

ABS202 THRU ABS210

SURFACE MOUNT GLASS PASSIVATED BRIDGE RECTIFIER

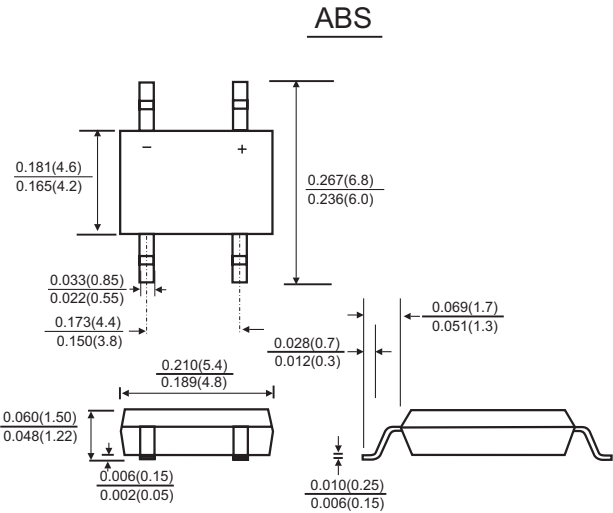
Reverse Voltage: 200 to 1000 Volts
Forward Current: 2.0Amps

FEATURES

- Plastic package has Underwriters Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0
- Glass passivated chip junction
- Rating to 1000V PRV
- Ideal for printed circuit board
- High temperature soldering guaranteed: 260°C/10 seconds at terminals
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2011/65/EU

MECHANICAL DATA

- Case: ABS molded plastic body
- Epoxy: UL94V-0 rate flame retardant
- Terminals: Plated leads solderable per MIL-STD-750, method 2026
- Mounting Position: Any



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified. Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.)

		Symbols	ABS202	ABS204	ABS206	ABS208	ABS210	Units
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage		VRRM	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage		VRMS	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage		VDC	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current		I(AV)	2.0					Amp
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)		IFSM	50					Amps
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 2.0 A DC		VF	1.2					Volts
Maximum DC Reverse Current at rated DC blocking voltage	TA=25°C	IR	10					μA
	TA=125°C		500					
Typical junction capacitance(Note1)		CJ	25					pF
Typical thermal resistance(Note 2)		RθJA	62					°C/W
Operating junction and storage temperature range		TJ TSTG	-55 to +150					°C

Note: 1. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 Volts.
2. Thermal resistance junction to ambient.

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES ABS202 THRU ABS210

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

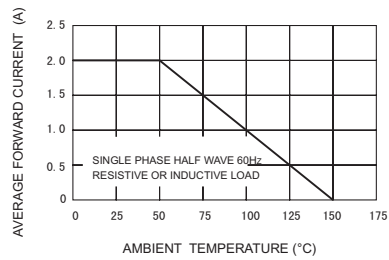


FIG.2-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

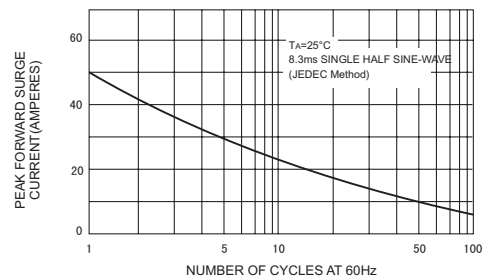


FIG3-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

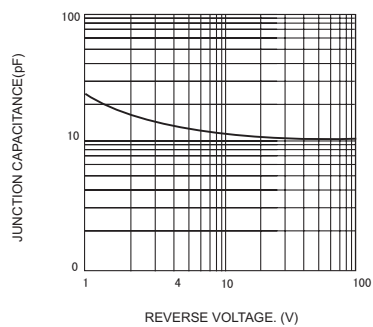


FIG4-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

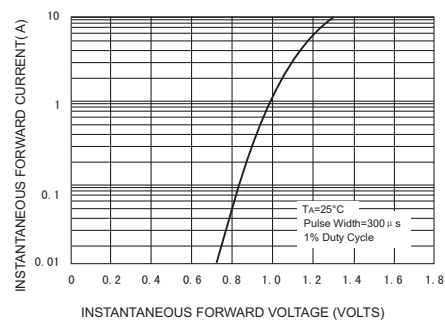


FIG.5-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

