NB3N51044

3.3 V, Crystal to 100 MHz / 125 MHz Quad HCSL / LVDS Clock Generator

The NB3N51044 is a precision, low phase noise clock generator that supports PCI Express and sRIO clock requirements. The device accepts a 25 MHz fundamental mode parallel resonant crystal or a 25 MHz single ended reference clock signal and generates four differential HCSL/LVDS outputs (See Figure 10 for LVDS interface) of 100 MHz or 125 MHz clock frequency based on frequency select input F_SEL. NB3N51044 is configurable to bypass the PLL from signal path using BYPASS, and provides the output frequency through the divider network. All clock outputs can be individually enabled / disabled through hardware input pins OE[3:0]. In addition, device can be reset using Master Reset input pin MR_OE#.

Features

- Uses 25 MHz Fundamental Crystal or Reference Clock Input
- Four Low Skew HCSL or LVDS Outputs
- Output Frequency Selection of 100 MHz or 125 MHz
- Individual OE Tri−States Outputs
- Master Reset and BYPASS Modes
- PCIe Gen 1, Gen 2, Gen 3 Compliant
- Typical Phase Jitter @ 125 MHz (Integrated 1.875 MHz to 20 MHz): 0.2 ps
- Typical Cycle−Cycle Jitter @ 100 MHz (10k cycles): 20 ps
- Phase Noise @ 100 MHz:

Offset	Noise Power
100 Hz	−101 dBc/Hz
1 kHz	−123 dBc/Hz
10 kHz	−133 dBc/Hz
100 kHz	−136 dBc/Hz
1 MHz	−141 dBc/Hz
10 MHz	−155 dBc/Hz

- Operating Supply Voltage Range 3.3 V ±5%
- Industrial Temperature Range −40°C to +85°C
- Functionally Compatible with ICS841604I with enhanced performance
- These are Pb−Free Devices

Applications

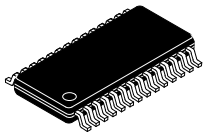
- Networking
- Consumer
- Computing and Peripherals
- Industrial Equipment
- PCIe Clock Generation Gen 1, Gen 2 and Gen 3

End Products

- Switch and Router
- Set Top Box, LCD TV
- Servers, Desktop Computers
- Automated Test Equipment

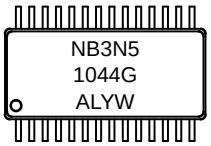
ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com



TSSOP−28
DT SUFFIX
CASE 948AA

MARKING DIAGRAM



A	= Assembly Location
L	= Wafer Lot
Y	= Year
W	= Work Week
G	= Pb−Free Package

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 12 of this data sheet.

© Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC, 2014

BLOCK DIAGRAM

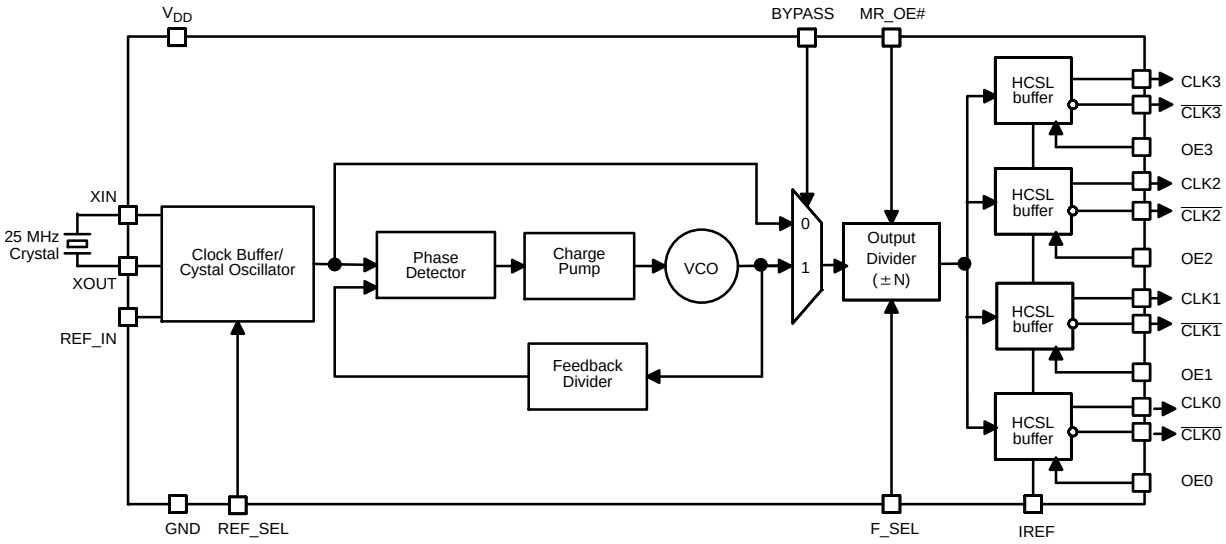


Figure 1. Block Diagram

PIN CONFIGURATION

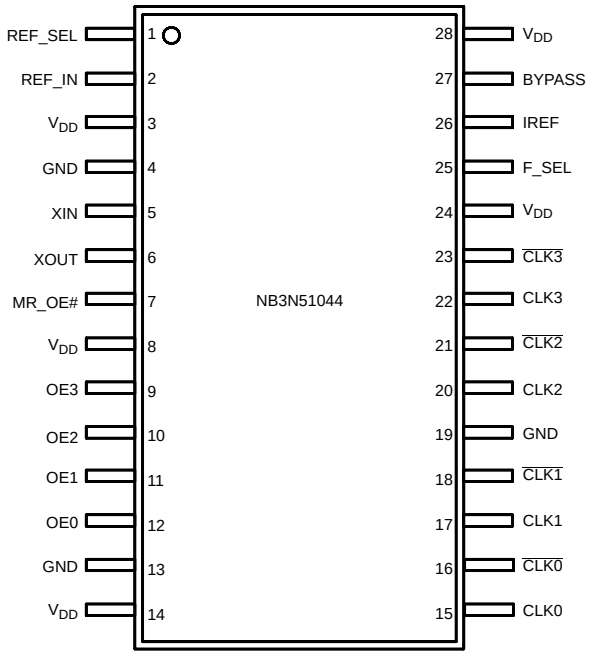


Figure 2. Pin Configuration (Top View)

PIN DESCRIPTION

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin #	Pin Name	Type	Description
1	REF_SEL	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level input to select input reference source. Pulldown with crystal as default reference input source.
2	REF_IN	Input	25 MHz single−ended reference input clock.
3	V_{DD}	Power	Positive supply voltage pin connected to +3.3 V typical supply voltage.
4	GND	Ground	Power supply ground 0 V. This pin provides GND return path for the device.
5	XIN	Input	25 MHz fundamental mode crystal input connection. Ground this pin when crystal not connected.
6	XOUT	Output	25 MHz crystal output. Float this pin when crystal not connected.
7	MR_OE#	Input	Asynchronous LVCMOS/ LVTTL level input. When High, this pin acts as Master Reset to disable the output dividers and set outputs to high impedance (Hi−Z) mode. When Low, this pin acts as Output Enable for enabling the output buffers. Pulldown with default Low.
8	V_{DD}	Power	Positive supply voltage pin connected to +3.3 V typical supply voltage.
9	OE3	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level interface active High output enable pin for CLK3. Pulldown with default Low and output disabled.
10	OE2	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level interface active High output enable pin for CLK2. Pulldown with default Low and output disabled.
11	OE1	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level interface active High output enable pin for CLK1. Pulldown with default Low and output disabled.
12	OE0	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level interface active High output enable pin for CLK0. Pulldown with default Low and output disabled.
13	GND	Ground	Power supply ground 0 V. This pin provides GND return path for the device.
14	V_{DD}	Power	Positive supply voltage pin connected to +3.3 V typical supply voltage.
15	CLK0	HCSL or LVDS output	Noninverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
16	$\overline{CLK0}$	HCSL or LVDS output	Inverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
17	CLK1	HCSL or LVDS output	Noninverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
18	$\overline{CLK1}$	HCSL or LVDS output	Inverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
19	GND	Ground	Power supply ground 0 V. This pin provides GND return path for the device.
20	CLK2	HCSL or LVDS output	Noninverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
21	$\overline{CLK2}$	HCSL or LVDS output	Inverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
22	CLK3	HCSL or LVDS output	Noninverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
23	$\overline{CLK3}$	HCSL or LVDS output	Inverted clock output. (For LVDS levels see Figure 10)
24	V_{DD}	Power	Positive supply voltage pin connected to +3.3 V typical supply voltage.
25	F_SEL	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level Frequency Selects PCIe (100 MHz) when Low or sRIO (125 MHz) output frequency when High. Pulldown with default of 100 MHz at outputs.
26	IREF	Output	Output current reference pin. Connect to precision resistor (typical 475 Ω) to set internal current reference
27	BYPASS	Input	LVCMOS/ LVTTL level input. Selects PLL operation mode when Low or PLL bypass mode when High. Pulldown with default of PLL mode.
28	V_{DD}	Power	Positive supply voltage pin connected to +3.3 V typical supply voltage.

