



HIGH-SPEED 4K x 8 DUAL-PORT STATIC SRAM

IDT7134SA/LA

Features

- ♦ **High-speed access**
 - Military: 25/35/45/55/70ns (max.)
 - Industrial: 55ns (max.)
 - Commercial: 20/25/35/45/55/70ns (max.)
- ♦ **Low-power operation**
 - IDT7134SA
 - Active: 700mW (typ.)
 - Standby: 5mW (typ.)
 - IDT7134LA
 - Active: 700mW (typ.)
 - Standby: 1mW (typ.)
- ♦ **Fully asynchronous operation from either port**
- ♦ **Battery backup operation—2V data retention**
- ♦ **TTL-compatible; single 5V ($\pm 10\%$) power supply**
- ♦ **Available in 48-pin DIP, LCC, Flatpack and 52-pin PLCC**
- ♦ **Military product compliant to MIL-PRF-38535 QML**
- ♦ **Industrial temperature range (-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$) is available for selected speeds**

Description

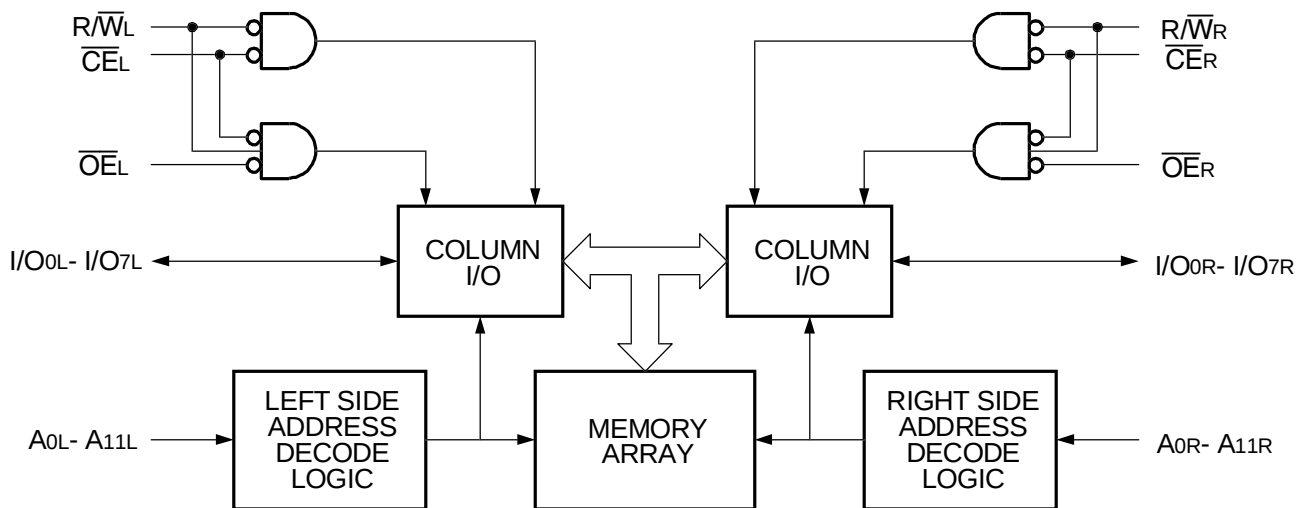
The IDT7134 is a high-speed 4K x 8 Dual-Port Static RAM designed to be used in systems where on-chip hardware port arbitration is not needed. This part lends itself to those systems which cannot tolerate wait states or are designed to be able to externally arbitrate or withstand contention when both sides simultaneously access the same Dual-Port RAM location.

The IDT7134 provides two independent ports with separate control, address, and I/O pins that permit independent, asynchronous access for reads or writes to any location in memory. It is the user's responsibility to ensure data integrity when simultaneously accessing the same memory location from both ports. An automatic power down feature, controlled by $\overline{\text{CE}}$, permits the on-chip circuitry of each port to enter a very low standby power mode.

Fabricated using IDT's CMOS high-performance technology, these Dual-Port typically operate on only 700mW of power. Low-power (LA) versions offer battery backup data retention capability, with each port typically consuming 200 μW from a 2V battery.

The IDT7134 is packaged on either a sidebraze or plastic 48-pin DIP, 48-pin LCC, 52-pin PLCC and 48-pin Flatpack. Military grade product is manufactured in compliance with the latest revision of MIL-PRF-38535 QML, making it ideally suited to military temperature applications demanding the highest level of performance and reliability.

