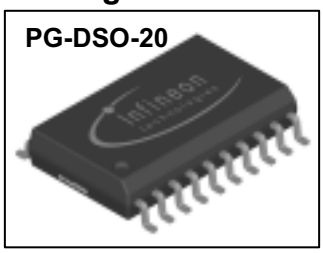
Smart High-Side Power Switch
For Industrial Applications
Four Channels: 4 x 140mΩ
Status Feedback

RoHS

Product Summary

Operating Voltage	V_{bb}	5.5 ...40V	
Operating Temperature	T_a	-30 …+85°C	
Active channels		one	four parallel
On-state Resistance	R_{ON}	140mΩ	35mΩ
Nominal load current	$I_{L(NOM)}$	2.6A	5.3A
Current limitation	$I_{L(SCr)}$	6.5A	6.5A

Package



Green Product (RoHS compliant)

General Description

- N channel vertical power MOSFET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS® technology.
- Providing embedded protective functions

Applications

- µC compatible high-side power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12V and 24V grounded loads in industrial applications
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitve loads
- Most suitable for loads with high inrush currents, so as lamps
- Replaces electromechanical relays, fuses and discrete circuits

Basic Functions

- Very low standby current
- CMOS compatible input
- Improved electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
- Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Stable behaviour at undervoltage
- Wide operating voltage range
- Logic ground independent from load ground

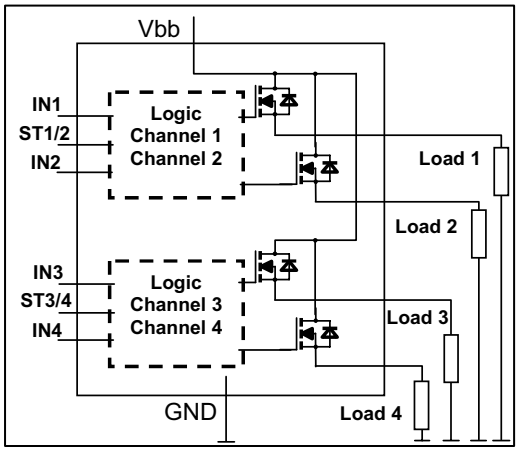
Protection Functions

- Short circuit protection
- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Thermal shutdown
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump) with external resistor
- Reverse battery protection with external resistor
- Loss of ground and loss of V_{bb} protection
- Electrostatic discharge protection (ESD)

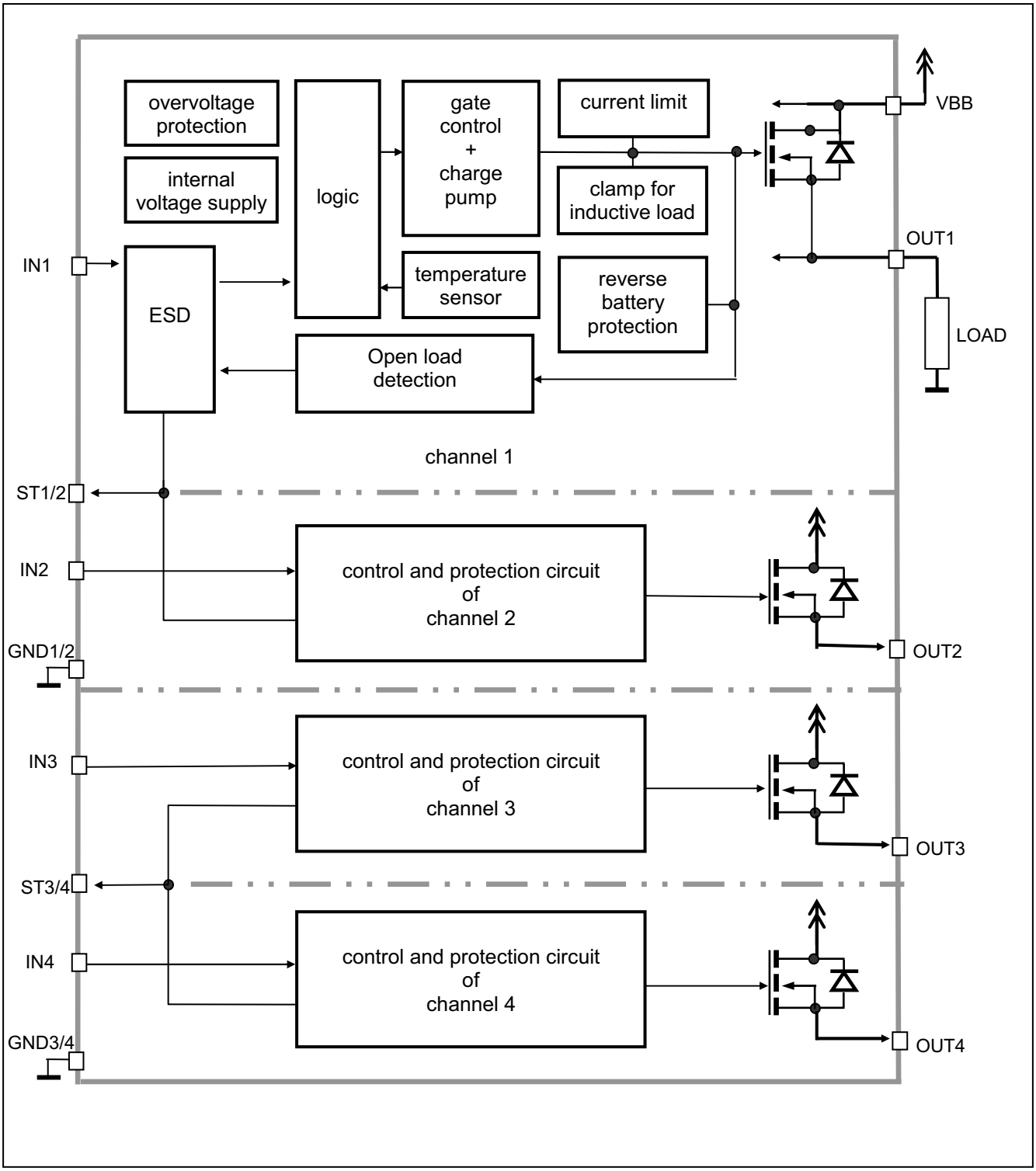
Diagnostic Function

- Diagnostic feedback with open drain output
- Open load detection in OFF-state
- Feedback of thermal shutdown in ON-state

