply Voltage	V_{SS}		8		18	V
Quiescent Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		6.1	6.9	7.7	V
Quiescent Drain Current	I_D			44	50	mA
AC CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Power	P_{OUT}	THD=10%, f=1kHz	$R_L=4\Omega$	5.5	6	W
			$R_L=2\Omega$	9	10	
			$R_L=3.2\Omega$		7.5	
			$R_L=1.6\Omega$		1.2	
Input Sensitivity	V_i	f=1kHz	$P_{OUT}=0.5W, R_L=4\Omega$		14	mV
			$P_{OUT}=6W, R_L=4\Omega$		55	
			$P_{OUT}=0.5W, R_L=2\Omega$		10	
			$P_{OUT}=10W, R_L=2\Omega$		50	
Input Saturation Voltage	$V_{I(RMS)}$		300			mV
Frequency	F	$P_{OUT}=1W, R_L=4\Omega$	40		15000	Hz
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	f=1kHz	$P_{OUT}=0.05 \sim 4.5W,$		0.15	%
			$P_{OUT}=0.05 \sim 7.5W,$		0.15	
Input Resistance(Pin 1)	R_I	open loop, f=1kHz	70	150		k Ω
Input Noise Current	R_I			60	200	pA
Input Noise Voltage	eN			1	5	μV
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G_{vo}	f=1kHz		80		dB
		f=10kHz		60		dB
Closed Loop Voltage	G_{vc}	f=1kHz, $R_L=4\Omega$	39.3	40	40.3	dB
Efficiency, f=1kHz	η	$P_{OUT}=6W, R_L=4\Omega$		69		%
		$P_{OUT}=10W, R_L=2\Omega$		65		
Supply Voltage Rejection	SVR	f=100Hz, $V_{RUPPLE}=0.5V, R_G=10k\Omega,$	30	36		dB

