


SANYO Semiconductors

DATA SHEET

An ON Semiconductor Company

LV23411V — Bi-CMOS LSI For Home Stereo Systems FM/AM Tuner IC

Overview

The LV23411V is single chip tuner IC, and FM/AM radio is able to be realized with few external parts.

Functions

- FM tuner
- AM tuner
- MPX Stereo Decoder
- Tuning system

Features

- No alignments necessary
- Reduction of external component counts
- Large audio output signal is available for home stereo systems
- Worldwide FM band support (64 to 108MHz)
- Worldwide AM band support (520 to 1710kHz)
- Soft-mute, Stereo-blend function
- LV23411 corresponds to Europe Immunity standard (EN55020-S1)
- I²C control interface

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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, GND1 = GND2 = GND3 = GND4 = GND5 = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{CC} max		10.0	V
Digital output voltage	V _O max	SDA	3.6	V
Digital input voltage	V _{IN1} max	SDA, SCL	3.6	V
	V _{IN2} max	CLK IN	3.6	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta ≤ 70°C *1	450	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C

*1 : Mounted on a specified board. Board size is 114.3mm × 76.1mm × 1.6mm, glass epoxy.

Operating Conditions at Ta = 25°C, GND1 = GND2 = GND3 = GND4 = GND5 = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	V _{CC}		9.0	V
Operating supply voltage Range * Note	V _{CC} op	Register 1Eh bit 1 (LEVSHIF) = 0	4.5 to 6.5	V
		Register 1Eh bit 1 (LEVSHIF) = 1	8.5 to 9.5	V

* Note : supply the stabilized voltage.

Interface Conditions at Ta = -20 to +70°C, GND1 = GND2 = GND3 = GND4 = GND5 = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
High level input voltage	V _{IH1}	SDA, SCL	2.3		3.5	V
	V _{IH2}	CLK IN	2.3		3.5	V
Low level input voltage	V _{IL1}	SDA, SCL	0		0.5	V
	V _{IL2}	CLK IN	0		0.3	V
Output voltage	V _O	SDA	0		3.5	V
Crystal frequency	f _{in}	CLK IN		32.768		kHz
Crystal frequency accuracy	faccuracy		-100		+100	ppm

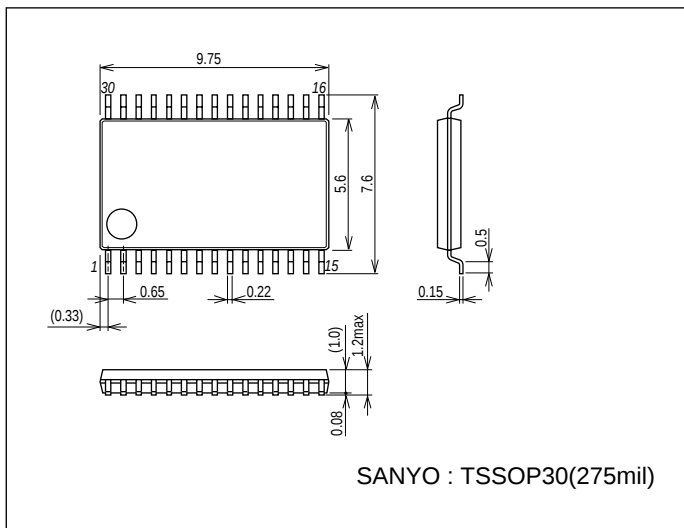
Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = 9.0V, with the designated circuit.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
[FM characteristics ; MONO] : $f_c = 98\text{MHz}$, $V_{IN} = 60\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$, $f_m = 1\text{kHz}$, De-emphasis = $50\mu\text{s}$, $\text{IF} = 225\text{KHz}$, $\text{BW} = 45\%$ MONO : 75kHz dev STEREO : $\text{L}+\text{R} = 67.5\text{kHz dev}$, Pilot = 7.5kHz dev Volume level = 3, Register 1Eh bit 1 (LEVSHIF) = 1, Pin 9 output, Audio filter = IHF-BP F, Soft mute = off, Soft stereo = off						
Current drain	$I_{CC\text{ FM}}$	No input	35	40	45	mA
30dB S/N sensitivity	SN30	S/N = 30dB input level		10	15	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
Signal-to-noise ratio	SNR	MONO	62	70		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	MONO		0.5	1.5	%
	THD-ST	STEREO		0.5	2.5	%
Demodulation output	V_{O3}	MONO	518	775	1160	mVrms
SD operation level	SD	FS = 4	17	25	33	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
Mute attenuation	Mute	MONO	60	75		dB
Stereo separation	Sep	Pin 10 output/Pin 9 output	20	35		dB
Carrier leak	CL	STEREO SNR, Audio filter = OFF	30	40		dB
Stereo on level	ST-ON	$\text{L}+\text{R} = 67.5\text{kHz dev}$, Pilot level		3.0	6.5	%
[AM characteristics] : $f_c = 1\text{MHz}$, $V_{IN} = 94\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$, $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$, mod = 30% $\text{IF} = 53\text{KHz}$, $\text{BW} = 50\%$ Volume level = 2, Register 1Eh bit 1 (LEVSHIF) = 1, Pin 9 output, Audio filter = 15kHz LPF OFF						
Current drain	$I_{CC\text{ AM}}$	No input	30	35	40	mA
20dB S/N sensitivity	SN20	S/N = 20dB input level		48	65	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
Signal-to-noise ratio	SNR		42	50		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD			0.8	2.8	%
Demodulation output	V_{O2}		122	173	245	mVrms
SD operation level	SD	FS = 4	46	54	64	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
Mute attenuation	Mute	15kHz LPF ON	50	65		dB