Block Diagram



Functional diagram

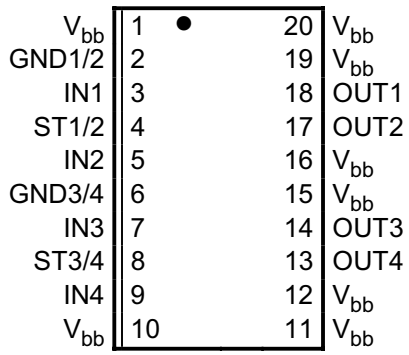


Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1,10, 11,12, 15,16, 19,20	V_{bb}	**Positive power supply voltage**. Design the wiring for the simultaneous max. short circuit currents from channel 1 to 2 and also for low thermal resistance
3	IN1	**Input 1,2,3,4** activates channel 1,2,3,4 in case of logic high signal
5	IN2	
7	IN3	
9	IN4	
18	OUT1	**Output 1,2,3,4** protected high-side power output of channel 1,2,3,4. Design the wiring for the max. short circuit current
17	OUT2	
14	OUT3	
13	OUT4	
4	ST1/2	**Diagnostic feedback 1/2,3/4** of channel 1,2,3,4 open drain, low on failure
8	ST3/4	
2	GND1/2	**Ground** of chip 1 (channel 1,2)
6	GND3/4	**Ground** of chip 2 (channel 3,4)

Pin configuration

(top view)



Maximum Ratings at T_j = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 6)	V_{bb}	43	V
Supply voltage for full short circuit protection $T_{j,start}$ = -40 ...+150°C	V_{bb}	36	V
Load current (Short-circuit current, see page 6)	I_L	self-limited	A
Load dump protection[1] $V_{LoadDump} = V_A + V_s$, V_A = 13.5 V R_I[2] = 2 Ω, t_d = 400 ms; IN = low or high, each channel loaded with R_L = 13.5 Ω,	$V_{Load\,dump}$[3]	60	V
Junction temperature	T_j	+150	°C
Operating temperature range	T_a	-30 ...+85	
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-40 ...+105	
Power dissipation (DC)[4] T_a = 25°C:	P_{tot}	3.6	W
(all channels active) T_a = 85°C:		1.9	
Maximal switchable inductance, single pulse V_{bb} = 12V, $T_{j,start}$ = 150°C[4], see diagrams on page 10			
I_L = 2.3 A, E_{AS} = 76 mJ, 0 Ω one channel:	Z_L	21	mH
I_L = 3.3 A, E_{AS} = 182 mJ, 0 Ω two parallel channels:		25	
I_L = 4.7 A, E_{AS} = 460 mJ, 0 Ω four parallel channels:		30	
Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD) IN: (Human Body Model) ST: out to all other pins shorted: acc. MIL-STD883D, method 3015.7 and ESD assn. std. S5.1-1993 R=1.5kΩ; C=100pF	V_{ESD}	1.0 4.0 8.0	kV
Input voltage (DC) see internal circuit diagram page 9	V_{IN}	-10 ... +16	V
Current through input pin (DC)	I_{IN}	±0.3	mA
Pulsed current through input pin[5]	I_{IN}	±5.0	
Current through status pin (DC)	I_{ST}	±5.0	

1) Supply voltages higher than $V_{bb(AZ)}$ require an external current limit for the GND and status pins (a 150Ω resistor for the GND connection is recommended.

2) R_I = internal resistance of the load dump test pulse generator

3) $V_{Load\ dump}$ is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839

4) Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air. See page 14

5) only for testing

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions		Symbol	Values			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Thermal resistance						
junction - soldering point[6)7)]	each channel:	R_{thjs}	--	--	17	K/W
junction – ambient[6)]		R_{thja}	--	--	--	
@ 6 cm² cooling area	one channel active:		--	44	--	
	all channels active:		--	35	--	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions, each of the four channels at T_j = -40...+150°C, V_{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	
Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics					
On-state resistance (V_{bb} to OUT); I_L = 2 A					
each channel, T_j = 25°C:	R_{ON}	--	110	140	mΩ
T_j = 150°C:		--	210	280	
two parallel channels, T_j = 25°C:		--	55	70	
four parallel channels, T_j = 25°C:		--	28	35	
see diagram, page 11					
Nominal load current one channel active:	$I_{L(NOM)}$	2.3	2.6	--	A
two parallel channels active:		3.3	3.7	--	
four parallel channels active:		4.7	5.3	--	
Device on PCB[6)], T_a = 85°C, $T_j \le$ 150°C					
Output current while GND disconnected or pulled up[8)]; Vbb = 32 V, V_{IN} = 0, see diagram page 9	$I_{L(GNDhigh)}$	--	--	2	mA
Turn-on time[9)] IN ⌐‾ to 90% V_{OUT}:	t_{on}	--	100	250	µs
Turn-off time IN ‾⌐ to 10% V_{OUT}:	t_{off}	--	100	270	
R_L = 12 Ω					
Slew rate on[9)] 10 to 30% V_{OUT}, R_L = 12 Ω:	dV/dt_{on}	0.2	--	1.0	V/µs
Slew rate off[9)] 70 to 40% V_{OUT}, R_L = 12 Ω:	$-dV/dt_{off}$	0.2	--	1.1	V/µs

6) Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air. See page 14

7) Soldering point: upper side of solder edge of device pin 15. See page 14

8) not subject to production test, specified by design

9) See timing diagram on page 12.