TEST CIRCUIT AC Test Circuit



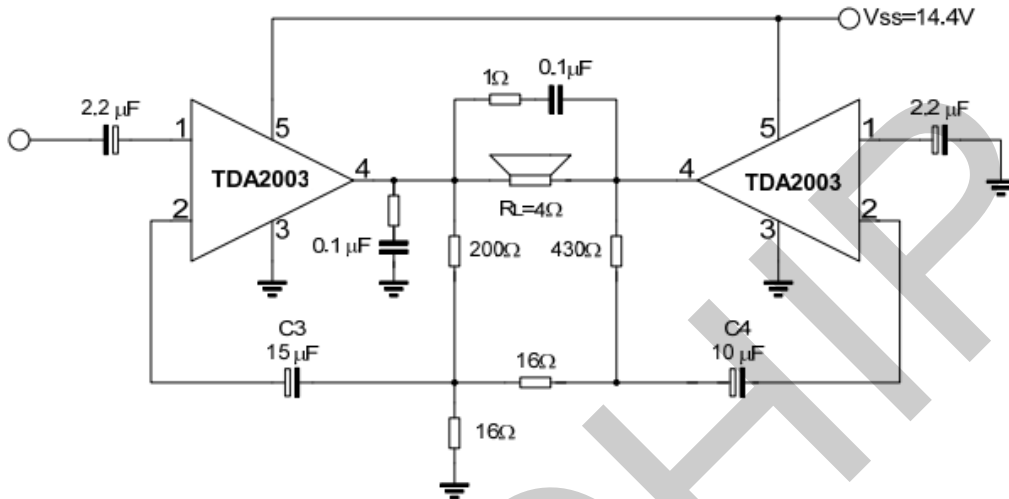
DC Test Circuit



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

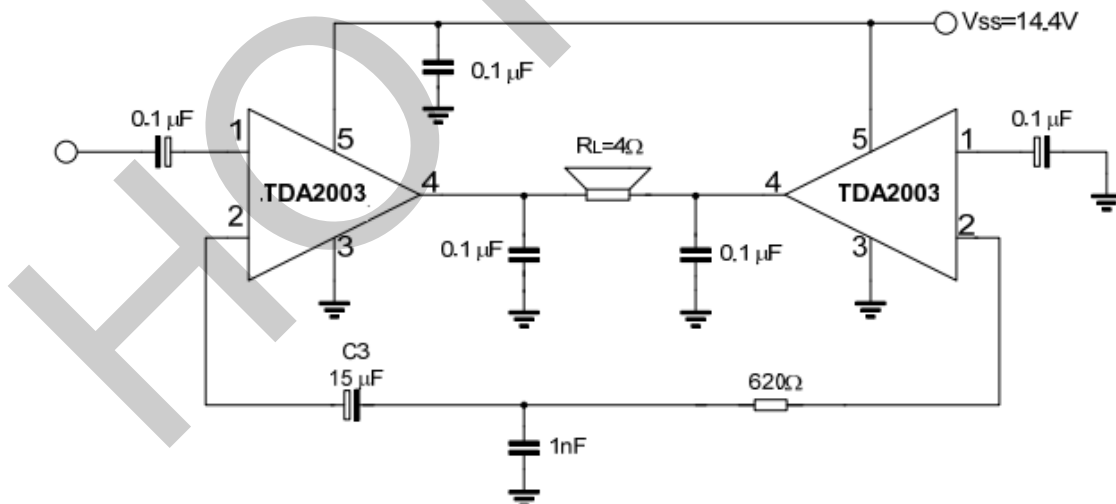
20W Bridge Configuration Application

The Values of the capacitors C3 and C4 are different to optimize the SVR (Typ. 40dB)



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Low Cost Bridge Configuration Application Circuit(POUT=18W)

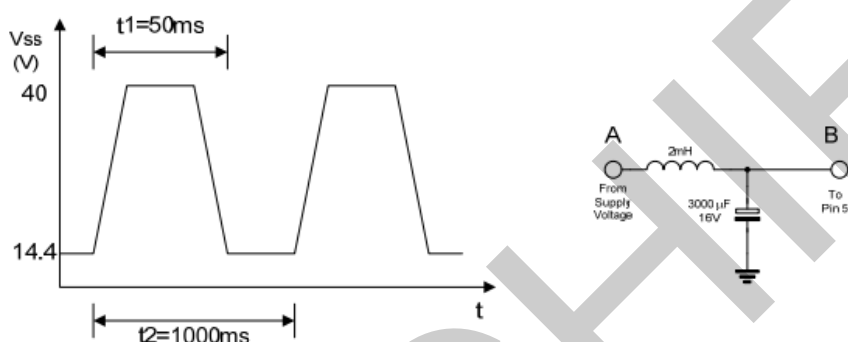


BUILT-IN PROTECTION SYSTEMS

LOAD DUMP VOLTAGE SURGE

The TDA2003 has a circuit which enables it to withstand a voltage pulse train, on pin 5. If the supply voltage peaks to more than 40V, then an LC filter must be inserted between the supply and pin 5, in order to assure that the pulses at pin 5 will be held within the limits.

A recommended LC network. With this network, a train of pulses with amplitude up to 120V and width of 2ms can be applied at point A. This type of protection is ON when the supply voltage (pulsed or DC) exceeds 18V. For this reason the maximum operating supply voltage is 18V.



SHORT CIRCUIT (AC and DC Conditions)

The TDA2003 can withstand a permanent short-circuit on the output for a supply voltage up to 16V.

POLARITY INVERSION

High current (up to 5A) can be handled by the device with no damage for a longer period than the blow-out time of a quick 1A fuse (normally connected in series with the supply).

The feature is added to avoid destruction if, during fitting to the car, a mistake on connection of the supply is made.

OPEN GROUND

When the radio is in the ON condition and the ground is accidentally opened, a standard audio amplifier will be damaged. On the TDA2003 protection diodes are included to avoid any damage.

INDUCTIVE LOAD

A protection diode is provided between pin 4 and pin 5 (see the internal schematic diagram) to allow use of the TDA2003 with inductive loads. In particular, the TDA2003 can drive a coupling transformer for audio modulation.