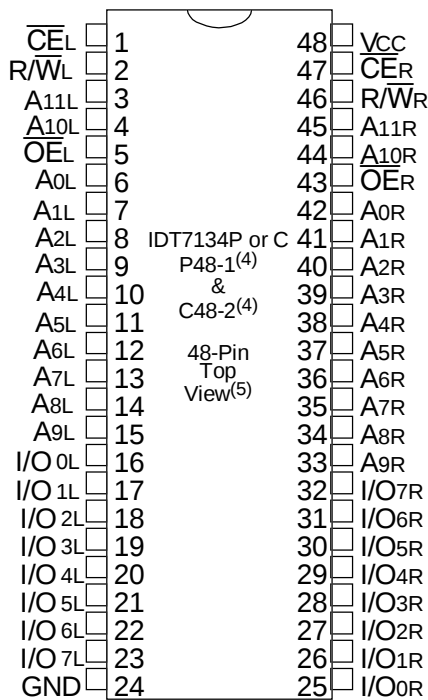
Functional Block Diagram



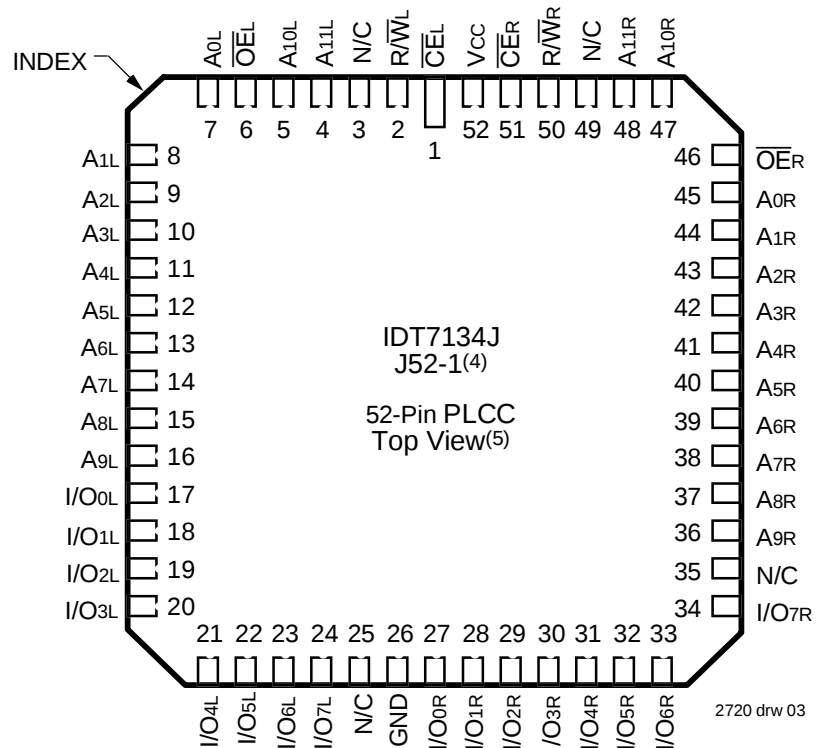
2720 drw 01

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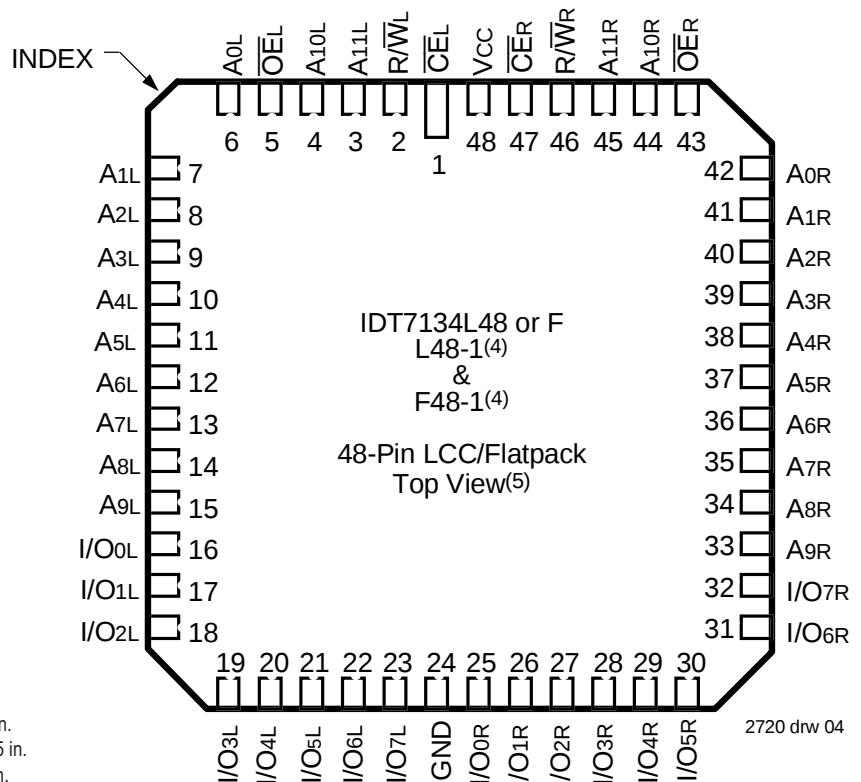
Pin Configurations^(1,2,3)



2720 drw 02



2720 drw 03



2720 drw 04

NOTES:

1. All V_{CC} pins must be connected to the power supply.
2. All GND pins must be connected to the ground supply.
3. P48-1 package body is approximately .55 in x .61 in x .19 in.
C48-2 package body is approximately .62 in x 2.43 in x .15 in.
J52-1 package body is approximately .75 in x .75 in x .17 in.
L48-1 package body is approximately .57 in x .57 in x .68 in.
F48-1 package body is approximately .75 in x .75 in x .11 in.
4. This package code is used to reference the package diagram.
5. This text does not indicate orientation of actual part-marking.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Rating	Commercial & Industrial	Military	Unit
V _{TERM} ⁽²⁾	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	-0.5 to +7.0	V
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-55 to +125	-65 to +135	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	-65 to +150	°C
P _T ⁽³⁾	Power Dissipation	1.5	1.5	W
I _{OUT}	DC Output Current	50	50	mA

2720 tbl 01

NOTES:

- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- V_{TERM} must not exceed V_{CC} + 10% for more than 25% of the cycle time or 10 ns maximum, and is limited to ≤ 20mA for the period of V_{TERM} ≥ V_{CC} + 10%.
- V_{TERM} = 5.5V.