Table 2. OUTPUT FREQUENCY SELECT FUNCTION TABLE

Input		Output
F_SEL	N (Output divider)	CLK[3:0]/CLK[3:0]#
0	5	100MHz (PCIe, default)
1	4	125MHz (sRIO)

Table 3. PLL BYPASS FUNCTION TABLE

BYPASS	PLL Configuration
0	PLL Enabled (default)
1	PLL bypassed, $f_{out} = f_{IN}/N$

Table 4. MASTER RESET AND OE FUNCTION TABLE

MR_OE#	OEx [x=3:0]	Function
0 (default)	0 (default)	CLKx, CLKx# are High impedance
	1	CLKx Output Enabled
1	x	Device reset, outputs disabled (Hi−Z)

Table 5. INPUT REFERENCE SELECT FUNCTION TABLE

REF_SEL	Input Reference
0	Crystal, at XIN and XOUT (default)
1	Single−ended reference clock at REF_IN

Recommended Crystal Parameters

Crystal	Fundamental AT−Cut
Frequency	25 MHz
Load Capacitance	16−20 pF
Shunt Capacitance, C0	7 pF Max
Equivalent Series Resistance	50 Ω Max
Initial Accuracy at 25°C	±20 ppm
Temperature Stability	±30 ppm
Aging	±20 ppm

Table 6. ATTRIBUTES

Characteristic		Value
ESD Protection	Human Body Model	2 kV
Internal Input Default State Resistor		51 kΩ
Moisture Sensitivity, Indefinite Time Out of Dray Pack (Note 1)		Level 1
Flammability Rating	Oxygen Index: 28 to 34	UL 94 V−0 @ 0.125 in
Transistor Count		132,000
Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test		

1. For additional information, see Application Note AND8003/D.

Table 7. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V_{DD}	Positive power supply with respect to GND	+4.6	V
V_I	Input Voltage with respect to device GND	−0.5 V to V_{DD} + 0.5 V	V
T_A	Operating Temperature Range	−40 to +85	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	−65 to +150	°C
T_{SOL}	Max. Soldering Temperature (10 sec)	265	°C
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction−to−ambient) 0 lfpm (Note 3) 500 lfpm	63 55	°C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction−to−case)	50	°C/W

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

2. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and not valid simultaneously. If stress limits are exceeded device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.
3. JEDEC standard multilayer board − 2S2P (2 signal, 2 power).