Parameter and Conditions, each of the four channels at T_j = -40...+150°C, V_{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified	**Symbol**	**Values**			**Unit**
		min	typ	max	
Operating Parameters					
Operating voltage	$V_{bb(on)}$	5.5	--	40	V
Undervoltage switch off[10] T_j =-40...25°C:	$V_{bb(u\ so)}$	--	--	4.5	V
T_j =125°C:		--	--	4.5[11]	
Overvoltage protection[12] I_{bb} = 40 mA	$V_{bb(AZ)}$	41	47	52	V
Standby current[13] T_j =-40°C...25°C:	$I_{bb(off)}$	--	9	16	µA
V_{IN} = 0; see diagram page 11 T_j =150°C:		--	--	24	
T_j =125°C:		--	--	16[11]	
Off-State output current (included in $I_{bb(off)}$) V_{IN} = 0; each channel	$I_{L(off)}$	--	1	5	µA
Operating current [14], V_{IN} = 5V, I_{GND} = I_{GND1} + I_{GND2}, one channel on:	I_{GND}	--	0.5	0.9	mA
all channels on:		--	1.9	3.3	
Protection Functions[15]					
Current limit, V_{out} = 0V, (see timing diagrams, page 12)					
T_j =-40°C:	$I_{L(lim)}$	--	--	14	A
T_j =25°C:		--	9	--	
T_j =+150°C:		5	--	--	
Repetitive short circuit current limit, T_j = T_{jt} each channel	$I_{L(SCr)}$	--	6.5	--	A
two,three or four parallel channels		--	6.5	--	
(see timing diagrams, page 12)					
Initial short circuit shutdown time $T_{j,start}$ =25°C: V_{out} = 0V (see timing diagrams on page 12)	$t_{off(SC)}$	--	2	--	ms
Output clamp (inductive load switch off)[16] at $V_{ON(CL)}$ = V_{bb} - V_{OUT}, I_L = 40 mA	$V_{ON(CL)}$	41	47	52	V
Thermal overload trip temperature	T_{jt}	150	--	--	°C
Thermal hysteresis	ΔT_{jt}	--	10	--	K

10) is the voltage, where the device doesn´t change it´s switching condition for 15ms after the supply voltage falling below the lower limit of Vbb(on)

11) not subject to production test, specified by design

12) Supply voltages higher than $V_{bb(AZ)}$ require an external current limit for the GND and status pins (a 150Ω resistor for the GND connection is recommended). See also $V_{ON(CL)}$ in table of protection functions and circuit diagram on page 9.

13) Measured with load; for the whole device; all channels off

14) Add I_{ST}, if I_{ST} > 0

15) Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

16) If channels are connected in parallel, output clamp is usually accomplished by the channel with the lowest $V_{ON(CL)}$

Parameter and Conditions, each of the four channels at T_j = -40...+150°C, V_{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified	**Symbol**	**Values**			**Unit**
		min	typ	max	
Reverse Battery					
Reverse battery voltage [17]	$-V_{bb}$	--	--	32	V
Drain-source diode voltage ($V_{out} > V_{bb}$) I_L = -2.0 A, T_j = +150°C	$-V_{ON}$	--	600	--	mV
Diagnostic Characteristics					
Open load detection voltage	$V_{OUT(OL)}$	1.7	2.8	4.0	V
Input and Status Feedback [18]					
Input resistance (see circuit page 9)	R_I	2.5	4.0	6.0	kΩ
Input turn-on threshold voltage	$V_{IN(T+)}$	--	--	2.5	V
Input turn-off threshold voltage	$V_{IN(T-)}$	1.0	--	--	V
Input threshold hysteresis	$\Delta V_{IN(T)}$	--	0.2	--	V
Status change after positive input slope [19] with open load	$t_{d(STon)}$	--	10	20	µs
Status change after positive input slope [19] with overload	$t_{d(STon)}$	30	--	--	µs
Status change after negative input slope with open load	$t_{d(SToff)}$	--	--	500	µs
Status change after negative input slope [19] with overtemperature	$t_{d(SToff)}$	--	--	20	µs
Off state input current V_{IN} = 0.4 V:	$I_{IN(off)}$	5	--	20	µA
On state input current V_{IN} = 5 V:	$I_{IN(on)}$	10	35	60	µA
Status output (open drain)					
Zener limit voltage I_{ST} = +1.6 mA:	$V_{ST(high)}$	5.4	--	--	V
ST low voltage I_{ST} = +1.6 mA:	$V_{ST(low)}$	--	--	0.6	

17) Requires a 150 Ω resistor in GND connection. The reverse load current through the intrinsic drain-source diode has to be limited by the connected load. Power dissipation is higher compared to normal operating conditions due to the voltage drop across the drain-source diode. The temperature protection is not active during reverse current operation! Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 4 and circuit page 9).

18) If ground resistors R_{GND} are used, add the voltage drop across these resistors.