Capacitance⁽¹⁾ (T_A = +25°C, f = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ⁽²⁾	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	11	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	11	pF

2720 tbl 02

NOTES:

- This parameter is determined by device characterization but is not production tested.
- 3dV references the interpolated capacitance when the input and output signals switch from 0V to 3V and from 3V to 0V.

Recommended Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage^(1,2)

Grade	Ambient Temperature	GND	V _{CC}
Military	-55°C to +125°C	0V	5.0V ± 10%
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	0V	5.0V ± 10%
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	0V	5.0V ± 10%

2720 tbl 03

NOTES:

- This is the parameter T_A.
- Industrial temperature: for specific speeds, packages and powers contact your sales office.

Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
GND	Ground	0	0	0	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.2	—	6.0 ⁽²⁾	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.5 ⁽¹⁾	—	0.8	V

2720 tbl 04

NOTES:

- V_{IL} (min.) ≥ -1.5V for pulse width less than 10ns.
- V_{TERM} must not exceed V_{CC} + 10%.

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range (V_{CC} = 5V ± 10%)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	7134SA		7134LA		Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
I _L	Input Leakage Current ⁽¹⁾	V _{CC} = 5.5V, V _{IN} = 0V to V _{CC}	—	10	—	5	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{CE}$ - V _{IH} , V _{OUT} = 0V to V _{CC}	—	10	—	5	μA
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 6mA	—	0.4	—	0.4	V
		I _{OL} = 8mA	—	0.5	—	0.5	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -4mA	2.4	—	2.4	—	V

NOTES:

- At V_{CC} ≤ 2.0V input leakages are undefined.

2720 tbl 05

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range^(1,2,4) ($V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Version		7134X20 Com'l Only		7134X25 Com'l & Military		7134X35 Com'l & Military		Unit
					Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Dynamic Operating Current (Both Ports Active)	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ Outputs Open $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	170 170	280 240	160 160	280 220	150 150	260 210	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	— —	— —	160 160	310 260	150 150	300 250	
I _{SB1}	Standby Current (Both Ports - TTL Level Inputs)	$\overline{CE}_L$ and $\overline{CE}_R = V_{IH}$ $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	25 25	100 80	25 25	80 50	25 25	75 45	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	— —	— —	25 25	100 80	25 25	75 55	
I _{SB2}	Standby Current (One Port - TTL Level Inputs)	$\overline{CE}^*_A = V_{IL}$ and $\overline{CE}^*_B = V_{IH}$ Active Port Outputs Open, $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	105 105	180 150	95 95	180 140	85 85	170 130	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	— —	— —	95 95	210 170	85 85	200 160	
I _{SB3}	Full Standby Current (Both Ports - CMOS Level Inputs)	Both Ports $\overline{CE}_L$ and $\overline{CE}_R \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$, $f = 0^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	1.0 0.2	15 4.5	1.0 0.2	15 4.0	1.0 0.2	15 4.0	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	— —	— —	1.0 0.2	30 10	1.0 0.2	30 10	
I _{SB4}	Full Standby Current (One Port - CMOS Level Inputs)	One Port $\overline{CE}^*_A$ or $\overline{CE}^*_B \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$ Active Port Outputs Open, $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	105 105	170 130	95 95	170 120	85 85	160 110	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	— —	— —	95 95	210 150	85 85	190 130	

2720 tbl 06a

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Version	7134X45 Com'l & Military		7134X55 Com'l, Ind & Military		7134X70 Com'l & Military		Unit	
				Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.		
I _{CC}	Dynamic Operating Current (Both Ports Active)	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ Outputs Open $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	140 140	240 200	140 140	240 200	140 140	240 200	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	140 140	280 240	140 140	270 220	140 140	270 220	
I _{SB1}	Standby Current (Both Ports - TTL Level Inputs)	$\overline{CE}_L$ and $\overline{CE}_R = V_{IH}$ $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	25 25	70 40	25 25	70 40	25 25	70 40	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	25 25	70 50	25 25	70 50	25 25	70 50	
I _{SB2}	Standby Current (One Port - TTL Level Inputs)	$\overline{CE}^*_A = V_{IL}$ and $\overline{CE}^*_B = V_{IH}$ Active Port Outputs Open, $f=f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	75 75	160 130	75 75	160 130	75 75	160 130	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	75 75	190 150	75 75	180 150	75 75	180 150	
I _{SB3}	Full Standby Current (Both Ports - CMOS Level Inputs)	Both Ports $\overline{CE}_L$ and $\overline{CE}_R \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$, $f = 0^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	1.0 0.2	15 4.0	1.0 0.2	15 4.0	1.0 0.2	15 4.0	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	1.0 0.2	30 10	1.0 0.2	30 10	1.0 0.2	30 10	
I _{SB4}	Full Standby Current (One Port - CMOS Level Inputs)	One Port $\overline{CE}^*_A$ or $\overline{CE}^*_B \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$ Active Port Outputs Open, $f = f_{MAX}^{(3)}$	COM'L	SA LA	75 75	150 100	75 75	150 100	75 75	150 100	mA
			MIL & IND	SA LA	75 75	180 120	75 75	170 120	75 75	170 120	

