

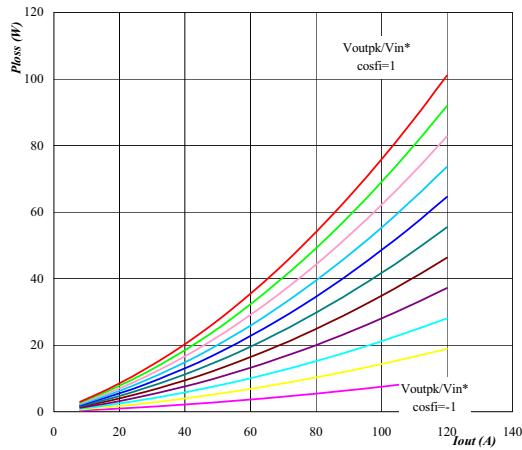
flow0

V23990-P625F2451

### Output inverter application

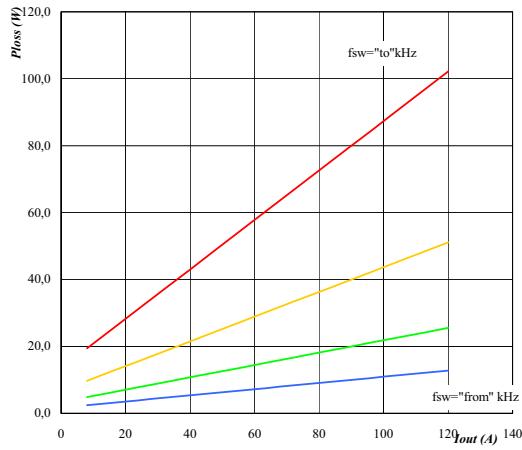
General conditions: H bridge SPWM     $V_{geon}$     15 V  
      $V_{geofl}$     0 V

**Figure 1.** Typical avarage static loss  
as a function of output current  
*IGBT*                                       $P_{loss}=f(i_{out})$



Conditions:                                  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
     Ratio of output peak to input DC voltage parameter  
      $V_{outpk}/V_{in}^* \cos fi$  from -1 to 1  
     in 0,2 steps

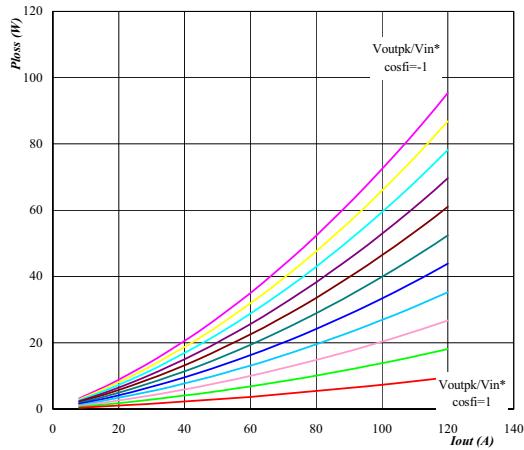
**Figure 3.** Typical avarage switching loss  
as a function of output current  
*IGBT*                                       $P_{loss}=f(i_{out})$



Conditions:                                  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
     DC link= 400 V  
     Switching freq. fsw from 4 kHz to 32 kHz  
     parameter in \* 2 steps

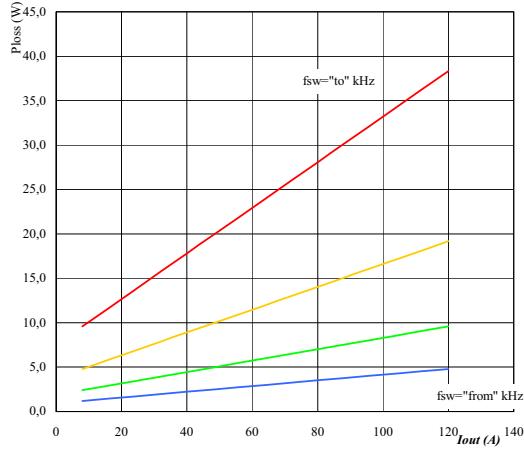
$R_{gon}=$                                       4 ohms                               $R_{goff}=$                                       4 ohms

