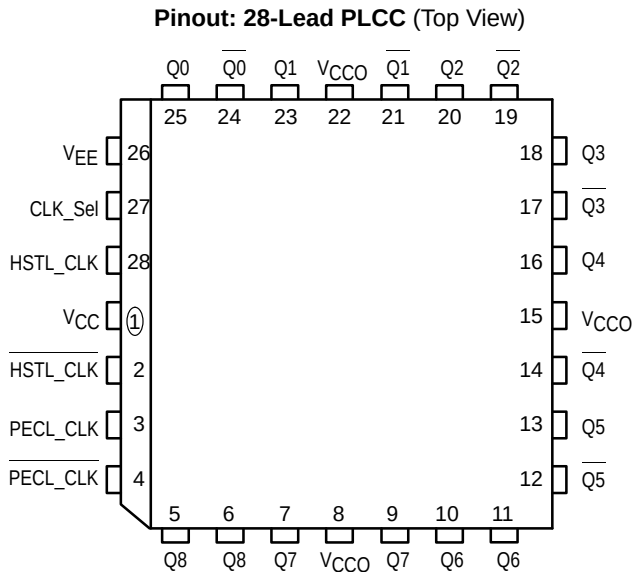


Low-Voltage 1:9 Differential
ECL/HSTL to HSTL Clock Driver

The MPC9111 is a low skew 1-to-9 differential HSTL compatible output fanout buffer. The device is functionally equivalent to the MC100LVE111 device. The device accepts either LVPECL or HSTL compatible input levels and provides 9 low skew differential HSTL compatible outputs. The device operates from a single 3.3V VCC supply.

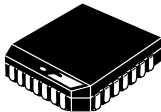
- 800ps Part-to-Part Skew
- 250ps Output-to-Output Skew
- Open Emitter HSTL Compatible Outputs
- Differential Design
- 28-Lead PLCC
- 3.3V VCC

The MPC911 HSTL outputs are not realized in the conventional manner. To minimize part-to-part and output-to-output skew the HSTL compatible output levels are generated with an open emitter architecture. The outputs are pulled down with 50Ω to ground rather than the typical 50Ω to VDDQ pullup of a “standard” HSTL output. Because the HSTL outputs are pulled to ground the MPC911 does not utilize the VDDQ supply of the HSTL standard. The output levels are derived from VCC, an internal regulator minimizes the output level variation with VCC variations.



MPC911

LOW-VOLTAGE
1:9 DIFFERENTIAL ECL/HSTL
TO HSTL CLOCK DRIVER



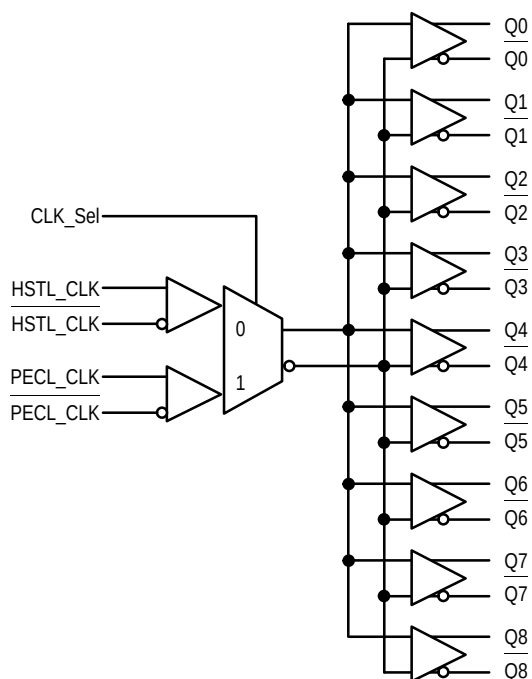
FN SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 776-02

PIN NAMES

Pins	Function
HSTL_CLK, HSTL_CLK	Differential HSTL Input
PECL_CLK, PECL_CLK	Differential PECL Input
Q0-Q8, Q0-Q8	Differential Outputs



LOGIC SYMBOL



HSTL DC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			70°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	0.9			0.9			0.9			V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage			0.5			0.5			0.5	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	V _{ref} + 0.10		1.9	V _{ref} + 0.10		1.9	V _{ref} + 0.10		1.9	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	-0.3		V _{ref} - 0.10	-0.3		V _{ref} - 0.10	-0.3		V _{ref} - 0.10	V
V _X	Input Crossover Volt	0.68		0.9	0.68		0.9	0.68		0.9	V
V _{ref}	Input Reference Volt	0.68		0.9	0.68	0.75	0.9	0.68		0.9	

LV PECL DC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			70°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage ¹	2.135		2.420	2.135		2.420	2.135		2.420	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ¹	1.490		1.825	1.490		1.825	1.490		1.825	V
V _{CC}	Power Supply Voltage	3.0		3.6	3.0		3.6	3.0		3.6	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I _{CC}	Power Supply Current			100			100			110	mA

