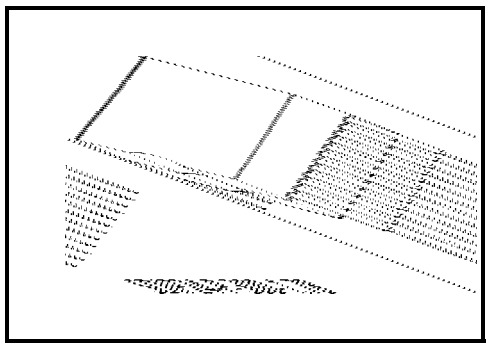
TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TA1317AN

Deflection Processor IC for TV

TA1317AN is a deflection processor IC for a large and wide picture tube.

TA1317AN incorporates EW, vertical distortion correction circuit and dynamic focus correction circuit. It can control various functions via I^2C BUS line.

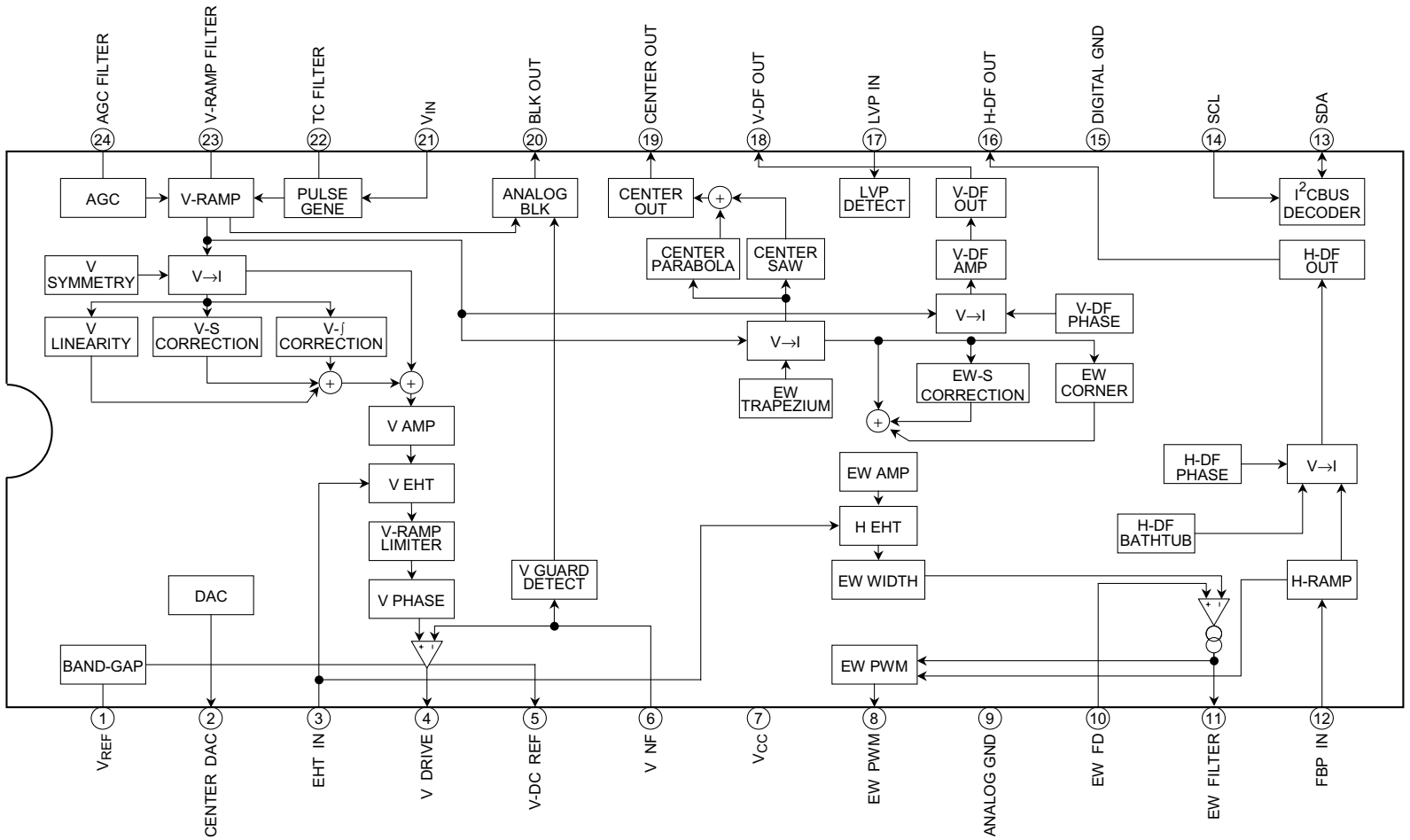


Weight: 1.22 g (typ.)

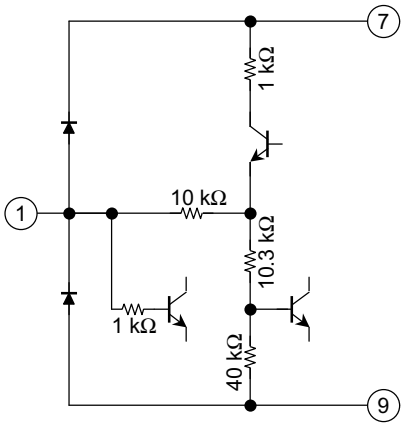
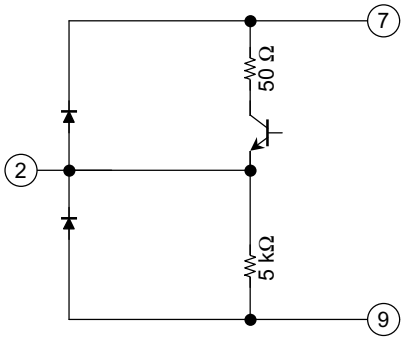
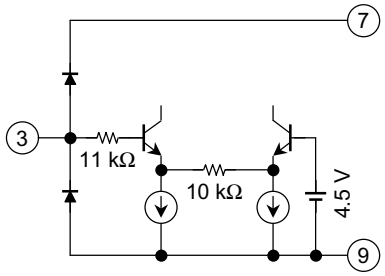
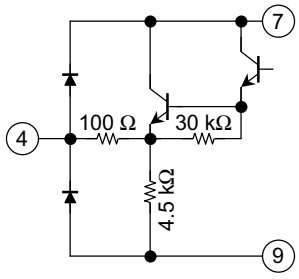
Features

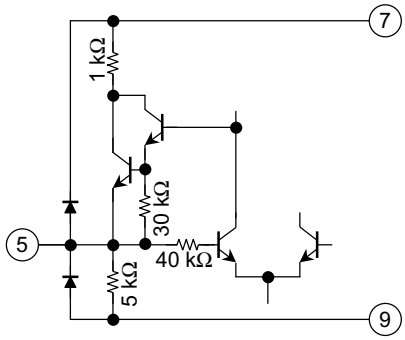
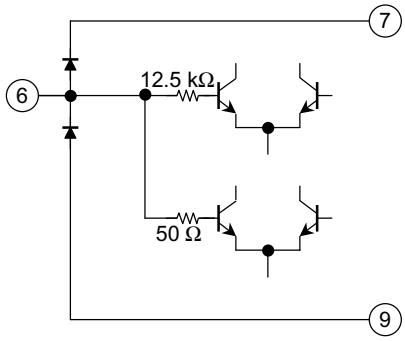
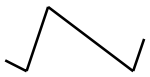
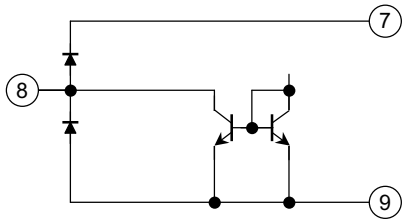
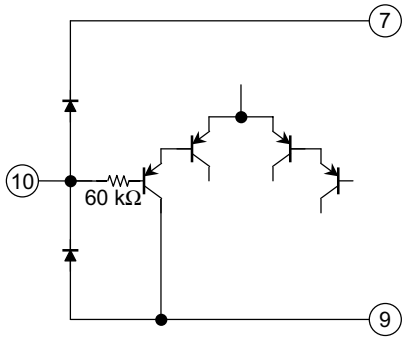
- Vertical drive (AC/DC-coupling)
- Picture height adjustment
- Vertical shift adjustment
- Vertical symmetry correction
- Vertical linearity correction
- Vertical S correction
- Vertical integral correction
- Vertical/Horizontal EHT compensation
- EW drive (parabola/PWM output)
- Picture width
- EW trapezium correction
- EW parabola correction
- EW corner correction (top only/bottom only/top&bottom)
- EW S correction
- Center curve correction (SAW/PAR)
- Parabola output for horizontal and vertical dynamic focus (H/V output independently)
- Horizontal and vertical dynamic focus phase adjustment
- Horizontal and vertical dynamic focus amplitude adjustment
- Horizontal dynamic focus curve characteristic adjustment
- V-ramp limiter circuit
- Analog blanking output

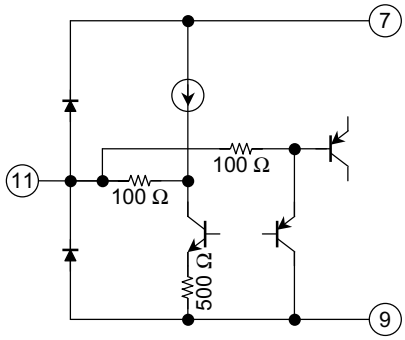
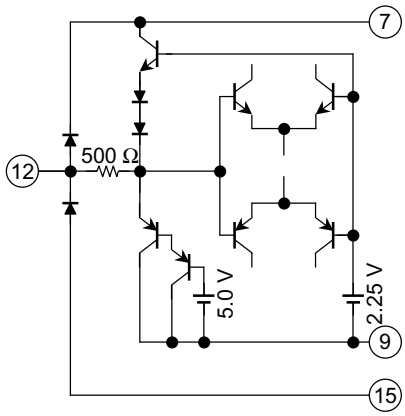
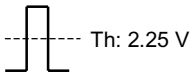
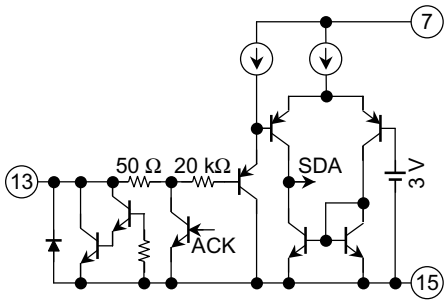
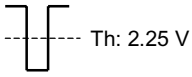
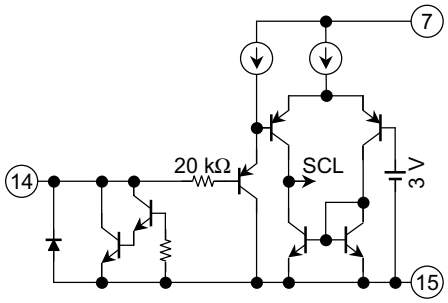
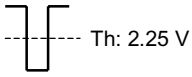
Block Diagram

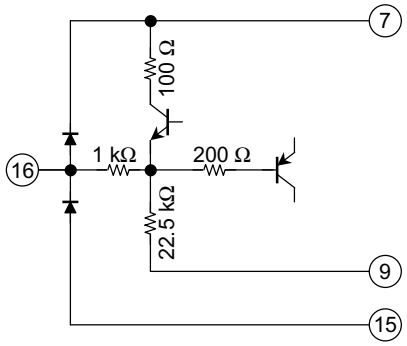
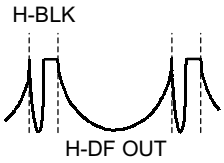
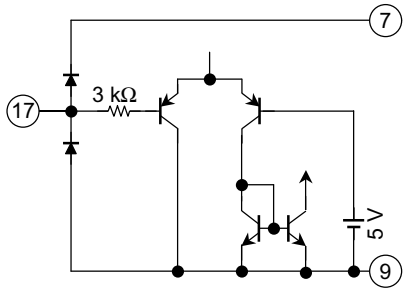
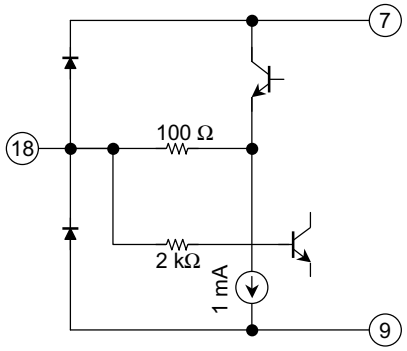
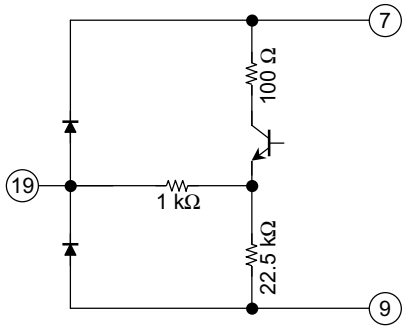
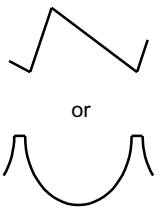


