

APPLICATIONS

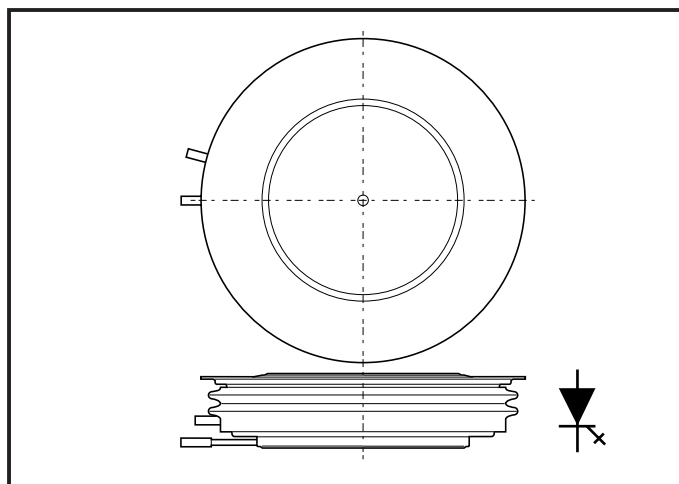
- Variable speed A.C. motor drive inverters (VSD-AC).
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- High Voltage Converters.
- Choppers.
- Welding.
- Induction Heating.
- DC/DC Converters.

FEATURES

- Double Side Cooling.
- High Reliability In Service.
- High Voltage Capability.
- Fault Protection Without Fuses.
- High Surge Current Capability.
- Turn-off Capability Allows Reduction In Equipment Size And Weight. Low Noise Emission Reduces Acoustic Cladding Necessary For Environmental Requirements.

KEY PARAMETERS

I_{TCM}	3000A
V_{DRM}	4500V
$I_{T(AV)}$	870A
dV_D/dt	1000V/μs
di_T/dt	300A/μs



Outline type code: X.
See Package Details for further information.

VOLTAGE RATINGS

Type Number	Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage V_{DRM} V	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage V_{RRM} V	Conditions
DG758BX45	4500	16	$T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{DM} = 100\text{mA}$, $I_{RRM} = 50\text{mA}$

CURRENT RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I_{TCM}	Repetitive peak controllable on-state current	$V_D = 66\% V_{DRM}$, $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $di_{GQ}/dt = 40\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $C_s = 6\mu\text{F}$	3000	A
$I_{T(AV)}$	Mean on-state current	$T_{HS} = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$. Double side cooled. Half sine 50Hz.	870	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	$T_{HS} = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$. Double side cooled. Half sine 50Hz.	1365	A

DG758BX45

SURGE RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I_{TSM}	Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current	10ms half sine. $T_j = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	16.0	kA
I^2t	I^2t for fusing	10ms half sine. $T_j = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.28×10^6	A^2s
di_T/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	$V_D = 3000\text{V}$, $I_T = 3000\text{A}$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{FG} > 40\text{A}$, Rise time $> 1.0\mu\text{s}$	300	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
dV_D/dt	Rate of rise of off-state voltage	To 66% V_{DRM} ; $R_{GK} \leq 1.5\Omega$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	100	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
		To 66% V_{DRM} ; $V_{RG} = -2\text{V}$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1000	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
L_S	Peak stray inductance in snubber circuit	-	200	nH

GATE RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	This value maybe exceeded during turn-off	-	16	V
I_{FGM}	Peak forward gate current		-	100	A
$P_{FG(AV)}$	Average forward gate power		-	20	W
P_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate power		-	24	kW
di_{GQ}/dt	Rate of rise of reverse gate current		30	60	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$t_{ON(min)}$	Minimum permissable on time		50	-	μs
$t_{OFF(min)}$	Minimum permissable off time		100	-	μs

THERMAL RATINGS AND MECHANICAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Max.	Units
$R_{th(j-hs)}$	DC thermal resistance - junction to heatsink surface	Double side cooled		-	0.0146	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
		Anode side cooled		-	0.0233	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
		Cathode side cooled		-	0.0392	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{th(c-hs)}$	Contact thermal resistance	Clamping force 35.0kN With mounting compound	per contact	-	0.0036	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
T_{vj}	Virtual junction temperature			-40	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{OP}/T_{stg}	Operating junction/storage temperature range			-40	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
-	Clamping force			33.0	37.0	kN

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ unless stated otherwise					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{TM}	On-state voltage	At 3000A peak, $I_{G(ON)} = 8\text{A d.c.}$	-	4.0	V
I_{DM}	Peak off-state current	$V_{DRM} = 4500\text{V}$, $V_{RG} = 0\text{V}$	-	100	mA
I_{RRM}	Peak reverse current	At V_{RRM}	-	50	mA
V_{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 24\text{V}$, $I_T = 100\text{A}$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.2	V
I_{GT}	Gate trigger current	$V_D = 24\text{V}$, $I_T = 100\text{A}$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	3.5	A
I_{RGM}	Reverse gate cathode current	$V_{RGM} = 16\text{V}$, No gate/cathode resistor	-	50	mA
E_{ON}	Turn-on energy	$V_D = 2250\text{V}$	-	3000	mJ
t_d	Delay time	$I_T = 3000\text{A}$, $dI_T/dt = 300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	1.5	μs
t_r	Rise time	$I_{FG} = 40\text{A}$, rise time $< 1.0\mu\text{s}$	-	3.0	μs
E_{OFF}	Turn-off energy	$I_T = 3000\text{A}$, $V_{DM} = 3000\text{V}$ Snubber Cap $C_s = 6.0\mu\text{F}$, $dI_{GQ}/dt = 40\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	6300	mJ
t_{gs}	Storage time		-	20.6	μs
t_{gf}	Fall time		-	2.2	μs
t_{gq}	Gate controlled turn-off time		-	22.8	μs
Q_{GQ}	Turn-off gate charge		-	10000	μC
Q_{GQT}	Total turn-off gate charge		-	20000	μC
I_{GQM}	Peak reverse gate current		-	830	A

