

DACs for Electronic Adjustment

High-precision 10bit 4ch/6ch D/A Converters



BU2508FV, BU2507FV

No.11052ECT02

●Description

BU2508FV and BU2507FV ICs are high performance 10bit R-2R-type DACs with 4ch and 6ch outputs, respectively. Each channel incorporates a full swing output-type buffer amplifier with high speed output response characteristics, resulting in a greatly shortened wait time. The ICs also utilize the TTL level input method.

●Features

- 1) High performance, multi-channels R-2R-type 10bit D/A converter built-in (BU2508FV: 4 channels, BU2507FV: 6 channels)
- 2) Full swing output type buffer amplifier incorporated at each output channel
- 3) The RESET terminal can keep the voltage of all channels within the lower reference voltage range
- 4) Digital input compatible with TTL levels
- 5) 14bit 3-line serial data + RESET signal input (address 4bit + data 10bit)
- 6) Compact package: 14 pins, 0.65mm pitch (SSOP-B14)

●Applications

DVDs, CD-Rs, CD-RWs, digital cameras

●Lineup

Parameter	BU2507FV	BU2508FV
Power source voltage range	4.5 to 5.5V	4.5 to 5.5V
Number of channels	6ch	4ch
Differential non linearity error	±1.0LSB	±1.0LSB
Integral non linearity error	±3.5LSB	±3.5LSB
Data transfer frequency	10MHz	10MHz
Package	SSOP-B14	SSOP-B14

●Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power source voltage	VCC	-0.3 to 6.0	V
D/A converter upper standard voltage	VDD	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Input voltage	VIN	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Output voltage	VOU	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to 125	°C
Power dissipation	Pd	350 *	mW

* Derated at 3.5mW/°C at Ta>25°C, mounted on a 70x70x1.6mm FR4 glass epoxy board (copper foil area less than 3%)
Note: These products are not robust against radiation

●Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage range	VCC	4.5 to 5.5	V
Operating temperature range	Topr	-30 to 85	°C

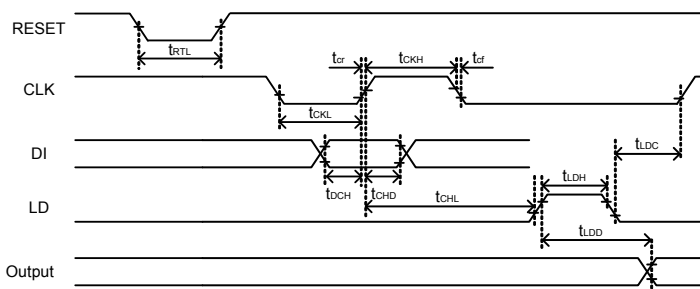
●Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, VCC=5V, VrefH=5V, VrefL=0V, Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
<Digital unit>							
Power source current		ICC	-	0.85	2.8	mA	At CLK = 10MHz, IAO = 0uA
Input leak current		IILK	-5	-	5	μA	VIN=0 to VCC
Input voltage L		VIL	-	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage H		VIH	2.0	-	-	V	-
Output voltage L		VOL	0	-	0.4	V	IOL=2.5mA
Output voltage H		VOH	4.6	-	5	V	IOH=-2.5mA
<Analog unit>							
Consumption current		IrefH	-	4.5	7.5	mA	Data condition : at maximum current
			-	2.0	3.4	mA ^(*)	
D/A converter upper standard voltage setting range		VrefH	3.0	-	5	V	Outputs does not necessarily take a value in standard voltage setting range. Value that output may take is in the buffer amplifier output voltage range (VO).
D/A converter lower standard voltage setting range		VrefL	0	-	1.5	V	
Buffer amplifier output voltage range		VO	0.1	-	4.9	V	IO=±100μA
			0.2	-	4.75		IO=±1.0mA
Buffer amplifier output drive range		IO	-2	-	2	mA	Upper side saturation voltage =0.35V (on full scale setting, current sourcing) Lower side saturation voltage =0.23V (on zero scale setting, current sinking)
Precision	Differential non-linearity error	DNL	-1.0	-	1.0	LSB	VrefH =4.796V VrefL=0.7V VCC=5.5V (4mV/LSB) No load (IO = +0mA)
	Integral non-linearity error	INL	-3.5	-	3.5		
	Zero point error	SZERO	-25	-	25	mV	
	Full scale error	SFULL	-25	-	25		
Buffer amplifier output impedance		RO	-	5	15	Ω	-
Pull-up I/O internal resistance value		Rup	12.5	25	37.5	kΩ	Input voltage 0V (Resistance value changes according to voltage to be impressed.)

