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SA9103E

SINGLE PHASE BIDIRECTIONAL POWER/ENERGY METERING IC WITH SERIAL INTERFACE

FEATURES

- Performs bidirectional active power/ energy measurement
- Meets the IEC 521/1036 Specification requirements for Class 1 AC Watt hour meters
- Protected against ESD
- Power consumption rating below 25mW
- Adaptable to different current sensor technologies
- Operates over a wide temperature range
- Serial interface having a RS232 protocol
- Precision voltage reference on-chip
- Tri-state output to allow parallel connection of devices.

DESCRIPTION

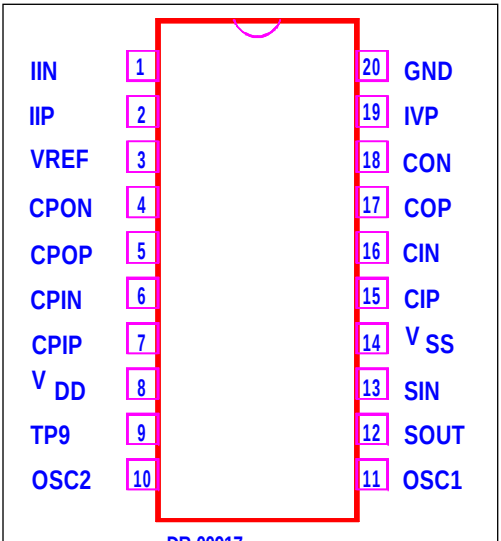
The SAMES SA9103E Single Phase bidirectional Power/Energy metering integrated circuit has a serial interface with a RS232 protocol, ideal for use with a µ-Controller. The SA9103E performs the calculation for active power.

The integrated value for active energy is accessable through the RS232-Interface as a 16 bit value.

This innovative universal single phase power/energy metering integrated circuit is ideally suited for energy calculations in applications such as electricitydispensing systems (ED's), residential municipal metering and factory energy metering and control.

The SA9103E integrated circuit is available in both 20 pin dual-in-line plastic (DIP-20), as well as 20 pin small outline (SOIC-20) package types.

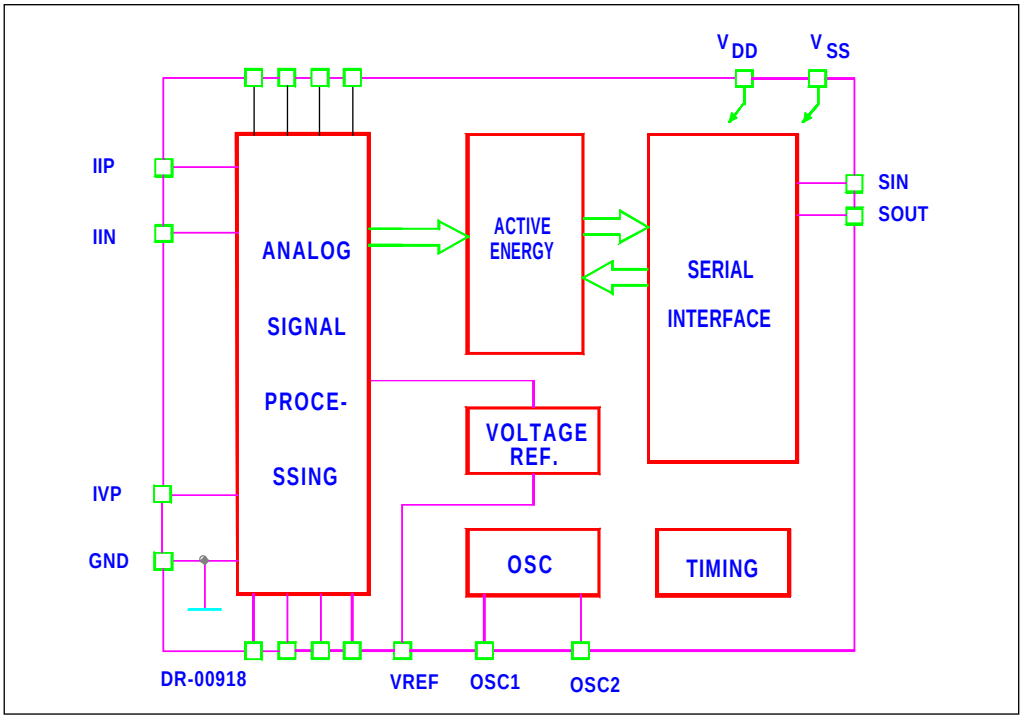
PIN CONNECTIONS



Package: DIP-20
SOIC-20

4353 PDS039-SA9103E-001 REV. B 14-11-1996

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD} -V_{SS}	-0.3	6.0	V
Current on any pin	I_{PIN}	-150	+150	mA
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-40	+125	°C
Operating Temperature	T_O	-40	+85	°C

* Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other condition above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification, is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = 2.5V, V_{SS} = -2.5V, over the temperature range -10°C to +70°C#, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Supply Voltage: Positive	V_{DD}	2.25		2.75	V	
Supply Voltage: Negative	V_{SS}	-2.75		-2.25	V	
Supply Current: Positive	I_{DD}		5	6	mA	
Supply Current: Negative	I_{SS}		5	6	mA	
Current Sensor Inputs (Differential)						
Input Current Range	I_{II}	-25		+25	µA	Peak value
Voltage Sensor Input (Asymetrical)						
Input Current Range	I_{IV}	-25		+25	µA	Peak value
Pin SOUT						
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}			V_{SS}+1	V	I_{OL} = 5mA
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	V_{DD}-1			V	I_{OH} = -2mA
Pin SIN						
High Voltage	V_{IH}	V_{DD}-1			V	
Low Voltage	V_{IL}			V_{SS}+1	V	
Pull-up Current	$-I_I$	50		150	µA	V_{IN} = V_{SS}
Oscillator	Recommended crystal: TV colour burst crystal f = 3.5795 MHz					
Pin VREF						With R = 24kΩ
Ref. Current	$-I_R$	45	50	55	µA	connected to V_{SS}
Ref. Voltage	V_R	1.1		1.3	V	Referred to V_{SS}

Extended Operating Temperature Range available on request.

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Designation	Description
20	GND	Ground
8	V_{DD}	Positive Supply Voltage
14	V_{SS}	Negative Supply Voltage
19	IVP	Analog input for Voltage
1	IIN	Inputs for current sensor
2	IIP	
11	OSC1	Connections for crystal or ceramic resonator
10	OSC2	(OSC1 = Input ; OSC2 = Output)
12	SOUT	Serial Interface Out
13	SIN	Serial Interface In
4	CPON	Connections for outer loop capacitors of
5	CPOP	A/D converter (Voltage)
6	CPIN	Connections for inner loop capacitors of
7	CPIP	A/D converter (Voltage)
15	CIP	Connections for inner loop capacitors of
16	CIN	A/D converter (Current)
17	COP	Connections for outer loop capacitors of
18	CON	A/D converter (Current)
3	VREF	Connection for current setting resistor
9	TP9	Test Pin. Connect to V_{SS}

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The SA9103E is a CMOS mixed signal Analog/Digital integrated circuit, which performs power/energy calculations across a power range of 1000:1, to an overall accurancy of better than Class 1.

The integrated circuit includes of all the required functions for 1-phase power and energy measurement, such as two oversampling A/D converters for the voltage and current sense inputs, power calculation and energy integration. Internal offsets are eliminated through the use of cancellation procedures. The SA9103E integrates the measured active power consumption into a 22 bit integrator, which is accessable via a serial port having a RS232 protocol.

1. Power calculation

In the Application Circuit (Figure 1), the voltage drop across the shunt will be between 0 and 16mV (0 to 80A through a shunt resistor of 200µΩ). This voltage is converted to a current of between 0 and 16µA, by means of resistors R_1 and R_2.

The current sense input saturates at an input current of ±25µA peak.

