

General Description

This AP1694A Triac Dimmable GU10 12V/400mA Buck LEDs driver EV board use tapped transformer to increasing power conversion turn on duty cycle, boost current back to LED during ratio of tapped winding. Also the bigger gauge wire can be used as well as the large inductance can be suitable in switching loop which can reduce the switching current and the lower forward drop so that SBR diode can be used which can reduce the power consumption on the diodes.

Key Features

- Typical 3% to 95% Dimming performance (Depends on dimmers brands)
- Boundary conductive switching mode
- Simple adjustable Constant Current
- Inductor Short Protection
- Low BOM cost
- PFC >0.9 & low THD.
- 100 to 135V_{AC} input range
- >77% Efficiency
- With open, short, and wrong polarity LED protection

Applications

- GU10 LED Offline small size bulb
- Candle size LED lamp
- Desktop lamps
- Under the counter lamps

AP1694A EV10 Specifications

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Input Voltage | 100 to 135V _{AC} |
| PFC | > 0.9 |
| LED Current | 400mA (Adjustable) |
| LED Voltage | 12V |
| Efficiency | >77% |
| Number of LEDs | 4 LEDs in series (Under Tested) |
| XYZ Dimension | 28.5 x 16.5 x 14.5mm |
| ROHS Compliance | Yes |

Evaluation Board



Figure 1: Top View



Figure 2: Bottom View

Connection Instructions

Input Voltage: 120V_{AC} (AC+, AC-)
 LED Outputs: LED+ (Red), LED- (Black)

WHY USE DIODES TAPPED TRANSFORM STRUCTURE

The traditional Buck converter turn on time is inverse proportion with input voltage.

$V_o = D \times V_{in}$. The duty cycle will be getting smaller when the input voltage goes higher.

Example: $V_o=12V$, $V_{in}= 120V_{AC}$, $F_s= 75kHz$.

$$D = V_o/V_{in} * \sqrt{2} = 12V/120V * 1.414 = 0.07$$

$$T_{on}=D/F_s = 0.07/ 75kHz =0.933\mu s. T=1/F_s =13.33\mu s$$

Since the T_{on} time is too short in the duty cycle; therefore there is not enough current passing through the LEDs and charging the inductor. In result, it caused the efficiency to be lower.

In order to solve this issue - use the Diodes tapped transformer to boost the output current & increase the T_{on} time in the duty cycle.

With the “new tapped” transformer, the Duty cycle will be:

D is original duty cycle = $V_o/V_{in} * 1.414$, $n = N_A + N_p / N_A$ & $L = L_p + L_A$,

$$V_o/V_{in} = D' / (D' + n(1-D')), \text{ If } N_A=40T_s, N_p=100T_s, n=3.5$$

$$D' = nV_o / (V_{in} + (n-1)V_o) = 0.21 \text{ The duty cycle almost increased by 3 times.}$$

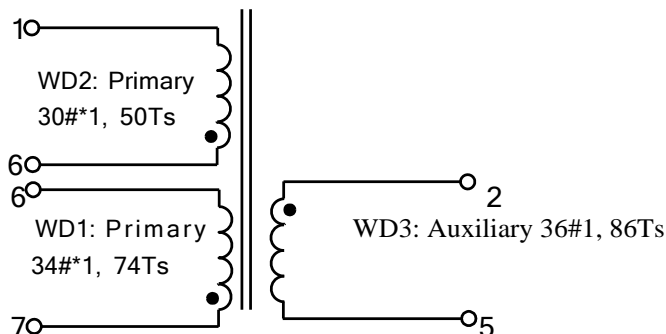
The Efficiency will increase about 4 to 5% (before the Efficiency was about 72% now is 77%) comparing with the “none tapped” transformer.