19) not subject to production test, specified by design

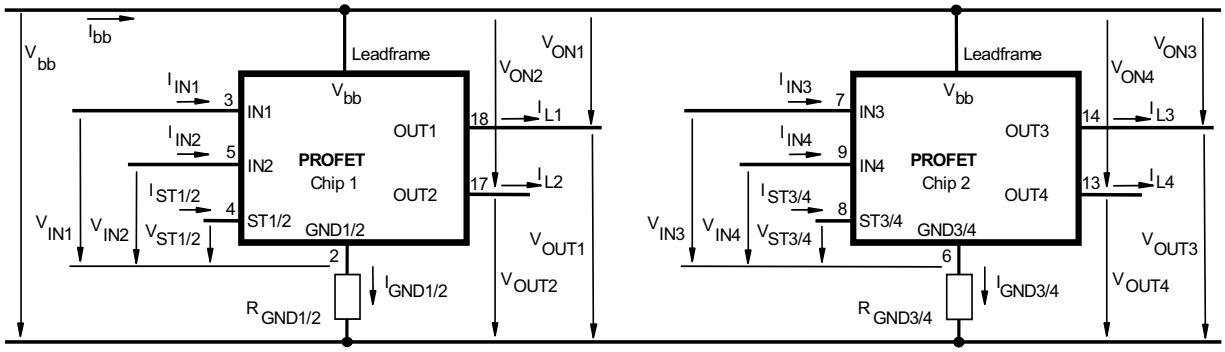
Truth Table

Channel 1 and 2 / Channel 3 and 4 (equivalent to channel 1 and 2)		Chip 1 / Chip 2	IN1 / IN3	IN2 / IN4	OUT1 / OUT3	OUT2 / OUT4	ST1/2 / ST3/4
Normal operation			**L**	**L**	**L**	**L**	**H**
			L	**H**	**L**	**H**	**H**
			H	**L**	**H**	**L**	**H**
			H	**H**	**H**	**H**	**H**
Open load	Channel 1 (3)		**L**	**X**	**Z**	**X**	**L**[20)]
			H	**X**	**H**	**X**	**H**
	Channel 2 (4)		**X**	**L**	**X**	**Z**	**L**[15)]
			X	**H**	**X**	**H**	**H**
Overtemperature	both channel		**L**	**L**	**L**	**L**	**H**
			X	**H**	**L**	**L**	**L**
			H	**X**	**L**	**L**	**L**
	Channel 1 (3)		**L**	**X**	**L**	**X**	**H**
			H	**X**	**L**	**X**	**L**
	Channel 2 (4)		**X**	**L**	**X**	**L**	**H**
			X	**H**	**X**	**L**	**L**

L = "Low" Level X = don't care Z = high impedance, potential depends on external circuit
H = "High" Level Status signal valid after the time delay shown in the timing diagrams

Parallel switching of channel 1 and 2 (also channel 3 and 4) is easily possible by connecting the inputs and outputs in parallel (see truth table). If switching channel 1 to 4 in parallel, the status outputs ST1/2 and ST3/4 have to be configured as a 'Wired OR' function with a single pull-up resistor.

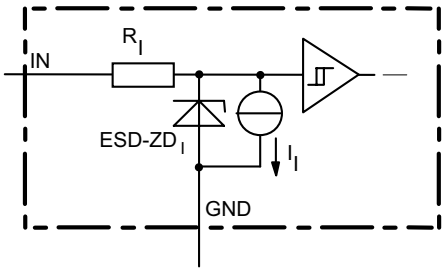
Terms



Leadframe (V_{bb}) is connected to pin 1,10,11,12,15,16,19,20
External R_{GND} optional; two resistors R_{GND1}, R_{GND2} = 150 Ω or a single resistor R_{GND} = 75 Ω for reverse battery protection up to the max. operating voltage.

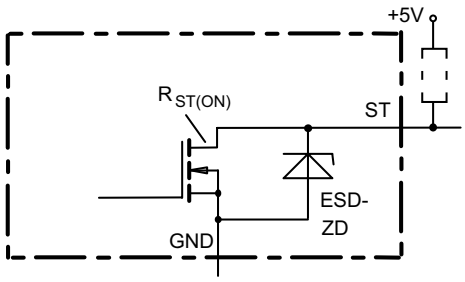
20) L, if potential at the Output exceeds the OpenLoad detection voltage

Input circuit (ESD protection), IN1 to IN4



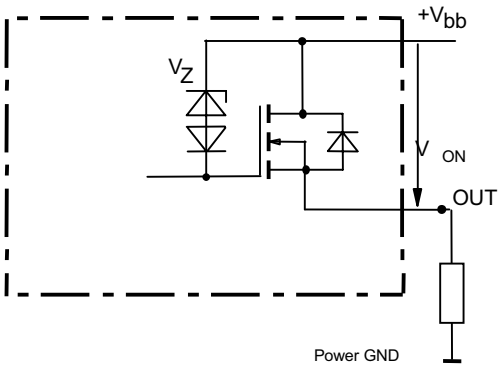
The use of ESD zener diodes as voltage clamp at DC conditions is not recommended.

Status output, ST1/2 or ST3/4



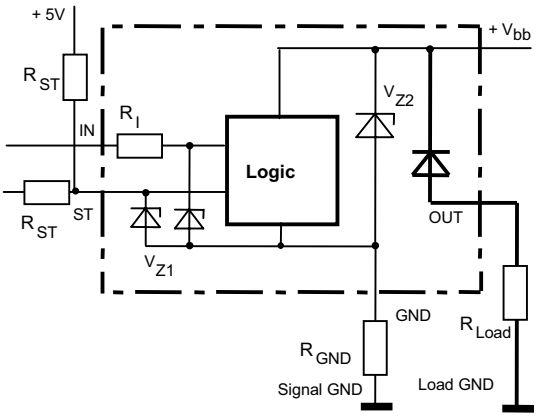
ESD-Zener diode: 6.1 V typ., max 0.3 mA; $R_{ST(ON)}$ < 375 Ω at 1.6 mA. The use of ESD zener diodes as voltage clamp at DC conditions is not recommended.

Inductive and overvoltage output clamp, OUT1...4



V_{ON} clamped to $V_{ON(CL)}$ = 47 V typ.

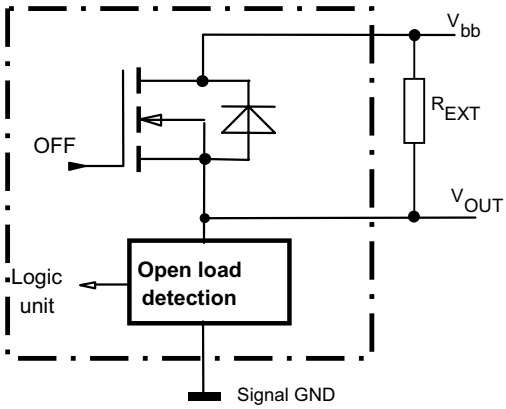
Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



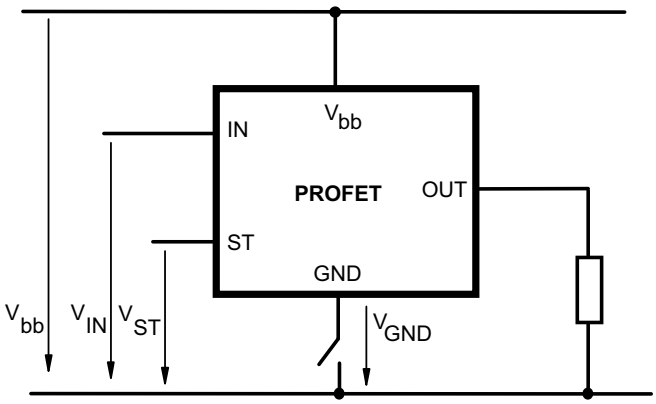
V_{Z1} = 6.1 V typ., V_{Z2} = 47 V typ., R_{GND} = 150 Ω, R_{ST}= 15 kΩ, R_I= 3.5 kΩ typ.
In case of reverse battery the load current has to be limited by the load. Temperature protection is not active

