

**300mA, Low Dropout Linear Regulator with Shutdown****FEATURES**

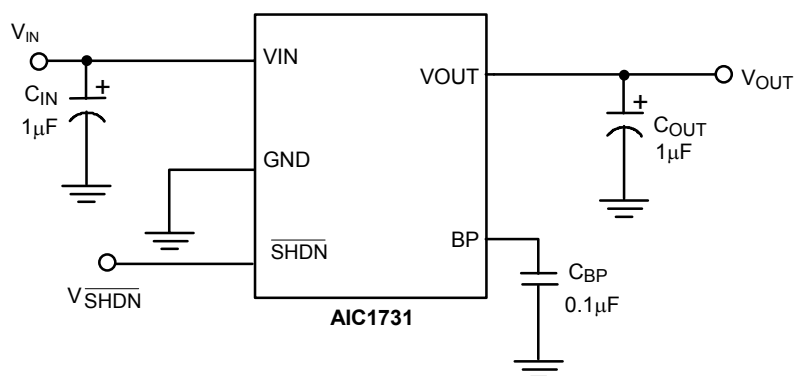
- Active Low Shutdown Control.
- Very Low Quiescent Current.
- Very Low Dropout Voltage of 470mV at 300mA Output Current (3.0V Output Version)
- 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V, 3.3V Output Voltage.
- Short Circuit and Thermal Protection.
- $\pm 2\%$  Output Tolerance.
- Miniature Package: SOT-23-5

**APPLICATIONS**

- PDA
- DSC
- Notebook
- Pagers
- Personal Communication Equipment
- Cordless Telephones
- Portable Instrumentation
- Portable Consumer Equipment
- Battery Powered Systems

**DESCRIPTION**

AIC1731 is a 300mA low noise, low dropout linear regulator, and is housed in small SOT-23-5 package. The device is in the "ON" state when the  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  pin is set to logic high level. An internal P-MOSFET pass transistor is used to achieve 470mV low dropout voltage at 300mA load current. It offers high precision output voltage of  $\pm 2\%$ . The quality of low quiescent current and low dropout voltage makes this device ideal for battery power applications. The internal reverse bias protection eliminates the requirement for a reverse voltage protection diode. The high ripple rejection and low noise of AIC1731 provide enhanced performance for critical applications. The noise bypass pin can be connected an external capacitor to reduce the output noise level.

**TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT****Low Noise Low Dropout Linear Regulator**



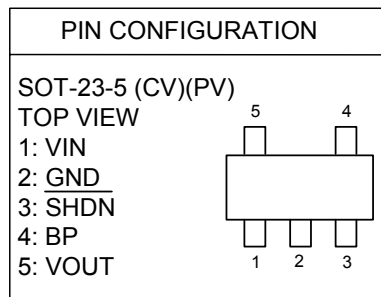
## ORDERING INFORMATION

AIC1731-XXXXXX

PACKING TYPE  
TR: TAPE & REEL  
BG: BAG

PACKAGE TYPE  
V: SOT-23-5  
C: COMMERCIAL  
P: LEAD FREE COMMERCIAL

OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
15: 1.5V  
18: 1.8V  
25: 2.5V  
28: 2.8V  
30: 3.0V  
33: 3.3V



(Of a unit of 0.1V within the voltage range from 1.5V to 3.3V, additional voltage versions for this product line may be available on demand with prior consultation with AIC.)

Example: AIC1731-18CVTR

→ 1.8V Version, in SOT-23-5 Package & Tape & Reel

Packing Type

AIC1731-18PVTR

→ 1.8V Version, in SOT-23-5 Lead Free Package & Tape &

Reel Packing Type

### ● SOT-23-5 Marking

| Part No.     | Marking | Part No.     | Marking |
|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| AIC1731-15CV | ED15    | AIC1731-15PV | ED15P   |
| AIC1731-18CV | ED18    | AIC1731-18PV | ED18P   |
| AIC1731-25CV | ED25    | AIC1731-25PV | ED25P   |
| AIC1731-28CV | ED28    | AIC1731-28PV | ED28P   |
| AIC1731-30CV | ED30    | AIC1731-30PV | ED30P   |
| AIC1731-33CV | ED33    | AIC1731-33PV | ED33P   |