*1: Value in the case where CH1 ~ CH4 are set to maximum current (after reset)

●Timing Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, VCC=5V, VrefH=5V, VrefL=0V, Ta=25°C)

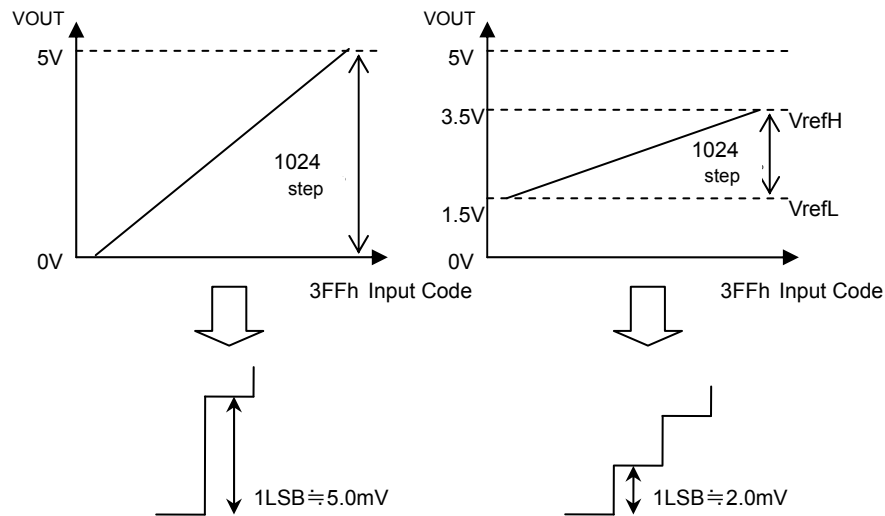
Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		Judgment level is 80% / 20% of VCC.
Reset L pulse width	tRTL	50	-	-	nS	-
Clock L pulse width	tCKL	50	-	-		-
Clock H pulse width	tCKH	50	-	-		-
Clock rise time	tcr	-	-	50		-
Clock fall time	tcf	-	-	50		-
Data setup time	tDCH	20	-	-		-
Data hold time	tCHD	40	-	-		-
Load setup time	tCHL	50	-	-		-
Load hold time	tLDC	50	-	-		-
Load H pulse width	tLDH	50	-	-		-
DA output settling time	tLDD	-	7	20	μS	CL ≤ 100pF, VO: 0.5V ⇔ 4.5V . Until output value deference from final value becomes 1/2LSB



(note) LD signal is level triggered. When LD input is on H level, internal shift-register state is loaded to DAC control latch. Clock transition during LD=H is inhibited.

