

M62032FP**VOLTAGE DETECTING, SYSTEM RESETTIC IC****GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The M62032FP is an IC for detection of two different input voltages to reset almost all logic circuits including MCU. It contains a delay circuit with which any delay time can be obtained only by adding an external capacitor. The IC is widely applicable to a battery check circuit, a level detection circuit, a waveform shaping circuit, etc.

FEATURES

- A small number of external components
- Built-in 2 input voltage detection circuits
- Wide supply voltage range 2 to 10V
- Small 8-pin package
- Open collector output

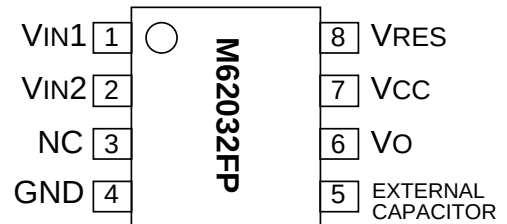
APPLICATION

Reset circuit of MPU, MCU and logics

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

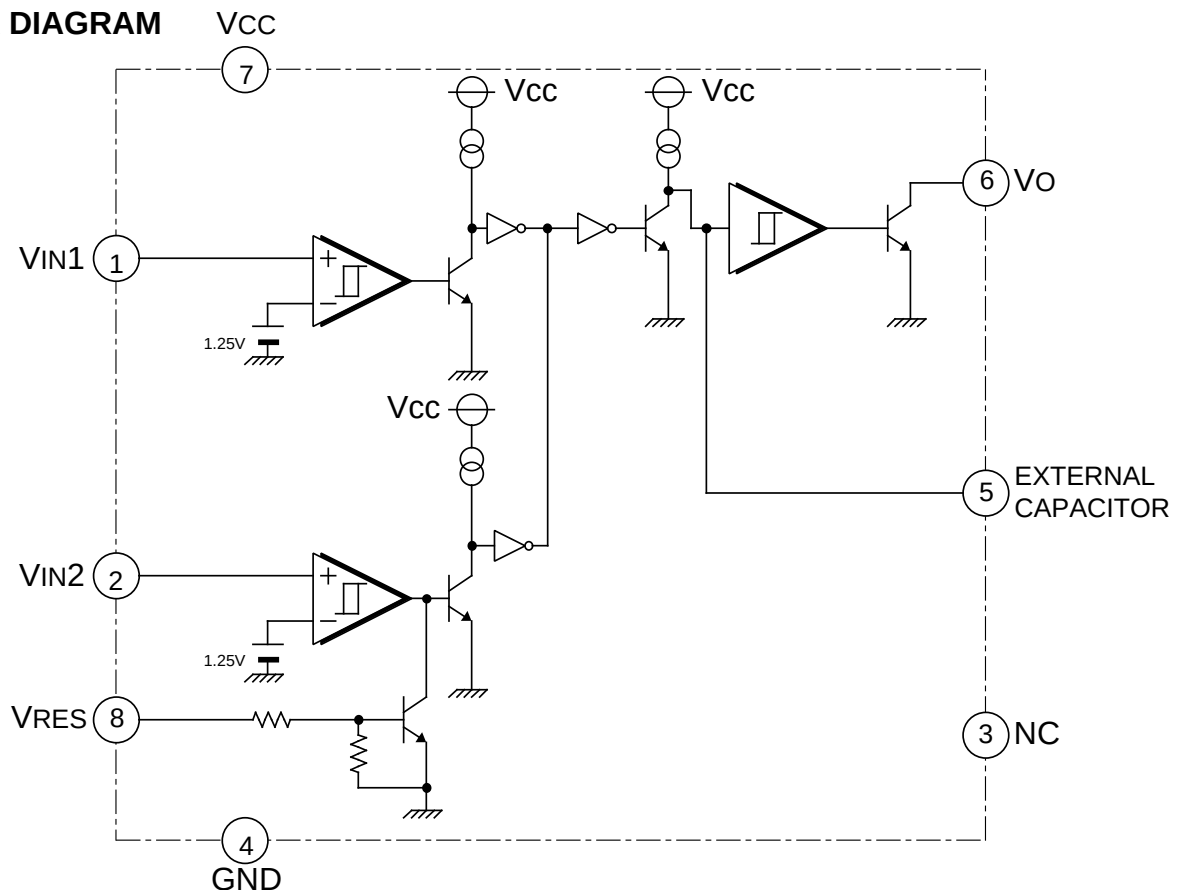
Supply voltage range 2 to 10V

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



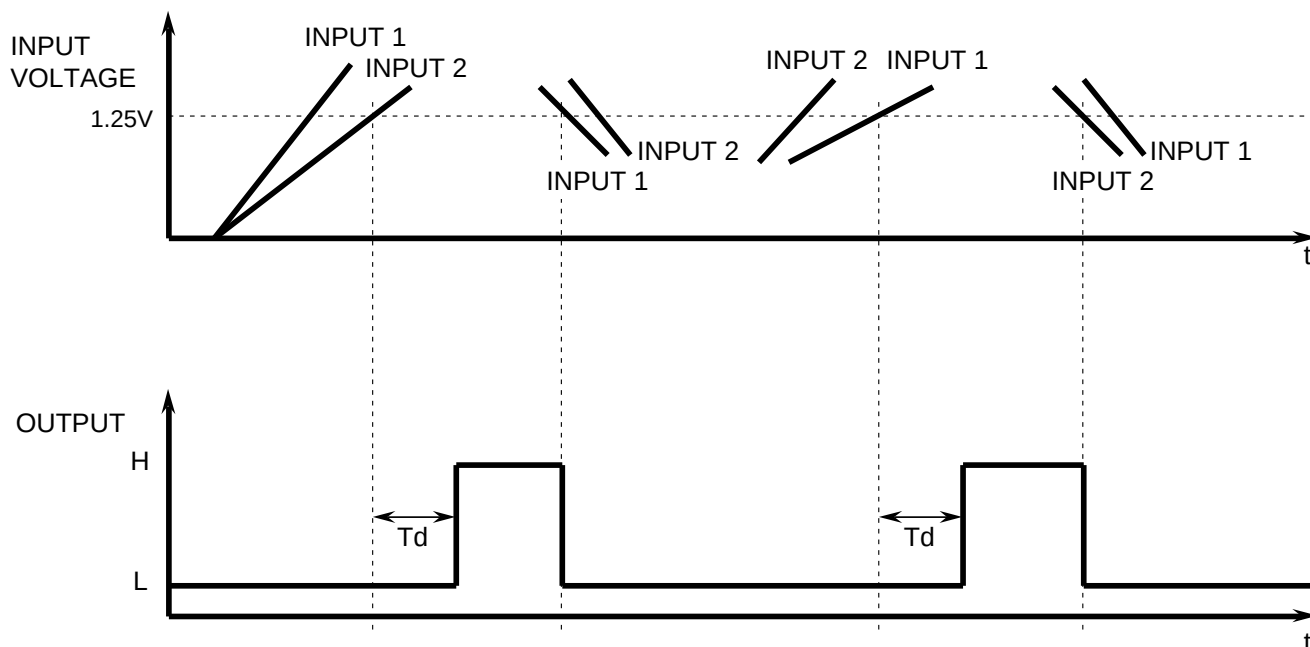
Outline 8P2S-A

NC: NO CONNECTION

BLOCK DIAGRAM

M62032FP

VOLTAGE DETECTING, SYSTEM RESETTIC IC

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**TERMINAL DESCRIPTION**

Terminal No.	Symbol	Functional Description
①	VIN1	Detecting voltage input 1
②	VIN2	Detecting voltage input 2
③	NC	No connection
④	GND	Ground
⑤	EXTERNAL CAPACITOR	Delay capacitor connection
⑥	Vo	Output (open collector)
⑦	Vcc	Supply voltage
⑧	VRES	It outputs "L" and "H" to the Vo terminal when VRES input is "H" and "L", respectively.