DIODES TAPPED TRANSFORMER DESIGN

AP1694A 120V_{AC} Buck tapped 12V 400mA Transformer Spec

1) Bobbin

EEP10 4+4 pin



2) Transformer Parameters

1. Primary Inductance (Pin1-Pin7, all other windings are open)
 $L_p = 0.6\text{mH} \pm 5\% @ 1\text{kHz}$
2. Primary Winding Turns: $N_p = 74\text{Ts (Pin 7-Pin 6)} + 50\text{Ts (Pin 6 to Pin 1)}$
3. Auxiliary Winding Turns (Pin2- Pin5): $N_A = 86\text{Ts (Pin 2 to Pin 5)}$

3) Transformer Winding Construction Diagram

| Winding Number | Windings | Winding Specification |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|
| 1 | WD1-Primary Winding | Start at Pin 7, wind 74 turns of single $\Phi 34\#$ wire and finish on Pin 6. |
| | WD2-Primary Winding | Start at Pin 6, wind 50 turns of single $\Phi 30\#$ wire and finish on Pin 1. |
| 2 | Insulation | 2 Layers of insulation tape |
| 3 | WD3-Auxiliary Winding | Start at Pin 2, wind 86 turns of single $\Phi 36\#$ wire and finish on Pin 5. |
| 4 | Insulation | 2 Layers of insulation tape |

Evaluation Board Schematic

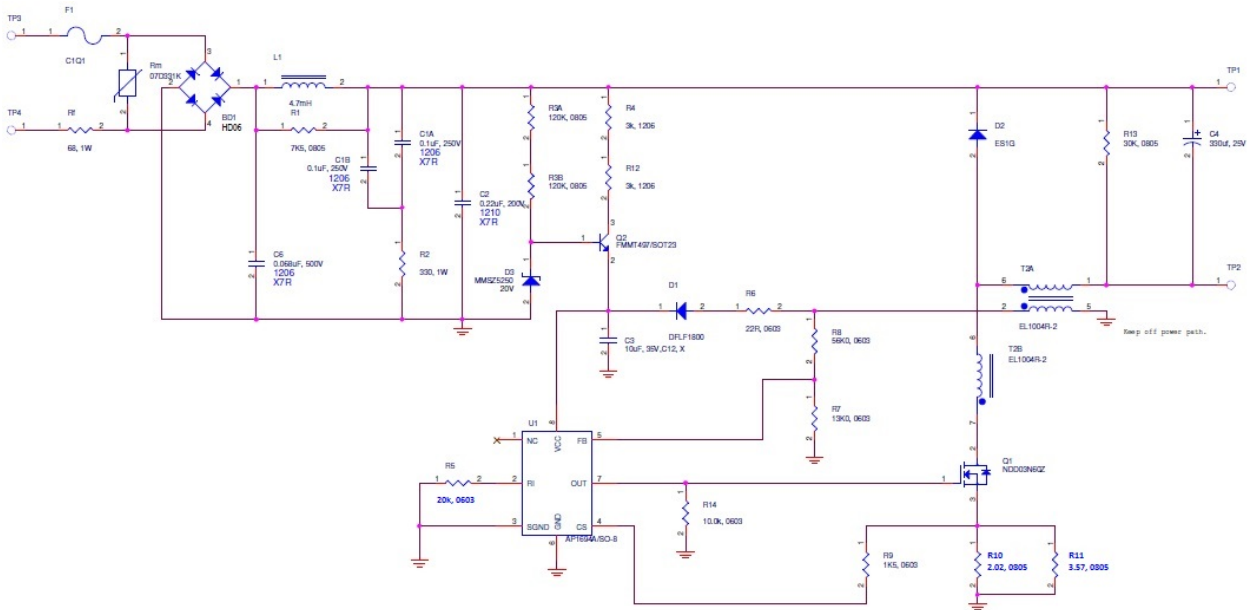


Figure 3: Evaluation Board Schematic

Evaluation Board Layout



Figure 4: PCB Board Layout Top View



Figure 5: PCB Board Layout Bottom View

Quick Start Guide

1. By default, the evaluation board is preset at 400mA LED Current adjustment by **R10//R11**.
2. Ensure that the AC source is switched OFF or disconnected.
3. Connect the AC line wires of power supply to "AC+ and AC-" on the left side of the board.
4. Connect the anode wire of external LED string to LED+ output test point.
5. Connect the cathode wire of external LED string to LED- output test point.
6. Turn on the main switch. LED string should light up.