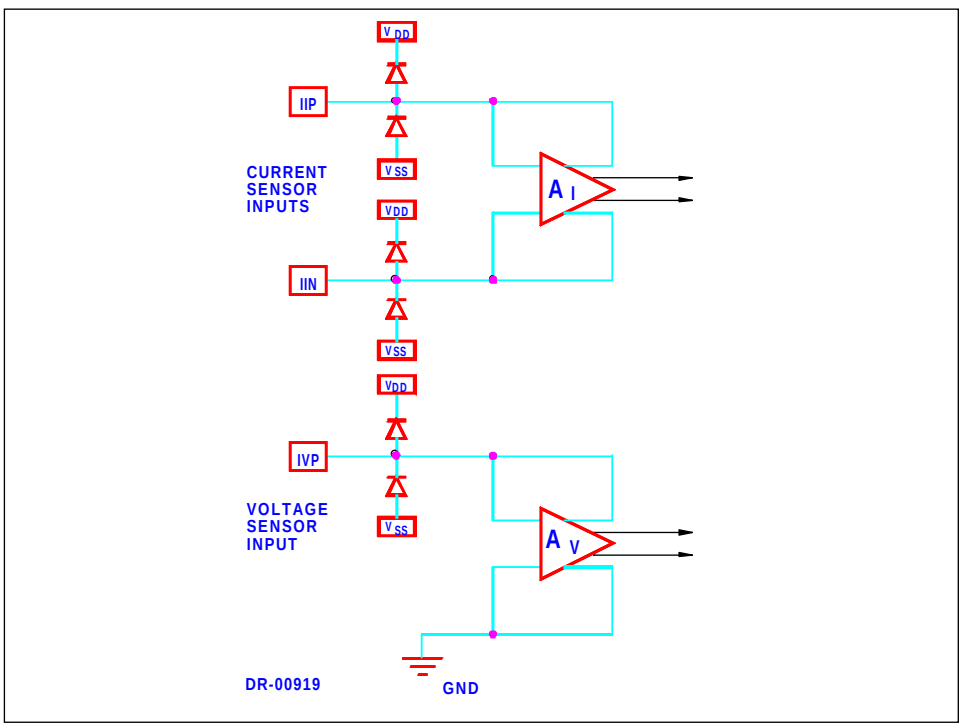
For the voltage sense input, the mains voltage (230VAC) is divided down through a divider to 14V. The resulting current into the A/D converter input is set at 14µA at nominal mains voltage,via resistor R4 (1MΩ).

In this configuration, with a mains voltage of 230V and a current of 80A, the SA9103E functions at its optimum conditions, having a margin of 3dB for overload available.

2. Analog Input Configuration

The input circuitry of the current and voltage sensor inputs are illustrated below. These inputs are protected against electrostatic discharge through clamping diodes.

The feedback loops from the outputs of the amplifiers A_I and A_V generate virtual shorts on the signal inputs. Exact duplications of the input currents are generated for the analog signal processing circuitry.



3. Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection

The SA9103E integrated circuit's inputs/outputs are protected against ESD.

4. Power Consumption

The power consumption rating of the SA9103E integrated circuit is less than 25mW.

5. Serial Interface

Reading and resetting of the SA9103E's on-chip integrator, is performed via the serial interface.

The settings are: 19 200 Baud
1 Start bit (S)
1 Stop bit (E)
No parity bits

The Serial Interface allows for the following operations:

Read Integrator: The SA9103E integrated circuit transmits the integrator status to the controller, after the current measurement cycle has been completed (8 mains periods maximum).

Reset Integrator: The SA9103E integrator is reset, without transmitting the integrator status.

Read/Reset Integrator): The SA9103E transmits the integrator status and resets the integrator after the current measurement cycle has been completed.

In a typical application, the system controller monitors the status of the SA9103E's integrator using the "Read" command. At rated load conditions, the capacity of the 22 bit integrator allows for an integration time of 2 seconds prior to integrator overflow.

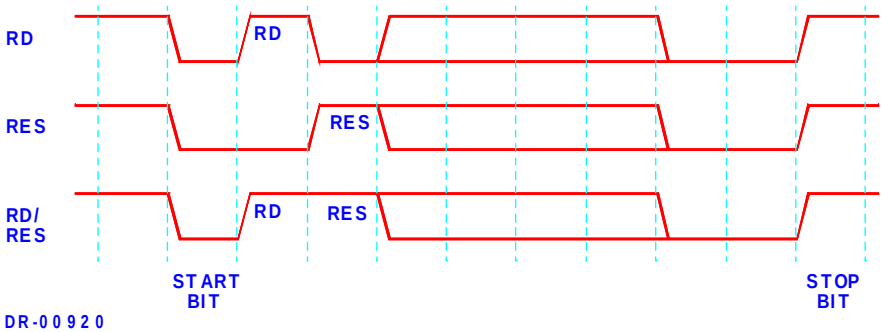
If after a "Read" command, the integrator value is sufficently high, a "Read/Reset" command from the controller causes the SA9103E integrated circuit to complete the existing measurement cycle, transmit the 16 most significant bits of the 22 bit integrator via the Serial Output (SOUT) to the controller and restart the integrator.

