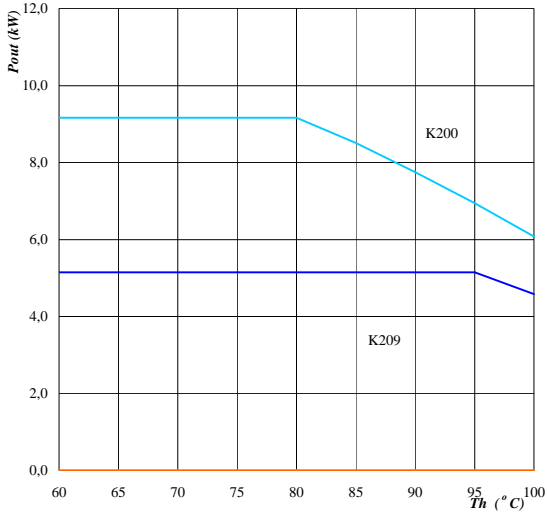


Output inverter selection guide

General conditions: 3 phase SPWM, $V_{geon} = 15\text{ V}$
 $V_{geoff} = -15\text{ V}$

Figure 1. Typical available electric peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature
Inverter $P_{out} = f(T_h)$



Conditions: $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
DC link = 600 V
Modulation index $M_i = 1$
 $\cos\phi_i = 0,80$
Switching frequency $f_{sw} = 4\text{ kHz}$

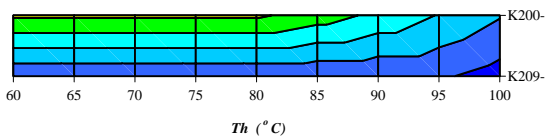
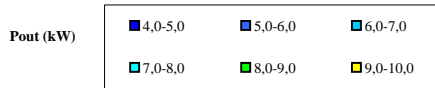
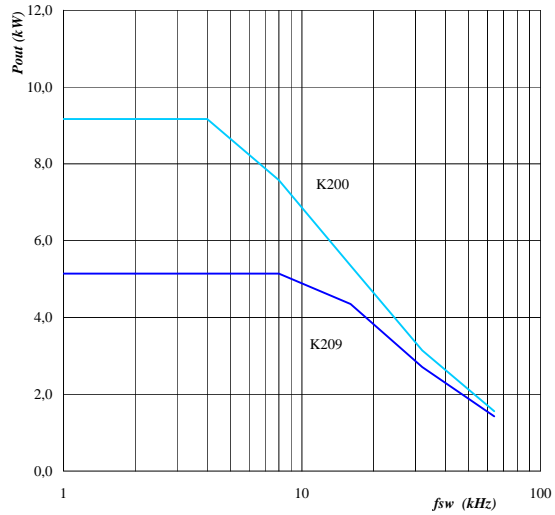
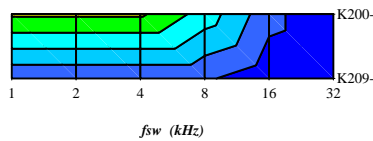
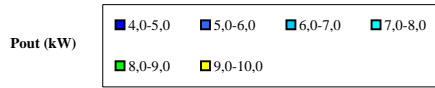


Figure 2. Typical available electric peak output power as a function of switching frequency
Inverter $P_{out} = f(f_{sw})$



Conditions: $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
DC link = 600 V
Modulation index $M_i = 1$
 $\cos\phi_i = 0,80$
 $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$



Module type K209-
K200-

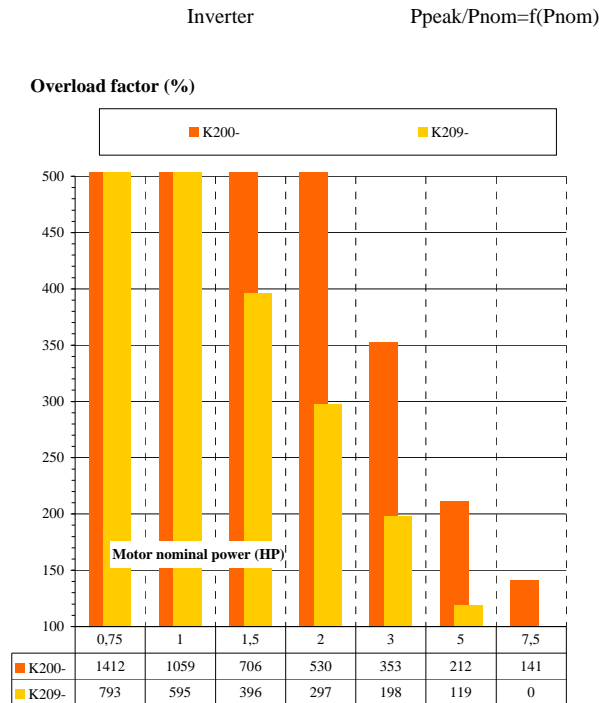
$R_{gon} = 54\text{ Ohm}$
 36 Ohm

$R_{goff} = 54\text{ Ohm}$
 36 Ohm

Output inverter selection guide

General conditions: 3 phase SPWM, $V_{geon} = 15\text{ V}$
 $V_{geoff} = -15\text{ V}$

Figure 3. Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power



Conditions: $T_j = 125\text{ C}$
DC link = 600 V
Modulation index $M_i = 1$
 $\cos\phi_i = 0,8$
Switching frequency $f_{sw} = 4\text{ kHz}$
Heatsink temperature = 80 °C
Motor efficiency = 0,85

Module type K209-
K200-

$R_{gon} = 54\text{ Ohm}$
 36 Ohm

$R_{goff} = 54\text{ Ohm}$
 36 Ohm