

# MPC8360E/MPC8358E PowerQUICC II Pro Processor Revision 2.x TBGA Silicon Hardware Specifications

This document provides an overview of the MPC8360E/58E PowerQUICC II Pro processor revision 2.x TBGA features, including a block diagram showing the major functional components. This device is a cost-effective, highly integrated communications processor that addresses the needs of the networking, wireless infrastructure, and telecommunications markets. Target applications include next generation DSLAMs, network interface cards for 3G base stations (Node Bs), routers, media gateways, and high end IADs. The device extends current PowerQUICC II Pro offerings, adding higher CPU performance, additional functionality, faster interfaces, and robust interworking between protocols while addressing the requirements related to time-to-market, price, power, and package size. This device can be used for the control plane and also has data plane functionality.

For functional characteristics of the processor, refer to the *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual*, Rev. 3.

To locate any updates for this document, refer to the MPC8360E product summary page on our website listed on the back cover of this document or contact your Freescale sales office.

## 1 Overview

This section describes a high-level overview including features and general operation of the MPC8360E/58E PowerQUICC II Pro processor. A major component of this device is the e300 core, which includes 32 Kbytes of instruction and data cache and is fully compatible with the Power Architecture™ 603e instruction set. The new QUICC Engine module provides termination, interworking, and switching between a

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wide range of protocols including ATM, Ethernet, HDLC, and POS. The QUICC Engine module's enhanced interworking eases the transition and reduces investment costs from ATM to IP based systems. The other major features include a dual DDR SDRAM memory controller for the MPC8360E, which allows equipment providers to partition system parameters and data in an extremely efficient way, such as using one 32-bit DDR memory controller for control plane processing and the other for data plane processing. The MPC8358E has a single DDR SDRAM memory controller. The MPC8360E/58E also offers a 32-bit PCI controller, a flexible local bus, and a dedicated security engine.

This figure shows the MPC8360E block diagram.

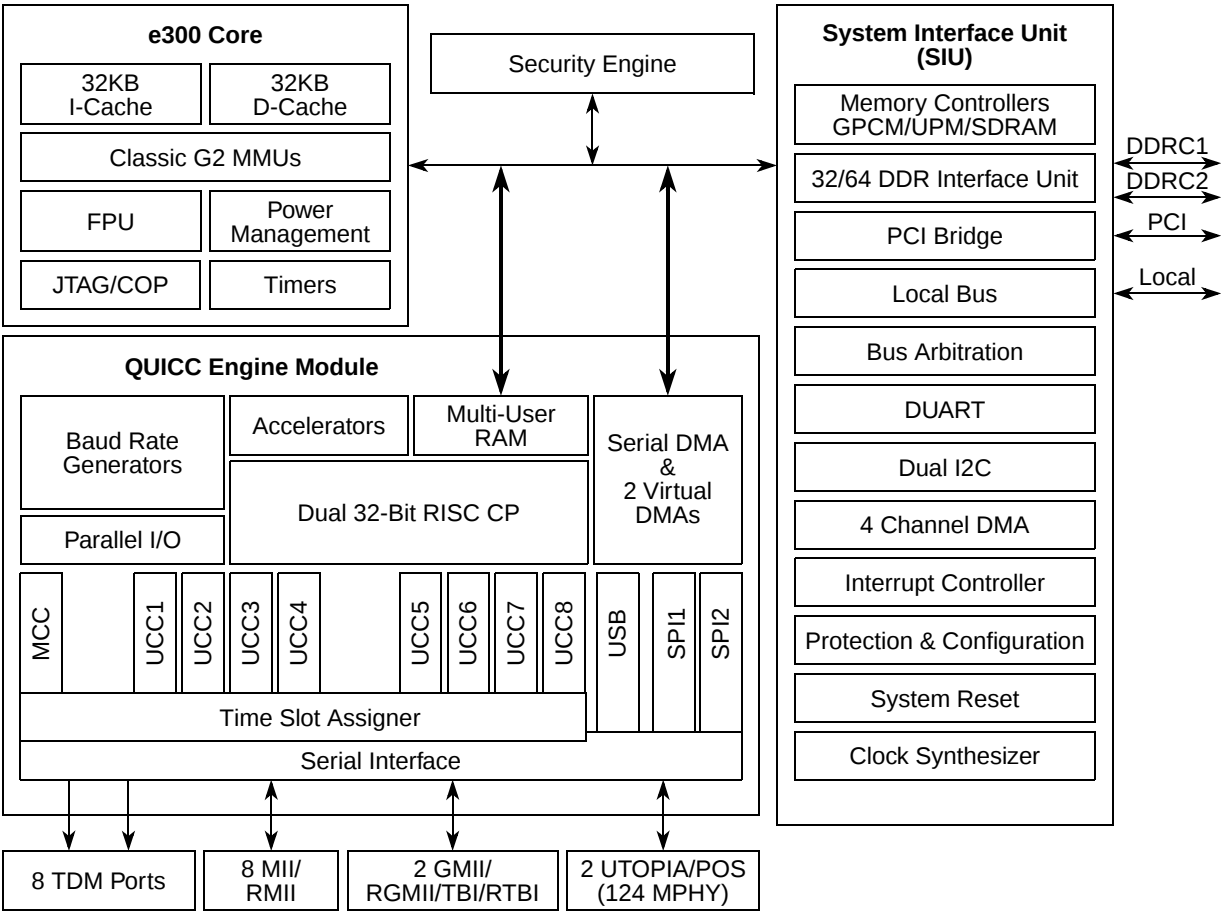
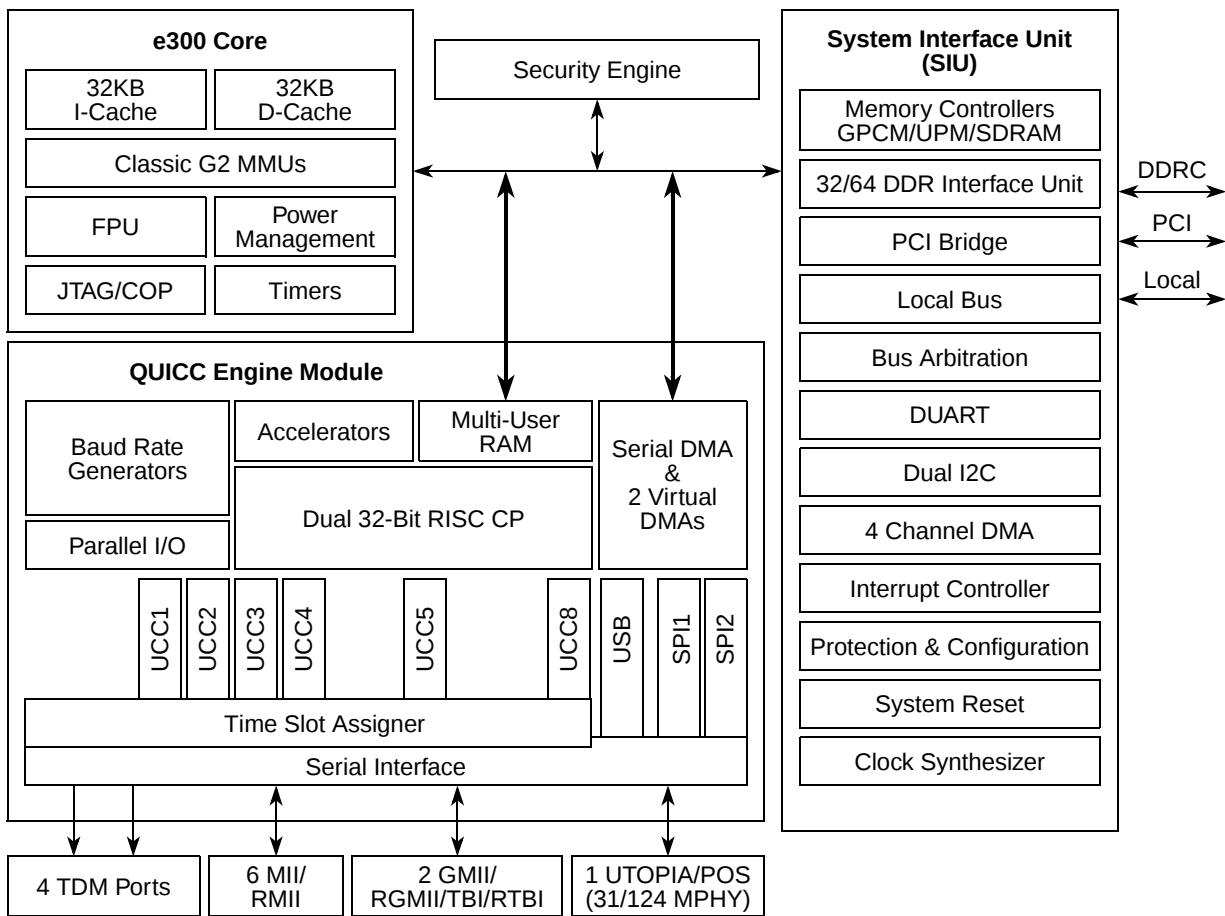


Figure 1. MPC8360E Block Diagram

This figure shows the MPC8358E block diagram.



**Figure 2. MPC8358E Block Diagram**

Major features of the MPC8360E/58E are as follows:

- e300 PowerPC processor core (enhanced version of the MPC603e core)
  - Operates at up to 667 MHz (for the MPC8360E) and 400 MHz (for the MPC8358E)
  - High-performance, superscalar processor core
  - Floating-point, integer, load/store, system register, and branch processing units
  - 32-Kbyte instruction cache, 32-Kbyte data cache
  - Lockable portion of L1 cache
  - Dynamic power management
  - Software-compatible with the Freescale processor families implementing the Power Architecture™ technology
- QUICC Engine unit
  - Two 32-bit RISC controllers for flexible support of the communications peripherals, each operating up to 500 MHz (for the MPC8360E) and 400 MHz (for the MPC8358E)
  - Serial DMA channel for receive and transmit on all serial channels
  - QUICC Engine module peripheral request interface (for SEC, PCI, IEEE Std. 1588™)
  - Eight universal communication controllers (UCCs) on the MPC8360E and six UCCs on the MPC8358E supporting the following protocols and interfaces (not all of them simultaneously):
    - IEEE 1588 protocol supported

- 10/100 Mbps Ethernet/IEEE Std. 802.3™ CDMA/CS interface through a media-independent interface (MII, RMII, RGMII)<sup>1</sup>
- 1000 Mbps Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS interface through a media-independent interface (GMII, RGMII, TBI, RTBI) on UCC1 and UCC2
- 9.6-Kbyte jumbo frames
- ATM full-duplex SAR, up to 622 Mbps (OC-12/STM-4), AAL0, AAL1, and AAL5 in accordance ITU-T I.363.5
- ATM AAL2 CPS, SSSAR, and SSTED up to 155 Mbps (OC-3/STM-1) Mbps full duplex (with 4 CPS packets per cell) in accordance ITU-T I.366.1 and I.363.2
- ATM traffic shaping for CBR, VBR, UBR, and GFR traffic types compatible with ATM forum TM4.1 for up to 64-Kbyte simultaneous ATM channels
- ATM AAL1 structured and unstructured circuit emulation service (CES 2.0) in accordance with ITU-T I.163.1 and ATM Forum af-vtoa-00-0078.000
- IMA (Inverse Multiplexing over ATM) for up to 31 IMA links over 8 IMA groups in accordance with the ATM forum AF-PHY-0086.000 (Version 1.0) and AF-PHY-0086.001 (Version 1.1)
- ATM Transmission Convergence layer support in accordance with ITU-T I.432
- ATM OAM handling features compatible with ITU-T I.610
- PPP, Multi-Link (ML-PPP), Multi-Class (MC-PPP) and PPP mux in accordance with the following RFCs: 1661, 1662, 1990, 2686, and 3153
- IP support for IPv4 packets including TOS, TTL, and header checksum processing
- Ethernet over first mile IEEE 802.3ah
- Shim header
- Ethernet-to-Ethernet/AAL5/AAL2 inter-working
- L2 Ethernet switching using MAC address or IEEE Std. 802.1P/Q™ VLAN tags
- ATM (AAL2/AAL5) to Ethernet (IP) interworking in accordance with RFC2684 including bridging of ATM ports to Ethernet ports
- Extensive support for ATM statistics and Ethernet RMON/MIB statistics
- AAL2 protocol rate up to 4 CPS at OC-3/STM-1 rate
- Packet over Sonet (POS) up to 622-Mbps full-duplex 124 MultiPHY
- POS hardware; microcode must be loaded as an IRAM package
- Transparent up to 70-Mbps full-duplex
- HDLC up to 70-Mbps full-duplex
- HDLC BUS up to 10 Mbps
- Asynchronous HDLC
- UART
- BISYNC up to 2 Mbps
- User-programmable Virtual FIFO size
- QUICC multichannel controller (QMC) for 64 TDM channels
- One multichannel communication controller (MCC) only on the MPC8360E supporting the following:
  - 256 HDLC or transparent channels
  - 128 SS7 channels
  - Almost any combination of subgroups can be multiplexed to single or multiple TDM interfaces
- Two UTOPIA/POS interfaces on the MPC8360E supporting 124 MultiPHY each (optional 2\*128 MultiPHY with extended address) and one UTOPIA/POS interface on the MPC8358E supporting 31/124 MultiPHY
- Two serial peripheral interfaces (SPI); SPI2 is dedicated to Ethernet PHY management

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1.SMII or SGMII media-independent interface is not currently supported.

- Eight TDM interfaces on the MPC8360E and four TDM interfaces on the MPC8358E with 1-bit mode for E3/T3 rates in clear channel
- Sixteen independent baud rate generators and 30 input clock pins for supplying clocks to UCC and MCC serial channels (MCC is only available on the MPC8360E)
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as four 32-bit timers
- Interworking functionality:
  - Layer 2 10/100-Base T Ethernet switch
  - ATM-to-ATM switching (AAL0, 2, 5)
  - Ethernet-to-ATM switching with L3/L4 support
  - PPP interworking
- Security engine is optimized to handle all the algorithms associated with IPSec, SSL/TLS, SRTP, 802.11i®, iSCSI, and IKE processing. The security engine contains four crypto-channels, a controller, and a set of crypto execution units (EUs).
  - Public key execution unit (PKEU) supporting the following:
    - RSA and Diffie-Hellman
    - Programmable field size up to 2048 bits
    - Elliptic curve cryptography
    - F2m and F(p) modes
    - Programmable field size up to 511 bits
  - Data encryption standard execution unit (DEU)
    - DES, 3DES
    - Two key (K1, K2) or three key (K1, K2, K3)
    - ECB and CBC modes for both DES and 3DES
  - Advanced encryption standard unit (AESU)
    - Implements the Rijndael symmetric key cipher
    - Key lengths of 128, 192, and 256 bits, two key
    - ECB, CBC, CCM, and counter modes
  - ARC four execution unit (AFEU)
    - Implements a stream cipher compatible with the RC4 algorithm
    - 40- to 128-bit programmable key
  - Message digest execution unit (MDEU)
    - SHA with 160-, 224-, or 256-bit message digest
    - MD5 with 128-bit message digest
    - HMAC with either SHA or MD5 algorithm
  - Random number generator (RNG)
  - Four crypto-channels, each supporting multi-command descriptor chains
    - Static and/or dynamic assignment of crypto-execution units via an integrated controller
    - Buffer size of 256 bytes for each execution unit, with flow control for large data sizes
  - Storage/NAS XOR parity generation accelerator for RAID applications
- Dual DDR SDRAM memory controllers on the MPC8360E and a single DDR SDRAM memory controller on the MPC8358E
  - Programmable timing supporting both DDR1 and DDR2 SDRAM
  - On the MPC8360E, the DDR buses can be configured as two 32-bit buses or one 64-bit bus; on the MPC8358E, the DDR bus can be configured as a 32- or 64-bit bus
  - 32- or 64-bit data interface, up to 333 MHz (for the MPC8360E) and 266 MHz (for the MPC8358E) data rate
  - Four banks of memory, each up to 1 Gbyte

- DRAM chip configurations from 64 Mbits to 1 Gigabit with  $\times 8/\times 16$  data ports
- Full ECC support (when the MPC8360E is configured as  $2 \times 32$ -bit DDR memory controllers, both support ECC)
- Page mode support (up to 16 simultaneous open pages for DDR1, up to 32 simultaneous open pages for DDR2)
- Contiguous or discontiguous memory mapping
- Read-modify-write support
- Sleep mode support for self refresh SDRAM
- Supports auto refreshing
- Supports source clock mode
- On-the-fly power management using CKE
- Registered DIMM support
- 2.5-V SSTL2 compatible I/O for DDR1, 1.8-V SSTL2 compatible I/O for DDR2
- External driver impedance calibration
- On-die termination (ODT)
- PCI interface
  - PCI Specification Revision 2.3 compatible
  - Data bus widths:
    - Single 32-bit data PCI interface that operates at up to 66 MHz
  - PCI 3.3-V compatible (not 5-V compatible)
  - PCI host bridge capabilities on both interfaces
  - PCI agent mode supported on PCI interface
  - Support for PCI-to-memory and memory-to-PCI streaming
  - Memory prefetching of PCI read accesses and support for delayed read transactions
  - Support for posting of processor-to-PCI and PCI-to-memory writes
  - On-chip arbitration, supporting five masters on PCI
  - Support for accesses to all PCI address spaces
  - Parity support
  - Selectable hardware-enforced coherency
  - Address translation units for address mapping between host and peripheral
  - Dual address cycle supported when the device is the target
  - Internal configuration registers accessible from PCI
- Local bus controller (LBC)
  - Multiplexed 32-bit address and data operating at up to 133 MHz
  - Eight chip selects support eight external slaves
  - Up to eight-beat burst transfers
  - 32-, 16-, and 8-bit port sizes are controlled by an on-chip memory controller
  - Three protocol engines available on a per chip select basis:
    - General-purpose chip select machine (GPCM)
    - Three user programmable machines (UPMs)
    - Dedicated single data rate SDRAM controller
  - Parity support
  - Default boot ROM chip select with configurable bus width (8-, 16-, or 32-bit)
- Programmable interrupt controller (PIC)
  - Functional and programming compatibility with the MPC8260 interrupt controller
  - Support for 8 external and 35 internal discrete interrupt sources
  - Support for one external (optional) and seven internal machine checkstop interrupt sources

- Programmable highest priority request
- Four groups of interrupts with programmable priority
- External and internal interrupts directed to communication processor
- Redirects interrupts to external  $\overline{\text{INTA}}$  pin when in core disable mode
- Unique vector number for each interrupt source
- Dual industry-standard I<sup>2</sup>C interfaces
  - Two-wire interface
  - Multiple master support
  - Master or slave I<sup>2</sup>C mode support
  - On-chip digital filtering rejects spikes on the bus
  - System initialization data is optionally loaded from I<sup>2</sup>C-1 EPROM by boot sequencer embedded hardware
- DMA controller
  - Four independent virtual channels
  - Concurrent execution across multiple channels with programmable bandwidth control
  - All channels accessible by local core and remote PCI masters
  - Misaligned transfer capability
  - Data chaining and direct mode
  - Interrupt on completed segment and chain
  - DMA external handshake signals:  $\overline{\text{DMA\_DREQ}}[0:3]/\overline{\text{DMA\_DACK}}[0:3]/\overline{\text{DMA\_DONE}}[0:3]$ . There is one set for each DMA channel. The pins are multiplexed to the parallel IO pins with other QE functions.
- DUART
  - Two 4-wire interfaces (Rx/D, Tx/D, RTS, CTS)
  - Programming model compatible with the original 16450 UART and the PC16550D
- System timers
  - Periodic interrupt timer
  - Real-time clock
  - Software watchdog timer
  - Eight general-purpose timers
- IEEE Std. 1149.1<sup>TM</sup>-compliant, JTAG boundary scan
- Integrated PCI bus and SDRAM clock generation

## 2 Electrical Characteristics

This section provides the AC and DC electrical specifications and thermal characteristics for the MPC8360E/58E. The device is currently targeted to these specifications. Some of these specifications are independent of the I/O cell, but are included for a more complete reference. These are not purely I/O buffer design specifications.

## 2.1 Overall DC Electrical Characteristics

This section covers the ratings, conditions, and other characteristics.

### 2.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

This table provides the absolute maximum ratings.

**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                             | Symbol               | Max Value                    | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|------|-------|
| Core and PLL supply voltage for<br><br>MPC8358 Device Part Number with<br>Processor Frequency label of AD=266MHz and AG=400MHz &<br>QUICC Engine Frequency label of E=300MHz & G=400MHz<br><br>MPC8360 Device Part Number with<br>Processor Frequency label of AG=400MHz and AJ=533MHz &<br>QUICC Engine Frequency label of G=400MHz |                                                                                                             | $V_{DD}$ & $AV_{DD}$ | –0.3 to 1.32                 | V    | —     |
| Core and PLL supply voltage for<br><br>MPC8360 device Part Number with<br>Processor Frequency label of AL=667MHz and QUICC Engine<br>Frequency label of H=500MHz                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                             | $V_{DD}$ & $AV_{DD}$ | –0.3 to 1.37                 | V    | —     |
| DDR and DDR2 DRAM I/O voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | DDR<br>DDR2                                                                                                 | $GV_{DD}$            | –0.3 to 2.75<br>–0.3 to 1.89 | V    | —     |
| Three-speed Ethernet I/O, MII management voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                             | $LV_{DD}$            | –0.3 to 3.63                 | V    | —     |
| PCI, local bus, DUART, system control and power management,<br>I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, and JTAG I/O voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                             | $OV_{DD}$            | –0.3 to 3.63                 | V    | —     |
| Input voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | DDR DRAM signals                                                                                            | $MV_{IN}$            | –0.3 to ( $GV_{DD} + 0.3$ )  | V    | 2, 5  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | DDR DRAM reference                                                                                          | $MV_{REF}$           | –0.3 to ( $GV_{DD} + 0.3$ )  | V    | 2, 5  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Three-speed Ethernet signals                                                                                | $LV_{IN}$            | –0.3 to ( $LV_{DD} + 0.3$ )  | V    | 4, 5  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Local bus, DUART, CLKIN, system<br>control and power management, I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI,<br>and JTAG signals | $OV_{IN}$            | –0.3 to ( $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ )  | V    | 3, 5  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | PCI                                                                                                         | $OV_{IN}$            | –0.3 to ( $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ )  | V    | 6     |

**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup> (continued)**

| Characteristic            | Symbol           | Max Value  | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------|------|-------|
| Storage temperature range | T <sub>STG</sub> | –55 to 150 | °C   | —     |

**Notes:**

- Functional and tested operating conditions are given in [Table 2](#). Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stresses beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.
- Caution:** MV<sub>IN</sub> must not exceed GV<sub>DD</sub> by more than 0.3 V. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 100 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- Caution:** OV<sub>IN</sub> must not exceed OV<sub>DD</sub> by more than 0.3 V. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 100 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- Caution:** LV<sub>IN</sub> must not exceed LV<sub>DD</sub> by more than 0.3 V. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 100 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- (M,L,O)V<sub>IN</sub> and MV<sub>REF</sub> may overshoot/undershoot to a voltage and for a maximum duration as shown in [Figure 3](#).
- OV<sub>IN</sub> on the PCI interface may overshoot/undershoot according to the PCI Electrical Specification for 3.3-V operation, as shown in [Figure 4](#).

## 2.1.2 Power Supply Voltage Specification

This table provides the recommended operating conditions for the device. Note that the values in this table are the recommended and tested operating conditions. Proper device operation outside of these conditions is not guaranteed.

**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions**

| Characteristic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Symbol                             | Recommended Value                | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------|-------|
| Core and PLL supply voltage for<br><br>MPC8358 Device Part Number with<br>Processor Frequency label of AD=266MHz and AG=400MHz &<br>QUICC Engine Frequency label of E=300MHz & G=400MHz<br><br>MPC8360 Device Part Number with<br>Processor Frequency label of AG=400MHz and AJ=533MHz &<br>QUICC Engine Frequency label of G=400MHz | V <sub>DD</sub> & AV <sub>DD</sub> | 1.2 V ± 60 mV                    | V    | 1, 3  |
| Core and PLL supply voltage for<br><br>MPC8360 Device Part Number with<br>Processor Frequency label of AL=667MHz and QUICC Engine<br>Frequency label of H=500MHz                                                                                                                                                                     | V <sub>DD</sub> & AV <sub>DD</sub> | 1.3 V ± 50 mV                    | V    | 1, 3  |
| DDR and DDR2 DRAM I/O supply voltage<br><br>DDR<br>DDR2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | GV <sub>DD</sub>                   | 2.5 V ± 125 mV<br>1.8 V ± 90 mV  | V    | —     |
| Three-speed Ethernet I/O supply voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | LV <sub>DD0</sub>                  | 3.3 V ± 330 mV<br>2.5 V ± 125 mV | V    | —     |
| Three-speed Ethernet I/O supply voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | LV <sub>DD1</sub>                  | 3.3 V ± 330 mV<br>2.5 V ± 125 mV | V    | —     |
| Three-speed Ethernet I/O supply voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | LV <sub>DD2</sub>                  | 3.3 V ± 330 mV<br>2.5 V ± 125 mV | V    | —     |

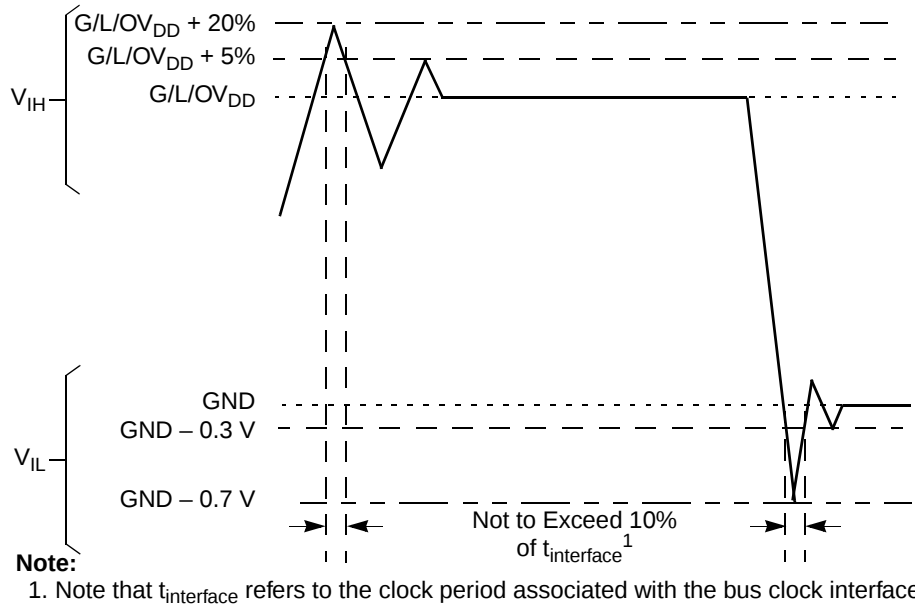
**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)**

| Characteristic                                                                                          | Symbol           | Recommended Value      | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------|-------|
| PCI, local bus, DUART, system control and power management, I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, and JTAG I/O voltage | OV <sub>DD</sub> | 3.3 V ± 330 mV         | V    | —     |
| Junction temperature                                                                                    | T <sub>J</sub>   | 0 to 105<br>–40 to 105 | °C   | 2     |

**Notes:**

1. GV<sub>DD</sub>, LV<sub>DD</sub>, OV<sub>DD</sub>, AV<sub>DD</sub>, and V<sub>DD</sub> must track each other and must vary in the same direction—either in the positive or negative direction.
2. The operating conditions for junction temperature, T<sub>J</sub>, on the 600/333/400 MHz and 500/333/500 MHz on rev. 2.0 silicon is 0° to 70 °C. Refer to Errata General9 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.
3. For more information on Part Numbering, refer to [Table 80](#).

This figure shows the undershoot and overshoot voltages at the interfaces of the device.



**Figure 3. Overshoot/Undershoot Voltage for GV<sub>DD</sub>/OV<sub>DD</sub>/LV<sub>DD</sub>**

This figure shows the undershoot and overshoot voltage of the PCI interface of the device for the 3.3-V signals, respectively.

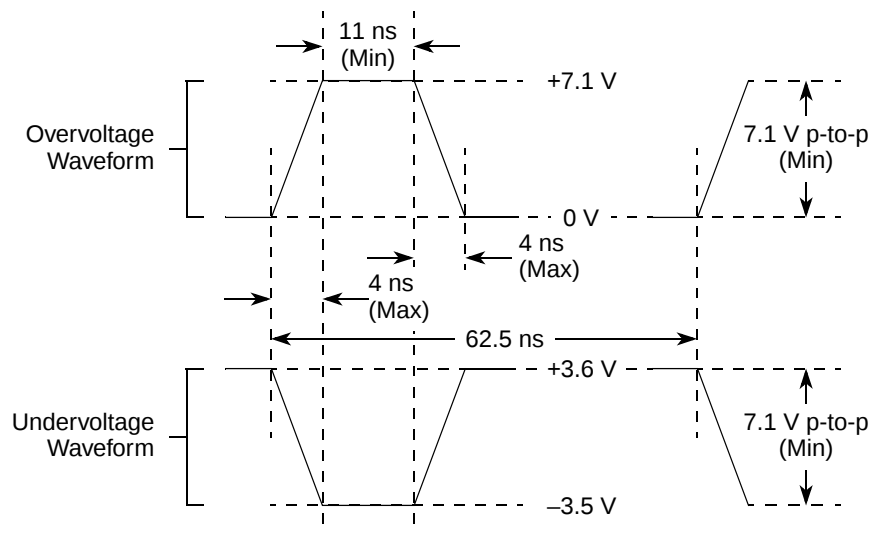


Figure 4. Maximum AC Waveforms on PCI interface for 3.3-V Signaling

## 2.1.3 Output Driver Characteristics

This table provides information on the characteristics of the output driver strengths. The values are preliminary estimates.

Table 3. Output Drive Capability

| Driver Type                                        | Output Impedance ( $\Omega$ )              | Supply Voltage                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Local bus interface utilities signals              | 42                                         | $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$                                 |
| PCI signals                                        | 25                                         |                                                          |
| PCI output clocks (including PCI_SYNC_OUT)         | 42                                         |                                                          |
| DDR signal                                         | 20<br>36 (half-strength mode) <sup>1</sup> | $GV_{DD} = 2.5\text{ V}$                                 |
| DDR2 signal                                        | 18<br>36 (half-strength mode) <sup>1</sup> | $GV_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$                                 |
| 10/100/1000 Ethernet signals                       | 42                                         | $LV_{DD} = 2.5/3.3\text{ V}$                             |
| DUART, system control, I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, JTAG | 42                                         | $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$                                 |
| GPIO signals                                       | 42                                         | $OV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$<br>$LV_{DD} = 2.5/3.3\text{ V}$ |

**Note:**

1. DDR output impedance values for half strength mode are verified by design and not tested.

## 2.2 Power Sequencing

This section details the power sequencing considerations for the MPC8360E/58E.

## 2.2.1 Power-Up Sequencing

MPC8360E/58E does not require the core supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$  and  $AV_{DD}$ ) and I/O supply voltages ( $GV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ , and  $OV_{DD}$ ) to be applied in any particular order. During the power ramp up, before the power supplies are stable and if the I/O voltages are supplied before the core voltage, there may be a period of time that all input and output pins are actively be driven and cause contention and excessive current from 3A to 5A. In order to avoid actively driving the I/O pins and to eliminate excessive current draw, apply the core voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ) before the I/O voltage ( $GV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ , and  $OV_{DD}$ ) and assert  $\overline{PORESET}$  before the power supplies fully ramp up. In the case where the core voltage is applied first, the core voltage supply must rise to 90% of its nominal value before the I/O supplies reach 0.7 V, see this figure.

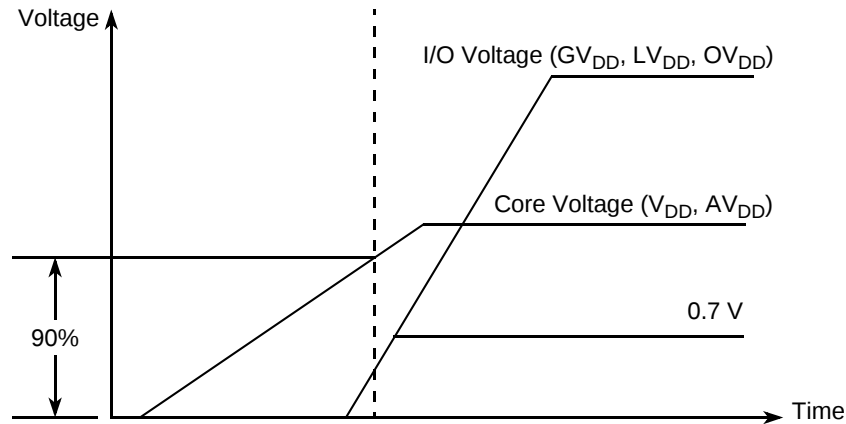


Figure 5. Power Sequencing Example

I/O voltage supplies ( $GV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ , and  $OV_{DD}$ ) do not have any ordering requirements with respect to one another.

## 2.2.2 Power-Down Sequencing

The MPC8360E/58E does not require the core supply voltage and I/O supply voltages to be powered down in any particular order.

# 3 Power Characteristics

The estimated typical power dissipation values are shown in these tables.

Table 4. MPC8360E TBGA Core Power Dissipation<sup>1</sup>

| Core Frequency (MHz) | CSB Frequency (MHz) | QUICC Engine Frequency (MHz) | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Notes      |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|------|------------|
| 266                  | 266                 | 500                          | 5.0     | 5.6     | W    | 2, 3, 5    |
| 400                  | 266                 | 400                          | 4.5     | 5.0     | W    | 2, 3, 4    |
| 533                  | 266                 | 400                          | 4.8     | 5.3     | W    | 2, 3, 4    |
| 667                  | 333                 | 400                          | 5.8     | 6.3     | W    | 3, 6, 7, 8 |
| 500                  | 333                 | 500                          | 5.9     | 6.4     | W    | 3, 6, 7, 8 |

**Table 4. MPC8360E TBGA Core Power Dissipation<sup>1</sup> (continued)**

| Core Frequency (MHz) | CSB Frequency (MHz) | QUICC Engine Frequency (MHz) | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Notes      |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|------|------------|
| 667                  | 333                 | 500                          | 6.1     | 6.8     | W    | 2, 3, 5, 9 |

**Notes:**

1. The values do not include I/O supply power ( $OV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ ) or  $AV_{DD}$ . For I/O power values, see [Table 6](#).
2. Typical power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.2$  V or 1.3 V, a junction temperature of  $T_J = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , and a Dhrystone benchmark application.
3. Thermal solutions need to design to a value higher than typical power on the end application,  $T_A$  target, and I/O power.
4. Maximum power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.2$  V, WC process, a junction  $T_J = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , and an artificial smoke test.
5. Maximum power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.3$  V for applications that use 667 MHz (CPU)/500 (QE) with WC process, a junction  $T_J = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , and an artificial smoke test.
6. Typical power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.3$  V, a junction temperature of  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , and a Dhrystone benchmark application.
7. Maximum power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.3$  V for applications that use 667 MHz (CPU) or 500 (QE) with WC process, a junction  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , and an artificial smoke test.
8. This frequency combination is only available for rev. 2.0 silicon.
9. This frequency combination is not available for rev. 2.0 silicon.

**Table 5. MPC8358E TBGA Core Power Dissipation<sup>1</sup>**

| Core Frequency (MHz) | CSB Frequency (MHz) | QUICC Engine Frequency (MHz) | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Notes   |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|------|---------|
| 266                  | 266                 | 300                          | 4.1     | 4.5     | W    | 2, 3, 4 |
| 400                  | 266                 | 400                          | 4.5     | 5.0     | W    | 2, 3, 4 |

**Notes:**

1. The values do not include I/O supply power ( $OV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ ) or  $AV_{DD}$ . For I/O power values, see [Table 6](#).
2. Typical power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.2$  V, a junction temperature of  $T_J = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , and a Dhrystone benchmark application.
3. Thermal solutions need to design to a value higher than typical power on the end application,  $T_A$  target, and I/O power.
4. Maximum power is based on a voltage of  $V_{DD} = 1.2$  V, WC process, a junction  $T_J = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , and an artificial smoke test.