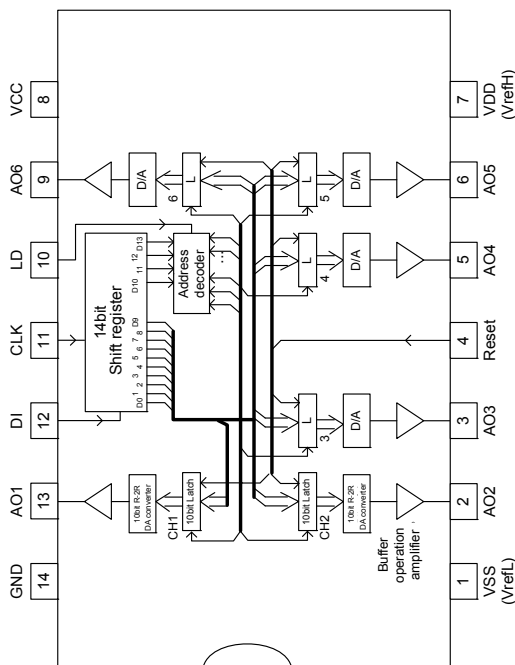
●DAC Variable Output Range Function

With the variable output range function, the upper / lower limits of the output voltage as well as the power supply voltage can be set. The upper limit value setting terminal VrefH is used as the power supply terminal, while the lower limit value setting terminal VrefL is used as the GND terminal ($1\text{LSB} \doteq 5\text{mV}$). In the example below, $V_{\text{refH}} = 3.5\text{V}$ / $V_{\text{refL}} = 1.5\text{V}$. Further adjustments can be made in order to achieve greater accuracy ($1\text{LSB} \doteq 2\text{mV}$).