**Figure 2.** Typical avarage static loss  
as a function of output current  
*FRED*                                       $P_{loss}=f(i_{out})$



Conditions:                                  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
     Ratio of output peak to input DC voltage parameter  
      $V_{outpk}/V_{in}^* \cos fi$  from -1 to 1  
     in 0,2 steps

**Figure 4.** Typical avarage switching loss  
as a function of output current  
*FRED*                                       $P_{loss}=f(i_{out})$

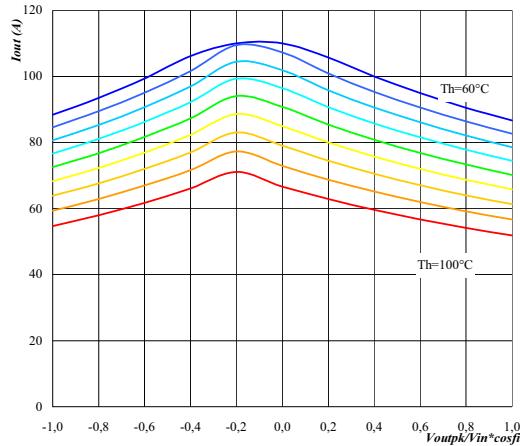


Conditions:                                  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
     DC link= 400 V  
     Switching freq. fsw from 4 kHz to 32 kHz  
     parameter in \* 2 steps

## Output inverter application

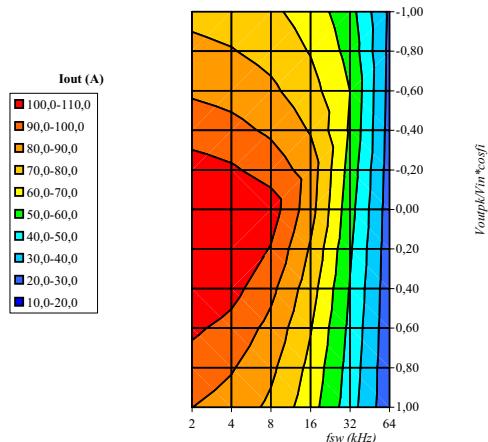
General conditions: H bridge SPWM    $V_{geon}$    15 V  
 $V_{geoff}$    0 V

**Figure 5.** Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of  $V_{outpk}/Vin \cdot \cos\phi$   
 Phase                           $I_{out}=f(M_i \cdot \cos\phi)$



Conditions:  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
 DC link= 400 V  
 $f_{sw}= 18 \text{ kHz}$   
 Heatsink temp. parameter Th from 60 °C to 100 °C  
 in 5 °C steps

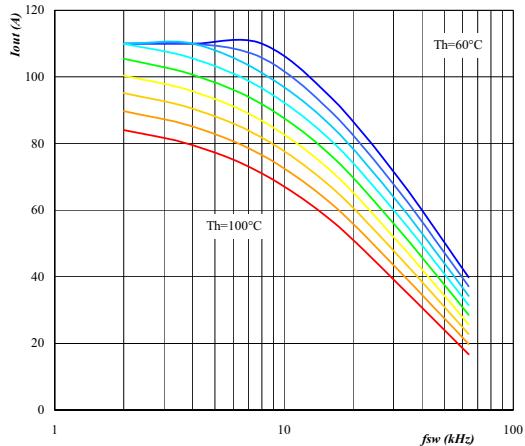
**Figure 7.** Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of  $V_{outpk}/Vin \cdot \cos\phi$  and  $f_{sw}$   
 Phase                           $I_{out}=f(f_{sw}, V_{outpk}/Vin \cdot \cos\phi)$



Conditions:  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
 DC link= 400 V  
 $Th= 90^\circ C$