Bill of Material

| # | Name | QTY | Part number | Manufacturer | Description |
|----|----------|-----|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | U1 | 1 | AP1694AS-13 | Diodes Inc | LED Driver, SO7 |
| 2 | T1 | 1 | EL1004R | Elite Electronics | EE10, Transformer |
| 3 | BD1 | 1 | HD06-T | Diodes Inc | Bridge Rectifiers 0.8A 600V |
| 4 | D1 | 1 | DFLU1400-7 | Diodes Inc | Rectifier 1A/400V |
| 5 | D2 | 1 | B1100B | Diodes Inc | Rectifier 1A/100V |
| 6 | D3 | 1 | MMSZ5250B-7-F | Diodes Inc | Zener Diode, 20V |
| 7 | F1 | 1 | C1Q1 | Bel Fuse | Fuse, 1A/125V |
| 8 | Q1 | 1 | AOU3N60 | Alpha Omega | MOSFET N-CH 600V 3A IPAK |
| 9 | Q2 | 1 | BSS127S-7 | Diodes Inc | MOSFET N-CH 600V 0.05A SOT-23 |
| 10 | L1 | 1 | LPS6235-475MR | Coilcraft | 4.7mH/130mA |
| 11 | C1A, C2 | 2 | C1210X224K501T | Holystone | CAP CER 1210 0.22μF 200V X7R |
| 12 | C1B | 0 | Not fitted | | |
| 13 | C3 | 1 | GMK316BJ106KL-T | Taiyo Yuden | CAP CER 10μF 35V X5R 1206 |
| 14 | C4 | 1 | EEU-FR1E331B | Panasonic | CAP 330μF/25V (8 x 13mm) |
| 15 | C6 | 1 | C1206X0683K501T | Holystone | CAP CER 1206 0.068μF 500V X7R |
| 16 | R1 | 1 | RC0805FR-077K5L | Yageo America | RES 7.5KΩ 1/8W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 17 | R2 | 1 | FMP100JR-52-330 | Yageo America | RES 330Ω 1W 5% FMP100 |
| 18 | R3A, R3B | 2 | RC0805FR-07120KL | Yageo America | RES 120KΩ 1/8W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 19 | R4 | 1 | RC1206FR-073K0L | Yageo America | RES 3.0KΩ 1/8W 1% 1206 SMD |
| 20 | R5 | 1 | RC0603FR-0720KL | Yageo America | RES 20KΩ 1/8W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 21 | R6 | 1 | RC0603JR-0722RL | Yageo America | RES 22Ω 1/8W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 22 | R7 | 1 | RC0603FR-0711KL | Yageo America | RES 11KΩ 1/8W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 23 | R8 | 1 | RC0603FR-0772KL | Yageo America | RES 72KΩ 1/8W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 24 | R9 | 1 | RC0603FR-071K5L | Yageo America | RES 1.5KΩ 1/8W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 25 | R10 | 1 | MCR10ERTFL2R02 | Rohm | RES 2.02Ω 1/8W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 26 | R11 | 1 | MCR10ERTFL3R57 | Rohm | RES 3.57Ω 1/8W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 27 | R12 | 1 | RC1206FR-073K0L | Yageo America | RES 3.0KΩ 1/8W 1% 1206 SMD |
| 28 | R13 | 1 | RC0805FR-0730K0L | Yageo America | RES 30KΩ 1/8W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 29 | R14 | 1 | RC0201JR-0710KL | Yageo America | RES 10KΩ 1/8W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 30 | Rf | 1 | FMP100JR-52-680 | Yageo America | RES 68Ω 1W 1% FMP |
| 31 | Rm | 1 | MOV-07D431KTR | Bournes | MOV, 275VAC |