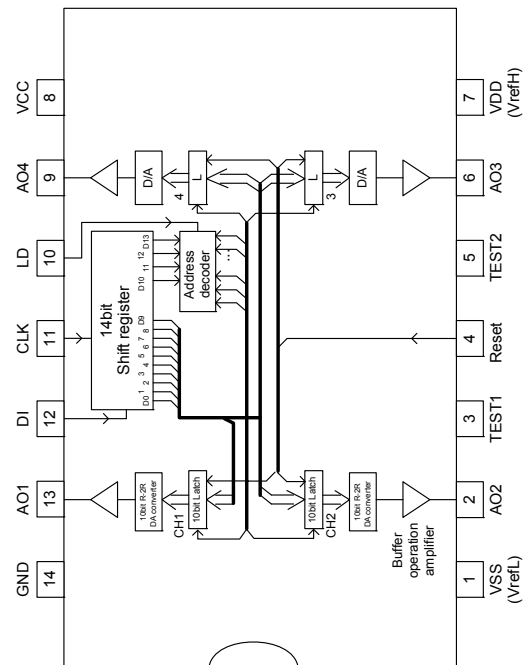


●Block Diagrams

BU2507FV



BU2508FV

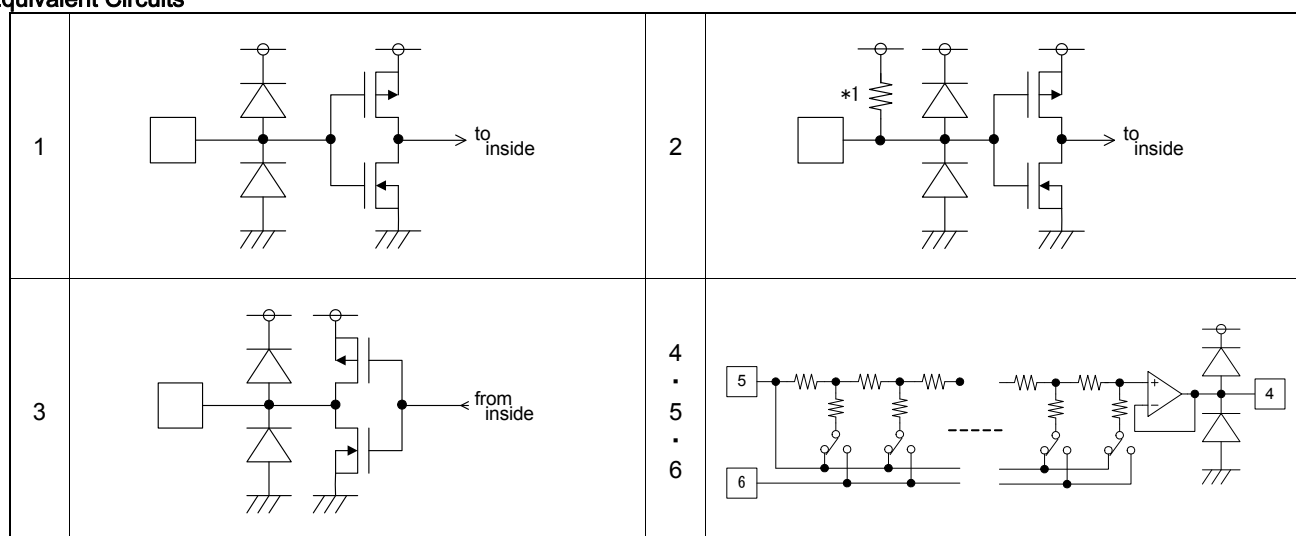


●Terminal Description

No	Terminal name	Analog / Digital	I/O	Description of terminal	Equivalent circuit
1	VSS	Analog	-	DA converter lower standard voltage (VrefL) input terminal	6
2	AO2	Analog	O	10bit D/A output (CH2)	4
3	AO3(TEST1)	Analog	O	10bit D/A output (CH3) (BU2508FV : test terminal)	4
4	Reset	Digital	I	All ch analog output L fixed	2
5	AO4(TEST2)	Digital	I	10bit D/A output (CH4) (BU2508FV : test terminal)	4
6	AO5 (AO3)	Analog	O	10bit D/A output (CH5) (BU2508FV : 10bit D/A output (CH3))	4
7	VDD	Analog	-	DA converter upper standard voltage (VrefH) input terminal	5
8	VCC	-	-	Power source terminal	-
9	AO6 (AO4)	Analog	O	10bit D/A output (CH6) (BU2508FV : 10bit D/A output (CH4))	4
10	LD	Digital	I	When High level is input to LD terminal, the value of 14bit shift register is loaded to decoder and D/A output register.	1
11	CLK	Digital	I	Shift clock input terminal. At rise of shift clock, the signal from DI terminal is input to 14bit shift register.	1
12	DI	Digital	I	Serial data input terminal. Serial data whose data length is 14bit (address 4bit + data 10bit) is input.	1
13	AO1	Analog	O	10bit D/A output (CH1)	4
14	GND	-	-	GND terminal	-

*In the case of BU2508FV, be sure to open TEST1 and TEST2 terminals.

●Equivalent Circuits

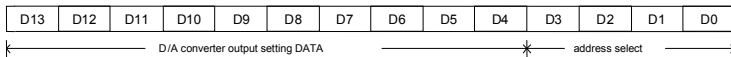


*1: 25kΩ at Vcc = 5.0V (changes according to voltage supplied)

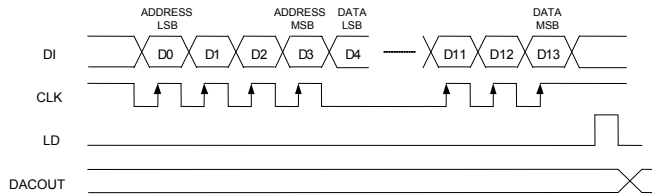
●Command Sending

1) In the case of BU2507FV

(1) Data format [data : LSB first]



(2) Data timing diagram

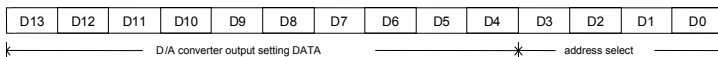


D3	D2	D1	D0	Address selection
0	0	0	0	Inconsequential
0	0	0	1	Inconsequential
0	0	1	0	AO1 selection
0	0	1	1	AO2 selection
0	1	0	0	Inconsequential
0	1	0	1	AO3 selection
0	1	1	0	AO4 selection
0	1	1	1	Inconsequential
1	0	0	0	AO5 selection
1	0	0	1	AO6 selection
1	0	1	0	Inconsequential
1	0	1	1	Inconsequential
1	1	0	0	Inconsequential
1	1	0	1	Inconsequential
1	1	1	0	Inconsequential
1	1	1	1	Inconsequential