■ **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

|                                          |                |             |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Supply Voltage                           | .....          | 12V         |
| Shutdown Terminal Voltage                | .....          | 12V         |
| Noise Bypass Terminal Voltage            | .....          | 5V          |
| Operating Temperature Range              | .....          | -40°C~85°C  |
| Maximum Junction Temperature             | .....          | 125°C       |
| Storage Temperature Range                | .....          | -65°C~150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)     | .....          | 260°C       |
| Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)    | SOT-23-5 ..... | 130°C /W    |
| Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient   | SOT-23-5 ..... | 220°C /W    |
| (Assume no ambient airflow, no heatsink) |                |             |

**Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.**

■ **TEST CIRCUIT**

Refer to TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $C_{IN}=1\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=4.7\mu F$ ,  $T_J=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified) (Note1)

| PARAMETER                     | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                  | SYMBOL           | MIN. | TYP.                      | MAX.                       | UNIT                      |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Quiescent Current             | $I_{OUT} = 0mA$ , $V_{IN} = 3.6\sim 7V$                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                  | $I_Q$            |      | 35                        | 50                         | $\mu A$                   |
| Standby Current               | $V_{IN} = 3.6\sim 7V$ , output OFF                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                  | $I_{STBY}$       |      |                           | 0.1                        | $\mu A$                   |
| GND Pin Current               | $I_{OUT} = 0.1\sim 300mA$                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                  | $I_{GND}$        |      | 30                        | 50                         | $\mu A$                   |
| Continuous Output Current     | $V_{IN} = 5V$                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                  | $I_{OUT}$        |      |                           | 300                        | mA                        |
| Output Current Limit          | $V_{IN} = 5V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                  | $I_{IL}$         | 300  | 450                       |                            | mA                        |
| Output Voltage Tolerance      | $V_{IN} = 5V$ , no load                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                  | $V_{OUT}$        | -2   |                           | 2                          | %                         |
| Temperature Coefficient       |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                  | TC               |      | 50                        | 150                        | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$          |
| Line Regulation               | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 1V$ to 7V                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                  | $\Delta V_{LIR}$ |      | 3                         | 10                         | mV                        |
| Load Regulation               | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.2V$ ( $V_{out} \geq 2.0V$ )<br>$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.7V$ ( $V_{out} \leq 1.9V$ )<br>$I_{OUT} = 0.1\sim 300mA$ |                                                                                                                                  | $\Delta V_{LOR}$ |      | 10                        | 30                         | mV                        |
| Dropout Voltage               | $I_L=300mA$                                                                                                                         | $3.0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.3V$<br>$2.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 2.9V$<br>$2.0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 2.4V$<br>$1.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 1.9V$ | $V_{DROP}$       |      | 470<br>570<br>800<br>1260 | 870<br>970<br>1200<br>1660 | mV                        |
| Noise Bypass Terminal Voltage |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                  | $V_{REF}$        |      | 1.23                      |                            | V                         |
| Output Noise                  | $C_{BP} = 0.1\mu F$ , $f = 1KHz$ , $V_{IN} = 5V$                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                  | $\Delta n$       |      | 0.46                      |                            | $\frac{\mu V}{\sqrt{Hz}}$ |
| Ripple Rejection              | $f = 1KHz$ , Ripple = $0.5V_{P-P}$ ,<br>$C_{BP} = 0.1\mu F$                                                                         |                                                                                                                                  | RR               |      | 55                        |                            | dB                        |



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| PARAMETER                               | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                  | SYMBOL                                   | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT               |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------|------|------|--------------------|
| <b>SHUTDOWN TERMINAL SPECIFICATIONS</b> |                                                                                                  |                                          |      |      |      |                    |
| Shutdown Pin Current                    |                                                                                                  | $I_{\overline{\text{SHDN}}}$             |      |      | 0.1  | $\mu\text{A}$      |
| Shutdown Pin Voltage (ON)               | Output ON                                                                                        | $V_{\overline{\text{SHDN}}}(\text{ON})$  | 1.6  |      |      | V                  |
| Shutdown Pin Voltage (OFF)              | Output OFF                                                                                       | $V_{\overline{\text{SHDN}}}(\text{OFF})$ |      |      | 0.6  | V                  |
| Shutdown Exit Delay Time                | $C_{\text{BP}}=0.1\mu\text{F}$ , $C_{\text{OUT}}=1\mu\text{F}$ ,<br>$I_{\text{OUT}}=30\text{mA}$ | $\Delta t$                               |      | 300  |      | $\mu\text{S}$      |
| <b>THERMAL PROTECTION</b>               |                                                                                                  |                                          |      |      |      |                    |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature            |                                                                                                  | $T_{\text{SD}}$                          |      | 155  |      | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