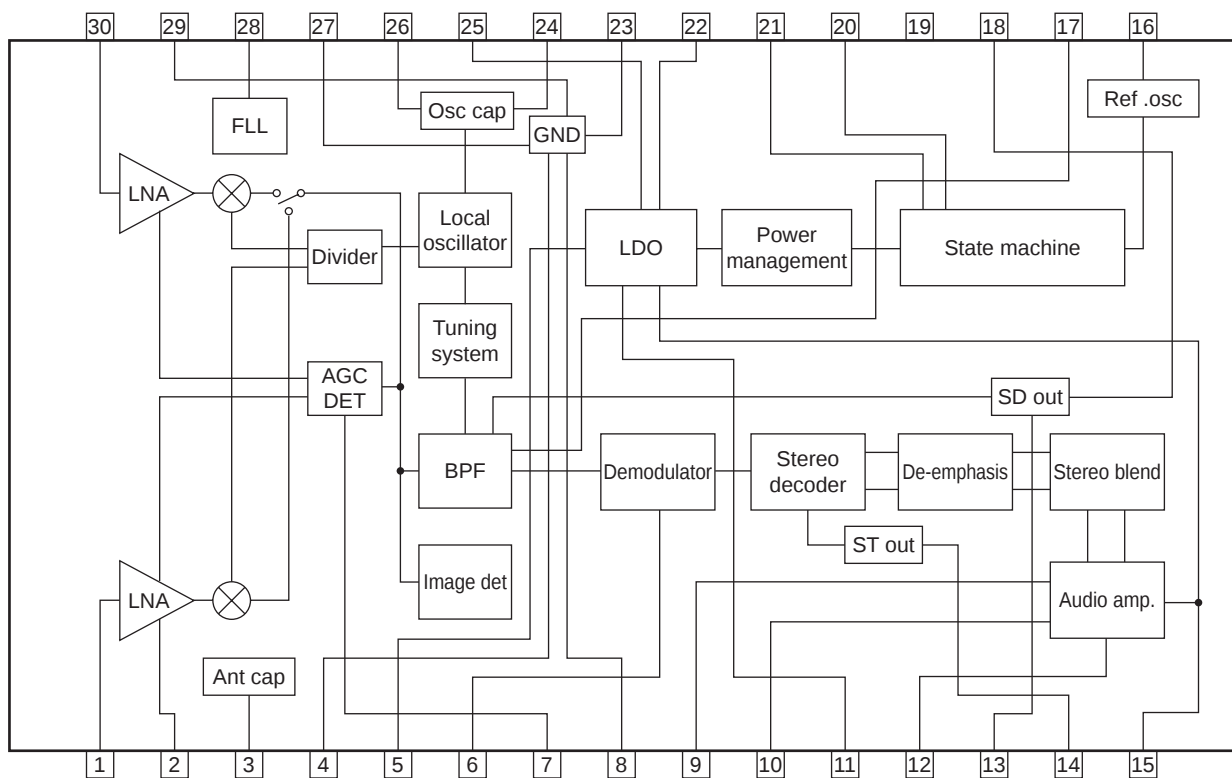
Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

3259



Block Diagram



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Pin descriptions

Pin	Pin name	I/O	Descriptions	Remarks	DC voltage
1	AM-ANT	I	AM antenna input	Connect to pin2 through Matching coil or Ferrite antenna.	-
2	AM-REF	O	Reference voltage for AM part	Connect to pin1 through Matching coil or Ferrite antenna.	2.2V
3	AM-CAP	I	AM capacitor bank	Exteranal inductor (recommendation value) is connected between this pin and GND.	-
4	GND1	-	AM antenna GND	Connected to GND	0V
5	VREF1	O	Reference voltage for analog	Capacitor of 1μF is connected between this pin and GND.	4.3V
6	MPX IN_OUT	O	Demodulato output	When RDS used, LC72725 is applicable	2.5V
7	AM RF-AGC	O	AM RF AGC output	Capacitor of 1μF is connected between this pin and GND.	-
8	GND2	-	Analog GND	Connected to GND	0V
9	L-OUT	O	Audio Lch output	According to the V _{CC} _application, Reference Output_level setting is cangeable by Register Bit. Register 1Eh bit 1 (LEVSHIF) =1: Register 1Eh bit 1 (LEVSHIF) =0:	2.6V (3.7V)
10	R-OUT	O	Audio Rch output		
11	V _{CC} -Low	-	Voltage supply pin at low voltage operation mode	When using V _{CC} < 6V, Connect to Pin15 directly	-
12	AM LCF	O	AM low_cut filter	Capacitor of 0.047uF is connected between this pin and GND.	2.2V
13	SD-OUT	O	SD indicator output	Active low output	3.0V (0.1V)
14	ST-OUT	O	ST indicator output	Active low output	3.0V (0.1V)
15	V _{CC}	-	Voltage supply pin		-
16	CLK_IN	I	Reference clock input	32.768kHz crystal connected to GND. It is Also applicable to input directly clock signals (square wave GND_reference)	-
17	IF AGC CAP	-	IF-AGC monitor point (test)	Open	-
18	SD-ADJ	-	Adjustment for SD on level	Incasse of changing SD on level, put Resistor between this pin and GND.	-
19	NC	I			-
20	SCL	I	I ² C interface CLK input		-
21	SDA	I/O	I ² C interface Data input/output		-
22	VREF2	O	Output voltage pin for V _{DD}	V _{DD} output_pin of 3.0V. This pin is applicable to supply the current other IC up to 10mA.	3.0V
23	GND3	-	Digital GND for control part		0V
24	L1	-	Local oscillator	39nH connected to pin 25	-
25	VREF3	O	Reference voltage for local OSC part		5.0V
26	L2	-	Local oscillator	39nH connected to pin 25	-
27	GND4	-	Analog GND for OSC part	Connected to GND	0V
28	FLL-CAP	-	Oscillator tuning voltage output	Capacitor of 0.1μF is connected between this pin and GND.	-
29	GND5	-	Analog GND for FMRF part	Connected to GND	0V
30	FM-ANT	I	FM antenna input 1	Input impedance is 75Ω	0.8V

Pin internal circuit description

Pin No.	Pin name	Pin voltage (V)	Description	Internal equivalent circuit
1	AM-ANT	2.2	AM antenna input pin. The AM antenna coil is connected between pins 40 and this pin. $R = 100\Omega$	
2	AM-REF	2.2	Reference voltage pin for AM. $V_{AM-REF} = 2.2V$	
3	AM-CAP	-	Tuning pin for AM. (AM Capacitor Bank)	
4	GND1	0	GND pin for Analogue AM_FE part.	
5	VREF1	4.3	Analogue part (tuner) reference bias terminal. $V_{REF1} = 4.3V$	
6	MPX IN_OUT	2.5	FM demodulation output /input for MPX. $R = 100\Omega$	
7	AM RF-AGC	-	Pin for AM_RF AGC. $R1 = 2M\Omega$ $R2 = 5k\Omega$ $R3 = 250\Omega$ $R4 = 1k\Omega$	
8	GND2	0	GND pin for Analogue tuner part.	
9	L-OUT	2.6 (3.7V when $LEVSHIF = 1$)	L-ch (R-ch) output pin. $R = 100\Omega$ $R_{OUT} = 150\Omega$	
10	R-OUT			