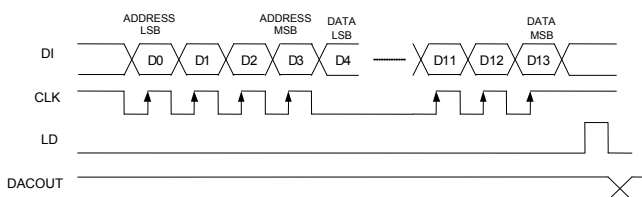
D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D/A output (VrefH=VDD, VrefL=VSS)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	VrefL
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 1 + VrefL$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 2 + VrefL$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 3 + VrefL$
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 1022 + VrefL$
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 1023 + VrefL$

2) In the case of BU2508FV

(1) Data format [Data: LSB first]



(2) Data timing diagram



D3	D2	D1	D0	Address selection
0	0	0	0	Don't Care
0	0	0	1	Don't Care
0	0	1	0	AO1 selection
0	0	1	1	AO2 selection
0	1	0	0	Don't Care
0	1	0	1	Don't Care
0	1	1	0	Don't Care
0	1	1	1	Don't Care
1	0	0	0	AO3 selection
1	0	0	1	AO4 selection
1	0	1	0	Don't Care
1	0	1	1	Don't Care
1	1	0	0	Don't Care
1	1	0	1	Don't Care
1	1	1	0	Don't Care
1	1	1	1	Don't Care

D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D/A output (VrefH=VDD, VrefL=VSS)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	VrefL
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 1 + VrefL$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 2 + VrefL$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 3 + VrefL$
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 1022 + VrefL$
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$(VrefH-VrefL)/1024 \times 1023 + VrefL$

●Electrical Characteristics Curves

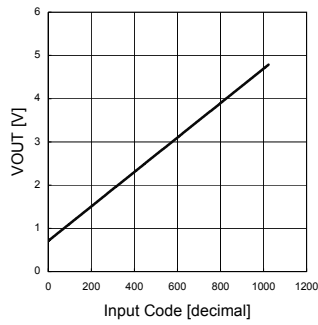


Fig.1 Output voltage linearity (-30°C)

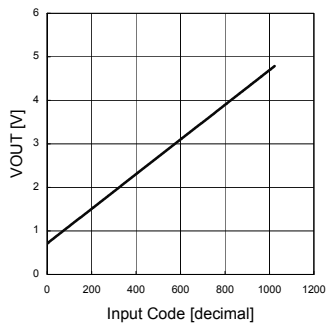


Fig.2 Output voltage linearity (25°C)

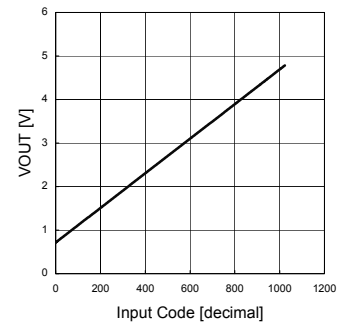


Fig.3 Output voltage linearity (85°C)

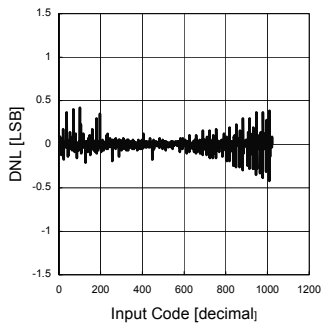


Fig.4 Differential linearity error (-30°C)

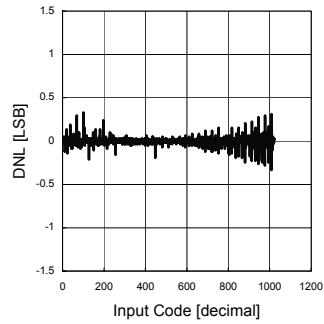


Fig.5 Differential linearity error (25°C)