Functional Performance

| Manuf | Board Type | V _{IN} (V _{AC}) | PFC | P _{IN} (W) | V _{LED} (V) | I _{LED} (mA) | P _{LED} (W) | I _{LED} (%) | Efficiency (%) | A _{thd} (%) |
|------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Diodes Inc | AP1694AEV10 Module Board | 100 | 0.982 | 5.54 | 11.28 | 377.0 | 4.25 | -5.75 | 77.6 | 11.1 |
| | | 110 | 0.979 | 6.02 | 11.30 | 407.3 | 4.60 | 1.60 | 77.4 | 13.5 |
| | | 120 | 0.972 | 6.03 | 11.29 | 414.2 | 4.68 | 3.65 | 77.5 | 16.9 |
| | | 130 | 0.967 | 6.08 | 11.28 | 419.6 | 4.73 | 4.90 | 77.2 | 17.2 |
| | | 135 | 0.951 | 6.23 | 11.27 | 422.1 | 4.76 | 5.55 | 76.4 | 19.3 |

Functional Performance

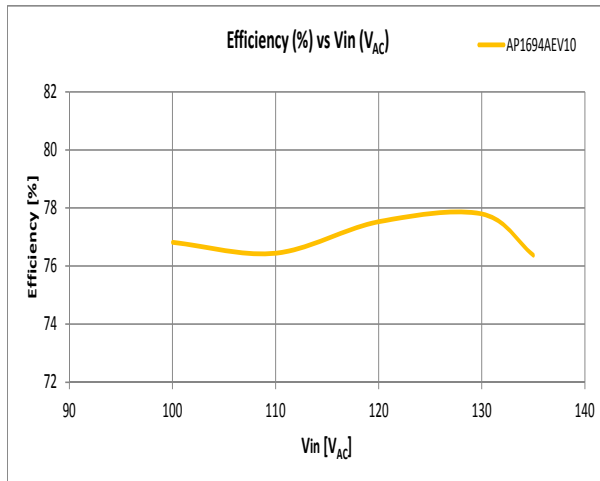