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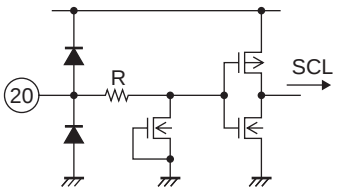
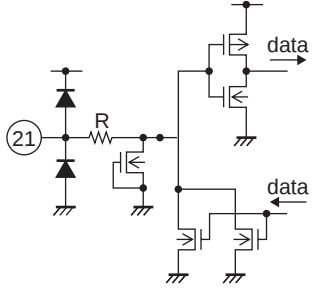
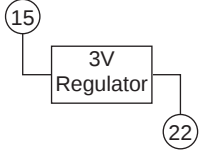
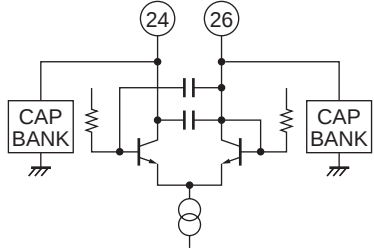
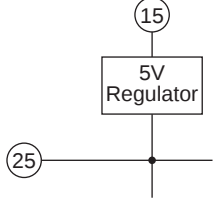
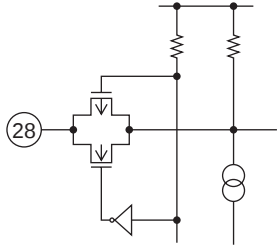
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Pin No.	Pin name	Pin voltage (V)	Description	Internal equivalent circuit
11	V _{CC} -Low	-	when using with V _{CC} < 6.0V, 11Pin-15 Pin is shorted.	
12	AM LCF	2.2	Terminal for AM Low-cut Filter. R1 = 250Ω R2 = 100kΩ R3 = 100kΩ R4 = 50kΩ R5 = 50kΩ	
13	SD-OUT	3.0 (less than 0.1)	SD indicator output pin. Active Low output. R = 100kΩ	
14	ST-OUT	3.0 (less than 0.1)	FM stereo indicator output pin Active Low output R = 100kΩ	
15	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	Analogue part power supply pin. When using 8.5 to 9.5V, set to Register 1Eh Bit 1 (LEVSHIF) = 1 When using with V _{CC} < 6.5V, set to Register 1Eh Bit 1 (LEVSHIF) = 0 And 11Pin-15Pin must be shorted "	
16	CLK_IN	2.1 (OSC mode)	For internal reference clock. 32.768kHz crystal connected to GND. It is Also applicable to input directly clock signals (square wave GND_reference) R = 100Ω	
17	IF AGC CAP	-	This pin is for test. Open R1 = 1.5kΩ, R2 = 1kΩ, R3 = 500Ω	
18	SD-ADJ	-	Open normally. Adjust pin for SD sensitivity with to kΩ resistor connected to GND	

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Pin No.	Pin name	Pin voltage (V)	Description	Internal equivalent circuit
19	NC	-		
20	SCL	-	Digital interface CLK line. $R = 1k\Omega$	
21	SDA		Digital interface DATA line. (Interactive data communication line.) Require pull_up resistor 3.3k to 10k between this pin and Vref2 (VDD). $R = 250\Omega$	
22	VREF2	3	Reference voltage output pin for Logic part. $V_{ref2} = 3V$	
23	GND3	0	GND pin for digital part (Control part).	
24 26	L1 L2	5	OSC coil of 39nH to be connected between this pin and pin 25.	
25	VREF3	5	Reference voltage pin for local oscillation circuit.	
27	GND4	0	GND pin for local oscillation circuit.	
28	FLL-CAP	-	LPF pin for controlled FLL internally. $R = 80k\Omega$	
29	GND5	0	GND pin for local oscillation circuit.	

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Pin No.	Pin name	Pin voltage (V)	Description	Internal equivalent circuit
30	FM-ANT	0.8	FM antenna input pin FM. R = 1.5kΩ Rin = 75Ω	

Used parts

Component	Parameter	Value	Tolerance	Type	Supplier
L1	Local Osc Coil	39nH	5%	LL2012-FHL39NJ	TOKO
L2	Local Osc Coil	39nH	5%	LL2012-FHL39NJ	TOKO
L3	AM Loop antenna	18.1μH	5%	4910-CSL18R1JN1	SAGAMI
T1	AM RF matching	250μH	-	A90326057	COILS
				#7003RNS-A1109YZS	TOKO
C1	Ripple Filter	1μF			
C2	AM RF AGC Capacitor	1μF			
C3	Coupling Capacitor	1μF			
C4	Coupling Capacitor	1μF			
C5	Supply Bypass Capacitor	0.1μF			
C6	Supply Bypass Capacitor	22μF			
C7	AM Low-cut Filter	0.1μF			
C8	Supply Bypass Capacitor	22μF			
C9	Osc Filter	0.1μF			
C10	Ripple Filter	0.1μF			
R1	Pulled-up Resistor	4.7kΩ			
R2	Pulled-up Resistor	4.7kΩ			
R3	SD Adjust Resistor	to kΩ			
BPF	FM ANT BPF	-	-	GFMB7	SOSHIN
X1	Crystal	32.768kHz	100ppm	DT-26	KDS
LO1	AM Ferrite antenna	260μH	TBD	-	-

Format of Bus Transfers

Bus transfers are primarily based on the I²C primitives

- Start condition
- Repeated start condition
- Stop condition
- Byte write
- Byte read

Start, restart, and stop conditions are specified as shown in Table 1 below.

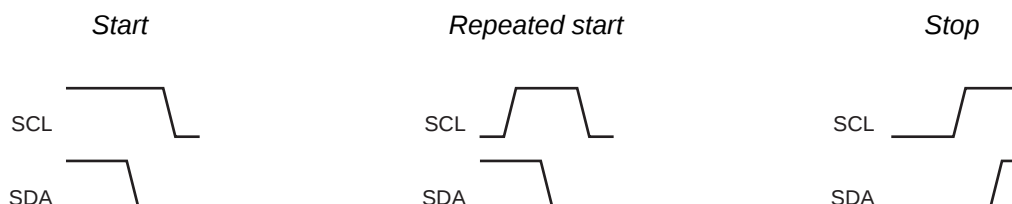


Fig. 1 the I²C start, repeated start and stop conditions.

For details, like timing, etc., refer to specifications of I²C.

8-bit write

8-bit data is sent from the master microcomputer to LV23411.

Data bit consists of MSB first and LSB last.

Data transmission is latched at the rising edge of SCL in synchronization with the SCL clock generated at the master IC.

Do not change data while SCL remains HIGH.

LV23411 outputs the ACK bit between eighth and ninth falling edges of SCL

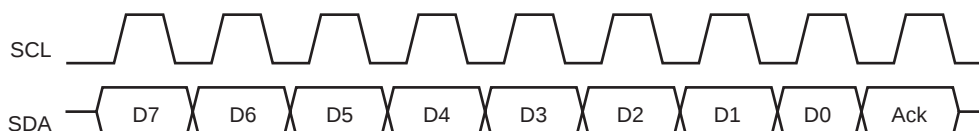


Fig. 2 Signal pattern of the I²C byte write

Read is of the same form as write, only except that the data direction is opposite.

Eight data bits are sent from LV23411 to the master while Ack is sent from the master to LV23411.

