



BTA12/BTB12 Series 12A TRIACs

DESCRIPTION:

High current density due to double mesa technology; SiPOS and Glass Passivation.

BTA12/BTB12 series triacs is suitable for general purpose AC switching. They can be used as an ON/OFF Function in applications such as static relays, heating regulation, induction motor starting circuits... or for phase control operation light dimmers, motorspeed controllers.

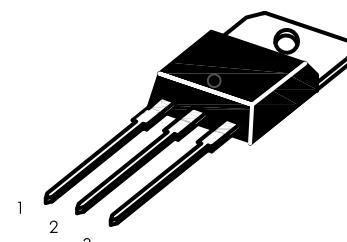
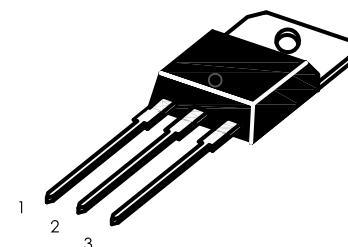
BTA12/BTB12-X X X TW, -X X X SW, -X X X CW, -X X X BW are 3 Quadrants triacs. They are specially recommended for use on inductive loads.

BTA12 are isolated internally, they provides a 2500V RMS isolation voltage from all three terminals to external heatsink.

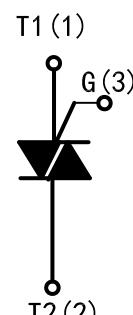
MAIN FEATURES

Symbol	Value	Unit
I _{T(RMS)}	12	A
V _{DIRM/V_{RRM}}	600and800	V
V _{TM}	≤1.55	V

TO-220AB(BTB12)



TO-220AB insulated (BTA12)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Storage junction temperature range Operating junction temperature range	T _{stg} T _j	-40 to +150 -40 to +125	°C
Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{DRM} V _{RRM}	600and800 600and800	V
Non repetitive Surge Peak Off-state Voltage Non repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{DSTM} V _{RSM}	700and900 700and900	V
RMS on-state current (full sine wave)	I _{T(RMS)}	12	A
Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, T _j =25°C)	I _{TSM}	120 126	A
I ² t Value for fusing tp=10ms	I ² t	78	A ² s
Critical rate of rise of on-state current I _G =2×I _{GT} , tr≤100 ns, f=120Hz, T _j =125°C	dI /dt	50	A/us
Peak gate current tp=20us, T _j =125°C	I _{GM}	4	A
Average gate power dissipation T _j =125°C	P _{G(AV)}	1	W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS($T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

● 3 Quadrants

Symbol	Test Condition	Quadrant		BTA12/BTB12				Unit
				TW	SW	CW	BW	
I_{GT}	$V_D=12V \quad R_L=30\Omega$	I - II - III	MAX.	5	10	35	50	mA
V_{GT}		I - II - III	MAX.	1.3				V
V_{GD}	$V_D=V_{DRM} \quad R_L=3.3K\Omega$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	I - II - III	MIN..	0.2				V
I_L	$I_G=1.2I_{GT}$	I - III	MAX.	10	25	50	70	mA
		II		15	30	60	80	
I_H	$I_T=100mA$		MAX.	10	15	35	50	mA
dV/dt	$V_D=67\%V_{DRM}$ gate open $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN.	20	40	500	1000	V/ μs
$(dI/dt)c$	(dV/dt) $c=0.1V/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN.	3.5	6.5	----	----	A/ms
	(dV/dt) $c=10V/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			1.0	2.9	----	----	
	Without snubber $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			----	----	6.5	12	

● 4 Quadrants

Symbol	Test Condition	Quadrant		BTA12/BTB12		Unit
				C	B	
I_{GT}	$V_D=12V \quad R_L=30\Omega$	I - II - III	MAX.	25	50	mA
		IV		50	100	
V_{GT}	$V_D=V_{DRM} \quad R_L=3.3K\Omega$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	ALL	MAX.	1.3		
V_{GD}		ALL	MIN.	0.2		
I_L	$I_G=1.2I_{GT}$	I - III - IV	MAX.	40	50	mA
		II		80	100	
I_H	$I_T=100mA$		MAX.	25	50	mA
dV/dt	$V_D=67\%V_{DRM}$ gate open $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN.	200	400	V/ μs
$(dI/dt)c$	(dV/dt) $c=0.1V/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN.	----	----	
	(dV/dt) $c=10V/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			----	----	
	Without snubber $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			----	----	