This table shows the estimated typical I/O power dissipation for the device.

**Table 6. Estimated Typical I/O Power Dissipation**

| Interface                                                                                         | Parameter            | GV <sub>DD</sub><br>(1.8 V) | GV <sub>DD</sub><br>(2.5 V) | OV <sub>DD</sub><br>(3.3 V) | LV <sub>DD</sub><br>(3.3 V) | LV <sub>DD</sub><br>(2.5 V) | Unit | Comments                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------|----------------------------------------------|
| DDR I/O<br>65% utilization<br>R <sub>s</sub> = 20 Ω<br>R <sub>t</sub> = 50 Ω<br>2 pairs of clocks | 200 MHz, 1 × 32 bits | 0.3                         | 0.46                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 200 MHz, 1 × 64 bits | 0.4                         | 0.58                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 200 MHz, 2 × 32 bits | 0.6                         | 0.92                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 266 MHz, 1 × 32 bits | 0.35                        | 0.56                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 266 MHz, 1 × 64 bits | 0.46                        | 0.7                         | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 266 MHz, 2 × 32 bits | 0.7                         | 1.11                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 333 MHz, 1 × 32 bits | 0.4                         | 0.65                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 333 MHz, 1 × 64 bits | 0.53                        | 0.82                        | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 333 MHz, 2 × 32 bits | 0.81                        | 1.3                         | —                           | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
| Local Bus I/O<br>Load = 25 pF<br>3 pairs of clocks                                                | 133 MHz, 32 bits     | —                           | —                           | 0.22                        | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 83 MHz, 32 bits      | —                           | —                           | 0.14                        | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 66 MHz, 32 bits      | —                           | —                           | 0.12                        | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 50 MHz, 32 bits      | —                           | —                           | 0.09                        | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
| PCI I/O<br>Load = 30 pF                                                                           | 33 MHz, 32 bits      | —                           | —                           | 0.05                        | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
|                                                                                                   | 66 MHz, 32 bits      | —                           | —                           | 0.07                        | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |
| 10/100/1000<br>Ethernet I/O<br>Load = 20 pF                                                       | MII or RMII          | —                           | —                           | —                           | 0.01                        | —                           | W    | Multiply by<br>number of<br>interfaces used. |
|                                                                                                   | GMII or TBI          | —                           | —                           | —                           | 0.04                        | —                           | W    |                                              |
|                                                                                                   | RGMII or RTBI        | —                           | —                           | —                           | —                           | 0.04                        | W    |                                              |
| Other I/O                                                                                         | —                    | —                           | —                           | 0.1                         | —                           | —                           | W    | —                                            |

## 4 Clock Input Timing

This section provides the clock input DC and AC electrical characteristics for the MPC8360E/58E.

### NOTE

The rise/fall time on QUICC Engine block input pins should not exceed 5 ns. This should be enforced especially on clock signals. Rise time refers to signal transitions from 10% to 90% of V<sub>DD</sub>; fall time refers to transitions from 90% to 10% of V<sub>DD</sub>.

## 4.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the clock input (CLKIN/PCI\_SYNC\_IN) DC timing specifications for the device.

**Table 7. CLKIN DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter                 | Condition                                                                                          | Symbol   | Min  | Max             | Unit |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------|-----------------|------|
| Input high voltage        | —                                                                                                  | $V_{IH}$ | 2.7  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |
| Input low voltage         | —                                                                                                  | $V_{IL}$ | −0.3 | 0.4             | V    |
| CLKIN input current       | $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$                                                              | $I_{IN}$ | —    | ±10             | μA   |
| PCI_SYNC_IN input current | $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.5\text{ V}$ or<br>$OV_{DD} - 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | $I_{IN}$ | —    | ±10             | μA   |
| PCI_SYNC_IN input current | $0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD} - 0.5\text{ V}$                                             | $I_{IN}$ | —    | ±100            | μA   |

## 4.2 AC Electrical Characteristics

The primary clock source for the device can be one of two inputs, CLKIN or PCI\_CLK, depending on whether the device is configured in PCI host or PCI agent mode. This table provides the clock input (CLKIN/PCI\_CLK) AC timing specifications for the device.

**Table 8. CLKIN AC Timing Specifications**

| Parameter/Condition              | Symbol              | Min | Typical | Max   | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----|---------|-------|------|-------|
| CLKIN/PCI_CLK frequency          | $f_{CLKIN}$         | —   | —       | 66.67 | MHz  | 1     |
| CLKIN/PCI_CLK cycle time         | $t_{CLKIN}$         | 15  | —       | —     | ns   | —     |
| CLKIN/PCI_CLK rise and fall time | $t_{KH}, t_{KL}$    | 0.6 | 1.0     | 2.3   | ns   | 2     |
| CLKIN/PCI_CLK duty cycle         | $t_{KHK}/t_{CLKIN}$ | 40  | —       | 60    | %    | 3     |
| CLKIN/PCI_CLK jitter             | —                   | —   | —       | ±150  | ps   | 4, 5  |

**Notes:**

- Caution:** The system, core, USB, security, and 10/100/1000 Ethernet must not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies.
- Rise and fall times for CLKIN/PCI\_CLK are measured at 0.4 V and 2.7 V.
- Timing is guaranteed by design and characterization.
- This represents the total input jitter—short term and long term—and is guaranteed by design.
- The CLKIN/PCI\_CLK driver's closed loop jitter bandwidth should be <500 kHz at −20 dB. The bandwidth must be set low to allow cascade-connected PLL-based devices to track CLKIN drivers with the specified jitter.

## 4.3 Gigabit Reference Clock Input Timing

This table provides the Gigabit reference clocks (GTX\_CLK125) AC timing specifications.

**Table 9. GTX\_CLK125 AC Timing Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions with  $LV_{DD} = 2.5 \pm 0.125\text{ mV}$  /  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 165\text{ mV}$

| Parameter/Condition   | Symbol     | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------------|-----|---------|-----|------|-------|
| GTX_CLK125 frequency  | $t_{G125}$ | —   | 125     | —   | MHz  | —     |
| GTX_CLK125 cycle time | $t_{G125}$ | —   | 8       | —   | ns   | —     |

**Table 9. GTX\_CLK125 AC Timing Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD} = 2.5 \pm 0.125$  mV/  $3.3 \text{ V} \pm 165$  mV (continued)

| Parameter/Condition                                                                | Symbol                | Min      | Typical | Max         | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-------------|------|-------|
| GTX_CLK rise and fall time<br>$V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | $t_{G125R}/t_{G125F}$ | —        | —       | 0.75<br>1.0 | ns   | 1     |
| GTX_CLK125 duty cycle<br>GMII & TBI<br>1000Base-T for RGMII & RTBI                 | $t_{G125H}/t_{G125}$  | 45<br>47 | —       | 55<br>53    | %    | 2     |
| GTX_CLK125 jitter                                                                  | —                     | —        | —       | ±150        | ps   | 2     |

**Notes:**

1. Rise and fall times for GTX\_CLK125 are measured from 0.5 and 2.0 V for  $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V}$  and from 0.6 and 2.7 V for  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ .
2. GTX\_CLK125 is used to generate the GTX clock for the UCC Ethernet transmitter with 2% degradation. The GTX\_CLK125 duty cycle can be loosened from 47%/53% as long as the PHY device can tolerate the duty cycle generated by GTX\_CLK. See [Section 8.2.2, "MII AC Timing Specifications,"](#) [Section 8.2.3, "RMII AC Timing Specifications,"](#) and [Section 8.2.5, "RGMII and RTBI AC Timing Specifications"](#) for the duty cycle for 10Base-T and 100Base-T reference clock.

## 5 RESET Initialization

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the reset initialization timing and electrical requirements of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 5.1 RESET DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the RESET pins of the device.

**Table 10. RESET Pins DC Electrical Characteristics <sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic      | Symbol                | Condition                  | Min  | Max             | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------|------|
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$              | —                          | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$              | —                          | −0.3 | 0.8             | V    |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$              | —                          | —    | ±10             | μA   |
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ <sup>2</sup> | $I_{OH} = -8.0 \text{ mA}$ | 2.4  | —               | V    |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$              | $I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$  | —    | 0.5             | V    |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$              | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$  | —    | 0.4             | V    |

**Notes:**

1. This table applies for pins  $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ , and  $\overline{\text{QUIESCE}}$ .
2.  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  and  $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$  are open drain pins, thus  $V_{OH}$  is not relevant for those pins.

## 5.2 RESET AC Electrical Characteristics

This section describes the AC electrical specifications for the reset initialization timing requirements of the device. This table provides the reset initialization AC timing specifications for the DDR SDRAM component(s).

**Table 11. RESET Initialization Timing Specifications**

| Parameter/Condition                                                                                                                                                            | Min | Max | Unit                       | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|----------------------------|-------|
| Required assertion time of $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ or $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ (input) to activate reset flow                                                             | 32  | —   | $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$ | 1     |
| Required assertion time of $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ with stable clock applied to CLKIN when the device is in PCI host mode                                                  | 32  | —   | $t_{\text{CLKIN}}$         | 2     |
| Required assertion time of $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ with stable clock applied to PCI_SYNC_IN when the device is in PCI agent mode                                           | 32  | —   | $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$ | 1     |
| $\overline{\text{HRESET}}/\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ assertion (output)                                                                                                         | 512 | —   | $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$ | 1     |
| $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ negation to $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ negation (output)                                                                                            | 16  | —   | $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$ | 1     |
| Input setup time for POR config signals (CFG_RESET_SOURCE[0:2] and CFG_CLKIN_DIV) with respect to negation of $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ when the device is in PCI host mode  | 4   | —   | $t_{\text{CLKIN}}$         | 2     |
| Input setup time for POR config signals (CFG_RESET_SOURCE[0:2] and CFG_CLKIN_DIV) with respect to negation of $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ when the device is in PCI agent mode | 4   | —   | $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$ | 1     |
| Input hold time for POR config signals with respect to negation of $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$                                                                                  | 0   | —   | ns                         | —     |
| Time for the device to turn off POR config signals with respect to the assertion of $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$                                                                 | —   | 4   | ns                         | 3     |
| Time for the device to turn on POR config signals with respect to the negation of $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$                                                                   | 1   | —   | $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$ | 1, 3  |

**Notes:**

1.  $t_{\text{PCI\_SYNC\_IN}}$  is the clock period of the input clock applied to PCI\_SYNC\_IN. When the device is in PCI host mode the primary clock is applied to the CLKIN input, and PCI\_SYNC\_IN period depends on the value of CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV. Refer *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* for more details.
2.  $t_{\text{CLKIN}}$  is the clock period of the input clock applied to CLKIN. It is only valid when the device is in PCI host mode. Refer *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* for more details.
3. POR config signals consists of CFG\_RESET\_SOURCE[0:2] and CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV.

This table provides the PLL and DLL lock times.

**Table 12. PLL and DLL Lock Times**

| Parameter/Condition | Min  | Max     | Unit           | Notes |
|---------------------|------|---------|----------------|-------|
| PLL lock times      | —    | 100     | $\mu\text{s}$  | —     |
| DLL lock times      | 7680 | 122,880 | csb_clk cycles | 1, 2  |

**Notes:**

1. DLL lock times are a function of the ratio between the output clock and the coherency system bus clock (csb\_clk). A 2:1 ratio results in the minimum and an 8:1 ratio results in the maximum.
2. The csb\_clk is determined by the CLKIN and system PLL ratio. See [Section 21, "Clocking,"](#) for more information.

## 5.3 QUICC Engine Block Operating Frequency Limitations

This section specifies the limits of the AC electrical characteristics for the operation of the QUICC Engine block's communication interfaces.

### NOTE

The settings listed below are required for correct hardware interface operation. Each protocol by itself requires a minimal QUICC Engine block operating frequency setting for meeting the performance target. Because the performance is a complex function of all the QUICC Engine block settings, the user should make use of the QUICC Engine block performance utility tool provided by Freescale to validate their system.

This table lists the maximal QUICC Engine block I/O frequencies and the minimal QUICC Engine block core frequency for each interface.

**Table 13. QUICC Engine Block Operating Frequency Limitations**

| Interface                     | Interface Operating Frequency (MHz) | Max Interface Bit Rate (Mbps) | Min QUICC Engine Operating Frequency <sup>1</sup> (MHz) | Notes |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Ethernet Management: MDC/MDIO | 10 (max)                            | 10                            | 20                                                      | —     |
| MII                           | 25 (typ)                            | 100                           | 50                                                      | —     |
| RMII                          | 50 (typ)                            | 100                           | 50                                                      | —     |
| GMII/RGMII/TBI/RTBI           | 125 (typ)                           | 1000                          | 250                                                     | —     |
| SPI (master/slave)            | 10 (max)                            | 10                            | 20                                                      | —     |
| UCC through TDM               | 50 (max)                            | 70                            | $8 \times F$                                            | 2     |
| MCC                           | 25 (max)                            | 16.67                         | $16 \times F$                                           | 2, 4  |
| UTOPIA L2                     | 50 (max)                            | 800                           | $2 \times F$                                            | 2     |
| POS-PHY L2                    | 50 (max)                            | 800                           | $2 \times F$                                            | 2     |
| HDLC bus                      | 10 (max)                            | 10                            | 20                                                      | —     |
| HDLC/transparent              | 50 (max)                            | 50                            | $8/3 \times F$                                          | 2, 3  |
| UART/asynch HDLC              | 3.68 (max internal ref clock)       | 115 (Kbps)                    | 20                                                      | —     |
| BISYNC                        | 2 (max)                             | 2                             | 20                                                      | —     |
| USB                           | 48 (ref clock)                      | 12                            | 96                                                      | —     |

#### Notes:

1. The QUICC Engine module needs to run at a frequency higher than or equal to what is listed in this table.
2. 'F' is the actual interface operating frequency.
3. The bit rate limit is independent of the data bus width (that is, the same for serial, nibble, or octal interfaces).
4. TDM in high-speed mode for serial data interface.

## 6 DDR and DDR2 SDRAM

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the DDR and DDR2 SDRAM interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

## 6.1 DDR and DDR2 SDRAM DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the recommended operating conditions for the DDR2 SDRAM component(s) of the device when  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ}) = 1.8 \text{ V}$ .

**Table 14. DDR2 SDRAM DC Electrical Characteristics for  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ}) = 1.8 \text{ V}$**

| Parameter/Condition                                      | Symbol     | Min                   | Max                   | Unit          | Notes |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------|
| I/O supply voltage                                       | $GV_{DD}$  | 1.71                  | 1.89                  | V             | 1     |
| I/O reference voltage                                    | $MV_{REF}$ | $0.49 \times GV_{DD}$ | $0.51 \times GV_{DD}$ | V             | 2     |
| I/O termination voltage                                  | $V_{TT}$   | $MV_{REF} - 0.04$     | $MV_{REF} + 0.04$     | V             | 3     |
| Input high voltage                                       | $V_{IH}$   | $MV_{REF} + 0.125$    | $GV_{DD} + 0.3$       | V             | —     |
| Input low voltage                                        | $V_{IL}$   | -0.3                  | $MV_{REF} - 0.125$    | V             | —     |
| Output leakage current                                   | $I_{OZ}$   | —                     | $\pm 10$              | $\mu\text{A}$ | 4     |
| Output high current ( $V_{OUT} = 1.420 \text{ V}$ )      | $I_{OH}$   | -13.4                 | —                     | mA            | —     |
| Output low current ( $V_{OUT} = 0.280 \text{ V}$ )       | $I_{OL}$   | 13.4                  | —                     | mA            | —     |
| $MV_{REF}$ input leakage current                         | $I_{VREF}$ | —                     | $\pm 10$              | $\mu\text{A}$ | —     |
| Input current ( $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ ) | $I_{IN}$   | —                     | $\pm 10$              | $\mu\text{A}$ | —     |

**Notes:**

- $GV_{DD}$  is expected to be within 50 mV of the DRAM  $GV_{DD}$  at all times.
- $MV_{REF}$  is expected to equal  $0.5 \times GV_{DD}$ , and to track  $GV_{DD}$  DC variations as measured at the receiver. Peak-to-peak noise on  $MV_{REF}$  cannot exceed  $\pm 2\%$  of the DC value.
- $V_{TT}$  is not applied directly to the device. It is the supply to which far end signal termination is made and is expected to equal  $MV_{REF}$ . This rail should track variations in the DC level of  $MV_{REF}$ .
- Output leakage is measured with all outputs disabled,  $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq GV_{DD}$ .

This table provides the DDR2 capacitance when  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ}) = 1.8 \text{ V}$ .

**Table 15. DDR2 SDRAM Capacitance for  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ})=1.8 \text{ V}$**

| Parameter/Condition                                       | Symbol    | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Input/output capacitance: DQ, DQS, $\overline{DQS}$       | $C_{IO}$  | 6   | 8   | pF   | 1     |
| Delta input/output capacitance: DQ, DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ | $C_{DIO}$ | —   | 0.5 | pF   | 1     |

**Note:**

- This parameter is sampled.  $GV_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.090 \text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = GV_{DD}/2$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  (peak-to-peak) = 0.2 V.

This table provides the recommended operating conditions for the DDR SDRAM component(s) of the device when  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ}) = 2.5 \text{ V}$ .

**Table 16. DDR SDRAM DC Electrical Characteristics for  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ}) = 2.5 \text{ V}$**

| Parameter/Condition     | Symbol     | Min                   | Max                   | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|-------|
| I/O supply voltage      | $GV_{DD}$  | 2.375                 | 2.625                 | V    | 1     |
| I/O reference voltage   | $MV_{REF}$ | $0.49 \times GV_{DD}$ | $0.51 \times GV_{DD}$ | V    | 2     |
| I/O termination voltage | $V_{TT}$   | $MV_{REF} - 0.04$     | $MV_{REF} + 0.04$     | V    | 3     |

**Table 16. DDR SDRAM DC Electrical Characteristics for  $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$  (continued)**

| Parameter/Condition                                     | Symbol     | Min               | Max               | Unit          | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------|
| Input high voltage                                      | $V_{IH}$   | $MV_{REF} + 0.18$ | $GV_{DD} + 0.3$   | V             | —     |
| Input low voltage                                       | $V_{IL}$   | -0.3              | $MV_{REF} - 0.18$ | V             | —     |
| Output leakage current                                  | $I_{OZ}$   | —                 | $\pm 10$          | $\mu\text{A}$ | 4     |
| Output high current ( $V_{OUT} = 1.95\text{ V}$ )       | $I_{OH}$   | -15.2             | —                 | mA            | —     |
| Output low current ( $V_{OUT} = 0.35\text{ V}$ )        | $I_{OL}$   | 15.2              | —                 | mA            | —     |
| $MV_{REF}$ input leakage current                        | $I_{VREF}$ | —                 | $\pm 10$          | $\mu\text{A}$ | —     |
| Input current ( $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ ) | $I_{IN}$   | —                 | $\pm 10$          | $\mu\text{A}$ | —     |

**Notes:**

1.  $GV_{DD}$  is expected to be within 50 mV of the DRAM  $GV_{DD}$  at all times.
2.  $MV_{REF}$  is expected to be equal to  $0.5 \times GV_{DD}$ , and to track  $GV_{DD}$  DC variations as measured at the receiver. Peak-to-peak noise on  $MV_{REF}$  may not exceed  $\pm 2\%$  of the DC value.
3.  $V_{TT}$  is not applied directly to the device. It is the supply to which far end signal termination is made and is expected to be equal to  $MV_{REF}$ . This rail should track variations in the DC level of  $MV_{REF}$ .
4. Output leakage is measured with all outputs disabled,  $0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq GV_{DD}$ .

This table provides the DDR capacitance when  $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$ .

**Table 17. DDR SDRAM Capacitance for  $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$** 

| Parameter/Condition                     | Symbol    | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Input/output capacitance: DQ, DQS       | $C_{IO}$  | 6   | 8   | pF   | 1     |
| Delta input/output capacitance: DQ, DQS | $C_{DIO}$ | —   | 0.5 | pF   | 1     |

**Note:**

1. This parameter is sampled.  $GV_{DD} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.125\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = GV_{DD}/2$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  (peak-to-peak) = 0.2 V.

## 6.2 DDR and DDR2 SDRAM AC Electrical Characteristics

This section provides the AC electrical characteristics for the DDR and DDR2 SDRAM interface.

### 6.2.1 DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the input AC timing specifications for the DDR2 SDRAM interface when  $GV_{DD}(typ) = 1.8\text{ V}$ .

**Table 18. DDR2 SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications for  $GV_{DD}(typ) = 1.8\text{ V}$** 

At recommended operating conditions with  $GV_{DD}$  of  $1.8\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ .

| Parameter             | Symbol   | Min               | Max               | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|------|-------|
| AC input low voltage  | $V_{IL}$ | —                 | $MV_{REF} - 0.25$ | V    | —     |
| AC input high voltage | $V_{IH}$ | $MV_{REF} + 0.25$ | —                 | V    | —     |

This table provides the input AC timing specifications for the DDR SDRAM interface when  $GV_{DD}(\text{typ}) = 2.5 \text{ V}$ .

**Table 19. DDR SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions with  $GV_{DD}$  of  $2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ .

| Parameter             | Symbol   | Min               | Max               | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|------|-------|
| AC input low voltage  | $V_{IL}$ | —                 | $MV_{REF} - 0.31$ | V    | —     |
| AC input high voltage | $V_{IH}$ | $MV_{REF} + 0.31$ | —                 | V    | —     |

**Table 20. DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications Mode**

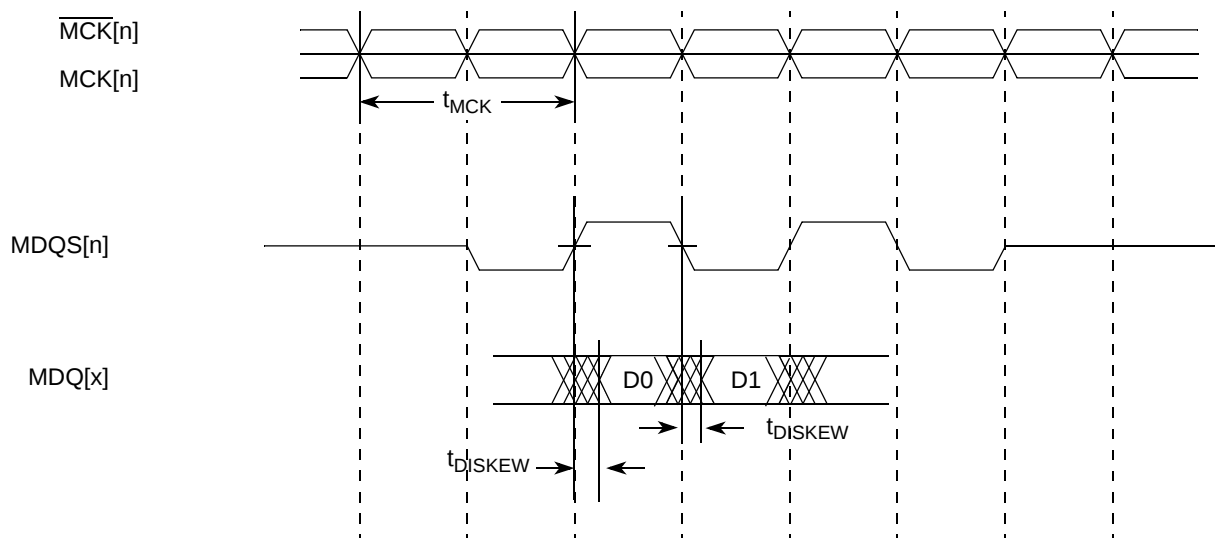
At recommended operating conditions with  $GV_{DD}$  of  $(1.8 \text{ or } 2.5 \text{ V}) \pm 5\%$ .

| Parameter                                                          | Symbol       | Min                    | Max                 | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------|------|-------|
| MDQS—MDQ/MECC input skew per byte<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz | $t_{DISKEW}$ | –750<br>–1125<br>–1250 | 750<br>1125<br>1250 | ps   | 1, 2  |

**Notes:**

- AC timing values are based on the DDR data rate, which is twice the DDR memory bus frequency.
- Maximum possible skew between a data strobe ( $MDQS[n]$ ) and any corresponding bit of data ( $MDQ[8n + \{0...7\}]$  if  $0 \leq n \leq 7$ ) or ECC ( $MECC[\{0...7\}]$  if  $n = 8$ ).

This figure shows the input timing diagram for the DDR controller.



**Figure 6. DDR Input Timing Diagram**

## 6.2.2 DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Output AC Timing Specifications

Table 21 and Table 22 provide the output AC timing specifications and measurement conditions for the DDR and DDR2 SDRAM interface.

**Table 21. DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Output AC Timing Specifications for Source Synchronous Mode**

At recommended operating conditions with  $GV_{DD}$  of (1.8 V or 2.5 V)  $\pm$  5%.

| Parameter <sup>8</sup>                                                                         | Symbol <sup>1</sup>            | Min                         | Max                         | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-------|
| MCK[n] cycle time, (MCK[n]/ $\overline{MCK[n]}$ crossing)                                      | $t_{MCK}$                      | 6                           | 10                          | ns   | 2     |
| Skew between any MCK to ADDR/CMD<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz                              | $t_{AOSKEW}$                   | -1.0<br>-1.1<br>-1.2        | 0.2<br>0.3<br>0.4           | ns   | 3     |
| ADDR/CMD output setup with respect to MCK<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz                     | $t_{DDKHAS}$                   | 2.1<br>2.8<br>3.5           | —                           | ns   | 4     |
| ADDR/CMD output hold with respect to MCK<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz—DDR1<br>266 MHz—DDR2<br>200 MHz | $t_{DDKHAX}$                   | 2.0<br>2.7<br>2.8<br>3.5    | —                           | ns   | 4     |
| $\overline{MCS}(n)$ output setup with respect to MCK<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz          | $t_{DDKHCS}$                   | 2.1<br>2.8<br>3.5           | —                           | ns   | 4     |
| $\overline{MCS}(n)$ output hold with respect to MCK<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz           | $t_{DDKHCSX}$                  | 2.0<br>2.7<br>3.5           | —                           | ns   | 4     |
| MCK to MDQS                                                                                    | $t_{DDKMH}$                    | -0.8                        | 0.7                         | ns   | 5, 9  |
| MDQ/MECC/MDM output setup with respect to MDQS<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz                | $t_{DDKHDS}$ ,<br>$t_{DDKLDS}$ | 0.7<br>1.0<br>1.2           | —                           | ns   | 6     |
| MDQ/MECC/MDM output hold with respect to MDQS<br>333 MHz<br>266 MHz<br>200 MHz                 | $t_{DDKHDX}$ ,<br>$t_{DDKLDX}$ | 0.7<br>1.0<br>1.2           | —                           | ns   | 6     |
| MDQS preamble start                                                                            | $t_{DDKHMP}$                   | $-0.5 \times t_{MCK} - 0.6$ | $-0.5 \times t_{MCK} + 0.6$ | ns   | 7     |

**Table 21. DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Output AC Timing Specifications for Source Synchronous Mode (continued)**

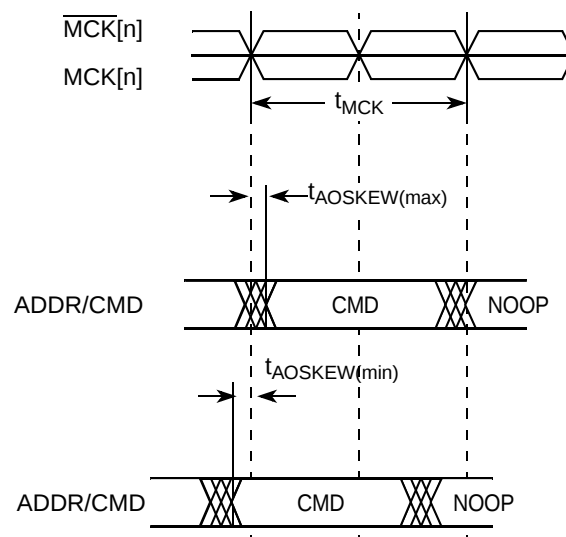
At recommended operating conditions with  $GV_{DD}$  of (1.8 V or 2.5 V)  $\pm$  5%.

| Parameter <sup>8</sup> | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min  | Max | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------|---------------------|------|-----|------|-------|
| MDQS epilogue end      | $t_{DDKHME}$        | -0.6 | 0.9 | ns   | 7     |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}$  for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}$  for outputs. Output hold time can be read as DDR timing (DD) from the rising or falling edge of the reference clock (KH or KL) until the output went invalid (AX or DX). For example,  $t_{DDKHAS}$  symbolizes DDR timing (DD) for the time  $t_{MCK}$  memory clock reference (K) goes from the high (H) state until outputs (A) are setup (S) or output valid time. Also,  $t_{DDKLDX}$  symbolizes DDR timing (DD) for the time  $t_{MCK}$  memory clock reference (K) goes low (L) until data outputs (D) are invalid (X) or data output hold time.
- All MCK/MCK referenced measurements are made from the crossing of the two signals  $\pm 0.1$  V.
- In the source synchronous mode, MCK/MCK can be shifted in  $\frac{1}{4}$  applied cycle increments through the clock control register. For the skew measurements referenced for  $t_{AOSKEW}$  it is assumed that the clock adjustment is set to align the address/command valid with the rising edge of MCK.
- ADDR/CMD includes all DDR SDRAM output signals except  $\overline{MCK}/\overline{MCK}$ ,  $\overline{MCS}$ , and MDQ/MECC/MDM/MDQS. For the ADDR/CMD setup and hold specifications, it is assumed that the clock control register is set to adjust the memory clocks by  $\frac{1}{2}$  applied cycle.
- Note that  $t_{DDKMHM}$  follows the symbol conventions described in note 1. For example,  $t_{DDKMHM}$  describes the DDR timing (DD) from the rising edge of the MCK(n) clock (KH) until the MDQS signal is valid (MH).  $t_{DDKMHM}$  can be modified through control of the DQSS override bits in the TIMING\_CFG\_2 register. In source synchronous mode, this is typically set to the same delay as the clock adjust in the CLK\_CNTL register. The timing parameters listed in the table assume that these two parameters have been set to the same adjustment value. Refer *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* for a description and understanding of the timing modifications enabled by use of these bits.
- Determined by maximum possible skew between a data strobe (MDQS) and any corresponding bit of data (MDQ), ECC (MECC), or data mask (MDM). The data strobe should be centered inside of the data eye at the pins of the device.
- All outputs are referenced to the rising edge of MCK(n) at the pins of the device. Note that  $t_{DDKHMP}$  follows the symbol conventions described in note 1.
- AC timing values are based on the DDR data rate, which is twice the DDR memory bus frequency.
- In rev. 2.0 silicon,  $t_{DDKMHM}$  maximum meets the specification of 0.6 ns. In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{DDKMHM}$  minimum is -0.9 ns. Refer to Errata DDR18 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

This figure shows the DDR SDRAM output timing for address skew with respect to any MCK.



**Figure 7. Timing Diagram for  $t_{AOSKEW}$  Measurement**

This figure provides the AC test load for the DDR bus.

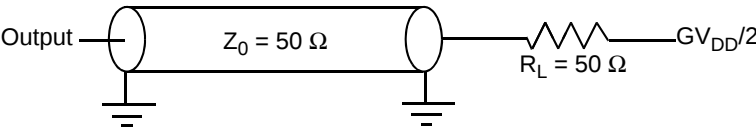


Figure 8. DDR AC Test Load

Table 22. DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Measurement Conditions

| Symbol    | DDR                          | DDR2                         | Unit | Notes |
|-----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------|-------|
| $V_{TH}$  | $MV_{REF} \pm 0.31\text{ V}$ | $MV_{REF} \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ | V    | 1     |
| $V_{OUT}$ | $0.5 \times GV_{DD}$         | $0.5 \times GV_{DD}$         | V    | 2     |

**Notes:**

1. Data input threshold measurement point.
2. Data output measurement point.

This figure shows the DDR SDRAM output timing diagram for source synchronous mode.

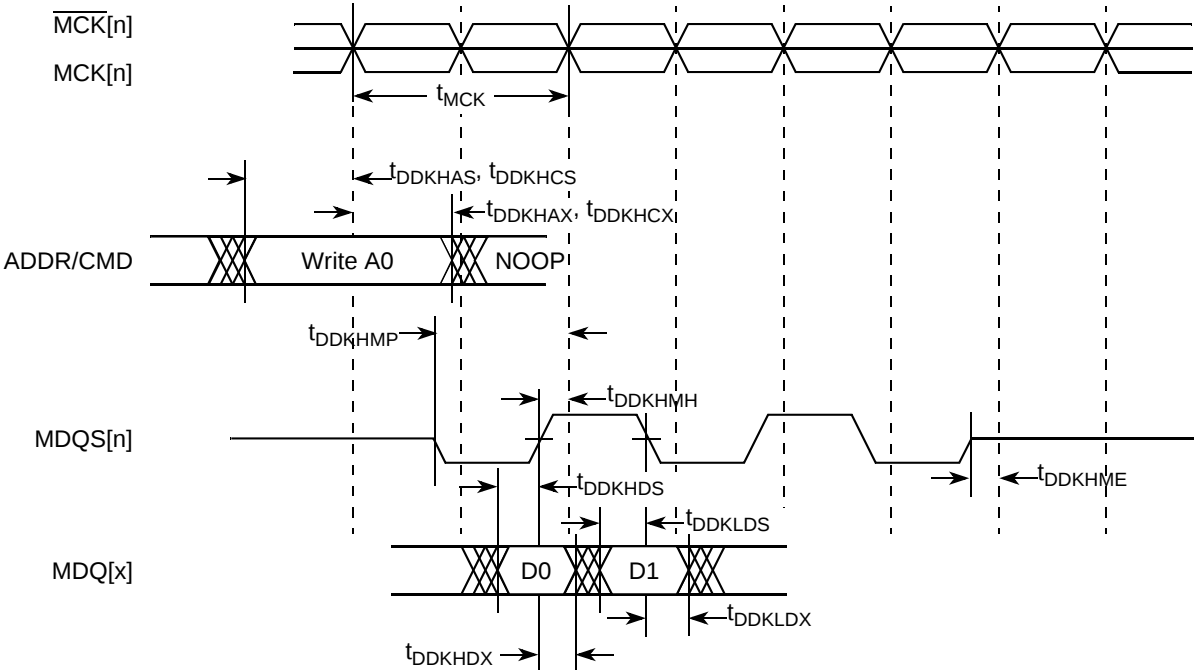


Figure 9. DDR SDRAM Output Timing Diagram for Source Synchronous Mode

## 7 DUART

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the DUART interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 7.1 DUART DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the DUART interface of the device.

**Table 23. DUART DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter                                        | Symbol   | Min             | Max             | Unit    | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-------|
| High-level input voltage                         | $V_{IH}$ | 2               | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V       | —     |
| Low-level input voltage $OV_{DD}$                | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3            | 0.8             | V       | —     |
| High-level output voltage, $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ | $V_{OH}$ | $OV_{DD} - 0.4$ | —               | V       | —     |
| Low-level output voltage, $I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$   | $V_{OL}$ | —               | 0.2             | V       | —     |
| Input current ( $0 V \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ ) | $I_{IN}$ | —               | $\pm 10$        | $\mu A$ | 1     |

**Note:**

- Note that the symbol  $V_{IN}$ , in this case, represents the  $OV_{IN}$  symbol referenced in [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#).

### 7.2 DUART AC Electrical Specifications

This table provides the AC timing parameters for the DUART interface of the device.