CURVES

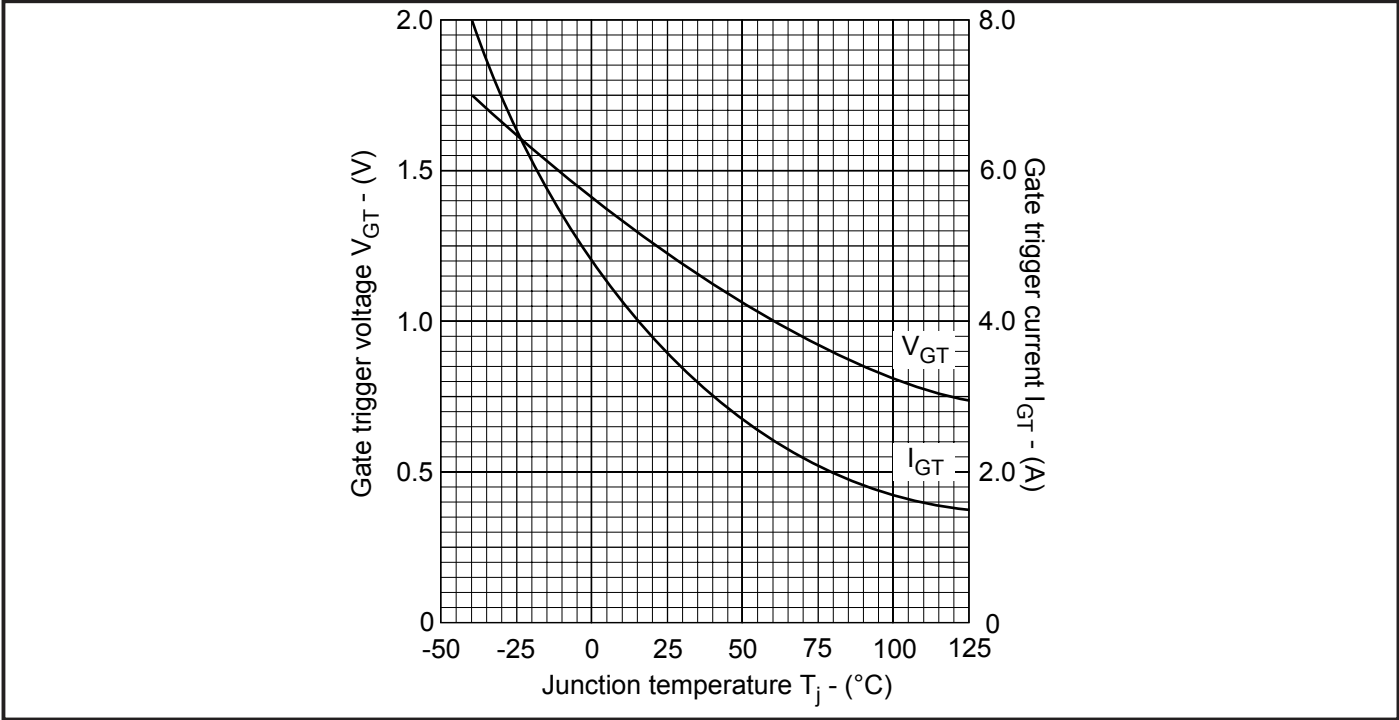


Fig.1 Maximum gate trigger voltage/current vs junction temperature

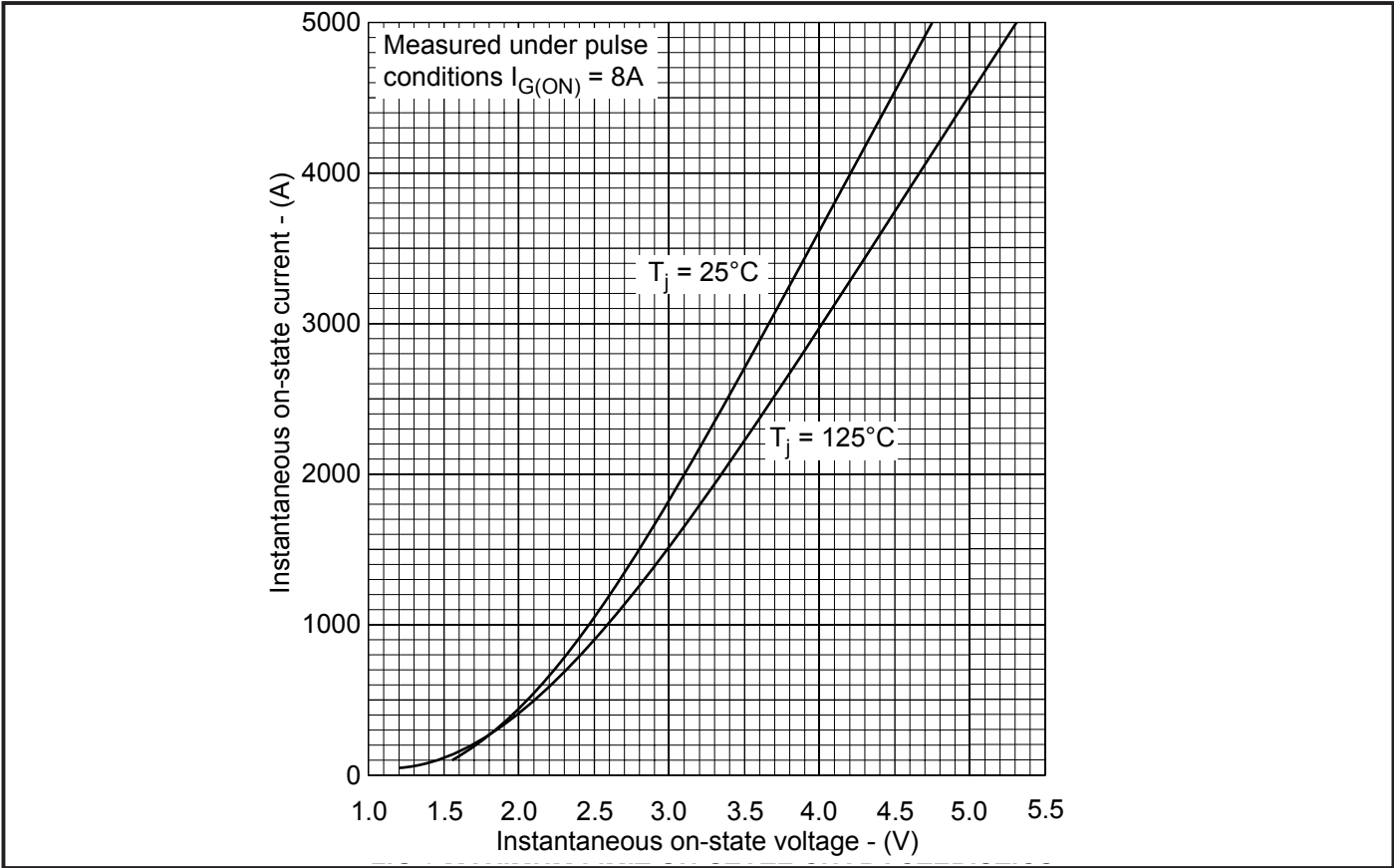


Fig.2 On-state characteristics

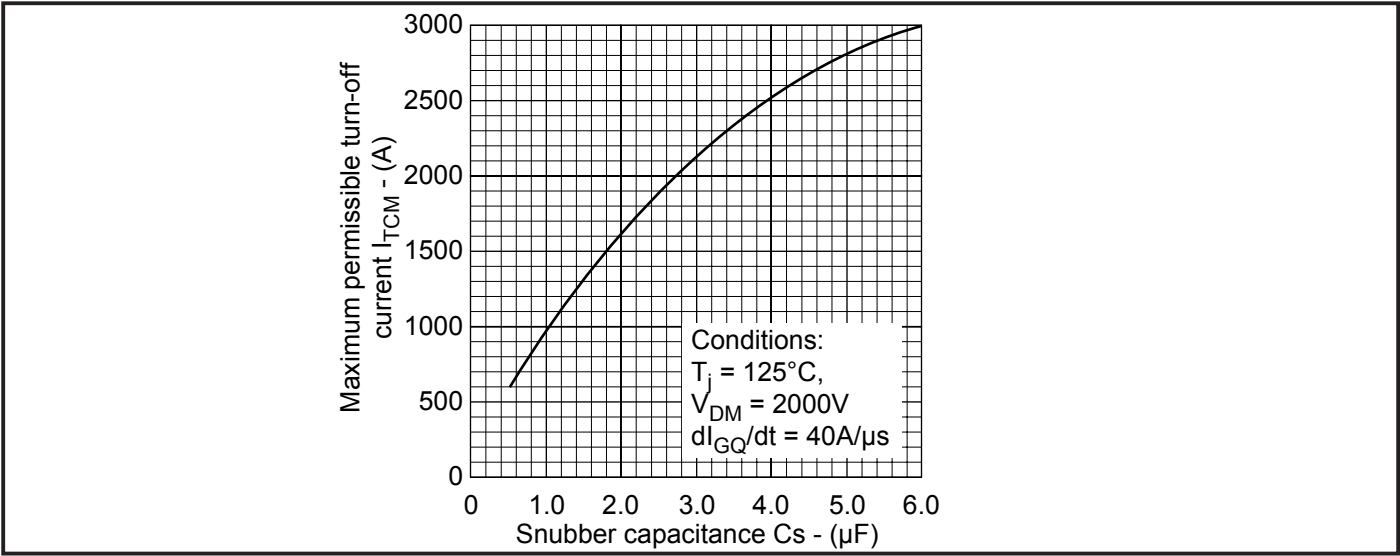


Fig.3 Maximum dependence of I_{TCM} on C_s

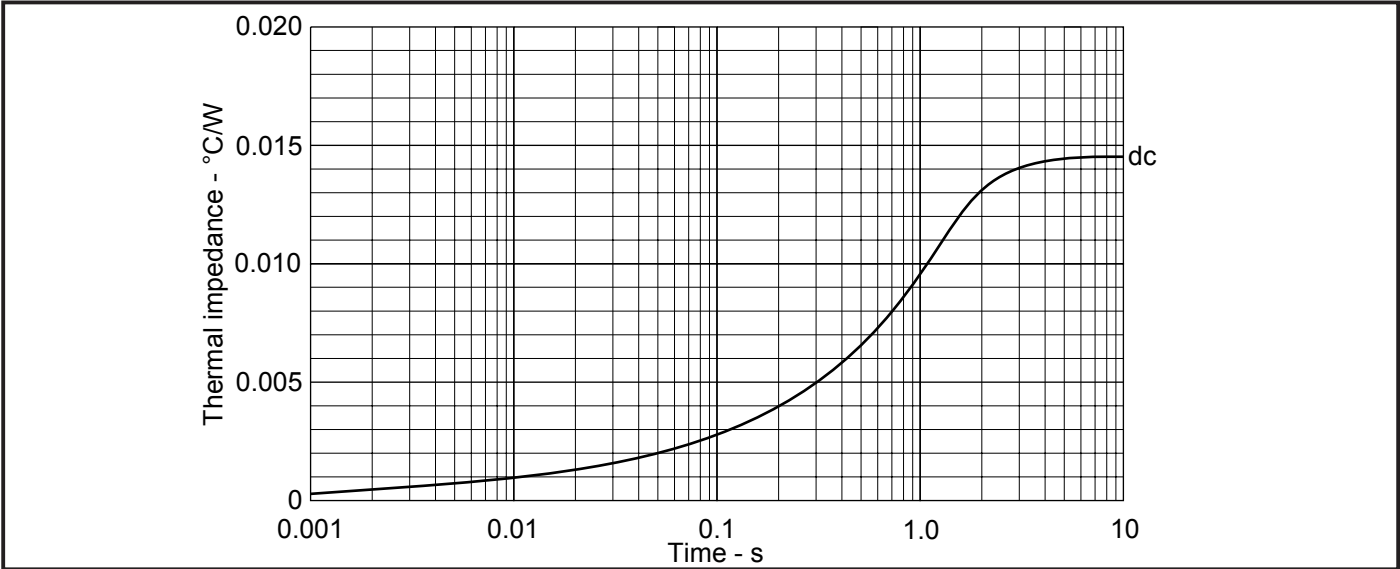


Fig.4 Maximum (limit) transient thermal impedance - double side cooled

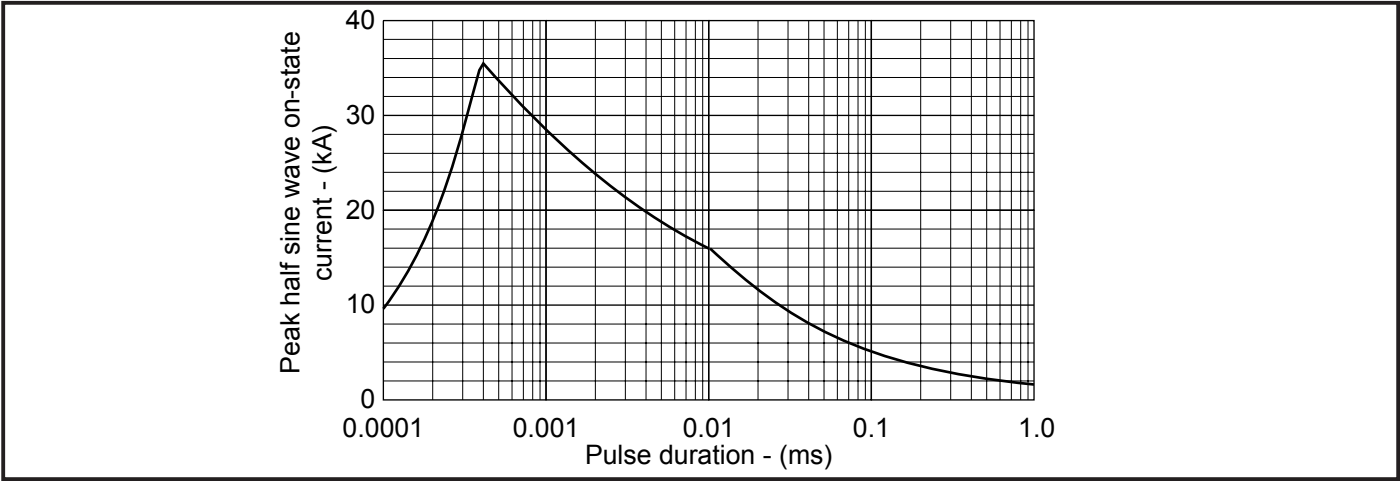