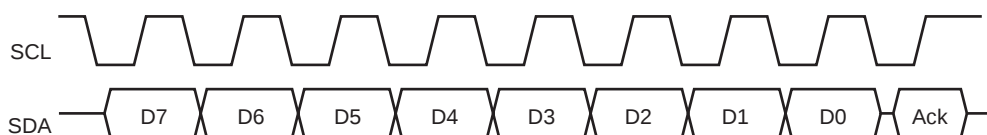


Fig. 3 Signal pattern of the I²C byte read

The serial clock SCL is supplied from the master side. It is essential that data bit is output from LV23411 in synchronization with the falling edge while the master side performs latching at the rising edge.

LV23411 latches ACK at the rising edge.

The sequence to write data D into the register A of LV23411 is shown below.

- Start condition
- write the device address (C0h)
- write the register address, A
- write the target data, D
- stop condition

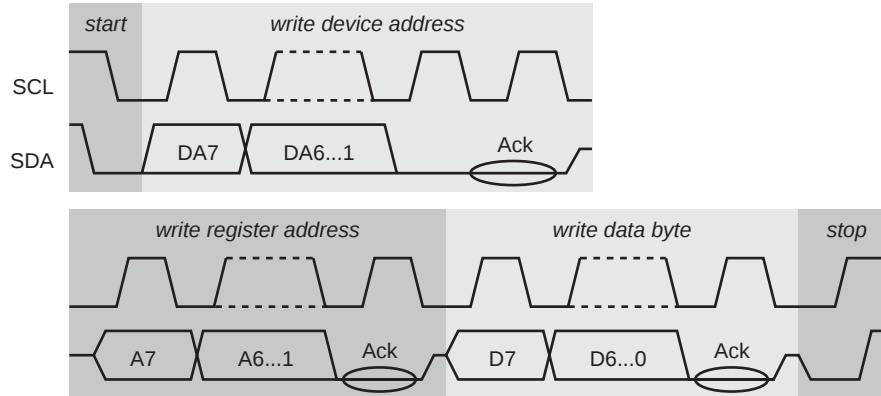


Fig. 4 Register write through I²C

When one or more data has been provided for writing, only the first data is allowed to be written.

Read sequence

- start condition
- write the device address (C0h)
- write the register address, A
- repeated start condition (or stop + start in a single master network)
- write the device address + 1 (C1h)
- read the register contents D, transmit NACK (no more data to be read)
- stop condition

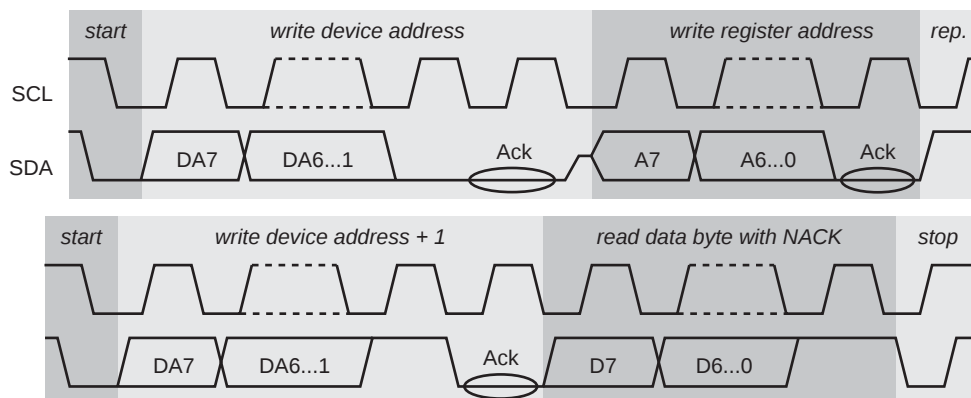


Fig. 5 Register read through I²C

Interrupt Pin INT

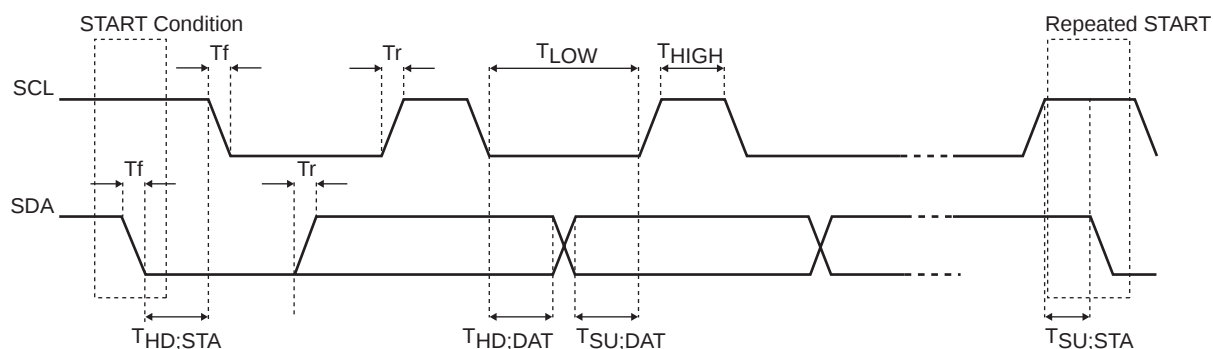
LV23411 has the dedicated interrupt output pin. For the active level to the host, either LOW or HIGH can be selected. The INT output pin is kept floating while the PWRAD bit is cleared during initialization.

Therefore, to avoid influence on the CPU side during initialization, it is recommended to secure the non-active state by means of the pull-up or pull-down resistor.

This enables direct INT output connection to non-masking interruption of the host CPU.

Digital interface specification (interface specification : reference)

(1). Characteristics of SDA and SCL bus line relative to the I²C bus interface



Parameter	Symbol	Standard-mode		High_Speed-mode		unit
		min	max	min	max	
SCL clock frequency	F _{SCL}	0	100	0	400	kHz
Fall time of both SDA and SCL	T _f		300	20+0.1Cb	300	ns
Rise time of both SDA and SCL	T _r		1000	20+0.1Cb	300	ns
High time of SCL	T _{HIGH}	4.0		0.6		μs
Low time of SCL	T _{LOW}	4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time of STAT condition	T _{HD ; STA}	4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time of Data	T _{HD ; DAT}	0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
Set-up time of STAT condition	T _{SU ; STA}	4.7		0.6		μs
Set-up time of STOP condition	T _{SU ; STO}	4.0		0.6		μs
Set-up time of Data	T _{SU ; DAT}	250		100		ns
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	T _{BUF}	4.7		1.3		μs
Capacitive load for each bus line	Cb		400		400	pF

*Cb = Total capacitance of one bus line

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Description of the Register of LV23411V

Register 00h - CHIP_ID - Chip identify register (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ID[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : ID[7:0] : 8-bit Chip ID LV243411 : 1Bh							
Note : To abort the command, write any value in this register.							