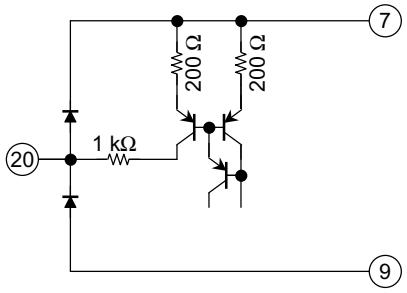
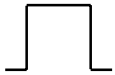
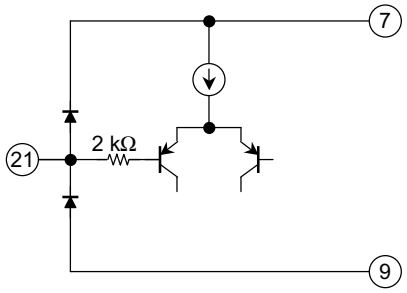
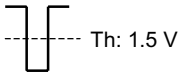
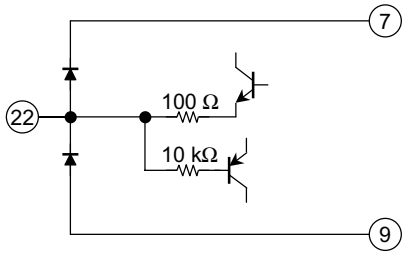
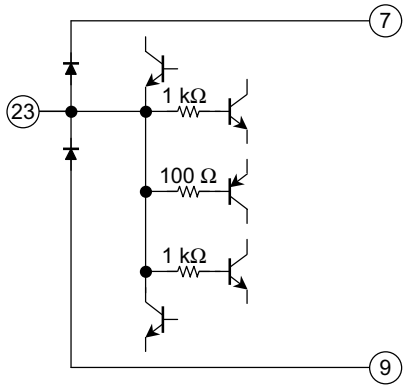
Pin Functions

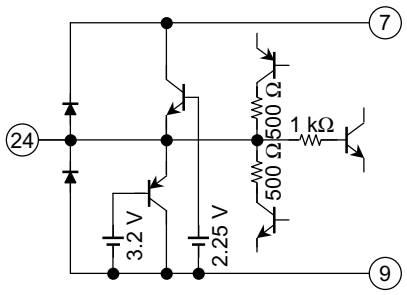
Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input/Output Signal
1	V_{REF}	Internal reference voltage adjustment pin. If CRT DY has temperature coefficient, it can be cancelled in TV by applying inverse temperature coefficient to this pin. In case of not using, connect 0.01 μF capacitor between this pin and GND.		—
2	CENTER DAC	DAC output pin. When bus write function VD = 0, 2 bit DAC output; VD = 1, 7 bit DAC output. In case of not using, it should be open.		DC
3	EHT IN	EHT input pin. In case of not using, connect 0.01 μF capacitor between this pin and GND.		DC
4	V DRIVE	Vertical output pin		—

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input/Output Signal
5	V-DC REF	DC reference voltage output pin when V is DC coupling. In case of not using, it should be open.		DC
6	V NF	Vertical negative feedback input pin. When VD = 0, if pin is 1.2 V (typ.) or below, or 3.7 V (typ.) or higher, returns abnormal detection result to BUS read function (V guard), forcibly setting pin 20 to High. When VD = 1, if pin is 2.4 V (typ.) or below, or 7.4 V (typ.) or higher, abnormality is detected.		
7	V_{CC}	V_{CC} pin. Connect 9 V (typ.).	—	—
8	EW PWM	EW D drive (PWM) output pin. Open collector output. In case of not using, it should be open.		
9	ANALOG GND	GND pin for analog block	—	—
10	EW FD	EW feedback pin		

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input/Output Signal
11	EW FILTER	Connect phase compensation filter for EW output. EW parabola waveform can be extracted from this pin.		—
12	FBP IN	FBP input pin. In case of not using H-DF and EW-PWM outputs, it should be open.		 Input frequency: 28 k~45 kHz
13	SDA	SDA pin for I^2C bus		
14	SCL	SCL pin for I^2C bus		
15	DIGITAL GND	GND pin for digital block	—	—

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input/Output Signal
16	H-DF OUT	Outputs parabola waveform for horizontal dynamic focus. Mask the pulse in horizontal blanking if it is not needed. In case of not using, it should be open.		
17	LVP IN	LVP detection pin. Connect reference voltage used to protect deflection circuit against low supply voltage. If this pin is 5.0 V (typ.) or below, returns abnormal detection result to bus read function. In case of not using LVP detection, it should be open.		DC
18	V-DF OUT	Outputs parabola waveform for vertical dynamic focus. In case of not using, it should be open.		
19	CENTER OUT	Outputs center curve correction waveform. Connect this pin to curve correction input pin of horizontal sync IC. In case of not using, it should be open.		 or composite of above two waveforms

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input/Output Signal
20	BLK OUT	Analog blanking output pin. Open collector output. In case of not using, it should be open.		
21	V_{IN}	Inputs vertical trigger pulse. Notifies subsequent circuit of input fall as trigger.		
22	TC FILTER	Connects filter for generating internal pulse.		—
23	V-RAMP FILTER	Connects filter for generating vertical ramp signal.		—

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input/Output Signal
24	AGC FILTER	Connects filter used to automatically adjust oscillation amplitude of vertical ramp signal. Can switch AGC sensitivity by BUS write function.		—

Bus Control Map

Write Mode

Slave Address: 8CH (10001100)

Sub-Address	D7 MSB	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0 LSB	Preset MSB	Preset LSB
00	PICTURE HEIGHT							VD	1000	0000
01	PICTURE WIDTH1						V SHIFT		1000	0000
02	V LINEARITY					V-EHT COMPENSATION			1000	0000
03	ANALOG V-BLK STOP PHASE					H-EHT COMPENSATION			1000	0000
04	ANALOG V-BLK START PHASE					V-RAMP LIMIT2			1000	0000
05	V CENTERING							V-RAMP LIMIT1	1000	0000
06	V-DF PHASE				V-DF AMPLITUDE				1000	1000
07	H-DF PHASE				H-DF AMPLITUDE				1000	1000
08	H-DF CURVE				V INTEGRAL CORRECTION				1000	0000
09	V AGC		V S CORRECTION						1000	0000
0A	*	*	EW PARABOLA						1000	0000
0B	EW TRAPEZIUM							V STOP	1000	0000
0C	EW TOP CORNER					*	*	PICTURE WIDTH2	1000	0000
0D	EW BOTTOM CORNER					*	*	*	1000	0000
0E	EW S CORRECTION					*	*	*	1000	0000
0F	EW CORNER					*	*	*	1000	0000
10	CENTER PARABOLA				CENTER SAW				1000	1000
11	V SYMMETRY								0000	0000

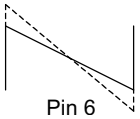
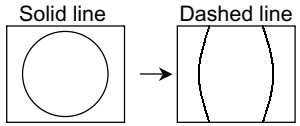
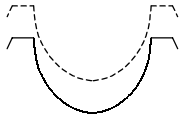
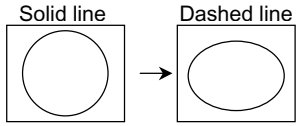
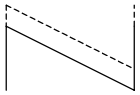
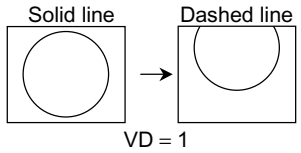
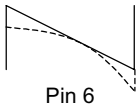
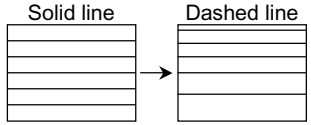
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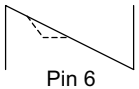
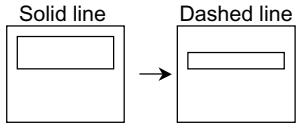
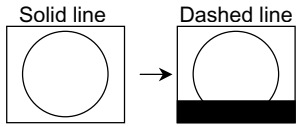
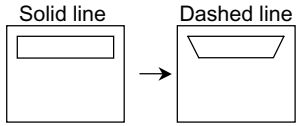
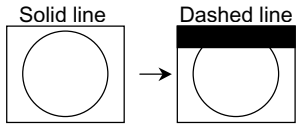
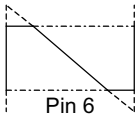
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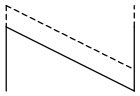
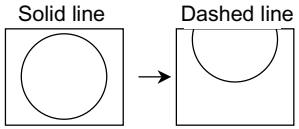
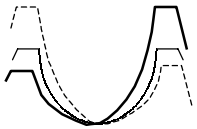
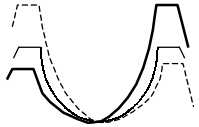
	D7 MSB	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0 LSB
0	V DF	H DF	LVP	V NF	V GUARD	EW OUT	V OUT	POR

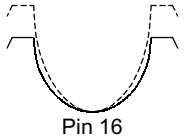
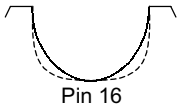
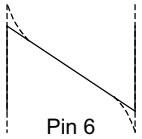
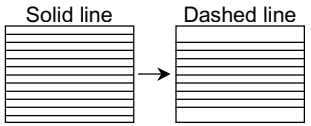
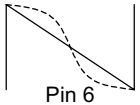
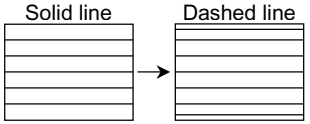
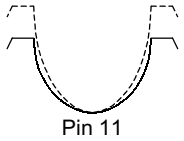
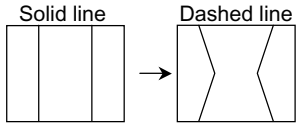
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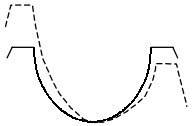
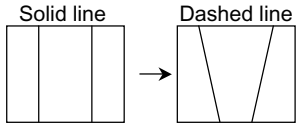
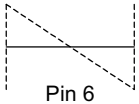
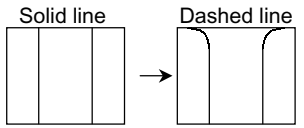
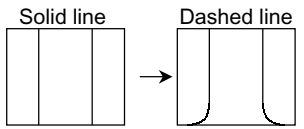
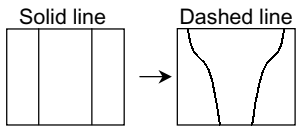
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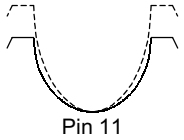
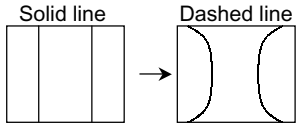
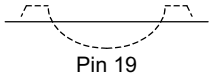
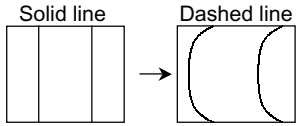
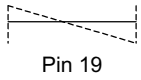
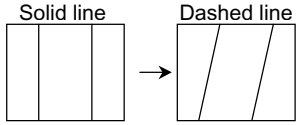
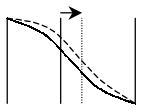
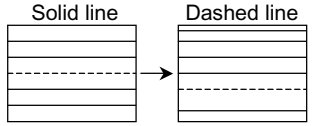
Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation	Output Change	Picture Change	Preset
PICTURE HEIGHT/7	Adjusts the picture height. 0000000: min 1000000: center 1111111: max			center (1000000)
VD/1	Changes V-DRIVE mode 0: DC-coupling 1: AC-coupling	—	—	DC-coupling (0)
PICTURE WIDTH/7	Adjusts the picture width. 0000000: max 1000000: center 1111111: min Sub-address 0C-D0 bit comes LSB.			center (1000000)
V SHIFT/2	Where VD = 0, sets DAC output level of pin 2 is set. Where VD = 1, sets DC level of V-DRIVE is adjusted. 00: min 11: max			min (00)
V LINEARITY/5	Corrects the vertical linearity. 00000: min 10000: center 11111: max			center (10000)

Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation	Output Change	Picture Change	Preset
V-EHT COMPENSATION/3	Adjusts the compensated rate for the V-DRIVE by EHT-IN (pin 3). 000: min 111: max			min (000)
ANALOG V-BLK STOP PHASE/5	Sets the analog blanking stop phase on pin 20. Inputs the output from pin 20 to an external BLK-IN of synchronization IC. 00000: min 10000: center 11111: max	—		center (10000)
H-EHT COMPENSATION/3	Adjusts the compensated rate for the EW output by EHT-IN (pin 3). 000: min 111: max			min (000)
ANALOG V-BLK START PHASE/5	Sets the analog blanking start phase on pin 20. Inputs the output from pin 20 to external BLK-IN of synchronization IC. 00000: min 10000: center 11111: max	—		center (10000)
V-RAMP LIMIT LEVEL/4	Sets the V-ramp slice level. 0000: OFF 0001: min 1111: max Sub-address 05-D0 bit comes MSB.		—	OFF (0000)

Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation	Output Change	Picture Change	Preset
V CENTERING/7	Where VD = 0, DC level of V-DRIVE is adjusted. Where VD = 1, DAC output level of pin 2 is set. 0000000: min 1000000: center 1111111: max	 Pin 6 (VD = 0)	 VD = 0	min (0000000)
V-DF PHASE/4	Adjusts the phase of vertical dynamic focus output. 0000: min 1000: center 1111: max	 Pin 18	—	center (1000)
V-DF AMPLITUDE/4	Adjusts the amplitude of vertical dynamic focus output. 0000: min 1000: center 1111: max	 Pin 18	—	center (1000)
H-DF PHASE/4	Adjusts the phase of horizontal dynamic focus output. 0000: min 1000: center 1111: max	 Pin 16	—	center (1000)

Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation	Output Change	Picture Change	Preset
H-DF AMPLITUDE/4	Adjusts the amplitude of horizontal dynamic focus output. 0000: min 1000: center 1111: max		—	center (1000)
H-DF CURVE/4	Adjusts the curve characteristic of horizontal dynamic focus output. 0000: max 1111: min		—	max (0000)
V INTEGRAL CORRECTION/4	Adjusts the vertical integral correction. 0000: min 1111: max			min (0000)
V AGC/2	Sets the AGC gain for V-ramp. 00: LOW 11: HIGH	—	—	LOW (00)
V S CORRECTION/6	Adjusts the vertical S correction. 000000: min 100000: center 111111: max			min (000000)
EW PARABOLA/6	Adjusts the amplitude of EW output. 000000: min 111111: max			min (000000)

Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation	Output Change	Picture Change	Preset
EW TRAPEZIUM/7	Adjusts the EW trapezium correction. 0000000: min 1000000: center 1111111: max Note: When this data will be changed, V symmetry characteristic will be also changed.			center (1000000)
V STOP/1	Switches over the V-stop mode. 0: Normal 1: V stop/BLK stop		—	Normal (0)
EW TOP CORNER/5	Adjusts the EW top corner correction. 00000: max 10000: center 11111: min			center (10000)
EW BOTTOM CORNER/5	Adjusts the EW bottom corner correction. 00000: max 10000: center 11111: min			center (10000)
EW S CORRECTION/5	Adjusts the EW S correction. 00000: max 10000: center 11111: min			center (10000)

Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation	Output Change	Picture Change	Preset
EW CORNER/5	Adjusts the EW corner correction. 00000: max 10000: center 11111: min			center (10000)
CENTER PARABOLA/4	Adjusts the parabola-component amplitude. 0000: max 1000: center 1111: min			center (1000)
CENTER SAW/4	Adjusts the saw-component amplitude. 0000: min 1000: center 1111: max			center (1000)
V SYMMETRY/8	Corrects the vertical symmetry. 00000000: min 10000000: center 11111111: max Note: When this data will be changed, EW trapezium characteristic will be also changed.			center (10000000)

Read Mode

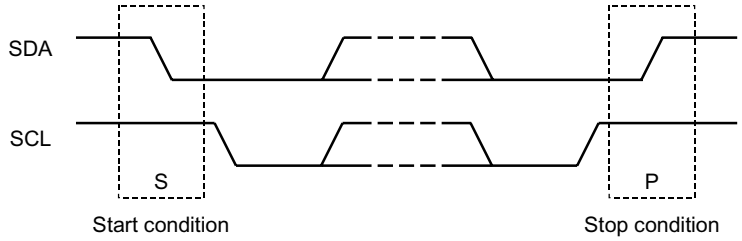
Register Name/Number of Bits	Function Explanation
V DF/1	Vertical dynamic focus output self-check. 0: NG (no) 1: OK (yes)
H DF/1	Horizontal dynamic focus output self-check. 0: NG (no) 1: OK (yes)
LVP/1	LVP (low voltage protection) is detected. 0: OFF (pin 17 is high) 1: ON (pin 17 is low)
V NF/1	V-NF input self-check. 0: NG (no) 1: OK (yes)
V GUARD/1	Detects abnormality on V-NF input. If abnormal, Pin 20 goes high. 0: OFF (normal) 1: ON (abnormal)
EW OUT/1	EW output self-check. 0: NG (no) 1: OK (yes)
V OUT/1	V-DRIVE output self-check. 0: NG (no) 1: OK (yes)
POR/1	Power-on reset. Responds 0 at first reading after power-on, 1 at second reading. 0: Resister preset 1: Normal

Data Transfer Formats via I^2C Bus

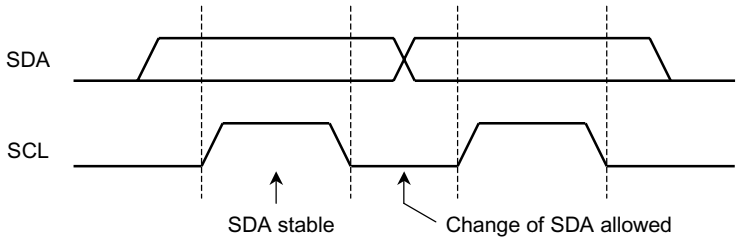
Slave address

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	W/R
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0/1

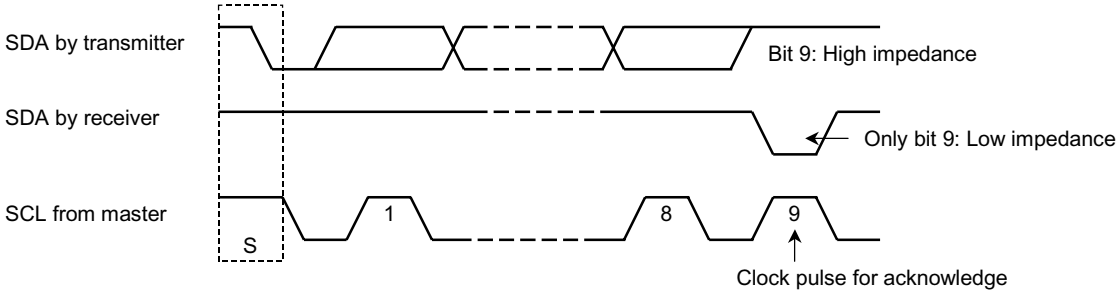
Start and Stop Condition



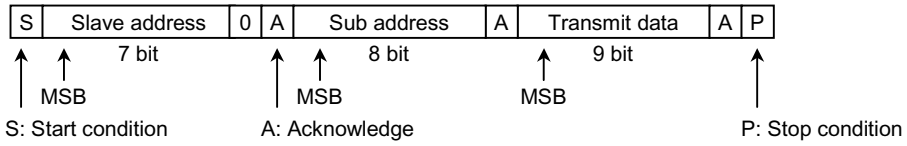
Bit Transfer



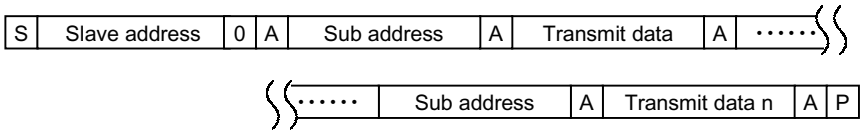
Acknowledge



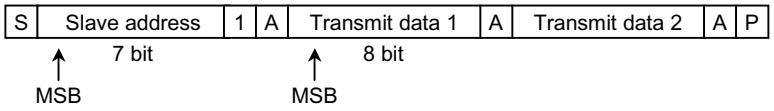
Data Transmit Format 1



Data Transmit Format 2



Data Receive Format

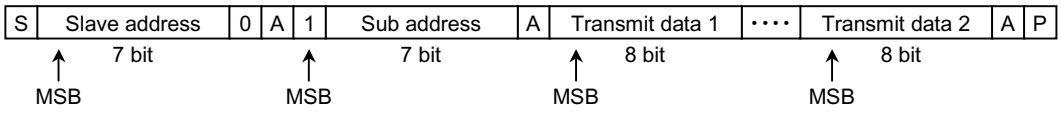


At the moment of the first acknowledge, the master transmitter becomes a master receiver and the slave transmitter. This acknowledge is still generated by this slave.

The Stop condition is generated by the master.

Details are provided in the Philips I^2C specifications.

Optional Data Transmit Format: Automatic Increment Mode



In this transmission method, data is set on automatically incremented sub-address from the specified sub-address.

Purchase of TOSHIBA I^2C components conveys a license under the Philips I^2C Patent Rights to use these components in an I^2C system, provided that the system conforms to the I^2C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Supply voltage	V_{CCmax}	12	**V**
Input pin signal voltage	e_{inmax}	9	$\mathbf{V}_{p-p}$
Power dissipation	P_D (*)	1250	mW
Power dissipation reduction rate	1/θja	−10	mW/°C
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	−20~65	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	−55~150	°C

*: See the figure below.

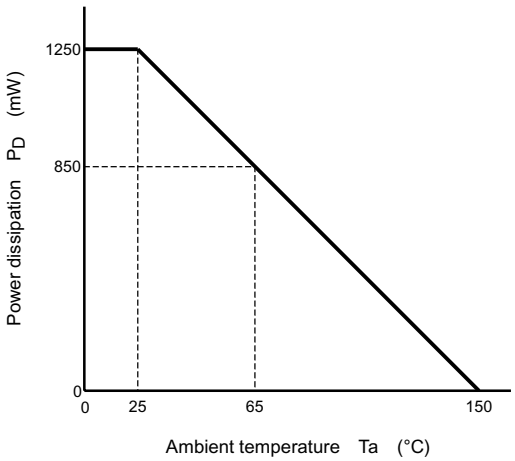


Figure 1 P_D – Ta Curve

Recommended Operating Conditions

Characteristics	Description	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage (V_{CC})	Pin 7	8.5	9.0	9.5	V
EHT input voltage	Pin 3	0.0	—	9.0	V
FBP input amplitude	Pin 12	4.0	—	9.0	V
FBP input frequency	Pin 12	28	—	45	kHz
FBP input width	Pin 12	2.5	—	—	μs
SCL/SDA pull-up voltage	Pins 13 & 14	3.0	5.0	9.0	V
LVP input voltage	Pin 17	0.0	—	9.0	V
V input amplitude	Pin 21	3.0	—	9.0	V
V input frequency	Pin 21	50	—	120	Hz
V input width	Pin 21	2.5	—	—	μs
EW PWM input current	Pin 8	—	—	5	mA

Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25°C)

Current dissipation

Pin Name	Symbol	Test Circuit	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	I_{CC}	—	40	50.8	62	mA

Pin voltages

Pin No.	Pin Name	Symbol	Test Circuit	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
1	V_{REF}	V_1	—	4.60	4.88	5.10	V
5	V -DC REF	V_5	—	4.60	4.88	5.10	V