In order to ensure correct measurements, the integrator commands ("Read" and "Read/Reset") are only executed after completion of the internal offset calibration cycle. The cycle length is 8 mains periods.

Thus, for power calculations, the time value should be taken from the difference in time from the previously received energy value to the currently received value.

By adapting the "Read/Reset" rate to the line current the accuracy of the measurement can be achieved down to lowest signal levels.

Read, Reset and Read/Reset of integrator for active energy



The register access codes which can be written to the SA9103E via the serial communications port are shown in the table below:

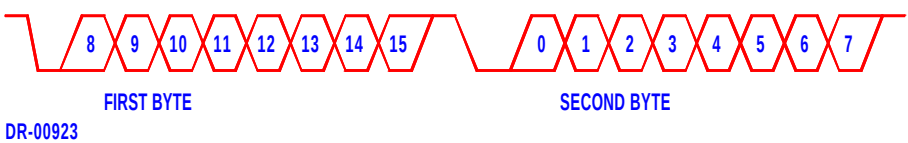
REGISTER	READ	RESET	READ-RESET
Active	$01	$02	$03

From the two bytes of data output by the device, the value for the register may be derived as shown:

Register value = (first byte * 256) + second byte

The most significant bit of the 16 bit energy register is an indication fo the direction of the energy flow (0 = positive, 1 = negative)

Data on SOUT



6. Register Values

The active energy measured per count, may be calculated by applying the following formula:

$$\text{Energy per Count} = \frac{VI}{K}$$

When V = Rated Voltage
I = Rated Current
K = 9281 for Active Energy

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

In the Application Circuits (Figures 1 and 2) the components required for power metering applications, are shown.

In Figure 1, a shunt resistor is used for current sensing. In this application, the circuitry requires a +2.5V, 0V, -2.5V DC supply.

In the case of Figure 2, when using a current transformer for current sensing, a +5V, 0V DC supply is sufficient for the circuit.

The most important external components for the SA9103E integrated circuit are:

C_1 and C_2 are the outer loop capacitors for the two integrated oversampling A/D converters. The value of these capacitors is 560pF. The actual values determine the signal to noise and stability performance. The tolerances should be within ±10%.

C_3 and C_4 are the inner loop capacitors of the A/D converters. The optimum value is 3.3nF. The actual values are uncritical. Values smaller than 0.5nF and larger than 5nF should be avoided.

R_1, R_2 and RSH are the resistors defining the current level into the current sense input. The values should be selected for an input current of 16µA into the SA9103E at maximum line current.

Values for RSH of less than 200µΩ should be avoided.

$R_1 = R_2 = (I_L/16\mu A) * RSH/2$

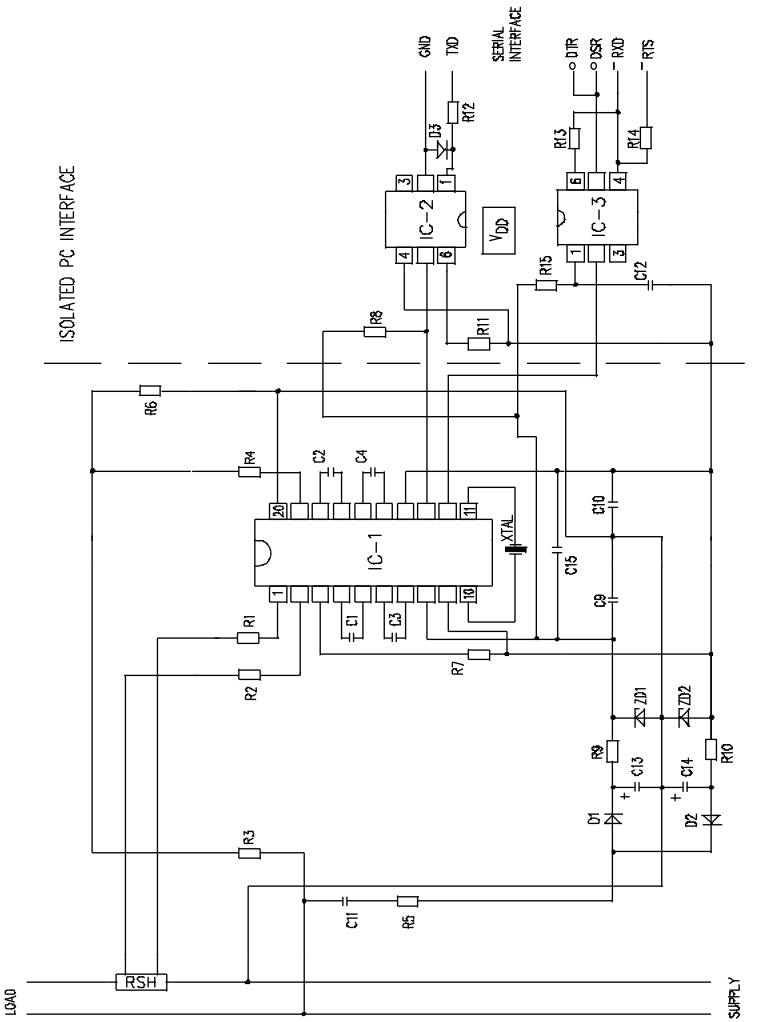
Where I_L = Line current
RSH = Shunt resistor/termination resistor