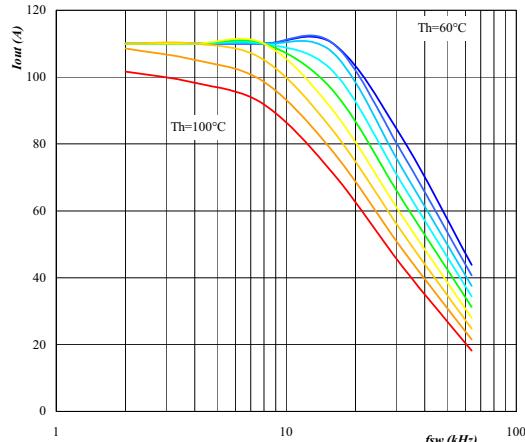
$R_{gon}=$  4 ohms       $R_{goff}=$  4 ohms

**Figure 6.** Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of switching frequency  
 Phase                           $I_{out}=f(f_{sw})$



Conditions:  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
 $V_{out}= 230 \text{ VAC}$   
 $\cos\phi= 1$   
 Heatsink temp. parameter Th from 60 °C to 100 °C  
 in 5 °C steps

**Figure 8.** Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of switching frequency  
 Phase                           $I_{out}=f(f_{sw})$

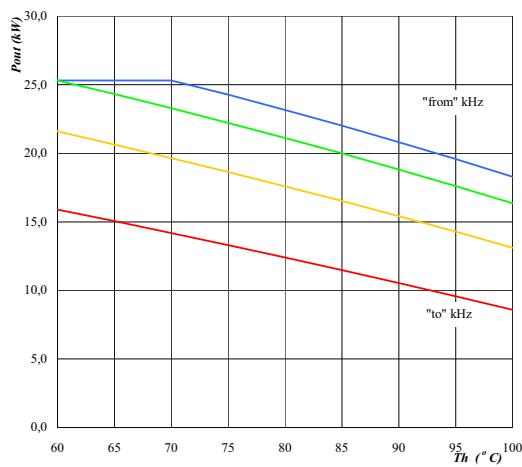


Conditions:  $T_j= 150^\circ C$   
 DC link= 400 V  
 $V_{outpk}/Vin \cdot \cos\phi= 0$   
 Heatsink temp. parameter Th from 60 °C to 100 °C  
 in 5 °C steps

### Output inverter application

General conditions: H bridge SPWM  
 $V_{geon} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{geoff} = 0 \text{ V}$

**Figure 9. Typical available electric output power as a function of heatsink temperature**  
*Inverter*       $P_{out}=f(T_h)$

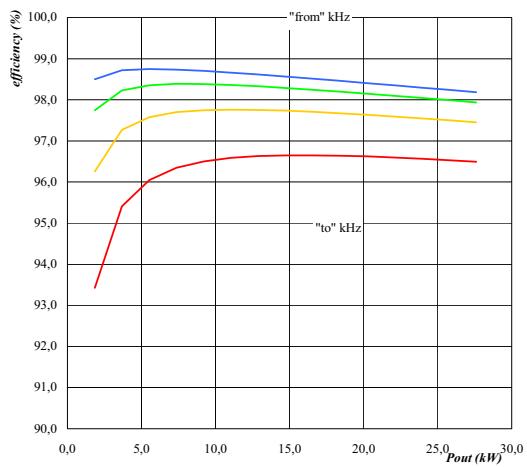


Conditions:  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
DC link= 400 V  
 $V_{out} = 230 \text{ VAC}$   
 $\cos\phi = 1,00$   
Switching freq.  
parameter      fsw from      4 kHz to      32 kHz  
                      in                  \* 2 steps

$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ ohms}$        $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ ohms}$

**Figure 10. Typical efficiency as a function of output power**

*Inverter*      efficiency=f( $P_{out}$ )



Conditions:  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
DC link= 400 V  
 $V_{out} = 230 \text{ VAC}$   
 $\cos\phi = 1,00$   
Switching freq.  
parameter      fsw from      4 kHz to      32 kHz  
                      in                  \* 2 steps

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