AC Characteristics

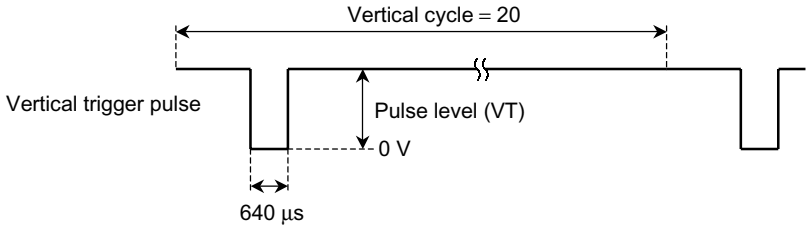
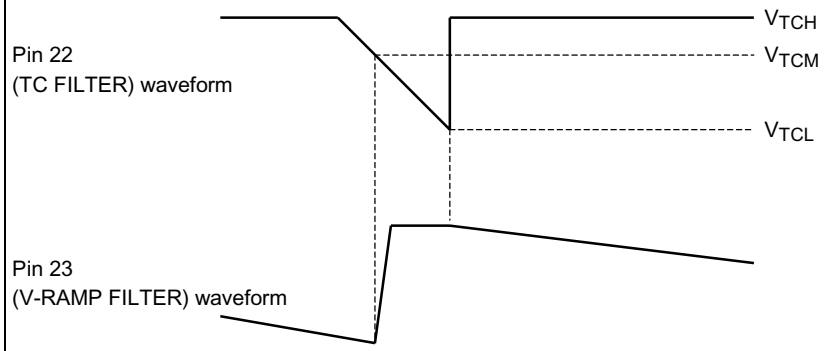
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Vertical trigger input shaped voltage	V_{TH}	—	(Note 1)	1.2	1.5	1.7	V
Timing pulse output voltage	V_{TCH}	—	(Note 2)	3.90	4.10	4.30	V
	V_{TCM}	—		2.95	3.15	3.35	
	V_{TCL}	—		0.97	1.07	1.17	
Vertical ramp wave amplitude	V_{RMP}	—	(Note 3)	1.65	1.75	1.85	V_{p-p}
Vertical drive amplification	GV	—	(Note 4)	21	24	27	dB
Vertical drive output voltage	V_{4H}	—	(Note 5)	2.5	3.3	4.1	V
	V_{4L}	—		0.00	0.00	0.30	
Vertical NF signal amplitude	V_{NFM}	—	(Note 6)	1.65	1.85	2.05	V_{p-p}
Vertical phase adjustment 1 (V shift) change amount	V_{DC} (80)	—	(Note 7)	3.00	3.55	4.10	V
	V_{DC} (83)	—		5.65	6.20	6.75	
	V_{DC}	—		2.30	2.65	3.00	
Vertical phase adjustment 2 (V centering) change amount	V_{DD} (00)	—	(Note 8)	1.64	1.82	2.00	V
	V_{DD} (FE)	—		2.87	3.16	3.45	
	V_{DD}	—		1.30	1.45	1.60	
Vertical amplitude adjustment (picture height) change amount	V_{NFL}	—	(Note 9)	0.85	1.00	1.15	V_{p-p}
	V_{NFH}	—		2.55	2.75	2.95	
	V_{NFP}	—		43	48	53	%
	V_{NFN}	—		−53	−48	−43	
Vertical linearity correction (V linearity) change amount	V_1 (00)	—	(Note 10)	0.90	1.06	1.22	V_{p-p}
	V_2 (00)	—		0.69	0.81	0.93	
	V_1 (80)	—		0.82	0.96	1.10	
	V_2 (80)	—		0.77	0.91	1.05	
	V_1 (F8)	—		0.73	0.86	0.99	
	V_2 (F8)	—		0.85	1.00	1.15	
	V_{LIN}	—		9.5	10.5	12.5	%
Vertical symmetry (V symmetry) change amount	V_{VT} (00)	—	(Note 11)	4.60	4.95	5.20	V
	V_{VT} (FF)	—		5.40	5.70	6.00	
	V_{VT}	—		0.67	0.76	0.85	

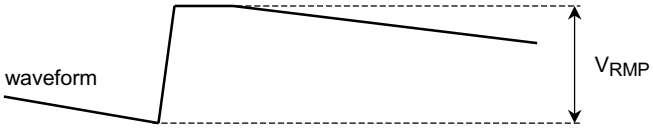
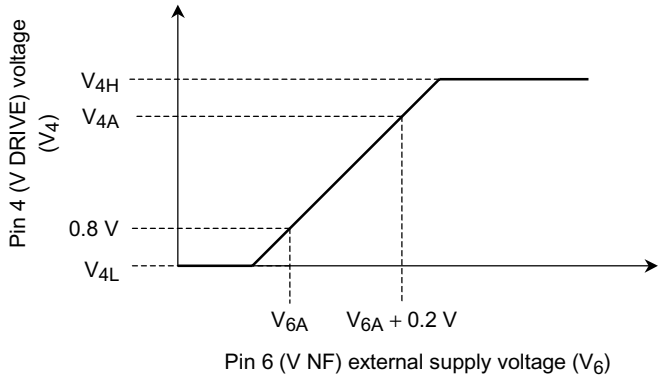
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Vertical S correction (V S correction) change amount	V_S (80)	—	(Note 12)	1.92	2.26	2.60	V_{p-p}
	V_S (BF)	—		1.27	1.50	1.73	
	V_S	—		17	21	25	%
Vertical integral correction (V ∫ correction) change amount	V ∫ (80)	—	(Note 13)	1.54	1.82	2.10	V_{p-p}
	V ∫ (8F)	—		1.62	1.90	2.18	
	V ∫	—		3.0	4.0	5.2	%
Vertical EHT compensation (V EHT compensation) change amount	V_E (80)	—	(Note 14)	1.58	1.86	2.14	V_{p-p}
	V_E (87)	—		1.44	1.69	1.94	
	V_{EHT}	—		8.5	10.0	11.5	%
EHT input dynamic range	V_{EHL}	—	(Note 15)	1.9	2.4	2.9	V
	V_{EHH}	—		5.9	6.4	6.9	
Horizontal amplitude adjustment (picture width) change amount	V_{EV} (00)	—	(Note 16)	5.20	6.15	7.10	V
	V_{EV} (FC)	—		1.30	1.55	1.80	
	V_{EV}	—		4.20	4.60	5.00	
Parabola amplitude adjustment (EW parabola) change amount	V_{PB} (00)	—	(Note 17)	0.00	0.02	0.06	V_{p-p}
	V_{PB} (20)	—		1.6	2.0	2.3	
	V_{PB} (3F)	—		2.8	3.3	3.8	
	V_{PB}	—		2.8	3.3	3.8	
EW top corner correction (EW top corner) change amount	V_{TC} (00)	—	(Note 18)	2.3	2.8	3.2	V_{p-p}
	V_{TC} (F8)	—		0.9	1.2	1.4	
	V_{TCP}	—		32	40	46	%
	V_{TCN}	—		−46	−40	−32	
EW bottom corner correction (EW bottom corner) change amount	V_{BC} (00)	—	(Note 19)	2.4	2.8	3.2	V_{p-p}
	V_{BC} (F8)	—		0.9	1.2	1.4	
	V_{BCP}	—		32	45	55	%
	V_{BCN}	—		−52	−40	−35	
EW corner correction change amount	V_M (00)	—	(Note 20)	2.4	2.8	3.2	V_{p-p}
	V_M (F8)	—		0.8	1.1	1.4	
	V_{MP}	—		40	47	57	%
	V_{MN}	—		−52	−42	−32	
EW S correction change amount	V_S (00)	—	(Note 21)	2.2	2.6	3.0	V_{p-p}
	V_S (F8)	—		1.0	1.4	1.6	
	V_{SP}	—		28	35	40	%
	V_{SN}	—		−40	−32	−27	
EW trapezium correction change amount	V_{ET} (00)	—	(Note 22)	2.4	2.7	3.0	ms
	V_{ET} (FE)	—		−3.0	−2.7	−2.4	
	V_{ETP}	—		11.0	13.5	16.0	%
	V_{ETN}	—		−16.0	−13.5	−11.0	
Horizontal EHT compensation (H-EHT compensation) DC change amount	V_{HC} (80)	—	(Note 23)	3.0	3.6	4.2	V
	V_{HC} (87)	—		4.0	4.7	5.4	
	V_{HC}	—		1.0	1.2	1.4	
Parabola amplitude EHT compensation	EHT (1)	—	(Note 24)	1.55	1.90	2.20	V_{p-p}
	EHT (7)	—		1.65	2.00	2.30	
	EHT	—		2.7	4.0	5.3	%

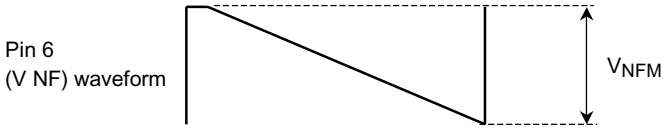
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
AGC operating current	V_X (00)	—	(Note 25)	20	35	50	μA
	V_X (40)	—		45	65	85	
	V_X (80)	—		250	340	430	
	V_X (C0)	—		535	715	895	
Sawtooth correction (cent saw) maximum amplitude	V_N (8F)	—	(Note 26)	4.3	5.0	5.7	V_{p-p}
	V_N (80)	—		4.3	5.0	5.7	
Parabola correction (cent par) maximum amplitude	V_P (F8)	—	(Note 27)	1.9	2.2	2.5	V_{p-p}
	V_P (08)	—		1.9	2.2	2.5	
Horizontal DF amplitude adjustment (H DF amp)	V_{HD} (80)	—	(Note 28)	2.1	2.8	3.3	V_{p-p}
	V_{HD} (88)	—		2.4	3.1	4.0	
	V_{HD} (8F)	—		2.6	3.4	4.3	
	V_{HDP}	—		7	10	13	%
	V_{HDN}	—		−15	−12	−7	
Horizontal DF phase adjustment (H DF phase)	T_{HD} (08)	—	(Note 29)	−6.0	−4.4	−2.0	V_{p-p}
	T_{HD} (F8)	—		2.0	4.4	6.0	
	T_{HD}	—		6.5	8.8	10.0	
Horizontal DF bathtub (H DF curve) adjustment	T_{HB} (00)	—	(Note 30)	32.0	42.0	52.0	μs
	T_{HB} (F0)	—		21.0	31.0	41.0	
	T_{HB}	—		2.5	4.5	6.5	
Vertical DF amplitude adjustment (V DF amp)	V_{VD} (80)	—	(Note 31)	2.05	2.40	2.75	V_{p-p}
	V_{VD} (88)	—		2.30	2.70	3.10	
	V_{VD} (8F)	—		2.55	3.00	3.45	
	V_{VDP}	—		7	10	13	%
	V_{VDN}	—		−15	−10	−7	
Vertical DF phase adjustment (V DF phase)	T_{VD} (08)	—	(Note 32)	−2.5	−2.0	−1.5	ms
	T_{VD} (F8)	—		1.5	2.0	2.5	
	T_{VD}	—		3.4	4.0	4.6	
LVP detection voltage	V_{LVP}	—	(Note 33)	4.7	5.0	5.3	V
Vertical guard detection voltage	V_{VGH}	—	(Note 34)	7.0	7.3	7.6	V
	V_{VGL}	—		2.1	2.4	2.7	
Vertical guard detection output current (BLK-OUT output current)	I_{20}	—	(Note 35)	450	630	750	μA
Vertical centering DAC output voltage 1 (V centering)	V_{CA} (00)	—	(Note 36)	0.20	0.50	0.55	V
	V_{CA} (FE)	—		4.7	5.0	5.3	
Vertical centering DAC output voltage 2 (V shift)	V_{CD} (80)	—	(Note 37)	0.20	0.60	0.80	V
	V_{CD} (83)	—		4.7	5.0	5.3	
Vertical centering change amount in V STOP mode	V_Y (00)	—	(Note 38)	1.7	1.9	2.1	V
	V_Y (80)	—		2.25	2.50	2.75	
	V_Y (FE)	—		2.7	3.0	3.3	
Vertical NF signal amplitude at DC coupling	V_{DFB}	—	(Note 39)	0.85	0.95	1.05	V_{p-p}
Vertical NF center voltage at DC coupling	V_C	—	(Note 40)	2.25	2.50	2.75	V

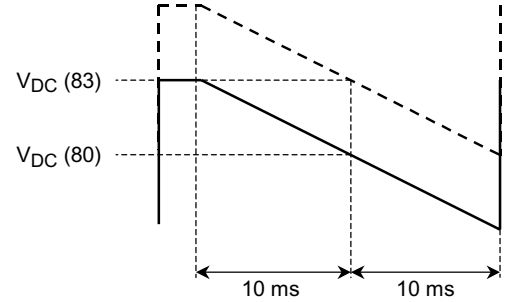
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Vertical ramp cut level	V_{CHH}	—	(Note 41)	20.0	26.0	32.0	%
	V_{CLH}	—		26.0	32.1	38.0	
Analog blanking phase	BLHL	—	(Note 42)	5.05	5.90	6.75	ms
	BLHM	—		2.30	2.70	3.10	
	BLHH	—		—	0.00	0.10	
	BLLL	—		5.10	6.00	6.90	
	BLLM	—		2.05	2.40	3.00	
	BLLH	—		—	0.00	0.10	
Parabola amplitude adjustment (EW parabola) change amount at PWM	V_{PP} (00)	—	(Note 43)	0.00	0.02	0.06	V_{p-p}
	V_{PP} (20)	—		1.6	2.00	2.30	
	V_{PP} (3F)	—		2.80	3.30	3.80	
	V_{PP}	—		2.80	3.30	3.80	