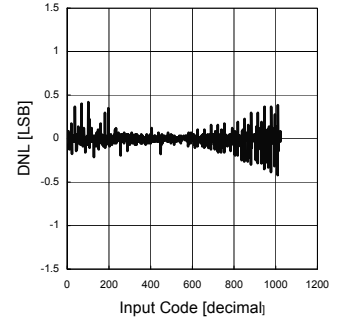


Fig.6 Differential linearity error (85°C)

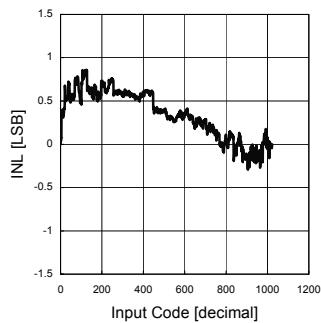


Fig.7 Integral linearity error (-30°C)

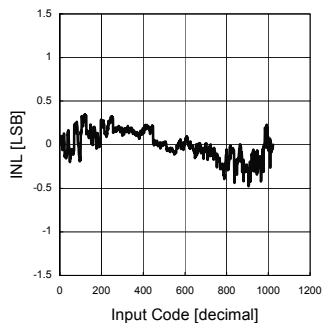


Fig.8 Integral linearity error (25°C)

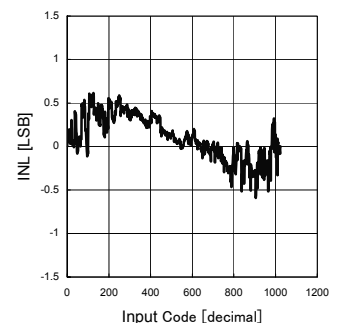


Fig.9 Integral linearity error (85°C)

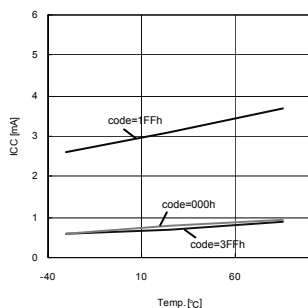


Fig.10 Circuit current temperature characteristic

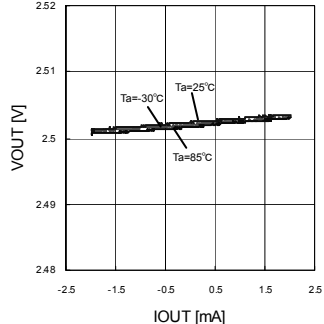


Fig.11 Output load fluctuation characteristic (input code : 1FFh)

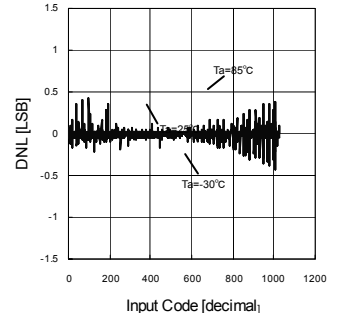
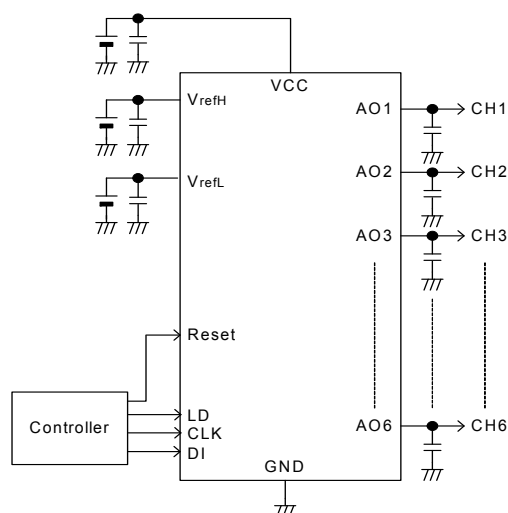