M62032FP**VOLTAGE DETECTING, SYSTEM RESETTIC IC****ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		10	V
I _{SINK}	Output Sink Current		8.0	mA
V _O	Output Voltage		10	V
V _{RES}	Self Reset Input Voltage		10	V
P _d	Power Dissipation		300	mW
K _{theta}	Thermal Derating	Ta ≥ 25°C	3.0	mW/°C
T _{opr}	Operating Temperature		-20 to +75	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature		-40 to +125	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

<Reset circuit1>

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
V _{S1}	Detecting Voltage 1		1.20	1.25	1.30	V
ΔV _{S1}	Hysteresis Voltage 1		9	15	23	mV
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range	V _{CC} ≤ 7V	-0.3		V _{CC}	V
		V _{CC} > 7V	-0.3		7.0	
I _{IN}	Input Current	V _{IN} = 1.25V		100	500	nA
I _{PD}	Constant Current			-1		μA
V _{OL}	Low Output Voltage 1	I _{OL} = 5mA		0.2	0.4	V
t _{pd1}	Delay Time	C _d = 0.01μF		10		mS
t _{pdmax}	Maximum Delay Time	C _d = 0.68μF		680	1130	

* The delay time can be varied by changing the connecting capacitance (C_d).

$$T_{pd} = CV/I = C_d \times 1(V)/1(\mu A) = C_d \times 1E6 \text{ (sec)}$$

**When delay time setting goes over 100msec, add a condenser for chattering protection (0.01μF) to the output.

<Reset circuit2>

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
V _{S2}	Detecting Voltage2		1.20	1.25	1.30	V
ΔV _{S2}	Hysteresis Voltage2		9	15	23	mV
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range	V _{CC} ≤ 7V	-0.3		V _{CC}	V
		V _{CC} > 7V	-0.3		7.0	
I _{IN}	Input Current	V _{IN} = 1.25V		100	500	nA