Register 01h - CHIP_REV - Chip Revision identify register (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Revision[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : ID[7:0] : 8-bit Chip Revision ES1 : 00h							
Note : To abort the command, write any value in this register.							

Register 02h - RADIO_STAT - Radio station status (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IM_STAT	IM_FS[1:0]		MO_ST	FS[2:0]			TUNED
Bit 7 :	IM_STAT : State of Image-station avoidance 0 = Normal (Possible to write) 1 = The Image-station avoidance is being processed (Impossible to write) Note : This bit works only at Register14h_bit7 (IM_EVAS) is set to “1”. The writing processing to LV23411 is prohibited when this bit is “1”.						
Bit 6-5 :	IM_FS : Image-signal Fieldstrength 0 : No image-signal 1 : There are weak Image-signal that level is less -10dB or more weaker than desire’s 2 : The level of the image –signal is around 0 - 10dB compared with desire’s 3 : The level of the image-signal is +10dB or more stronger than that of desire’s						
Bit 4 :	MO_ST : Mono/Stereo indicator 0 = Forced monaural 1 = Normal (Receiving in stereo mode)						
Bit 3-1 :	FS[2:0] : Fieldstrength 0 : FS < 10 dBμV 1 : FS = 10 - 20 dBμV 2 : FS = 20 - 30 dBμV 7 : FS > 70 dBμV						
Bit 0 :	TUNED : Radio tuning flag. 0 = No tuned 1 = Tuned Note : When the tuning command succeeds, this bit is set. This bit is cleared under 3 conditions as below. 1. PW_RAD = 0 2. Tuning Frequency 3. When FLL becomes outside the correction range						

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Register 04h - TNPL - Tune position low (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TUNEPOS[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : TUNEPOS[7:0] : Current RF Frequency (Low 8 bit)							

Register 05h - TNPH_STAT - Tune position high/status (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ERROR[1:0]		TUNEPOS[12:8]					
Bit 7-6 : ERROR[1:0] : Error code							
ERROR[1:0]		Remark					
0		OK, Command end (No Error)					
1		DAC Limit Error					
2		Command forced End					
3		Command busy					
Bit 5:0 : TUNEPOS[13:8] : Current RF Frequency (High 5 bit)							

Register 06h - COUNT_L - Counter low (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
COUNT[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : COUNT[7:0] : Counter value (Low 8 bit)							

Register 07h - COUNT_H - Counter High (Read-Only)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
COUNT[15:8]							
Bit 7-0 : COUNT[15:8] : Counter value (High 8 bit)							

Register 08h - IF_OSC - DAC for IF OSC (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IFOSC[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : IFOSC[7:0] : IF Oscillator DAC							

Register 09h - IFBW-DAC for IF - Filter Band width (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IFBW[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : IFBW[7:0] : IF-Filter Band width DAC							

Register 0Bh - STEREO_OSC - DAC for Stereo Decoder OSC (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SDOSC[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : SDOSC[7:0] : Stereo Decoder Oscillator DAC							

Register 0Ch - RF_OSC - DAC for RF OSC (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RFCAP[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : RFOSC[7:0] : RF Oscillator DAC							

Register 0Dh - RFCAP - RF Cap bank (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RFCAP[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : RFCAP[7:0] : RF Oscillator Capacitor-Bank							

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Register 0Eh - AMCAP1 - AM - ANT Cap bank1 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AMCAP[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : AMCAP[7:0] : AM Antenna Capacitor-Bank							
Note : The AM antenna capacitor bank is composed of 12 bits. High 4 bit is arranged at "AMCTRL" register.							

Register 0Fh - AMCTRL - AM Station Control (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																								
AMDIV[2:0]			AM_CAL	ACAP11	ACAP10	ACAP9	ACAP8																								
Bit 7-5 : AMDIV[2:0] : AM Clock Divider																															
Bit 7 : AM_CD2 : AM Clock Divider bit 2.																															
Bit 6 : AM_CD1 : AM Clock Divider bit 1.																															
Bit 5 : AM_CD0 : AM Clock Divider bit 0.																															
Note : The AM_CD[2:0] is used to decrease frequency from FM - band to AM - band.																															
Please set AM_CD to “0” at FM mode.																															
<table><tr><td>AM_CD[2:0]</td><td>Divide-Rate</td><td>AM-RF frequency (In kHz)</td></tr><tr><td>0,1</td><td>Divider OFF</td><td>0 (FM mode)</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>224</td><td>338 - 483</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>160</td><td>474 - 676</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>112</td><td>676 - 966</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>80</td><td>947 - 1353</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>64</td><td>1183 - 1692</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>48</td><td>1578 - 2256</td></tr></table>								AM_CD[2:0]	Divide-Rate	AM-RF frequency (In kHz)	0,1	Divider OFF	0 (FM mode)	2	224	338 - 483	3	160	474 - 676	4	112	676 - 966	5	80	947 - 1353	6	64	1183 - 1692	7	48	1578 - 2256
AM_CD[2:0]	Divide-Rate	AM-RF frequency (In kHz)																													
0,1	Divider OFF	0 (FM mode)																													
2	224	338 - 483																													
3	160	474 - 676																													
4	112	676 - 966																													
5	80	947 - 1353																													
6	64	1183 - 1692																													
7	48	1578 - 2256																													
Bit 4 : NA (Fixed to “0”)																															
Bit 3-0 : AMCAP[11:8] : AM Antenna Capacitor-Bank																															
Bit 3 : AMCAP_bit 11																															
Bit 2 : AMCAP_bit 10																															
Bit 1 : AMCAP_bit 9																															
Bit 0 : AMCAP_bit 8																															

Register 10h - DO_REF_CLK_CNF - DO output mode and reference clock configuration (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0										
IPOL	DO_SEL[1:0]		EXT_CLK_CFG[1:0]		FS_S[2:0]												
Bit 7-5 : NA (Fixed to “0”)																	
Bit 4-3 : EXT_CLK_CFG[1:0] : External Clock Setting																	
<table><tr><td>EXT_CLK_CFG[1:0]</td><td>Reference clock</td></tr><tr><td>00</td><td>Off</td></tr><tr><td>01</td><td>Oscillator clock source (External Clock source)</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>32768Hz crystal oscillator</td></tr><tr><td>11</td><td>No use</td></tr></table>								EXT_CLK_CFG[1:0]	Reference clock	00	Off	01	Oscillator clock source (External Clock source)	10	32768Hz crystal oscillator	11	No use
EXT_CLK_CFG[1:0]	Reference clock																
00	Off																
01	Oscillator clock source (External Clock source)																
10	32768Hz crystal oscillator																
11	No use																
Bit 2-0 : FS_S[2:0] : SD (Station Detector) operation level setting																	