2720 tbl 06b

NOTES:

- 'X' in part number indicates power rating (SA or LA).
- $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ for typical, and parameters are not production tested.
- $f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC} =$ All inputs cycling at $f = 1/t_{RC}$ (except Output Enable). $f = 0$ means no address or control lines change. Applies only to inputs at CMOS level standby I_{SB3}.
- Industrial temperature: for other speeds, packages and powers contact your sales office.

Data Retention Characteristics Over All Temperature Ranges (LA Version Only) $V_{LC} = 0.2V$, $V_{HC} = V_{CC} - 0.2V$

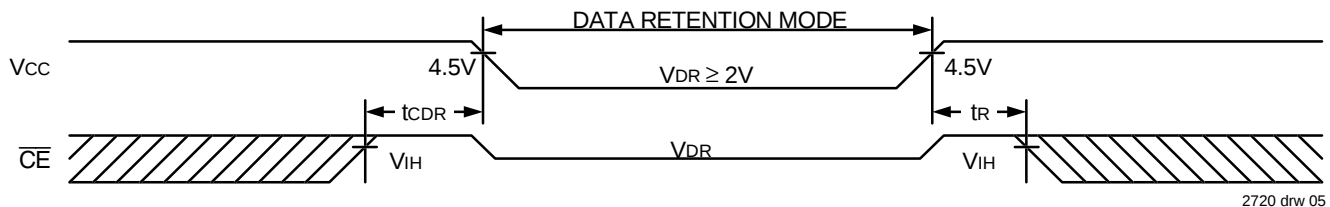
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Unit
VDR	V _{CC} for Data Retention	$V_{CC} = 2V$	2.0	—	—	V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{HC}$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{HC}$ or $\leq V_{LC}$	MIL. & IND. COM'L.	— 100	4000 1500	μA
t _{CDR} ⁽³⁾	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0	—	—	ns
t _R ⁽³⁾	Operation Recovery Time		t _{RC} ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns

2720 tbl 07

NOTES:

1. $V_{CC} = 2V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, and are not production tested.
2. t_{RC} = Read Cycle Time.
3. This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but not production tested.

Data Retention Waveform



AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	GND to 3.0V
Input Rise/Fall Times	5ns
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Load	Figures 1 and 2

2720 tbl 08

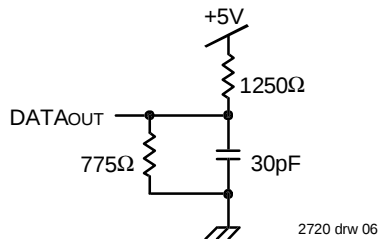


Figure 1. AC Output Test Load

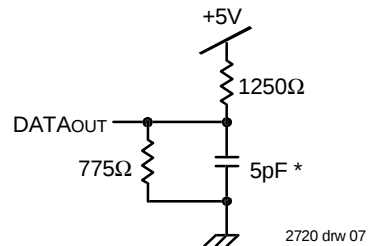


Figure 2. Output Test Load
(for t_{LZ}, t_{HZ}, t_{WZ}, t_{OW})
*Including scope and jig

AC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage^(3,4)

Symbol	Parameter	7134X20 Com'l Only		7134X25 Com'l & Military		7134X35 Com'l & Military		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
READ CYCLE								
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	20	—	25	—	35	—	ns
t _{AA}	Address Access Time	—	20	—	25	—	35	ns
t _{ACE}	Chip Enable Access Time	—	20	—	25	—	35	ns
t _{AOE}	Output Enable Access Time	—	15	—	15	—	20	ns
t _{OH}	Output Hold from Address Change	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{LZ}	Output Low-Z Time ^(1,2)	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{HZ}	Output High-Z Time ^(1,2)	—	15	—	15	—	20	ns
t _{PU}	Chip Enable to Power Up Time ⁽²⁾	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{PD}	Chip Disable to Power Down Time ⁽²⁾	—	20	—	25	—	35	ns

