

# NPN POWER TRANSISTORS

COMPLEMENTARY TO THE D41E SERIES

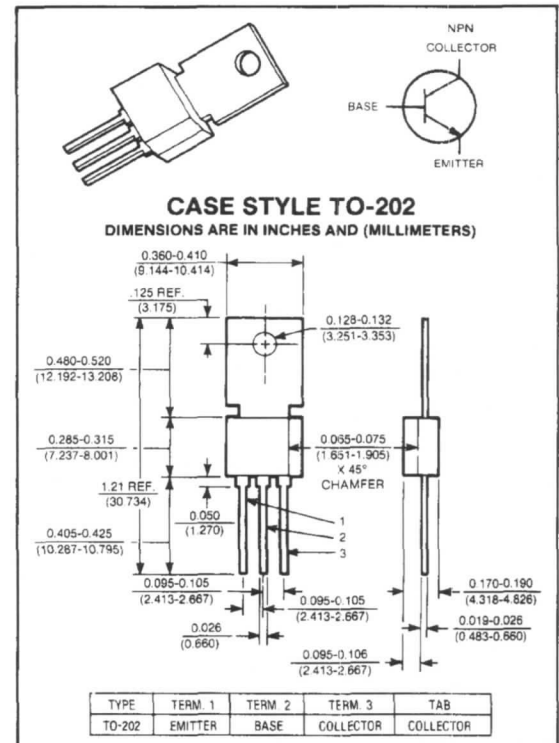
**D40E Series**

**30 - 80 VOLTS  
2 AMP, 8 WATTS**

D40E series are power transistors designed for various specific and general purpose applications, such as: output and driver stages of amplifiers operating at frequencies from DC to greater than 0.1MHz; series, shunt and switching regulators; low and high frequency inverters/converters; and many others.

**Features:**

- High free-air power dissipation
- NPN complement to D41E PNP
- Low collector saturation voltage (0.5V typ. @ 1.0A I<sub>C</sub>)
- Excellent linearity
- Fast switching



maximum ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

RATING	SYMBOL	D40E1	D40E5	D40E7	UNITS
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	30	60	80	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CES</sub>	45	70	90	Volts
Emitter Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	5	5	5	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	2	2	2	A
Peak <sup>(1)</sup>	I <sub>CM</sub>	3	3	3	
Base Current — Continuous	I <sub>B</sub>	1	1	1	A
Total Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.33	1.33	1.33	Watts
@ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C		8	8	8	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	°C

**thermal characteristics**

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	R <sub>θJA</sub>	75	75	75	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	15.6	15.6	15.6	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	T <sub>L</sub>	+260	+260	+260	°C

(1) Pulse Test Pulse Width = 300ms Duty Cycle ≤ 2%.

electrical characteristics ( $T_C = 25^\circ C$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
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off characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage ( $I_C = 10mA$ )	D40E1 D40E5 D40E7	$V_{CEO(sus)}$	30 60 80	— — —	— — —	Volts
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = \text{Rated } V_{CEs}$ )		$I_{CES}$	—	—	0.1	$\mu A$
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 5V$ )		$I_{EBO}$	—	—	0.1	$\mu A$

second breakdown

Second Breakdown with Base Forward Biased	FBSOA	SEE FIGURE 1
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on characteristics

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 100mA, V_{CE} = 2V$ ) ( $I_C = 1A, V_{CE} = 2V$ )	$h_{FE}$ $h_{FE}$	50 10	— —	— —	— —
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 1.0A, I_B = 0.1A$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	1.0	Volts
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 1.0mA, I_B = 0.1A$ )	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	—	1.3	Volts

dynamic characteristics

Collector Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10V, f = 1MHz$ )	$C_{CBO}$	—	9	—	pF
Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 100mA, V_{CE} = 10V$ )	$f_T$	—	230	—	MHz

switching characteristics

Resistive Load						
Delay Time + Rise Time	$I_C = 1A, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 0.1A$	$t_d + t_r$	—	130	—	nS
Storage Time	$V_{CC} = 30V, t_p = 25 \mu sec$	$t_s$	—	400	—	
Fall Time		$t_f$	—	170	—	

(1) Pulse Test PW = 300ms Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2%.

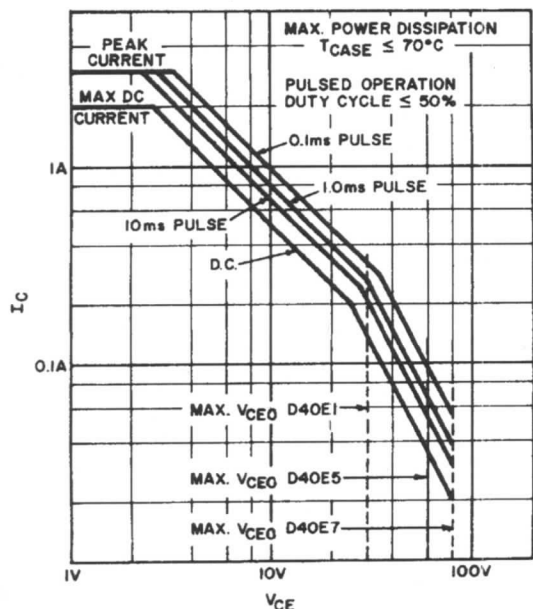


FIG. 1 SAFE REGION OF OPERATION

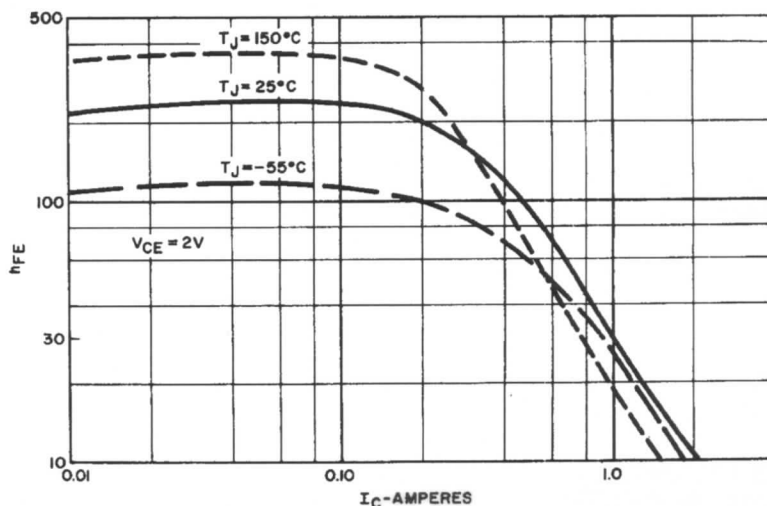


FIG. 2 TYPICAL  $h_{FE}$  VS  $I_C$