ALD-310012PJ125

DC-DC Converter for LC Panels with LED Backlights

Features

- Three Outputs
- Low profile and compact
- High efficiency
- Usable in a wide range of temperatures
- Applicable panel size: 8 to 15 inches (rough guide)
- Combined use of PWM modulated light and analog modulated light (ADIM) assures universality
- Equipped with load (LED) open detection (alarm output) function



Applications













ALD-310012PJ125 Specifications (Please refer to each specification before use)

Electrical Characteristics

| Item | Unit | Cumala al | Specification | | Condition | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|----------|-------------------------------|
| item Oili | | Symbol | min | typ | max | Vin(V) | Vrmt(V) | Vbr1(V) | Rbr2(kΩ) | Ta(°C) | RL1-3(Ω) | Remarks |
| Output Current | mA | lout1,2,3 (Maximum brightness) | 85 | 100 | 115 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 2.5 | 10 | 25±10 | 380 | (*1) |
| | | lout1,2,3 (Minimum brightness) | 25 | 40 | 55 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 1 | 10 | 25±10 | 380 | PWM modulated light (*1)(*2) |
| | | | 25 | 40 | 55 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 2.5 | 1 | 25±10 | 380 | ADIM modulated light (*1)(*2) |
| Input | Α | lin1 | - | 1.1 | 1.5 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 2.5 | 10 | 25±10 | 380 | Remote ON |
| Current | mA | lin2 | - | - | 1 | 12±0.5 | 0 | 2.5 | 10 | 25±10 | 380 | Remote OFF |
| Modulated light frequency | Hz | F | 180 | 225 | 270 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 1 | 10 | 25±10 | 380 | |
| Alarm | V | Vst | - | - | 1 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 2.5 | 10 | 25±10 | 380 | On a normal operation (*3) |
| Signal | ٧ | VSI | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 12±0.5 | 5±0.25 | 2.5 | 10 | 25±10 | ∞ | In case of lamp anomaly (*3) |

Other Specifications

| Modulated light system | | PWM/ADIM (*2) |
|------------------------------|-----|------------------|
| Operating Temperature | °C | -30 to +80 |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -40 to +85 |
| Operating Humidity Ratio | RH% | 95Max |
| Weight | g | 9 max. |
| Dimensions (WxDxH) | mm | 85x21.5x5.5 (*4) |
| Fused Input | | Yes |
| Remote ON / OFF | | Yes |
| Lamp open detection function | | Yes |

■ Conformity to RoHs Directive

This means that, in conformity with EU Directive 2002/95/EC, lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, and specific bromine-based flame retardants, PBB and PBDE, have not been used, except for exempted applications.

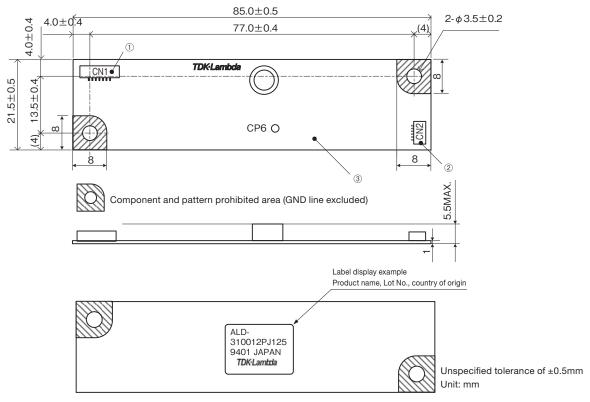
^(*1) When output is open, the output voltage of that series is restricted, and other series operate normally.

^(*2) See "Connections" as well as "Analog Modulation Light (ADIM) and PWM Modulation Light" for details about modulation light.

^(*3) See "Connections" for details about alarm output.

^(*4) These dimensions are indicated the maximum only H. Others are typical values.

Outline Drawing



When securing LED driver, check to make sure crowns and plates (including uneven parts) fit inside the above prohibited areas (diagonal lined areas).

Connector

| No. | Component name | Type name | Qty | Remarks | Recommended suitable connector |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Input connector CN1 | 53261-0871 | 1 | Molex | 51021-0800 |
| 2 | Output connector CN2 | SM06B-SRSS-TB(LF)(SN) | 1 | J.S.T Mfg., Co., Ltd | SHR-06V-S-B |
| 3 | Printed circuit board PCB | Glass epoxy (FR-4) | 1 | UL94V-0 t=1.0mm | _ |

Terminal Number & Function

Input side CN1

| - | | | | |
|--|------|-------------------|--|--|
| Terminal No. Symbol | | Rating | Remarks | |
| CN1-1 | Vin | 12±1.2V | Davier aguragianut | |
| CN1-2 | VIII | 12±1.2V | Power source input | |
| CN1-3 | GND | 0V | Ground | |
| CN1-4 | GIND | UV | | |
| CN1-5 | Vrmt | 0-0.4V/2.5-VinV | OFF / ON | |
| Vbr1 0.4V/2.5V Vpwm* Min. ON time 50us 750Ω/10kΩ | | Min. ON time 50us | PWM modulated light MIN/MAX Modulated light function using output PWM modulation | |
| CN1-7 ADIM 1.6V/4.0V 1kΩ/10kΩ | | | ADIM modulated light MIN/MAX Modulated light function using output current variation | |
| CN1-8 Vst 0V/5.0V | | 0V/5.0V | At time of normal load/ at time of abnormal load | |