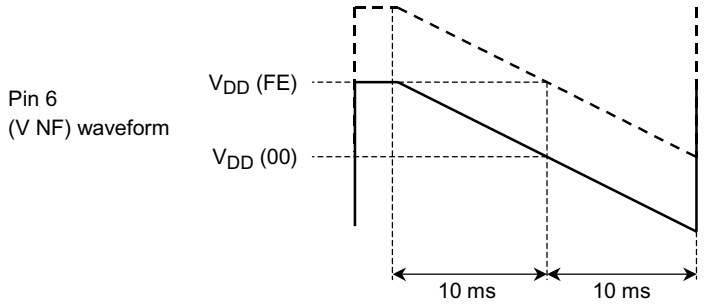
Test Condition

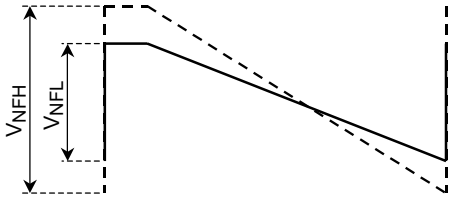
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
1	Vertical trigger input shaped voltage	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse (figure below) to pin V_{IN}. (2) Increase vertical trigger pulse level (VT) from 0 V_{P-P}. When timing pulse is output to pin 22 (TC FILTER), measure vertical trigger pulse level V_{TH}. 
2	Timing pulse output voltage	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Measure pin 22 (TC FILTER) voltages (V_{TCH}, V_{TCM}, V_{TCL}) as shown in the figure below. 

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
3	Vertical ramp wave amplitude	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Measure pin 23 (V-RAMP FILTER) amplitude V_{RMP} as shown in the figure below. Pin 23 (V-RAMP FILTER) waveform 
4	Vertical drive amplification	OFF	C	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) No signal input to pin V_{IN}. (2) Set VD (V-DRIVE mode switch) (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Connect external power supply (V_6) to TP6 (V fb). (4) Change external power supply (V_6) until pin 4 (V DRIVE) voltage is 0.8 V. The voltage is made V_{6A}. (5) Measure pin 4 voltage (V_{4A}) when the external power supply voltage is V_{6A} + 0.2 V. (6) Calculate the drive amplification (GV) using the following formula.  $GV = 20\,\ell og\left[\frac{V_{4A} - 0.8}{0.2}\right]$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
5	Vertical drive output voltage	OFF	C	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Measure V_{4H} using the figure for Note 4. (2) Measure V_{4L} using the figure for Note 4.
6	Vertical NF signal amplitude	OFF	C	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) data to 82. (6) Measure Pin 6 (V NF) vertical sawtooth amplitude V_{NFM}. 

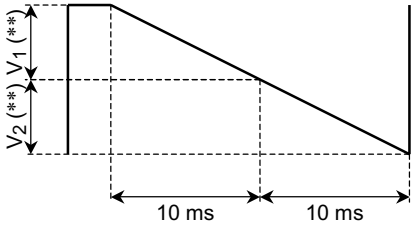
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
7	Vertical phase adjustment 1 (V shift) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) to minimum (data: 80) and measure V_{DC} (80) as shown in the figure below. (6) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) to maximum (data: 83) and measure V_{DC} (83) as shown in the figure below. (7) Calculate change amount V_{DC} using the following formula. Pin 6 (V NF) waveform  $V_{DC} = V_{DC}$ (83) – V_{DC} (80)

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
8	Vertical phase adjustment 2 (V centering) change amount	ON	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to minimum (data: 00) and measure V_{DD} (00) as shown in the figure below. (6) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to maximum (data: FE) and measure V_{DD} (FE) as shown in the figure below. (7) Calculate change amount V_{DD} using the following formula.  $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ (FE) – V_{DD} (00)

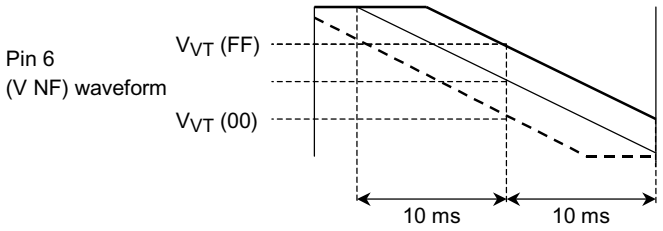
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
9	Vertical amplitude adjustment (picture height) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) data to 82. (6) Set PICTURE HEIGHT (sub-address: 00) to minimum (data: 01) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) amplitude (V_{NFL}). (7) Set PICTURE HEIGHT (sub-address: 00) to maximum (data: FF) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) amplitude (V_{NFH}). (8) Determine variable ranges (V_{NFP}, V_{NFN}) using the following formulas. Pin 6 (V NF) waveform  $V_{NFP} = \frac{V_{NFH} - V_{NFM}}{V_{NFM}} \times 100$, $V_{NFN} = \frac{V_{NFL} - V_{NFM}}{V_{NFM}} \times 100$

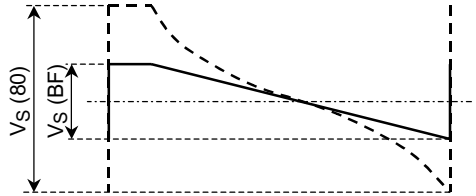
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
10	Vertical linearity correction (V linearity) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) data to 82. (6) Set V LINEARITY (sub-address: 02) to minimum (data: 00) and measure V_1 (00) and V_2 (00) as shown in the figure below. (7) Set V LINEARITY (sub-address: 02) to center (data: 80) and measure V_1 (80) and V_2 (80) as shown in the figure below. (8) Set V LINEARITY (sub-address: 02) to maximum (data: F8) and measure V_1 (F8) and V_2 (F8) as shown in the figure below. (9) Calculate maximum correction V_{LIN} from measured result using the following formula.

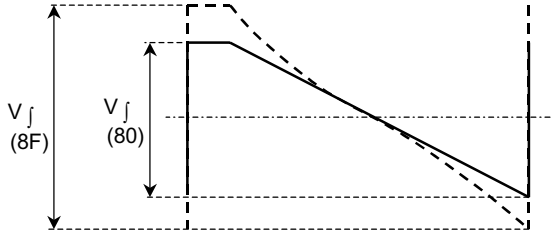
Pin 6
(V NF) waveform



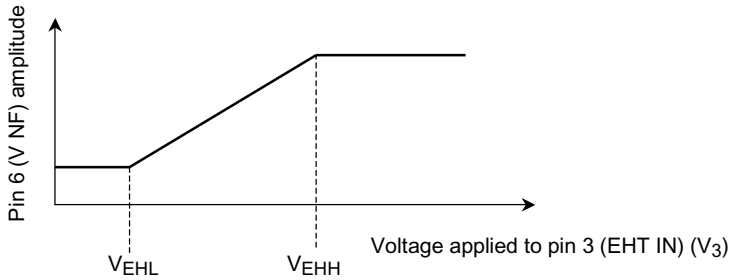
$$V_{LIN} = \frac{V_1(00) - V_1(F8) + V_2(F8) - V_2(00)}{2 \times [V_1(80) + V_2(80)]} \times 100$$

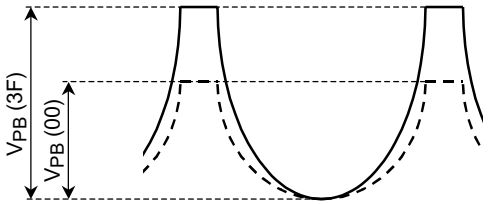
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
11	Vertical symmetry (V symmetry) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) data to 82. (6) Set V SYMMETRY (sub-address: 11) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) voltage V_{VT} (00). (7) Set V SYMMETRY (sub-address: 11) to maximum (data: FF) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) voltage V_{VT} (FF). (8) Calculate change amount V_{VT} using the following formula.  $V_{VT} = V_{VT}$ (FF) – V_{VT} (00)

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
12	Vertical S correction (V S correction) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 88). (4) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) to 82. (5) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to minimum (data: 80) and measure V_S (80) as shown in the figure below. (6) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to maximum (data: BF) and measure V_S (BF) as shown in the figure below. (7) Calculate maximum correction V_S using measured result and the following formula. Pin 6 (V NF) waveform  $V_S = \frac{V_S(80) - V_S(8F)}{V_S(80) + V_S(8F)} \times 100$

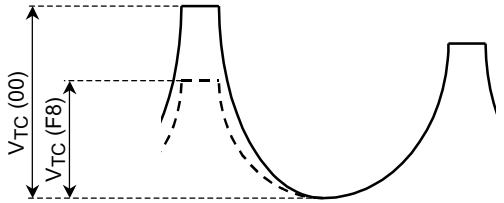
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
13	Vertical integral correction ($V\int$ correction) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (4) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) to 82. (5) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to minimum (data: 80) and measure $V\int$ (80) as shown in the figure below. (6) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to maximum (data: 8F) and measure $V\int$ (8F) as shown in the figure below. (7) Calculate maximum correction $V\int$ from measured result using the following formula. Pin 6 (V NF) waveform  $V\int = \frac{V\int(8F) - V\int(80)}{V\int(80)} \times 100$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
14	Vertical EHT compensation (V EHT compensation) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) data to 82. (4) Connect external power supply (DC voltage = 0 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (5) Set V-EHT COMPENSATION (sub-address: 02) to minimum (data: 80) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) amplitude V_E (80). (6) Set V-EHT COMPENSATION (sub-address: 02) to maximum (data: 87) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) amplitude V_E (87). (7) Calculate change amount V_{EHT} using the following formula. $V_{EHT} = \frac{V_E(80) - V_E(87)}{V_E(87)} \times 100$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
15	EHT input dynamic range	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) data to 82. (4) Connect external power supply V_3 to pin 3 (EHT IN). (5) Set V-EHT COMPENSATION (sub-address: 02) to maximum (data: 87). (6) Change external power supply V_3 from 1 to 7 V and monitor Pin 6 (V NF) amplitude. (7) When Pin 6 (V NF) amplitude changes, measure V_3 voltages V_{EHL} and V_{EHH}. 
16	Horizontal amplitude adjustment (picture width) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to minimum (data: 00). (3) Set PICTURE WIDTH to maximum ((sub-address: 01, data: FC) and (sub-address: 0C, data: 81)) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) voltage V_{EV} (FC). (4) Set PICTURE WIDTH to minimum ((sub-address: 01, data: 00) and (sub-address: 0C, data: 80)) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) voltage V_{EV} (00). (5) Calculate change amount V_{EV} using the following formula. $V_{EV} = V_{EV}$ (FC) – V_{EV} (00)

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
17	Parabola amplitude adjustment (EW parabola) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set PICTURE WIDTH (sub-address: 01) to maximum (data: FC). (3) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (4) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{PB} (00). (5) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{PB} (20). (6) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to maximum (data: 3F) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{PB} (3F). (7) Calculate change amount V_{PB} using the following formula.  Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform $V_{PB} = V_{PB}$ (3F) – V_{PB} (00)

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
18	EW top corner correction (EW top corner) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20). (4) Set EW TOP CORNER (sub-address: 0C) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{TC} (00). (5) Set EW TOP CORNER (sub-address: 0C) to maximum (data: F8) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{TC} (F8). (6) Calculate change amounts V_{TCP} and V_{TCN} using the following formulas.

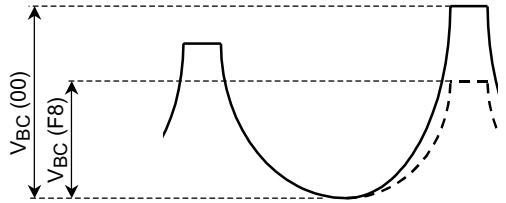


Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform

$$V_{TCP} = \frac{V_{TC}\,(00) - V_{PB}\,(20)}{V_{PB}\,(20)} \times 100$$

$$V_{TCN} = \frac{V_{TC}\,(F8) - V_{PB}\,(20)}{V_{PB}\,(20)} \times 100$$

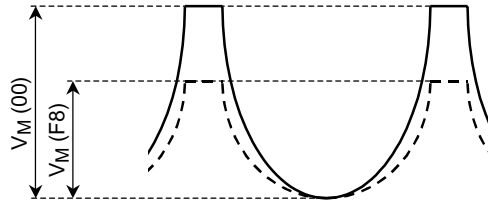
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
19	EW bottom corner correction (EW bottom corner) change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20). (4) Set EW BTM CORNER (sub-address: 0D) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{BC} (00). (5) Set EW BTM CORNER (sub-address: 0D) to maximum (data: F8) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{BC} (F8). (6) Calculate change amounts V_{BCP} and V_{BCN} using the following formulas.