Fig.5 Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current vs time

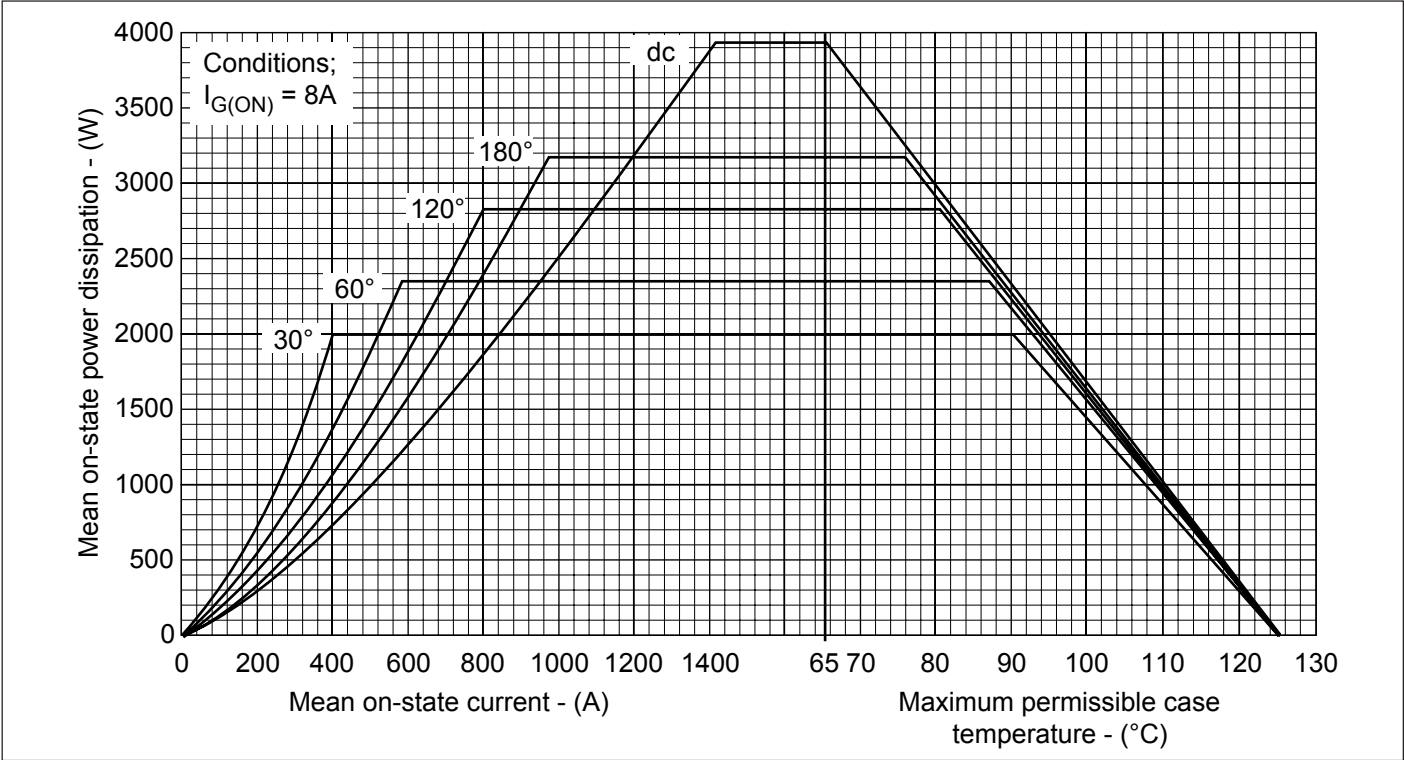


Fig.6 Steady state rectangular wave conduction loss - double side cooled

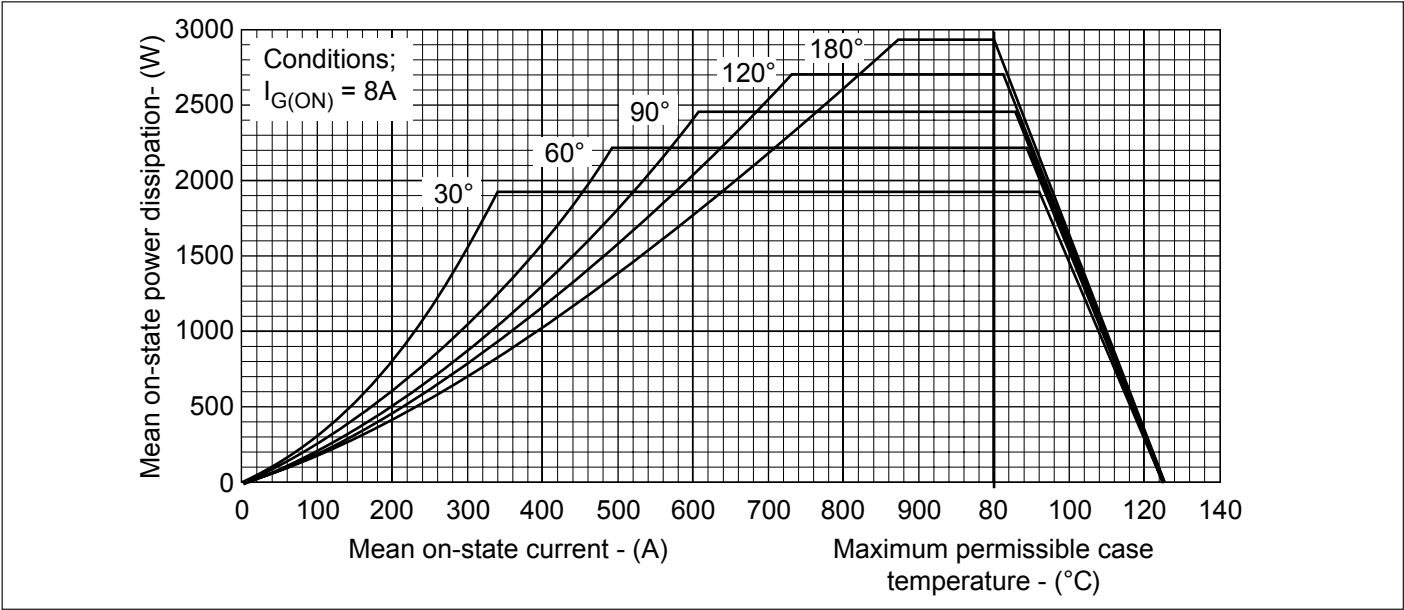


Fig.7 Steady state sinusoidal wave conduction loss - double side cooled

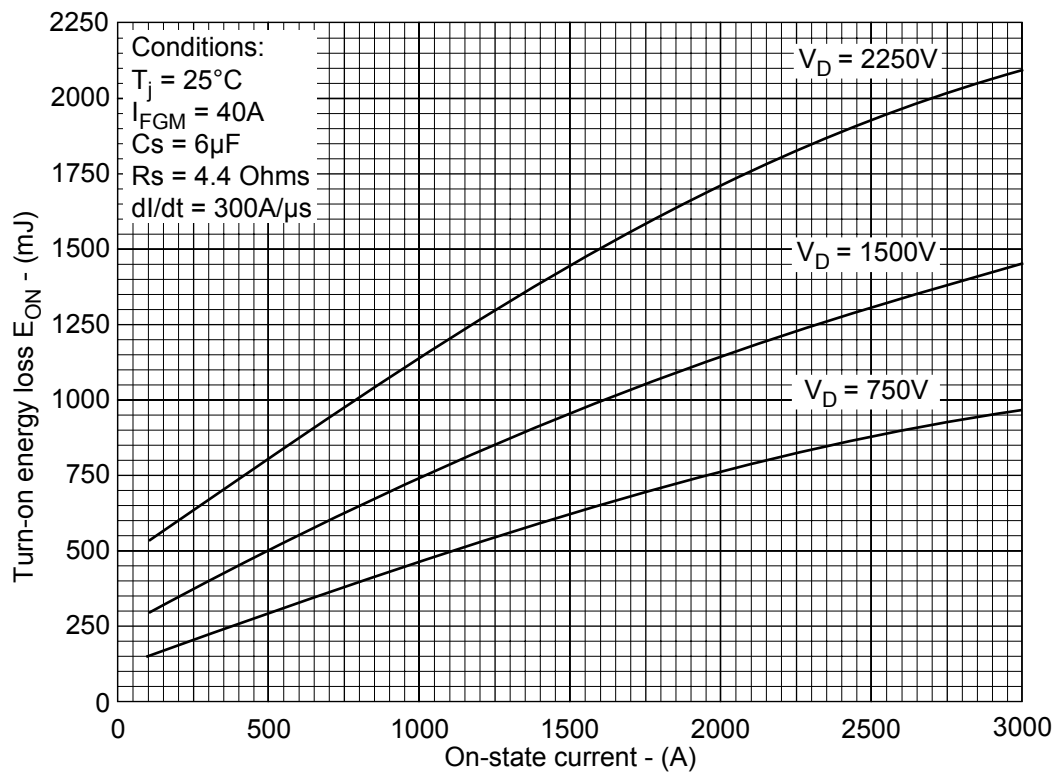


Fig.8 Turn-on energy vs on-state current

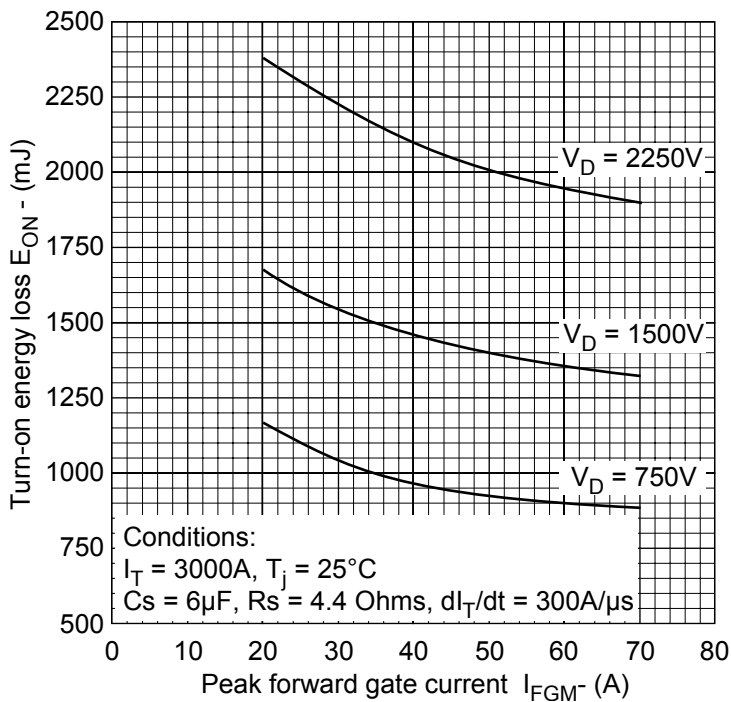


Fig.9 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