R_3, R_6 and R_4 set the current for the voltage sense input. The values should be selected so that the input current into the voltage sense input (virtual ground) is set to 14µA.

R_7 defines all on-chip bias and reference currents. With R_7 = 24kΩ, optimum conditions are set.

XTAL is a colour burst TV crystal (f = 3.5795MHz) for the oscillator. The oscillator frequency is divided down to 1.7897MHz on-chip, to supply the A/D converters and digital circuitry.

Figure 1: Application Circuit using a Shunt Resistor for Current Sensing, having a PC (Personal Computer) Interface.



Note**:** The Serial Interface having a RS232 protocol, has been designed to operate directly with a PC (Personal Computer).

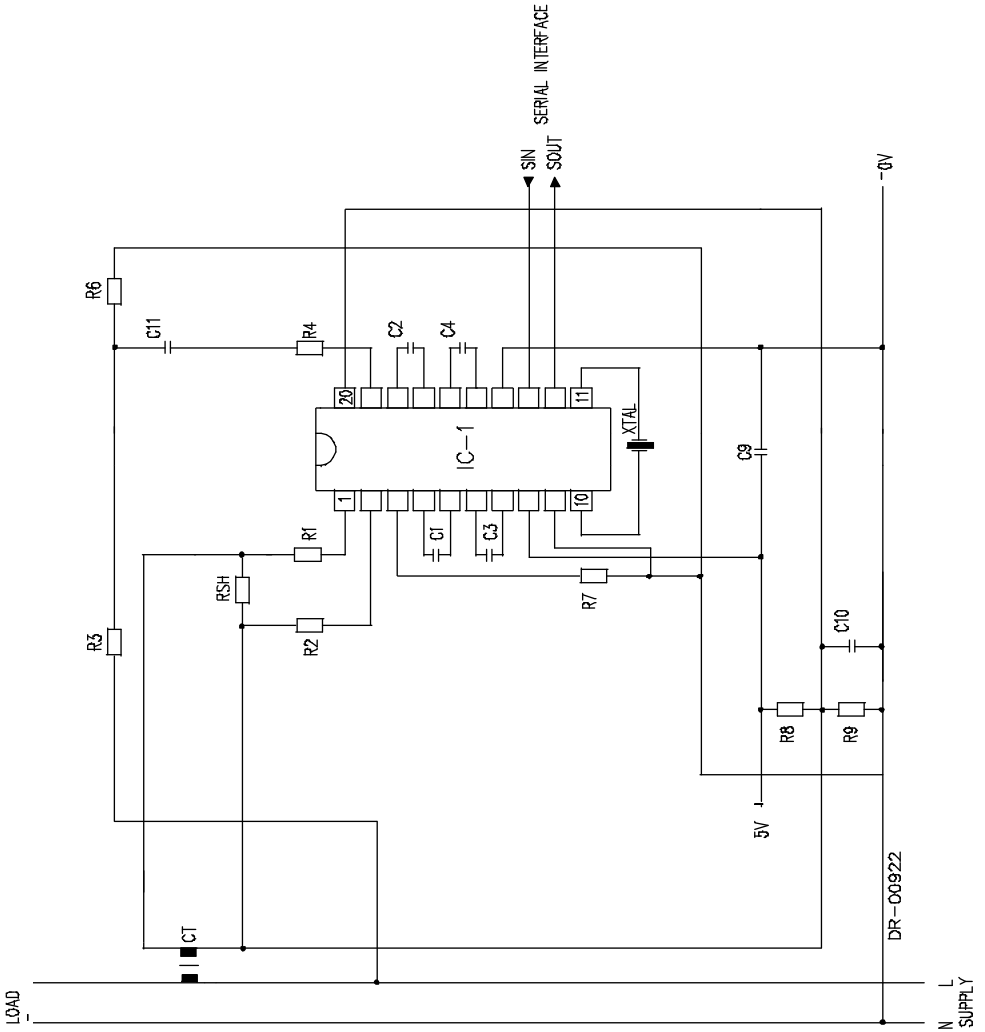
Part List for Application Circuit: Figure 1