**Table 24. DUART AC Timing Specifications**

| Parameter         | Value      | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------|------------|------|-------|
| Minimum baud rate | 256        | baud | —     |
| Maximum baud rate | >1,000,000 | baud | 1     |
| Oversample rate   | 16         | —    | 2     |

**Notes:**

- Actual attainable baud rate is limited by the latency of interrupt processing.
- The middle of a start bit is detected as the eighth sampled 0 after the 1-to-0 transition of the start bit. Subsequent bit values are sampled each sixteenth sample.

## 8 UCC Ethernet Controller: Three-Speed Ethernet, MII Management

This section provides the AC and DC electrical characteristics for three-speed, 10/100/1000, and MII management.

### 8.1 Three-Speed Ethernet Controller (10/100/1000 Mbps)—GMII/MII/RMII/TBI/RGMII/RTBI Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics specified here apply to all GMII (gigabit media independent interface), MII (media independent interface), RMII (reduced media independent interface), TBI (ten-bit interface), RGMII (reduced gigabit media independent interface), and RTBI (reduced ten-bit interface) signals except MDIO (management data input/output) and MDC (management data clock). The MII, RMII, GMII, and TBI interfaces are only defined for 3.3 V, while the RGMII and RTBI interfaces are only defined for 2.5 V. The RGMII and RTBI interfaces follow the Hewlett-Packard reduced pin-count interface for Gigabit Ethernet

Physical Layer Device Specification Version 1.2a (9/22/2000). The electrical characteristics for the MDIO and MDC are specified in [Section 8.3, “Ethernet Management Interface Electrical Characteristics.”](#)

## 8.1.1 10/100/1000 Ethernet DC Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics specified here apply to media independent interface (MII), reduced gigabit media independent interface (RGMII), reduced ten-bit interface (RTBI), reduced media independent interface (RMII) signals, management data input/output (MDIO) and management data clock (MDC).

The MII and RMII interfaces are defined for 3.3 V, while the RGMII and RTBI interfaces can be operated at 2.5 V. The RGMII and RTBI interfaces follow the *Reduced Gigabit Media-Independent Interface (RGMII) Specification Version 1.3*. The RMII interface follows the *RMII Consortium RMII Specification Version 1.2*.

**Table 25. RGMII/RTBI, GMII, TBI, MII, and RMII DC Electrical Characteristics (when operating at 3.3 V)**

| Parameter            | Symbol   | Conditions                            |                       | Min  | Max            | Unit          | Notes |
|----------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|----------------|---------------|-------|
| Supply voltage 3.3 V | $V_{DD}$ | —                                     |                       | 2.97 | 3.63           | V             | 1     |
| Output high voltage  | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$            | $V_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | 2.40 | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             | —     |
| Output low voltage   | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{ mA}$             | $V_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | GND  | 0.50           | V             | —     |
| Input high voltage   | $V_{IH}$ | —                                     | —                     | 2.0  | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             | —     |
| Input low voltage    | $V_{IL}$ | —                                     | —                     | -0.3 | 0.90           | V             | —     |
| Input current        | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$ |                       | —    | $\pm 10$       | $\mu\text{A}$ | —     |

**Note:**

1. GMII/II pins that are not needed for RGMII, RMII, or RTBI operation are powered by the  $OV_{DD}$  supply.

**Table 26. RGMII/RTBI DC Electrical Characteristics (when operating at 2.5 V)**

| Parameters           | Symbol   | Conditions                            |                       | Min       | Max            | Unit          |
|----------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| Supply voltage 2.5 V | $V_{DD}$ | —                                     |                       | 2.37      | 2.63           | V             |
| Output high voltage  | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$            | $V_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | 2.00      | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Output low voltage   | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$             | $V_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | GND - 0.3 | 0.40           | V             |
| Input high voltage   | $V_{IH}$ | —                                     | $V_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | 1.7       | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage    | $V_{IL}$ | —                                     | $V_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | -0.3      | 0.70           | V             |
| Input current        | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$ |                       | —         | $\pm 10$       | $\mu\text{A}$ |

## 8.2 GMII, MII, RMII, TBI, RGMII, and RTBI AC Timing Specifications

The AC timing specifications for GMII, MII, TBI, RGMII, and RTBI are presented in this section.

### 8.2.1 GMII Timing Specifications

This sections describe the GMII transmit and receive AC timing specifications.

### 8.2.1.1 GMII Transmit AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the GMII transmit AC timing specifications.

**Table 27. GMII Transmit AC Timing Specifications**

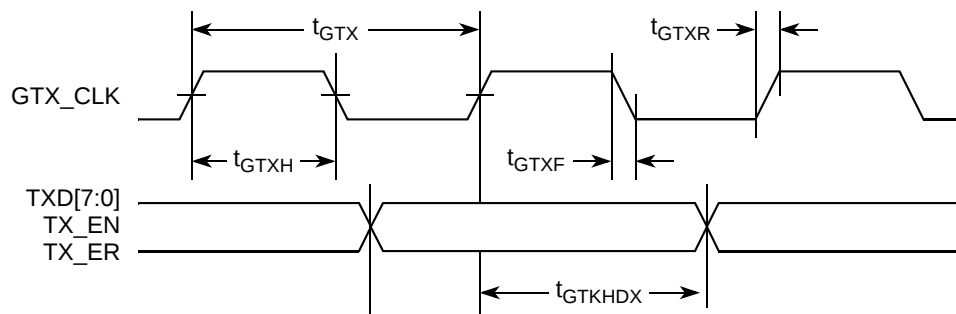
At recommended operating conditions with  $LV_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                                           | Symbol <sup>1</sup>          | Min      | Typ | Max      | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-----|----------|------|-------|
| GTX_CLK clock period                                          | $t_{GTX}$                    | —        | 8.0 | —        | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK duty cycle                                            | $t_{GTXH}/t_{GTX}$           | 40       | —   | 60       | %    | —     |
| GTX_CLK to GMII data TXD[7:0], TX_ER, TX_EN delay             | $t_{GTKHDX}$<br>$t_{GTKHDV}$ | 0.5<br>— | —   | —<br>5.0 | ns   | 3     |
| GTX_CLK clock rise time, (20% to 80%)                         | $t_{GTXR}$                   | —        | —   | 1.0      | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK clock fall time, (80% to 20%)                         | $t_{GTXF}$                   | —        | —   | 1.0      | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK125 clock period                                       | $t_{G125}$                   | —        | 8.0 | —        | ns   | 2     |
| GTX_CLK125 reference clock duty cycle measured at $LV_{DD}/2$ | $t_{G125H}/t_{G125}$         | 45       | —   | 55       | %    | 2     |

**Notes:**

1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{GTKHDV}$  symbolizes GMII transmit timing (GT) with respect to the  $t_{GTX}$  clock reference (K) going to the high state (H) relative to the time date input signals (D) reaching the valid state (V) to state or setup time. Also,  $t_{GTKHDX}$  symbolizes GMII transmit timing (GT) with respect to the  $t_{GTX}$  clock reference (K) going to the high state (H) relative to the time date input signals (D) going invalid (X) or hold time. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{GTX}$  represents the GMII(G) transmit (TX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
2. This symbol is used to represent the external GTX\_CLK125 signal and does not follow the original symbol naming convention.
3. In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{GTKHDX}$  minimum and  $t_{GTKHDV}$  maximum are not supported when the GTX\_CLK is selected. Refer to Errata *QE\_ENET18* in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

This figure shows the GMII transmit AC timing diagram.



**Figure 10. GMII Transmit AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.1.2 GMII Receive AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the GMII receive AC timing specifications.

**Table 28. GMII Receive AC Timing Specifications**

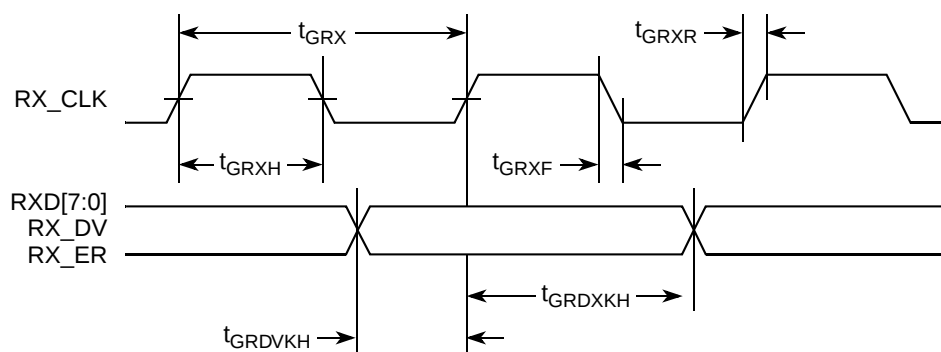
At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of 3.3 V  $\pm$  10%.

| Parameter/Condition                         | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|
| RX_CLK clock period                         | $t_{GRX}$           | —   | 8.0 | —   | ns   | —     |
| RX_CLK duty cycle                           | $t_{GRXH}/t_{GRX}$  | 40  | —   | 60  | %    | —     |
| RXD[7:0], RX_DV, RX_ER setup time to RX_CLK | $t_{GRDVKH}$        | 2.0 | —   | —   | ns   | —     |
| RXD[7:0], RX_DV, RX_ER hold time to RX_CLK  | $t_{GRDXKH}$        | 0.2 | —   | —   | ns   | 2     |
| RX_CLK clock rise time, (20% to 80%)        | $t_{GRXR}$          | —   | —   | 1.0 | ns   | —     |
| RX_CLK clock fall time, (80% to 20%)        | $t_{GRXF}$          | —   | —   | 1.0 | ns   | —     |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{GRDVKH}$  symbolizes GMII receive timing (GR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reaching the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{RX}$  clock reference (K) going to the high state (H) or setup time. Also,  $t_{GRDXKL}$  symbolizes GMII receive timing (GR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{GRX}$  clock reference (K) going to the low state (L) or hold time. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{GRX}$  represents the GMII (G) receive (RX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{GRDXKH}$  minimum is 0.5 which is not compliant with the standard. Refer to Errata *QE\_ENET18* in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

This figure shows the GMII receive AC timing diagram.



**Figure 11. GMII Receive AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.2 MII AC Timing Specifications

This section describes the MII transmit and receive AC timing specifications.

### 8.2.2.1 MII Transmit AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the MII transmit AC timing specifications.

**Table 29. MII Transmit AC Timing Specifications**

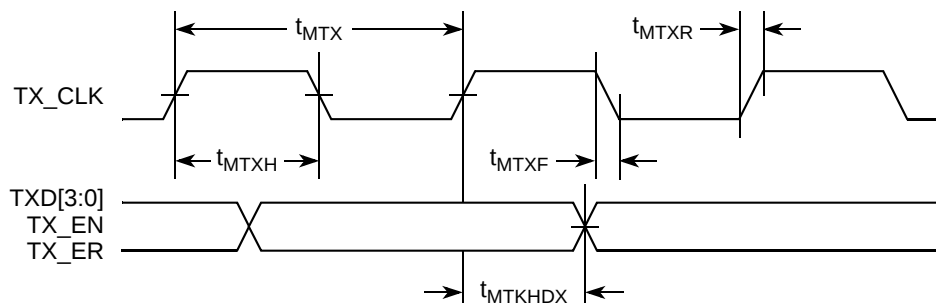
At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                             | Symbol <sup>1</sup>          | Min    | Typ | Max     | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----|---------|------|
| TX_CLK clock period 10 Mbps                     | $t_{MTX}$                    | —      | 400 | —       | ns   |
| TX_CLK clock period 100 Mbps                    | $t_{MTX}$                    | —      | 40  | —       | ns   |
| TX_CLK duty cycle                               | $t_{MTXH}/t_{MTX}$           | 35     | —   | 65      | %    |
| TX_CLK to MII data TXD[3:0], TX_ER, TX_EN delay | $t_{MTKHDX}$<br>$t_{MTKHDV}$ | 1<br>— | 5   | —<br>15 | ns   |
| TX_CLK data clock rise time, (20% to 80%)       | $t_{MTXR}$                   | 1.0    | —   | 4.0     | ns   |
| TX_CLK data clock fall time, (80% to 20%)       | $t_{MTXF}$                   | 1.0    | —   | 4.0     | ns   |

**Note:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}}$  for inputs and  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{MTKHDX}$  symbolizes MII transmit timing (MT) for the time  $t_{MTX}$  clock reference (K) going high (H) until data outputs (D) are invalid (X). Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on two to three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{MTX}$  represents the MII(M) transmit (TX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

This figure shows the MII transmit AC timing diagram.



**Figure 12. MII Transmit AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.2.2 MII Receive AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the MII receive AC timing specifications.

**Table 30. MII Receive AC Timing Specifications**

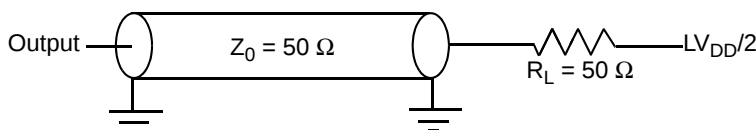
At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                         | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min  | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| RX_CLK clock period 10 Mbps                 | $t_{MRX}$           | —    | 400 | —   | ns   |
| RX_CLK clock period 100 Mbps                | $t_{MRX}$           | —    | 40  | —   | ns   |
| RX_CLK duty cycle                           | $t_{MRXH}/t_{MRXF}$ | 35   | —   | 65  | %    |
| RXD[3:0], RX_DV, RX_ER setup time to RX_CLK | $t_{MRDVKH}$        | 10.0 | —   | —   | ns   |
| RXD[3:0], RX_DV, RX_ER hold time to RX_CLK  | $t_{MRDXKH}$        | 10.0 | —   | —   | ns   |
| RX_CLK clock rise time, (20% to 80%)        | $t_{MRXR}$          | 1.0  | —   | 4.0 | ns   |
| RX_CLK clock fall time, (80% to 20%)        | $t_{MRXF}$          | 1.0  | —   | 4.0 | ns   |

**Note:**

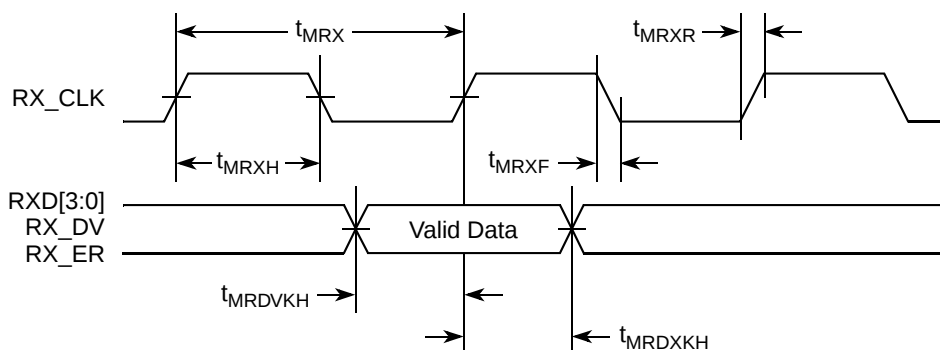
- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}}$  for inputs and  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{MRDVKH}$  symbolizes MII receive timing (MR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{MRX}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{MRDXKL}$  symbolizes MII receive timing (GR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{MRX}$  clock reference (K) going to the low (L) state or hold time. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{MRX}$  represents the MII (M) receive (RX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

This figure provides the AC test load.



**Figure 13. AC Test Load**

This figure shows the MII receive AC timing diagram.



**Figure 14. MII Receive AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.3 RMII AC Timing Specifications

This section describes the RMII transmit and receive AC timing specifications.

### 8.2.3.1 RMII Transmit AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the RMII transmit AC timing specifications.

**Table 31. RMII Transmit AC Timing Specifications**

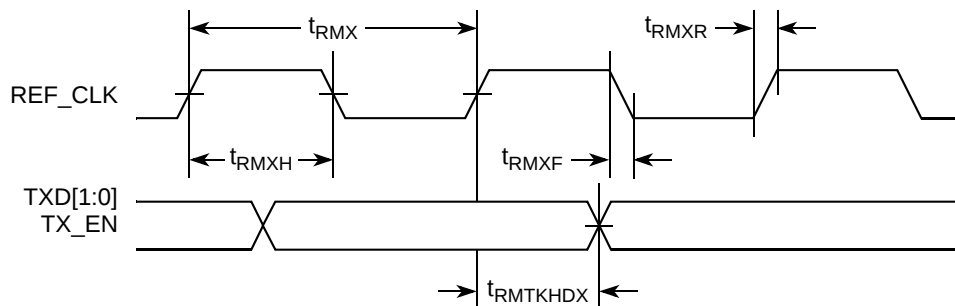
At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                        | Symbol <sup>1</sup>            | Min    | Typ | Max     | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----|---------|------|
| REF_CLK clock                              | $t_{RMX}$                      | —      | 20  | —       | ns   |
| REF_CLK duty cycle                         | $t_{RMXH}/t_{RMX}$             | 35     | —   | 65      | %    |
| REF_CLK to RMII data TXD[1:0], TX_EN delay | $t_{RMTKHDX}$<br>$t_{RMTKHDX}$ | 2<br>— | —   | —<br>10 | ns   |
| REF_CLK data clock rise time               | $t_{RMXR}$                     | 1.0    | —   | 4.0     | ns   |
| REF_CLK data clock fall time               | $t_{RMXF}$                     | 1.0    | —   | 4.0     | ns   |

**Note:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{\text{(first three letters of functional block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}}$  for inputs and  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{RMTKHDX}$  symbolizes RMII transmit timing (RMT) for the time  $t_{RMX}$  clock reference (K) going high (H) until data outputs (D) are invalid (X). Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on two to three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{RMX}$  represents the RMII(RM) reference (X) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

This figure shows the RMII transmit AC timing diagram.



**Figure 15. RMII Transmit AC Timing Diagram**

### 8.2.3.2 RMII Receive AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the RMII receive AC timing specifications.

**Table 32. RMII Receive AC Timing Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition  | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| REF_CLK clock period | $t_{RMX}$           | —   | 20  | —   | ns   |
| REF_CLK duty cycle   | $t_{RMXH}/t_{RMX}$  | 35  | —   | 65  | %    |

**Table 32. RMII Receive AC Timing Specifications (continued)**

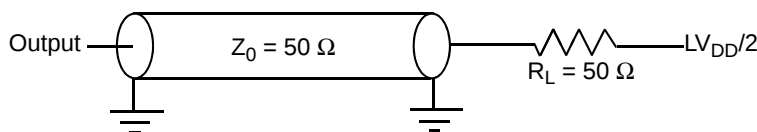
At recommended operating conditions with  $LV_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                           | Symbol <sup>1</sup>  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| RXD[1:0], CRS_DV, RX_ER setup time to REF_CLK | $t_{\text{RMRDVKH}}$ | 4.0 | —   | —   | ns   |
| RXD[1:0], CRS_DV, RX_ER hold time to REF_CLK  | $t_{\text{RMRDXKH}}$ | 2.0 | —   | —   | ns   |
| REF_CLK clock rise time                       | $t_{\text{RMXR}}$    | 1.0 | —   | 4.0 | ns   |
| REF_CLK clock fall time                       | $t_{\text{RMXF}}$    | 1.0 | —   | 4.0 | ns   |

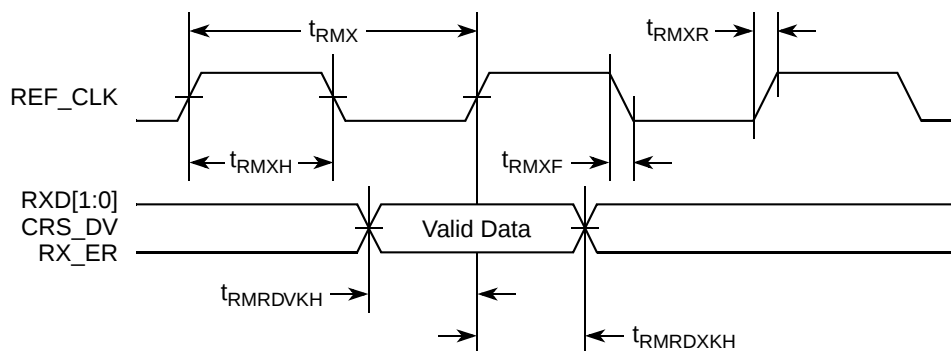
**Note:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{\text{(first three letters of functional block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}}$  for inputs and  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{\text{RMRDVKH}}$  symbolizes RMII receive timing (RMR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{\text{RMX}}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{\text{RMRDXKL}}$  symbolizes RMII receive timing (RMR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{\text{RMX}}$  clock reference (K) going to the low (L) state or hold time. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{\text{RMX}}$  represents the RMII (RM) reference (X) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

This figure provides the AC test load.


**Figure 16. AC Test Load**

This figure shows the RMII receive AC timing diagram.


**Figure 17. RMII Receive AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.4 TBI AC Timing Specifications

This section describes the TBI transmit and receive AC timing specifications.

### 8.2.4.1 TBI Transmit AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the TBI transmit AC timing specifications.

**Table 33. TBI Transmit AC Timing Specifications**

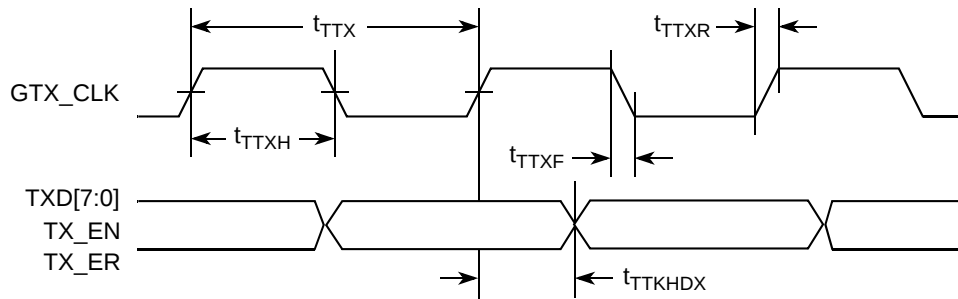
At recommended operating conditions with  $LV_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                   | Symbol <sup>1</sup>          | Min      | Typ | Max      | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-----|----------|------|-------|
| GTX_CLK clock period                  | $t_{TTX}$                    | —        | 8.0 | —        | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK duty cycle                    | $t_{TTXH}/t_{TTX}$           | 40       | —   | 60       | %    | —     |
| GTX_CLK to TBI data TCG[9:0] delay    | $t_{TTKHDV}$<br>$t_{TTKHDX}$ | 1.0<br>— | —   | —<br>5.0 | ns   | 3     |
| GTX_CLK clock rise time, (20% to 80%) | $t_{TTXR}$                   | —        | —   | 1.0      | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK clock fall time, (80% to 20%) | $t_{TTXF}$                   | —        | —   | 1.0      | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK125 reference clock period     | $t_{G125}$                   | —        | 8.0 | —        | ns   | 2     |
| GTX_CLK125 reference clock duty cycle | $t_{G125H}/t_{G125}$         | 45       | —   | 55       | ns   | —     |

**Notes:**

1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{TTKHDV}$  symbolizes the TBI transmit timing (TT) with respect to the time from  $t_{TTX}$  (K) going high (H) until the referenced data signals (D) reach the valid state (V) or setup time. Also,  $t_{TTKHDX}$  symbolizes the TBI transmit timing (TT) with respect to the time from  $t_{TTX}$  (K) going high (H) until the referenced data signals (D) reach the invalid state (X) or hold time. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{TTX}$  represents the TBI (T) transmit (TX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
2. This symbol is used to represent the external GTX\_CLK125 and does not follow the original symbol naming convention.
3. In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{TTKHDV}$  minimum is 0.7 ns for UCC1. Refer to Errata *QE\_ENET19* in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

This figure shows the TBI transmit AC timing diagram.



**Figure 18. TBI Transmit AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.4.2 TBI Receive AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the TBI receive AC timing specifications.

**Table 34. TBI Receive AC Timing Specifications**

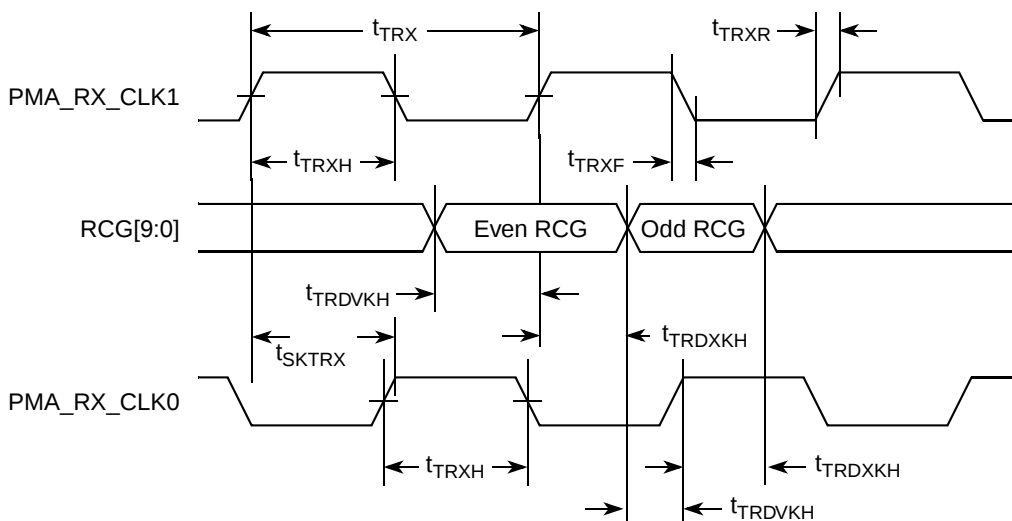
At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}/OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter/Condition                                                  | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|-----|------|-------|
| PMA_RX_CLK clock period                                              | $t_{TRX}$           | —   | 16.0 | —   | ns   | —     |
| PMA_RX_CLK skew                                                      | $t_{SKTRX}$         | 7.5 | —    | 8.5 | ns   | —     |
| RX_CLK duty cycle                                                    | $t_{TRXH}/t_{TRX}$  | 40  | —    | 60  | %    | —     |
| RCG[9:0] setup time to rising PMA_RX_CLK                             | $t_{TRDVKH}$        | 2.5 | —    | —   | ns   | 2     |
| RCG[9:0] hold time to rising PMA_RX_CLK                              | $t_{TRDXKH}$        | 1.0 | —    | —   | ns   | 2     |
| RX_CLK clock rise time, $V_{IL}(\text{min})$ to $V_{IH}(\text{max})$ | $t_{TRXR}$          | 0.7 | —    | 2.4 | ns   | —     |
| RX_CLK clock fall time, $V_{IH}(\text{max})$ to $V_{IL}(\text{min})$ | $t_{TRXF}$          | 0.7 | —    | 2.4 | ns   | —     |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{TRDVKH}$  symbolizes TBI receive timing (TR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{TRX}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{TRDXKH}$  symbolizes TBI receive timing (TR) with respect to the time data input signals (D) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{TRX}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of  $t_{TRX}$  represents the TBI (T) receive (RX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall). For symbols representing skews, the subscript is skew (SK) followed by the clock that is being skewed (TRX).
- Setup and hold time of even numbered RCG are measured from rising edge of PMA\_RX\_CLK1. Setup and hold time of odd numbered RCG are measured from rising edge of PMA\_RX\_CLK0.

This figure shows the TBI receive AC timing diagram.



**Figure 19. TBI Receive AC Timing Diagram**

## 8.2.5 RGMII and RTBI AC Timing Specifications

This table presents the RGMII and RTBI AC timing specifications.

**Table 35. RGMII and RTBI AC Timing Specifications**

At recommended operating conditions with  $LV_{DD}$  of 2.5 V  $\pm$  5%.

| Parameter/Condition                        | Symbol <sup>1</sup>                | Min       | Typ | Max      | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-----|----------|------|-------|
| Data to clock output skew (at transmitter) | $t_{SKRGTKHDX}$<br>$t_{SKRGTKHDV}$ | −0.5<br>— | —   | —<br>0.5 | ns   | 7     |
| Data to clock input skew (at receiver)     | $t_{SKRGDXKH}$<br>$t_{SKRGDVKH}$   | 1.0<br>—  | —   | —<br>2.6 | ns   | 2     |
| Clock cycle duration                       | $t_{RGT}$                          | 7.2       | 8.0 | 8.8      | ns   | 3     |
| Duty cycle for 1000Base-T                  | $t_{RGTH}/t_{RGT}$                 | 45        | 50  | 55       | %    | 4, 5  |
| Duty cycle for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX     | $t_{RGTH}/t_{RGT}$                 | 40        | 50  | 60       | %    | 3, 5  |
| Rise time (20–80%)                         | $t_{RGTR}$                         | —         | —   | 0.75     | ns   | —     |
| Fall time (20–80%)                         | $t_{RGTF}$                         | —         | —   | 0.75     | ns   | —     |
| GTX_CLK125 reference clock period          | $t_{G125}$                         | —         | 8.0 | —        | ns   | 6     |
| GTX_CLK125 reference clock duty cycle      | $t_{G125H}/t_{G125}$               | 47        | —   | 53       | %    | —     |

### Notes:

- Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation for this section is based on the symbols RGT to represent RGMII and RTBI timing. For example, the subscript of  $t_{RGT}$  represents the TBI (T) receive (Rx) clock. Note also that the notation for rise (R) and fall (F) times follows the clock symbol that is being represented. For symbols representing skews, the subscript is skew (SK) followed by the clock that is being skewed (RGT).
- This implies that PC board design requires clocks to be routed such that an additional trace delay of greater than 1.5 ns can be added to the associated clock signal.
- For 10 and 100 Mbps,  $t_{RGT}$  scales to 400 ns  $\pm$  40 ns and 40 ns  $\pm$  4 ns, respectively.
- Duty cycle may be stretched/shrunk during speed changes or while transitioning to a received packet's clock domains as long as the minimum duty cycle is not violated and stretching occurs for no more than three  $t_{RGT}$  of the lowest speed transitioned between.
- Duty cycle reference is  $LV_{DD}/2$ .
- This symbol is used to represent the external GTX\_CLK125 and does not follow the original symbol naming convention.
- In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{SKRGTKHDX}$  minimum is −2.3 ns and  $t_{SKRGTKHDV}$  maximum is 1 ns for UCC1, 1.2 ns for UCC2 option 1, and 1.8 ns for UCC2 option 2. In rev. 2.1 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{SKRGTKHDX}$  minimum is −0.65 ns for UCC2 option 1 and −0.9 for UCC2 option 2, and  $t_{SKRGTKHDV}$  maximum is 0.75 ns for UCC1 and UCC2 option 1 and 0.85 for UCC2 option 2. Refer to Errata QE\_ENET10 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*. UCC1 does meet  $t_{SKRGTKHDX}$  minimum for rev. 2.1 silicon.

This figure shows the RGMII and RTBI AC timing and multiplexing diagrams.

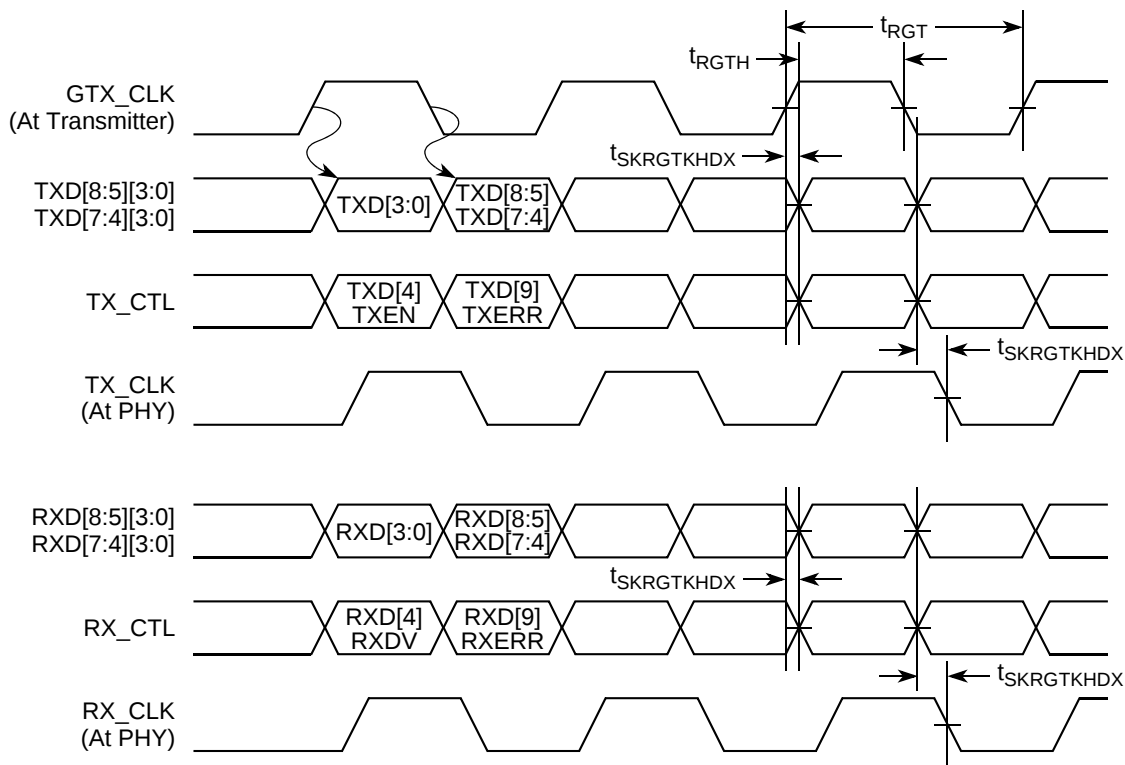


Figure 20. RGMII and RTBI AC Timing and Multiplexing Diagrams

## 8.3 Ethernet Management Interface Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics specified here apply to MII management interface signals MDIO (management data input/output) and MDC (management data clock). The electrical characteristics for GMII, RGMII, TBI, and RTBI are specified in [Section 8.1, “Three-Speed Ethernet Controller \(10/100/1000 Mbps\)—GMII/MII/RMII/TBI/RGMII/RTBI Electrical Characteristics.”](#)

### 8.3.1 MII Management DC Electrical Characteristics

The MDC and MDIO are defined to operate at a supply voltage of 3.3 V. The DC electrical characteristics for MDIO and MDC are provided in this table.

Table 36. MII Management DC Electrical Characteristics When Powered at 3.3 V

| Parameter              | Symbol    | Conditions                             |                        | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Supply voltage (3.3 V) | $OV_{DD}$ | —                                      |                        | 2.97 | 3.63            | V             |
| Output high voltage    | $V_{OH}$  | $I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$             | $OV_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | 2.10 | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Output low voltage     | $V_{OL}$  | $I_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$              | $OV_{DD} = \text{Min}$ | GND  | 0.50            | V             |
| Input high voltage     | $V_{IH}$  | —                                      |                        | 2.00 | —               | V             |
| Input low voltage      | $V_{IL}$  | —                                      |                        | —    | 0.80            | V             |
| Input current          | $I_{IN}$  | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ |                        | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

## 8.3.2 MII Management AC Electrical Specifications

This table provides the MII management AC timing specifications.