Table 8. DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 5%, GND = 0 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C, Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current when all outputs are ON, OE[3:0] = 1, F_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz			126	mA
I_{OFF}	Power Supply Current when all outputs are set OFF, OE[3:0] = 0		45	50	mA
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (XIN, REF_IN, REF_SEL, BYPASS, F_SEL, MR_OE#)	2.0		V_{DD}+0.3	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (XIN, REF_IN, REF_SEL, BYPASS, F_SEL, MR_OE#)	GND−0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input Leackage on logic High current at all input pins			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input Leackage on logic Low current at all input pins	−5			μA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage for HCSL output (Note 5)	660		850	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage for HCSL output (Note 5)	−150			mV
V_{MAX}	Absolute Maximum Voltage, Measured Single ended including overshoot (Notes 5, 6)			1150	mV
V_{MIN}	Absolute Minimum Voltage, Measured Single ended including undershoot (Notes 5, 7)	−300			mV
V_{CROSS}	Crossing Voltage Magnitude (Absolute) for HCSL output (Notes 5, 8, 9)	250		550	mV
ΔV_{CROSS}	Change in Magnitude of Vcross for HCSL Output (Notes 5, 8, 10)			150	mV
V_{RB}	Ring Back Voltage measured differentially (Note 11)	−100		100	mV

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

4. Measurement taken with outputs terminated with R_S = 33.2 Ω, R_L = 49.9 Ω, with test load capacitance of 2 pF and current biasing resistor set at R_{REF} = 475 Ω. See Figure 9. Guaranteed by characterization.
5. Measurement taken from single-ended waveform
6. Defined as the maximum instantaneous voltage value including positive overshoot
7. Defined as the maximum instantaneous voltage value including negative overshoot
8. Measured at crossing point where the instantaneous voltage value of the rising edge of CLKx+ equals the falling edge of CLKx-.
9. Refers to the total variation from the lowest crossing point to the highest, regardless of which edge is crossing. Refers to all crossing points for this measurement.
10. Defined as the total variation of all crossing voltage of rising CLKx+ and falling CLKx-. This is maximum allowed variance in the V_{CROSS} for any particular system.
11. Differential clock must maintain a minimum ±150 mV differential voltage after rising/falling edges before it is allowed to drop back into the V_{RB} ±100 differential range.

Table 9. AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 5%, GND = 0 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C, Note 12)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{CLKIN}	Clock/ Crystal input frequency			25		MHz
f_{CLKOUT}	Output Frequency			100 / 125		MHz
$\Phi_{NOISE-100M}$	Phase Noise Performance at 100 MHz	@ 100 Hz offset from carrier		−101		dBc/Hz
		@ 1 kHz offset from carrier		−123		
		@ 10 kHz offset from carrier		−133		
		@ 100 kHz offset from carrier		−136		
		@ 1 MHz offset from carrier		−141		
		@ 10 MHz offset from carrier		−155		
$\Phi_{NOISE-125M}$	Phase Noise Performance at 125 MHz	@ 100 Hz offset from carrier		−98		dBc/Hz
		@ 1 kHz offset from carrier		−117		
		@ 10 kHz offset from carrier		−130		
		@ 100 kHz offset from carrier		−133		
		@ 1 MHz offset from carrier		−141		
		@ 10 MHz offset from carrier		−154		
$t_{JIT(\Phi)-100M}$	RMS Phase Jitter at 100 MHz Clock	Integration Range 1.875 MHz to 20 MHz		0.2		ps
		Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz		0.4		
$t_{JIT(\Phi)-125M}$	RMS Phase Jitter at 125 MHz Clock	Integration Range 1.875 MHz to 20 MHz		0.2		ps
		Integration Range 12 kHz to 20 MHz		0.4		
$t_{JITTER-100M}$	Peak Cycle−to−Cycle Jitter	Measured at 100 MHz over 10000 cycles		20		ps
$t_{JITTER-125M}$	Peak Cycle−to−Cycle Jitter	Measured at 100 MHz over 10000 cycles		20		ps
t_R / t_F	Rise / Fall Time @ 100 MHz and 125 MHz	Measured differentially between −150 mV to 150 mV with 2 pF Load, Figure 11	0.6		4.0	V/ns
$\Delta t_R/t_F$	Output Rise/ Fall time variation				125	ps
t_{SKEW}	Within device output to output skew				40	ps
t_{OE}	Output enable/disable time (Note 13)	Measured at cross point		10		μs
t_{DC}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	V_{DD} = 3.3 V	45	50	55	%
t_{PU}	Stabilization time from Power−up			3.0		mS