2720 tbl 09a

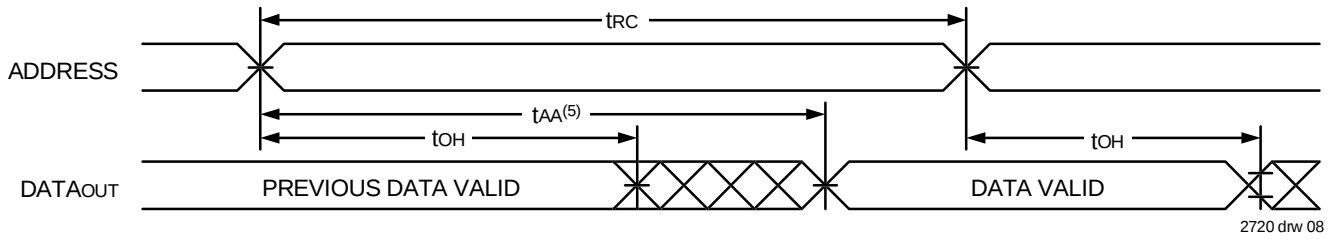
Symbol	Parameter	7134X45 Com'l & Military		7134X55 Com'l, Ind & Military		7134X70 Com'l & Military		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
READ CYCLE								
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	45	—	55	—	70	—	ns
t _{AA}	Address Access Time	—	45	—	55	—	70	ns
t _{ACE}	Chip Enable Access Time	—	45	—	55	—	70	ns
t _{AOE}	Output Enable Access Time	—	25	—	30	—	40	ns
t _{OH}	Output Hold from Address Change	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{LZ}	Output Low-Z Time ^(1,2)	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns
t _{HZ}	Output High-Z Time ^(1,2)	—	20	—	25	—	30	ns
t _{PU}	Chip Enable to Power Up Time ⁽²⁾	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{PD}	Chip Disable to Power Down Time ⁽²⁾	—	45	—	50	—	50	ns

2720 tbl 09b

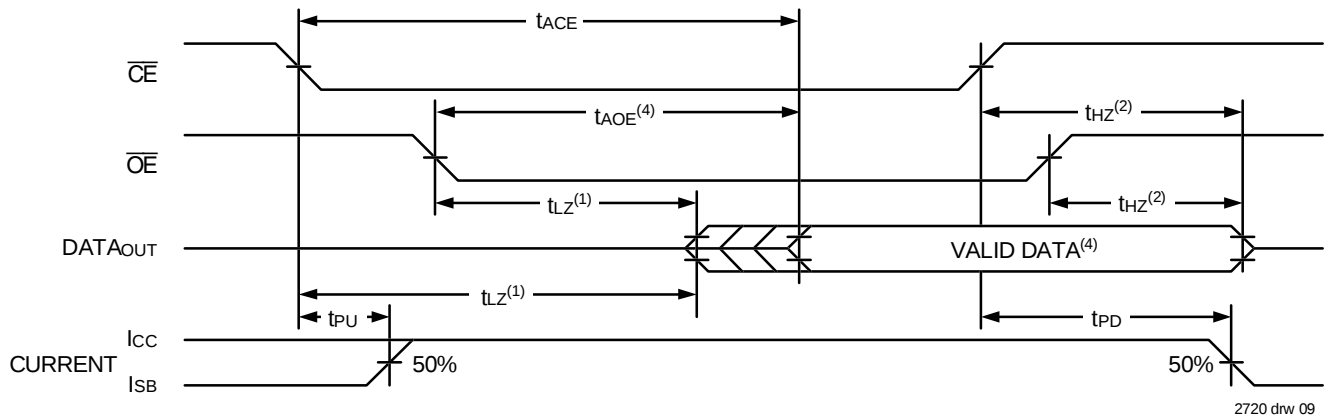
NOTES:

1. Transition is measured $\pm 500\text{mV}$ from Low or High-impedance voltage with the Output Test Load (Figure 2).
2. This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but is not production tested.
3. 'X' in part number indicates power rating (SA or LA).
4. Industrial temperature: for other speeds, packages and powers contact your sales office.

Timing Waveform of Read Cycle No. 1, Either Side^(1,2,4)



Timing Waveform of Read Cycle No. 2, Either Side^(1,3)



NOTES:

1. Timing depends on which signal is asserted last, $\overline{OE}$ or $\overline{CE}$.
2. Timing depends on which signal is de-asserted first, $\overline{OE}$ or $\overline{CE}$.
3. $R/\overline{W} = V_{IH}$.
4. Start of valid data depends on which timing becomes effective, t_{AOE} , t_{ACE} or t_{AA} .
5. t_{AA} for RAM Address Access and t_{SAA} for Semaphore Address Access.

AC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage^(5,7)

Symbol	Parameter	7134X20 Com'l Only		7134X25 Com'l & Military		7134X35 Com'l & Military		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
WRITE CYCLE								
tWC	Write Cycle Time	20	—	25	—	35	—	ns
tEW	Chip Enable to End-of-Write	15	—	20	—	30	—	ns
tAW	Address Valid to End-of-Write	15	—	20	—	30	—	ns
tAS	Address Set-up Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tWP	Write Pulse Width	15	—	20	—	25	—	ns
tWR	Write Recovery Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tDW	Data Valid to End-of-Write	15	—	15	—	20	—	ns
tHZ	Output High-Z Time ^(1,2)	—	15	—	15	—	20	ns
tDH	Data Hold Time ⁽³⁾	0	—	0	—	3	—	ns
tWZ	Write Enable to Output in High-Z ^(1,2)	—	15	—	15	—	20	ns
tOW	Output Active from End-of-Write ^(1,2,3)	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns
tWDD	Write Pulse to Data Delay ⁽⁴⁾	—	40	—	50	—	60	ns
tDDD	Write Data Valid to Read Data Delay ^(4,6)	—	30	—	30	—	35	ns