1. These values are for V_{CC} = 3.3V. Level Specifications will vary 1:1 with V_{CC}.

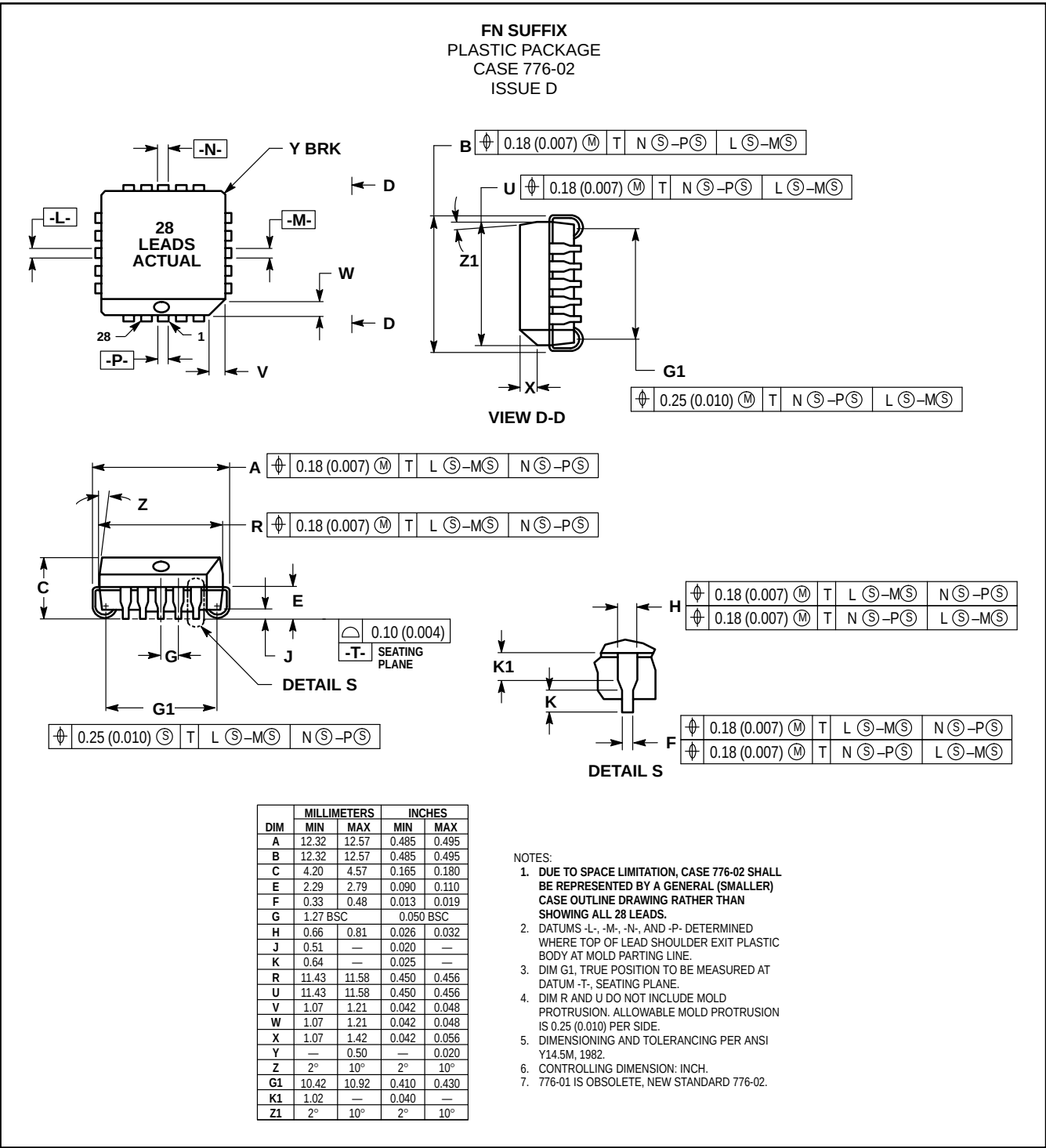
AC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			70°C			Unit	Condition
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay to Output IN (differential)	HSTL 1.4 PECL 1.3	2.0 1.9	2.3 2.0	1.6 1.4	1.9 1.9	2.4 2.1	1.8 1.5	2.3 2.0	2.6 2.3	ns	Note 1
t _{skew}	Within-Device Skew Part-to-Part Skew (Diff)			250 900			250 800			250 800	ps	Note 2
V _{PP}	Minimum Input Swing PECL_CLK	600			600			600			mV	Note 3
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Range PECL_CLK	V _{CC} -1.5		V _{CC} -0.8	V _{CC} -1.5		V _{CC} -0.8	V _{CC} -1.5		V _{CC} -0.8	V	Note 4
t _r /t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time	500 600	800 1200	1200 1800	500 600	800 1200	1200 1800	500 600	800 1200	1200 1800	ps	20%–80%

1. The differential propagation delay is defined as the delay from the crossing points of the differential input signals to the crossing point of the differential output signals.
2. The within-device skew is defined as the worst case difference between any two similar delay paths within a single device.
3. V_{PP}(min) is defined as the minimum input differential voltage which will cause no increase in the propagation delay. The V_{PP}(min) is AC limited for the MPC911 as a differential input as low as 50 mV will still produce full HSTL levels at the output.
4. V_{CMR} is defined as the range within which the V_{IH} level may vary, with the device still meeting the propagation delay specification. The V_{IL} level must be such that the peak to peak voltage is less than 1.0 V and greater than or equal to V_{PP}(min).

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