**Note 1:** Specifications are production tested at  $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Specifications over the  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

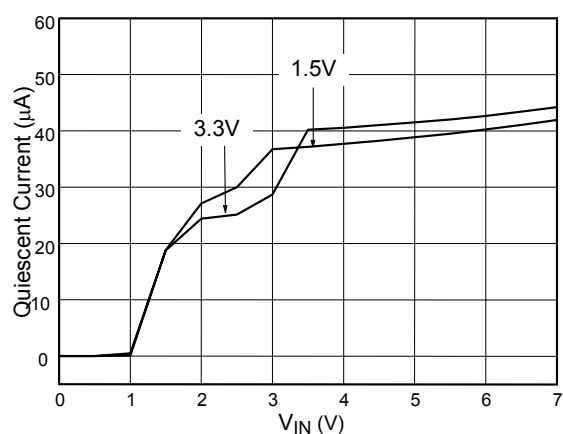


Fig. 1 Quiescent Current vs.  $V_{\text{IN}}$

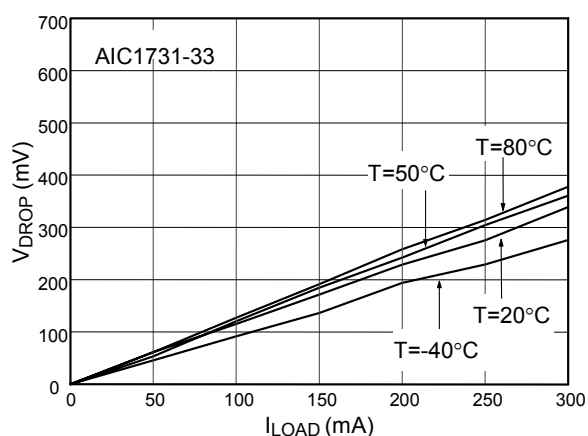


Fig. 2  $V_{\text{DROP}}$  vs.  $I_{\text{LOAD}}$



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

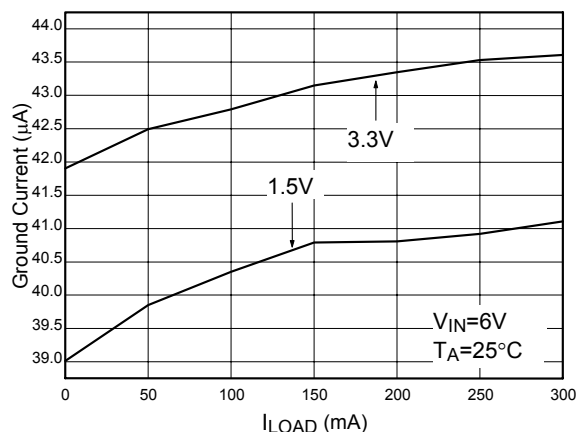
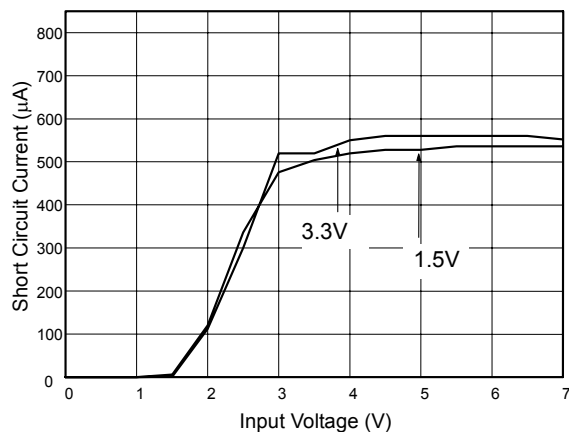
Fig. 3 Ground Current vs.  $I_{\text{LOAD}}$ 