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Register 11h - IF_SEL - IF frequency selection (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																																																						
FLL_MOD	AMIF[2:0]			FMIF[3:0]																																																																									
Bit 7 : FLL_MOD: FLL operation mode 0 : Smoothing Filter = OFF 1 : Smoothing Filter = ON																																																																													
Bit 6-4 : AMIF[2:0] : IF frequency setting at AM mode																																																																													
<table><tr><td colspan="8">AMIF[2:0]</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>20kHz</td><td>31kHz</td><td>42kHz</td><td>53kHz</td><td>64kHz</td><td>75kHz</td><td>86kHz</td><td>97kHz</td></tr></table>								AMIF[2:0]								0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	20kHz	31kHz	42kHz	53kHz	64kHz	75kHz	86kHz	97kHz																																														
AMIF[2:0]																																																																													
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7																																																																						
20kHz	31kHz	42kHz	53kHz	64kHz	75kHz	86kHz	97kHz																																																																						
Bit 3-0 : FMIF[3:0] : IF frequency setting at FM mode (kHz)																																																																													
<table><tr><td rowspan="3">SE_AM</td><td rowspan="3">RF_SEL</td><td colspan="16">FMIF[3:0]</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>112.5</td><td>125</td><td>137.5</td><td>150</td><td>162.5</td><td>175</td><td>187.5</td><td>212.5</td><td>225</td><td>237.5</td><td>250</td><td>262.5</td><td>275</td><td>287.5</td><td>312.5</td><td>325</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>112.5</td><td>127.5</td><td>142.5</td><td>157.5</td><td>157.5</td><td>172.5</td><td>187.5</td><td>202.5</td><td>217.5</td><td>232.5</td><td>247.5</td><td>262.5</td><td>277.5</td><td>292.5</td><td>307.5</td><td>322.5</td></tr></table>								SE_AM	RF_SEL	FMIF[3:0]																0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	0	0	112.5	125	137.5	150	162.5	175	187.5	212.5	225	237.5	250	262.5	275	287.5	312.5	325	0	1	112.5	127.5	142.5	157.5	157.5	172.5	187.5	202.5	217.5	232.5	247.5	262.5	277.5	292.5	307.5	322.5
SE_AM	RF_SEL	FMIF[3:0]																																																																											
		0	1	2	3	4	5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15																																																										
		0	0	112.5	125	137.5	150	162.5	175	187.5	212.5	225	237.5	250	262.5	275	287.5	312.5	325																																																										
0	1	112.5	127.5	142.5	157.5	157.5	172.5	187.5	202.5	217.5	232.5	247.5	262.5	277.5	292.5	307.5	322.5																																																												

Register 12h - REF_CLK_MOD - Slope correction (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
REFMOD[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : REFMOD[7:0] : Reference clock collection							

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Register 13h - SM_CTRL - Statemachine control (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FLL_ON	CLKS_SE[2:0]			nSD_PM	nIF_PM	CM_SE[1:0]	
Bit 7 :	FLL_ON : FLL control 0 = FLL OFF 1 = FLL ON						
Bit 6-4 :	CLKS_SE : Clock source selection 0 = No select 1 = Stereo Decoder Oscillator is selected 2 = IF Oscillator is selected 3 = AM Antenna Oscillator is selected 4 = FM RF Oscillator is selected 5 = AM RF Oscillator is selected 6 - 7 = No select						
Note : Bit[6-4] set oscillator source. Select arbitrary clock oscillator at tuning or calibrations or measure.							
Bit 3 :	nSD_PM : Stereo Decoder PLL mute 0 = SD PLL Off (Calibration) 1 = SD PLL On (Normal operation)						
Bit 2 :	nIF_PM : IF PLL mute 0 = IF PLL Off (Calibration) 1 = IF PLL On (Normal operation)						
Bit 1-0 :	CM_SE : Command mode selection 0 = No command 1 = Measure mode 2 = Calibration mode 3 = Radio tuning (RF frequency tuning) mode						
Note : This bit used to select command mode. Select the arbitrary command to be executed. The command is executed by setting TARGET_VAL_L/H.							
Command execution time : SD calibration = 540ms IF calibration = 134ms RF (FM) tuning = 105ms RF (AM) tuning = 158ms							
Note: Please wait the time provided for the above-mentioned before all processing including reading the register after having executed the command.							

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Register 14h - REF_CLK_PRS - Reference clock pre-scaler (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IM_EVAS	Reserved	WAIT_SEL	AM_FINE	REFPRE[3:0]			
Bit 7 :	IM_EVAS : Image signal avoidance function ON/OFF 0 = OFF 1 = ON (Recommend)						
Bit 6 :	Reserved : Fixed to “0”						
Bit 5 :	WAIT_SEL : Selection mute release standby time after tuning 0 = 8ms wait 1 = 4ms wait						
Bit 4 :	AM_FINE : Selection AM_ANT adjustment standby time 0 = No wait when DAC value is changed 1 = 2ms wait when DAC value is changed						
Bit 3-0 :	REFPRE[3:0] : Reference Clock pre- scaler 0 = 1 : 1 1 = 1 : 2 2 = 1 : 4 ... 15 = 1 : 32768						

Register 15h - REF_CLK_DIV - Reference clock divider (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
REFDIV[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : REFDIV[7:0] : Reference Clock Divider 0 : Divide rate = 1 1 : Divide rate = 2 ... 255 : Divide rate = 256							

Register 16h - TARGET_VAL_L - Target Value Low Register (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TARGET[7:0]							
Bit 7-0 : TARGET[7:0] : Target frequency low 8 bit : Tuning frequency or Calibration frequency : low byte							

Register 17h - TARGET_VAL_H - Target Value High Register (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TARGET[15:8]							
Bit 7-0 : TARGET[15:8] : Target frequency high 8 bit : Tuning frequency or Calibration frequency : high byte							
With radio power ON, lower eight bits of the target frequency are set. Then, set higher eight bits of the target frequency to this register. The command is executed.							