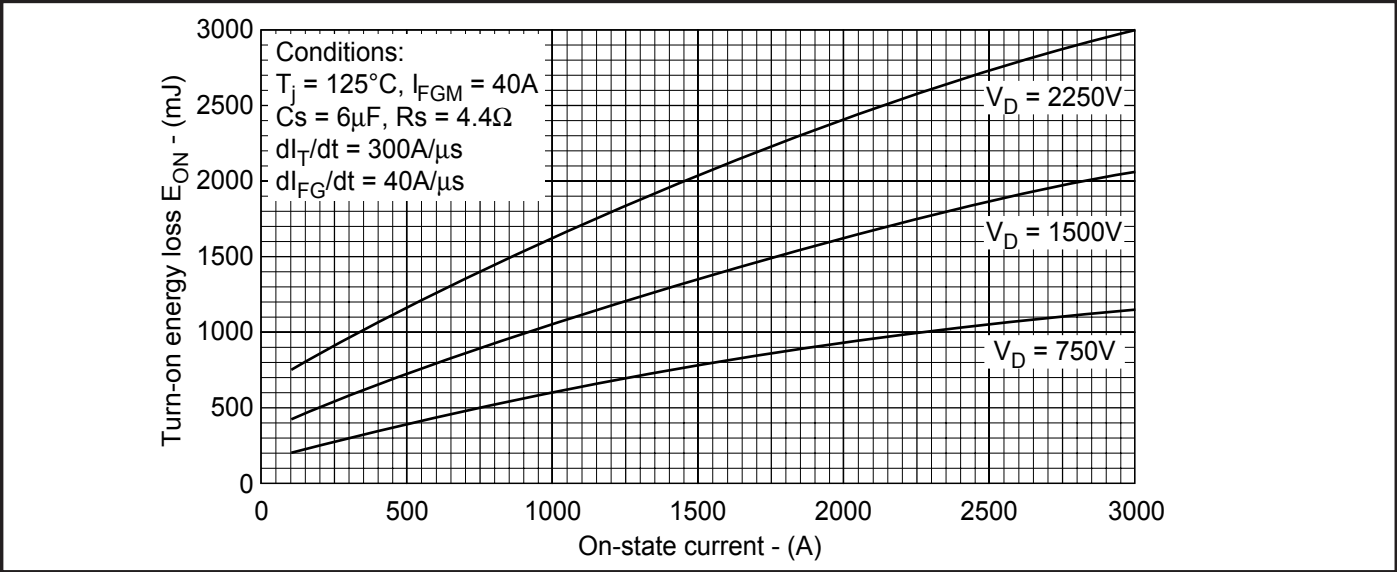


Fig.10 Turn-on energy vs on-state current

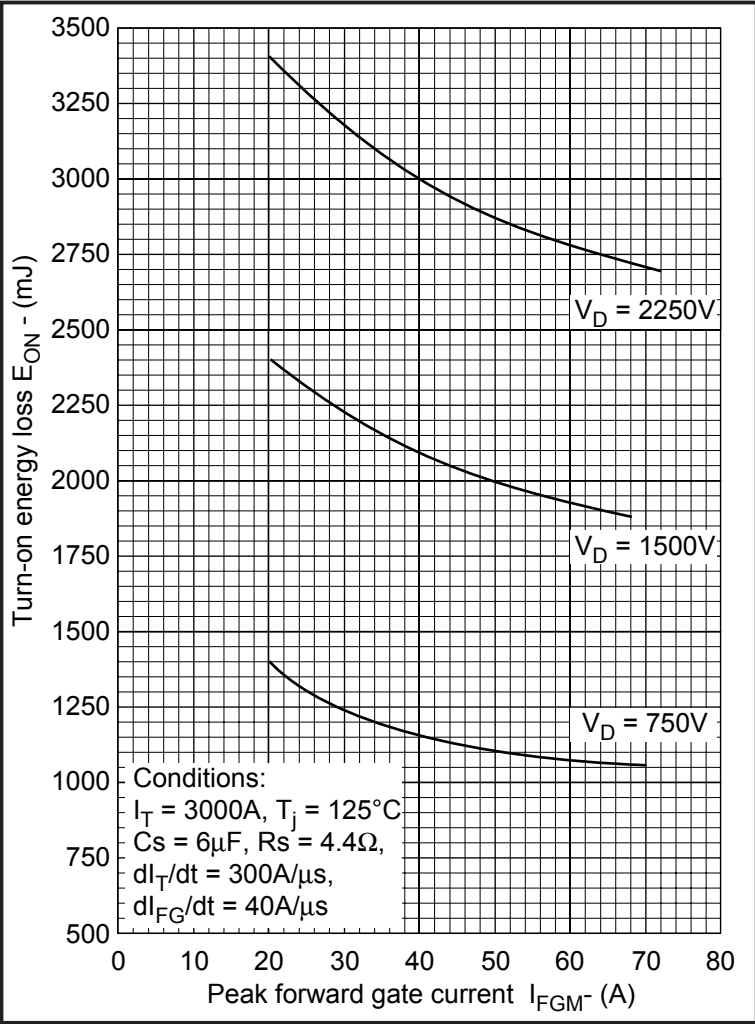


Fig.11 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

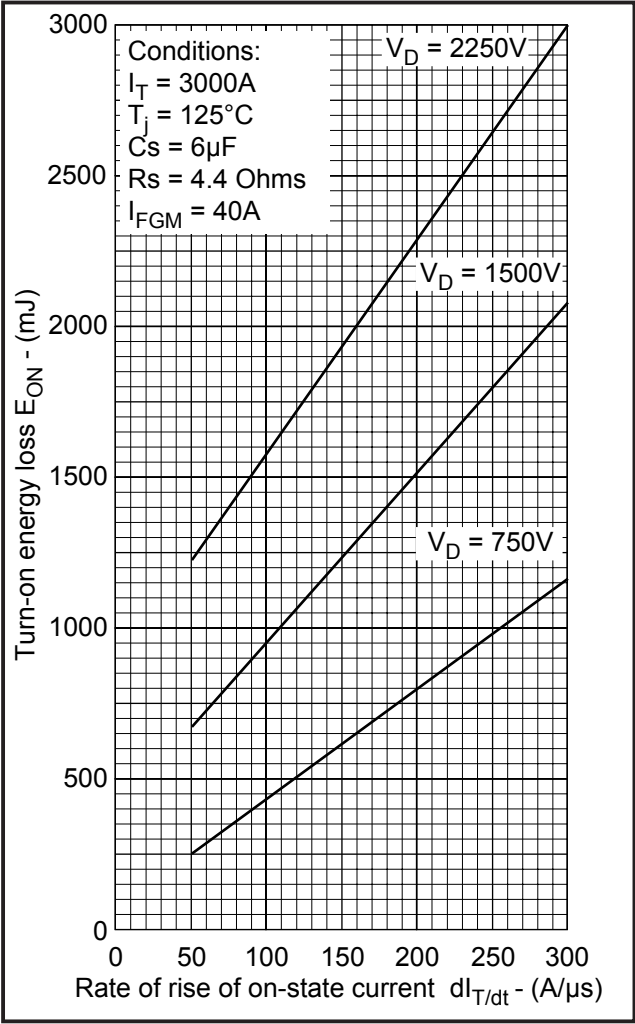


Fig.12 Turn-on energy vs rate of rise of on-state current

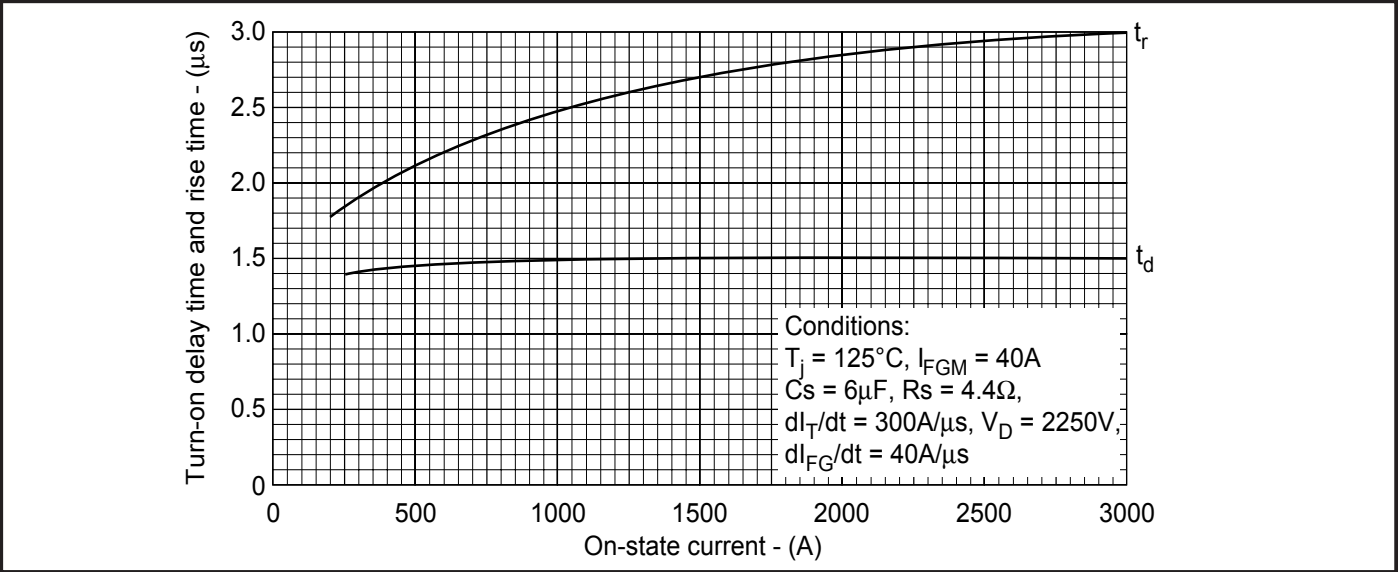


Fig.13 Delay time & rise time vs turn-on current

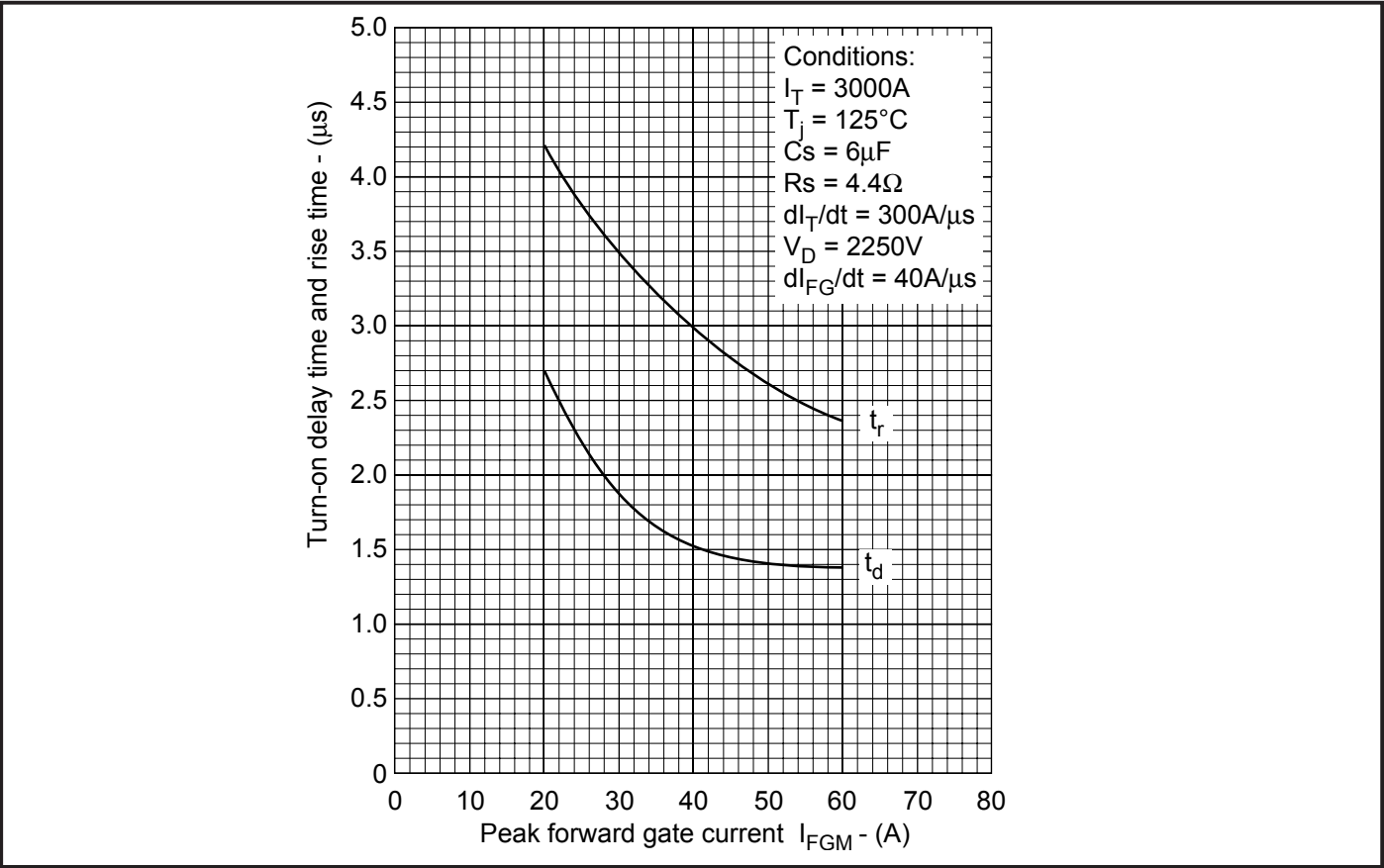