Fig. 4 Input Voltage vs. Short Circuit Current

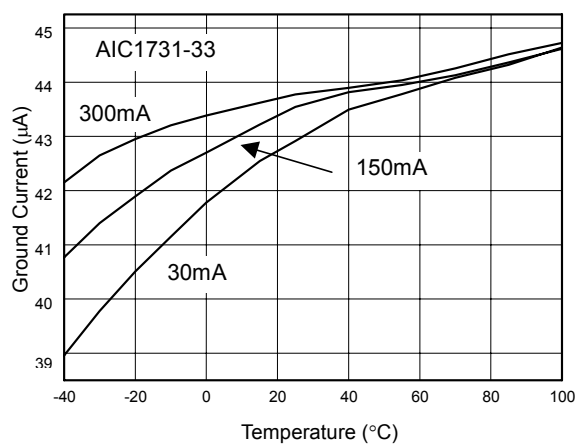


Fig. 5 Ground Current vs. Temperature

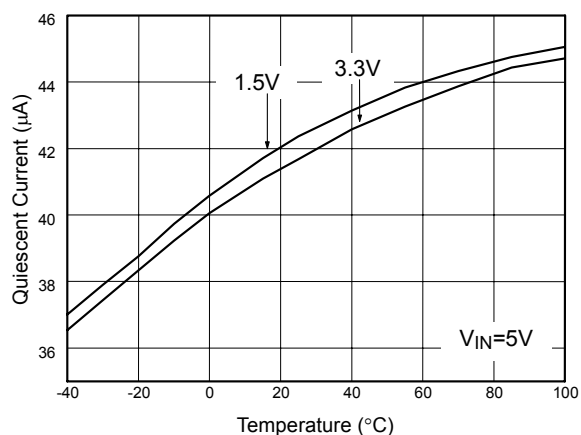


Fig. 6 Quiescent Current vs Temperature

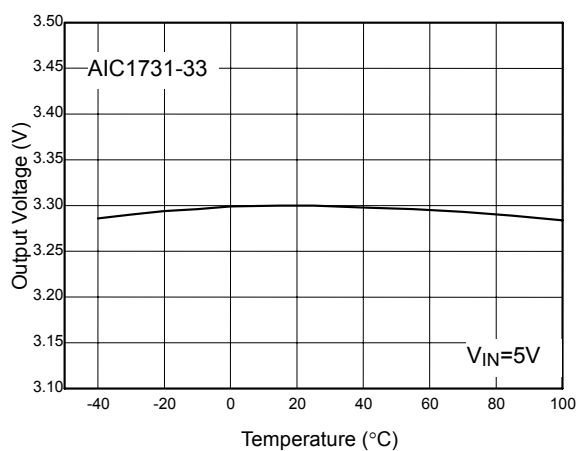


Fig. 9 Output Voltage vs. Temperature

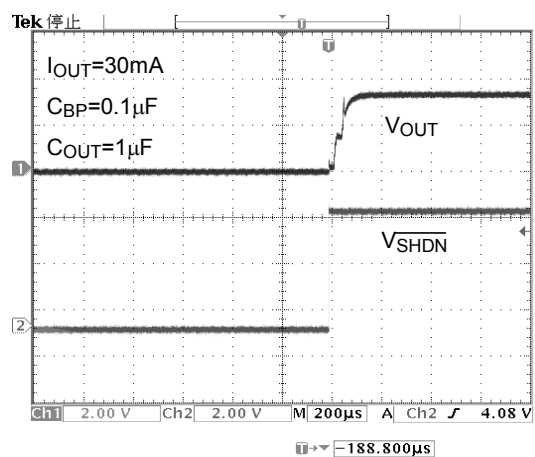


Fig. 10 Shutdown Exit Time



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

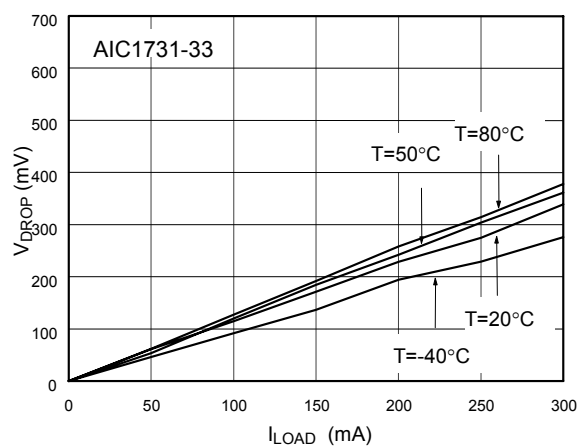
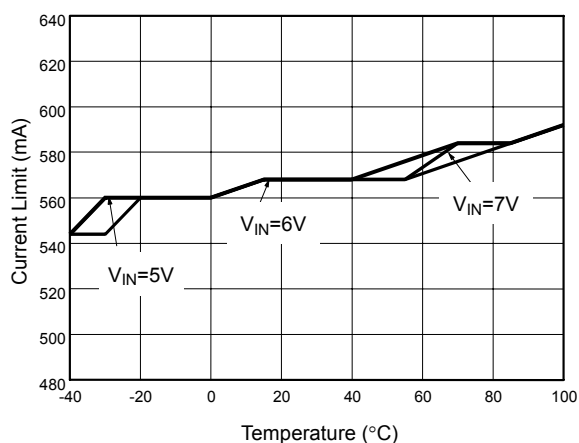
Fig. 11  $V_{DROP}$  vs.  $I_{LOAD}$ 