Open-load detection, OUT1...4

OFF-state diagnostic condition:
Open Load, if V_{OUT} > 3 V typ.; IN low

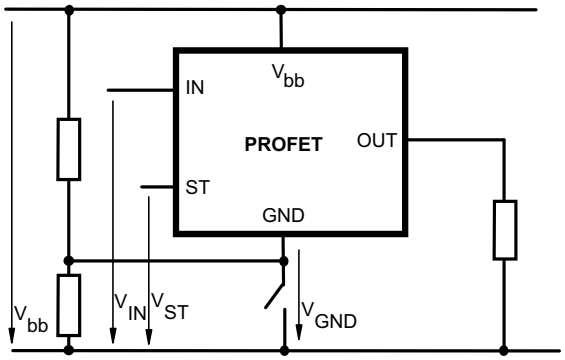


GND disconnect



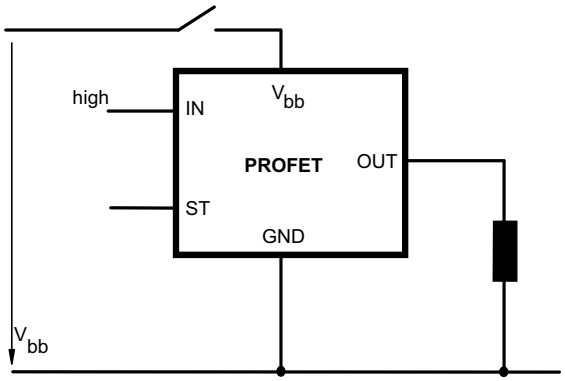
Any kind of load. In case of IN = high is $V_{OUT} \approx V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$.
Due to V_{GND} > 0, no V_{ST} = low signal available.

GND disconnect with GND pull up



Any kind of load. If $V_{GND} > V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$ device stays off
Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no V_{ST} = low signal available.

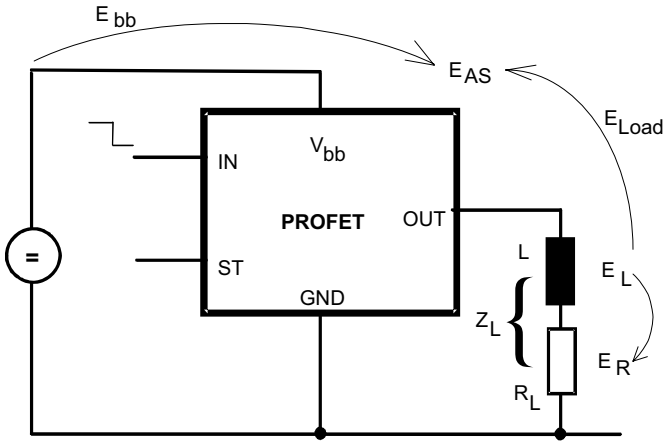
Vbb disconnect with energized inductive load



For inductive load currents up to the limits defined by Z_L (max. ratings and diagram on page 10) each switch is protected against loss of V_{bb}.

Consider at your PCB layout that in the case of Vbb disconnection with energized inductive load all the load current flows through the GND connection.

Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation



Energy stored in load inductance:

$$E_L = {}^1/_2 \cdot L \cdot I_L^2$$

While demagnetizing load inductance, the energy dissipated in PROFET is

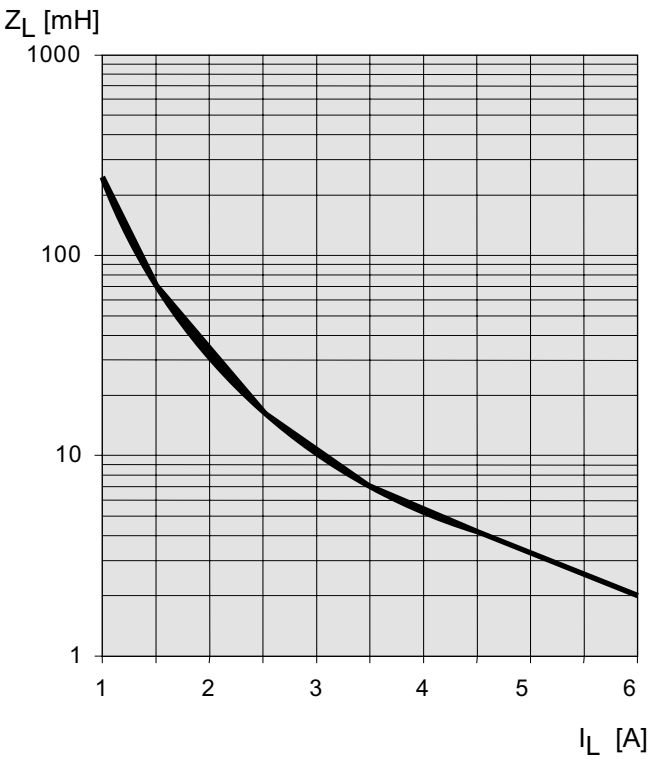
$$E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R = \int V_{ON(CL)} \cdot i_L(t)\, dt,$$

with an approximate solution for $R_L > 0\,\Omega$:

$$E_{AS} = \frac{I_L \cdot L}{2 \cdot R_L} \left(V_{bb} + |V_{OUT(CL)}| \right) \ ln \left(1 + \frac{I_L \cdot R_L}{|V_{OUT(CL)}|}\right)$$