Fig.12 Pull-up built in resistance characteristic

●Standard Example Application Circuit



●Notes for use

- (1) The electrical characteristic and data on graphs for this datasheet, are typically evaluated value, and not guaranteed.
- (2) We suppose that application circuits are recommendable, but please make sufficient check for characteristics with the actual application. In case that value of external component for this IC is changed, please check characteristic, not only static but also transient.
- (3) About absolute maximum ratings
If operation condition is over the absolute maximum ratings, supply voltage or other operation range, IC will be broken. Please don't apply any voltage or temperature over the absolute maximum ratings. If application have possibilities of become over the absolute maximum ratings, please take safety measures by using fuse and so on. Not to over absolute maximum ratings of IC.
- (4) GND voltage
Please keep GND voltage lowest of any other terminal of this IC. Please confirm other terminal voltages is not lower than GND.
- (5) Thermal design
Please making a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation in actual operating condition.
- (6) About terminals short and wrong mounting
Please pay full attention to the IC direction and displacement when mounting IC on PCB. If you assemble them by mistake and electrify it, IC might be destroyed. And it is happen to short among IC terminals or terminals and power supply, by foreign substance.
- (7) About operation in strong electromagnetic field
If you use it in strong electromagnetic field, please evaluate fully as there is a possibility of malfunction.
- (8) Place a bypass capacitor as close as possible between each power supply terminal and ground in order to prevent deterioration of the D/A conversion accuracy due to ripple and noise signals from power supply or GND.
- (9) A capacitor should be inserted between the analog output and ground in order to eliminate noise.
A capacitance up to 100pF is recommended (including the capacitance of the wire).

●Ordering part number

B	U	2	5	0	8	F	V	-	E	2
Part No.		Part No.				Package			Packaging and forming specification	
		2507				FV: SSOP-B14			E2: Embossed tape and reel	
		2508								

SSOP-B14

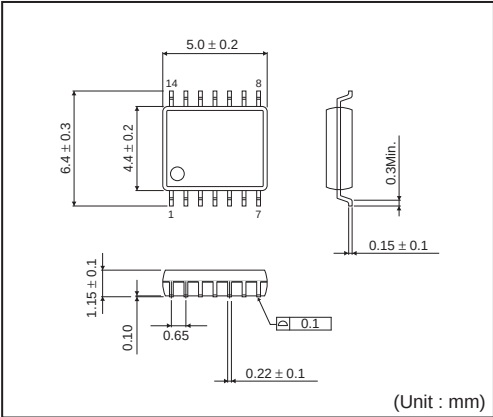


Diagram showing the dimensions of the SSOP-B14 package. The package is a rectangular component with 14 pins. Dimensions are given in millimeters (mm). Key dimensions include: overall width 5.0 ± 0.2, overall height 6.4 ± 0.3, pin pitch 0.65, pin width 0.1, and pin height 0.3 Min. The package is shown from both top and side views. (Unit : mm)

<Tape and Reel information>

Tape	Embossed carrier tape
Quantity	2500pcs
Direction of feed	E2 (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand)

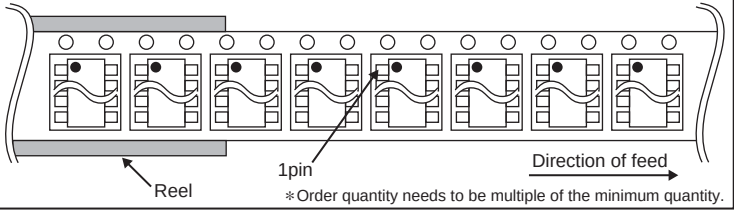


Diagram showing the carrier tape and reel information. The carrier tape is shown with 14 pins. The reel is shown with the direction of feed indicated by an arrow. The 1pin is marked at the upper left. * Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

Notes

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