DC VOLTAGE

The maximum operating DC voltage on the TDA2003 is 18V. However the device can withstand a DC voltage up to 28V with no damage. This could occur during winter if two batteries were series connected to crank the engine.

BUILT-IN PROTECTION SYSTEMS (Cont.) THERMAL SHUT-DOWN

The presence of a thermal limiting circuit offers the following advantages:

An overload on the output (even if it is permanent), or an excessive ambient temperature can be easily withstood.

The heat-sink can have a smaller factor compared with that of a conventional circuit. There is no device damage in case of excessive junction temperature: all that happens is that P_o (and therefore P_D) and I_d are reduced

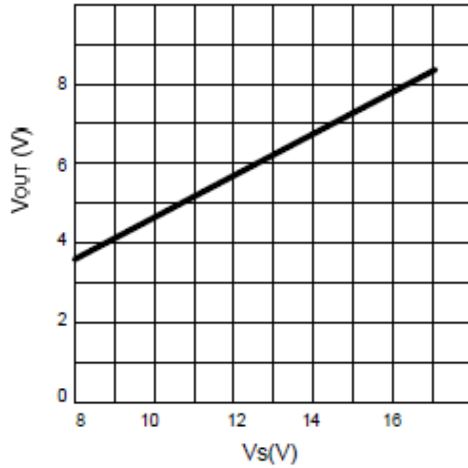
COMPONENTS USAGE SUGGESTION

The recommended values of the components are those shown on typical application circuit. Different values can be used. The following table can help the designer.

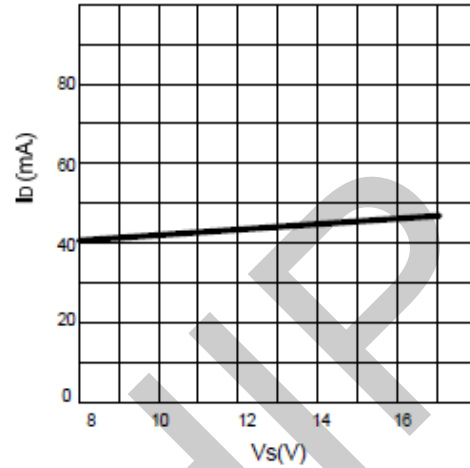
COMPONENT	RECOMMENDED VALUE	PURPOSE	LARGE THAN RECOMMENDED VALUE	SMALLER THAN RECOMMENDED VALUE
R1	$(G_v - 1) \cdot R_2$	Gain setting.		increase of drain current
R2	2.2Ω	gain and SVR setting	Decrease of SVR	
R3	1Ω	Frequency stability	Danger of oscillation at high frequencies with inductive loads.	
R _x	$\approx 20R_2$	Upper frequency cutoff	Poor high frequencies attenuation	Danger of oscillation
C1	2.2μF	Input DC decoupling		Noise at switch-on switch-off
C2	470μF	Ripple rejection		Decrease of SVR
C3	0.1μF	Supply voltage bypass		Danger of oscillation
C4	1000μF	Supply voltage bypass		Higher low frequency cutoff
C5	0.1μF	Frequency stability		Danger of oscillation at high frequencies with inductive loads.
C _x	$\approx 1 / (2\pi \cdot B \cdot R_1)$	Upper frequency cut off	Lower bandwidth	Larger bandwidth

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

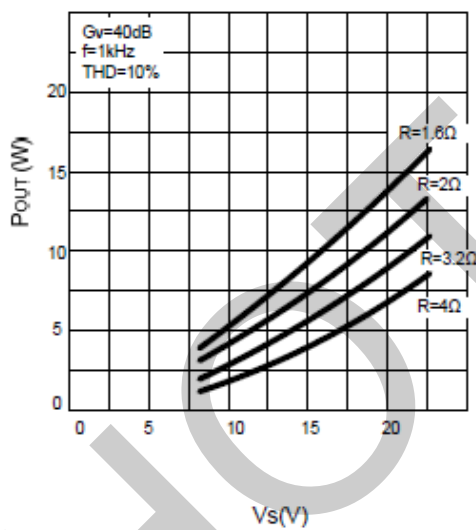
Quiescent output voltage vs. Supply voltage