**Table 37. MII Management AC Timing Specifications**

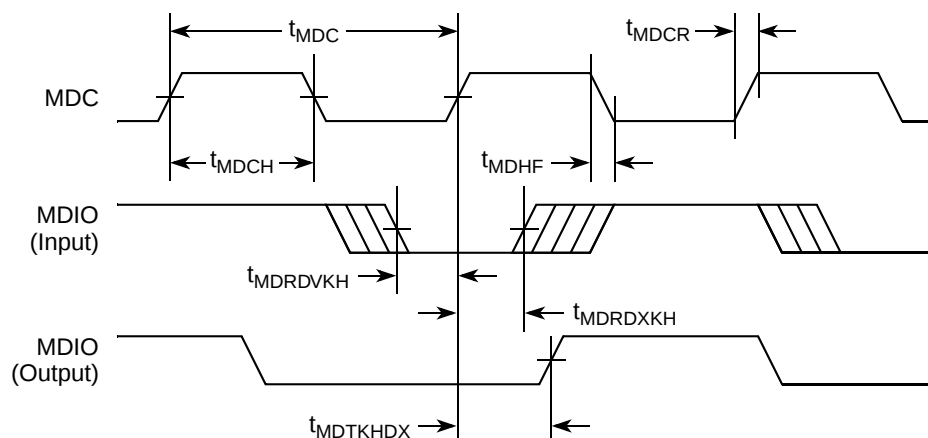
At recommended operating conditions with  $V_{DD}$  is 3.3 V  $\pm$  10%.

| Parameter/Condition        | Symbol <sup>1</sup>            | Min     | Typ | Max      | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----|----------|------|-------|
| MDC frequency              | $f_{MDC}$                      | —       | 2.5 | —        | MHz  | 2     |
| MDC period                 | $t_{MDC}$                      | —       | 400 | —        | ns   | —     |
| MDC clock pulse width high | $t_{MDCH}$                     | 32      | —   | —        | ns   | —     |
| MDC to MDIO delay          | $t_{MDTKHDX}$<br>$t_{MDTKHDV}$ | 10<br>— | —   | —<br>110 | ns   | 3     |
| MDIO to MDC setup time     | $t_{MDRDVKH}$                  | 10      | —   | —        | ns   | —     |
| MDIO to MDC hold time      | $t_{MDRDXXKH}$                 | 0       | —   | —        | ns   | —     |
| MDC rise time              | $t_{MDCR}$                     | —       | —   | 10       | ns   | —     |
| MDC fall time              | $t_{MDHF}$                     | —       | —   | 10       | ns   | —     |

**Notes:**

1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}$  for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{MDKHDX}$  symbolizes management data timing (MD) for the time  $t_{MDC}$  from clock reference (K) high (H) until data outputs (D) are invalid (X) or data hold time. Also,  $t_{MDRDVKH}$  symbolizes management data timing (MD) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{MDC}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
2. This parameter is dependent on the  $csb\_clk$  speed (that is, for a  $csb\_clk$  of 267 MHz, the maximum frequency is 8.3 MHz and the minimum frequency is 1.2 MHz; for a  $csb\_clk$  of 375 MHz, the maximum frequency is 11.7 MHz and the minimum frequency is 1.7 MHz).
3. This parameter is dependent on the  $ce\_clk$  speed (that is, for a  $ce\_clk$  of 200 MHz, the delay is 90 ns and for a  $ce\_clk$  of 300 MHz, the delay is 63 ns).

This figure shows the MII management AC timing diagram.



**Figure 21. MII Management Interface Timing Diagram**

### 8.3.3 IEEE 1588 Timer AC Specifications

This table provides the IEEE 1588 timer AC specifications.

**Table 38. IEEE 1588 Timer AC Specifications**

| Parameter                    | Symbol       | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Timer clock frequency        | $t_{TMRCK}$  | 0   | 70  | MHz  | 1     |
| Input setup to timer clock   | $t_{TMRCKS}$ | —   | —   | —    | 2, 3  |
| Input hold from timer clock  | $t_{TMRCKH}$ | —   | —   | —    | 2, 3  |
| Output clock to output valid | $t_{GCLKNV}$ | 0   | 6   | ns   | —     |
| Timer alarm to output valid  | $t_{TMRAL}$  | —   | —   | —    | 2     |

**Notes:**

1. The timer can operate on rtc\_clock or tmr\_clock. These clocks get muxed and any one of them can be selected. The minimum and maximum requirement for both rtc\_clock and tmr\_clock are the same.
2. These are asynchronous signals.
3. Inputs need to be stable at least one TMR clock.

## 9 Local Bus

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the local bus interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 9.1 Local Bus DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the local bus interface.

**Table 39. Local Bus DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter                                        | Symbol   | Min             | Max             | Unit    |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| High-level input voltage                         | $V_{IH}$ | 2               | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V       |
| Low-level input voltage                          | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3            | 0.8             | V       |
| High-level output voltage, $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ | $V_{OH}$ | $OV_{DD} - 0.4$ | —               | V       |
| Low-level output voltage, $I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$   | $V_{OL}$ | —               | 0.2             | V       |
| Input current                                    | $I_{IN}$ | —               | $\pm 10$        | $\mu A$ |

### 9.2 Local Bus AC Electrical Specifications

This table describes the general timing parameters of the local bus interface of the device.

**Table 40. Local Bus General Timing Parameters—DLL Enabled**

| Parameter                                        | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Local bus cycle time                             | $t_{LBK}$           | 7.5 | —   | ns   | 2     |
| Input setup to local bus clock (except LUPWAIT)  | $t_{LBIVKH1}$       | 1.7 | —   | ns   | 3, 4  |
| LUPWAIT input setup to local bus clock           | $t_{LBIVKH2}$       | 1.9 | —   | ns   | 3, 4  |
| Input hold from local bus clock (except LUPWAIT) | $t_{LBIXKH1}$       | 1.0 | —   | ns   | 3, 4  |

**Table 40. Local Bus General Timing Parameters—DLL Enabled (continued)**

| Parameter                                                   | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| LUPWAIT input hold from local bus clock                     | $t_{LBIXKH2}$       | 1.0 | —   | ns   | 3, 4  |
| LALE output fall to LAD output transition (LATCH hold time) | $t_{LBOTOT1}$       | 1.5 | —   | ns   | 5     |
| LALE output fall to LAD output transition (LATCH hold time) | $t_{LBOTOT2}$       | 3.0 | —   | ns   | 6     |
| LALE output fall to LAD output transition (LATCH hold time) | $t_{LBOTOT3}$       | 2.5 | —   | ns   | 7     |
| Local bus clock to LALE rise                                | $t_{LBKHLR}$        | —   | 4.5 | ns   | —     |
| Local bus clock to output valid (except LAD/LDP and LALE)   | $t_{LBKHOV1}$       | —   | 4.5 | ns   | —     |
| Local bus clock to data valid for LAD/LDP                   | $t_{LBKHOV2}$       | —   | 4.5 | ns   | 3     |
| Local bus clock to address valid for LAD                    | $t_{LBKHOV3}$       | —   | 4.5 | ns   | 3     |
| Output hold from local bus clock (except LAD/LDP and LALE)  | $t_{LBKHOX1}$       | 1.0 | —   | ns   | 3     |
| Output hold from local bus clock for LAD/LDP                | $t_{LBKHOX2}$       | 1.0 | —   | ns   | 3     |
| Local bus clock to output high impedance for LAD/LDP        | $t_{LBKHOZ}$        | —   | 3.8 | ns   | 8     |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{LBIXKH1}$  symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the input (I) to go invalid (X) with respect to the time the  $t_{LBK}$  clock reference (K) goes high (H), in this case for clock one (1). Also,  $t_{LBKHOX}$  symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the  $t_{LBK}$  clock reference (K) to go high (H), with respect to the output (O) going invalid (X) or output hold time.
- All timings are in reference to rising edge of LSYNC\_IN.
- All signals are measured from  $OV_{DD}/2$  of the rising edge of LSYNC\_IN to  $0.4 \times OV_{DD}$  of the signal in question for 3.3-V signaling levels.
- Input timings are measured at the pin.
- $t_{LBOTOT1}$  should be used when RCWH[LALE] is not set and when the load on LALE output pin is at least 10 pF less than the load on LAD output pins.
- $t_{LBOTOT2}$  should be used when RCWH[LALE] is set and when the load on LALE output pin is at least 10 pF less than the load on LAD output pins.
- $t_{LBOTOT3}$  should be used when RCWH[LALE] is set and when the load on LALE output pin equals to the load on LAD output pins.
- For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off-state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.

This table describes the general timing parameters of the local bus interface of the device.

**Table 41. Local Bus General Timing Parameters—DLL Bypass Mode<sup>9</sup>**

| Parameter                                                   | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Local bus cycle time                                        | $t_{LBK}$           | 15  | —   | ns   | 2     |
| Input setup to local bus clock                              | $t_{LBIVKH}$        | 7   | —   | ns   | 3, 4  |
| Input hold from local bus clock                             | $t_{LBIXKH}$        | 1.0 | —   | ns   | 3, 4  |
| LALE output fall to LAD output transition (LATCH hold time) | $t_{LBOTOT1}$       | 1.5 | —   | ns   | 5     |
| LALE output fall to LAD output transition (LATCH hold time) | $t_{LBOTOT2}$       | 3   | —   | ns   | 6     |
| LALE output fall to LAD output transition (LATCH hold time) | $t_{LBOTOT3}$       | 2.5 | —   | ns   | 7     |

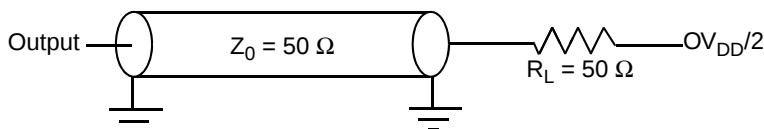
**Table 41. Local Bus General Timing Parameters—DLL Bypass Mode<sup>9</sup> (continued)**

| Parameter                                            | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Local bus clock to output valid                      | $t_{LBKHOV}$        | —   | 3   | ns   | 3     |
| Local bus clock to output high impedance for LAD/LDP | $t_{LBKHOZ}$        | —   | 4   | ns   | 8     |

**Notes:**

1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{LBIXKH1}$  symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the input (I) to go invalid (X) with respect to the time the  $t_{LBK}$  clock reference (K) goes high (H), in this case for clock one (1). Also,  $t_{LBKHGX}$  symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the  $t_{LBK}$  clock reference (K) to go high (H), with respect to the output (O) going invalid (X) or output hold time.
2. All timings are in reference to falling edge of LCLK0 (for all outputs and for  $\overline{LGTA}$  and LUPWAIT inputs) or rising edge of LCLK0 (for all other inputs).
3. All signals are measured from  $OV_{DD}/2$  of the rising/falling edge of LCLK0 to  $0.4 \times OV_{DD}$  of the signal in question for 3.3-V signaling levels.
4. Input timings are measured at the pin.
5.  $t_{LBOTOT1}$  should be used when RCWH[LALE] is not set and when the load on LALE output pin is at least 10 pF less than the load on LAD output pins.
6.  $t_{LBOTOT2}$  should be used when RCWH[LALE] is set and when the load on LALE output pin is at least 10 pF less than the load on LAD output pins.
7.  $t_{LBOTOT3}$  should be used when RCWH[LALE] is set and when the load on LALE output pin equals to the load on LAD output pins.
8. For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off-state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.
9. DLL bypass mode is not recommended for use at frequencies above 66 MHz.

This figure provides the AC test load for the local bus.


**Figure 22. Local Bus C Test Load**

These figures show the local bus signals.

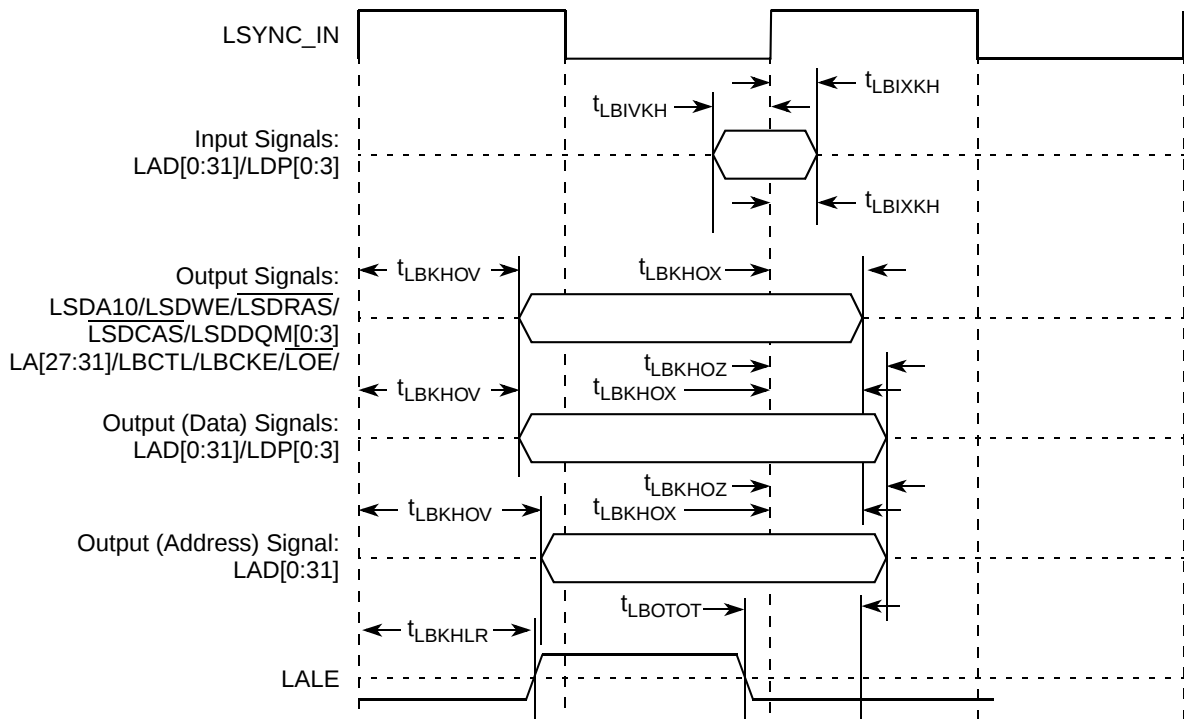


Figure 23. Local Bus Signals, Nonspecial Signals Only (DLL Enabled)

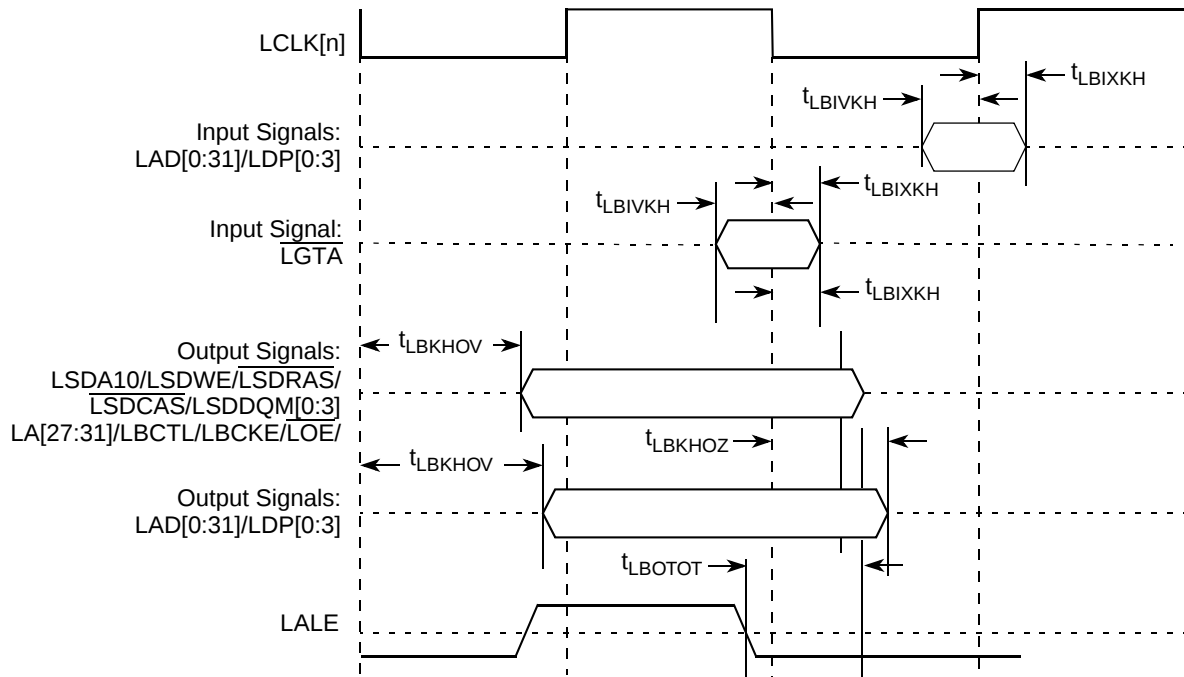


Figure 24. Local Bus Signals, Nonspecial Signals Only (DLL Bypass Mode)

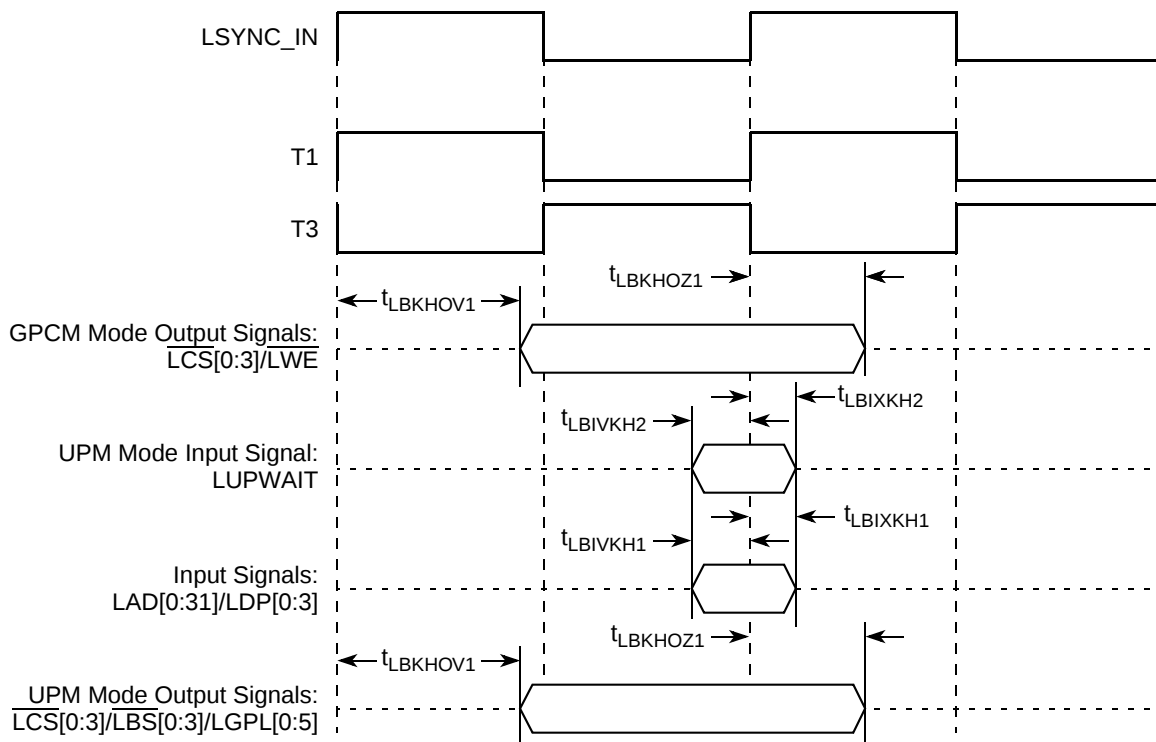


Figure 25. Local Bus Signals, GPCM/UPM Signals for LCRR[CLKDIV] = 2 (DLL Enabled)

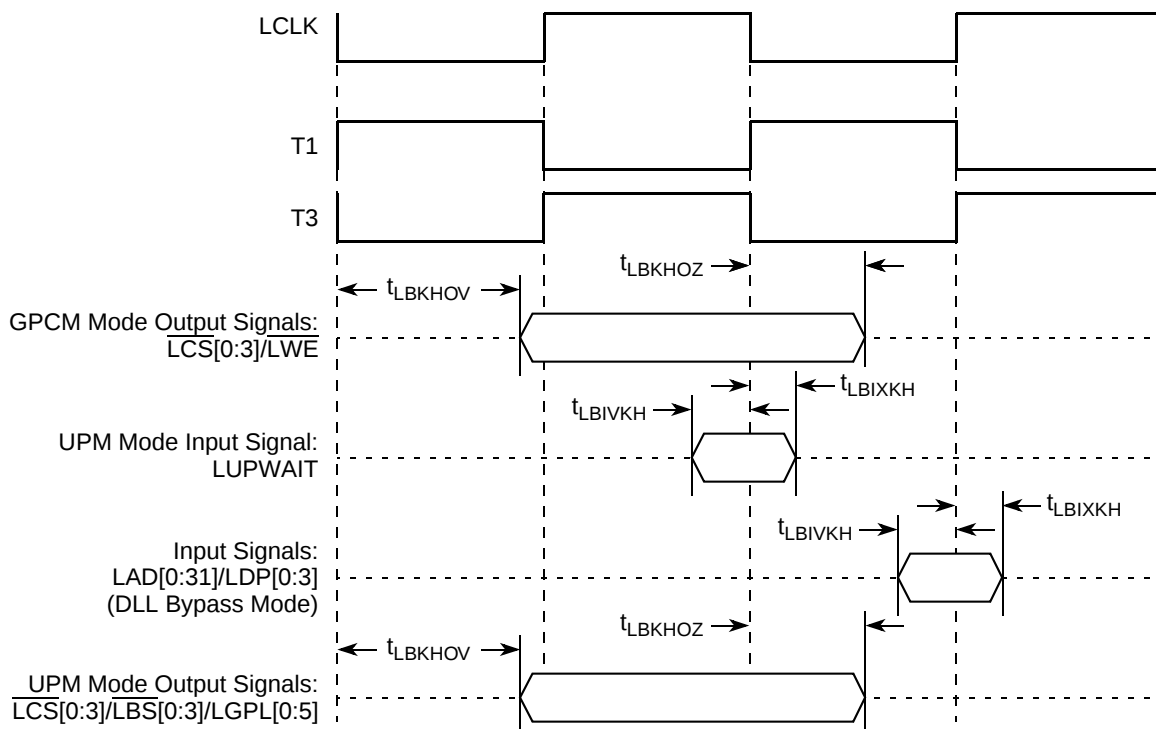


Figure 26. Local Bus Signals, GPCM/UPM Signals for LCRR[CLKDIV] = 2 (DLL Bypass Mode)

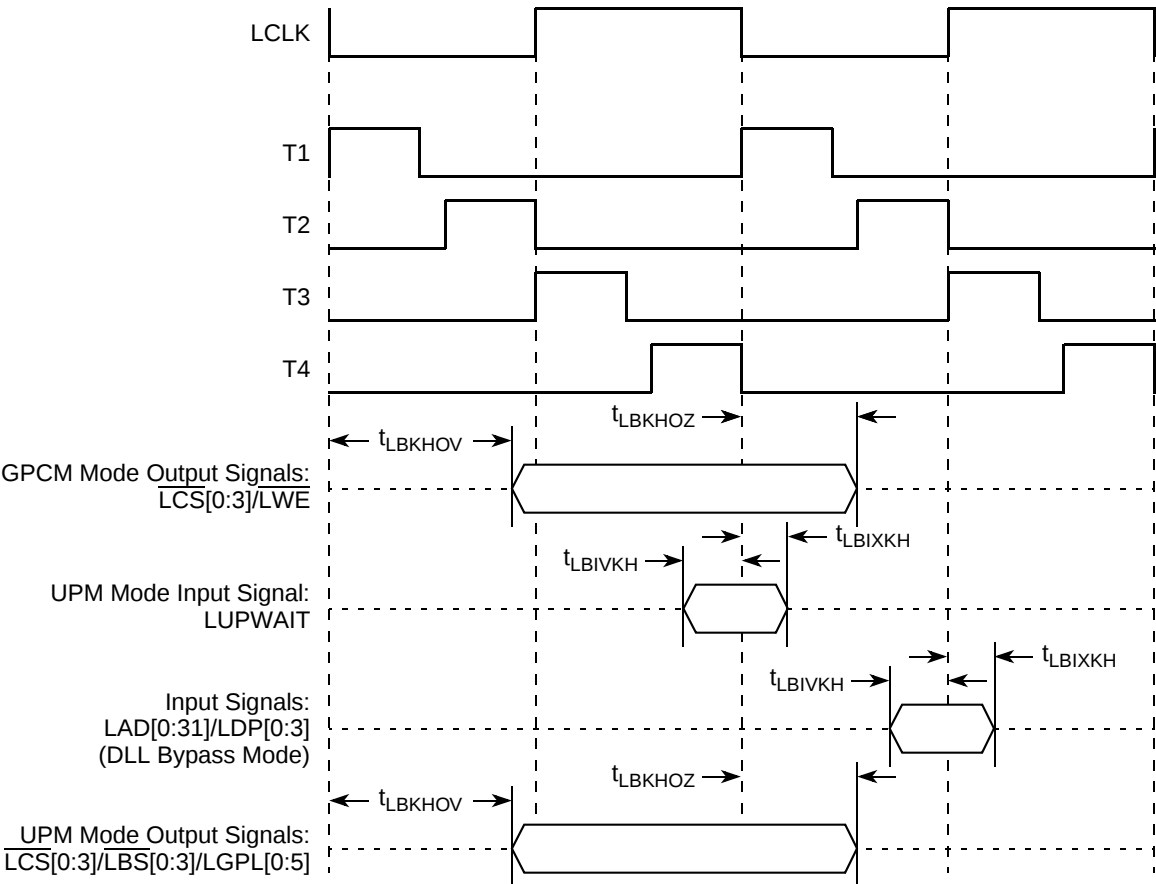


Figure 27. Local Bus Signals, GPCM/UPM Signals for  $LCRR[CLKDIV] = 4$  (DLL Bypass Mode)

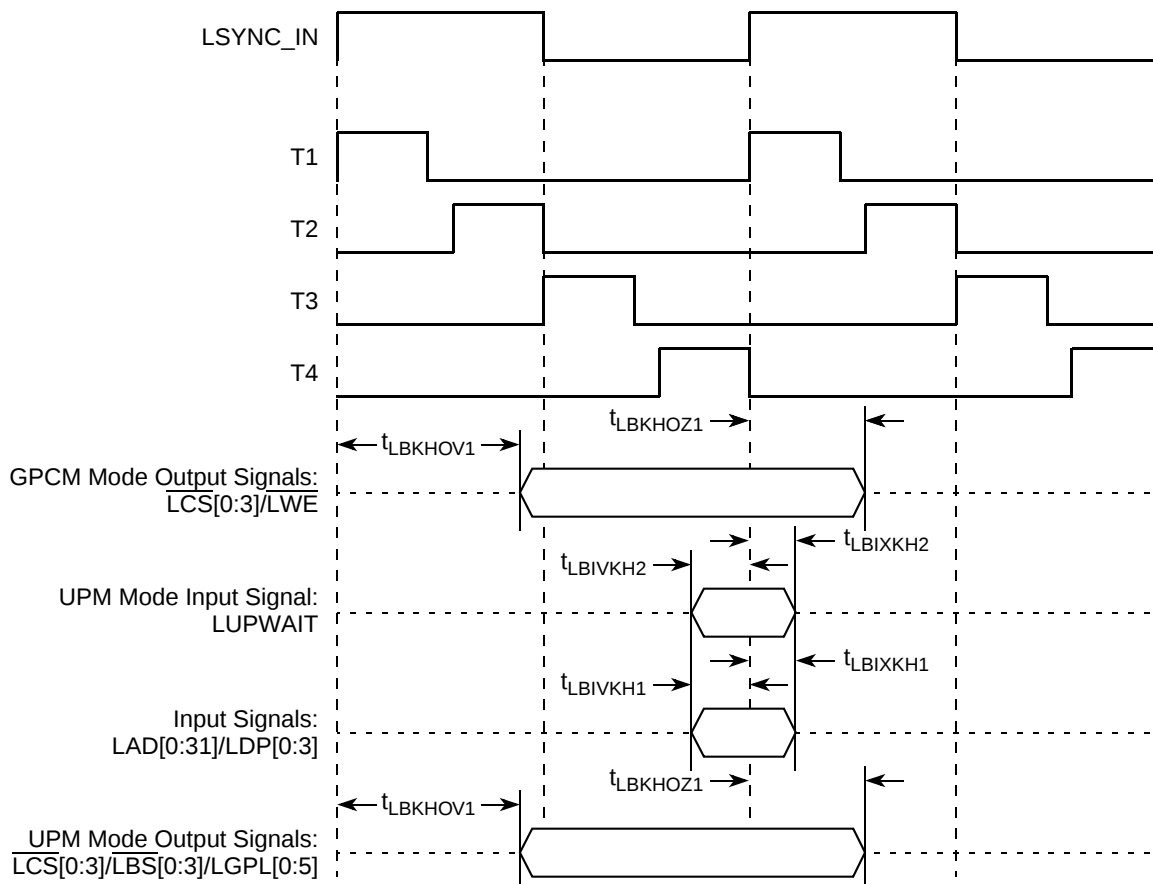


Figure 28. Local Bus Signals, GPCM/UPM Signals for LCRR[CLKDIV] = 4 (DLL Enabled)

## 10 JTAG

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 10.1 JTAG DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) interface of the device.

Table 42. JTAG interface DC Electrical Characteristics

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                              | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -6.0 \text{ mA}$             | 2.4  | —               | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.5             | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.4             | V             |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                      | 2.5  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                      | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

## 10.2 JTAG AC Electrical Characteristics

This section describes the AC electrical specifications for the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) interface of the device.

This table provides the JTAG AC timing specifications as defined in Figure 30 through Figure 33.

**Table 43. JTAG AC Timing Specifications (Independent of CLKIN)<sup>1</sup>**

At recommended operating conditions (see Table 2).

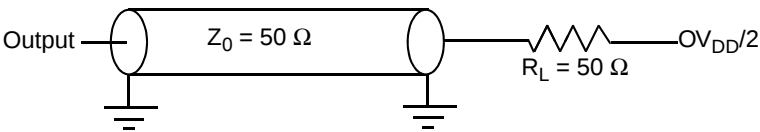
| Parameter                                     | Symbol <sup>2</sup>          | Min      | Max      | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|
| JTAG external clock frequency of operation    | $f_{JTG}$                    | 0        | 33.3     | MHz  | —     |
| JTAG external clock cycle time                | $t_{JTG}$                    | 30       | —        | ns   | —     |
| JTAG external clock duty cycle                | $t_{JTKHL}/t_{JTG}$          | 45       | 55       | %    | —     |
| JTAG external clock rise and fall times       | $t_{JTGR}$ & $t_{JTGF}$      | 0        | 2        | ns   | —     |
| $\overline{TRST}$ assert time                 | $t_{TRST}$                   | 25       | —        | ns   | 3     |
| Input setup times:                            |                              |          |          | ns   | 4     |
| Boundary-scan data<br>TMS, TDI                | $t_{JTDVKH}$<br>$t_{JTIVKH}$ | 4<br>4   | —<br>—   |      |       |
| Input hold times:                             |                              |          |          | ns   | 4     |
| Boundary-scan data<br>TMS, TDI                | $t_{JTDXKH}$<br>$t_{JTIXKH}$ | 10<br>10 | —<br>—   |      |       |
| Valid times:                                  |                              |          |          | ns   | 5     |
| Boundary-scan data<br>TDO                     | $t_{JTKLDV}$<br>$t_{JTKLOV}$ | 2<br>2   | 11<br>11 |      |       |
| Output hold times:                            |                              |          |          | ns   | 5     |
| Boundary-scan data<br>TDO                     | $t_{JTKLDX}$<br>$t_{JTKLOX}$ | 2<br>2   | —<br>—   |      |       |
| JTAG external clock to output high impedance: |                              |          |          | ns   | 5, 6  |
| Boundary-scan data<br>TDO                     | $t_{JTKLDZ}$<br>$t_{JTKLOZ}$ | 2<br>2   | 19<br>9  |      |       |

### Notes:

- All outputs are measured from the midpoint voltage of the falling/rising edge of  $t_{TCLK}$  to the midpoint of the signal in question. The output timings are measured at the pins. All output timings assume a purely resistive 50-Ω load (see Figure 22). Time-of-flight delays must be added for trace lengths, vias, and connectors in the system.
- The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)}$  (reference)(state) for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{JTDVKH}$  symbolizes JTAG device timing (JT) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reaching the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{JTG}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{JTDXKH}$  symbolizes JTAG timing (JT) with respect to the time data input signals (D) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{JTG}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- $\overline{TRST}$  is an asynchronous level sensitive signal. The setup time is for test purposes only.
- Non-JTAG signal input timing with respect to  $t_{TCLK}$ .
- Non-JTAG signal output timing with respect to  $t_{TCLK}$ .
- Guaranteed by design and characterization.

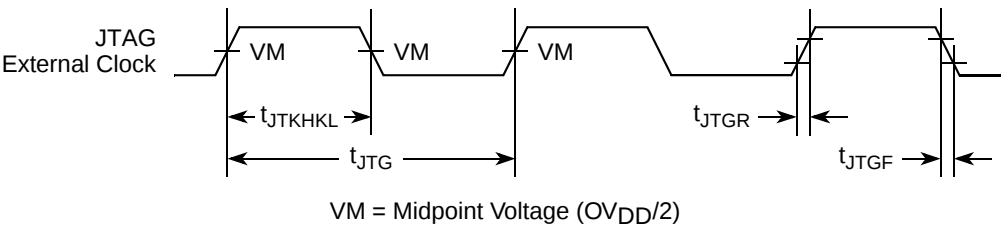
# JTAG AC Electrical Characteristics

This figure provides the AC test load for TDO and the boundary-scan outputs of the device.



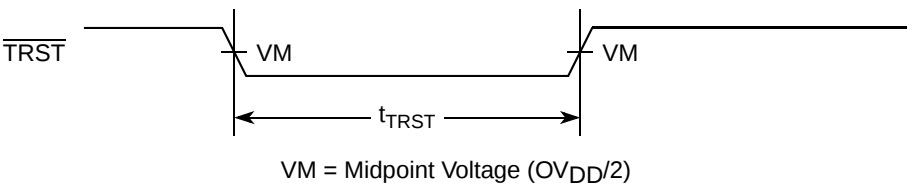
**Figure 29. AC Test Load for the JTAG Interface**

This figure provides the JTAG clock input timing diagram.



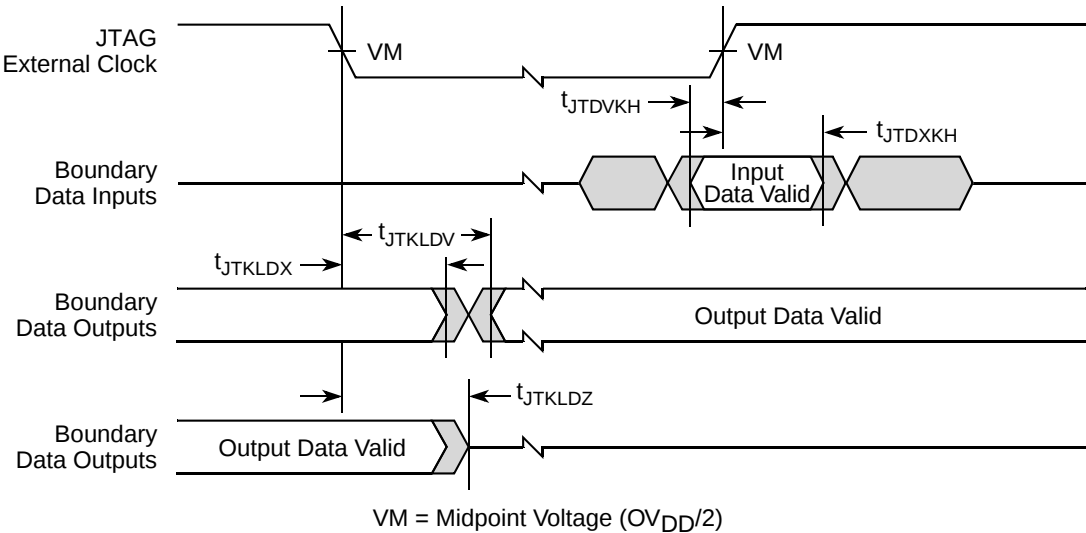
**Figure 30. JTAG Clock Input Timing Diagram**

This figure provides the  $\overline{TRST}$  timing diagram.