Figure 6. Efficiency vs. Vin

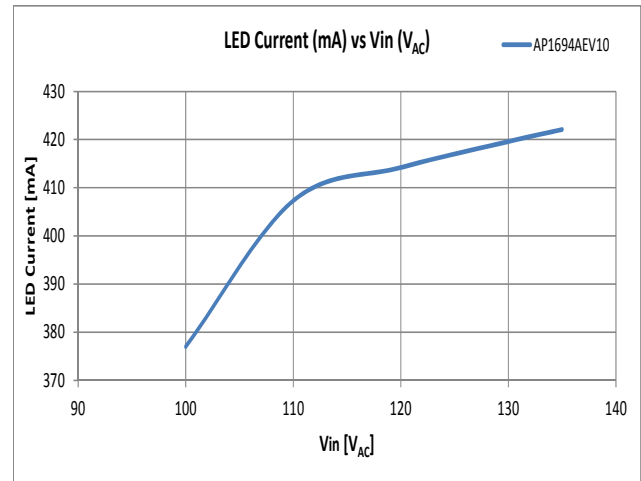


Figure 7. LED Current vs. Vin

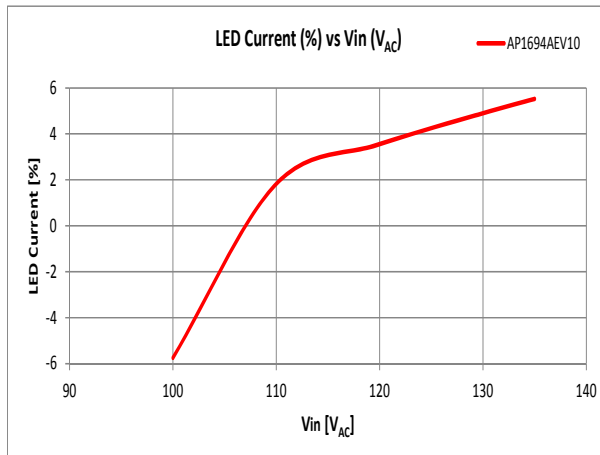


Figure 8. LED Current Line Regulation

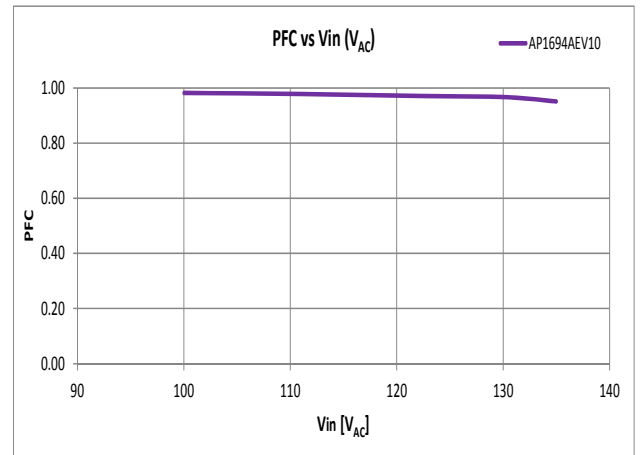


Figure 9. PFC vs. Vin

Performance Waveforms

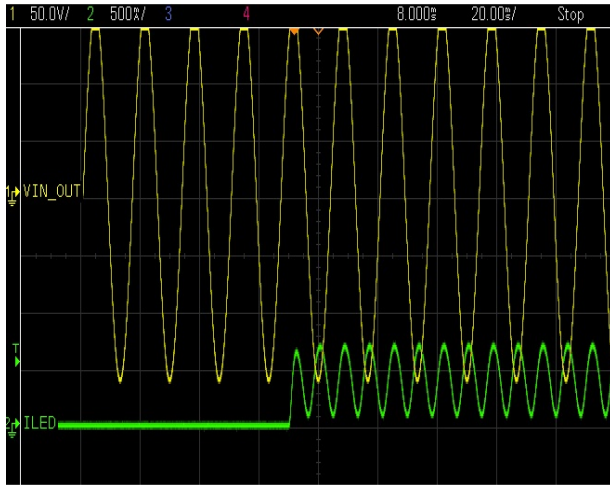


Figure 10. Turn on time (80mS) at 120V_{AC} input

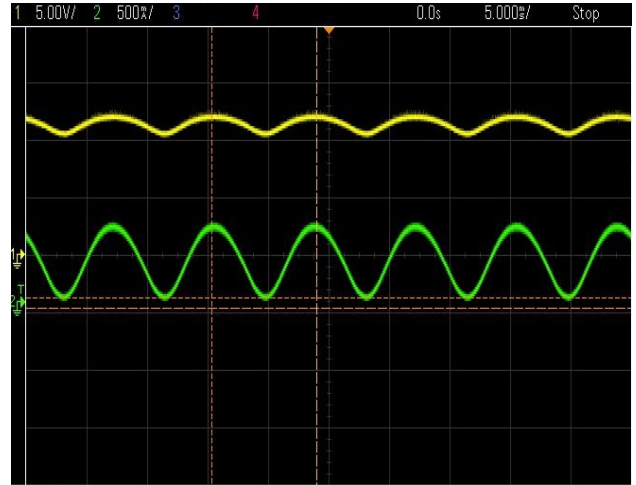


Figure 11. Output Voltage & Current at 120V_{AC}



Figure 12. Input AC voltage vs. output current

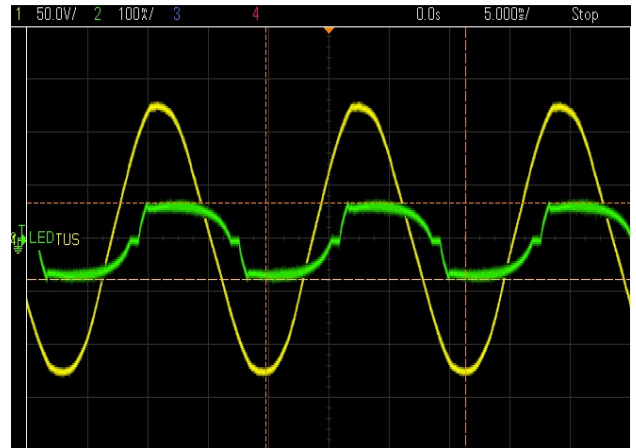


Figure 13. Input AC voltage vs. input AC current

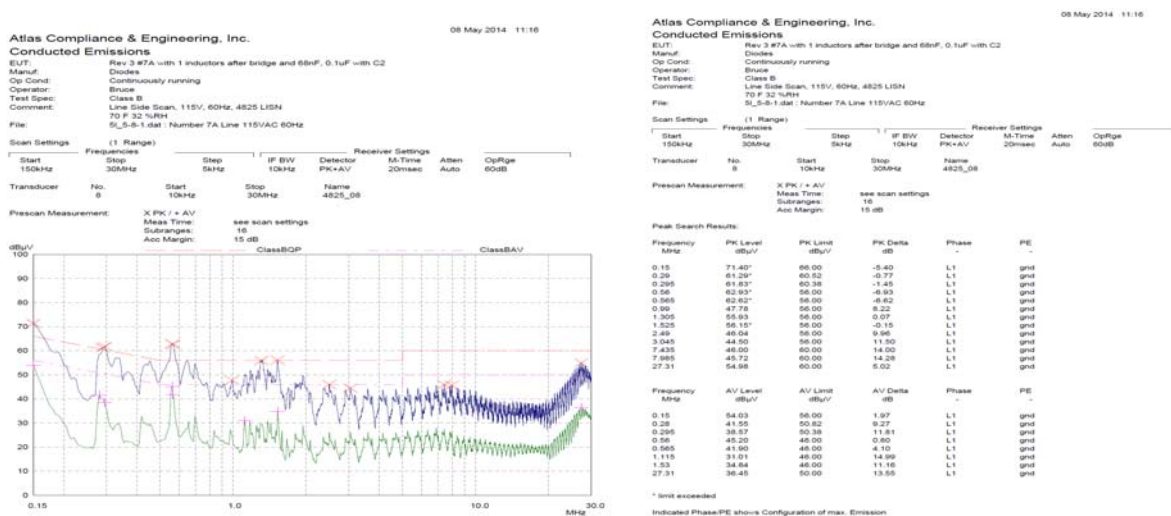
Dimmer Compatibility Performance List (120V_{AC} Dimmers)

| Index | 120V _{AC} Dimmers | | I _o (mA) | | Dimming (%) | | Performance Result (No flicker) |
|-------|----------------------------|----------|---------------------|-------|-------------|------|------------------------------------|
| | Brand | Model | min | max | min | max | |
| 1 | Lutron | S-603PG | 8.5 | 283.6 | 2.1 | 70.9 | ✓ |
| 2 | | D-603PGH | 0 | 284.2 | 0 | 71.1 | ✓ |
| 3 | | LG-600P | 21 | 345.0 | 5.3 | 86.3 | ✓ |
| 4 | | DV-600P | 19 | 348.7 | 4.8 | 87.2 | ✓ |
| 5 | | D-600PH | 0 | 333.5 | 0 | 83.4 | ✓ |
| 6 | Leviton | 6681 | 11 | 398.9 | 2.8 | 99.7 | ✓ |
| 7 | | 6631 | 7.2 | 365.1 | 1.8 | 91.3 | ✓ |
| 8 | Cooper | SAL06P | 44 | 387.1 | 11 | 96.8 | ✓ |