TUNEPOS and TARGET :

- AM mode : 1kHz span
- FM mode : 10kHz span

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Register 18h - RADIO_CTRL1 - Radio control 1 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IQC_CTR	IFPOL	OSC_LEV[1:0]		DEEM	VOL[1:0]		EN_AMHC
Bit 7 : IQC_CTR : I/Q phase change 0 = Normal mode (Upper heterodyne) 1 = I/Q phase change : for image signal avoidance (Lower heterodyne) Note : Usually, no-need to change							
Bit 6 : IF pole change by State Machine 0 = The IF frequency is added to local frequency (Normal) 1 = The IF frequency is subtracted from local frequency Note : Usually, no-need to change							
Bit 5-4 : OSC_LEV[1:0] : RF-OSC oscillation level setting 0 = minimum level 3 = maximum level Note : 3dB steps, Level = 2 is recommended							
Bit 3 : DEEM : De-emphasis setting 0 = 50μs : Korea China, Europe, Japan 1 = 75μs : USA							
Bit 2-1 : VOL[1:0] : Volume setting 0 = minimum (VOL0) 3 = maximum (VOL3)							
Bit 0 : EN_AMHC : AM High-cut Filter ON/OFF 0 = AM HCF OFF 1 = AM HCF ON							

Register 19h - RADIO_CTRL2 - Radio control 2 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	EN_AMM	Reserved	IF_AGC_LEV	RF_AGC_LEV[1:0]		EN_RFAGC
Bit 7 : Reserved : Fixed to "0"							
Bit 6 : Reserved : Fixed to "1"							
Bit 5 : EN_AMM : AM Mute ON/OFF 0 = AM mute OFF 1 = AM mute ON							
Bit 4 : Reserved : Fixed to "0"							
Bit 3 : IF_AGC_LEV : IF-AGC Level Control 0 = AGC slow mode 1 = AGC first mode							
Bit 2-1 : RF_AGC_LEV[1:0] : RF-AGC Level Control 0 = AGC slow mode 1 = AGC normal mode 3 = AGC first mode							
Bit 0 : EN_RFAGC : RF-AGC ON/OFF 0 = AGC OFF 1 = AGC ON (Normal)							

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Register 1Ah - RADIO_CTRL3 - Radio control 3 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DEEM_100	NA		IF_AGC_CAP	AM_WIDE_AGC_OFF		AM_WIDE_AGC_ON	
Bit 7 :	DEEM_100 : Additional De-emphasis (100μs) 0 = 0μs (Default setting) 1 = 100μs (DEEM = 1 : 75μS)						
Bit 6 :	NA						
Bit 4 :	IF_AGC_CAP 0 = OFF (Normal) 1 = ON						
Bit 3-2 :	AM_WIDE_AGC_OFF[1:0] : AM WIDE AGC OFF Level Control 0 = First mode 3 = Slow mode						
Bit 1-0 :	AM_WIDE_AGC_ON[1:0] : AM WIDE AGC ON Level Control 0 = WIDE AGC OFF 1 = First mode 3 = Slow mode						

Register 1Ch - STEREO_CTRL1 - Stereo control 1 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CRC[1:0]	SS_SP2		Reserved	Reserved	PICAN_EN	FOSTEREO	ST_M
Bit 7-6 :	CRC[1:0] : Capture Range Control 0 = Narrow mode 3 = Wide mode						
Bit 5 :	SS_SP2 : Stereo=ON sensitivity speed2 (First mode) 0 : First mode = OFF 1 : First mode = ON (Recommend)						
Bit 4 :	Reserved : Fixed to "0"						
Bit 3 :	Reserved : Fixed to "0"						
Bit 2 :	PICAN_EN : PILOT signal Cancellation ON/OFF 0 = OFF 1 = ON (Recommend)						
Bit 1 :	FOSTEREO : Forced Stereo 0 = OFF (Normal) 1 = ON						
Bit 0 :	ST_M : Mono/Stereo setting 0 = Stereo on (Normal) 1 = Stereo off (Forced mono)						

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Register 1Dh - STEREO_CTRL2 - Stereo control 2 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NA			FOAMAGC	Reserved	OVER_MOD	CPAJ[2:0]	
Bit 7-5 : NA							
Bit 4 : FOAMAGC 0 : Forced - AGC = OFF 1 : Forced - AGC = ON							
Bit 3 : Reserved: Fixed to “0”							
Bit 2 : OVER_MOD : Over-modulation detector ON/OFF 0 = OFF 1 = ON							
Bit 1-0 : CPAJ[1:0] : Channel separation adjacent 0 = Minimum Sub-signal level 7 = Maximum Sub-signal level							

Register 1Eh - RADIO_CTRL4 - Radio control 4 (Read/Write)

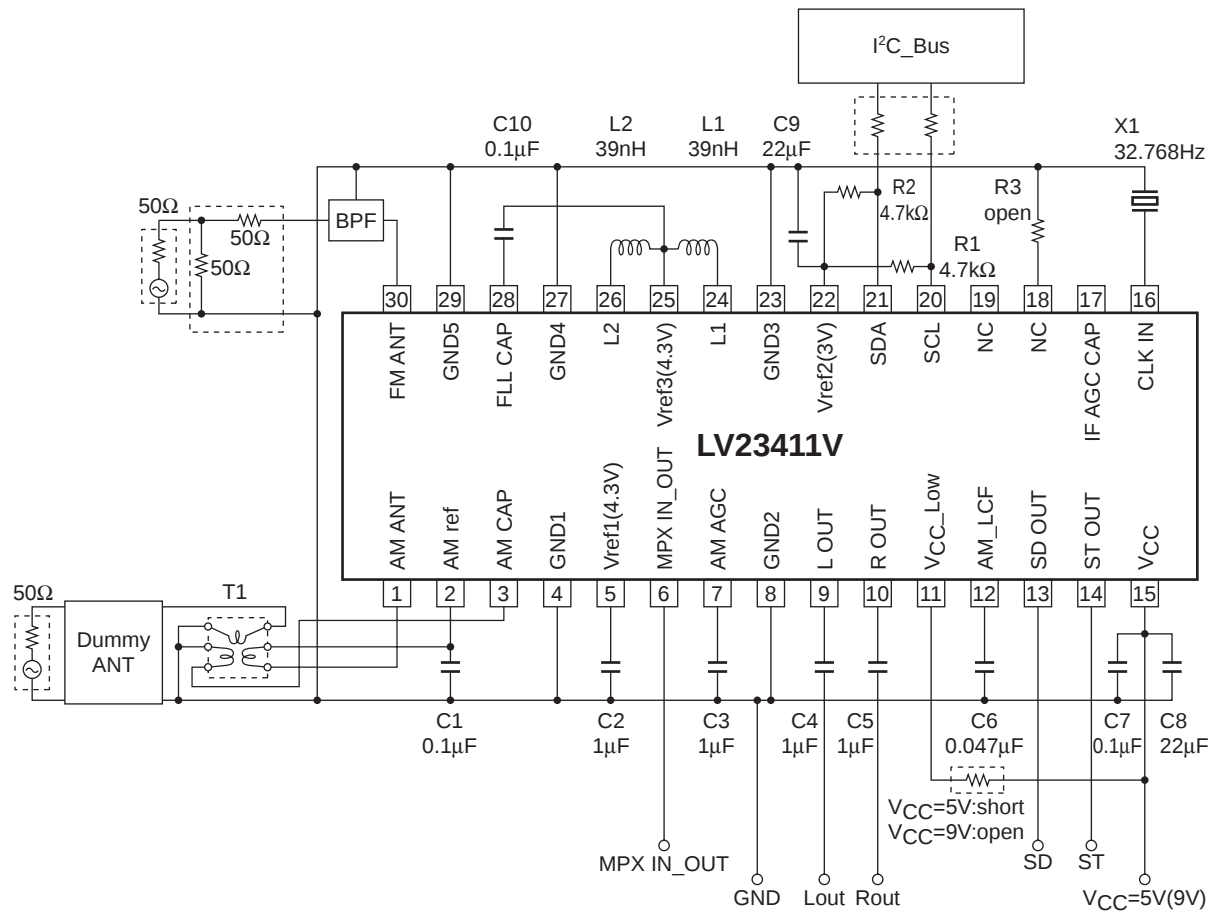
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SOFTST[2:0]			SOFTMU[2:0]			LEVSHIF	FO_SOFTT
Bit 7-5 : SOFTST[2:0] : Soft Stereo Function (Stereo-Blend) 0 : Soft Stereo = OFF 7 : Soft Stereo = Lev7 (Max)							
Bit 4-2 : SOFTMU[2:0] : Soft Audio mute Function 0 : Soft mute = OFF 7 : Soft mute = Lev7 (Max)							
Bit 1 : LEVSHIF : Audio Line-out DC level shift 0 = Normal DC level ($V_{CC} = 5.0V$) 1 = DC level is shifted ($V_{CC} = 9.0V$)							
Bit 0 : FO_SOFTST : Forced Soft Stereo Function 0 : ON (Normal) 1 : OFF							