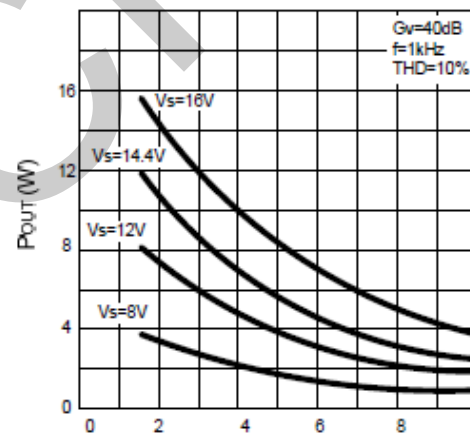
Quiescent drain current vs. Supply voltage



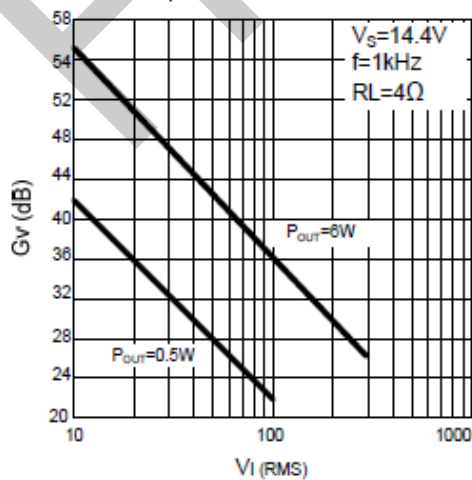
Output power vs. Supply voltage



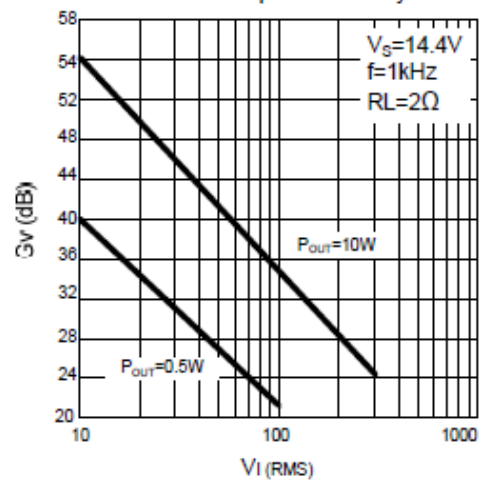
Output power vs. load resistance



Gain vs. Input sensitivity

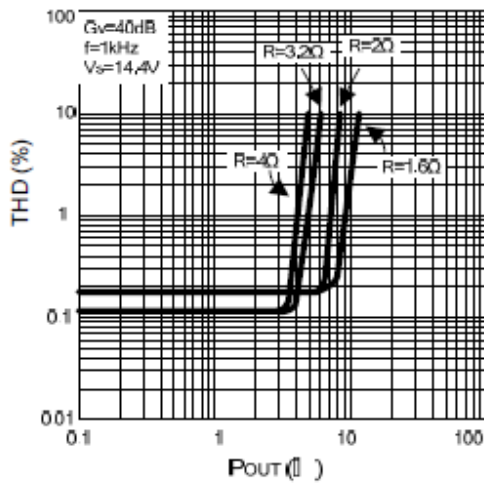


Gain vs. Input sensitivity

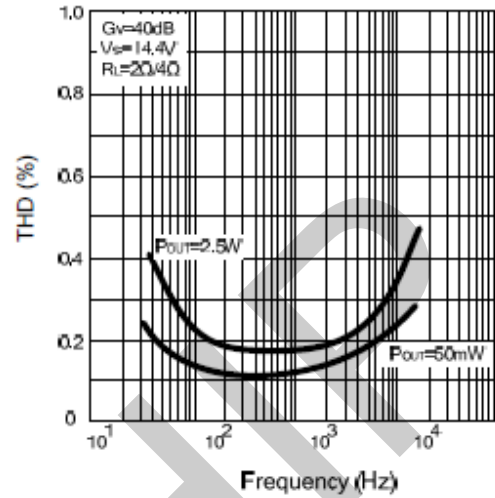


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