Fig. 12 Current Limit vs. Temperature

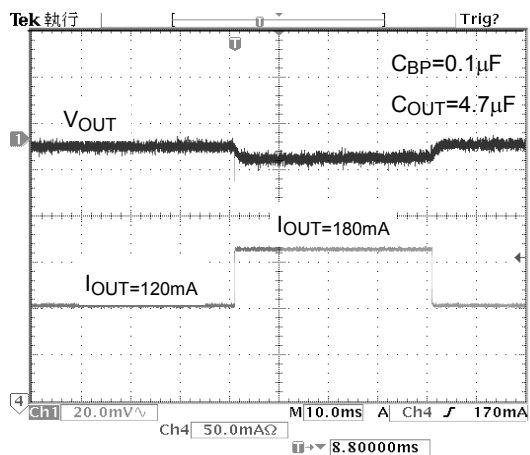


Fig. 13 Load Transient Response

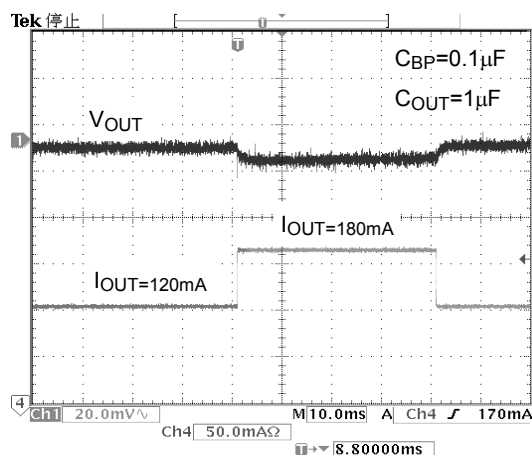


Fig. 14 Load Transient Response

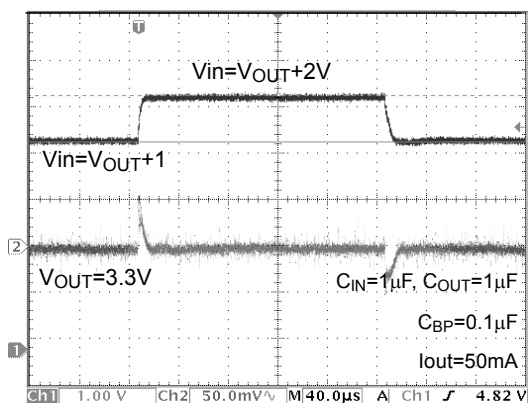


Fig. 15 Line Transient Response

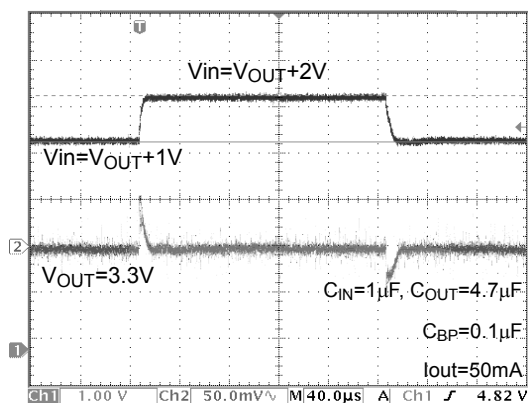


Fig. 16 Line Transient Response



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

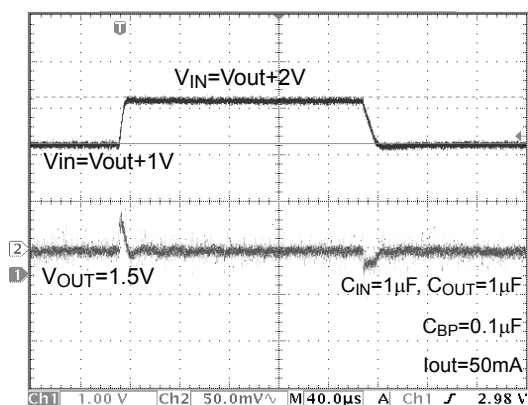


Fig. 17 Line Transient Response

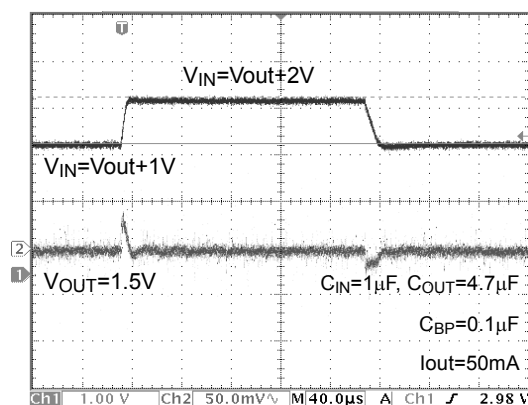
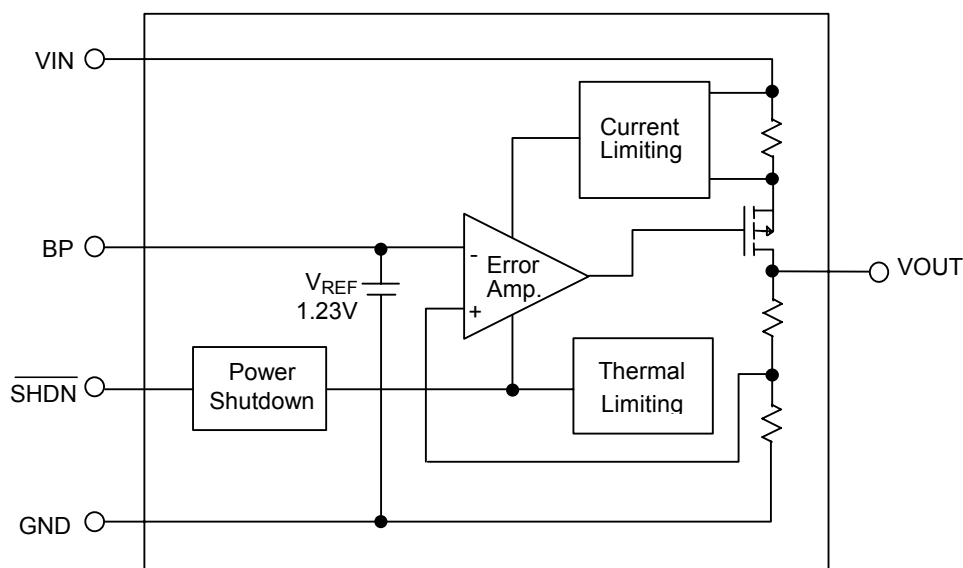


Fig. 18 Line Transient Response

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- PIN 1 : VIN - Power supply input pin. Bypass with a 1μF capacitor to GND
- PIN 2 : GND - Ground pin.
- PIN 3 : SHDN - Active-Low shutdown input pin.

- PIN 4 : BP - Noise bypass pin. An external bypass capacitor connected to BP pin reduces noises at the output.
- PIN 5 : VOUT - Output pin. Sources up to 300 mA.



## ■ DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF TECHNICAL TERMS

### **DROPOUT VOLTAGE ( $V_{DROP}$ )**

The dropout voltage is defined as the difference between the input voltage and output voltage at which the output voltage drops 100mV. Below this value, the output voltage will fall as the input voltage reduces. It depends on the load current and junction temperature.

### **LINE REGULATION**

Line regulation is the ability of the regulator to maintain a constant output voltage as the input voltage changes. The line regulation is specified as the input voltage changes from  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$  to  $V_{IN} = 7V$  and  $I_{OUT} = 1mA$ .