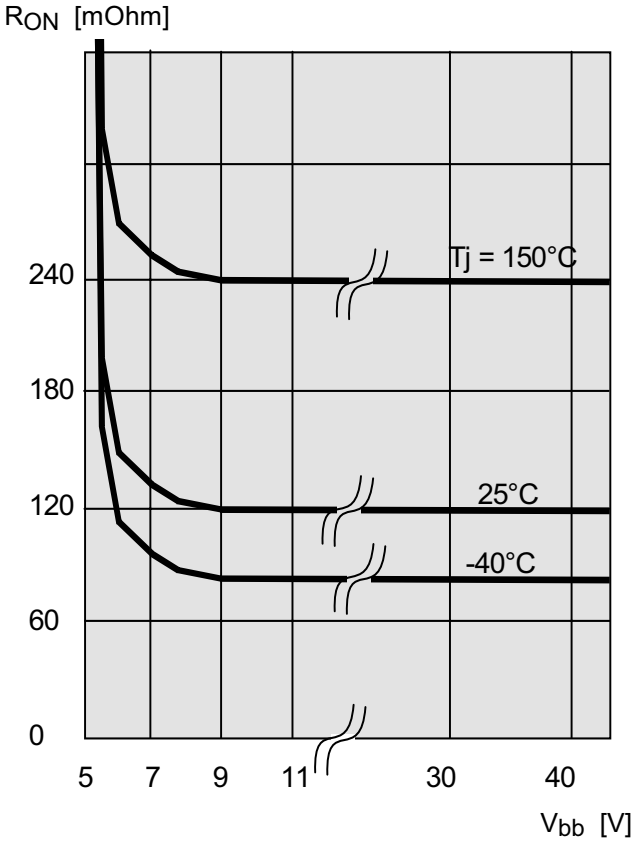
Maximum allowable load inductance for a single switch off (one channel)[4)]

$L = f(I_L)$; $T_{j,start} = 150°C$, $V_{bb} = 12\,V$, $R_L = 0\,\Omega$



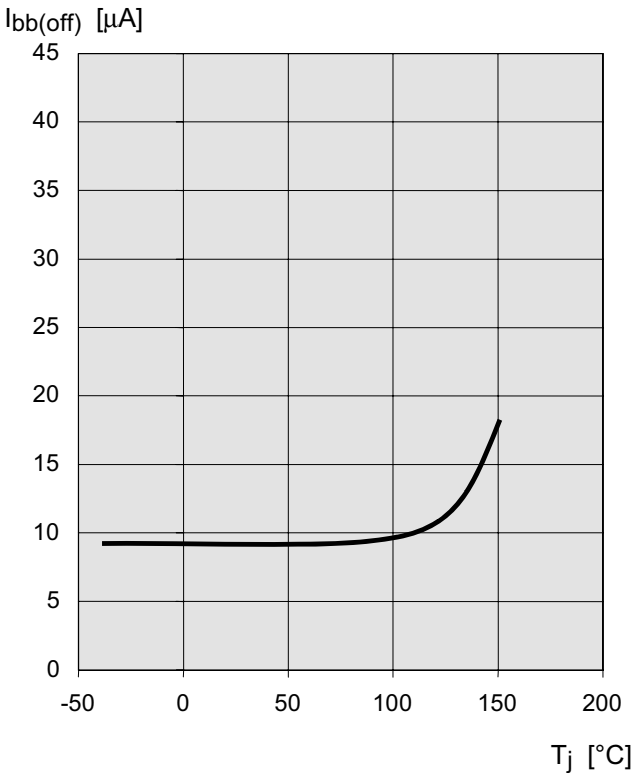
Typ. on-state resistance

$R_{ON} = f(V_{bb}, T_j)$; I_L = 2 A, IN = high



Typ. standby current

$I_{bb(off)} = f(T_j)$; V_{bb} = 9...34 V, IN1,2,3,4 = low



Timing diagrams

All channels are symmetric and consequently the diagrams are valid for channel 1 to channel 4

Figure 1a: V_{bb} turn on:

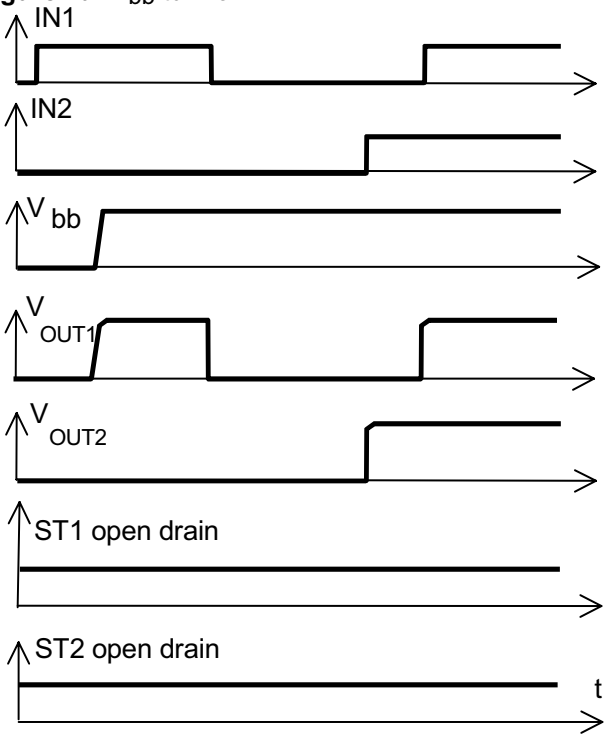


Figure 2a: Switching a resistive load, turn-on/off time and slew rate definition:

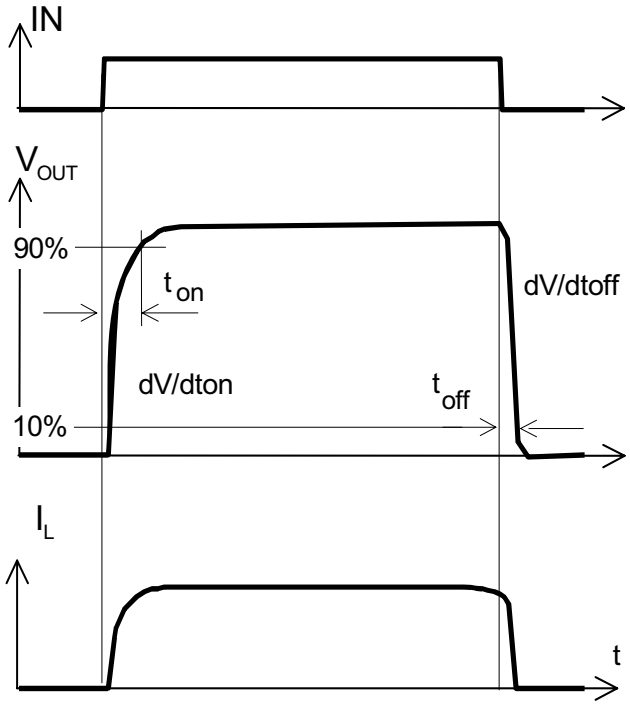


Figure 2b: Switching a lamp:

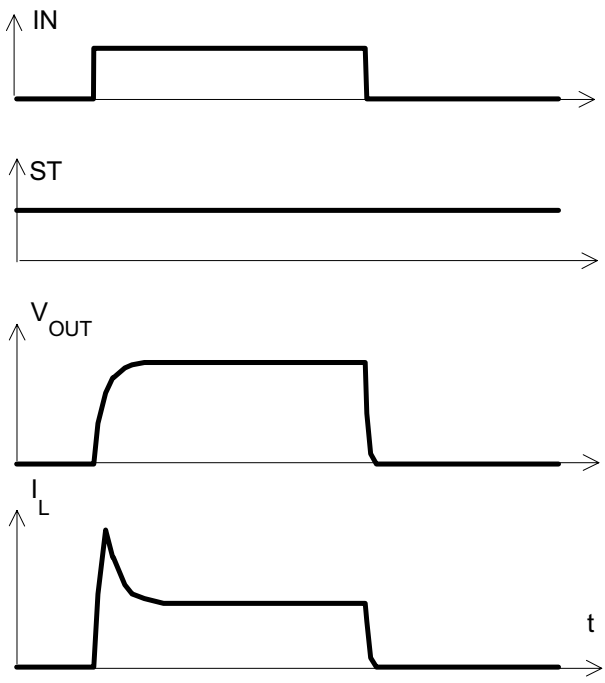
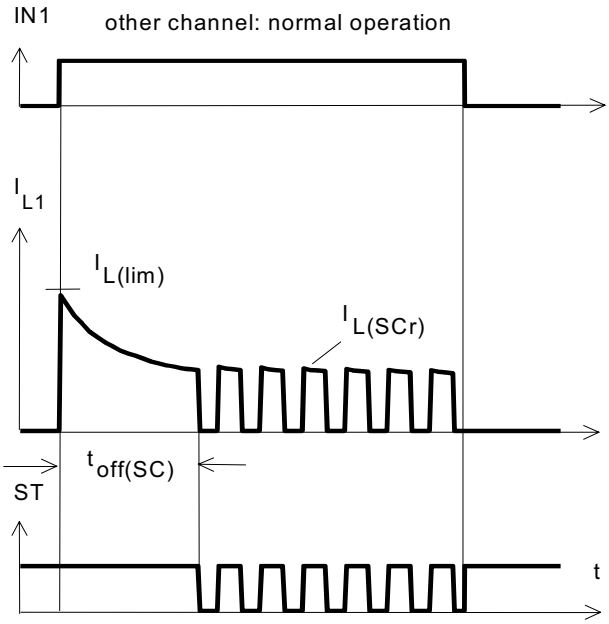
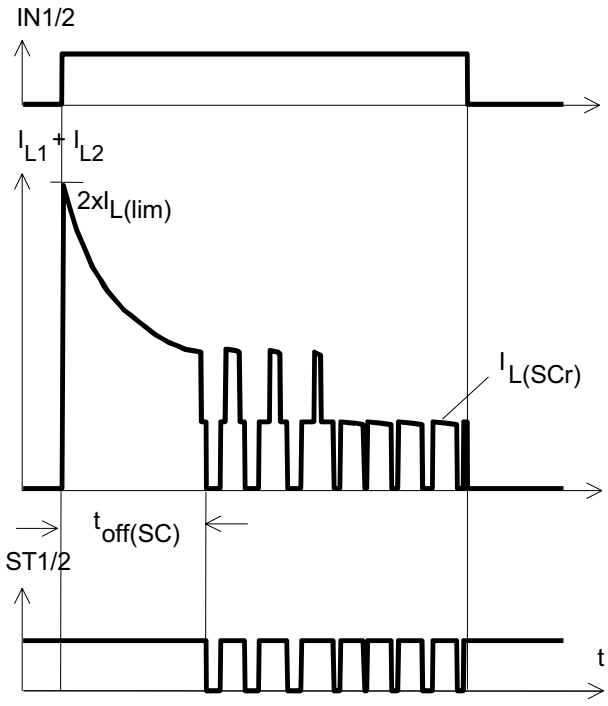


Figure 3a: Turn on into short circuit: shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling



Heating up of the chip may require several milliseconds, depending on external conditions

Figure 3b: Turn on into short circuit:
shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling
(two parallel switched channels 1 and 2)



ST1 and ST2 have to be configured as a 'Wired OR' function ST1/2 with a single pull-up resistor.

Figure 4a: Overtemperature:
Reset if $T_j < T_{jt}$

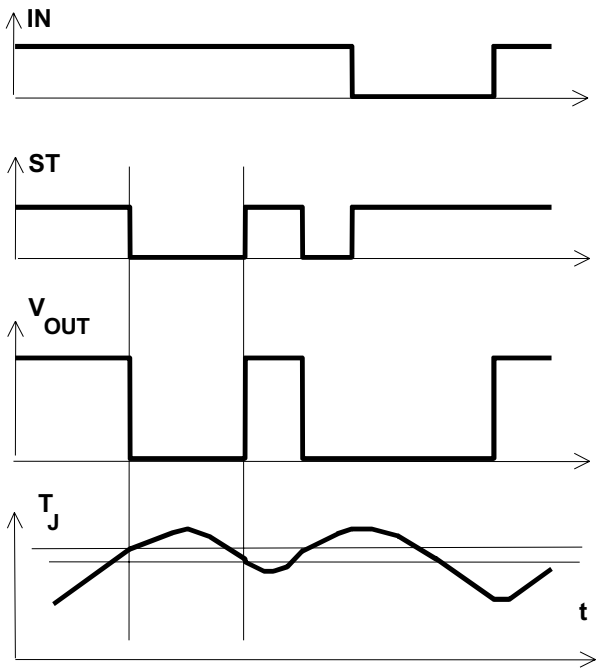


Figure 5a: Open load: detection in OFF-state, turn on/off to open load
Open load of channel 1; other channels normal operation