Item	Symbol	Description	Detail
1	IC-1	SA9103E	DIP-20/SOIC-20
2	IC-2	Opto Coupler 4N35	DIP-6
3	IC-3	Opto Coupler 4N35	DIP-6
4	D1	Diode, Silicon, 1N4148	
5	D2	Diode, Silicon, 1N4148	
6	D3	Diode, Silicon, 1N4148	
7	ZD1	Diode, Zener, 2.4V, 200mW	
8	ZD2	Diode, Zener, 2.4V, 200mW	
9	XTAL	Crystal, 3.5795MHz	Colour burst TV
10	R1	Resistor, 1% metal	Note 1
11	R2	Resistor, 1% metal	Note 1
12	R3	Resistor, 390k, (230VAC), 1% metal	
13	R4	Resistor, 1M, 1/4W, 1% metal	
14	R5	Resitor, 470Ω, 2W, 5%, carbon	
15	R6	Resistor, 24k, 1/4W, 1%, metal	
16	R7	Resistor, 24k, 1/4W, 1%, metal	
17	R8	Resistor, 680Ω, 1/4W, 5%	
18	R9	Resistor, 680Ω, 1/4W, 5%	
19	R10	Resistor, 680Ω, 1/4W, 5%	
20	R11	Resistor, 100k, 1/4W, 5%	
21	R12	Resistor, 120Ω, 1/4W, 5%	
22	R13	Resistor, 120k, 1/4W, 5%	
23	R14	Resistor, 3.9k, 1/4W, 5%	
24	R15	Resistor, 120Ω, 1/4W, 5%	
25	C1	Capacitor, 560pF	
26	C2	Capacitor, 560pF	
27	C3	Capacitor, 3.3nF	
28	C4	Capacitor, 3.3nF	
29	C9	Capacitor, 100nF	
30	C10	Capacitor, 100nF	
31	C11	Capacitor, 0.47µF, 250VAC, polyester	
32	C12	Capacitor, 100nF	
33	C13	Capacitor, 100µF	
34	C14	Capacitor, 100µF	
35	C15	Capacitor, 820nF	
36	RSH	Shunt Resistor	Note 2

Note 1: Resistor (R1 and R2) values are dependant upon the selected value of RSH.

Note 2: See TYPICAL APPLICATIONS when selecting the value for RSH.

Figure 2: Application Circuit using a Current Transformer for Current Sensing.



Parts List for Application Circuit: Figure 2

Item	Symbol	Description	Detail
1	IC-1	SA9103E	DIP-20/SOIC-20
2	XTAL	Crystal, 3.5795MHz	Colour burst TV
3	RSH	Resistor	Note 1
4	R1	Resistor, 1%, metal	Note 2
5	R2	Resistor, 1%, metal	Note 2
6	R3	Resistor, 390k, (230VAC) 1%, metal	
7	R4	Resistor, 1M, 1/4W, metal	
8	R6	Resistor, 24k, 1/4W, metal	
9	R7	Resistor, 24k, 1/4W, metal	
10	R8	Resistor, 2.2k, 1/4W, 5%	
11	R9	Resistor, 2.2k, 1/4W, 5%	
12	C1	Capacitor, 560pF	
13	C2	Capacitor, 560pF	
14	C3	Capacitor, 3.3nF	
15	C4	Capacitor, 3.3nF,	
16	C9	Capacitor, 820nF	Note 3
17	C10	Capacitor, 100nF	
18	C11	Capacitor	Note 4
19	CT	Current transformer	

Note 1: See TYPICAL APPLICATIONS when selecting the value of RSH.

Note 2: Resistor (R1and R2) values are dependant upon the selected value of RSH.

Note 3: Capacitor (C9) to be positioned as close to IC-1, as possible.

Note 4: Capacitor (C11) selected for DC blocking and to minimize phase error introduced by the current transformer.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package
SA9103EPA	DIP-20
SA9103ESA	SOIC-20

NOTES:

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