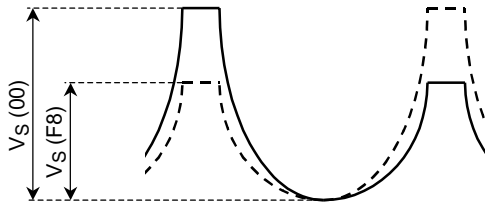


Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform

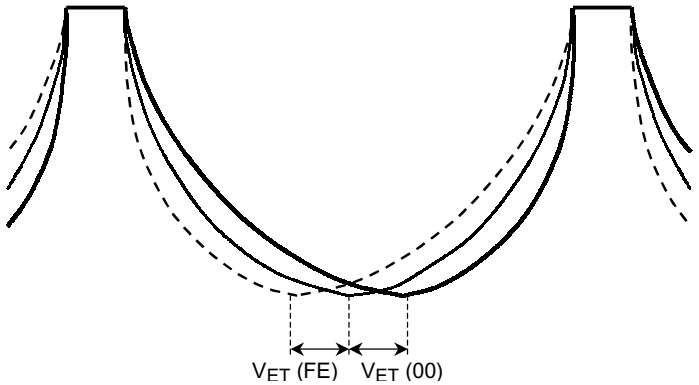
$$V_{BCP} = \frac{V_{BC}\,(00) - V_{PB}\,(20)}{V_{PB}\,(20)} \times 100$$

$$V_{BCN} = \frac{V_{BC}\,(F8) - V_{PB}\,(20)}{V_{PB}\,(20)} \times 100$$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
20	EW corner correction change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20). (4) Set EW CORNER (sub-address: 0F) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_M (00). (5) Set EW CORNER (sub-address: 0F) to maximum (data: F8) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_M (F8). (6) Calculate change amounts V_{MP} and V_{MN} using the following formulas.  Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform $V_{MP} = \frac{V_M (00) - V_{PB} (20)}{V_{PB} (20)} \times 100$ $V_{MN} = \frac{V_M (F8) - V_{PB} (20)}{V_{PB} (20)} \times 100$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
21	EW S correction change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20). (4) Set S CORRECTION (sub-address: 0E) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_S (00). (5) Set S CORRECTION (sub-address: 0E) to maximum (data: F8) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_S (F8). (6) Calculate change amounts V_{SP} and V_{SN} using the following formulas.  Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform $V_{SP} = \frac{V_S (00) - V_{PB} (20)}{V_{PB} (20)} \times 100$ $V_{SN} = \frac{V_S (F8) - V_{PB} (20)}{V_{PB} (20)} \times 100$

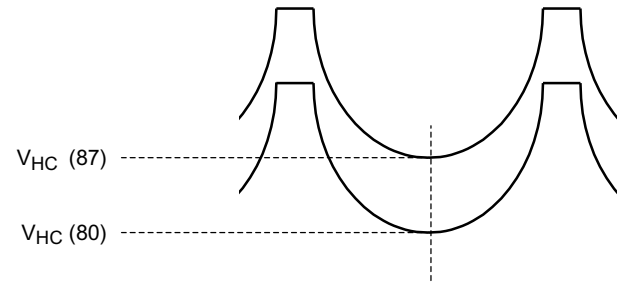
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
22	EW trapezium correction change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to maximum (data: 3F). (4) Set EW TRAPEZIUM (sub-address: 0B) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) phase V_{ET} (00). (5) Set EW TRAPEZIUM (sub-address: 0B) to maximum (data: FE) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) phase V_{ET} (FE). (6) Calculate change amounts V_{ETP} and V_{ETN} using the following formulas.

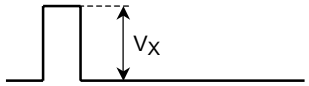


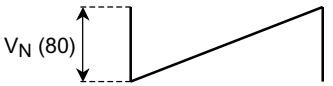
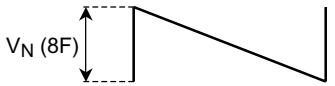
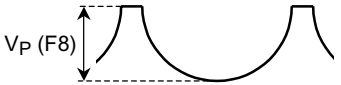
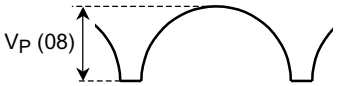
Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform

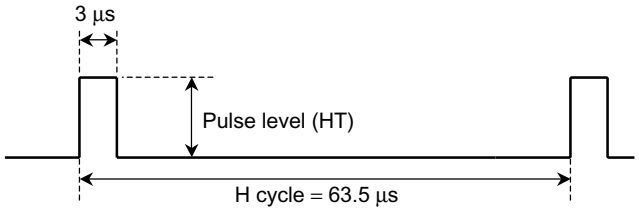
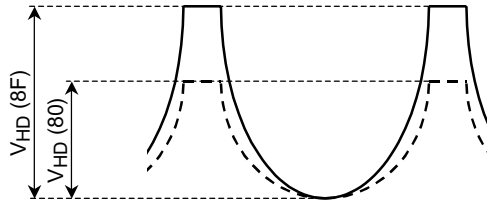
$$V_{ETP} = \frac{V_{ET}\,(FE)}{20} \times 100$$

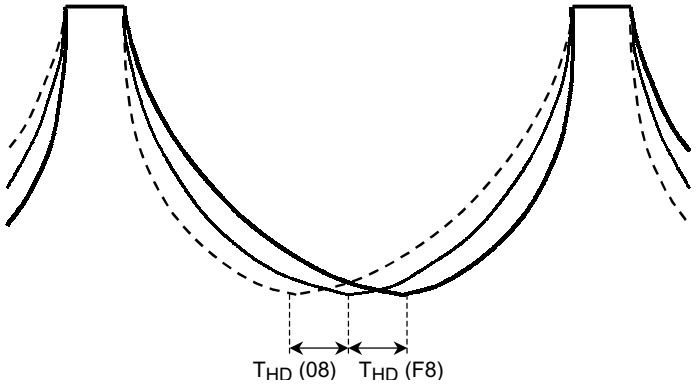
$$V_{ETN} = \frac{V_{ET}\,(00)}{20} \times 100$$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
23	Horizontal EHT compensation (H-EHT compensation) DC change amount	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 1 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set H-EHT COMPENSATION (sub-address: 03) to minimum (data: 80) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{HC} (80). (4) Set H-EHT COMPENSATION (sub-address: 03) to maximum (data: 87) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{HC} (87). (5) Calculate change amount V_{HC} using the following formula.  Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform $V_{HC} = V_{HC}(87) - V_{HC}(80)$

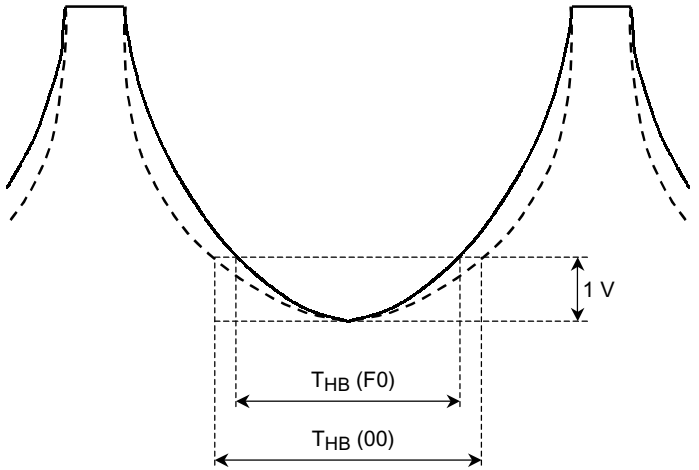
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
24	Parabola amplitude EHT compensation	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Apply external power supply V_3 to pin 3 (EHT IN). (3) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20). (4) Set external power supply V_3 to 7 V and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude EHT (7). (5) Set external power supply V_3 to 1 V and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude EHT (1). (6) Calculate change amount EHT using the following formula. $EHT = \frac{EHT\ (7) - EHT\ (1)}{EHT\ (7)} \times 100$
25	AGC operating current	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	B	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) When V AGC (sub-address: 09) is switched, set data to 00, 40, 80, and C0 and measure the following. (3) Connect external power supply 2 V through 2 kΩ to pin 24 (AGC FILTER). (4) Monitor pin 24 (AGC FILTER) and measure pulse levels V_X (00), V_X (40), V_X (80), and V_X (C0) as shown in the figure below. (5) Calculate output currents (I_X (00), I_X (40), I_X (80), I_X (C0) using the following formula.  Pin 24 (AGC FILTER) waveform $I_X(**) = \frac{V_X(**)}{2\ k\Omega}$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
26	Sawtooth correction (cent saw) maximum amplitude	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set CENTER SAW (sub-address: 10) to maximum (data: 8F) and measure pin 19 (CENT OUT) amplitude V_N (8F). (3) Set CENTER SAW (sub-address: 10) to minimum (data: 80) and measure pin 19 (CENT OUT) amplitude V_N (80).  Pin 19 (CENT OUT) waveform  Pin 19 (CENT OUT) waveform
27	Parabola correction (cent par) maximum amplitude	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set CENTER PARABOLA (sub-address: 10) to maximum (data: F8) and measure pin 19 (CENT OUT) amplitude V_P (F8). (3) Set CENTER PARABOLA (sub-address: 10) to minimum (data: 08) and measure pin 19 (CENT OUT) amplitude V_P (08).  Pin 19 (CENT OUT) waveform  Pin 19 (CENT OUT) waveform

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
28	Horizontal DF amplitude adjustment (H DF amp)	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input horizontal trigger pulse (figure below) to pin 12 (FBP IN). Pulse level (HT) = 4.0 V  (2) Set H-DF CURVE (sub-address: 08) to maximum (data: F0). (3) Set H-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 07) to minimum (data: 80) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) amplitude V_{HD} (80). (4) Set H-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 07) to center (data: 88) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) amplitude V_{HD} (88). (5) Set H-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 07) to maximum (data: 8F) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) amplitude V_{HD} (8F). (6) Calculate change amounts V_{HDP} and V_{HDN} using the following formulas.  Pin 16 (H-DF OUT) waveform $V_{HDP} = \frac{V_{HD}(8F) - V_{HD}(88)}{V_{HD}(88)} \times 100$ $V_{HDN} = \frac{V_{HD}(80) - V_{HD}(88)}{V_{HD}(88)} \times 100$

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
29	Horizontal DF phase adjustment (H DF phase)	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input horizontal trigger pulse (figure below) to pin 12 (FBP IN). Pulse level (HT) = 4.0 V (2) Set H-DF CURVE (sub-address: 08) to maximum (data: F0). (3) Set H-DF PHASE (sub-address: 07) to minimum (data: 08) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) phase T_{HD} (08). (4) Set H-DF PHASE (sub-address: 07) to maximum (data: F8) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) phase T_{HD} (F8). (5) Calculate change amount T_{HD} using the following formula.  Pin 16 (H-DF OUT)waveform $T_{HD} = T_{HD}$ (08) + T_{HD} (F8)

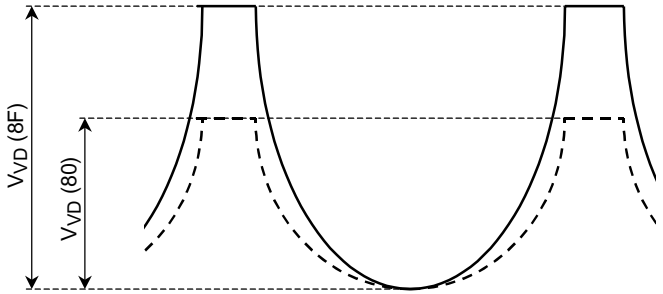
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
30	Horizontal DF bathtub (H DF curve) adjustment	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input horizontal trigger pulse (figure below) to pin 12 (FBP IN). Pulse level (HT) = 4.0 V (2) Set H-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 07) to maximum (data: 8F). (3) Set H-DF CURVE (sub-address: 08) to minimum (data: 00) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) phase T_{HB} (00). (4) Set H-DF CURVE (sub-address: 08) to maximum (data: F0) and measure pin 16 (H-DF OUT) phase T_{HB} (F0). (5) Calculate change amount T_{HB} using the following formula.