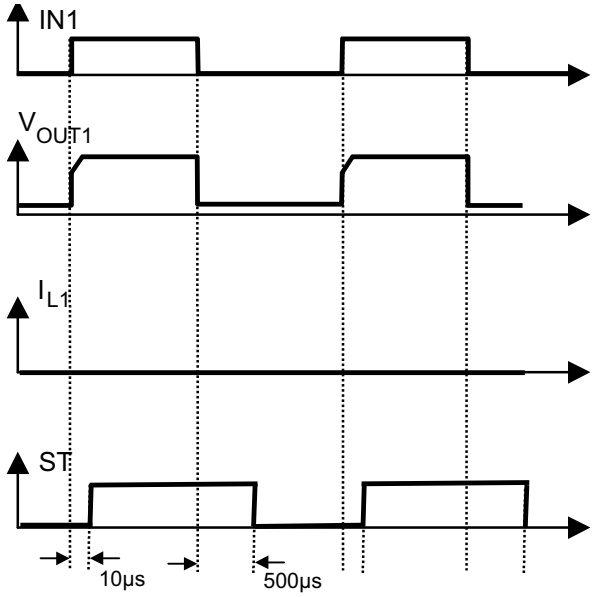
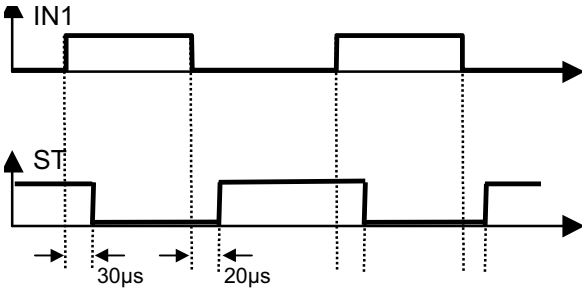
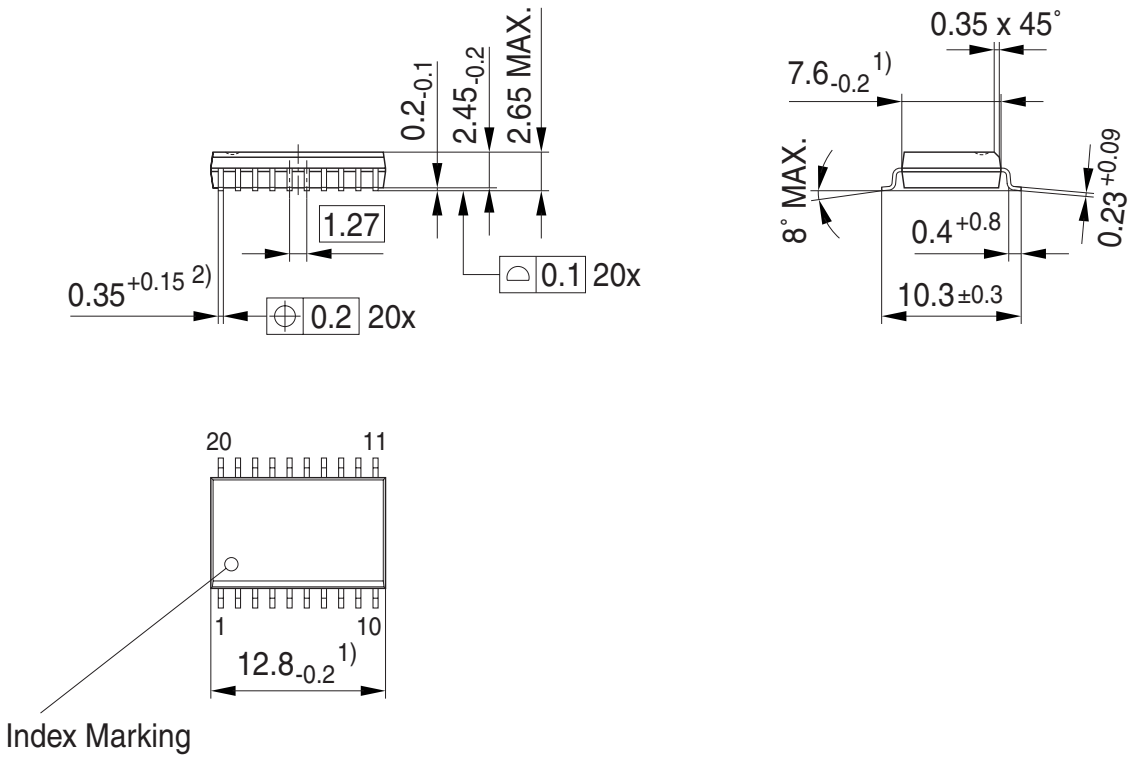


Figure 6a: Status change after, turn on/off to overtemperature
Overtemperature of channel 1; other channels normal operation



1 Package Outlines



1) Does not include plastic or metal protrusion of 0.15 max. per side

2) Does not include dambar protrusion of 0.05 max. per side

GPS05094

Figure 1 PG-DSO-20-32

Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

For further information on alternative packages, please visit our website:
http://www.infineon.com/packages.

Dimensions in mm

2 Revision History

Revision	Date	Changes
1.1	2008-10-02	RoHS-compliant DSO package version of the ITS716G All pages: Infineon logo updated Page 1: Added “RoHS” logo, added “Green Product (RoHS compliant)” statement to feature list, package names changed to RoHS compliant versions. Page 14: Package names changed to RoHS compliant versions, added “Green Product” description page 15: added Revision History page 16: added Legal Disclaimer

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