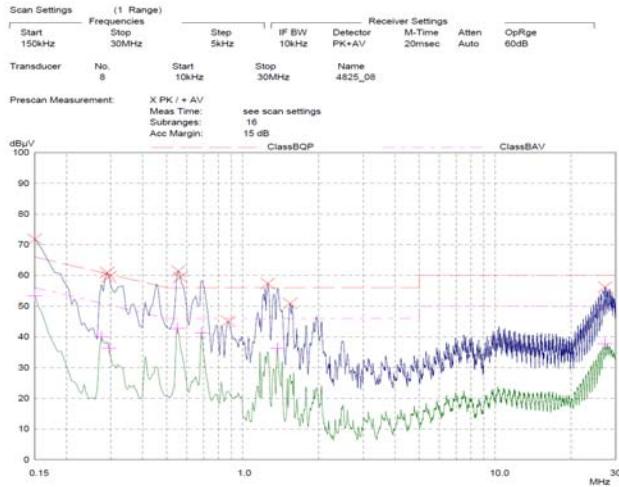
Note: ✓ = No Flicker

EMC test result

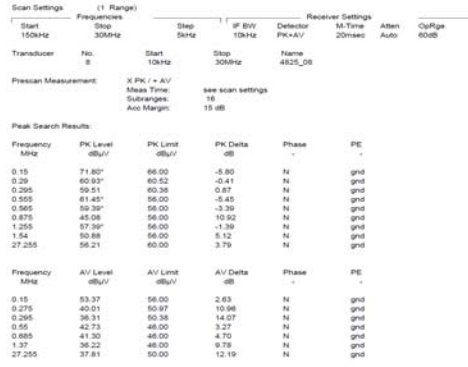
Conductive emission noise level (Pass with 15db margin)



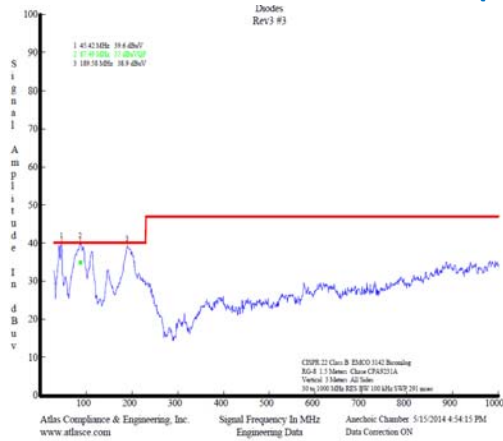
Atlas Compliance & Engineering, Inc.
08 May 2014 11:22
Conducted Emissions
EUT: Rev 3 #7A with 1 inductors after bridge and 68nF, 0.1uF with C2
Manuf: Diodes
Op Cond: Continuously running
Operator: Bruce
Test Spec: Class B
Comment: Neutral Side Scan, 115V, 60Hz, 4825 LISN
70 F 32 %RH
File: Sn_S-8-1.dat : Number 7A Neutral 115VAC 60Hz



Atlas Compliance & Engineering, Inc.
08 May 2014 11:22
Conducted Emissions
EUT: Rev 3 #7A with 1 inductors after bridge and 68nF, 0.1uF with C2
Manuf: Diodes
Op Cond: Continuously running
Operator: Bruce
Test Spec: Class B
Comment: Neutral Side Scan, 115V, 60Hz, 4825 LISN
70 F 32 %RH
File: Sn_S-8-1.dat : Number 7A Neutral 115VAC 60Hz



Radiated emission noise level (Pass, please zoom in to see the green mark)



Note: Green color data are after VQP, will be 5db down than normal

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