2720 tbl 10a

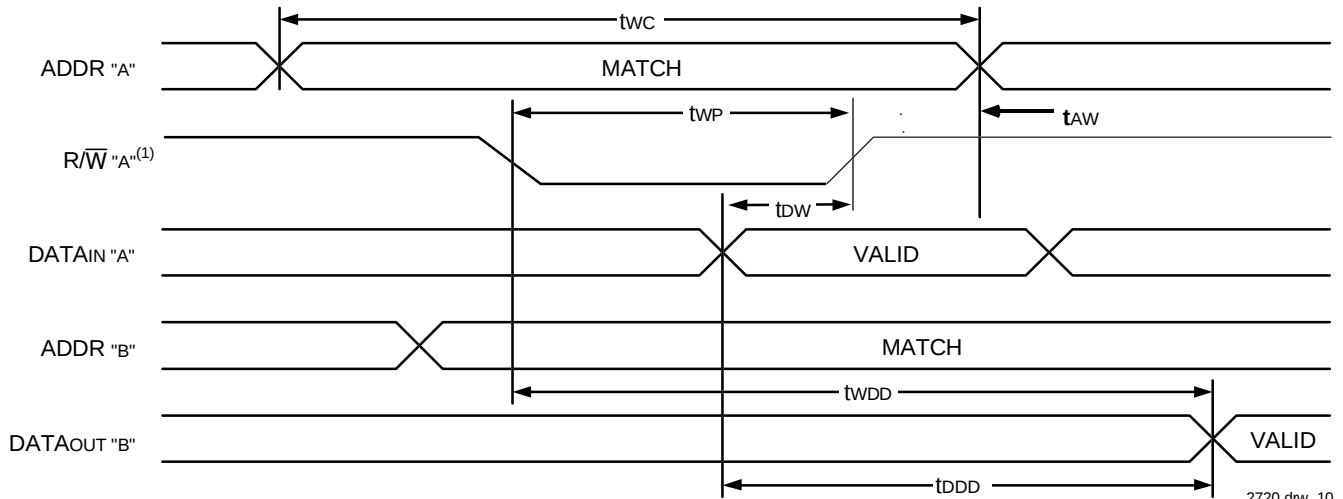
Symbol	Parameter	7134X45 Com'l & Military		7134X55 Com'l, Ind & Military		7134X70 Com'l & Military		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
WRITE CYCLE								
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	45	—	55	—	70	—	ns
t _{EW}	Chip Enable to End-of-Write	40	—	50	—	60	—	ns
t _{AW}	Address Valid to End-of-Write	40	—	50	—	60	—	ns
t _{AS}	Address Set-up Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{WP}	Write Pulse Width	40	—	50	—	60	—	ns
t _{WR}	Write Recovery Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{DW}	Data Valid to End-of-Write	20	—	25	—	30	—	ns
t _{HZ}	Output High-Z Time ^(1,2)	—	20	—	25	—	30	ns
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time ⁽³⁾	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns
t _{WZ}	Write Enable to Output in High-Z ^(1,2)	—	20	—	25	—	30	ns
t _{OW}	Output Active from End-of-Write ^(1,2,3)	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns
t _{WDD}	Write Pulse to Data Delay ⁽⁴⁾	—	70	—	80	—	90	ns
t _{DDD}	Write Data Valid to Read Data Delay ^(4,6)	—	45	—	55	—	70	ns

NOTES:

2720 tbl 10b

1. Transition is measured $\pm 500\text{mV}$ from Low or High-impedance voltage with Output Test Load (Figure 2).
2. This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but is not production tested.
3. The specification for t_{DH} must be met by the device supplying write data to the RAM under all operating conditions. Although t_{DH} and t_{OW} values will vary over voltage and temperature, the actual t_{DH} will always be smaller than the actual t_{OW}.
4. Port-to-port delay through RAM cells from writing port to reading port, refer to "Timing Waveform of Write with Port-to-Port Read".
5. 'X' in part number indicates power rating (SA or LA).
6. t_{DDD} = 35ns for military temperature range.
7. Industrial temperature: for other speeds, packages and powers contact your sales office.