Fig.14 Delay time & rise time vs peak forward gate current

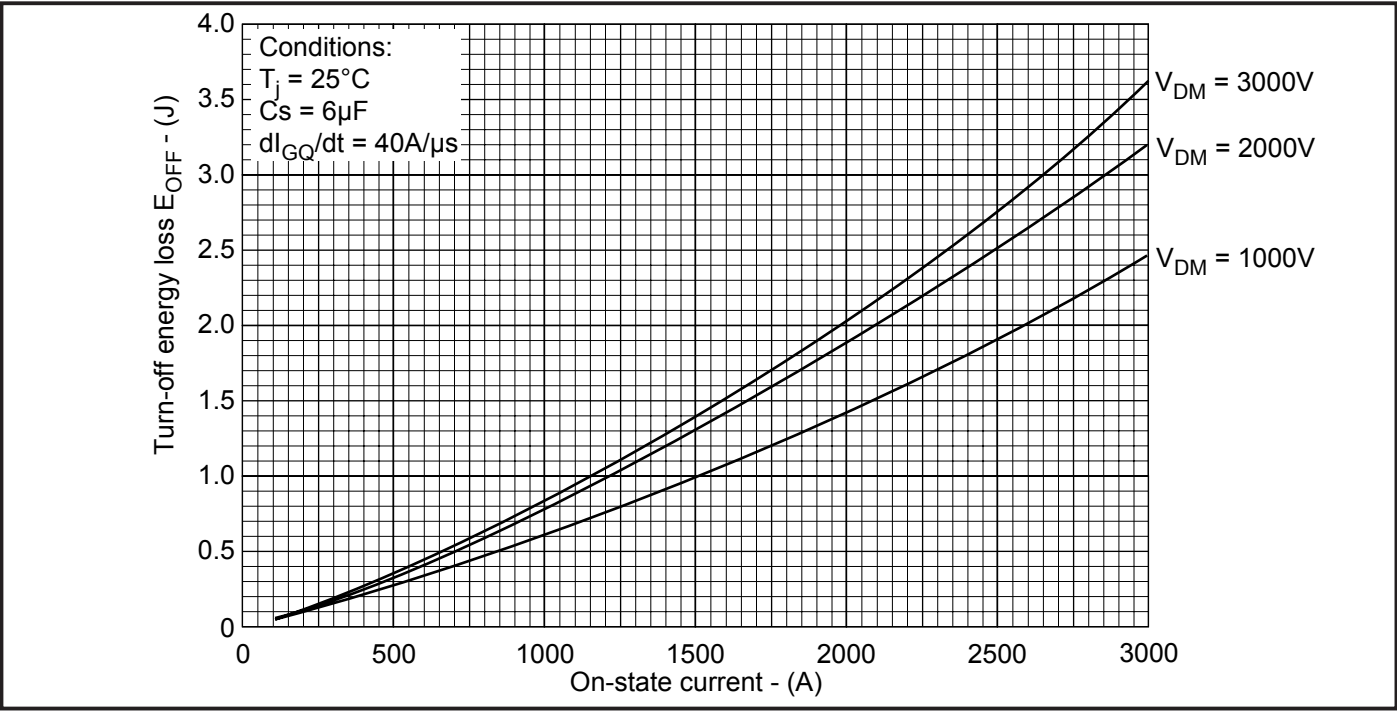


Fig.15 Turn-off energy vs on-state current

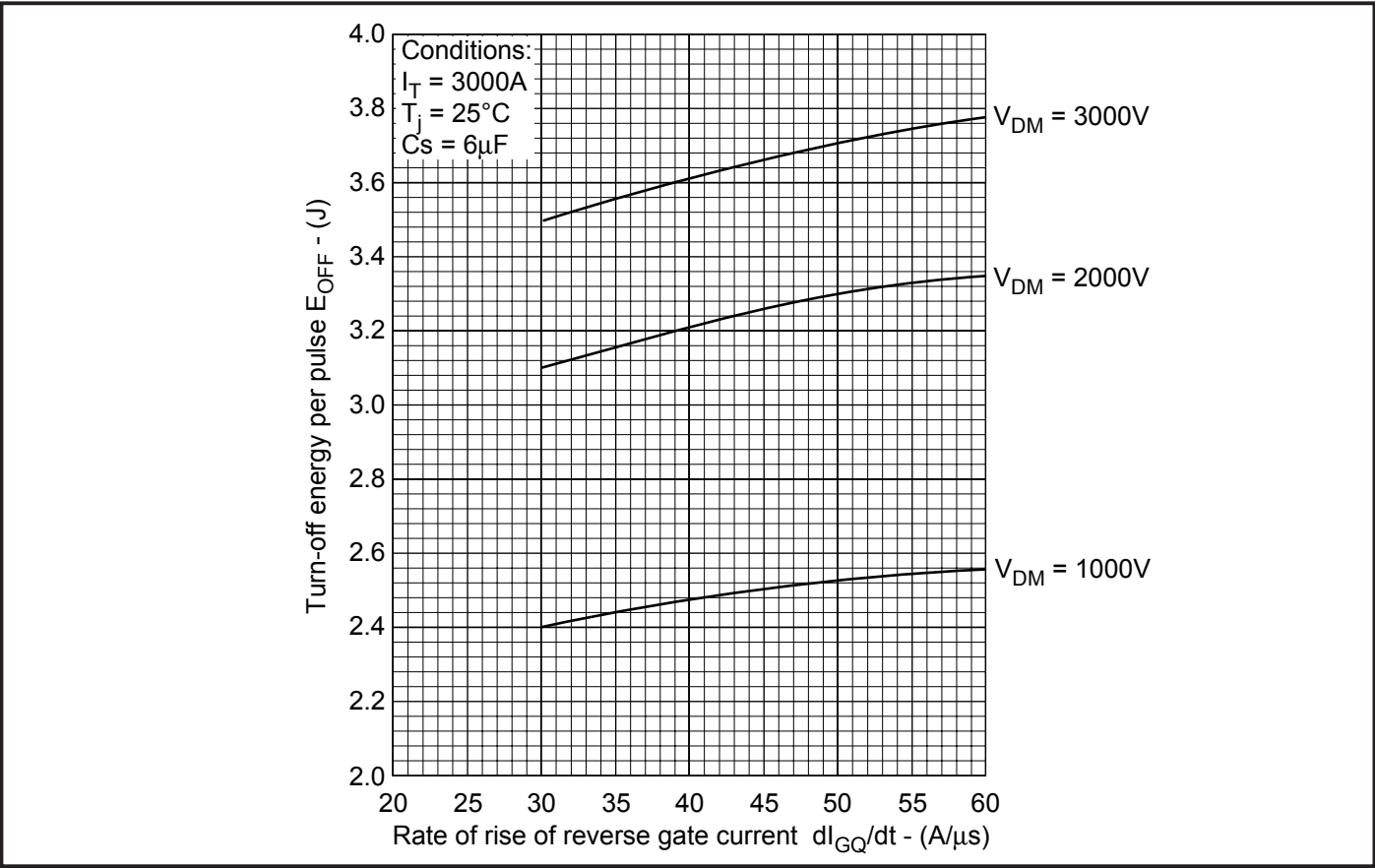


Fig.16 Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

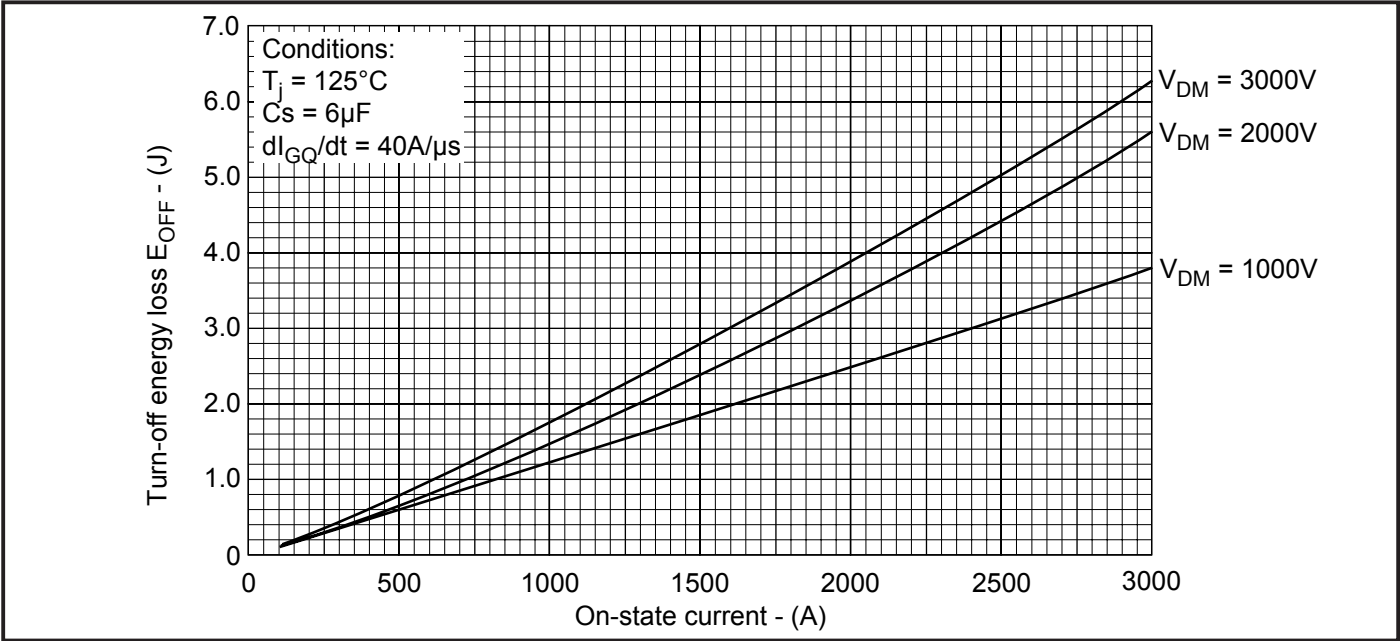


Fig.17 Turn-off energy vs on-state current

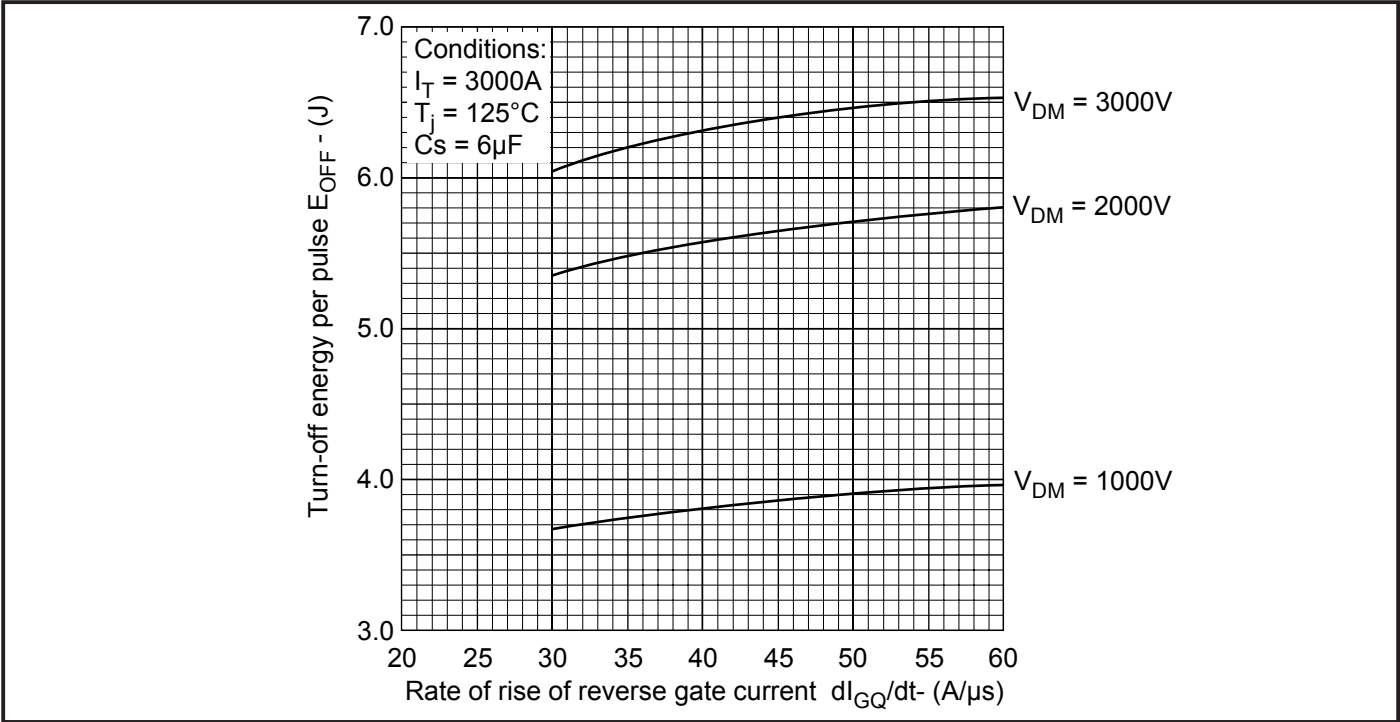


Fig.18 Turn-off energy loss vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