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the declared operating temperature range. Functional operation of the device exceeding these conditions is not implied. Device specification limit values are applied individually under normal operating conditions and not valid simultaneously.

12. Measurement taken from differential output on single−ended channel terminated with R_S = 33.2 Ω , R_L = 49.9 Ω , with test load capacitance of 2 pF and current biasing resistor set at R_{REF} = 475 Ω . See Figure 9. Guaranteed by characterization.
13. Output pins are tri−stated when OE is asserted LOW. Output pins are driven differentially when OE is HIGH unless device is in power down mode, $\overline{PD}$ = Low.

Table 10. AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS − PCI EXPRESS JITTER SPECIFICATIONS

V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 5%, T_A = −40°C to 85°C, f_{OUT} = 100 MHz, 125 MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	PCIe Industry Spec	Unit
t_J (PCIe Gen 1)	Phase Jitter Peak−toPeak (Notes 15 and 18)	f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 100 MHz Input Evaluation Band: 0 Hz − Nyquist (clock frequency/2) for 10^6 clock periods		10	20	86	ps
		f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz Input Evaluation Band: 0 Hz − Nyquist (clock frequency/2) for 10^6 clock periods		10	20	−	
$t_{REFCLK_HF_RMS}$ (PCIe Gen 2)	Phase Jitter RMS (Notes 16 and 18)	f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 100 MHz Input High Band: 1.5 MHz − Nyquist (clock frequency/2)		1.0	1.8	3.1	ps
		f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz Input High Band: 1.5 MHz − Nyquist (clock frequency/2)		0.8	1.0	−	
$t_{REFCLK_LF_RMS}$ (PCIe Gen 2)	Phase Jitter RMS (Notes 16 and 18)	f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 100 MHz Input Low Band: 10 kHz − 1.5 MHz		0.10	0.15	3.0	ps
		f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz Input Low Band: 10 kHz − 1.5 MHz		0.08	0.15	−	
t_{REFCLK_RMS} (PCIe Gen 3)	Phase Jitter RMS (Notes 17 and 18)	f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 100 MHz Input Evaluation Band: 0 Hz − Nyquist (clock frequency/2)		0.35	0.70	0.8	ps
		f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal, f_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz Input Evaluation Band: 0 Hz − Nyquist (clock frequency/2)		0.17	0.22	−	

14. Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.
15. Peak−to−Peak jitter after applying system transfer function for the Common Clock Architecture. Maximum limit for PCI Express Gen 1 is 86 ps peak−to−peak for a sample size of 10^6 clock periods.
16. RMS jitter after applying the two evaluation bands to the two transfer functions defined in the Common Clock Architecture and reporting the worst case results for each evaluation band. Maximum limit for PCI Express Generation 2 is 3.1 ps RMS for $t_{REFCLK_HF_RMS}$ (High Band) and 3.0ps RMS for $t_{REFCLK_LF_RMS}$ (Low Band).
17. RMS jitter after applying system transfer function for the common clock architecture.
18. Measurement taken from differential output on single−ended channel terminated with R_S = 33.2 Ω , R_L = 49.9 Ω , with test load capacitance of 2 pF and current biasing resistor set at R_{REF} = 475 Ω . See Figure 9. This parameter is guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