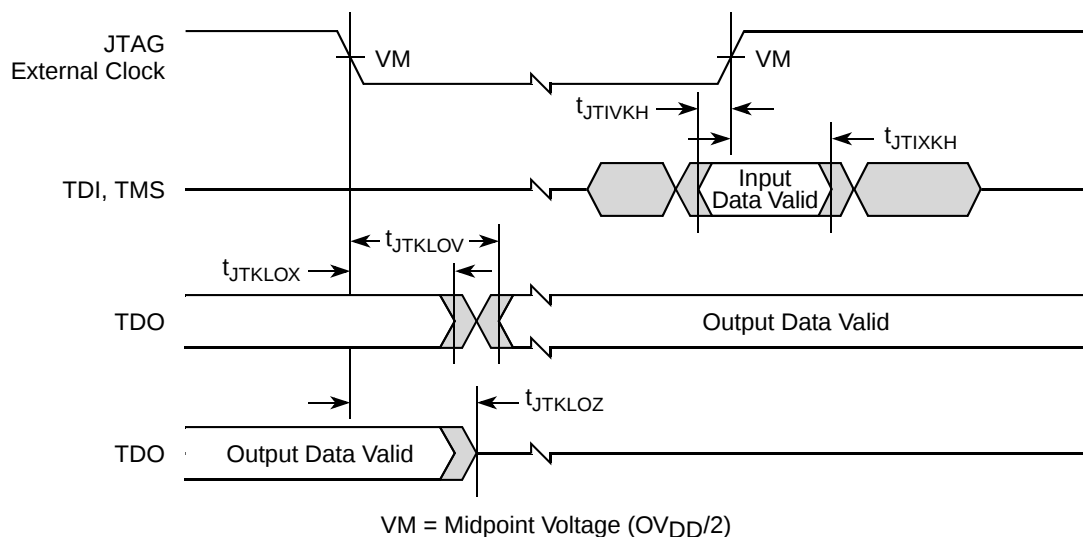
**Figure 31.  $\overline{TRST}$  Timing Diagram**

This figure provides the boundary-scan timing diagram.



**Figure 32. Boundary-Scan Timing Diagram**

This figure provides the test access port timing diagram.



**Figure 33. Test Access Port Timing Diagram**

## 11 I<sup>2</sup>C

This section describes the DC and AC electrical characteristics for the I<sup>2</sup>C interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 11.1 I<sup>2</sup>C DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the I<sup>2</sup>C interface of the device.

**Table 44. I<sup>2</sup>C DC Electrical Characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions with  $OV_{DD}$  of  $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ .

| Parameter                                                                                                   | Symbol       | Min                   | Max                  | Unit          | Notes |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------|
| Input high voltage level                                                                                    | $V_{IH}$     | $0.7 \times OV_{DD}$  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$      | V             | —     |
| Input low voltage level                                                                                     | $V_{IL}$     | -0.3                  | $0.3 \times OV_{DD}$ | V             | —     |
| Low level output voltage                                                                                    | $V_{OL}$     | 0                     | 0.4                  | V             | 1     |
| Output fall time from $V_{IH}(\text{min})$ to $V_{IL}(\text{max})$ with a bus capacitance from 10 to 400 pF | $t_{I2KLKV}$ | $20 + 0.1 \times C_B$ | 250                  | ns            | 2     |
| Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter                                          | $t_{I2KHKL}$ | 0                     | 50                   | ns            | 3     |
| Capacitance for each I/O pin                                                                                | $C_I$        | —                     | 10                   | pF            | —     |
| Input current ( $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ )                                                     | $I_{IN}$     | —                     | $\pm 10$             | $\mu\text{A}$ | 4     |

**Notes:**

- Output voltage (open drain or open collector) condition = 3 mA sink current.
- $C_B$  = capacitance of one bus line in pF.
- Refer to the *MPC8360E Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* for information on the digital filter used.
- I/O pins obstruct the SDA and SCL lines if  $OV_{DD}$  is switched off.

## 11.2 I<sup>2</sup>C AC Electrical Specifications

This table provides the AC timing parameters for the I<sup>2</sup>C interface of the device.

**Table 45. I<sup>2</sup>C AC Electrical Specifications**

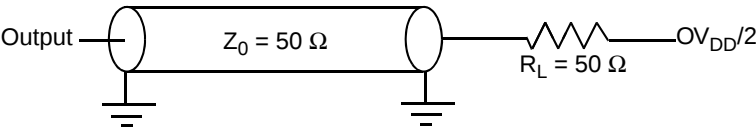
All values refer to  $V_{IH}$  (min) and  $V_{IL}$  (max) levels (see Table 44).

| Parameter                                                                                    | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min                  | Max                   | Unit | Note |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------|------|
| SCL clock frequency                                                                          | $f_{I2C}$           | 0                    | 400                   | kHz  | 2    |
| Low period of the SCL clock                                                                  | $t_{I2CL}$          | 1.3                  | —                     | μs   | —    |
| High period of the SCL clock                                                                 | $t_{I2CH}$          | 0.6                  | —                     | μs   | —    |
| Setup time for a repeated START condition                                                    | $t_{I2SVKH}$        | 0.6                  | —                     | μs   | —    |
| Hold time (repeated) START condition (after this period, the first clock pulse is generated) | $t_{I2SXKL}$        | 0.6                  | —                     | μs   | —    |
| Data setup time                                                                              | $t_{I2DVKH}$        | 100                  | —                     | ns   | 3    |
| Data hold time:<br>CBUS compatible masters<br>I <sup>2</sup> C bus devices                   | $t_{I2DXKL}$        | —<br>0 <sup>2</sup>  | —<br>0.9 <sup>3</sup> | μs   | —    |
| Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals                                                        | $t_{I2CR}$          | $20 + 0.1 C_B^4$     | 300                   | ns   | —    |
| Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals                                                        | $t_{I2CF}$          | $20 + 0.1 C_B^4$     | 300                   | ns   | —    |
| Set-up time for STOP condition                                                               | $t_{I2PVKH}$        | 0.6                  | —                     | μs   | —    |
| Bus free time between a STOP and START condition                                             | $t_{I2KHDX}$        | 1.3                  | —                     | μs   | —    |
| Noise margin at the LOW level for each connected device (including hysteresis)               | $V_{NL}$            | $0.1 \times OV_{DD}$ | —                     | V    | —    |
| Noise margin at the HIGH level for each connected device (including hysteresis)              | $V_{NH}$            | $0.2 \times OV_{DD}$ | —                     | V    | —    |

### Notes:

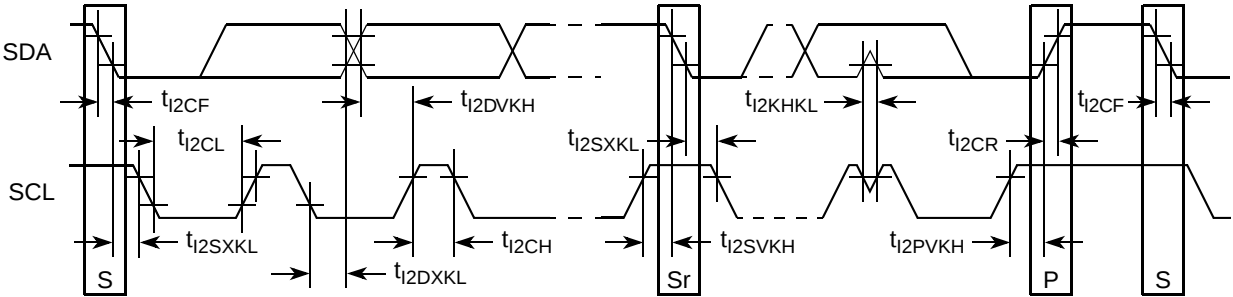
- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}$  for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{I2DVKH}$  symbolizes I<sup>2</sup>C timing (I2) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{I2C}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{I2SXKL}$  symbolizes I<sup>2</sup>C timing (I2) for the time that the data with respect to the start condition (S) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{I2C}$  clock reference (K) going to the low (L) state or hold time. Also,  $t_{I2PVKH}$  symbolizes I<sup>2</sup>C timing (I2) for the time that the data with respect to the stop condition (P) reaching the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{I2C}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- The device provides a hold time of at least 300 ns for the SDA signal (referred to the  $V_{IH}$  min of the SCL signal) to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL.
- The maximum  $t_{I2DVKH}$  has only to be met if the device does not stretch the LOW period ( $t_{I2CL}$ ) of the SCL signal.
- $C_B$  = capacitance of one bus line in pF.

This figure provides the AC test load for the I<sup>2</sup>C.



**Figure 34. I<sup>2</sup>C AC Test Load**

This figure shows the AC timing diagram for the I<sup>2</sup>C bus.



**Figure 35. I<sup>2</sup>C Bus AC Timing Diagram**

# 12 PCI

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the PCI bus of the MPC8360E/58E.

## 12.1 PCI DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the PCI interface of the device.

**Table 46. PCI DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter                 | Symbol   | Test Condition                         | Min                  | Max                  | Unit    |
|---------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------|
| High-level input voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | $V_{OUT} \geq V_{OH} \text{ (min) or}$ | $0.5 \times OV_{DD}$ | $OV_{DD} + 0.5$      | V       |
| Low-level input voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | $V_{OUT} \leq V_{OL} \text{ (max)}$    | -0.5                 | $0.3 \times OV_{DD}$ | V       |
| High-level output voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -500 \mu A$                  | $0.9 \times OV_{DD}$ | —                    | V       |
| Low-level output voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 1500 \mu A$                  | —                    | $0.1 \times OV_{DD}$ | V       |
| Input current             | $I_{IN}$ | $0 V \leq V_{IN}^1 \leq OV_{DD}$       | —                    | $\pm 10$             | $\mu A$ |

## 12.2 PCI AC Electrical Specifications

This section describes the general AC timing parameters of the PCI bus of the device. Note that the PCI\_CLK or PCI\_SYNC\_IN signal is used as the PCI input clock depending on whether the device is configured as a host or agent device. This table provides the PCI AC timing specifications at 66 MHz.

**Table 47. PCI AC Timing Specifications at 66 MHz**

| Parameter              | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Clock to output valid  | $t_{PCKHOV}$        | —   | 6.0 | ns   | 2, 5  |
| Output hold from clock | $t_{PCKHOX}$        | 1   | —   | ns   | 2     |

Table 47. PCI AC Timing Specifications at 66 MHz (continued)

| Parameter                      | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes   |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|---------|
| Clock to output high impedance | $t_{PCKHOZ}$        | —   | 14  | ns   | 2, 3    |
| Input setup to clock           | $t_{PCIVKH}$        | 3.0 | —   | ns   | 2, 4    |
| Input hold from clock          | $t_{PCIXKH}$        | 0.3 | —   | ns   | 2, 4, 6 |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}$  for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{PCIVKH}$  symbolizes PCI timing (PC) with respect to the time the input signals (I) reach the valid state (V) relative to the PCI\_SYNC\_IN clock,  $t_{SYS}$ , reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{PCRHFV}$  symbolizes PCI timing (PC) with respect to the time hard reset (R) went high (H) relative to the frame signal (F) going to the valid (V) state.
- See the timing measurement conditions in the *PCI 2.2 Local Bus Specifications*.
- For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off-state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.
- Input timings are measured at the pin.
- In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{PCIHOV}$  maximum is 6.6 ns. Refer to Errata PCI21 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.
- In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{PCIXKH}$  minimum is 1 ns. Refer to Errata PCI17 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

Table 48. PCI AC Timing Specifications at 33 MHz

| Parameter                      | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes   |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|---------|
| Clock to output valid          | $t_{PCKHOV}$        | —   | 11  | ns   | 2       |
| Output hold from clock         | $t_{PCKHOX}$        | 2   | —   | ns   | 2       |
| Clock to output high impedance | $t_{PCKHOZ}$        | —   | 14  | ns   | 2, 3    |
| Input setup to clock           | $t_{PCIVKH}$        | 7.0 | —   | ns   | 2, 2    |
| Input hold from clock          | $t_{PCIXKH}$        | 0.3 | —   | ns   | 2, 4, 5 |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}$  for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{PCIVKH}$  symbolizes PCI timing (PC) with respect to the time the input signals (I) reach the valid state (V) relative to the PCI\_SYNC\_IN clock,  $t_{SYS}$ , reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{PCRHFV}$  symbolizes PCI timing (PC) with respect to the time hard reset (R) went high (H) relative to the frame signal (F) going to the valid (V) state.
- See the timing measurement conditions in the *PCI 2.2 Local Bus Specifications*.
- For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off-state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.
- Input timings are measured at the pin.
- In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{PCIXKH}$  minimum is 1 ns. Refer to Errata PCI17 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

This figure provides the AC test load for PCI.

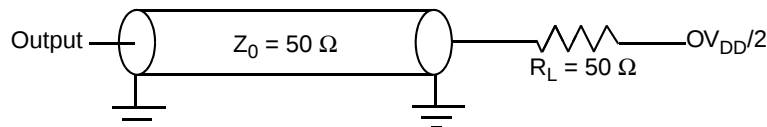
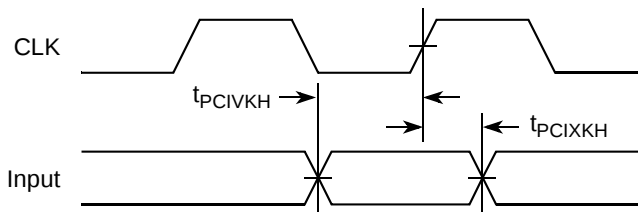


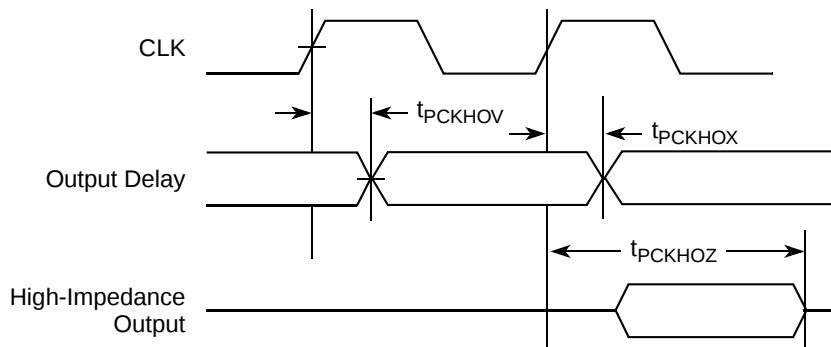
Figure 36. PCI AC Test Load

This figure shows the PCI input AC timing conditions.



**Figure 37. PCI Input AC Timing Measurement Conditions**

This figure shows the PCI output AC timing conditions.



**Figure 38. PCI Output AC Timing Measurement Condition**

## 13 Timers

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the timers of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 13.1 Timers DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the device timer pins, including  $TIN$ ,  $\overline{TOUT}$ ,  $\overline{TGATE}$ , and  $RTC\_CLK$ .

**Table 49. Timers DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                              | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -6.0 \text{ mA}$             | 2.4  | —               | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.5             | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.4             | V             |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                      | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                      | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

# 13.2 Timers AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the timer input and output AC timing specifications.

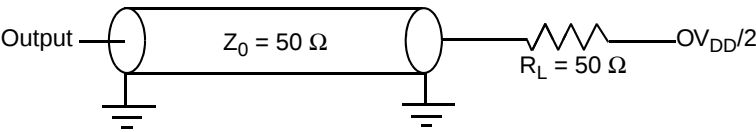
**Table 50. Timers Input AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                    | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Typ | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|
| Timers inputs—minimum pulse width | $t_{TIWID}$         | 20  | ns   |

**Notes:**

- Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.
- Timers inputs and outputs are asynchronous to any visible clock. Timers outputs should be synchronized before use by any external synchronous logic. Timers inputs are required to be valid for at least  $t_{TIWID}$  ns to ensure proper operation.

This figure provides the AC test load for the timers.



**Figure 39. Timers AC Test Load**

# 14 GPIO

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the GPIO of the MPC8360E/58E.

## 14.1 GPIO DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the device GPIO.

**Table 51. GPIO DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                              | Min  | Max             | Unit          | Notes |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|-------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -6.0 \text{ mA}$             | 2.4  | —               | V             | 1     |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.5             | V             | 1     |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.4             | V             | 1     |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                      | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             | 1     |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                      | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             | —     |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ | —     |

**Note:**

- This specification applies when operating from 3.3-V supply.

## 14.2 GPIO AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the GPIO input and output AC timing specifications.

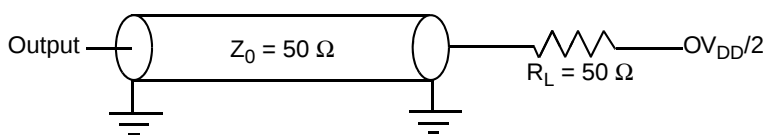
**Table 52. GPIO Input AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                  | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Typ | Unit |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|
| GPIO inputs—minimum pulse width | $t_{PIWD}$          | 20  | ns   |

**Notes:**

- Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.
- GPIO inputs and outputs are asynchronous to any visible clock. GPIO outputs should be synchronized before use by any external synchronous logic. GPIO inputs are required to be valid for at least  $t_{PIWD}$  ns to ensure proper operation.

This figure provides the AC test load for the GPIO.



**Figure 40. GPIO AC Test Load**

## 15 IPIC

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the external interrupt pins of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 15.1 IPIC DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the external interrupt pins of the IPIC.

**Table 53. IPIC DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Characteristic     | Symbol   | Condition                 | Min  | Max             | Unit    |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------------|------|-----------------|---------|
| Input high voltage | $V_{IH}$ | —                         | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V       |
| Input low voltage  | $V_{IL}$ | —                         | -0.3 | 0.8             | V       |
| Input current      | $I_{IN}$ | —                         | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu A$ |
| Output low voltage | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$ | —    | 0.5             | V       |
| Output low voltage | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$ | —    | 0.4             | V       |

**Notes:**

- This table applies for pins  $\overline{IRQ}[0:7]$ ,  $\overline{IRQ\_OUT}$ ,  $\overline{MCP\_OUT}$ , and CE ports Interrupts.
- $\overline{IRQ\_OUT}$  and  $\overline{MCP\_OUT}$  are open drain pins, thus  $V_{OH}$  is not relevant for those pins.

## 15.2 IPIC AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the IPIC input and output AC timing specifications.

**Table 54. IPIC Input AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                  | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Unit |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|
| IPIC inputs—minimum pulse width | $t_{PIWID}$         | 20  | ns   |

**Notes:**

- Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.
- IPIC inputs and outputs are asynchronous to any visible clock. IPIC outputs should be synchronized before use by any external synchronous logic. IPIC inputs are required to be valid for at least  $t_{PIWID}$  ns to ensure proper operation when working in edge triggered mode.

## 16 SPI

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the SPI of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 16.1 SPI DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the device SPI.

**Table 55. SPI DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                             | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -6.0$ mA                    | 2.4  | —               | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 6.0$ mA                     | —    | 0.5             | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2$ mA                     | —    | 0.4             | V             |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                     | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                     | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

### 16.2 SPI AC Timing Specifications

This table and provide the SPI input and output AC timing specifications.

**Table 56. SPI AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                                           | Symbol <sup>2</sup>          | Min      | Max    | Unit |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|------|
| SPI outputs—Master mode (internal clock) delay           | $t_{NIKHox}$<br>$t_{NIKHov}$ | 0.3<br>— | —<br>8 | ns   |
| SPI outputs—Slave mode (external clock) delay            | $t_{NEKHox}$<br>$t_{NEKHov}$ | 2<br>—   | —<br>8 | ns   |
| SPI inputs—Master mode (internal clock) input setup time | $t_{NIIVKH}$                 | 8        | —      | ns   |
| SPI inputs—Master mode (internal clock) input hold time  | $t_{NIIXKH}$                 | 0        | —      | ns   |
| SPI inputs—Slave mode (external clock) input setup time  | $t_{NEIVKH}$                 | 4        | —      | ns   |

Table 56. SPI AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>

| Characteristic                                         | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|
| SPI inputs—Slave mode (external clock) input hold time | $t_{NEIXKH}$        | 2   | —   | ns   |

- Notes:**
- Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.
  - The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{NIKH OV}$  symbolizes the NMSI outputs internal timing (NI) for the time  $t_{SPI}$  memory clock reference (K) goes from the high state (H) until outputs (O) are valid (V).

This figure provides the AC test load for the SPI.

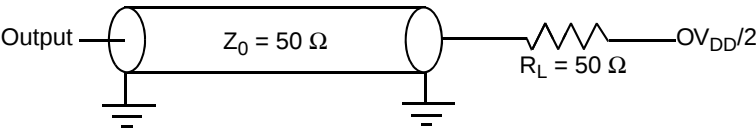
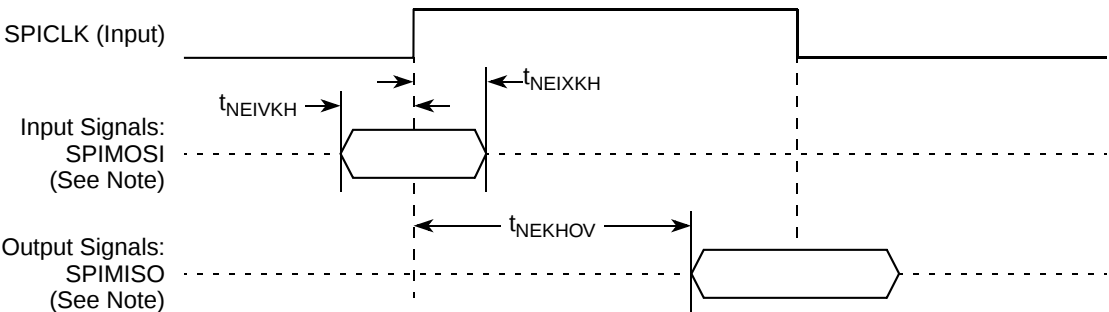


Figure 41. SPI AC Test Load

These figures represent the AC timing from Table 56. Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, these AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

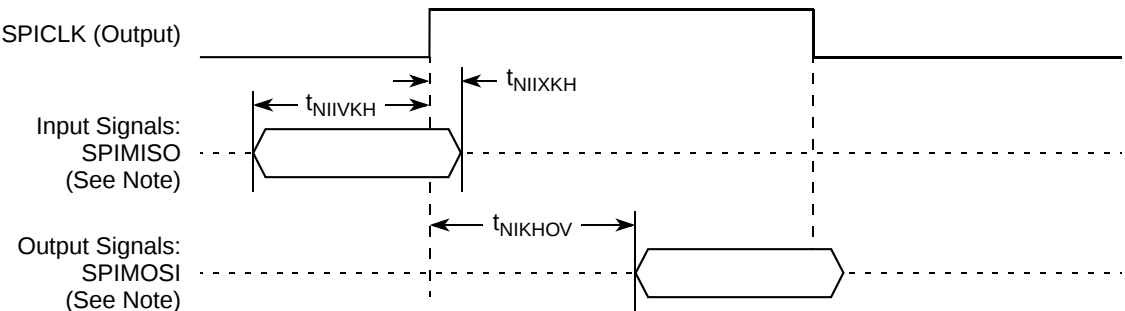
This figure shows the SPI timing in slave mode (external clock).



**Note:** The clock edge is selectable on SPI.

Figure 42. SPI AC Timing in Slave Mode (External Clock) Diagram

This figure shows the SPI timing in Master mode (internal clock).



**Note:** The clock edge is selectable on SPI.

Figure 43. SPI AC Timing in Master Mode (Internal Clock) Diagram

## 17 TDM/SI

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the time-division-multiplexed and serial interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 17.1 TDM/SI DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the device TDM/SI.

**Table 57. TDM/SI DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                              | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -2.0 \text{ mA}$             | 2.4  | —               | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.5             | V             |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                      | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                      | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

### 17.2 TDM/SI AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the TDM/SI input and output AC timing specifications.

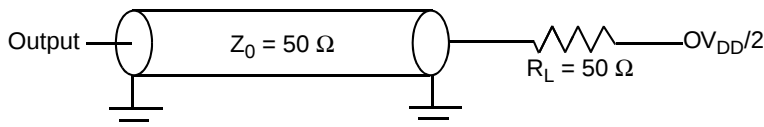
**Table 58. TDM/SI AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                                | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Max <sup>3</sup> | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------------------|------|
| TDM/SI outputs—External clock delay           | $t_{SEKHOV}$        | 2   | 10               | ns   |
| TDM/SI outputs—External clock high impedance  | $t_{SEKHOX}$        | 2   | 10               | ns   |
| TDM/SI inputs—External clock input setup time | $t_{SEIVKH}$        | 5   | —                | ns   |
| TDM/SI inputs—External clock input hold time  | $t_{SEIXKH}$        | 2   | —                | ns   |

**Notes:**

- Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.
- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{SEKHOX}$  symbolizes the TDM/SI outputs external timing (SE) for the time  $t_{TDM/SI}$  memory clock reference (K) goes from the high state (H) until outputs (O) are invalid (X).
- Timings are measured from the positive or negative edge of the clock, according to SIxMR [CE] and SITXCEI[TXCEIx]. Refer *MPC8360E Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* for more details.

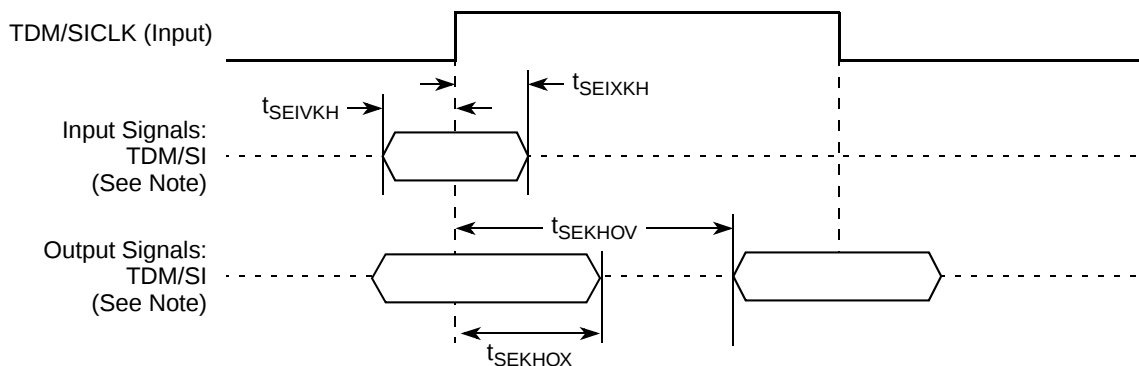
This figure provides the AC test load for the TDM/SI.



**Figure 44. TDM/SI AC Test Load**

Figure 45 represents the AC timing from Table 56. Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, these AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

This figure shows the TDM/SI timing with external clock.



**Note:** The clock edge is selectable on TDM/SI

**Figure 45. TDM/SI AC Timing (External Clock) Diagram**

## 17.3 UTOPIA/POS

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the UTOPIA/POS of the MPC8360E/58E.

## 17.4 UTOPIA/POS DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the device UTOPIA.

**Table 59. UTOPIA DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                              | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -8.0 \text{ mA}$             | 2.4  | —               | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.5             | V             |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                      | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                      | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

## 17.5 UTOPIA/POS AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the UTOPIA input and output AC timing specifications.

**Table 60. UTOPIA AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                                | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Max  | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|------|-------|
| UTOPIA outputs—Internal clock delay           | $t_{UIKHOV}$        | 0   | 11.5 | ns   | —     |
| UTOPIA outputs—External clock delay           | $t_{UEKHOV}$        | 1   | 11.6 | ns   | —     |
| UTOPIA outputs—Internal clock high impedance  | $t_{UIKHOX}$        | 0   | 8.0  | ns   | —     |
| UTOPIA outputs—External clock high impedance  | $t_{UEKHOX}$        | 1   | 10.0 | ns   | —     |
| UTOPIA inputs—Internal clock input setup time | $t_{UIIVKH}$        | 6   | —    | ns   | —     |
| UTOPIA inputs—External clock input setup time | $t_{UEIVKH}$        | 4   | —    | ns   | 3     |

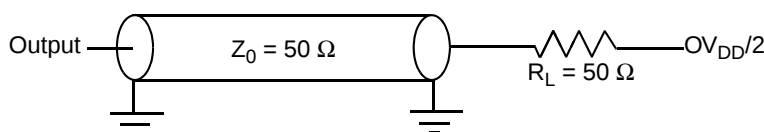
**Table 60. UTOPIA AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup> (continued)**

| Characteristic                               | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| UTOPIA inputs—Internal clock input hold time | $t_{UIIXKH}$        | 2.4 | —   | ns   | —     |
| UTOPIA inputs—External clock input hold time | $t_{UEIXKH}$        | 1   | —   | ns   | 3     |

**Notes:**

1. Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.
2. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{UIKHGX}$  symbolizes the UTOPIA outputs internal timing (UI) for the time  $t_{UTOPIA}$  memory clock reference (K) goes from the high state (H) until outputs (O) are invalid (X).
3. In rev. 2.0 silicon, due to errata,  $t_{UEIVKH}$  minimum is 4.3 ns and  $t_{UEIXKH}$  minimum is 1.4 ns under specific conditions. Refer to Errata QE\_UPC3 in *Chip Errata for the MPC8360E, Rev. 1*.

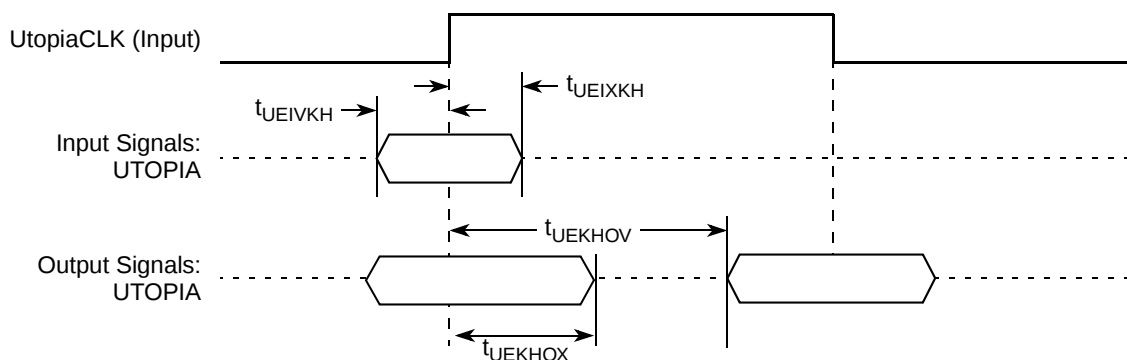
This figure provides the AC test load for the UTOPIA.



**Figure 46. UTOPIA AC Test Load**

These figures represent the AC timing from Table 56. Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, these AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

This figure shows the UTOPIA timing with external clock.



**Figure 47. UTOPIA AC Timing (External Clock) Diagram**

This figure shows the UTOPIA timing with internal clock.

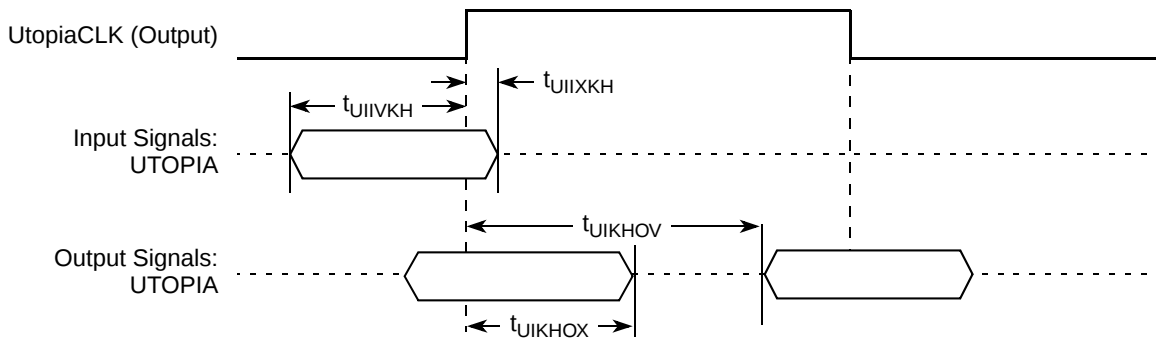


Figure 48. UTOPIA AC Timing (Internal Clock) Diagram

## 18 HDLC, BISYNC, Transparent, and Synchronous UART

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the high level data link control (HDLC), BISYNC, transparent, and synchronous UART protocols of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 18.1 HDLC, BISYNC, Transparent, and Synchronous UART DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the device HDLC, BISYNC, transparent, and synchronous UART protocols.

Table 61. HDLC, BISYNC, Transparent, and Synchronous UART DC Electrical Characteristics

| Characteristic      | Symbol   | Condition                              | Min  | Max             | Unit          |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $I_{OH} = -2.0 \text{ mA}$             | 2.4  | —               | V             |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$              | —    | 0.5             | V             |
| Input high voltage  | $V_{IH}$ | —                                      | 2.0  | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V             |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | —                                      | -0.3 | 0.8             | V             |
| Input current       | $I_{IN}$ | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq OV_{DD}$ | —    | $\pm 10$        | $\mu\text{A}$ |

### 18.2 HDLC, BISYNC, Transparent, and Synchronous UART AC Timing Specifications

These tables provide the input and output AC timing specifications for HDLC, BISYNC, transparent, and synchronous UART protocols.

Table 62. HDLC, BISYNC, and Transparent AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>

| Characteristic               | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Max  | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|------|
| Outputs—Internal clock delay | $t_{HIKHOV}$        | 0   | 11.2 | ns   |
| Outputs—External clock delay | $t_{HEKHOV}$        | 1   | 10.8 | ns   |

**Table 62. HDLC, BISYNC, and Transparent AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup> (continued)**

| Characteristic                         | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min  | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------|------|-----|------|
| Outputs—Internal clock high impedance  | $t_{HIKHOX}$        | -0.5 | 5.5 | ns   |
| Outputs—External clock high impedance  | $t_{HEKHOX}$        | 1    | 8   | ns   |
| Inputs—Internal clock input setup time | $t_{HIIVKH}$        | 8.5  | —   | ns   |
| Inputs—External clock input setup time | $t_{HEIVKH}$        | 4    | —   | ns   |
| Inputs—Internal clock input hold time  | $t_{HIIXKH}$        | 1.4  | —   | ns   |
| Inputs—External clock input hold time  | $t_{HEIXKH}$        | 1    | —   | ns   |

**Notes:**

- Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.
- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{HIKHOX}$  symbolizes the outputs internal timing (HI) for the time  $t_{\text{serial}}$  memory clock reference (K) goes from the high state (H) until outputs (O) are invalid (X).

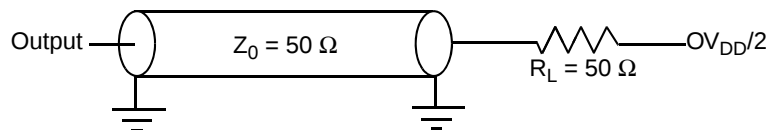
**Table 63. Synchronous UART AC Timing Specifications<sup>1</sup>**

| Characteristic                         | Symbol <sup>2</sup> | Min | Max  | Unit |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|------|
| Outputs—Internal clock delay           | $t_{UAIKHOV}$       | 0   | 11.3 | ns   |
| Outputs—External clock delay           | $t_{UAEKHOV}$       | 1   | 14   | ns   |
| Outputs—Internal clock high impedance  | $t_{UAIKHOX}$       | 0   | 11   | ns   |
| Outputs—External clock high impedance  | $t_{UAEKHOX}$       | 1   | 14   | ns   |
| Inputs—Internal clock input setup time | $t_{UAIIVKH}$       | 6   | —    | ns   |
| Inputs—External clock input setup time | $t_{UAEIVKH}$       | 8   | —    | ns   |
| Inputs—Internal clock input hold time  | $t_{UAIIXKH}$       | 1   | —    | ns   |
| Inputs—External clock input hold time  | $t_{UAEIXKH}$       | 1   | —    | ns   |

**Notes:**

- Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.
- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$  for inputs and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{HIKHOX}$  symbolizes the outputs internal timing (HI) for the time  $t_{\text{serial}}$  memory clock reference (K) goes from the high state (H) until outputs (O) are invalid (X).