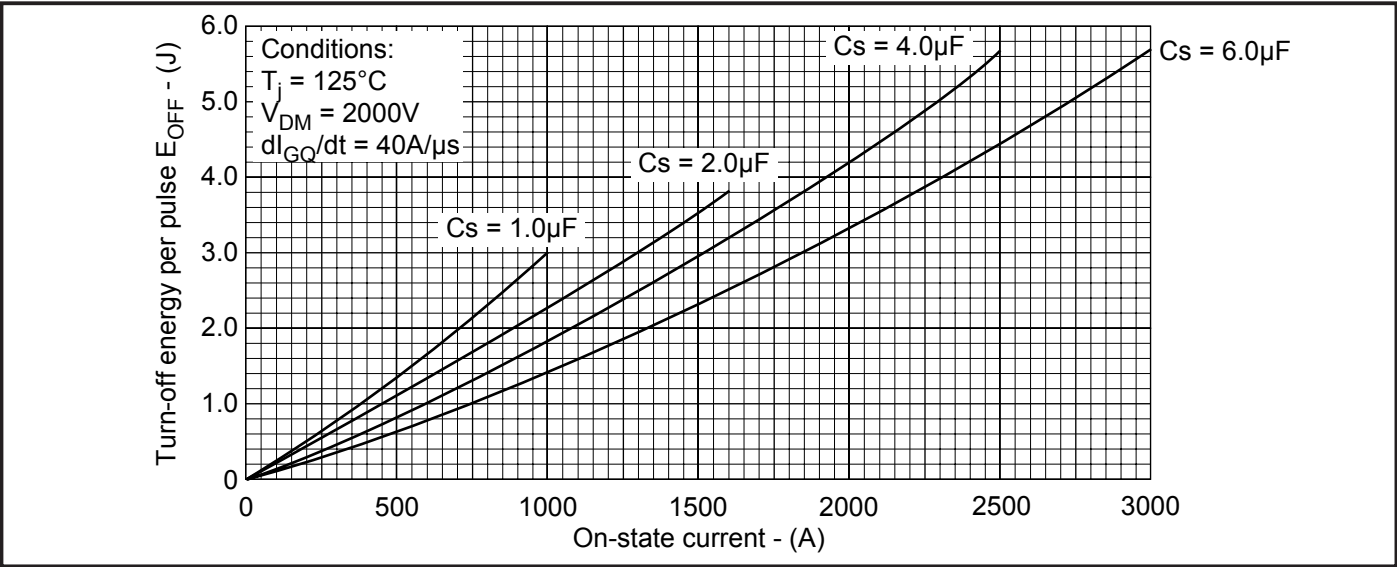


Fig.19 Turn-off energy vs on-state current

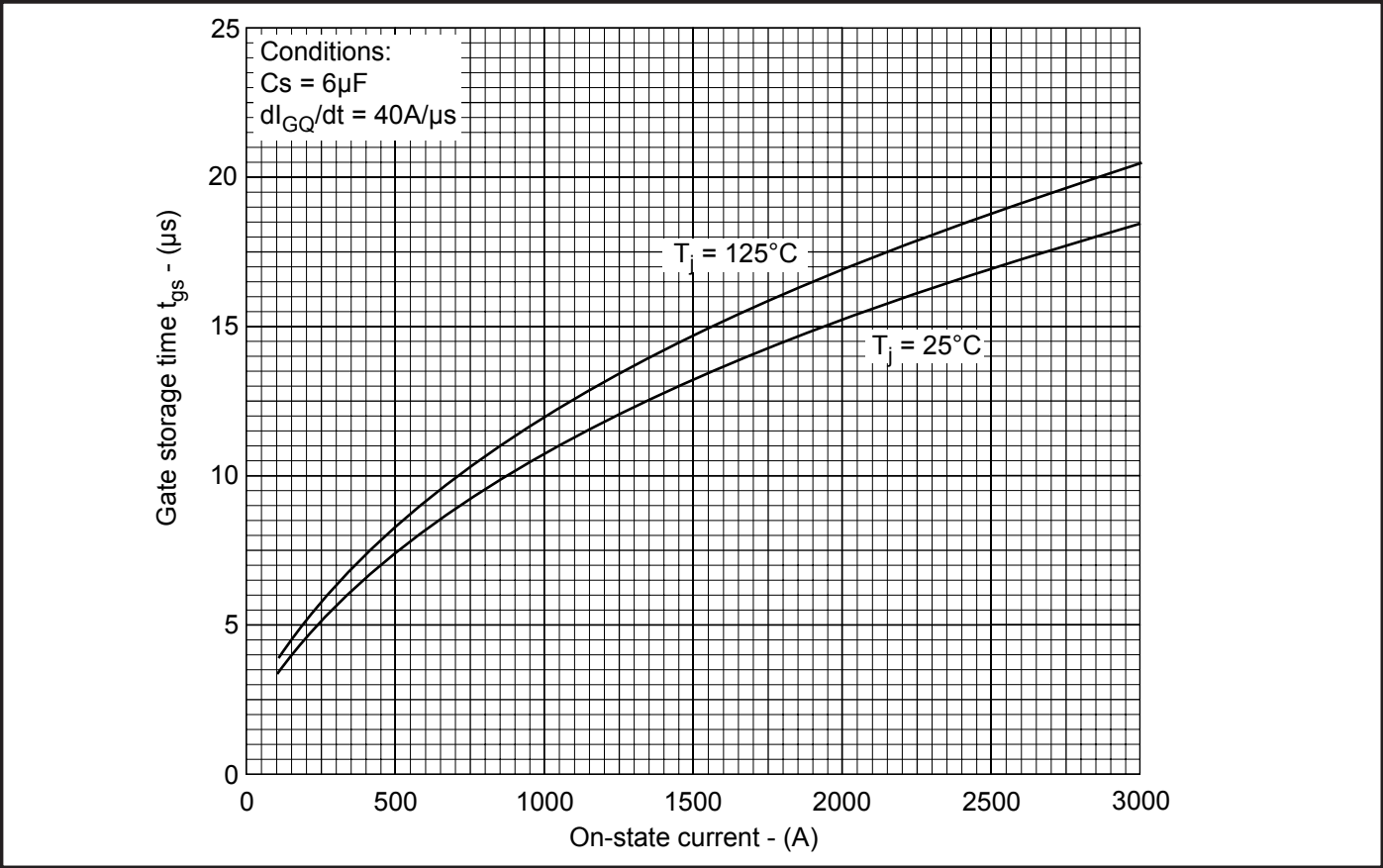


Fig.20 Gate storage time vs on-state current

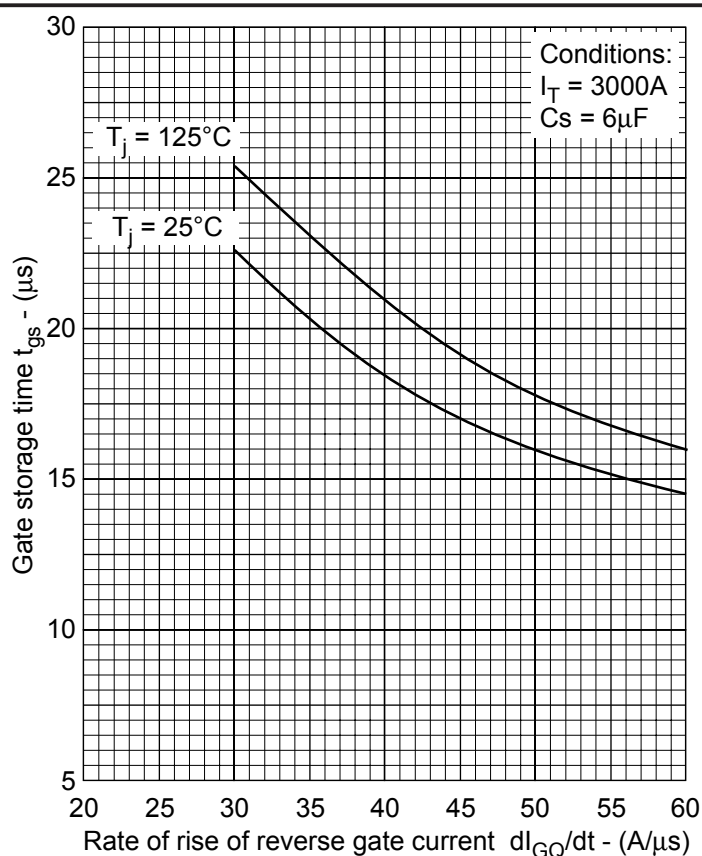


Fig.21 Gate storage time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

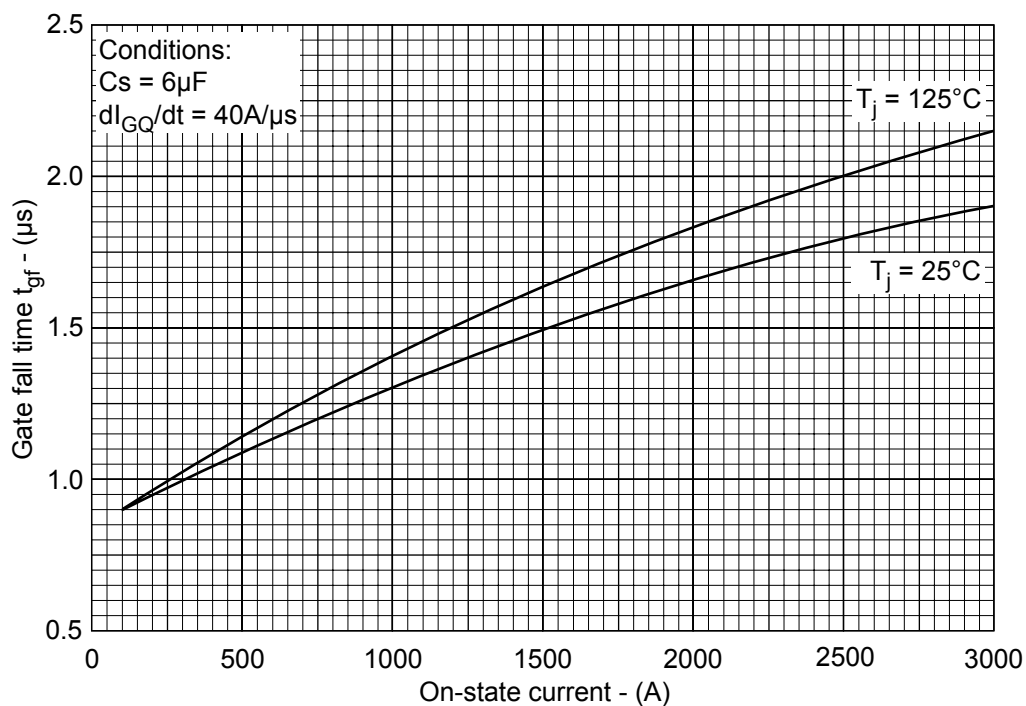


Fig.22 Gate fall time vs on-state current

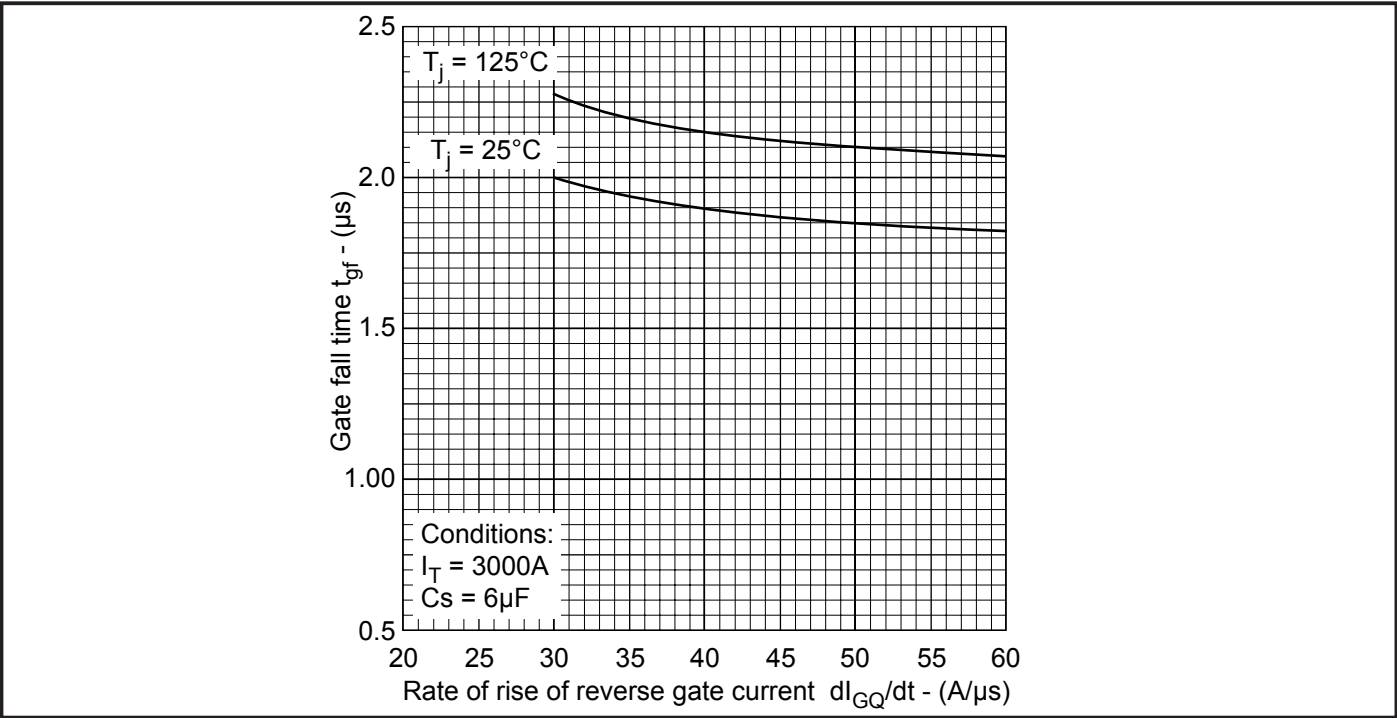


Fig.23 Gate fall time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