Pin 16 (H-DF OUT) waveform

$$T_{HB} = \frac{T_{HB}\,(00) - T_{HB}\,(F0)}{2}$$

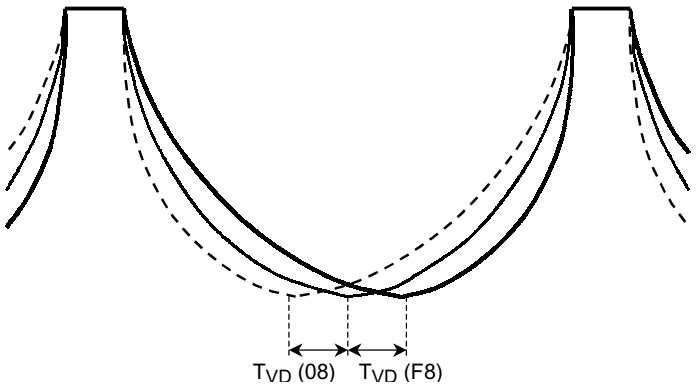
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
31	Vertical DF amplitude adjustment (V DF amp)	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set V-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 06) to minimum (data: 80) and measure pin 18 (V-DF OUT) amplitude V_{VD} (80). (3) Set V-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 06) to center (data: 88) and measure pin 18 (V-DF OUT) amplitude V_{VD} (88). (4) Set V-DF AMPLITUDE (sub-address: 06) to maximum (data: 8F) and measure pin 18 (V-DF OUT) amplitude V_{VD} (8F). (5) Calculate change amounts V_{VDP} and V_{VDN} using the following formulas.



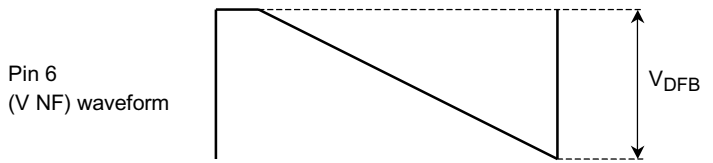
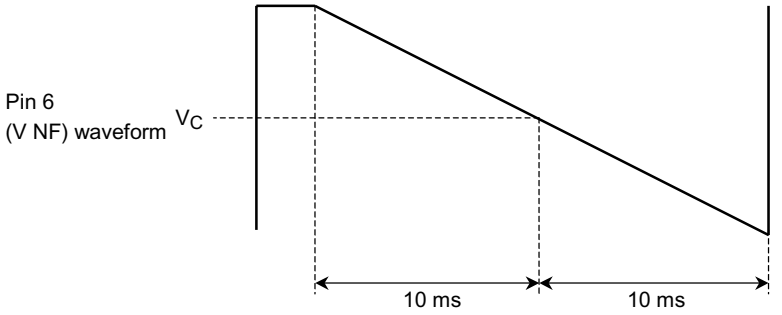
Pin 18 (V-DF OUT) waveform

$$V_{VDP} = \frac{V_{VD}\,(80) - V_{VD}\,(88)}{V_{VD}\,(88)} \times 100$$

$$V_{VDN} = \frac{V_{VD}\,(8F) - V_{VD}\,(88)}{V_{VD}\,(88)} \times 100$$

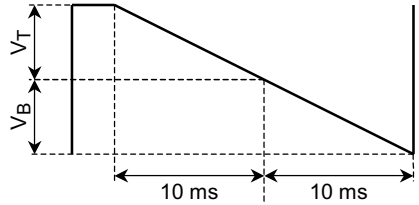
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
32	Vertical DF phase adjustment (V DF phase)	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set V-DF PHASE (sub-address: 06) to minimum (data: 08) and measure pin 18 (V-DF OUT) phase T_{VD} (08). (3) Set V-DF PHASE (sub-address: 06) to maximum (data: F8) and measure pin 18 (V-DF OUT) phase T_{VD} (F8). (4) Calculate change amount T_{VD} using the following formula.  Pin 18 (V-DF OUT) waveform $T_{VD} = T_{VD}$ (08) + T_{VD} (F8)
33	LVP detection voltage	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	B	A	(1) Connect external supply voltage V_7 to TP17 (LVP). (2) Decrease external supply voltage V_7 from 9 V. When D5 data in Read mode changes from 0 to 1, measure TP17 voltage V_{LVP}.
34	Vertical guard detection voltage	OFF	C	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Connect external supply voltage V_6 to TP6 (V NF). (2) Switch to VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (3) Increase external supply voltage V_6 from 5.5 V. When D3 data in Read mode changes from 0 to 1, measure TP6 voltage V_{VGH}. (4) Decrease external supply voltage V_6 from 5.5 V. When D3 data in Read mode changes from 0 to 1, measure TP6 voltage V_{VGL}.

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
35	Vertical guard detection output current (BLK-OUT output current)	OFF	C	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Connect external supply voltage V_6 = 8 V to TP6 (V NF). (2) Measure pin 20 (BLK OUT) voltage V_{20} and calculate output current (I_{20}) using the following formula. $I_{20} = \frac{V_{20}}{10\ k\Omega}$
36	Vertical centering DAC output voltage 1 (V centering)	OFF	B	ON	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to AC-Coupling mode (data: 81). (2) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to minimum (data: 00) and measure pin 2 (CENTER DAC) voltage V_{CA} (00). (3) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to maximum (data: FE) and measure pin 2 (CENTER DAC) voltage V_{CA} (FE).
37	Vertical centering DAC output voltage 2 (V shift)	OFF	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (2) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) to minimum (data: 80) and measure pin 2 (CENTER DAC) voltage V_{CD} (80). (3) Set V SHIFT (sub-address: 01) to maximum (data: 83) and measure pin 2 (CENTER DAC) voltage V_{CD} (83).
38	Vertical centering change amount in V STOP mode	ON	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (2) Set to V STOP (sub-address: 0B, data: 81). (3) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) voltage V_Y (00). (4) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to center (data: 80) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) voltage V_Y (80). (5) Set V CENTERING (sub-address: 05) to minimum (data: FE) and measure Pin 6 (V NF) voltage V_Y (FE).

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
39	Vertical NF signal amplitude at DC coupling	ON	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (3) Measure vertical Pin 6 (V NF) sawtooth width V_{DFB}. 
40	Vertical NF center voltage at DC coupling	ON	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (3) Measure center voltage V_C as shown in the figure below. 

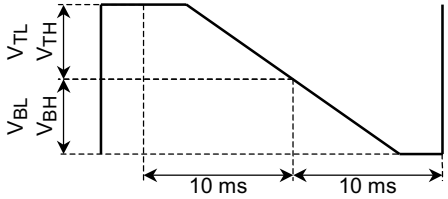
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
41	Vertical ramp cut level	ON	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 8F). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) Measure amplitudes V_T and V_B as shown in the figure below.

Pin 6
(V NF) waveform



(6) Set V-RAMP to maximum and measure amplitudes V_{TH} and V_{BH}.
Sub-address 04 data: 87
Sub-address 05 data: 81

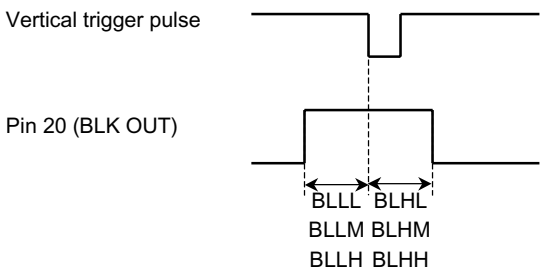
Pin 6
(V NF) waveform

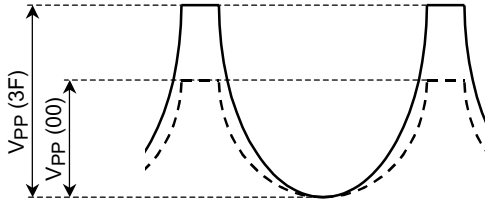


(7) Calculate cut levels using the following formulas.

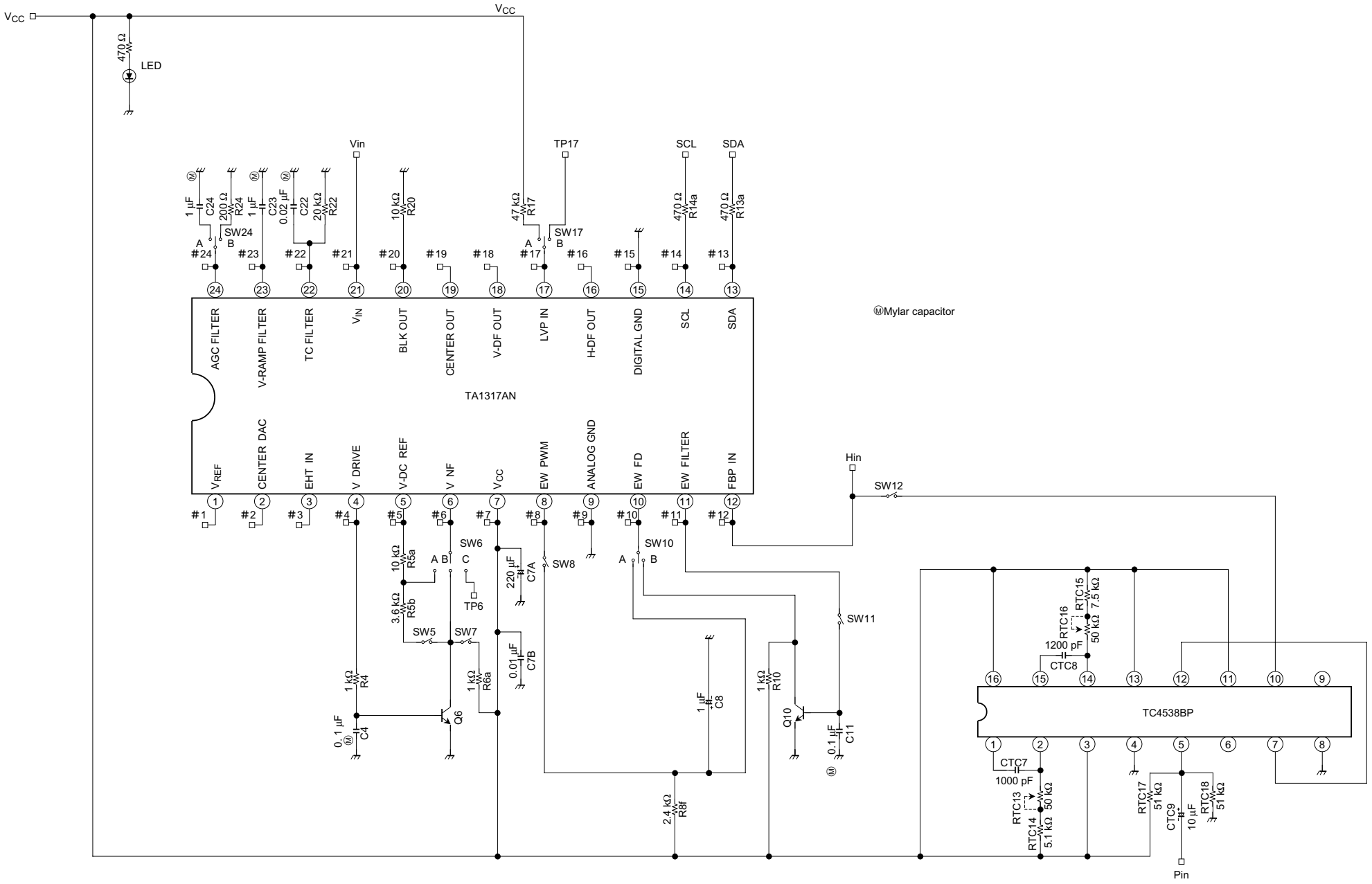
$$V_{CHL} = \frac{V_T - V_{TL}}{V_T} \times 100, \quad V_{CHH} = \frac{V_T - V_{TH}}{V_T} \times 100$$

$$V_{CLL} = \frac{V_B - V_{BL}}{V_B} \times 100, \quad V_{CLH} = \frac{V_B - V_{BH}}{V_B} \times 100$$