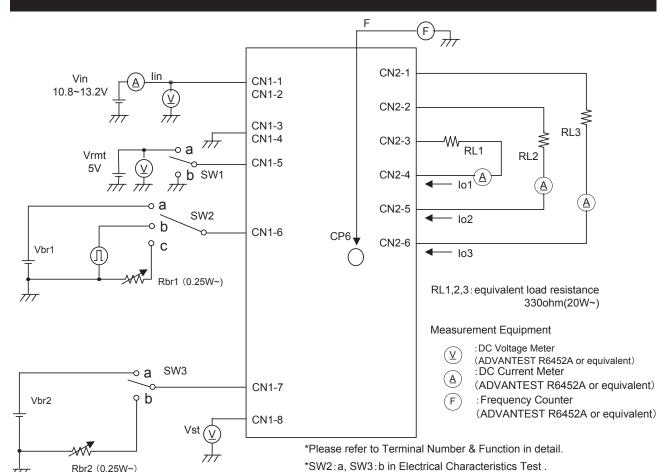
Output side CN2

| Terminal No. | Symbol | Remarks |
|--------------|--------|--------------------|
| CN2-1 | +CH3 | CH3 – anode side |
| CN2-2 | +CH2 | CH2 – anode side |
| CN2-3 | +CH1 | CH1 – anode side |
| CN2-4 | -CH1 | CH1 – cathode side |
| CN2-5 | -CH2 | CH2 – cathode side |
| CN2-6 | -CH3 | CH3 – cathode side |
| | | |

^{*}With Vpwm, 0V is OFF and 3.3V is ON.

^{*}Using variable resistance (Rbr2) is recommended for modulating light. Depending on the power source, there is a possibility that voltage will not drop to 0V.

Connections



SW1 function

| SW1 | ON/OFF control | | |
|------|----------------|--|--|
| а | Operating | | |
| b | Not operating | | |
| Open | Not operating | | |

SW2 function

| SW2 | PWM Dimming | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| а | DC input Vbr1=2.5V : brightness MAX Vbr1=0.4V : brightness MIN | | | |
| b | Pulse input ON: 3.3~5V OFF: 0V 180Hz~500Hz MIN ON time: 50us | | | |
| С | VR input Rbr1=10kohm : brightness MAX Rbr1=750ohm : brightness MIN | | | |
| Open | Brightness MAX | | | |

^{*} In b, LED may occur a flicker according to the input frequency or jitter level.

SW3 function

| SW3 | Analog Dimming | | | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| а | DC input Vbr2=4.0V : brightness MAX Vbr2=1.6V : brightness MIN | | | | | | |
| b | VR input Rbr2=10kohm : brightness MAX Rbr2=1kohm : brightness MIN | | | | | | |

^{*} Do not open SW3.

Protection Circuit Behaviour

| 1 Totalion Gircuit Benavious | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Load Condition | Alarm output (CN1-6)*1 | Remarks | | | | |
| normal | 1V max. | Nomal operation | | | | |
| 1 strings open | 4.5V min. | Other string are nomal operation | | | | |
| 2 strings open | 4.5V min. | Other string are nomal operation | | | | |
| 3 strings open | 4.5V min. | Maintain minimum control operation | | | | |

^{*} In steady state of Ala rm output keeps under 1V. If any stirings open or all strings open condition occurs, alarm output goes high around 5V.

^{*} Please confirm the LED may not occur a flicker or a black out in the outside of the range above when it uses it.

^{*} Please confirm the LED may not occur a flicker or a black out in the outside of the range above when it uses it.

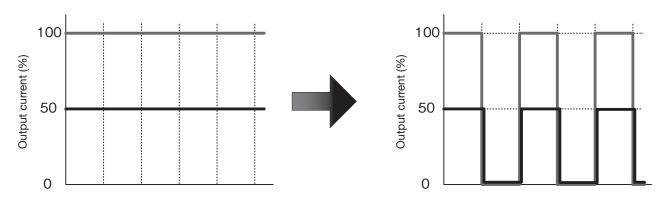
ALD TDK-Lambda

Analog Modulated Light (ADIM) and PWM Modulated Light Combination Example

Determines maximum value for output current in analog modulated light, to enable brightness control at that range, using PWM modulated light.

- <Modulated Light Example 1 (blue in diagram below)>
 Set output current value to 100%, in cases where PWM modulated light is desired at a modulated light range of 100% to 0%
- <Modulated Light Example 2 (red in diagram below)>
 Set output current value to 50%, in cases where PWM modulated light is desired at a modulated light range of 100% to 0%

PWM Modulated Light Voltage and Output Current Examples



Analog modulated light is the modulated light system for changing current amplitude. The benefits this system offer are that low frequency noise hardly occurs because it does not have an intermittent action and input power source load is small because input current variation is small. Conversely, because it changes the LED action point, chromaticity varies according to the modulated light.

PWM modulated light is the system where intermittent actions are made at low frequency in the range of 100Hz to 1kHz, and this on duty is varied to modulate light. Although this system leaves concern about low frequency noise and the demand for excessive answering to accommodate input power source, it offers the benefit of small chromaticity variations according to the modulated light because the LED action point does not change. PWM modulated light comes in two forms: a built-in PWM modulated light system (this is inside the LED driver generating chopping and sawtooth waves, which are compared against the external DC voltage to form a modulated light pulse) and an external PWM modulated light system (this directly applies the pulse from outside to modulate light).

The ALD Series combines analog modulated light and PWM modulated light to enable the generation of modulated light that suits your needs.