

# 1A1 THRU 1A7

## MINIATURE PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE - 50 to 1000 Volts CURRENT - 1.0 Ampere

### FEATURES

- High reliability
- Low leakage
- Low forward voltage drop
- High current capability
- Exceeds environmental standards of MIL-S-19500/228

### MECHANICAL DATA

Case: Molded plastic black body, R-1

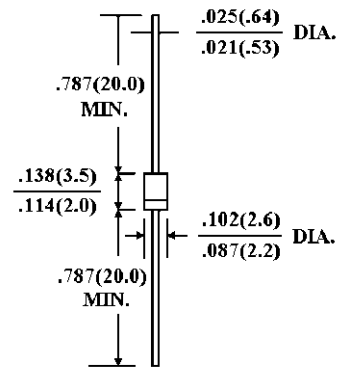
Epoxy: UL 94V-O rate flame retardant

Lead: MIL-STD-202E method 208C guaranteed

Mounting Position: Any

Weight: 0.0064 ounce, 0.181 gram

**R-1**



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

### MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

	1A1	1A2	1A3	1A4	1A5	1A6	1A7	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current .375"(9.5mm) lead lengths $T_A=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load(JEDEC method)	30							A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	1.1							V
Maximum DC Reverse Current $T_A=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.0							$\mu\text{g A}$
At Rated DC Blocking Voltage $T_A=100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	500							$\mu\text{g A}$
Maximum Full Load Reverse Current Full Cycle Average .375"(9.5mm) lead length $T_L=76\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	100							$\mu\text{g A}$
Typical Junction capacitance (Note 1)	15							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance R $\theta\text{KJA}$	60							$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
Operating and Storage Temperature Range $T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to +150							$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### NOTES:

1. Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts

# RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

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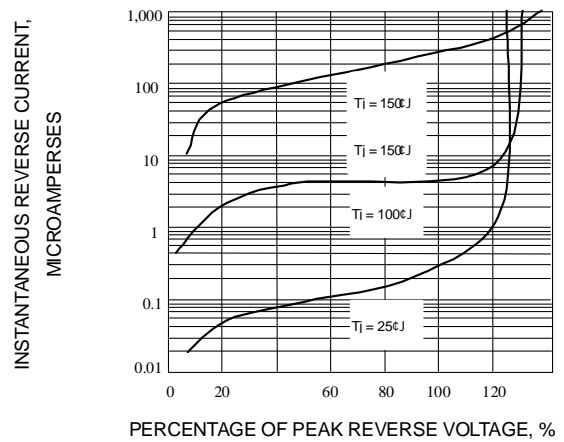
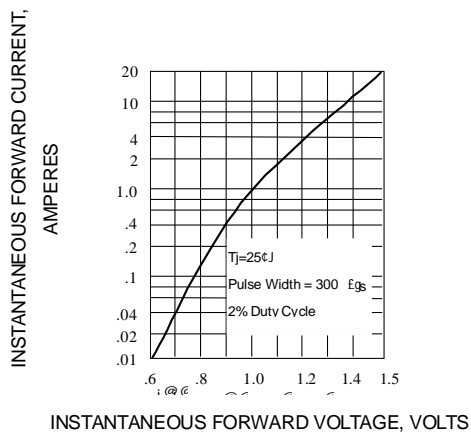


Fig. 1-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

Fig. 2-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

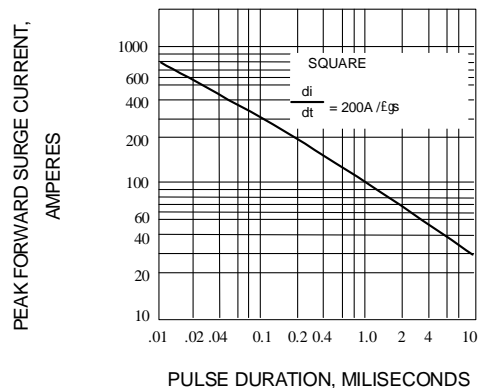
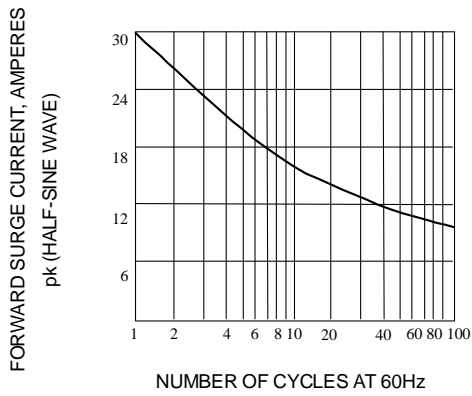


Fig. 3-MAXIMUM OVERLOAD SURGE-CURRENT

Fig. 4-PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

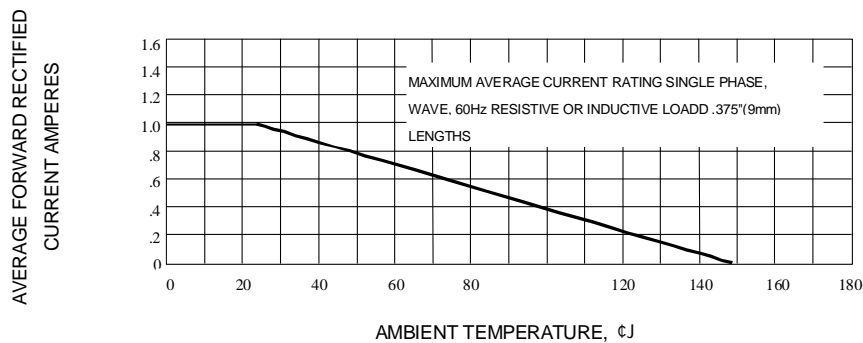


Fig. 5-FORWARD DERATING CURVE