PHASE NOISE

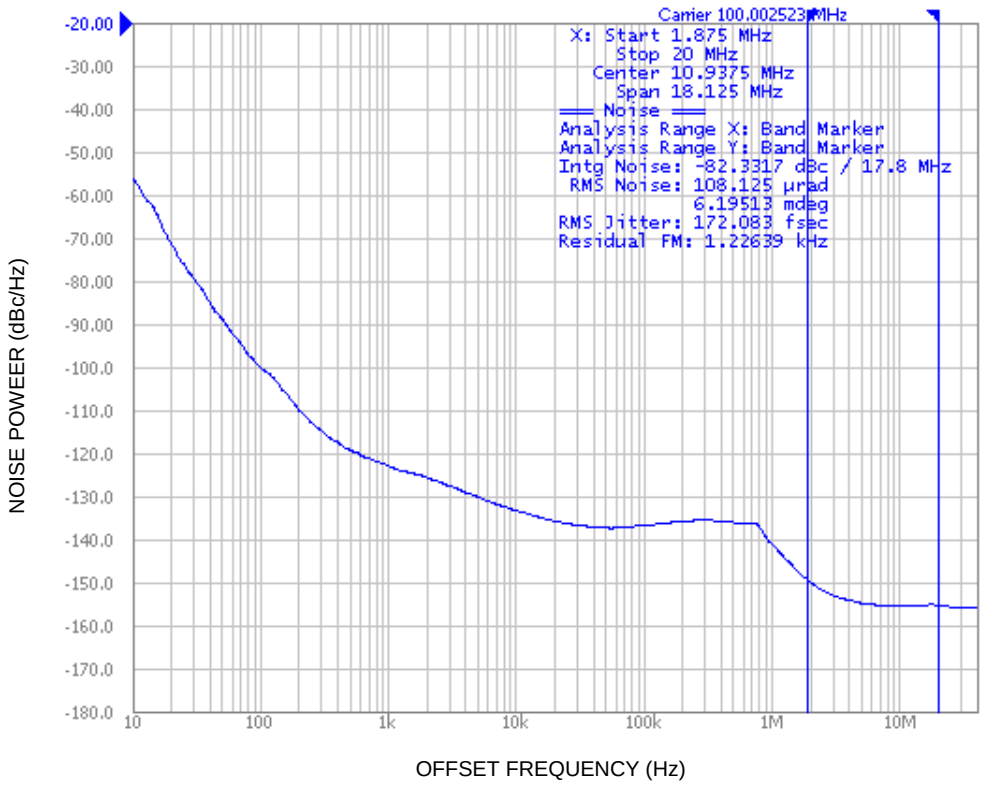


Figure 3. Typical Phase Noise Plot at 100 MHz (f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal , f_{CLKOUT} = 100 MHz, RMS Phase Jitter = 172 fs for Integration Range of 1.875 MHz to 20 MHz, Output Termination = HCSL type)