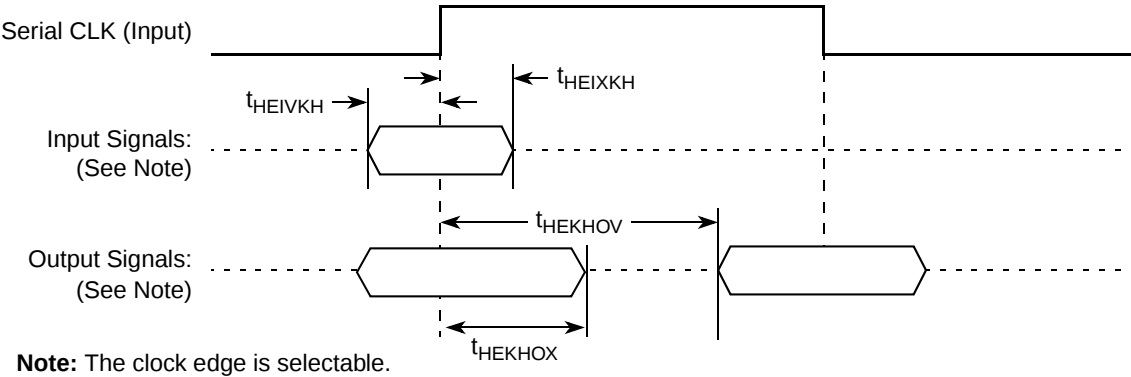
This figure provides the AC test load.


**Figure 49. AC Test Load**

# 18.3 AC Test Load

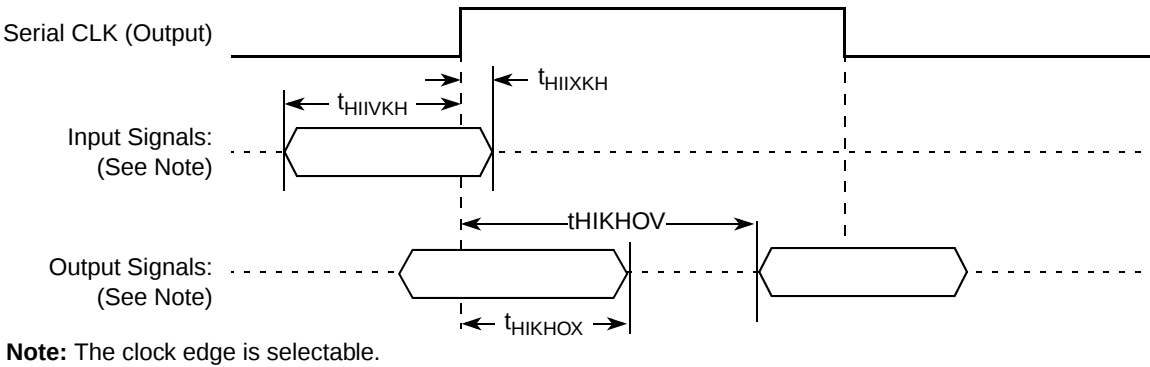
These figures represent the AC timing from [Table 62](#) and [Table 63](#). Note that although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, these AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

This figure shows the timing with external clock.



**Figure 50. AC Timing (External Clock) Diagram**

This figure shows the timing with internal clock.



**Figure 51. AC Timing (Internal Clock) Diagram**

# 19 USB

This section provides the AC and DC electrical specifications for the USB interface of the MPC8360E/58E.

## 19.1 USB DC Electrical Characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the USB interface.

**Table 64. USB DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter                                        | Symbol   | Min             | Max             | Unit    |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| High-level input voltage                         | $V_{IH}$ | 2               | $OV_{DD} + 0.3$ | V       |
| Low-level input voltage                          | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3            | 0.8             | V       |
| High-level output voltage, $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ | $V_{OH}$ | $OV_{DD} - 0.4$ | —               | V       |
| Low-level output voltage, $I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$   | $V_{OL}$ | —               | 0.2             | V       |
| Input current                                    | $I_{IN}$ | —               | $\pm 10$        | $\mu A$ |

## 19.2 USB AC Electrical Specifications

This table describes the general timing parameters of the USB interface of the device.

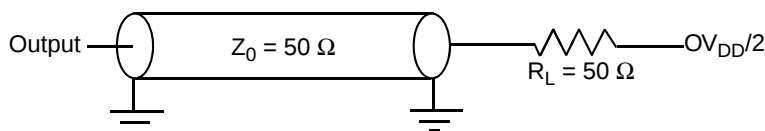
**Table 65. USB General Timing Parameters**

| Parameter                    | Symbol <sup>1</sup> | Min    | Max | Unit | Notes                  | Note |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------|-----|------|------------------------|------|
| USB clock cycle time         | $t_{USCK}$          | 20.83  | —   | ns   | Full speed 48 MHz      | —    |
| USB clock cycle time         | $t_{USCK}$          | 166.67 | —   | ns   | Low speed 6 MHz        | —    |
| Skew between TXP and TXN     | $t_{USTSPN}$        | —      | 5   | ns   | —                      | 2    |
| Skew among RXP, RXN, and RXD | $t_{USRSPND}$       | —      | 10  | ns   | Full speed transitions | 2    |
| Skew among RXP, RXN, and RXD | $t_{USRPND}$        | —      | 100 | ns   | Low speed transitions  | 2    |

**Notes:**

- The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{state})(\text{signal})}$  for receive signals and  $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{state})(\text{signal})}$  for transmit signals. For example,  $t_{USRSPND}$  symbolizes USB timing (US) for the USB receive signals skew (RS) among RXP, RXN, and RXD (PND). Also,  $t_{USTSPN}$  symbolizes USB timing (US) for the USB transmit signals skew (TS) between TXP and TXN (PN).
- Skew measurements are done at  $OV_{DD}/2$  of the rising or falling edge of the signals.

This figure provide the AC test load for the USB.



**Figure 52. USB AC Test Load**

## 20 Package and Pin Listings

This section details package parameters, pin assignments, and dimensions. The MPC8360E/58E is available in a tape ball grid array (TBGA), see [Section 20.1, “Package Parameters for the TBGA Package,”](#) and [Section 20.2, “Mechanical Dimensions of the TBGA Package,”](#) for information on the package.

### 20.1 Package Parameters for the TBGA Package

The package parameters for rev. 2.0 silicon are as provided in the following list. The package type is 37.5 mm × 37.5 mm, 740 tape ball grid array (TBGA).

|                         |                                                                  |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Package outline         | 37.5 mm × 37.5 mm                                                |
| Interconnects           | 740                                                              |
| Pitch                   | 1.00 mm                                                          |
| Module height (typical) | 1.46 mm                                                          |
| Solder Balls            | 62 Sn/36 Pb/2 Ag (ZU package)<br>95.5 Sn/0.5 Cu/4Ag (VV package) |
| Ball diameter (typical) | 0.64 mm                                                          |

## 20.2 Mechanical Dimensions of the TBGA Package

This figure depicts the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature of the device, 740-TBGA package.

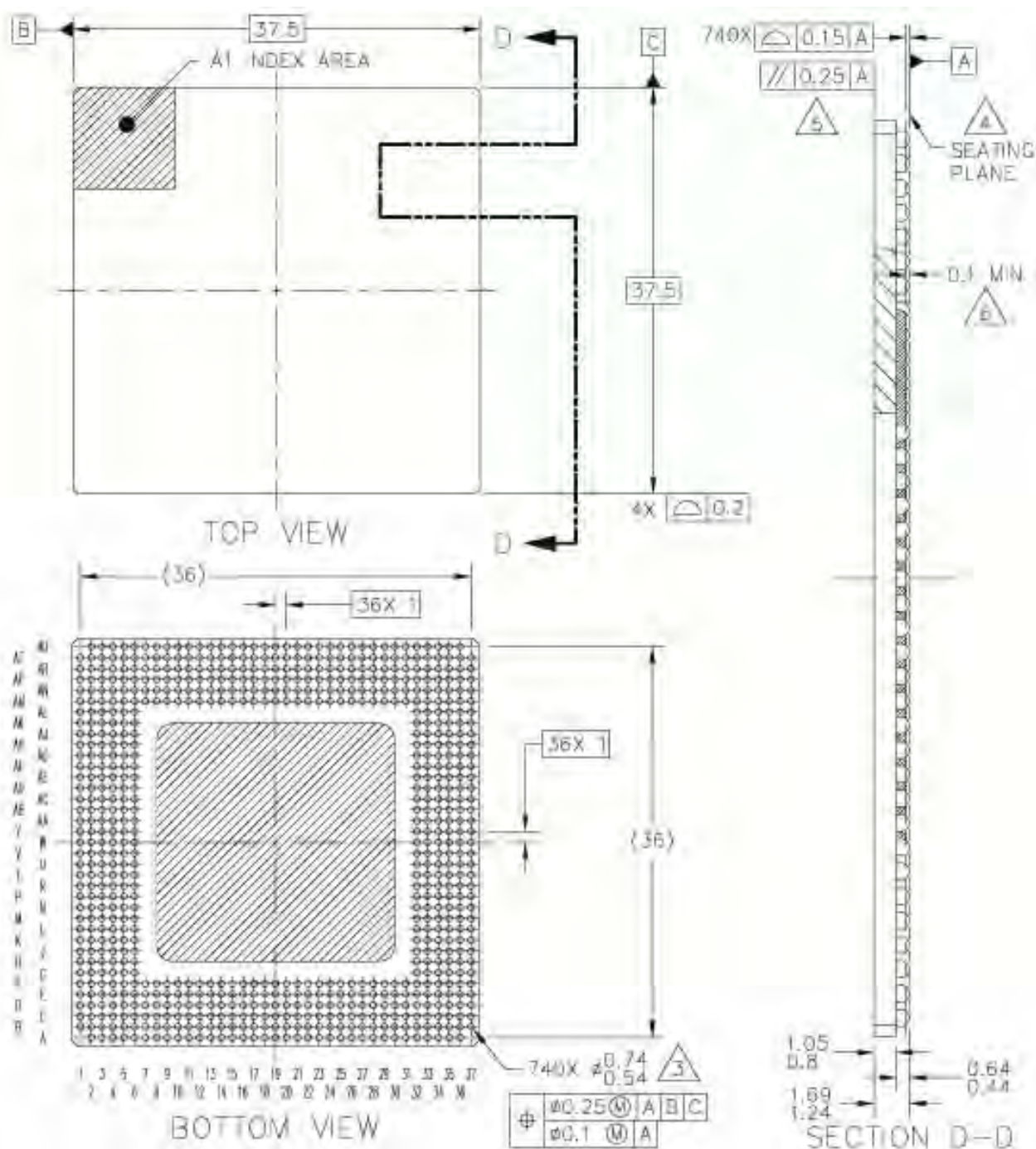


Figure 53. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the TBGA Package

## 20.3 Pinout Listings

Refer to AN3097, “MPC8360/MPC8358E PowerQUICC Design Checklist,” for proper pin termination and usage.

This table shows the pin list of the MPC8360E TBGA package.

**Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing**

| Signal                                               | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                             | Pin Type | Power Supply     | Notes |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------|
| <b>Primary DDR SDRAM Memory Controller Interface</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                |          |                  |       |
| MEMC1_MDQ[0:31]                                      | AJ34, AK33, AL33, AL35, AJ33, AK34, AK32, AM36, AN37, AN35, AR34, AT34, AP37, AP36, AR36, AT35, AP34, AR32, AP32, AM31, AN33, AM34, AM33, AM30, AP31, AM27, AR30, AT32, AN29, AP29, AN27, AR29 | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDQ[32:63]/<br>MEMC2_MDQ[0:31]                 | AN8, AN7, AM8, AM6, AP9, AN9, AT7, AP7, AU6, AP6, AR4, AR3, AT6, AT5, AR5, AT3, AP4, AM5, AP3, AN3, AN5, AL5, AN4, AM2, AL2, AH5, AK3, AJ2, AJ3, AH4, AK4, AH3                                 | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MECC[0:4]/<br>MSRCID[0:4]                      | AP24, AN22, AM19, AN19, AM24                                                                                                                                                                   | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MECC[5]/<br>MDVAL                              | AM23                                                                                                                                                                                           | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MECC[6:7]                                      | AM22, AN18                                                                                                                                                                                     | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDM[0:3]                                       | AL36, AN34, AP33, AN28                                                                                                                                                                         | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDM[4:7]/<br>MEMC2_MDM[0:3]                    | AT9, AU4, AM3, AJ6                                                                                                                                                                             | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDM[8]                                         | AP27                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDQS[0:3]                                      | AK35, AP35, AN31, AM26                                                                                                                                                                         | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDQS[4:7]/<br>MEMC2_MDQS[0:3]                  | AT8, AU3, AL4, AJ5                                                                                                                                                                             | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MDQS[8]                                        | AP26                                                                                                                                                                                           | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MBA[0:1]                                       | AU29, AU30                                                                                                                                                                                     | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MBA[2]                                         | AT30                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MA[0:14]                                       | AU21, AP22, AP21, AT21, AU25, AU26, AT23, AR26, AU24, AR23, AR28, AU23, AR22, AU20, AR18                                                                                                       | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MODT[0:1]                                      | AG33, AJ36                                                                                                                                                                                     | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | 6     |
| MEMC1_MODT[2:3]/<br>MEMC2_MODT[0:1]                  | AT1, AK2                                                                                                                                                                                       | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | 6     |
| MEMC1_MWE                                            | AT26                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MRAS                                           | AT29                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MCAS                                           | AT24                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MCS[0:1]                                       | AU27, AT27                                                                                                                                                                                     | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC1_MCS[2:3]/<br>MEMC2_MCS[0:1]                    | AU8, AU7                                                                                                                                                                                       | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |

Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                                                 | Package Pin Number                                                                                                           | Pin Type | Power Supply      | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| MEMC1_MCKE[0:1]                                        | AL32, AU33                                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | 3     |
| MEMC1_MCK[0:1]                                         | AK37, AT37                                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC1_MCK[2:3]/<br>MEMC2_MCK[0:1]                      | AN1, AR2                                                                                                                     | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC1_MCK[4:5]/<br>MEMC2_MCKE[0:1]                     | AN25, AK1                                                                                                                    | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC1_MCK[0:1]                                         | AL37, AT36                                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC1_MCK[2:3]/<br>MEMC2_MCK[0:1]                      | AP2, AT2                                                                                                                     | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC1_MCK[4]/<br>MEMC2_MDM[8]                          | AN24                                                                                                                         | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC1_MCK[5]/<br>MEMC2_MDQS[8]                         | AL1                                                                                                                          | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MDIC[0:1]                                              | AH6, AP30                                                                                                                    | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | 10    |
| <b>Secondary DDR SDRAM Memory Controller Interface</b> |                                                                                                                              |          |                   |       |
| MEMC2_MECC[0:7]                                        | AN16, AP18, AM16, AM17, AN17, AP13, AP15,<br>AN13                                                                            | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC2_MBA[0:2]                                         | AU12, AU15, AU13                                                                                                             | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC2_MA[0:14]                                         | AT12, AP11, AT13, AT14, AR13, AR15, AR16,<br>AT16, AT18, AT17, AP10, AR20, AR17, AR14,<br>AR11                               | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC2_MWE                                              | AU10                                                                                                                         | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC2_MRAS                                             | AT11                                                                                                                         | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC2_MCAS                                             | AU11                                                                                                                         | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>PCI</b>                                             |                                                                                                                              |          |                   |       |
| PCI_INTA/IRQ_OUT/CE_PF[5]                              | A20                                                                                                                          | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | 2     |
| PCI_RESET_OUT/CE_PF[6]                                 | E19                                                                                                                          | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_AD[31:30]/CE_PG[31:30]                             | D20, D21                                                                                                                     | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_AD[29:25]/CE_PG[29:25]                             | A24, B23, C23, E23, A26                                                                                                      | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_AD[24]/CE_PG[24]                                   | B21                                                                                                                          | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_AD[23:0]/CE_PG[23:0]                               | C24, C25, D25, B25, E24, F24, A27, A28, F27, A30,<br>C30, D30, E29, B31, C31, D31, D32, A32, C33,<br>B33, F30, E31, A34, D33 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_C/BE[3:0]/CE_PF[10:7]                              | E22, B26, E28, F28                                                                                                           | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_PAR/CE_PF[11]                                      | D28                                                                                                                          | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_FRAME/CE_PF[12]                                    | D26                                                                                                                          | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_TRDY/CE_PF[13]                                     | C27                                                                                                                          | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_IRDY/CE_PF[14]                                     | C28                                                                                                                          | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_STOP/CE_PF[15]                                     | B28                                                                                                                          | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |

Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                                     | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                         | Pin Type | Power Supply      | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| PCI_DEVSEL/CE_PF[16]                       | E26                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_IDSEL/CE_PF[17]                        | F22                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_SERR/CE_PF[18]                         | B29                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_PERR/CE_PF[19]                         | A29                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_REQ[0]/CE_PF[20]                       | F19                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_REQ[1]/CPCI_HS_ES/<br>CE_PF[21]        | A21                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_REQ[2]/CE_PF[22]                       | C21                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_GNT[0]/CE_PF[23]                       | E20                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_GNT[1]/CPCI1_HS_LED/<br>CE_PF[24]      | B20                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_GNT[2]/CPCI1_HS_ENUM/<br>CE_PF[25]     | C20                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_MODE                                   | D36                                                                                                                                                                        | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| M66EN/CE_PF[4]                             | B37                                                                                                                                                                        | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>Local Bus Controller Interface</b>      |                                                                                                                                                                            |          |                   |       |
| LAD[0:31]                                  | N32, N33, N35, N36, P37, P32, P34, R36, R35,<br>R34, R33, T37, T35, T34, T33, U37, T32, U36, U34,<br>V36, V35, W37, W35, V33, V32, W34, Y36, W32,<br>AA37, Y33, AA35, AA34 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LDP[0]/CKSTOP_OUT                          | AB37                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LDP[1]/CKSTOP_IN                           | AB36                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LDP[2]/LCS[6]                              | AB35                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LDP[3]/LCS[7]                              | AA33                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LA[27:31]                                  | AC37, AA32, AC36, AC34, AD36                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LCS[0:5]                                   | AD33, AG37, AF34, AE33, AD32, AH37                                                                                                                                         | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LWE[0:3]/LSDDQM[0:3]/LBS[0:3]              | AG35, AG34, AH36, AE32                                                                                                                                                     | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LBCTL                                      | AD35                                                                                                                                                                       | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LALE                                       | M37                                                                                                                                                                        | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LGPL0/LSDA10/cfg_reset_source0             | AB32                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LGPL1/LSDW <sub>E</sub> /cfg_reset_source1 | AE37                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LGPL2/LSDRAS/LOE                           | AC33                                                                                                                                                                       | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LGPL3/LSDCAS/cfg_reset_source2             | AD34                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LGPL4/LGT <sub>A</sub> /LUPWAIT/LPBSE      | AE35                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LGPL5/cfg_clkin_div                        | AF36                                                                                                                                                                       | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LCKE                                       | G36                                                                                                                                                                        | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LCLK[0]                                    | J33                                                                                                                                                                        | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LCLK[1]/LCS[6]                             | J34                                                                                                                                                                        | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |

Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                                     | Package Pin Number      | Pin Type | Power Supply      | Notes |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| LCLK[2]/LCS[7]                             | G37                     | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LSYNC_OUT                                  | F34                     | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| LSYNC_IN                                   | G35                     | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>Programmable Interrupt Controller</b>   |                         |          |                   |       |
| MCP_OUT                                    | E34                     | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 2     |
| IRQ0/MCP_IN                                | C37                     | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| IRQ[1]/M1SRCID[4]/M2SRCID[4]/LSRCID[4]     | F35                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| IRQ[2]/M1DVAL/M2DVAL/LDVAL                 | F36                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| IRQ[3]/CORE_SRESET                         | H34                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| IRQ[4:5]                                   | G33, G32                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| IRQ[6]/LCS[6]/CKSTOP_OUT                   | E35                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| IRQ[7]/LCS[7]/CKSTOP_IN                    | H36                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>DUART</b>                               |                         |          |                   |       |
| UART1_SOUT/M1SRCID[0]/M2SRCID[0]/LSRCID[0] | E32                     | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| UART1_SIN/M1SRCID[1]/M2SRCID[1]/LSRCID[1]  | B34                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| UART1_CTS/M1SRCID[2]/M2SRCID[2]/LSRCID[2]  | C34                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| UART1_RTS/M1SRCID[3]/M2SRCID[3]/LSRCID[3]  | A35                     | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Interface</b>            |                         |          |                   |       |
| IIC1_SDA                                   | D34                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 2     |
| IIC1_SCL                                   | B35                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 2     |
| IIC2_SDA                                   | E33                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 2     |
| IIC2_SCL                                   | C35                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 2     |
| <b>QUICC Engine Block</b>                  |                         |          |                   |       |
| CE_PA[0]                                   | F8                      | I/O      | LV <sub>DD0</sub> | —     |
| CE_PA[1:2]                                 | AH1, AG5                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PA[3:7]                                 | F6, D4, C3, E5, A3      | I/O      | LV <sub>DD0</sub> | —     |
| CE_PA[8]                                   | AG3                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PA[9:12]                                | F7, B3, E6, B4          | I/O      | LV <sub>DD0</sub> | —     |
| CE_PA[13:14]                               | AG1, AF6                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PA[15]                                  | B2                      | I/O      | LV <sub>DD0</sub> | —     |
| CE_PA[16]                                  | AF4                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PA[17:21]                               | B16, A16, E17, A17, B17 | I/O      | LV <sub>DD1</sub> | —     |

Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                        | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                 | Pin Type | Power Supply       | Notes |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-------|
| CE_PA[22]                     | AF3                                                                                                                                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PA[23:26]                  | C18, D18, E18, A18                                                                                                                 | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 1 | —     |
| CE_PA[27:28]                  | AF2, AE6                                                                                                                           | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PA[29]                     | B19                                                                                                                                | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 1 | —     |
| CE_PA[30]                     | AE5                                                                                                                                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PA[31]                     | F16                                                                                                                                | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 1 | —     |
| CE_PB[0:27]                   | AE2, AE1, AD5, AD3, AD2, AC6, AC5, AC4, AC2, AC1, AB5, AB4, AB3, AB1, AA6, AA4, AA2, Y6, Y4, Y3, Y2, Y1, W6, W5, W2, V5, V3, V2    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PC[0:1]                    | V1, U6                                                                                                                             | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PC[2:3]                    | C16, A15                                                                                                                           | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 1 | —     |
| CE_PC[4:6]                    | U4, U3, T6                                                                                                                         | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PC[7]                      | C19                                                                                                                                | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 2 | —     |
| CE_PC[8:9]                    | A4, C5                                                                                                                             | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 0 | —     |
| CE_PC[10:30]                  | T5, T4, T2, T1, R5, R3, R1, C11, D12, F13, B10, C10, E12, A9, B8, D10, A14, E15, B14, D15, AH2                                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PD[0:27]                   | E11, D9, C8, F11, A7, E9, C7, A6, F10, B6, D7, E8, B5, A5, C2, E4, F5, B1, D2, G5, D1, E2, H6, F3, E1, F2, G3, H4                  | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PE[0:31]                   | K3, J2, F1, G2, J5, H3, G1, H2, K6, J3, K5, K4, L6, P6, P4, P3, P1, N4, N5, N2, N1, M2, M3, M5, M6, L1, L2, L4, E14, C13, C14, B13 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CE_PF[0:3]                    | F14, D13, A12, A11                                                                                                                 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| <b>Clocks</b>                 |                                                                                                                                    |          |                    |       |
| PCI_CLK_OUT[0]/CE_PF[26]      | B22                                                                                                                                | I/O      | LV <sub>DD</sub> 2 | —     |
| PCI_CLK_OUT[1:2]/CE_PF[27:28] | D22, A23                                                                                                                           | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| CLKIN                         | E37                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| PCI_CLOCK/PCI_SYNC_IN         | M36                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| PCI_SYNC_OUT/CE_PF[29]        | D37                                                                                                                                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | 3     |
| <b>JTAG</b>                   |                                                                                                                                    |          |                    |       |
| TCK                           | K33                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | —     |
| TDI                           | K34                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | 4     |
| TDO                           | H37                                                                                                                                | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | 3     |
| TMS                           | J36                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | 4     |
| $\overline{\text{TRST}}$      | L32                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | 4     |
| <b>Test</b>                   |                                                                                                                                    |          |                    |       |
| TEST                          | L35                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>   | 7     |
| TEST_SEL                      | AU34                                                                                                                               | I        | GV <sub>DD</sub>   | 7     |

Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                          | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Pin Type                                      | Power Supply             | Notes |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| <b>PMC</b>                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                               |                          |       |
| $\overline{\text{QUIESCE}}$     | B36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | O                                             | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| <b>System Control</b>           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                               |                          |       |
| $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$     | L37                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I                                             | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$      | L36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I/O                                           | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 1     |
| $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$      | M33                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I/O                                           | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 2     |
| <b>Thermal Management</b>       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                               |                          |       |
| THERM0                          | AP19                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | I                                             | $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| THERM1                          | AT31                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | I                                             | $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| <b>Power and Ground Signals</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                               |                          |       |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}1}$        | K35                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Power for LBIU DLL (1.2 V)                    | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}1}$ | —     |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}2}$        | K36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Power for CE PLL (1.2 V)                      | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}2}$ | —     |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}5}$        | AM29                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Power for e300 PLL (1.2 V)                    | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}5}$ | —     |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}6}$        | K37                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Power for system PLL (1.2 V)                  | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}6}$ | —     |
| GND                             | A2, A8, A13, A19, A22, A25, A31, A33, A36, B7, B12, B24, B27, B30, C4, C6, C9, C15, C26, C32, D3, D8, D11, D14, D17, D19, D23, D27, E7, E13, E25, E30, E36, F4, F37, G34, H1, H5, H32, H33, J4, J32, J37, K1, L3, L5, L33, L34, M1, M34, M35, N37, P2, P5, P35, P36, R4, T3, U1, U5, U35, V37, W1, W4, W33, W36, Y34, AA3, AA5, AC3, AC32, AC35, AD1, AD37, AE4, AE34, AE36, AF33, AG4, AG6, AG32, AH35, AJ1, AJ4, AJ32, AJ35, AJ37, AK36, AL3, AL34, AM4, AN6, AN23, AN30, AP8, AP12, AP14, AP16, AP17, AP20, AP25, AR6, AR8, AR9, AR19, AR24, AR31, AR35, AR37, AT4, AT10, AT19, AT20, AT25, AU14, AU22, AU28, AU35 | —                                             | —                        | —     |
| $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$         | AD4, AE3, AF1, AF5, AF35, AF37, AG2, AG36, AH33, AH34, AK5, AM1, AM35, AM37, AN2, AN10, AN11, AN12, AN14, AN32, AN36, AP5, AP23, AP28, AR1, AR7, AR10, AR12, AR21, AR25, AR27, AR33, AT15, AT22, AT28, AT33, AU2, AU5, AU16, AU31, AU36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power for DDR DRAM I/O voltage (2.5 or 1.8 V) | $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |

Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal            | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Pin Type                                                  | Power Supply          | Notes |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| LV <sub>DD0</sub> | D5, D6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Power for UCC1 Ethernet interface (2.5 V, 3.3 V)          | LV <sub>DD0</sub>     | —     |
| LV <sub>DD1</sub> | C17, D16                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power for UCC2 Ethernet interface option 1 (2.5 V, 3.3 V) | LV <sub>DD1</sub>     | 9     |
| LV <sub>DD2</sub> | B18, E21                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power for UCC2 Ethernet interface option 2 (2.5 V, 3.3 V) | LV <sub>DD2</sub>     | 9     |
| V <sub>DD</sub>   | C36, D29, D35, E16, F9, F12, F15, F17, F18, F20, F21, F23, F25, F26, F29, F31, F32, F33, G6, J6, K32, M32, N6, P33, R6, R32, U32, V6, Y5, Y32, AB6, AB33, AD6, AF32, AK6, AL6, AM7, AM9, AM10, AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM18, AM21, AM25, AM28, AM32, AN15, AN21, AN26, AU9, AU17 | Power for core (1.2 V)                                    | V <sub>DD</sub>       | —     |
| OV <sub>DD</sub>  | A10, B9, B15, B32, C1, C12, C22, C29, D24, E3, E10, E27, G4, H35, J1, J35, K2, M4, N3, N34, R2, R37, T36, U2, U33, V4, V34, W3, Y35, Y37, AA1, AA36, AB2, AB34                                                                                                                         | PCI, 10/100 Ethernet, and other standard (3.3 V)          | OV <sub>DD</sub>      | —     |
| MVREF1            | AN20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I                                                         | DDR reference voltage | —     |
| MVREF2            | AU32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I                                                         | DDR reference voltage | —     |
| SPARE1            | B11                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | I/O                                                       | OV <sub>DD</sub>      | 8     |
| SPARE3            | AH32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —                                                         | GV <sub>DD</sub>      | 8     |
| SPARE4            | AU18                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —                                                         | GV <sub>DD</sub>      | 7     |
| SPARE5            | AP1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —                                                         | GV <sub>DD</sub>      | 8     |

**Table 66. MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)**

| Signal            | Package Pin Number | Pin Type | Power Supply | Notes |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|-------|
| <b>No Connect</b> |                    |          |              |       |
| NC                | AM20, AU19         | —        | —            | —     |

**Notes:**

1. This pin is an open drain signal. A weak pull-up resistor (1 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to OV<sub>DD</sub>.
2. This pin is an open drain signal. A weak pull-up resistor (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to OV<sub>DD</sub>.
3. This output is actively driven during reset rather than being three-stated during reset.
4. These JTAG pins have weak internal pull-up P-FETs that are always enabled.
5. This pin should have a weak pull up if the chip is in PCI host mode. Follow PCI specifications recommendation.
6. These are On Die Termination pins, used to control DDR2 memories internal termination resistance.
7. This pin must always be tied to GND.
8. This pin must always be left not connected.
9. Refer to *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* section on “RGMII Pins,” for information about the two UCC2 Ethernet interface options.
10. It is recommended that MDIC0 be tied to GND using an 18.2  $\Omega$  resistor and MDIC1 be tied to DDR power using an 18.2  $\Omega$  resistor for DDR2.

This table shows the pin list of the MPC8358E TBGA package.

**Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing**

| Signal                                       | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Pin Type | Power Supply     | Notes |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------|
| <b>DDR SDRAM Memory Controller Interface</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |          |                  |       |
| MEMC1_MDQ[0:63]                              | AJ34, AK33, AL33, AL35, AJ33, AK34, AK32, AM36, AN37, AN35, AR34, AT34, AP37, AP36, AR36, AT35, AP34, AR32, AP32, AM31, AN33, AM34, AM33, AM30, AP31, AM27, AR30, AT32, AN29, AP29, AN27, AR29, AN8, AN7, AM8, AM6, AP9, AN9, AT7, AP7, AU6, AP6, AR4, AR3, AT6, AT5, AR5, AT3, AP4, AM5, AP3, AN3, AN5, AL5, AN4, AM2, AL2, AH5, AK3, AJ2, AJ3, AH4, AK4, AH3 | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MECC[0:4]/MSRCID[0:4]                   | AP24, AN22, AM19, AN19, AM24                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MECC[5]/MDVAL                           | AM23                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MECC[6:7]                               | AM22, AN18                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MDM[0:8]                                | AL36, AN34, AP33, AN28, AT9, AU4, AM3, AJ6, AP27                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MDQS[0:8]                               | AK35, AP35, AN31, AM26, AT8, AU3, AL4, AJ5, AP26                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MBA[0:1]                                | AU29, AU30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MBA[2]                                  | AT30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MA[0:14]                                | AU21, AP22, AP21, AT21, AU25, AU26, AT23, AR26, AU24, AR23, AR28, AU23, AR22, AU20, AR18                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| MEMC_MODT[0:3]                               | AG33, AJ36, AT1, AK2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub> | 6     |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                                 | Package Pin Number                                                                                                     | Pin Type | Power Supply      | Notes |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| MEMC_MWE                               | AT26                                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC_MRAS                              | AT29                                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC_MCAS                              | AT24                                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC_MCS[0:3]                          | AU27, AT27, AU8, AU7                                                                                                   | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC_MCKE[0:1]                         | AL32, AU33                                                                                                             | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | 3     |
| MEMC_MCK[0:5]                          | AK37, AT37, AN1, AR2, AN25, AK1                                                                                        | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MEMC_MCK[0:5]                          | AL37, AT36, AP2, AT2, AN24, AL1                                                                                        | O        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| MDIC[0:1]                              | AH6, AP30                                                                                                              | I/O      | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | 11    |
| PCI                                    |                                                                                                                        |          |                   |       |
| PCI_INTA/IRQ_OUT/CE_PF[5]              | A20                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | 2     |
| PCI_RESET_OUT/CE_PF[6]                 | E19                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_AD[31:30]/CE_PG[31:30]             | D20, D21                                                                                                               | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_AD[29:25]/CE_PG[29:25]             | A24, B23, C23, E23, A26                                                                                                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_AD[24]/CE_PG[24]                   | B21                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_AD[23:0]/CE_PG[23:0]               | C24, C25, D25, B25, E24, F24, A27, A28, F27, A30, C30, D30, E29, B31, C31, D31, D32, A32, C33, B33, F30, E31, A34, D33 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_C/BE[3:0]/CE_PF[10:7]              | E22, B26, E28, F28                                                                                                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_PAR/CE_PF[11]                      | D28                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_FRAME/CE_PF[12]                    | D26                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_TRDY/CE_PF[13]                     | C27                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_IRDY/CE_PF[14]                     | C28                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_STOP/CE_PF[15]                     | B28                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_DEVSEL/CE_PF[16]                   | E26                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_IDSEL/CE_PF[17]                    | F22                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_SERR/CE_PF[18]                     | B29                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_PERR/CE_PF[19]                     | A29                                                                                                                    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 5     |
| PCI_REQ[0]/CE_PF[20]                   | F19                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_REQ[1]/CPCI_HS_ES/<br>CE_PF[21]    | A21                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_REQ[2]/CE_PF[22]                   | C21                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_GNT[0]/CE_PF[23]                   | E20                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_GNT[1]/CPCI1_HS_LED/<br>CE_PF[24]  | B20                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_GNT[2]/CPCI1_HS_ENUM/<br>CE_PF[25] | C20                                                                                                                    | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                                   | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                | Pin Type | Power Supply     | Notes |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------|
| PCI_MODE                                 | D36                                                                                                                                                               | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| M66EN/CE_PF[4]                           | B37                                                                                                                                                               | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| <b>Local Bus Controller Interface</b>    |                                                                                                                                                                   |          |                  |       |
| LAD[0:31]                                | N32, N33, N35, N36, P37, P32, P34, R36, R35, R34, R33, T37, T35, T34, T33, U37, T32, U36, U34, V36, V35, W37, W35, V33, V32, W34, Y36, W32, AA37, Y33, AA35, AA34 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LDP[0]/CKSTOP_OUT                        | AB37                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LDP[1]/CKSTOP_IN                         | AB36                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LDP[2]/LCS[6]                            | AB35                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LDP[3]/LCS[7]                            | AA33                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LA[27:31]                                | AC37, AA32, AC36, AC34, AD36                                                                                                                                      | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LCS[0:5]                                 | AD33, AG37, AF34, AE33, AD32, AH37                                                                                                                                | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LWE[0:3]/LSDDQM[0:3]/LBS[0:3]            | AG35, AG34, AH36, AE32                                                                                                                                            | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LBCTL                                    | AD35                                                                                                                                                              | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LALE                                     | M37                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LGPL0/LSDA10/cfg_reset_source0           | AB32                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LGPL1/LSDWE/cfg_reset_source1            | AE37                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LGPL2/LSDRAS/LOE                         | AC33                                                                                                                                                              | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LGPL3/LSDCAS/cfg_reset_source2           | AD34                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LGPL4/LGTA/LUPWAIT/LPBSE                 | AE35                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LGPL5/cfg_clkin_div                      | AF36                                                                                                                                                              | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LCKE                                     | G36                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LCLK[0]                                  | J33                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LCLK[1]/LCS[6]                           | J34                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LCLK[2]/LCS[7]                           | G37                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LSYNC_OUT                                | F34                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| LSYNC_IN                                 | G35                                                                                                                                                               | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| <b>Programmable Interrupt Controller</b> |                                                                                                                                                                   |          |                  |       |
| MCP_OUT                                  | E34                                                                                                                                                               | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | 2     |
| IRQ0/MCP_IN                              | C37                                                                                                                                                               | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| IRQ[1]/M1SRCID[4]/M2SRCID[4]/LSRCID[4]   | F35                                                                                                                                                               | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| IRQ[2]/M1DVAL/M2DVAL/LDVAL               | F36                                                                                                                                                               | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |
| IRQ[3]/CORE_SRESET                       | H34                                                                                                                                                               | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub> | —     |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                                                              | Package Pin Number      | Pin Type | Power Supply             | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------|-------|
| $\overline{\text{IRQ}}[4:5]$                                        | G33, G32                | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\overline{\text{IRQ}}[6]/\text{LCS}[6]/\text{CKSTOP\_OUT}$         | E35                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\overline{\text{IRQ}}[7]/\text{LCS}[7]/\text{CKSTOP\_IN}$          | H36                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| <b>DUART</b>                                                        |                         |          |                          |       |
| UART1_SOUT/M1SRCID[0]/<br>M2SRCID[0]/LSRCID[0]                      | E32                     | O        | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| UART1_SIN/M1SRCID[1]/<br>M2SRCID[1]/LSRCID[1]                       | B34                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\overline{\text{UART1\_CTS}}$ /M1SRCID[2]/<br>M2SRCID[2]/LSRCID[2] | C34                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\overline{\text{UART1\_RTS}}$ /M1SRCID[3]/<br>M2SRCID[3]/LSRCID[3] | A35                     | O        | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Interface</b>                                     |                         |          |                          |       |
| IIC1_SDA                                                            | D34                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 2     |
| IIC1_SCL                                                            | B35                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 2     |
| IIC2_SDA                                                            | E33                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 2     |
| IIC2_SCL                                                            | C35                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 2     |
| <b>QUICC Engine</b>                                                 |                         |          |                          |       |
| CE_PA[0]                                                            | F8                      | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}0}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[1:2]                                                          | AH1, AG5                | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[3:7]                                                          | F6, D4, C3, E5, A3      | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}0}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[8]                                                            | AG3                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[9:12]                                                         | F7, B3, E6, B4          | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}0}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[13:14]                                                        | AG1, AF6                | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[15]                                                           | B2                      | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}0}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[16]                                                           | AF4                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[17:21]                                                        | B16, A16, E17, A17, B17 | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}1}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[22]                                                           | AF3                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[23:26]                                                        | C18, D18, E18, A18      | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}1}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[27:28]                                                        | AF2, AE6                | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[29]                                                           | B19                     | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}1}$ | —     |
| CE_PA[30]                                                           | AE5                     | I/O      | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| CE_PA[31]                                                           | F16                     | I/O      | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}1}$ | —     |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                        | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                 | Pin Type | Power Supply      | Notes |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| CE_PB[0:27]                   | AE2, AE1, AD5, AD3, AD2, AC6, AC5, AC4, AC2, AC1, AB5, AB4, AB3, AB1, AA6, AA4, AA2, Y6, Y4, Y3, Y2, Y1, W6, W5, W2, V5, V3, V2    | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PC[0:1]                    | V1, U6                                                                                                                             | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  |       |
| CE_PC[2:3]                    | C16, A15                                                                                                                           | I/O      | LV <sub>DD1</sub> | —     |
| CE_PC[4:6]                    | U4, U3, T6                                                                                                                         | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PC[7]                      | C19                                                                                                                                | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| CE_PC[8:9]                    | A4, C5                                                                                                                             | I/O      | LV <sub>DD0</sub> | —     |
| CE_PC[10:30]                  | T5, T4, T2, T1, R5, R3, R1, C11, D12, F13, B10, C10, E12, A9, B8, D10, A14, E15, B14, D15, AH2                                     | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PD[0:27]                   | E11, D9, C8, F11, A7, E9, C7, A6, F10, B6, D7, E8, B5, A5, C2, E4, F5, B1, D2, G5, D1, E2, H6, F3, E1, F2, G3, H4                  | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PE[0:31]                   | K3, J2, F1, G2, J5, H3, G1, H2, K6, J3, K5, K4, L6, P6, P4, P3, P1, N4, N5, N2, N1, M2, M3, M5, M6, L1, L2, L4, E14, C13, C14, B13 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CE_PF[0:3]                    | F14, D13, A12, A11                                                                                                                 | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>Clocks</b>                 |                                                                                                                                    |          |                   |       |
| PCI_CLK_OUT[0]/CE_PF[26]      | B22                                                                                                                                | I/O      | LV <sub>DD2</sub> | —     |
| PCI_CLK_OUT[1:2]/CE_PF[27:28] | D22, A23                                                                                                                           | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| CLKIN                         | E37                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_CLOCK/PCI_SYNC_IN         | M36                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| PCI_SYNC_OUT/CE_PF[29]        | D37                                                                                                                                | I/O      | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 3     |
| <b>JTAG</b>                   |                                                                                                                                    |          |                   |       |
| TCK                           | K33                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| TDI                           | K34                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 4     |
| TDO                           | H37                                                                                                                                | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 3     |
| TMS                           | J36                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 4     |
| TRST                          | L32                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 4     |
| <b>Test</b>                   |                                                                                                                                    |          |                   |       |
| TEST                          | L35                                                                                                                                | I        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | 7     |
| TEST_SEL                      | AU34                                                                                                                               | I        | GV <sub>DD</sub>  | 10    |
| <b>PMC</b>                    |                                                                                                                                    |          |                   |       |
| QUIESCE                       | B36                                                                                                                                | O        | OV <sub>DD</sub>  | —     |
| <b>System Control</b>         |                                                                                                                                    |          |                   |       |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal                      | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Pin Type                                         | Power Supply             | Notes |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ | L37                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I                                                | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  | L36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I/O                                              | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 1     |
| $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$  | M33                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I/O                                              | $\text{OV}_{\text{DD}}$  | 2     |
| Thermal Management          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                  |                          |       |
| THERM0                      | AP19                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | I                                                | $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| THERM1                      | AT31                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | I                                                | $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| Power and Ground Signals    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                  |                          |       |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}1}$    | K35                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Power for LBIU DLL (1.2 V)                       | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}1}$ | —     |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}2}$    | K36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Power for CE PLL (1.2 V)                         | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}2}$ | —     |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}5}$    | AM29                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Power for e300 PLL (1.2 V)                       | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}5}$ | —     |
| $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}6}$    | K37                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Power for system PLL (1.2 V)                     | $\text{AV}_{\text{DD}6}$ | —     |
| GND                         | A2, A8, A13, A19, A22, A25, A31, A33, A36, B7, B12, B24, B27, B30, C4, C6, C9, C15, C26, C32, D3, D8, D11, D14, D17, D19, D23, D27, E7, E13, E25, E30, E36, F4, F37, G34, H1, H5, H32, H33, J4, J32, J37, K1, L3, L5, L33, L34, M1, M34, M35, N37, P2, P5, P35, P36, R4, T3, U1, U5, U35, V37, W1, W4, W33, W36, Y34, AA3, AA5, AC3, AC32, AC35, AD1, AD37, AE4, AE34, AE36, AF33, AG4, AG6, AG32, AH35, AJ1, AJ4, AJ32, AJ35, AJ37, AK36, AL3, AL34, AM4, AN6, AN23, AN30, AP8, AP12, AP14, AP16, AP17, AP20, AP25, AR6, AR8, AR9, AR19, AR24, AR31, AR35, AR37, AT4, AT10, AT19, AT20, AT25, AU14, AU22, AU28, AU35 | —                                                | —                        | —     |
| $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$     | AD4, AE3, AF1, AF5, AF35, AF37, AG2, AG36, AH33, AH34, AK5, AM1, AM35, AM37, AN2, AN10, AN11, AN12, AN14, AN32, AN36, AP5, AP23, AP28, AR1, AR7, AR10, AR12, AR21, AR25, AR27, AR33, AT15, AT22, AT28, AT33, AU2, AU5, AU16, AU31, AU36                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power for DDR DRAM I/O voltage (2.5 or 1.8 V)    | $\text{GV}_{\text{DD}}$  | —     |
| $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}0}$    | D5, D6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Power for UCC1 Ethernet interface (2.5 V, 3.3 V) | $\text{LV}_{\text{DD}0}$ | —     |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal             | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Pin Type                                                  | Power Supply          | Notes |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| LV <sub>DD</sub> 1 | C17, D16                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power for UCC2 Ethernet interface option 1 (2.5 V, 3.3 V) | LV <sub>DD</sub> 1    | 9     |
| LV <sub>DD</sub> 2 | B18, E21                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power for UCC2 Ethernet interface option 2 (2.5 V, 3.3 V) | LV <sub>DD</sub> 2    | 9     |
| V <sub>DD</sub>    | C36, D29, D35, E16, F9, F12, F15, F17, F18, F20, F21, F23, F25, F26, F29, F31, F32, F33, G6, J6, K32, M32, N6, P33, R6, R32, U32, V6, Y5, Y32, AB6, AB33, AD6, AF32, AK6, AL6, AM7, AM9, AM10, AM11, AM12, AM13, AM14, AM15, AM18, AM21, AM25, AM28, AM32, AN15, AN21, AN26, AU9, AU17 | Power for core (1.2 V)                                    | V <sub>DD</sub>       | —     |
| OV <sub>DD</sub>   | A10, B9, B15, B32, C1, C12, C22, C29, D24, E3, E10, E27, G4, H35, J1, J35, K2, M4, N3, N34, R2, R37, T36, U2, U33, V4, V34, W3, Y35, Y37, AA1, AA36, AB2, AB34                                                                                                                         | PCI, 10/100 Ethernet, and other standard (3.3 V)          | OV <sub>DD</sub>      | —     |
| MVREF1             | AN20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I                                                         | DDR reference voltage | —     |
| MVREF2             | AU32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | I                                                         | DDR reference voltage | —     |
|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                           |                       |       |
| SPARE1             | B11                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | I/O                                                       | OV <sub>DD</sub>      | 8     |
| SPARE3             | AH32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —                                                         | GV <sub>DD</sub>      | 8     |
| SPARE4             | AU18                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —                                                         | GV <sub>DD</sub>      | 7     |
| SPARE5             | AP1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —                                                         | GV <sub>DD</sub>      | 8     |

Table 67. MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing (continued)

| Signal     | Package Pin Number                                                                                                                                                                       | Pin Type | Power Supply | Notes |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------|-------|
| No Connect |                                                                                                                                                                                          |          |              |       |
| NC         | AM16, AM17, AM20, AN13, AN16, AN17, AP10, AP11, AP13, AP15, AP18, AR11, AR13, AR14, AR15, AR16, AR17, AR20, AT11, AT12, AT13, AT14, AT16, AT17, AT18, AU10, AU11, AU12, AU13, AU15, AU19 | —        | —            | —     |

**Notes:**

1. This pin is an open drain signal. A weak pull-up resistor (1 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to OV<sub>DD</sub>.
2. This pin is an open drain signal. A weak pull-up resistor (2–10 k $\Omega$ ) should be placed on this pin to OV<sub>DD</sub>.
3. This output is actively driven during reset rather than being three-stated during reset.
4. These JTAG pins have weak internal pull-up P-FETs that are always enabled.
5. This pin should have a weak pull up if the chip is in PCI host mode. Follow PCI specifications recommendation.
6. These are On Die Termination pins, used to control DDR2 memories internal termination resistance.
7. This pin must always be tied to GND.
8. This pin must always be left not connected.
9. Refer to *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* section on “RGMII Pins,” for information about the two UCC2 Ethernet interface options.
10. This pin must always be tied to GV<sub>DD</sub>.
11. It is recommended that MDIC0 be tied to GND using an 18.2  $\Omega$  resistor and MDIC1 be tied to DDR power using an 18.2  $\Omega$  resistor for DDR2.

## 21 Clocking

This figure shows the internal distribution of clocks within the MPC8360E.

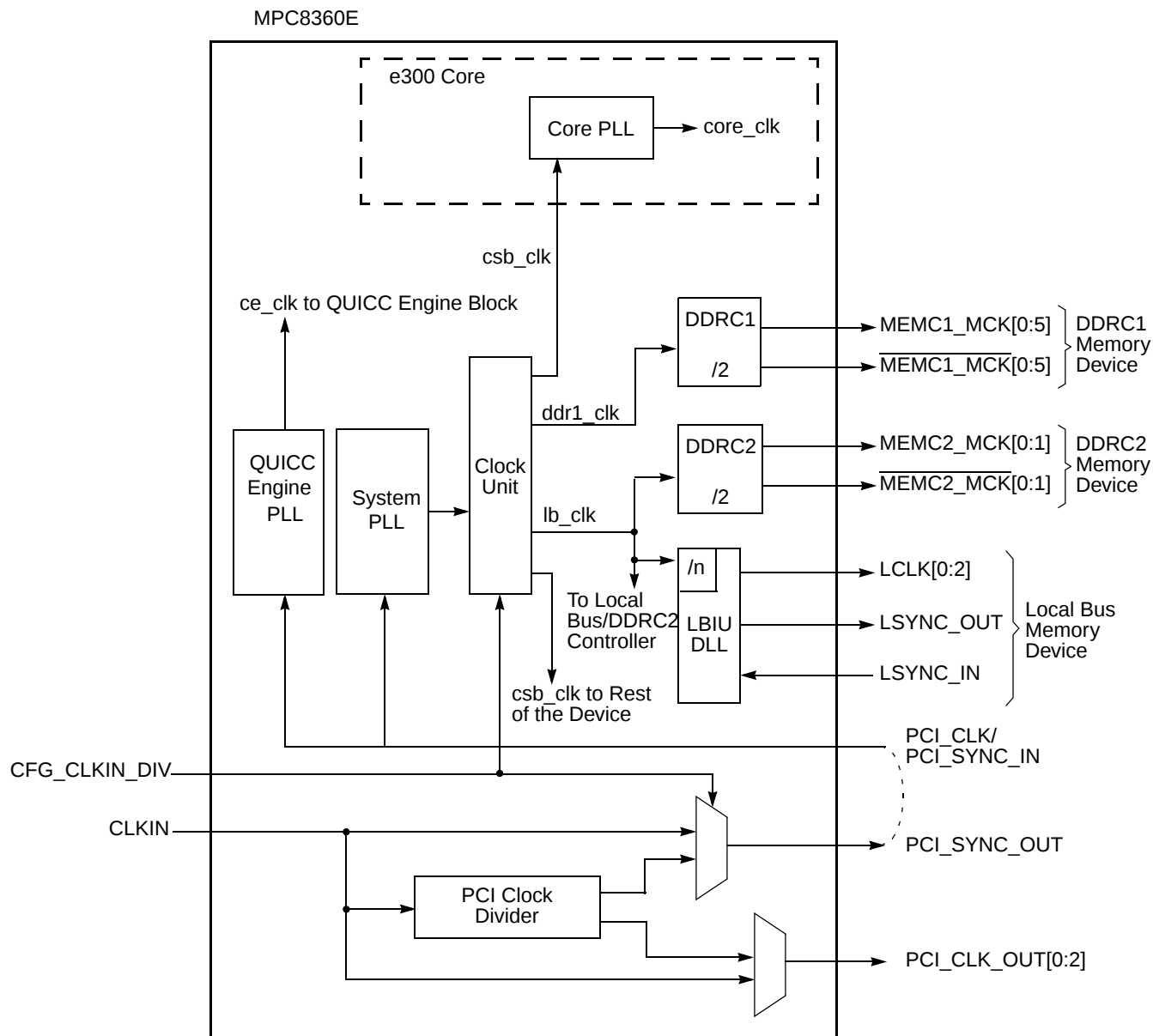
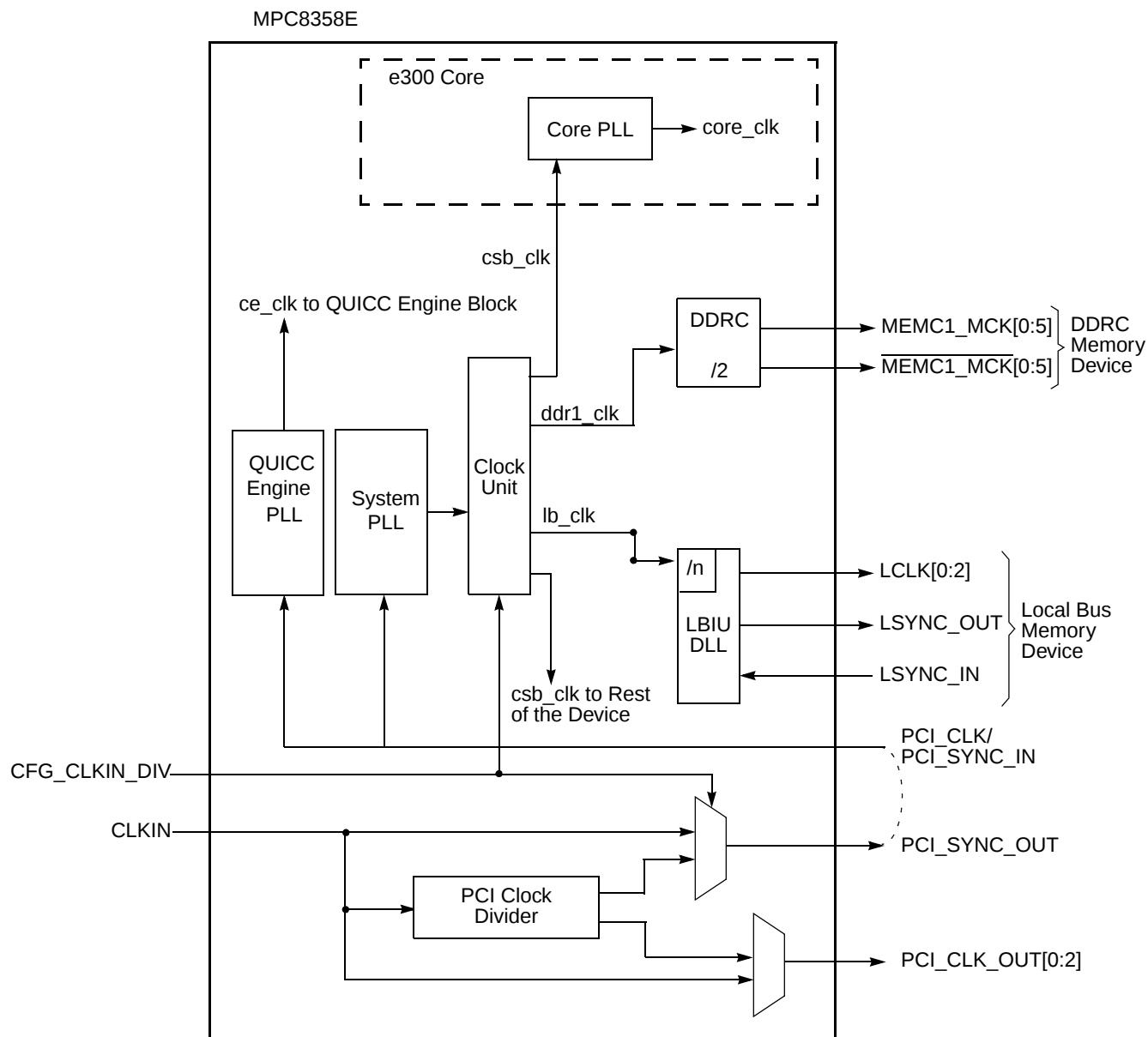


Figure 54. MPC8360E Clock Subsystem

This figure shows the internal distribution of clocks within the MPC8358E.



**Figure 55. MPC8358E Clock Subsystem**

The primary clock source for the device can be one of two inputs, CLKIN or PCI\_CLK, depending on whether the device is configured in PCI host or PCI agent mode. Note that in PCI host mode, the primary clock input also depends on whether PCI clock outputs are selected with RCWH[PCICKDRV]. When the device is configured as a PCI host device (RCWH[PCIHOST] = 1) and PCI clock output is selected (RCWH[PCICKDRV] = 1), CLKIN is its primary input clock. CLKIN feeds the PCI clock divider (+2) and the multiplexors for PCI\_SYNC\_OUT and PCI\_CLK\_OUT. The CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV configuration input selects whether CLKIN or CLKIN/2 is driven out on the PCI\_SYNC\_OUT signal. The OCCR[PCIOEN<sub>n</sub>] parameters enable the PCI\_CLK\_OUT<sub>n</sub>, respectively.

PCI\_SYNC\_OUT is connected externally to PCI\_SYNC\_IN to allow the internal clock subsystem to synchronize to the system PCI clocks. PCI\_SYNC\_OUT must be connected properly to PCI\_SYNC\_IN, with equal delay to all PCI agent devices in the system, to allow the device to function. When the device is configured as a PCI agent device, PCI\_CLK is the primary input

clock. When the device is configured as a PCI agent device the CLKIN and the CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV signals should be tied to GND.

When the device is configured as a PCI host device (RCWH[PCIHOST] = 1) and PCI clock output is disabled (RCWH[PCICKDRV] = 0), clock distribution and balancing done externally on the board. Therefore, PCI\_SYNC\_IN is the primary input clock.

As shown in [Figure 54](#) and [Figure 55](#), the primary clock input (frequency) is multiplied by the QUICC Engine block phase-locked loop (PLL), the system PLL, and the clock unit to create the QUICC Engine clock (*ce\_clk*), the coherent system bus clock (*csb\_clk*), the internal DDRC1 controller clock (*ddr1\_clk*), and the internal clock for the local bus interface unit and DDR2 memory controller (*lb\_clk*).

The *csb\_clk* frequency is derived from a complex set of factors that can be simplified into the following equation:

$$csb\_clk = \{PCI\_SYNC\_IN \times (1 + CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV)\} \times SPMF$$

In PCI host mode, PCI\_SYNC\_IN  $\times$  (1 + CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV) is the CLKIN frequency; in PCI agent mode, CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV must be pulled down (low), so PCI\_SYNC\_IN  $\times$  (1 + CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV) is the PCI\_CLK frequency.

The *csb\_clk* serves as the clock input to the e300 core. A second PLL inside the e300 core multiplies up the *csb\_clk* frequency to create the internal clock for the e300 core (*core\_clk*). The system and core PLL multipliers are selected by the SPMF and COREPLL fields in the reset configuration word low (RCWL) which is loaded at power-on reset or by one of the hard-coded reset options. See Chapter 4, “Reset, Clocking, and Initialization,” in the *MPC8360E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual* for more information on the clock subsystem.

The *ce\_clk* frequency is determined by the QUICC Engine PLL multiplication factor (RCWL[CEPMF]) and the QUICC Engine PLL division factor (RCWL[CEPDF]) according to the following equation:

$$ce\_clk = (\text{primary clock input} \times CEPMF) \div (1 + CEPDF)$$

The internal *ddr1\_clk* frequency is determined by the following equation:

$$ddr1\_clk = csb\_clk \times (1 + RCWL[DDR1CM])$$

Note that the *lb\_clk* clock frequency (for DDRC2) is determined by RCWL[LBCM]. The *internal ddr1\_clk* frequency is not the external memory bus frequency; *ddr1\_clk* passes through the DDRC1 clock divider ( $\div 2$ ) to create the differential DDRC1 memory bus clock outputs (MEMC1\_MCK and  $\overline{\text{MEMC1\_MCK}}$ ). However, the data rate is the same frequency as *ddr1\_clk*.

The internal *lb\_clk* frequency is determined by the following equation:

$$lb\_clk = csb\_clk \times (1 + RCWL[LBCM])$$

Note that *lb\_clk* is not the external local bus or DDRC2 frequency; *lb\_clk* passes through the a LB clock divider to create the external local bus clock outputs (LSYNC\_OUT and LCLK[0:2]). The LB clock divider ratio is controlled by LCRR[CLKDIV].

Additionally, some of the internal units may be required to be shut off or operate at lower frequency than the *csb\_clk* frequency. Those units have a default clock ratio that can be configured by a memory mapped register after the device comes out of reset. This table specifies which units have a configurable clock frequency.

**Table 68. Configurable Clock Units**

| Unit                | Default Frequency | Options                                                                 |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Security core       | <i>csb_clk</i> /3 | Off, <i>csb_clk</i> <sup>1</sup> , <i>csb_clk</i> /2, <i>csb_clk</i> /3 |
| PCI and DMA complex | <i>csb_clk</i>    | Off, <i>csb_clk</i>                                                     |

<sup>1</sup> With limitation, only for slow *csb\_clk* rates, up to 166 MHz.

This table provides the operating frequencies for the TBGA package under recommended operating conditions (see [Table 2](#)). All frequency combinations shown in the table below may not be available. Maximum operating frequencies depend on the part

ordered, see [Section 24.1, “Part Numbers Fully Addressed by this Document,”](#) for part ordering details and contact your Freescale sales representative or authorized distributor for more information.

**Table 69. Operating Frequencies for the TBGA Package**

| Characteristic <sup>1</sup>                           | 400 MHz    | 533 MHz | 667 MHz <sup>2</sup> | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------|----------------------|------|
| e300 core frequency ( <i>core_clk</i> )               | 266–400    | 266–533 | 266–667              | MHz  |
| Coherent system bus frequency ( <i>csb_clk</i> )      | 133–333    |         |                      | MHz  |
| QUICC Engine frequency <sup>3</sup> ( <i>ce_clk</i> ) | 266–500    |         |                      | MHz  |
| DDR and DDR2 memory bus frequency (MCLK) <sup>4</sup> | 100–166.67 |         |                      | MHz  |
| Local bus frequency (LCLK <sub>n</sub> ) <sup>5</sup> | 16.67–133  |         |                      | MHz  |
| PCI input frequency (CLKIN or PCI_CLK)                | 25–66.67   |         |                      | MHz  |
| Security core maximum internal operating frequency    | 133        | 133     | 166                  | MHz  |

**Notes:**

1. The CLKIN frequency, RCWL[SPMF], and RCWL[COREPLL] settings must be chosen such that the resulting *csb\_clk*, MCLK, LCLK[0:2], and *core\_clk* frequencies do not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies.
2. The 667 MHz core frequency is based on a 1.3 V V<sub>DD</sub> supply voltage.
3. The 500 MHz QE frequency is based on a 1.3 V V<sub>DD</sub> supply voltage.
4. The DDR data rate is 2x the DDR memory bus frequency.
5. The local bus frequency is 1/2, 1/4, or 1/8 of the *lb\_clk* frequency (depending on LCRR[CLKDIV]) which is in turn 1x or 2x the *csb\_clk* frequency (depending on RCWL[LBCM]).

## 21.1 System PLL Configuration

The system PLL is controlled by the RCWL[SPMF] and RCWL[SVCOD] parameters. This table shows the multiplication factor encodings for the system PLL.

**Table 70. System PLL Multiplication Factors**

| RCWL[SPMF] | System PLL Multiplication Factor |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| 0000       | × 16                             |
| 0001       | Reserved                         |
| 0010       | × 2                              |
| 0011       | × 3                              |
| 0100       | × 4                              |
| 0101       | × 5                              |
| 0110       | × 6                              |
| 0111       | × 7                              |
| 1000       | × 8                              |
| 1001       | × 9                              |
| 1010       | × 10                             |
| 1011       | × 11                             |

**Table 70. System PLL Multiplication Factors (continued)**

| RCWL[SPMF] | System PLL Multiplication Factor |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| 1100       | × 12                             |
| 1101       | × 13                             |
| 1110       | × 14                             |
| 1111       | × 15                             |

The RCWL[SVCOD] denotes the system PLL VCO internal frequency as shown in this table.

**Table 71. System PLL VCO Divider**

| RCWL[SVCOD] | VCO Divider |
|-------------|-------------|
| 00          | 4           |
| 01          | 8           |
| 10          | 2           |
| 11          | Reserved    |

### NOTE

The VCO divider must be set properly so that the system VCO frequency is in the range of 600–1400 MHz.

The system VCO frequency is derived from the following equations:

- $csb\_clk = \{PCI\_SYNC\_IN \times (1 + CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV)\} \times SPMF$
- System VCO Frequency =  $csb\_clk \times$  VCO divider (if both RCWL[DDRCM] and RCWL[LBCM] are cleared)  
OR
- System VCO frequency =  $2 \times csb\_clk \times$  VCO divider (if either RCWL[DDRCM] or RCWL[LBCM] are set).

As described in [Section 21, “Clocking,”](#) the LBCM, DDRCM, and SPMF parameters in the reset configuration word low and the CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV configuration input signal select the ratio between the primary clock input (CLKIN or PCI\_CLK) and the internal coherent system bus clock ( $csb\_clk$ ). This table shows the expected frequency values for the CSB frequency for select  $csb\_clk$  to CLKIN/PCI\_SYNC\_IN ratios.

**Table 72. CSB Frequency Options**

| CFG_CLKIN_DIV<br>at Reset <sup>1</sup> | SPMF | $csb\_clk$ :<br>Input Clock Ratio <sup>2</sup> | Input Clock Frequency (MHz) <sup>2</sup> |    |       |       |
|----------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----|-------|-------|
|                                        |      |                                                | 16.67                                    | 25 | 33.33 | 66.67 |
|                                        |      |                                                | $csb\_clk$ Frequency (MHz)               |    |       |       |
| Low                                    | 0010 | 2:1                                            |                                          |    |       | 133   |
| Low                                    | 0011 | 3:1                                            |                                          |    |       | 200   |
| Low                                    | 0100 | 4:1                                            |                                          |    |       | 266   |
| Low                                    | 0101 | 5:1                                            |                                          |    |       | 333   |

Table 72. CSB Frequency Options (continued)

| CFG_CLKIN_DIV<br>at Reset <sup>1</sup> | SPMF | csb_clk:<br>Input Clock Ratio <sup>2</sup> | Input Clock Frequency (MHz) <sup>2</sup> |     |       |       |
|----------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-------|
|                                        |      |                                            | 16.67                                    | 25  | 33.33 | 66.67 |
|                                        |      |                                            | csb_clk Frequency (MHz)                  |     |       |       |
| Low                                    | 0110 | 6:1                                        | 100                                      | 150 | 200   |       |
| Low                                    | 0111 | 7:1                                        | 116                                      | 175 | 233   |       |
| Low                                    | 1000 | 8:1                                        | 133                                      | 200 | 266   |       |
| Low                                    | 1001 | 9:1                                        | 150                                      | 225 | 300   |       |
| Low                                    | 1010 | 10:1                                       | 166                                      | 250 | 333   |       |
| Low                                    | 1011 | 11:1                                       | 183                                      | 275 |       |       |
| Low                                    | 1100 | 12:1                                       | 200                                      | 300 |       |       |
| Low                                    | 1101 | 13:1                                       | 216                                      | 325 |       |       |
| Low                                    | 1110 | 14:1                                       | 233                                      |     |       |       |
| Low                                    | 1111 | 15:1                                       | 250                                      |     |       |       |
| Low                                    | 0000 | 16:1                                       | 266                                      |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 0010 | 2:1                                        |                                          |     |       | 133   |
| High                                   | 0011 | 3:1                                        |                                          |     |       | 100   |
| High                                   | 0100 | 4:1                                        |                                          |     |       | 133   |
| High                                   | 0101 | 5:1                                        |                                          |     |       | 166   |
| High                                   | 0110 | 6:1                                        |                                          |     |       | 200   |
| High                                   | 0111 | 7:1                                        |                                          |     |       | 233   |
| High                                   | 1000 | 8:1                                        |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1001 | 9:1                                        |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1010 | 10:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1011 | 11:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1100 | 12:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1101 | 13:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1110 | 14:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 1111 | 15:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |
| High                                   | 0000 | 16:1                                       |                                          |     |       |       |

<sup>1</sup> CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV is only used for host mode; CLKIN must be tied low and CFG\_CLKIN\_DIV must be pulled down (low) in agent mode.

<sup>2</sup> CLKIN is the input clock in host mode; PCI\_CLK is the input clock in agent mode.

## 21.2 Core PLL Configuration

RCWL[COREPLL] selects the ratio between the internal coherent system bus clock (*csb\_clk*) and the e300 core clock (*core\_clk*). This table shows the encodings for RCWL[COREPLL]. COREPLL values not listed in this table should be considered reserved.

**Table 73. e300 Core PLL Configuration**

| RCWL[COREPLL] |      |   | <i>core_clk:csb_clk</i><br>Ratio                                  | VCO divider                                                       |
|---------------|------|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0–1           | 2–5  | 6 |                                                                   |                                                                   |
| nn            | 0000 | n | PLL bypassed<br>(PLL off, <i>csb_clk</i><br>clocks core directly) | PLL bypassed<br>(PLL off, <i>csb_clk</i><br>clocks core directly) |
| 00            | 0001 | 0 | 1:1                                                               | ÷2                                                                |
| 01            | 0001 | 0 | 1:1                                                               | ÷4                                                                |
| 10            | 0001 | 0 | 1:1                                                               | ÷8                                                                |
| 11            | 0001 | 0 | 1:1                                                               | ÷8                                                                |
| 00            | 0001 | 1 | 1.5:1                                                             | ÷2                                                                |
| 01            | 0001 | 1 | 1.5:1                                                             | ÷4                                                                |
| 10            | 0001 | 1 | 1.5:1                                                             | ÷8                                                                |
| 11            | 0001 | 1 | 1.5:1                                                             | ÷8                                                                |
| 00            | 0010 | 0 | 2:1                                                               | ÷2                                                                |
| 01            | 0010 | 0 | 2:1                                                               | ÷4                                                                |
| 10            | 0010 | 0 | 2:1                                                               | ÷8                                                                |
| 11            | 0010 | 0 | 2:1                                                               | ÷8                                                                |
| 00            | 0010 | 1 | 2.5:1                                                             | ÷2                                                                |
| 01            | 0010 | 1 | 2.5:1                                                             | ÷4                                                                |
| 10            | 0010 | 1 | 2.5:1                                                             | ÷8                                                                |
| 11            | 0010 | 1 | 2.5:1                                                             | ÷8                                                                |
| 00            | 0011 | 0 | 3:1                                                               | ÷2                                                                |
| 01            | 0011 | 0 | 3:1                                                               | ÷4                                                                |
| 10            | 0011 | 0 | 3:1                                                               | ÷8                                                                |
| 11            | 0011 | 0 | 3:1                                                               | ÷8                                                                |

### NOTE

Core VCO frequency = Core frequency × VCO divider. The VCO divider (RCWL[COREPLL[0:1]]) must be set properly so that the core VCO frequency is in the range of 800–1800 MHz. Having a core frequency below the CSB frequency is not a possible option because the core frequency must be equal to or greater than the CSB frequency.

## 21.3 QUICC Engine Block PLL Configuration

The QUICC Engine block PLL is controlled by the RCWL[CEPMF], RCWL[CEPDF], and RCWL[CEVCOD] parameters. This table shows the multiplication factor encodings for the QUICC Engine block PLL.