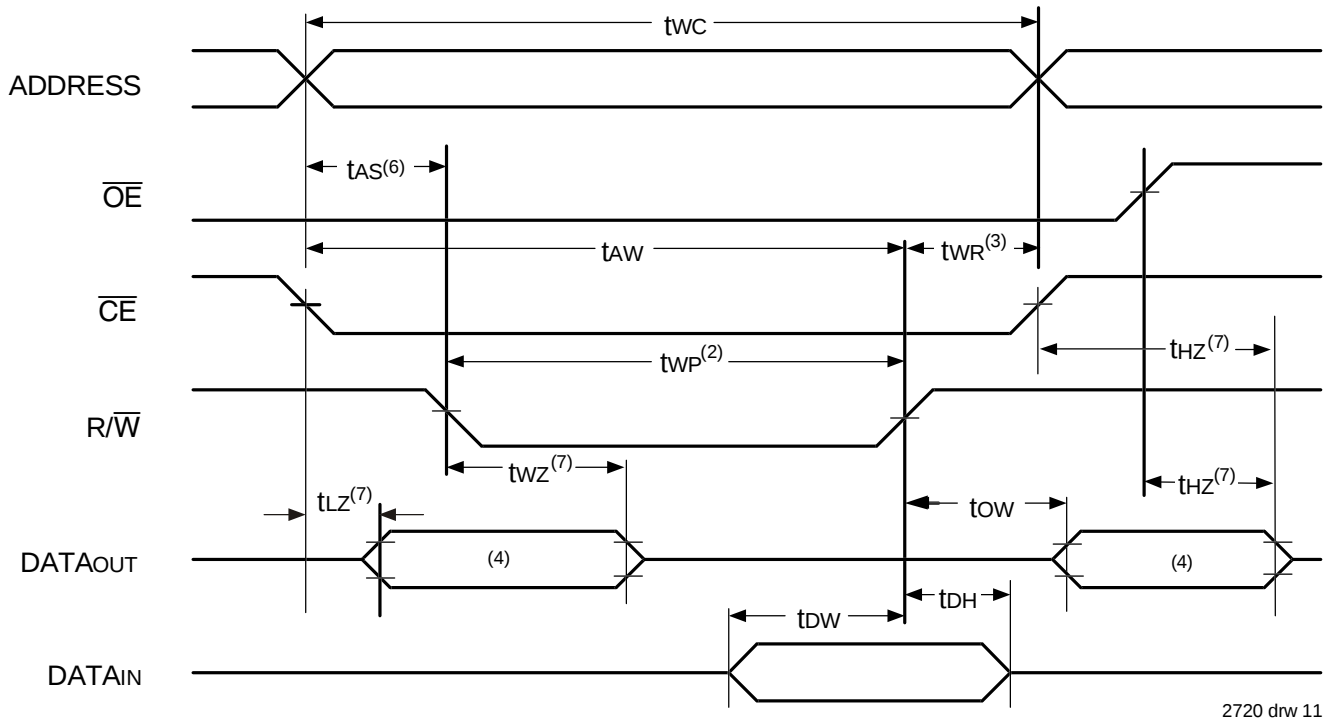
Timing Waveform of Write with Port-to-Port Read^(1,2,3)



NOTES:

1. Write cycle parameters should be adhered to, in order to ensure proper writing.
2. $\overline{CE}_L = \overline{CE}_R = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE}^* = V_{IL}$.
3. Port "A" may be either left or right port. Port "B" is the opposite from port "A".

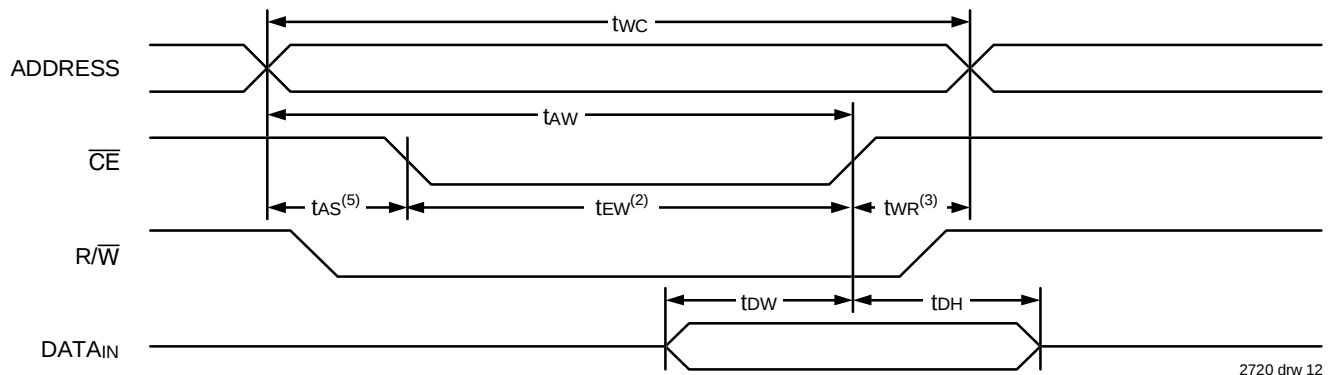
Timing Waveform of Write Cycle No. 1, R/W Controlled Timing^(1,5,8)



NOTES:

1. $\overline{R/W}$ or $\overline{CE}$ must be HIGH during all address transitions.
2. A write occurs during the overlap (t_{EW} or t_{WP}) of a $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ and $\overline{R/W} = V_{IL}$.
3. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{R/W}$ going to V_{IH} to the end-of-write cycle.
4. During this period, the I/O pins are in the output state, and input signals must not be applied.
5. If the $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ transition occurs simultaneously with or after the $\overline{R/W} = V_{IL}$ transition, the outputs remain in the High-impedance state.
6. Timing depends on which enable signal ($\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{R/W}$) is asserted last.
7. This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but is not production tested. Transition is measured $\pm 500mV$ from steady state with the Output Test Load (Figure 2).
8. If $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ during a $\overline{R/W}$ controlled write cycle, the write pulse width must be the larger of t_{WP} or $(t_{WZ} + t_{OW})$ to allow the I/O drivers to turn off data to be placed on the bus for the required t_{OW} . If $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ during a $\overline{R/W}$ controlled write cycle, this requirement does not apply and the write pulse can be as short as the specified t_{WP} .