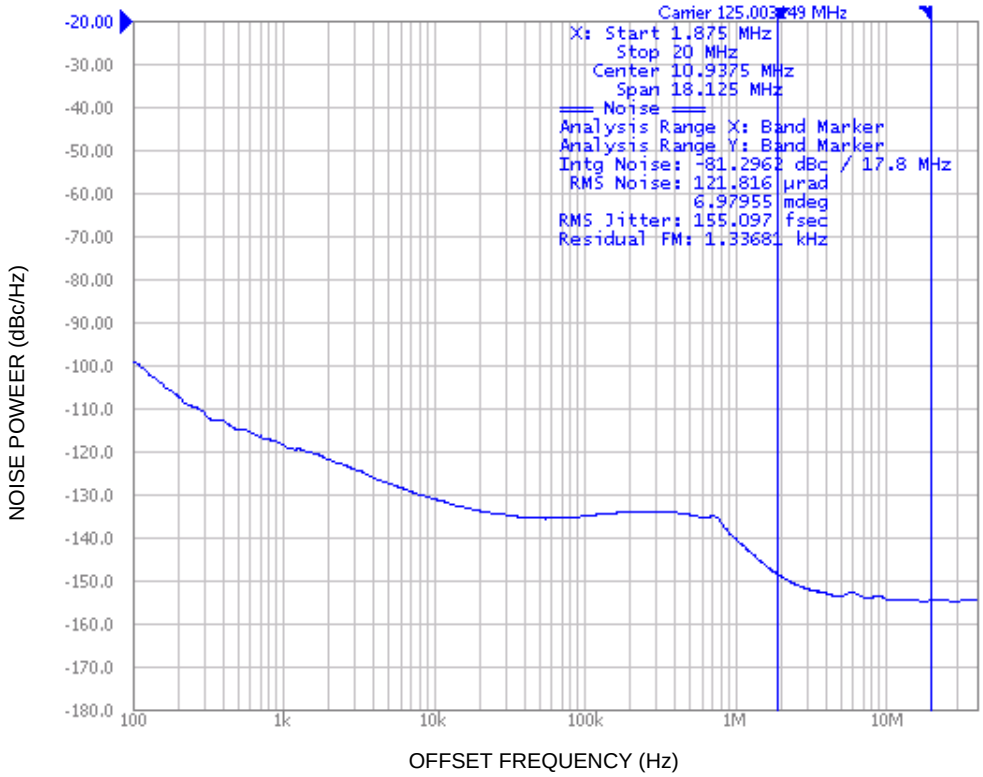


Figure 4. Typical Phase Noise Plot at 125 MHz (f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal , f_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz, RMS Phase Jitter = 155 fs for Integration Range of 1.875 MHz to 20 MHz, Output Termination = HCSL type)

PHASE NOISE

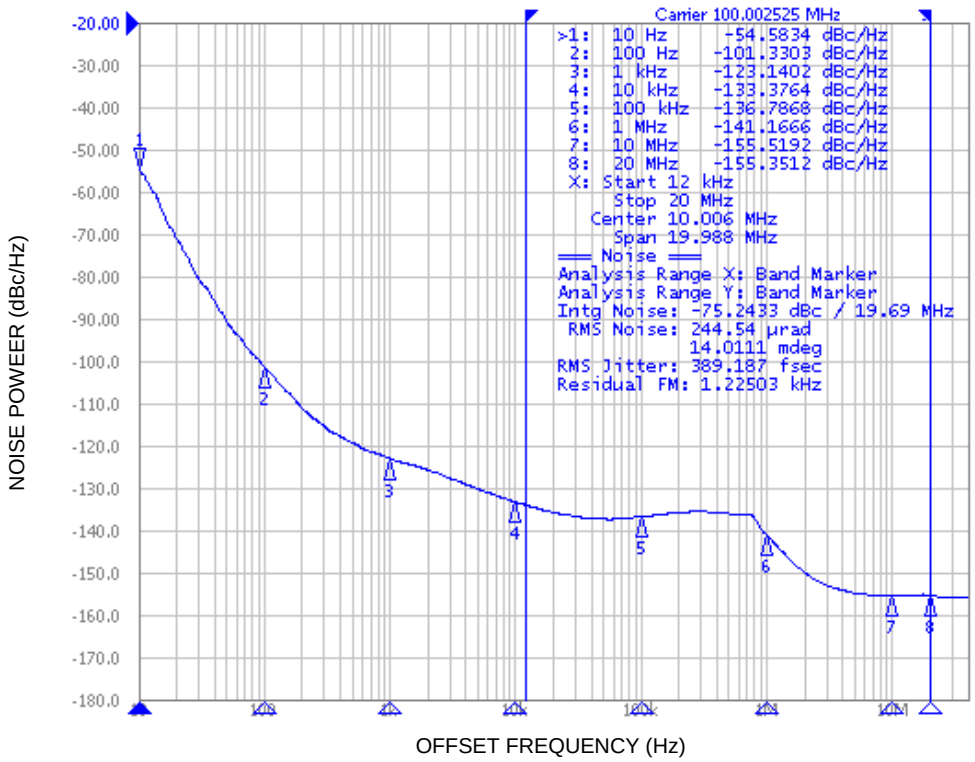


Figure 5. Typical Phase Noise Plot at 100 MHz (f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal , f_{CLKOUT} = 100 MHz, RMS Phase Jitter = 389 fs for Integration Range of 12 kHz to 20 MHz, Output Termination = HCSL type)