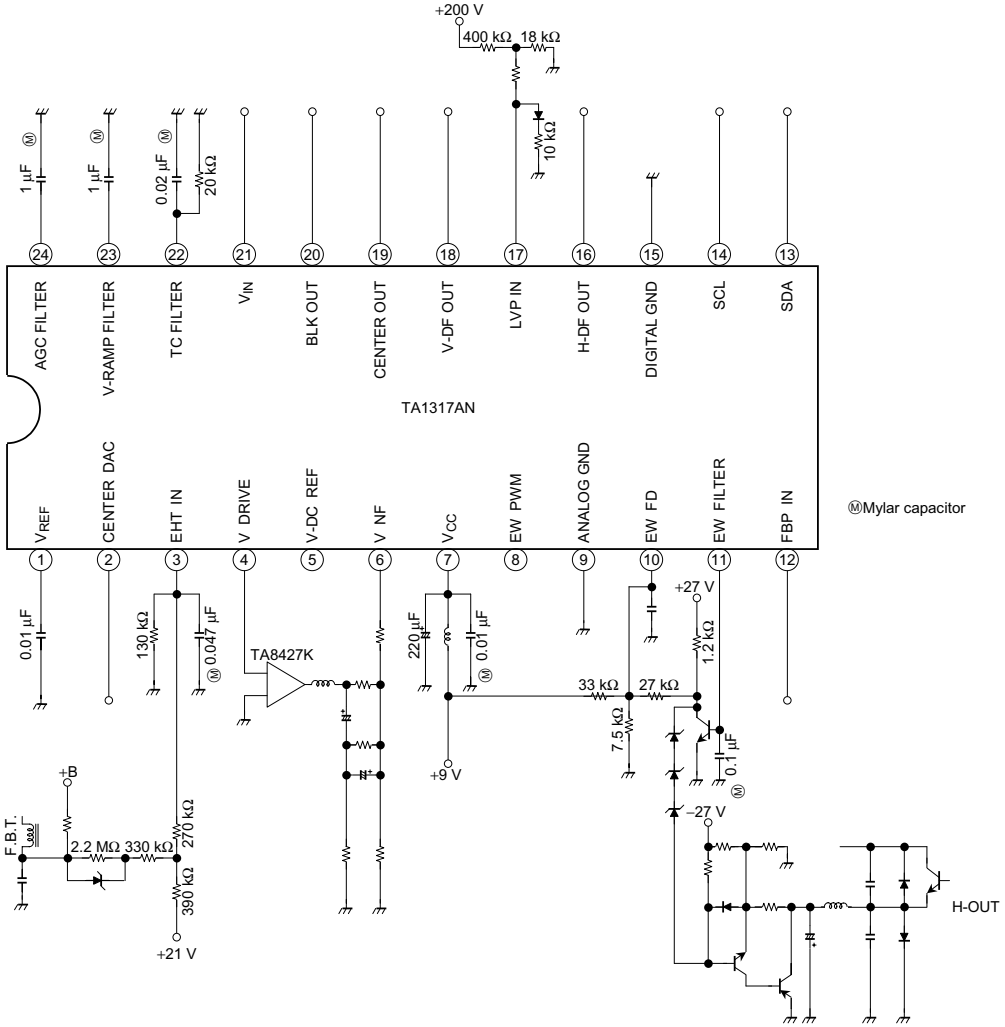
Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition SW Mode SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
42	Analog blanking phase	ON	A	OFF	OFF	B	ON	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set VD (sub-address: 00) to DC-Coupling mode (data: 80). (3) Set V INTEGRAL CORRECTION (sub-address: 08) to center (data: 8F). (4) Set V S CORRECTION (sub-address: 09) to center (data: A0). (5) AS shown in the figure below, measure analog blanking phase in relation to pin 21 (V_{IN}) under the following conditions. (6) Set ANALOG V-BLK STOP PHASE (sub-address: 03) to minimum (data: 00) and measure blanking phase BLHL. (7) Set ANALOG V-BLK STOP PHASE (sub-address: 03) to center (data: 80) and measure blanking phase BLHM. (8) Set ANALOG V-BLK STOP PHASE (sub-address: 03) to maximum (data: F8) and measure blanking phase BLHH. (9) Set ANALOG V-BLK START PHASE (sub-address: 04) to minimum (data: 00) and measure blanking phase BLLL. (10) Set ANALOG V-BLK START PHASE (sub-address: 04) to center (data: 80) and measure blanking phase BLLM. (11) Set ANALOG V-BLK START PHASE (sub-address: 04) to maximum (data: F8) and measure blanking phase BLLH. 

Note No.	Parameter	Test Condition								Test Method (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9 V, Ta = 25 ± 3°C, data = preset values)
		SW Mode								
		SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW10	SW11	SW17	SW24	
43	Parabola amplitude adjustment (EW parabola) change amount at PWM	OFF	B	ON	ON	A	OFF	A	A	(1) Input vertical trigger pulse to pin V_{IN}. Pulse level (VT) = 3.0 V (2) Set PICTURE WIDTH (sub-address: 01) to maximum (data: 8C). (3) Apply external power supply (DC voltage = 7 V) to pin 3 (EHT IN). (4) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to minimum (data: 00) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{PP} (00). (5) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to center (data: 20) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{PP} (20). (6) Set EW PARABOLA (sub-address: 0A) to maximum (data: 3F) and measure Pin 10 (EW FD) amplitude V_{PP} (3F). (7) Calculate change amount V_{PP} using the following formula.  Pin 10 (EW FD) waveform $V_{PP} = V_{PP}$ (3F) – V_{PP} (00)

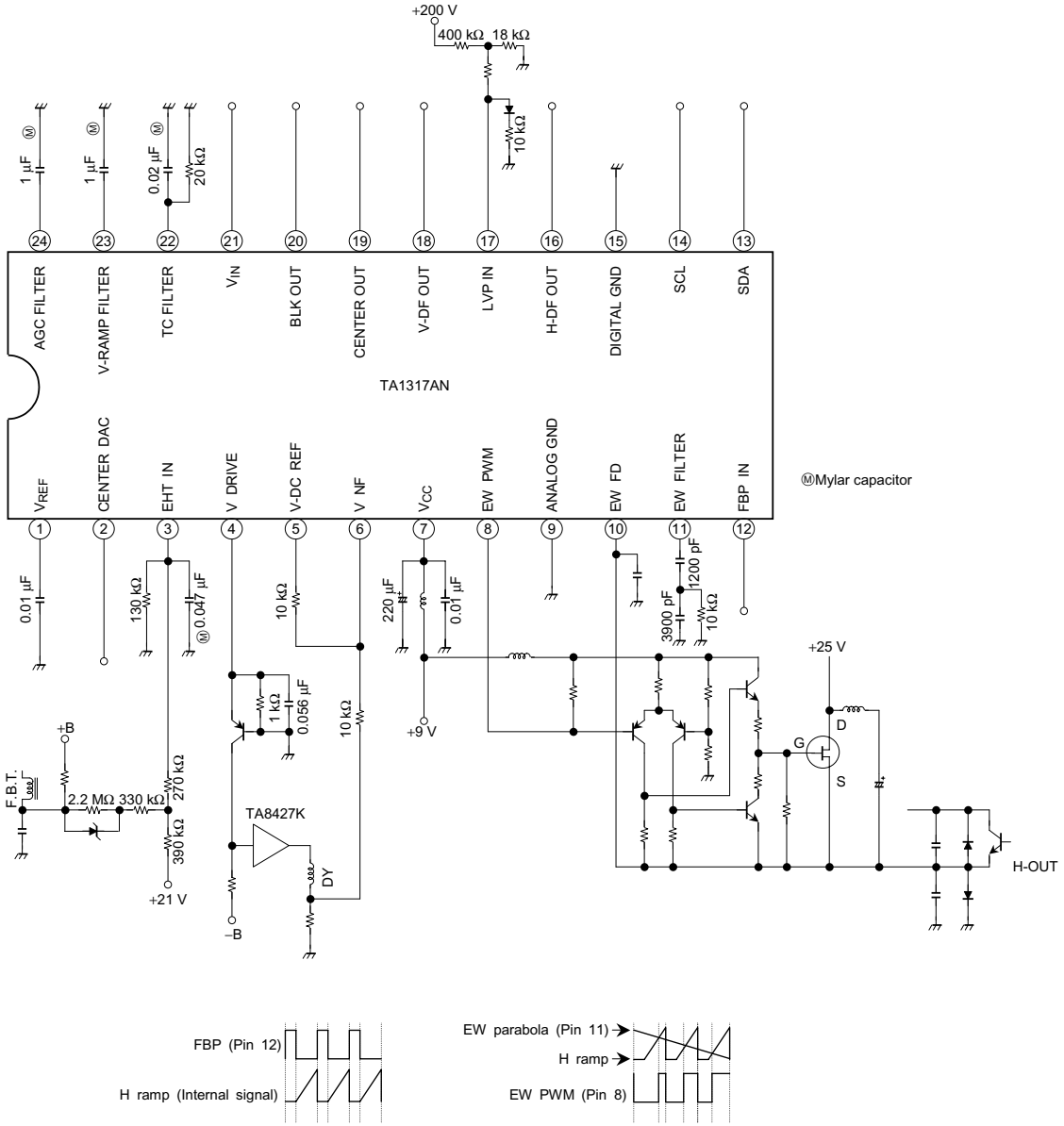
Test Circuit



Application Circuit 1 (V-AC coupling/EW parabola output)

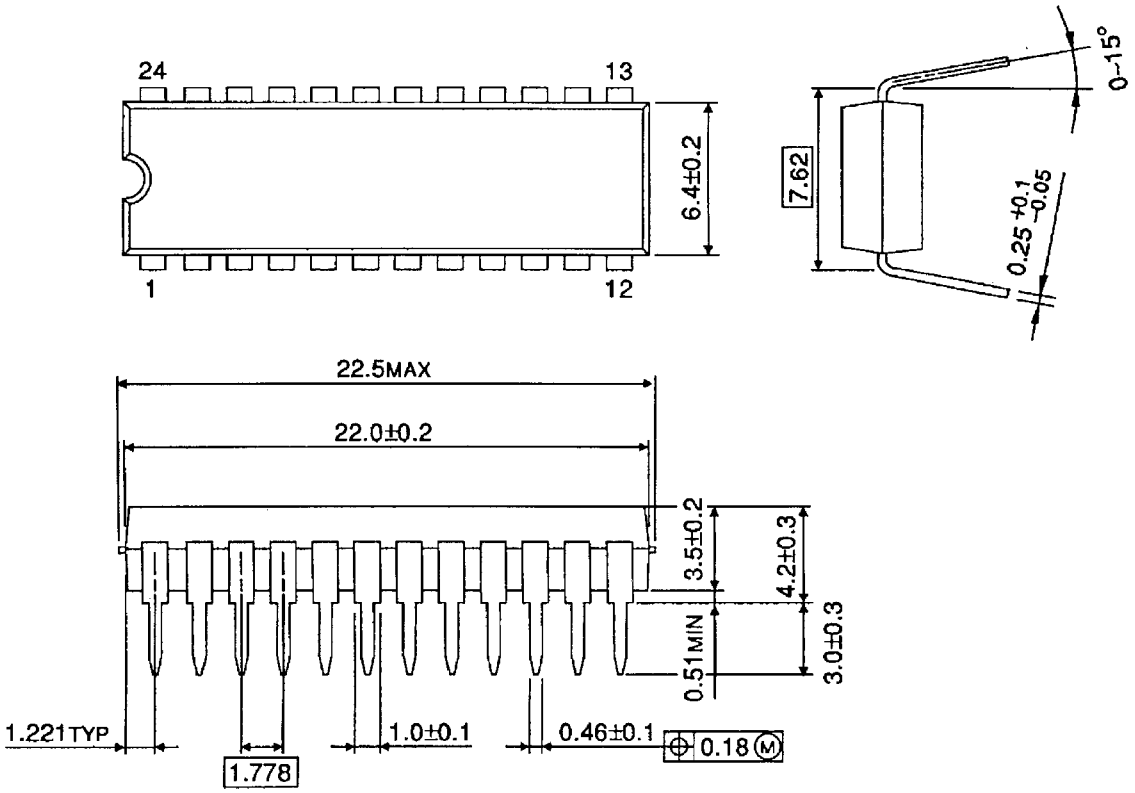


Application Circuit 2 (V-DC coupling/EW PWM output)



Package Dimensions

SDIP24-P-300-1.78 Unit : mm



Weight: 1.22 g (typ.)

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