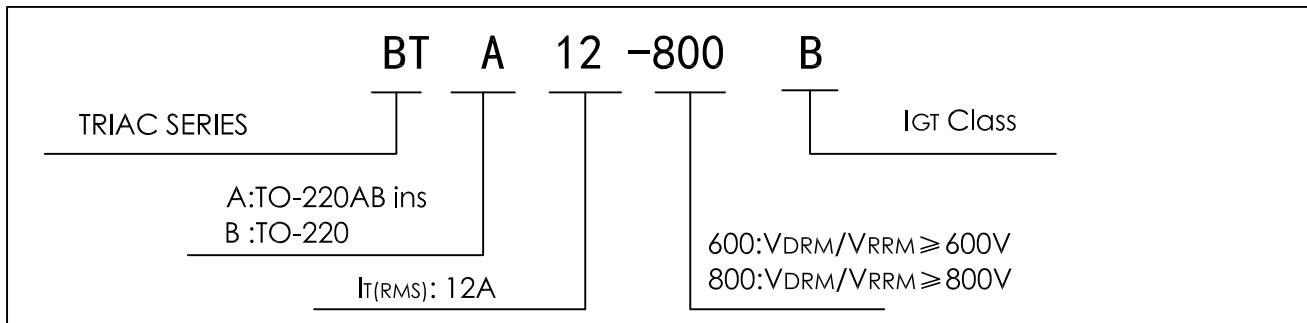
STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Value (MAX)	Unit
V_{TM}	$I_{TM}=17A$, $t_p=380\mu S$	$T_j=25^\circ C$	1.55	V
I_{DRM}	$V_D=V_{DRM}$	$T_j=25^\circ C$	5	μA
I_{RRM}		$T_j=125^\circ C$	1	mA

THERMAL RESISTANCES

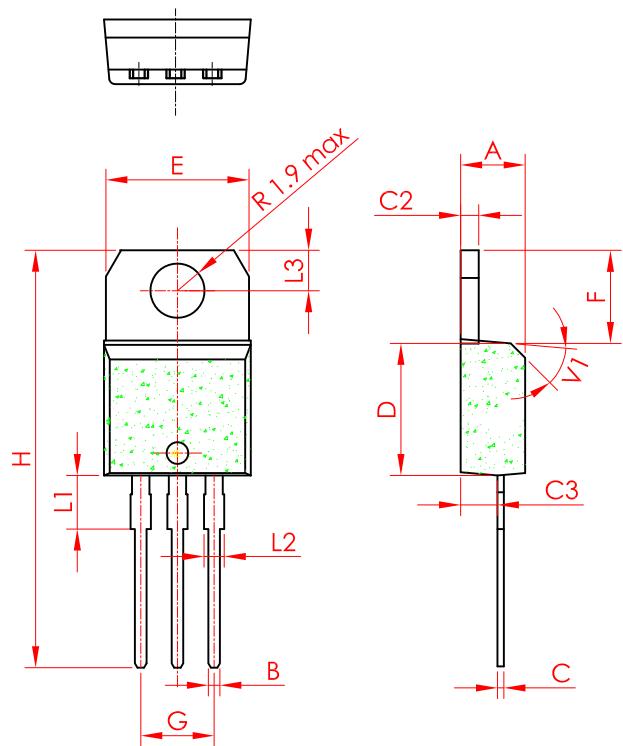
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Junction to case (AC)	1.4	$^\circ C/W$
	TO-220AB Insulated	2.3	

ORDERING INFORMATION



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

TO-220AB



Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.4		4.6	0.173		1.181
B	0.61		0.88	0.024		0.034
C	0.49		0.70	0.019		0.027
C2	1.23		1.32	0.048		0.051
C3	2.4		2.72	0.094		0.107
D	8.6		9.7	0.338		0.382
E	10		10.4	0.393		0.409
F	6.2		6.6	0.244		0.259
G	4.8		5.4	0.189		0.213
H	28.0		29.8	11.0		11.7
L1		3.75			0.147	
L2	1.14		1.7	0.044		0.066
L3	2.65		2.95	0.104		0.116
V1		40°			40°	

Fig. 1: Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current(full cycle)