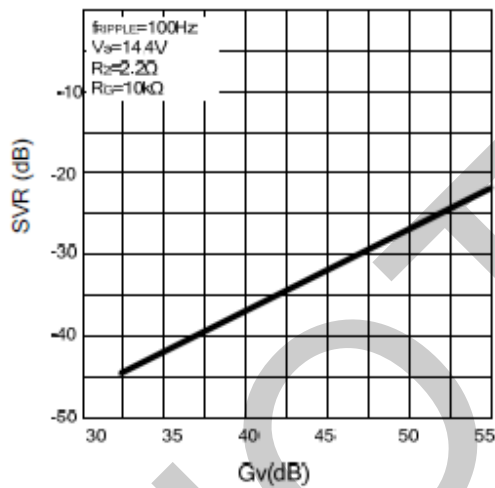
Distortion vs. output power



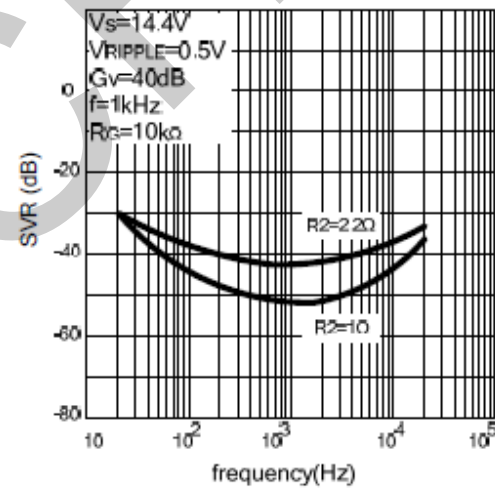
Distortion vs. frequency



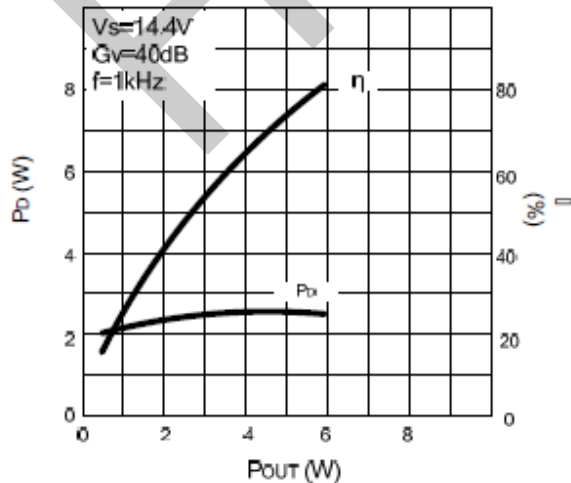
Supply voltage rejection vs. voltage gain



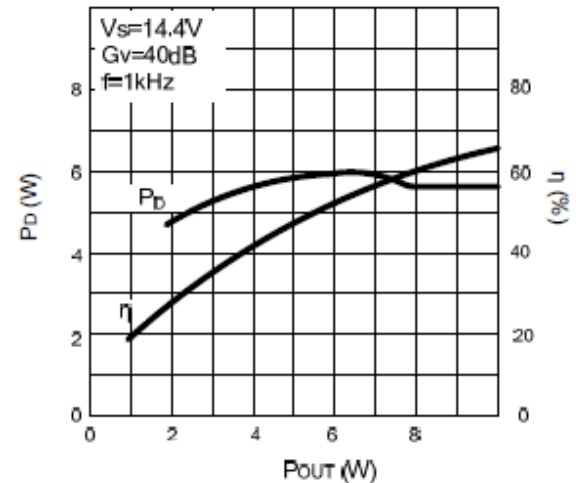
Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency



Power dissipation and efficiency vs. output power ($R_L=4\Omega$)