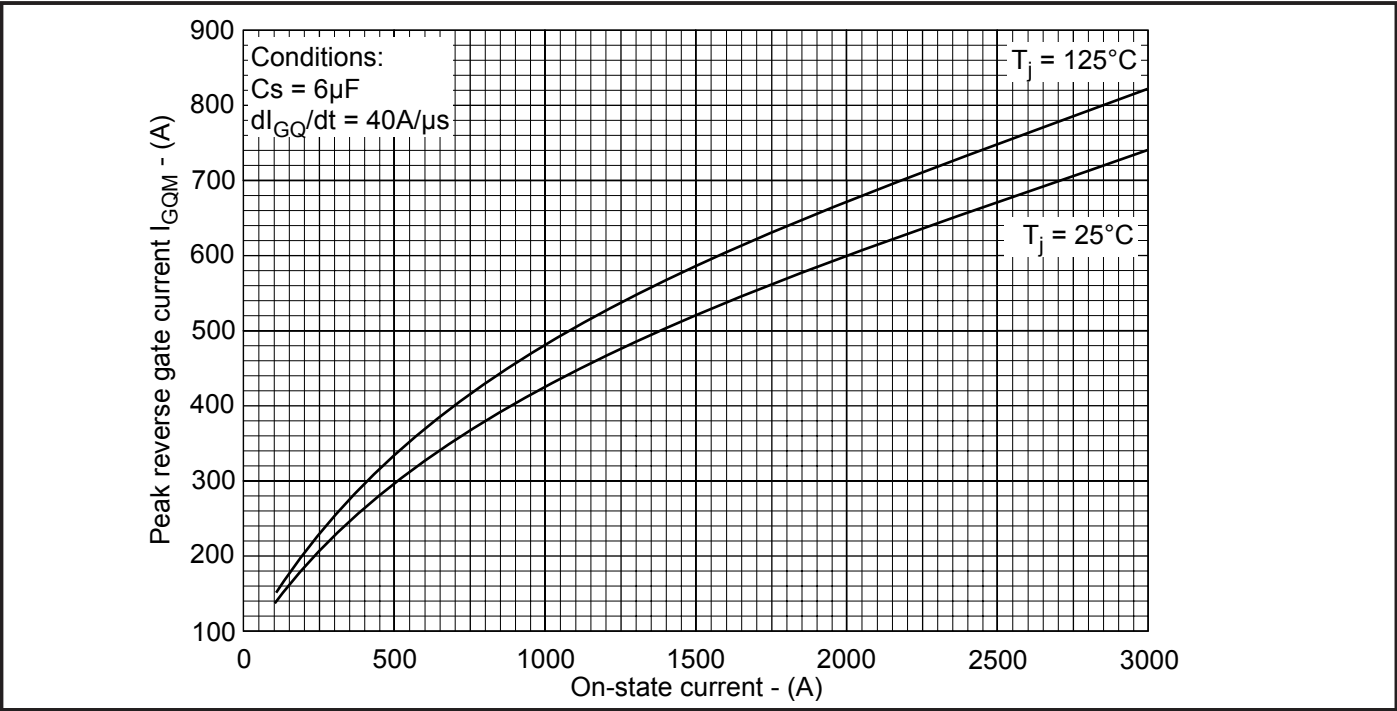


Fig.24 Peak reverse gate current vs turn-off current

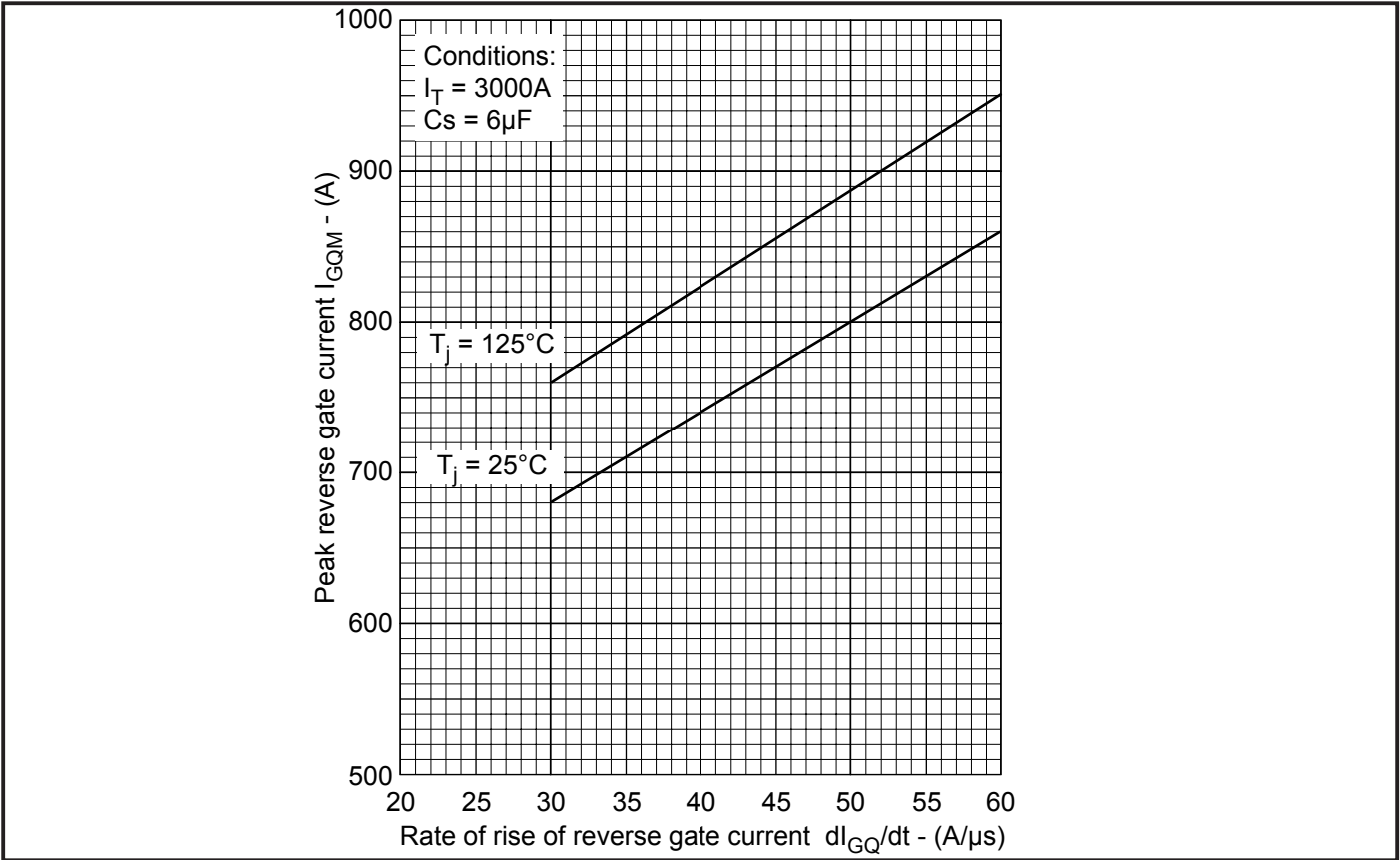


Fig.25 Peak reverse gate current vs rate of rise of reversegate current

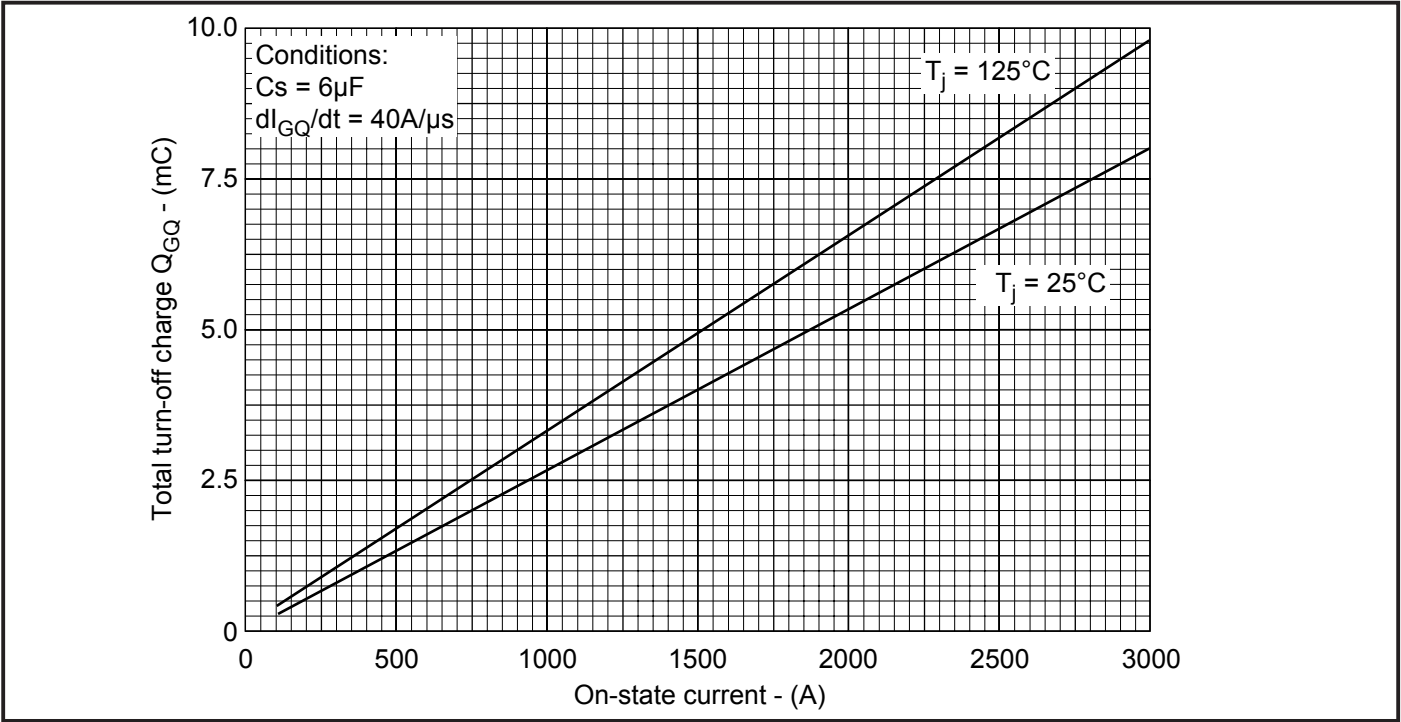


Fig.26 Turn-off gate charge vs on-state current

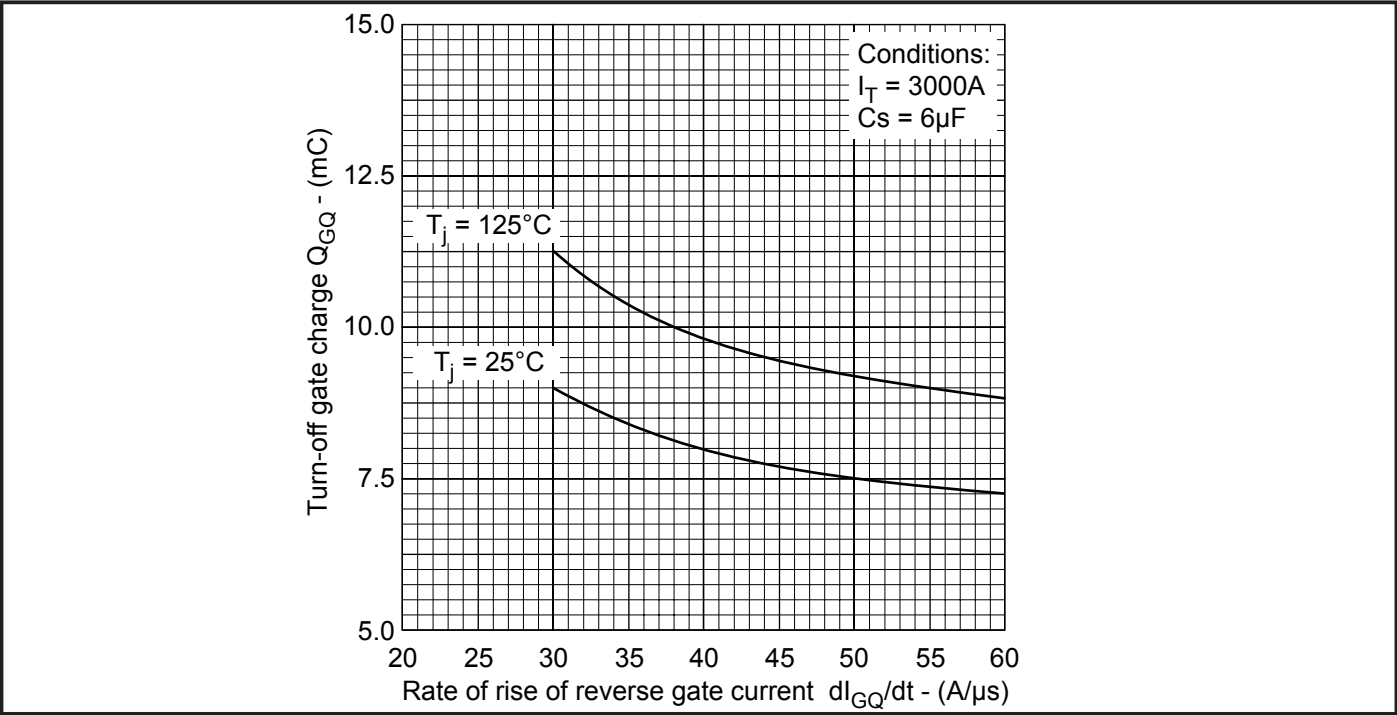


Fig.27 Turn-off gate charge vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