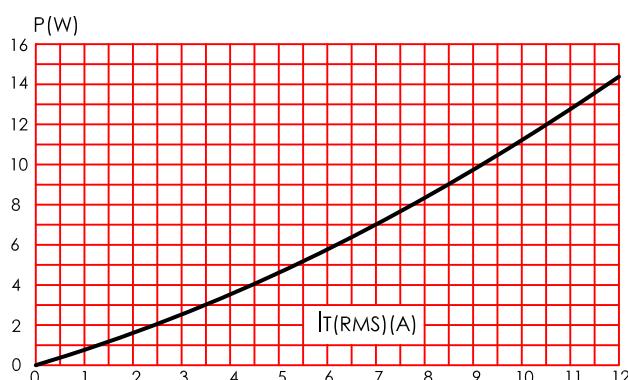


Fig. 3: on-state characteristics (maximum values)

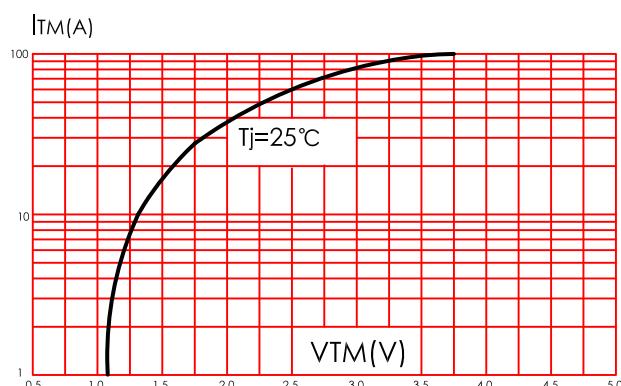


Fig. 5: Non-repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width $t_p < 10\text{mS}$

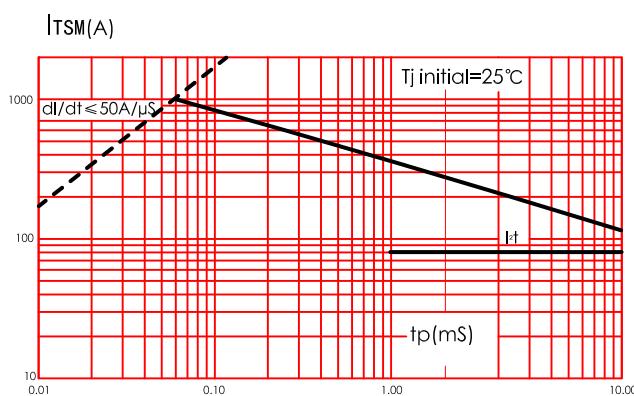


Fig. 2: RMS on-state current versus case temperature(full cycle)

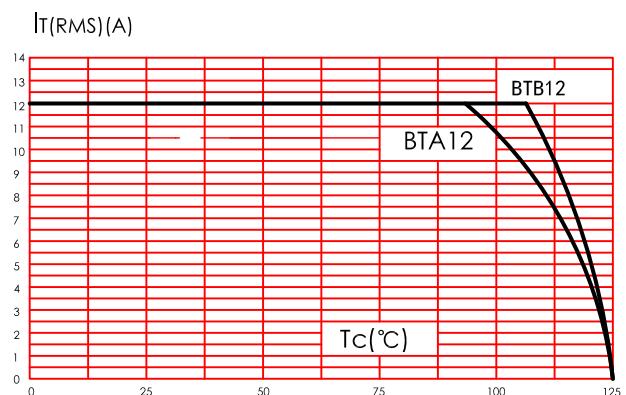


Fig. 4: Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles

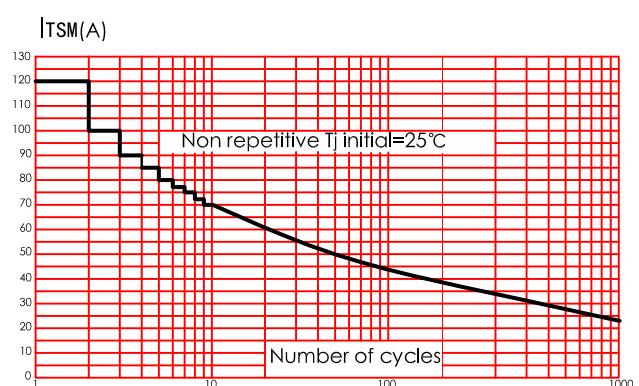


Fig. 6: Relative variation of gate trigger currunt, holding current and latching current versus junction temperature(typical values)