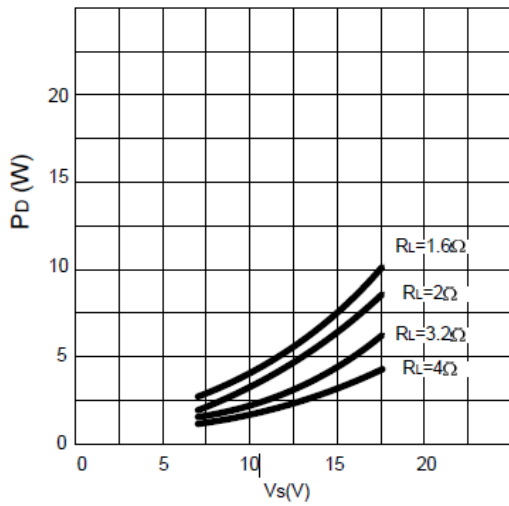


Power dissipation and efficiency vs. output power ($R_L=2\Omega$)

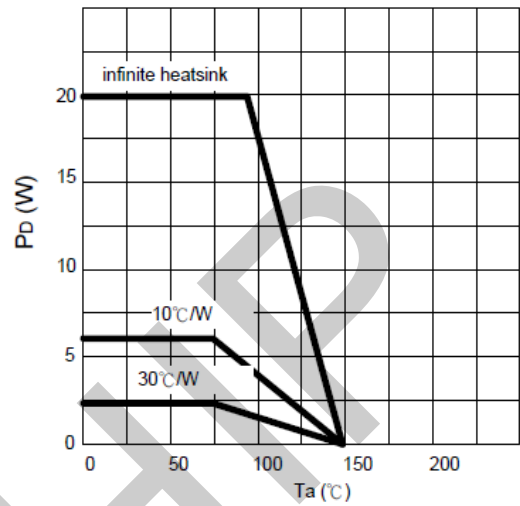


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

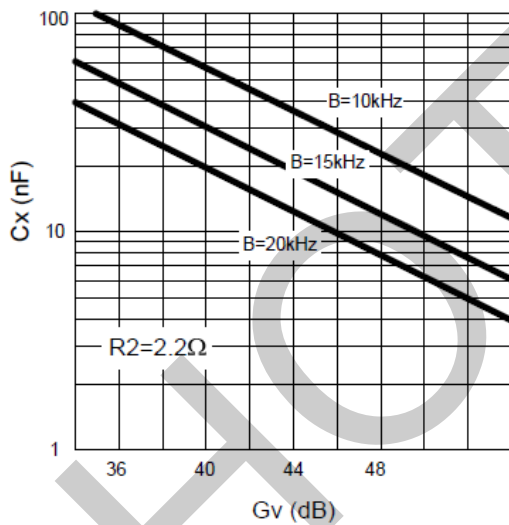
Maximum Power dissipation and supply voltage(sine wave operation)



Maximum allowable dissipation and ambient temperature



Typical values of capacitor(C_x) for different values of frequency response



PENTAWATT PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
A			4.80			0.189
C			1.37			0.054
D	2.40		2.80	0.094		0.110
D1	1.20		1.35	0.047		0.053
E	0.35		0.55	0.014		0.022
E1	0.76		1.19	0.030		0.047
F	0.80		1.05	0.031		0.041
F1	1.00		1.40	0.039		0.055
G	3.20	3.40	3.60	0.126	0.134	0.142
G1	6.60	6.80	7.00	0.260	0.268	0.276
H2			10.40			0.409
H3	10.05		10.40	0.396		0.409
L	17.55	17.85	18.15	0.691	0.703	0.715
L1	15.55	15.75	15.95	0.612	0.620	0.628
L2	21.20	21.40	21.60	0.831	0.843	0.850
L3	22.30	22.50	22.70	0.878	0.886	0.894
L4			1.29			0.051
L5	2.60		3.00	0.102		0.118
L6	15.10		15.80	0.594		0.622
L7	6.00		6.60	0.236		0.260
L9		0.2			0.008	
M	4.23	4.50	4.75	0.167	0.177	0.187
M1	3.75	4.00	4.25	0.148	0.157	0.167
V4	40° (typ.)					
Dia	3.65		3.85	0.144		0.152