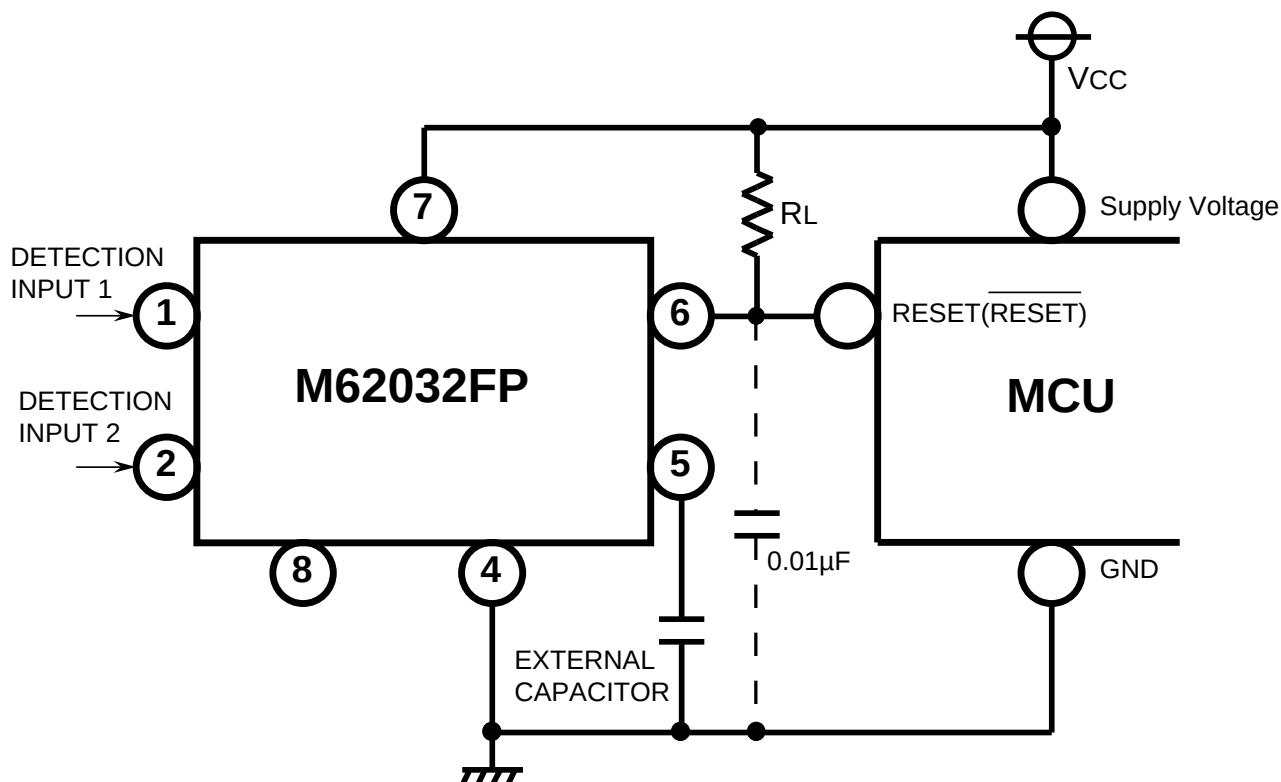
Common specification

Symbol	Parameter		Test conditions	Limits			Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage Range			2		10	V
I _{CC}	Circuit Current in OFF		V _{CC} = 5V		0.7	1.4	mA
V _S /ΔT	Self reset	Detecting Voltage Temperature Coefficient			0.01		%/°C
ΔV _S /ΔT		The Hysteresis Voltage Temperature Coefficient			0.01		%/°C
T _{PLH} /ΔT		Propagation Delay Time Temperature Coefficient			0.10		%/°C
I _{OH}		Output Leak Current				1	μA
T _{PHL}	Output "L" Propagation Delay Time		CL = 100pF		10		μs
V _{OPL}	Threshold Operating Voltage		RL = 2.2kΩ, V _{OL} ≤ 0.4V		0.67	0.80	V
			RL = 100kΩ, V _{OL} ≤ 0.4V		0.55	0.70	
V _{RESH}	Self reset	Input high voltage		2		V _{CC}	V
I _{RESH}		Input high current	V _{RES} = 2V			80	μA
V _{RESL}		Input low voltage		-0.3		0.8	V

M62032FP

VOLTAGE DETECTING, SYSTEM RESETTNG IC

AN EXAMPLE OF THE APPLICATION CIRCUIT



* A forced reset signal (high) into pin 8 from outside can reset this IC (low output) regardless of input signals to pins 1 and 2.

⚠ Mitsubishi Electric Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit design, in order to prevent fires from spreading, redundancy, malfunction or other mishap.