**Table 74. QUICC Engine Block PLL Multiplication Factors**

| RCWL[CEPMF] | RCWL[CEPDF] | QUICC Engine PLL<br>Multiplication Factor = $\text{RCWL[CEPMF]} / (1 + \text{RCWL[CEPDF]})$ |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 00000       | 0           | $\times 16$                                                                                 |
| 00001       | 0           | Reserved                                                                                    |
| 00010       | 0           | $\times 2$                                                                                  |
| 00011       | 0           | $\times 3$                                                                                  |
| 00100       | 0           | $\times 4$                                                                                  |
| 00101       | 0           | $\times 5$                                                                                  |
| 00110       | 0           | $\times 6$                                                                                  |
| 00111       | 0           | $\times 7$                                                                                  |
| 01000       | 0           | $\times 8$                                                                                  |
| 01001       | 0           | $\times 9$                                                                                  |
| 01010       | 0           | $\times 10$                                                                                 |
| 01011       | 0           | $\times 11$                                                                                 |
| 01100       | 0           | $\times 12$                                                                                 |
| 01101       | 0           | $\times 13$                                                                                 |
| 01110       | 0           | $\times 14$                                                                                 |
| 01111       | 0           | $\times 15$                                                                                 |
| 10000       | 0           | $\times 16$                                                                                 |
| 10001       | 0           | $\times 17$                                                                                 |
| 10010       | 0           | $\times 18$                                                                                 |
| 10011       | 0           | $\times 19$                                                                                 |
| 10100       | 0           | $\times 20$                                                                                 |
| 10101       | 0           | $\times 21$                                                                                 |
| 10110       | 0           | $\times 22$                                                                                 |
| 10111       | 0           | $\times 23$                                                                                 |
| 11000       | 0           | $\times 24$                                                                                 |
| 11001       | 0           | $\times 25$                                                                                 |
| 11010       | 0           | $\times 26$                                                                                 |
| 11011       | 0           | $\times 27$                                                                                 |
| 11100       | 0           | $\times 28$                                                                                 |

**Table 74. QUICC Engine Block PLL Multiplication Factors (continued)**

| RCWL[CEPMF] | RCWL[CEPDF] | QUICC Engine PLL<br>Multiplication Factor = $\text{RCWL[CEPMF]} / (1 + \text{RCWL[CEPDF]})$ |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 11101       | 0           | × 29                                                                                        |
| 11110       | 0           | × 30                                                                                        |
| 11111       | 0           | × 31                                                                                        |
| 00011       | 1           | × 1.5                                                                                       |
| 00101       | 1           | × 2.5                                                                                       |
| 00111       | 1           | × 3.5                                                                                       |
| 01001       | 1           | × 4.5                                                                                       |
| 01011       | 1           | × 5.5                                                                                       |
| 01101       | 1           | × 6.5                                                                                       |
| 01111       | 1           | × 7.5                                                                                       |
| 10001       | 1           | × 8.5                                                                                       |
| 10011       | 1           | × 9.5                                                                                       |
| 10101       | 1           | × 10.5                                                                                      |
| 10111       | 1           | × 11.5                                                                                      |
| 11001       | 1           | × 12.5                                                                                      |
| 11011       | 1           | × 13.5                                                                                      |
| 11101       | 1           | × 14.5                                                                                      |

**Note:**

1. Reserved modes are not listed.

The RCWL[CEVCOD] denotes the QUICC Engine Block PLL VCO internal frequency as shown in this table.

**Table 75. QUICC Engine Block PLL VCO Divider**

| RCWL[CEVCOD] | VCO Divider |
|--------------|-------------|
| 00           | 4           |
| 01           | 8           |
| 10           | 2           |
| 11           | Reserved    |

**NOTE**

The VCO divider (RCWL[CEVCOD]) must be set properly so that the QUICC Engine block VCO frequency is in the range of 600–1400 MHz. The QUICC Engine block frequency is not restricted by the CSB and core frequencies. The CSB, core, and QUICC Engine block frequencies should be selected according to the performance requirements.

The QUICC Engine block VCO frequency is derived from the following equations:

$$ce\_clk = (\text{primary clock input} \times \text{CEPMF}) \div (1 + \text{CEPDF})$$

$$\text{QE VCO Frequency} = ce\_clk \times \text{VCO divider} \times (1 + \text{CEPDF})$$

## 21.4 Suggested PLL Configurations

To simplify the PLL configurations, the device might be separated into two clock domains. The first domain contains the CSB PLL and the core PLL. The core PLL is connected serially to the CSB PLL, and has the csb\_clk as its input clock. The second clock domain has the QUICC Engine block PLL. The clock domains are independent, and each of their PLLs are configured separately. Both of the domains has one common input clock. This table shows suggested PLL configurations for 33 and 66 MHz input clocks and illustrates each of the clock domains separately. Any combination of clock domains setting with same input clock are valid. Refer to [Section 21, “Clocking,”](#) for the appropriate operating frequencies for your device.

**Table 76. Suggested PLL Configurations**

| Conf No. <sup>1</sup>                   | SPMF | CORE PLL | CEPMF | CEPDF | Input Clock Freq (MHz) | CSB Freq (MHz) | Core Freq (MHz) | QUICC Engine Freq (MHz) | 400 (MHz) | 533 (MHz) | 667 (MHz) |
|-----------------------------------------|------|----------|-------|-------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>33 MHz CLKIN/PCI_SYNC_IN Options</b> |      |          |       |       |                        |                |                 |                         |           |           |           |
| s1                                      | 0100 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 133            | 266             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s2                                      | 0100 | 0000101  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 133            | 333             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s3                                      | 0101 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 166            | 333             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s4                                      | 0101 | 0000101  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 166            | 416             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s5                                      | 0110 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 200            | 400             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s6                                      | 0110 | 0000110  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 200            | 600             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| s7                                      | 0111 | 0000011  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 233            | 350             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s8                                      | 0111 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 233            | 466             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s9                                      | 0111 | 0000101  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 233            | 583             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| s10                                     | 1000 | 0000011  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 266            | 400             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s11                                     | 1000 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 266            | 533             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s12                                     | 1000 | 0000101  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 266            | 667             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| s13                                     | 1001 | 0000010  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 300            | 300             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s14                                     | 1001 | 0000011  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 300            | 450             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s15                                     | 1001 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 300            | 600             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| s16                                     | 1010 | 0000010  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 333            | 333             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s17                                     | 1010 | 0000011  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 333            | 500             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s18                                     | 1010 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 33                     | 333            | 667             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| c1                                      | æ    | æ        | 01001 | 0     | 33                     | —              | —               | 300                     | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c2                                      | æ    | æ        | 01100 | 0     | 33                     | —              | —               | 400                     | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c3                                      | æ    | æ        | 01110 | 0     | 33                     | —              | —               | 466                     | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c4                                      | æ    | æ        | 01111 | 0     | 33                     | —              | —               | 500                     | —         | ∞         | ∞         |

Table 76. Suggested PLL Configurations (continued)

| Conf No. <sup>1</sup>            | SPMF | CORE PLL | CEPMF | CEPDF | Input Clock Freq (MHz) | CSB Freq (MHz) | Core Freq (MHz) | QUICC Engine Freq (MHz) | 400 (MHz) | 533 (MHz) | 667 (MHz) |
|----------------------------------|------|----------|-------|-------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| c5                               | æ    | æ        | 10000 | 0     | 33                     | —              | —               | 533                     | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c6                               | æ    | æ        | 10001 | 0     | 33                     | —              | —               | 566                     | —         | —         | ∞         |
| 66 MHz CLKIN/PCI_SYNC_IN Options |      |          |       |       |                        |                |                 |                         |           |           |           |
| s1h                              | 0011 | 0000110  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 200            | 400             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s2h                              | 0011 | 0000101  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 200            | 500             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s3h                              | 0011 | 0000110  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 200            | 600             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| s4h                              | 0100 | 0000011  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 266            | 400             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s5h                              | 0100 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 266            | 533             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s6h                              | 0100 | 0000101  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 266            | 667             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| s7h                              | 0101 | 0000010  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 333            | 333             | —                       | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s8h                              | 0101 | 0000011  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 333            | 500             | —                       | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| s9h                              | 0101 | 0000100  | æ     | æ     | 66                     | 333            | 667             | —                       | —         | —         | ∞         |
| c1h                              | æ    | æ        | 00101 | 0     | 66                     | —              | —               | 333                     | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c2h                              | æ    | æ        | 00110 | 0     | 66                     | —              | —               | 400                     | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c3h                              | æ    | æ        | 00111 | 0     | 66                     | —              | —               | 466                     | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c4h                              | æ    | æ        | 01000 | 0     | 66                     | —              | —               | 533                     | —         | ∞         | ∞         |
| c5h                              | æ    | æ        | 01001 | 0     | 66                     | —              | —               | 600                     | —         | —         | ∞         |

**Note:**

1. The Conf No. consist of prefix, an index and a postfix. The prefix “s” and “c” stands for “sysset” and “ce” respectively. The postfix “h” stands for “high input clock.”The index is a serial number.

The following steps describe how to use above table. See [Example 1](#).

2. Choose the up or down sections in the table according to input clock rate 33 MHz or 66 MHz.
3. Select a suitable CSB and core clock rates from [Table 76](#). Copy the SPMF and CORE PLL configuration bits.
4. Select a suitable QUICC Engine block clock rate from [Table 76](#). Copy the CEPMPF and CEPDF configuration bits.
5. Insert the chosen SPMF, COREPLL, CEPMPF and CEPDF to the RCWL fields, respectively.

### Example 1. Sample Table Use

| Index | SPMF | CORE PLL | CEPMF | CEPDF | Input Clock (MHz) | CSB Freq (MHz) | Core Freq (MHz) | QUICC Engine Freq (MHz) | 400 (MHz) | 533 (MHz) | 667 (MHz) |
|-------|------|----------|-------|-------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A     | 1000 | 0000011  | 01001 | 0     | 33                | 266            | 400             | 300                     | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |
| B     | 0100 | 0000100  | 00110 | 0     | 66                | 266            | 533             | 400                     | ∞         | ∞         | ∞         |

- **Example A.** To configure the device with CSB clock rate of 266 MHz, core rate of 400 MHz, and QUICC Engine clock rate 300 MHz while the input clock rate is 33 MHz. Conf No. 's10' and 'c1' are selected from [Table 76](#). SPMF is 1000, CORPLL is 0000011, CEPMPF is 01001, and CEPDF is 0.
- **Example B.** To configure the device with CSBCSB clock rate of 266 MHz, core rate of 533 MHz and QUICC Engine clock rate 400 MHz while the input clock rate is 66 MHz. Conf No. 's5h' and 'c2h' are selected from [Table 76](#). SPMF is 0100, CORPLL is 0000100, CEPMPF is 00110, and CEPDF is 0.

## 22 Thermal

This section describes the thermal specifications of the MPC8360E/58E.

### 22.1 Thermal Characteristics

This table provides the package thermal characteristics for the 37.5 mm × 37.5 mm 740-TBGA package.

**Table 77. Package Thermal Characteristics for the TBGA Package**

| Characteristic                                                    | Symbol           | Value | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|-------|
| Junction-to-ambient natural convection on single-layer board (1s) | $R_{\theta JA}$  | 15    | °C/W | 1, 2  |
| Junction-to-ambient natural convection on four-layer board (2s2p) | $R_{\theta JA}$  | 11    | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-ambient (@1 m/s) on single-layer board (1s)           | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 10    | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-ambient (@ 1 m/s) on four-layer board (2s2p)          | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 8     | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-ambient (@ 2 m/s) on single-layer board (1s)          | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 9     | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-ambient (@ 2 m/s) on four-layer board (2s2p)          | $R_{\theta JMA}$ | 7     | °C/W | 1, 3  |
| Junction-to-board thermal                                         | $R_{\theta JB}$  | 4.5   | °C/W | 4     |
| Junction-to-case thermal                                          | $R_{\theta JC}$  | 1.1   | °C/W | 5     |

Table 77. Package Thermal Characteristics for the TBGA Package (continued)

| Characteristic                                | Symbol      | Value | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|------|-------|
| Junction-to-package natural convection on top | $\Psi_{JT}$ | 1     | °C/W | 6     |

#### Notes

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, airflow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
2. Per JEDEC JESD51-2 and SEMI G38-87 with the single layer board horizontal.
3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal. 1 m/sec is approximately equal to 200 linear feet per minute (LFM).
4. Thermal resistance between the die and the printed-circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).
6. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.

## 22.2 Thermal Management Information

For the following sections,  $P_D = (V_{DD} \times I_{DD}) + P_{I/O}$  where  $P_{I/O}$  is the power dissipation of the I/O drivers. See Table 6 for typical power dissipations values.

### 22.2.1 Estimation of Junction Temperature with Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

An estimation of the chip junction temperature,  $T_J$ , can be obtained from the equation:

$$T_J = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D)$$

where:

$T_J$  = junction temperature (°C)

$T_A$  = ambient temperature for the package (°C)

$R_{\theta JA}$  = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

$P_D$  = power dissipation in the package (W)

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is an industry standard value that provides a quick and easy estimation of thermal performance. As a general statement, the value obtained on a single-layer board is appropriate for a tightly packed printed-circuit board. The value obtained on the board with the internal planes is usually appropriate if the board has low power dissipation and the components are well separated. Test cases have demonstrated that errors of a factor of two (in the quantity  $T_J - T_A$ ) are possible.

### 22.2.2 Estimation of Junction Temperature with Junction-to-Board Thermal Resistance

The thermal performance of a device cannot be adequately predicted from the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance. The thermal performance of any component is strongly dependent on the power dissipation of surrounding components. Additionally, the ambient temperature varies widely within the application. For many natural convection and especially closed box applications, the board temperature at the perimeter (edge) of the package is approximately the same as the local air temperature near the device. Specifying the local ambient conditions explicitly as the board temperature provides a more precise description of the local ambient conditions that determine the temperature of the device. At a known board temperature, the junction temperature is estimated using the following equation:

$$T_J = T_B + (R_{\theta JB} \times P_D)$$

where:

$T_J$  = junction temperature (°C)

$T_B$  = board temperature at the package perimeter (°C)

$R_{\theta JA}$  = junction to board thermal resistance (°C/W) per JESD51-8

$P_D$  = power dissipation in the package (W)

When the heat loss from the package case to the air can be ignored, acceptable predictions of junction temperature can be made. The application board should be similar to the thermal test condition: the component is soldered to a board with internal planes.

## 22.2.3 Experimental Determination of Junction Temperature

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application after prototypes are available, the Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\Psi_{JT}$ ) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using the following equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

$T_J$  = junction temperature (°C)

$T_T$  = thermocouple temperature on top of package (°C)

$\Psi_{JT}$  = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

$P_D$  = power dissipation in the package (W)

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JESD51-2 specification using a 40 gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over about 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the package case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

## 22.2.4 Heat Sinks and Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

In some application environments, a heat sink is required to provide the necessary thermal management of the device. When a heat sink is used, the thermal resistance is expressed as the sum of a junction to case thermal resistance and a case to ambient thermal resistance:

$$R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}$$

where:

$R_{\theta JA}$  = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

$R_{\theta JC}$  = junction-to-case thermal resistance (°C/W)

$R_{\theta CA}$  = case-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

$R_{\theta JC}$  is device related and cannot be influenced by the user. The user controls the thermal environment to change the case-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $R_{\theta CA}$ . For instance, the user can change the size of the heat sink, the airflow around the device, the interface material, the mounting arrangement on printed-circuit board, or change the thermal dissipation on the printed-circuit board surrounding the device.

To illustrate the thermal performance of the devices with heat sinks, the thermal performance has been simulated with a few commercially available heat sinks. The heat sink choice is determined by the application environment (temperature, airflow, adjacent component power dissipation) and the physical space available. Because there is not a standard application environment, a standard heat sink is not required.

This table shows heat sinks and junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for TBGA package.

**Table 78. Heat Sinks and Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance of TBGA Package**

| Heat Sink Assuming Thermal Grease                       | Airflow            | 35 × 35 mm TBGA                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------|
|                                                         |                    | Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance |
| AAVID 30 × 30 × 9.4 mm pin fin                          | Natural convention | 10.7                                   |
| AAVID 30 × 30 × 9.4 mm pin fin                          | 1 m/s              | 6.2                                    |
| AAVID 30 × 30 × 9.4 mm pin fin                          | 2 m/s              | 5.3                                    |
| AAVID 31 × 35 × 23 mm pin fin                           | Natural convention | 8.1                                    |
| AAVID 31 × 35 × 23 mm pin fin                           | 1 m/s              | 4.4                                    |
| AAVID 31 × 35 × 23 mm pin fin                           | 2 m/s              | 3.7                                    |
| Wakefield, 53 × 53 × 25 mm pin fin                      | Natural convention | 5.4                                    |
| Wakefield, 53 × 53 × 25 mm pin fin                      | 1 m/s              | 3.2                                    |
| Wakefield, 53 × 53 × 25 mm pin fin                      | 2 m/s              | 2.4                                    |
| MEI, 75 × 85 × 12 no adjacent board, extrusion          | Natural convention | 6.4                                    |
| MEI, 75 × 85 × 12 no adjacent board, extrusion          | 1 m/s              | 3.8                                    |
| MEI, 75 × 85 × 12 no adjacent board, extrusion          | 2 m/s              | 2.5                                    |
| MEI, 75 × 85 × 12 mm, adjacent board, 40 mm side bypass | 1 m/s              | 2.8                                    |

Accurate thermal design requires thermal modeling of the application environment using computational fluid dynamics software which can model both the conduction cooling and the convection cooling of the air moving through the application. Simplified thermal models of the packages can be assembled using the junction-to-case and junction-to-board thermal resistances listed in the thermal resistance table. More detailed thermal models can be made available on request.

Heat sink vendors include the following:

Aavid Thermalloy 603-224-9988  
 80 Commercial St.  
 Concord, NH 03301  
 Internet: [www.aavidthermalloy.com](http://www.aavidthermalloy.com)

Alpha Novatech 408-749-7601  
 473 Sapena Ct. #15  
 Santa Clara, CA 95054  
 Internet: [www.alphanovatech.com](http://www.alphanovatech.com)

International Electronic Research Corporation (IERC) 818-842-7277  
 413 North Moss St.  
 Burbank, CA 91502  
 Internet: [www.ctscorp.com](http://www.ctscorp.com)

|                                                                                                                                                                            |              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Millennium Electronics (MEI)<br>Loroco Sites<br>671 East Brokaw Road<br>San Jose, CA 95112<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.mei-millennium.com">www.mei-millennium.com</a> | 408-436-8770 |
| Tyco Electronics<br>Chip Coolers™<br>P.O. Box 3668<br>Harrisburg, PA 17105-3668<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.chipcoolers.com">www.chipcoolers.com</a>                  | 800-522-6752 |
| Wakefield Engineering<br>33 Bridge St.<br>Pelham, NH 03076<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.wakefield.com">www.wakefield.com</a>                                           | 603-635-5102 |

Interface material vendors include the following:

|                                                                                                                                                                                       |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Chomerics, Inc.<br>77 Dragon Ct.<br>Woburn, MA 01888-4014<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.chomerics.com">www.chomerics.com</a>                                                       | 781-935-4850 |
| Dow-Corning Corporation<br>Dow-Corning Electronic Materials<br>2200 W. Salzburg Rd.<br>Midland, MI 48686-0997<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.dowcorning.com">www.dowcorning.com</a> | 800-248-2481 |
| Shin-Etsu MicroSi, Inc.<br>10028 S. 51st St.<br>Phoenix, AZ 85044<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.microsi.com">www.microsi.com</a>                                                   | 888-642-7674 |
| The Bergquist Company<br>18930 West 78th St.<br>Chanhassen, MN 55317<br>Internet: <a href="http://www.bergquistcompany.com">www.bergquistcompany.com</a>                              | 800-347-4572 |

## 22.3 Heat Sink Attachment

When attaching heat sinks to these devices, an interface material is required. The best method is to use thermal grease and a spring clip. The spring clip should connect to the printed-circuit board, either to the board itself, to hooks soldered to the board, or to a plastic stiffener. Avoid attachment forces which would lift the edge of the package or peel the package from the board. Such peeling forces reduce the solder joint lifetime of the package. Recommended maximum force on the top of the package is 10 lb force (4.5 kg force). If an adhesive attachment is planned, the adhesive should be intended for attachment to painted or plastic surfaces and its performance verified under the application requirements.

### 22.3.1 Experimental Determination of the Junction Temperature with a Heat Sink

When heat sink is used, the junction temperature is determined from a thermocouple inserted at the interface between the case of the package and the interface material. A clearance slot or hole is normally required in the heat sink. Minimizing the size of the clearance is important to minimize the change in thermal performance caused by removing part of the thermal interface to the heat sink. Because of the experimental difficulties with this technique, many engineers measure the heat sink temperature and then back calculate the case temperature using a separate measurement of the thermal resistance of the interface. From this case temperature, the junction temperature is determined from the junction-to-case thermal resistance.

$$T_J = T_C + (R_{\theta JC} \times P_D)$$

where:

$T_J$  = junction temperature (°C)

$T_C$  = case temperature of the package (°C)

$R_{\theta JC}$  = junction to case thermal resistance (°C/W)

$P_D$  = power dissipation (W)

## 23 System Design Information

This section provides electrical and thermal design recommendations for successful application of the MPC8360E/58E. Additional information can be found in *MPC8360E/MPC8358E PowerQUICC Design Checklist* (AN3097).

### 23.1 System Clocking

The device includes two PLLs, as follows.

- The platform PLL (AV<sub>DD</sub>1) generates the platform clock from the externally supplied CLKIN input. The frequency ratio between the platform and CLKIN is selected using the platform PLL ratio configuration bits as described in [Section 21.1, “System PLL Configuration.”](#)
- The e300 core PLL (AV<sub>DD</sub>2) generates the core clock as a slave to the platform clock. The frequency ratio between the e300 core clock and the platform clock is selected using the e300 PLL ratio configuration bits as described in [Section 21.2, “Core PLL Configuration.”](#)

### 23.2 PLL Power Supply Filtering

Each of the PLLs listed above is provided with power through independent power supply pins (AV<sub>DD</sub>1, AV<sub>DD</sub>2, respectively). The AV<sub>DD</sub> level should always be equivalent to V<sub>DD</sub>, and preferably these voltages are derived directly from V<sub>DD</sub> through a low frequency filter scheme such as the following.

There are a number of ways to reliably provide power to the PLLs, but the recommended solution is to provide five independent filter circuits as illustrated in [Figure 56](#), one to each of the five AV<sub>DD</sub> pins. By providing independent filters to each PLL, the opportunity to cause noise injection from one PLL to the other is reduced.

This circuit is intended to filter noise in the PLLs resonant frequency range from a 500 kHz to 10 MHz range. It should be built with surface mount capacitors with minimum Effective Series Inductance (ESL). Consistent with the recommendations of Dr. Howard Johnson in *High Speed Digital Design: A Handbook of Black Magic* (Prentice Hall, 1993), multiple small capacitors of equal value are recommended over a single large value capacitor.

Each circuit should be placed as close as possible to the specific AV<sub>DD</sub> pin being supplied to minimize noise coupled from nearby circuits. It should be possible to route directly from the capacitors to the AV<sub>DD</sub> pin, which is on the periphery of package, without the inductance of vias.

This figure shows the PLL power supply filter circuit.

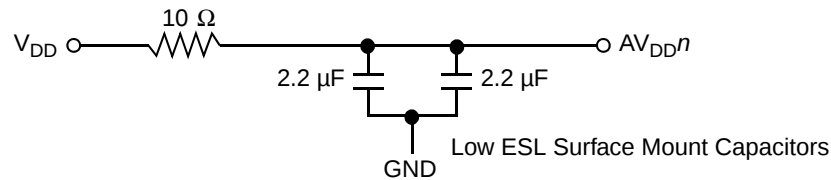


Figure 56. PLL Power Supply Filter Circuit

## 23.3 Decoupling Recommendations

Due to large address and data buses as well as high operating frequencies, the device can generate transient power surges and high frequency noise in its power supply, especially while driving large capacitive loads. This noise must be prevented from reaching other components in the device system, and the device itself requires a clean, tightly regulated source of power. Therefore, it is recommended that the system designer place at least one decoupling capacitor at each  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ , and  $LV_{DD}$  pins of the device. These decoupling capacitors should receive their power from separate  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ , and GND power planes in the PCB, utilizing short traces to minimize inductance. Capacitors may be placed directly under the device using a standard escape pattern. Others may surround the part.

These capacitors should have a value of 0.01 or 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$ . Only ceramic SMT (surface mount technology) capacitors should be used to minimize lead inductance, preferably 0402 or 0603 sizes.

Additionally, it is recommended that there be several bulk storage capacitors distributed around the PCB, feeding the  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ , and  $LV_{DD}$  planes, to enable quick recharging of the smaller chip capacitors. These bulk capacitors should have a low ESR (equivalent series resistance) rating to ensure the quick response time necessary. They should also be connected to the power and ground planes through two vias to minimize inductance. Suggested bulk capacitors—100–330  $\mu\text{F}$  (AVX TPS tantalum or Sanyo OSCON).

## 23.4 Connection Recommendations

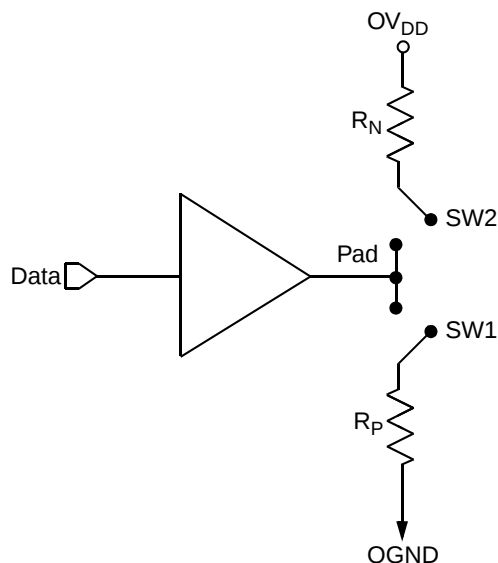
To ensure reliable operation, it is highly recommended to connect unused inputs to an appropriate signal level. Unused active low inputs should be tied to  $OV_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ , or  $LV_{DD}$  as required. Unused active high inputs should be connected to GND. All NC (no-connect) signals must remain unconnected.

Power and ground connections must be made to all external  $V_{DD}$ ,  $GV_{DD}$ ,  $LV_{DD}$ ,  $OV_{DD}$ , and GND pins of the device.

## 23.5 Output Buffer DC Impedance

The device drivers are characterized over process, voltage, and temperature. For all buses, the driver is a push-pull single-ended driver type (open drain for  $I^2C$ ).

To measure  $Z_0$  for the single-ended drivers, an external resistor is connected from the chip pad to  $OV_{DD}$  or GND. Then, the value of each resistor is varied until the pad voltage is  $OV_{DD}/2$  (see Figure 57). The output impedance is the average of two components, the resistances of the pull-up and pull-down devices. When data is held high, SW1 is closed (SW2 is open) and  $R_P$  is trimmed until the voltage at the pad equals  $OV_{DD}/2$ .  $R_P$  then becomes the resistance of the pull-up devices.  $R_P$  and  $R_N$  are designed to be close to each other in value. Then,  $Z_0 = (R_P + R_N)/2$ .



**Figure 57. Driver Impedance Measurement**

The value of this resistance and the strength of the driver's current source can be found by making two measurements. First, the output voltage is measured while driving logic 1 without an external differential termination resistor. The measured voltage is  $V_1 = R_{\text{source}} \times I_{\text{source}}$ . Second, the output voltage is measured while driving logic 1 with an external precision differential termination resistor of value  $R_{\text{term}}$ . The measured voltage is  $V_2 = 1/(1/R_1 + 1/R_2) \times I_{\text{source}}$ . Solving for the output impedance gives  $R_{\text{source}} = R_{\text{term}} \times (V_1/V_2 - 1)$ . The drive current is then  $I_{\text{source}} = V_1/R_{\text{source}}$ .

This table summarizes the signal impedance targets. The driver impedance are targeted at minimum  $V_{\text{DD}}$ , nominal  $OV_{\text{DD}}$ , 105° C.

**Table 79. Impedance Characteristics**

| Impedance    | Local Bus, Ethernet, DUART, Control, Configuration, Power Management | PCI       | DDR DRAM  | Symbol            | Unit |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------|
| $R_N$        | 42 Target                                                            | 25 Target | 20 Target | $Z_0$             | W    |
| $R_P$        | 42 Target                                                            | 25 Target | 20 Target | $Z_0$             | W    |
| Differential | NA                                                                   | NA        | NA        | $Z_{\text{DIFF}}$ | W    |

**Note:** Nominal supply voltages. See Table 1,  $T_J = 105^\circ \text{C}$ .

## 23.6 Configuration Pin Muxing

The device provides the user with power-on configuration options that can be set through the use of external pull-up or pull-down resistors of 4.7 k $\Omega$  on certain output pins (see customer visible configuration pins). These pins are generally used as output only pins in normal operation.

While  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  is asserted however, these pins are treated as inputs. The value presented on these pins while  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  is asserted, is latched when  $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$  deasserts, at which time the input receiver is disabled and the I/O circuit takes on its normal function. Careful board layout with stubless connections to these pull-up/pull-down resistors coupled with the large value of the pull-up/pull-down resistor should minimize the disruption of signal quality or speed for output pins thus configured.

## 23.7 Pull-Up Resistor Requirements

The device requires high resistance pull-up resistors (10 k $\Omega$  is recommended) on open drain type pins including I<sup>2</sup>C pins, Ethernet Management MDIO pin, and EPIC interrupt pins.

For more information on required pull-up resistors and the connections required for the JTAG interface, see *MPC8360E/MPC8358E PowerQUICC Design Checklist* (AN3097).

## 24 Ordering Information

### 24.1 Part Numbers Fully Addressed by this Document

This table provides the Freescale part numbering nomenclature for the MPC8360E/58E. Note that the individual part numbers correspond to a maximum processor core frequency. For available frequencies, contact your local Freescale sales office. Additionally to the processor frequency, the part numbering scheme also includes an application modifier, which may specify special application conditions. Each part number also contains a revision code that refers to the die mask revision number.

**Table 80. Part Numbering Nomenclature<sup>1</sup>**

| <i>MPC</i>                  | <i>nnnn</i>     | <i>e</i>                             | <i>t</i>                                                                                                   | <i>pp</i>                        | <i>aa</i>                                                       | <i>a</i>                   | <i>a</i>                   | <i>A</i>             |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Product Code                | Part Identifier | Encryption Acceleration              | Temperature Range                                                                                          | Package <sup>2</sup>             | Processor Frequency <sup>3</sup>                                | Platform Frequency         | QUICC Engine Frequency     | Die Revision         |
| MPC                         | 8358            | Blank = not included<br>E = included | Blank = 0° C T <sub>A</sub> to 105° C T <sub>J</sub><br>C = -40° C T <sub>A</sub> to 105° C T <sub>J</sub> | ZU = TBGA<br>VV = TBGA (no lead) | e300 core speed<br>AD = 266 MHz<br>AG = 400 MHz                 | D = 266 MHz                | E = 300 MHz<br>G = 400 MHz | A = rev. 2.1 silicon |
|                             | 8360            |                                      |                                                                                                            |                                  | e300 core speed<br>AG = 400 MHz<br>AJ = 533 MHz<br>AL = 667 MHz | D = 266 MHz<br>F = 333 MHz | G = 400 MHz<br>H = 500 MHz | A = rev. 2.1 silicon |
| MPC (rev. 2.0 silicon only) | 8360            | Blank = not included<br>E = included | 0° C T <sub>A</sub> to 70° C T <sub>J</sub>                                                                | ZU = TBGA<br>VV = TBGA (no lead) | e300 core speed<br>AH = 500 MHz<br>AL = 667 MHz                 | F = 333 MHz                | G = 400 MHz<br>H = 500 MHz | —                    |

**Notes:**

- Not all processor, platform, and QUICC Engine block frequency combinations are supported. For available frequency combinations, contact your local Freescale sales office or authorized distributor.
- See [Section 20, "Package and Pin Listings,"](#) for more information on available package types.
- Processor core frequencies supported by parts addressed by this specification only. Not all parts described in this specification support all core frequencies. Additionally, parts addressed by part number specifications may support other maximum core frequencies.

This table shows the SVR settings by device and package type.

**Table 81. SVR Settings**

| Device   | Package | SVR (Rev. 2.0) | SVR (Rev. 2.1) |
|----------|---------|----------------|----------------|
| MPC8360E | TBGA    | 0x8048_0020    | 0x8048_0021    |
| MPC8360  | TBGA    | 0x8049_0020    | 0x8049_0021    |

**Table 81. SVR Settings (continued)**

| Device   | Package | SVR<br>(Rev. 2.0) | SVR<br>(Rev. 2.1) |
|----------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| MPC8358E | TBGA    | 0x804A_0020       | 0x804A_0021       |
| MPC8358  | TBGA    | 0x804B_0020       | 0x804B_0021       |

## 25 Document Revision History

This table provides a revision history for this document.

**Table 82. Revision History**

| Rev.<br>Number | Date    | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5              | 09/2011 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Section 2.2.1, "Power-Up Sequencing"</a>, added the current limitation "3A to 5A" for the excessive current.</li> <li>• <a href="#">Section 2.1.2, "Power Supply Voltage Specification"</a>, Updated the Characteristic for TBGA (MPC8358 &amp; MPC8360 Device) with specific frequency for Core and PLL voltages.</li> <li>• Added table footnote 3 to <a href="#">Table 2</a>.</li> <li>• Applied table footnotes 1 and 2 to <a href="#">Table 10</a>.</li> <li>• Removed table footnotes from <a href="#">Table 19</a>.</li> <li>• Applied table footnote 8 to the last row of <a href="#">Table 40</a>.</li> <li>• Applied table footnotes 8 and 9 to <a href="#">Table 41</a>.</li> <li>• Applied table footnotes 2 and 3 to <a href="#">Table 45</a>.</li> <li>• Removed table footnotes from <a href="#">Table 46</a>.</li> <li>• Applied table footnote to last three rows of <a href="#">Table 65</a>.</li> </ul> |
| 4              | 01/2011 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated references to the LCRR register throughout</li> <li>• Removed references to DDR DLL mode in <a href="#">Section 6.2.2, "DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Output AC Timing Specifications"</a>.</li> <li>• Changed "Junction-to-Case" to "Junction-to-Ambient" in <a href="#">Section 22.2.4, "Heat Sinks and Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance"</a>, and <a href="#">Table 78, "Heat Sinks and Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance of TBGA Package"</a>, titles.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

**Table 82. Revision History (continued)**

| Rev. Number | Date    | Substantive Change(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3           | 03/2010 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Changed references to RCWH[PCICKEN] to RCWH[PCICKDRV].</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 2</a>, added extended temperature characteristics.</li> <li>• Added <a href="#">Figure 6</a>, “DDR Input Timing Diagram.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Figure 53</a>, “Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the TBGA Package,” removed watermark.</li> <li>• Updated the title of <a href="#">Table 19</a>, “DDR SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 20</a>, “DDR and DDR2 SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications Mode,” changed table subtitle.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 27–Table 30</a>, and <a href="#">Table 33–Table 34</a>, changed the rise and fall time specifications to reference 20–80% and 80–20% of the voltage supply, respectively.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 38</a>, “IEEE 1588 Timer AC Specifications,” changed first parameter to “Timer clock frequency.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 45</a>, “I2C AC Electrical Specifications,” changed units to “ns” for <math>t_{I2DVKH}</math>.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 66</a>, “MPC8360E TBGA Pinout Listing,” and <a href="#">Table 67</a> “MPC8358E TBGA Pinout Listing,” added note 7: “This pin must always be tied to GND” to the TEST pin and added a note to SPARE1 stating: “This pin must always be left not connected.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Section 4</a>, “Clock Input Timing,” added note regarding rise/fall time on QUICC Engine block input pins.</li> <li>• Added <a href="#">Section 4.3</a>, “Gigabit Reference Clock Input Timing.”</li> <li>• Updated <a href="#">Section 8.1.1</a>, “10/100/1000 Ethernet DC Electrical Characteristics.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Section 20.3</a>, “Pinout Listings,” added sentence stating “Refer to AN3097, ‘MPC8360/MPC8358E PowerQUICC Design Checklist,’ for proper pin termination and usage.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Section 21</a>, “Clocking,” removed statement: “The OCCR[PCICDn] parameters select whether CLKIN or CLKIN/2 is driven out on the PCI_CLK_OUTn signals.”</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Section 21.1</a>, “System PLL Configuration,” updated the system VCO frequency conditions.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 80</a>, added extended temperature characteristics.</li> </ul> |
| 2           | 12/2007 | Initial release.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

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