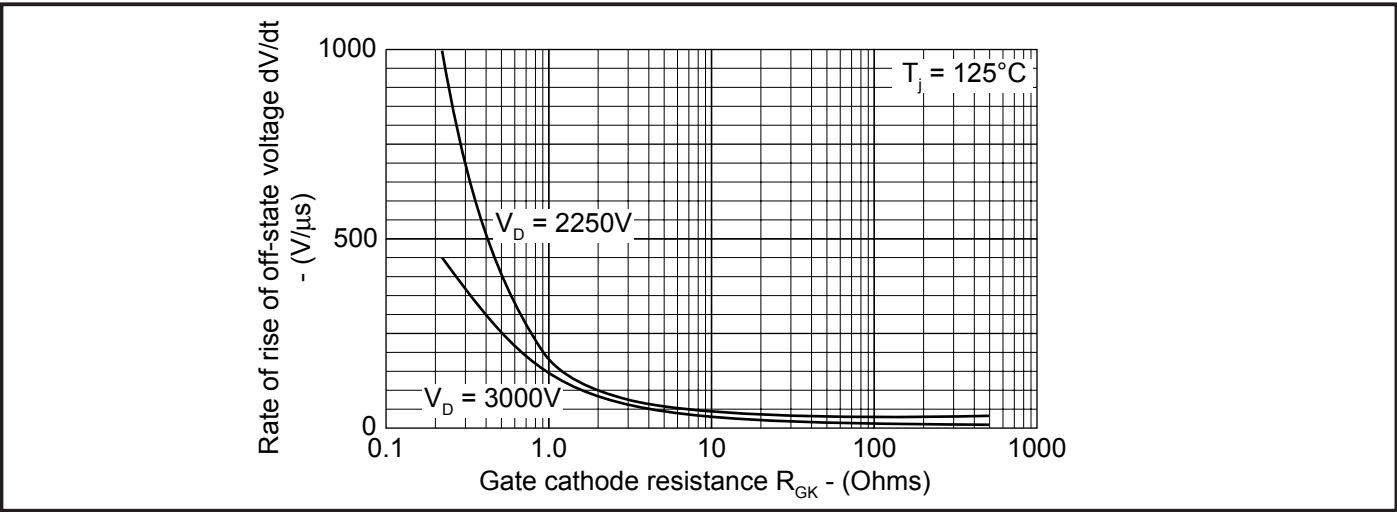
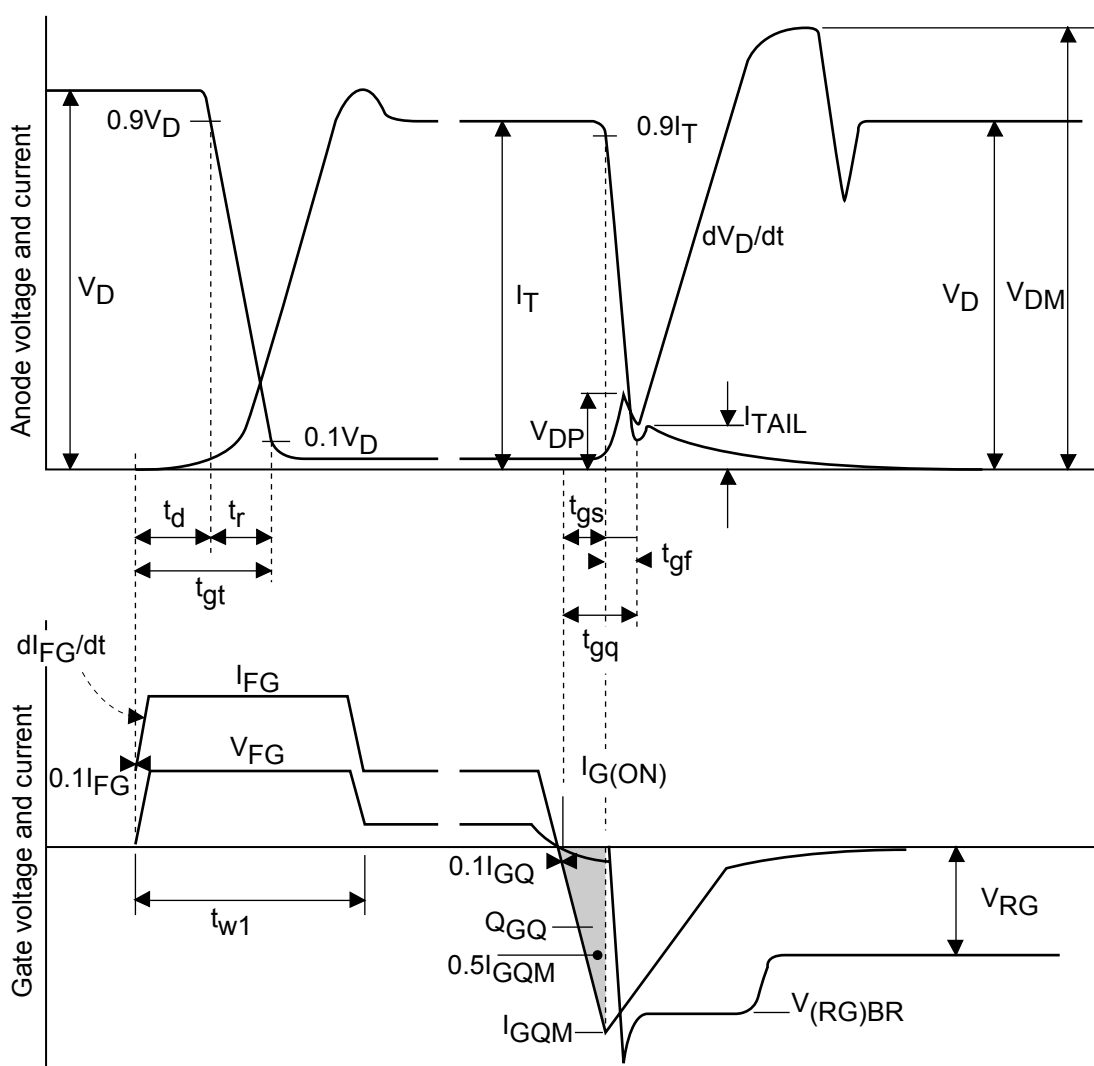


Fig.28 Rate of rise of off-state voltage vs gate cathode resistance



Recommended gate condition:

$$I_{TCM} = 3000A$$
 $I_{EG} = 40A$
$$I_{G(ON)} = 8A \text{ d.c.}$$
$$t_{w1(\min)} = 10\mu s$$
$$I_{GQM} = 830A$$
$$di_{GQ}/dt = 40A/\mu s$$
$$Q_{GQ} = 10000\mu C$$
$$V_{BG(min)} = 2V$$
$$V_{RG(max)} = 16V$$

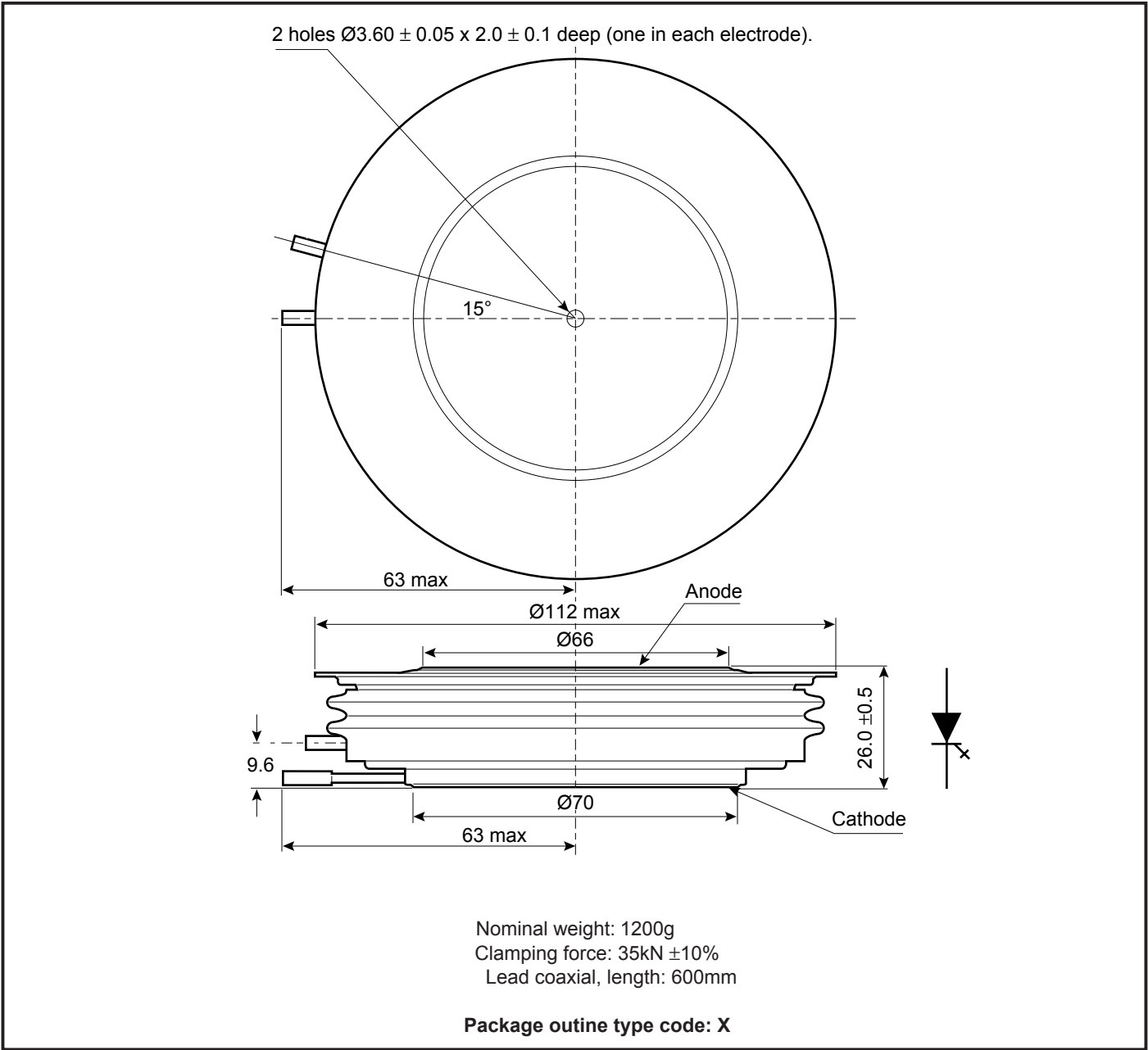
These are recommended Mitel Semiconductor conditions. Other conditions are permitted according to users gate drive specifications.

Fig.29 General switching waveforms

DG758BX45

PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact your local Customer Service Centre. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.



ASSOCIATED PUBLICATIONS

Title	Application Note
	Number
Calculating the junction temperature or power semiconductors	AN4506
GTO gate drive units	AN4571
Recommendations for clamping power semiconductors	AN4839
Use of V_{TO} , r_T on-state characteristic	AN5001
Impoved gate drive for GTO series connections	AN5177



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The products must not be touched when operating because there is a danger of electrocution or severe burning. Always use protective safety equipment such as appropriate shields for the product and wear safety glasses. Even when disconnected any electric charge remaining in the product must be discharged and allowed to cool before safe handling using protective gloves.

Extended exposure to conditions outside the product ratings may affect reliability leading to premature product failure. Use outside the product ratings is likely to cause permanent damage to the product. In extreme conditions, as with all semiconductors, this may include potentially hazardous rupture, a large current to flow or high voltage arcing, resulting in fire or explosion. Appropriate application design and safety precautions should always be followed to protect persons and property.

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Target Information:	This is the most tentative form of information and represents a very preliminary specification. No actual design work on the product has been started.
Preliminary Information:	The product design is complete and final characterisation for volume production is in progress. The datasheet represents the product as it is now understood but details may change.
No Annotation:	The product has been approved for production and unless otherwise notified by Dynex any product ordered will be supplied to the current version of the data sheet prevailing at the time of our order acknowledgement.

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