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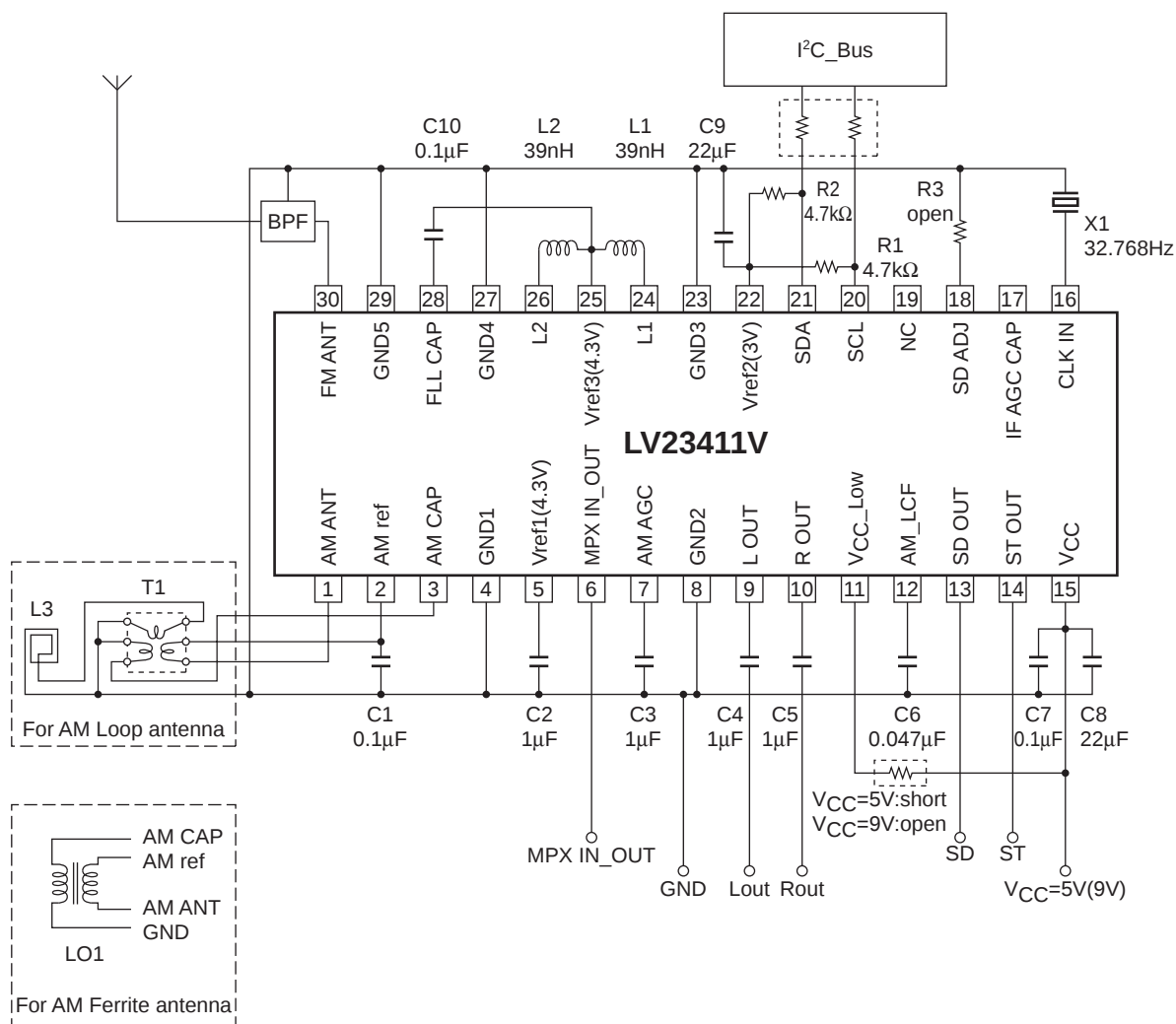
Register 1Fh - RADIO_CTRL5 - Radio control 5 (Read/Write)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RF_SEL	IFRIM	nAGC_SPD	SE_FM/AM	AMP_CTR	MUTE	AM_CAL	PW_RAD
Bit 7 : RF_SEL : RF tuning range select 0 = Normal (Japan/USA/Europe) 1 = OILT (65MHz to 74MHz) Bit 6 : IFRIM : IF OSC limit setting 0 : Max = 350kHz (FM mode) 1 : Max = 150kHz (AM mode) Bit 5 : nAGC_SPD : IF AGC speed setting 0 = High speed (FM mode) 1 = Normal (AM mode) Bit 4 : SE_FM/AM : AM/FM mode select 0 = FM mode 1 = AM mode Bit 3 : AMP_CTR : Audio Amp ON/OFF 0 = OFF 1 = ON Bit 2 : MUTE : Audio Mute ON/OFF 0 = ON 1 = OFF Bit 1 : AM_CAL : AM Calibration (Antenna tuning mode) 0 = AM Receiving mode (Normal) 1 = AM Calibration mode (AM antenna tuning mode) Note : Set this bit to "1", if ANT calibration frequency is measured. Bit 0 : PW_RAD: Radio Power 0 = Power OFF (power save mode) 1 = Power ON *1 : After the V_{CC} voltage is impressed, PW_RAD is automatically set to "0" in 50ms. *2 : When the V_{CC} voltage is dropped once, content of registers other than PW_RAD becomes irregular.							

Test Circuit



Application Circuit Example



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