### **LOAD REGULATION**

Load regulation is the ability of the regulator to maintain a constant output voltage as the load current changes. A pulsed measurement with an input voltage set to  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DROP}$  can minimize temperature effects. The load regulation

is specified by the output current ranging from 0.1mA to 300mA.

### **CURRENT LIMIT ( $I_{IL}$ )**

AIC1731 includes a current limiting, which monitors and controls the maximum output current if the output is shorted to ground. This can protect the device from being damaged.

### **THERMAL PROTECTION**

Thermal sensor protects device when the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J = +155^{\circ}C$ . It signals shutdown logic, turning off pass transistor and allowing IC to cool down. After the IC's junction temperature cools by  $15^{\circ}C$ , the thermal sensor will turn the pass transistor back on. Thermal protection is designed to protect the device in the event of fault conditions. For a continuous operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction-temperature rating of  $T_J = 150^{\circ}C$ , or damage may occur to the device.

## ■ APPLICATION INFORMATION

### **INPUT-OUTPUT CAPACITORS**

Linear regulators require input and output capacitors to maintain stability. Input capacitor at 1 $\mu$ F with a 1 $\mu$ F aluminum electrolytic output capacitor is recommended. To avoid oscillation, ceramic capacitor is rejected.

### **NOISE BYPASS CAPACITOR**

0.1 $\mu$ F bypass capacitor at BP pin reduces output voltage noise. And the BP pin has to connect a capacitor to GND.

### **POWER DISSIPATION**

The maximum power dissipation of AIC1731 depends on the thermal resistance of its case

and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The rate of temperature rise is greatly affected by the mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature. When the IC mounting with good thermal conductivity is used, the junction temperature will be low even when large power dissipation applies.

The power dissipation across the device is

$$P = I_{OUT} (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}).$$

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$P_{MAX} = \frac{(T_J - T_A)}{(R\theta_{JB} + R\theta_{BA})}$$



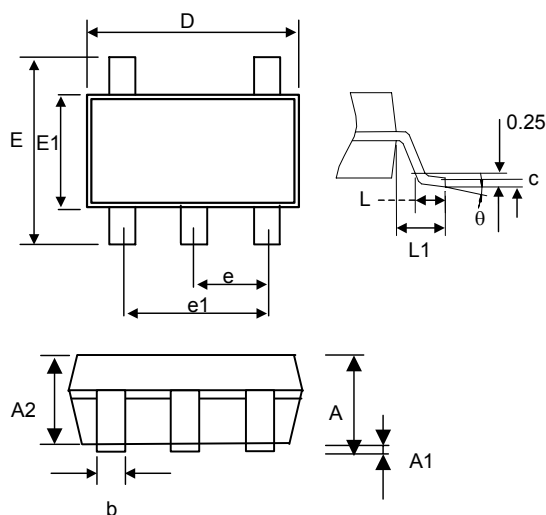
Where  $T_J - T_A$  is the temperature difference between the die junction and the surrounding air,  $R\theta_{JB}$  is the thermal resistance of the package, and  $R\theta_{BA}$  is the thermal resistance through the PCB, copper traces, and other materials to the surrounding air.

As a general rule, the lower temperature is, the better reliability of the device is. So the PCB

mounting pad should provide maximum thermal conductivity to maintain low device temperature. GND pin performs a dual function of providing an electrical connection to ground and channeling heat away. Therefore, connecting the GND pin to ground with a large pad or ground plane would increase the power dissipation and reduce the device temperature

## PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

### ● SOT-23-5 (unit: mm)



| SYMBOL   | MIN      | MAX  |
|----------|----------|------|
| A        | 0.95     | 1.45 |
| A1       | 0.05     | 0.15 |
| A2       | 0.90     | 1.30 |
| b        | 0.30     | 0.50 |
| c        | 0.08     | 0.22 |
| D        | 2.80     | 3.00 |
| E        | 2.60     | 3.00 |
| E1       | 1.50     | 1.70 |
| e        | 0.95 BSC |      |
| e1       | 1.90 BSC |      |
| L        | 0.30     | 0.60 |
| L1       | 0.60 REF |      |
| $\theta$ | 0°       | 8°   |

Note:

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