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle No. 2, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ Controlled Timing^(1,4)



NOTES:

1. $\overline{\text{R/W}}$ or $\overline{\text{CE}}$ must be HIGH during all address transitions.
2. A write occurs during the overlap (t_{EW} or t_{WP}) of a $\overline{\text{CE}} = V_{IL}$ and $\overline{\text{R/W}} = V_{IL}$.
3. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{R/W}}$ going HIGH to the end-of-write cycle.
4. If the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ LOW transition occurs simultaneously with or after the $\overline{\text{R/W}}$ LOW transition, the outputs remain in the High-impedance state.
5. Timing depends on which enable signal ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{R/W}}$) is asserted last.

Functional Description

The IDT7134 provides two ports with separate control, address, and I/O pins that permit independent access for reads or writes to any location in memory. These devices have an automatic power down feature controlled by $\overline{\text{CE}}$. The $\overline{\text{CE}}$ controls on-chip power down circuitry that permits the respective port to go into standby mode when not selected ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ HIGH). When a port is enabled, access to the entire memory array is permitted. Each port has its own Output Enable control ($\overline{\text{OE}}$). In the read mode, the port's $\overline{\text{OE}}$ turns on the output drivers when set LOW. Non-contention READ/WRITE conditions are illustrated in the table below.

Truth Table I – Read/Write Control

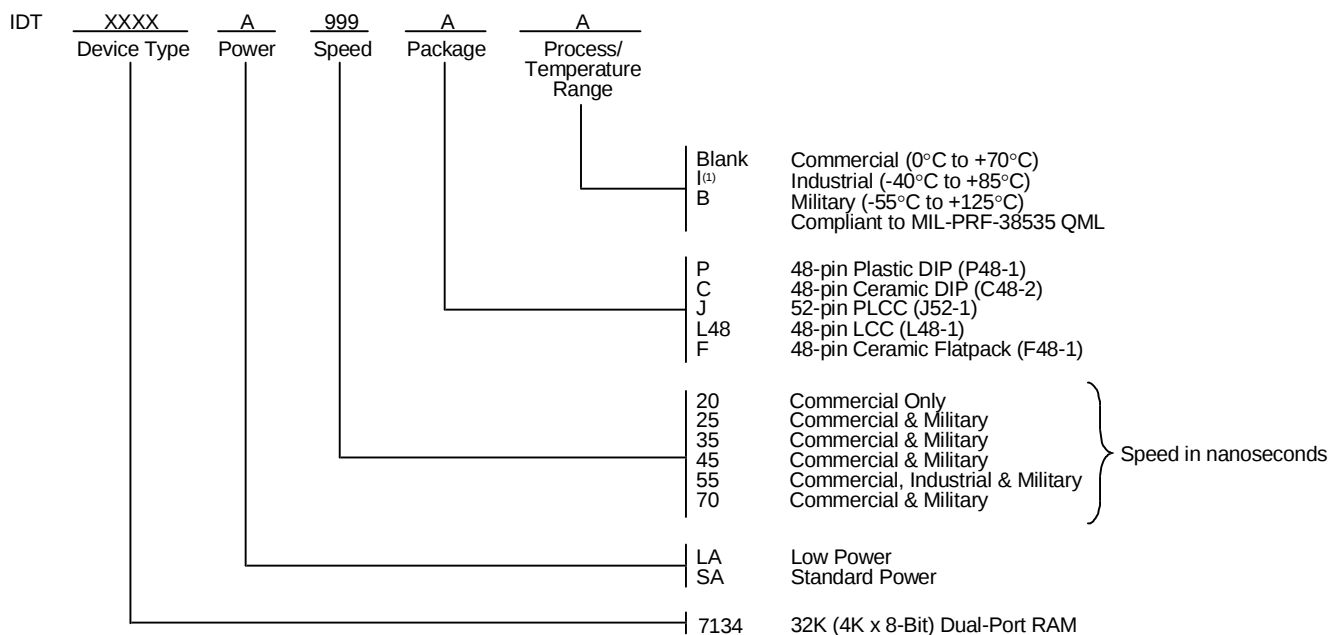
Left or Right Port ⁽¹⁾				
$\overline{\text{R/W}}$	$\overline{\text{CE}}$	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	D ₀₋₇	Function
X	H	X	Z	Port Deselected and in Power-Down Mode, LSB_2 or LSB_4
X	H	X	Z	$\overline{\text{CE}}_R = \overline{\text{CE}}_L = \text{H}$, Power Down Mode LSB_1 or LSB_3
L	L	X	DATA _{IN}	Data on port written into memory
H	L	L	DATA _{OUT}	Data in memory output on port
X	X	H	Z	High impedance outputs

NOTE:

1. A_{0L} - A_{11L} $\neq$ A_{0R} - A_{11R}
"H" = V_{IH} , "L" = V_{IL} , "X" = Don't Care, and "Z" = High Impedance

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Ordering Information



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NOTE:

- Industrial temperature is available for PLCC packages in standard power.
For other speeds, packages and powers contact your sales office.

Datasheet Document History

3/25/99	Initiated datasheet document history Converted to new format Cosmetic and typographical corrections
6/9/99:	Pages 2 Added additional notes to pin configurations Changed drawing format



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