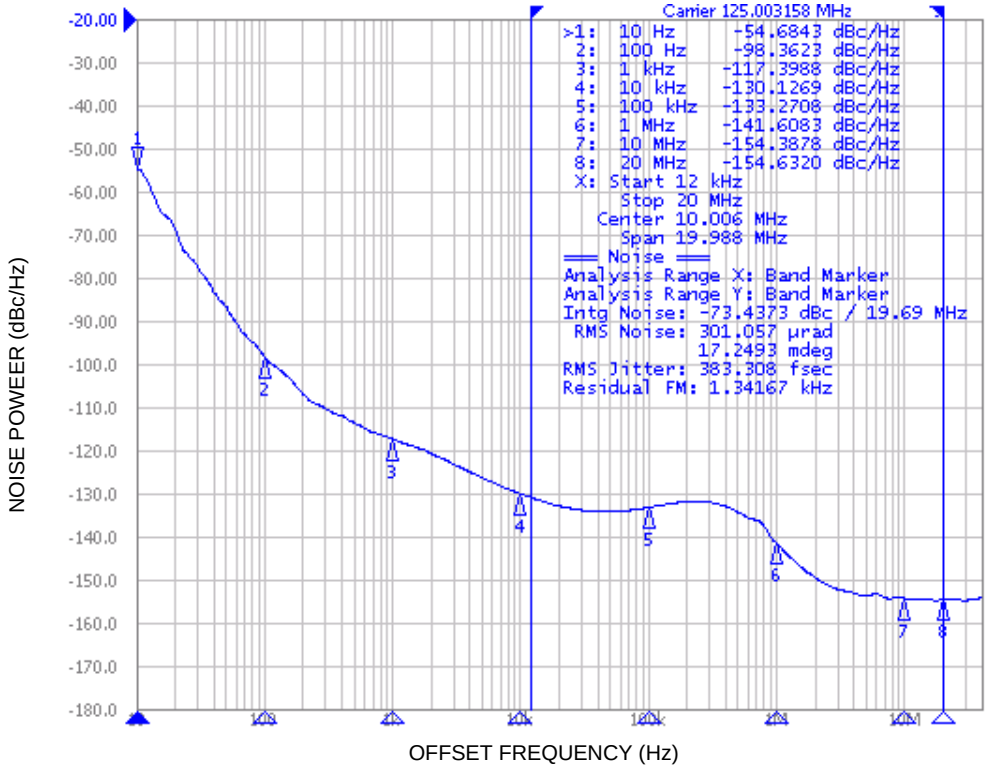


Figure 6. Typical Phase Noise Plot at 125 MHz (f_{CLKIN} = 25 MHz Crystal , f_{CLKOUT} = 125 MHz, RMS Phase Jitter = 383 fs for Integration Range of 12 kHz to 20 MHz, Output Termination = HCSL type)

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Crystal Input Interface

Figure 7 shows the NB3N51044 device crystal oscillator interface using a typical parallel resonant crystal. The device crystal connections should include pads for small capacitors from X1 to ground and from X2 to ground. These capacitors, C_1 and C_2, need to consider the stray capacitances of the board and are used to match the nominally required crystal load capacitance C_L. A parallel crystal with loading capacitance C_L = 18 pF would use C_1 = 26 pF and C_2 = 26 pF as nominal values, assuming approximately 2 pF of stray capacitance per trace and approximately 8 pF of internal capacitance.

$C_L = (C_1 + C_{stray} + C_{in}) / 2$; $C_1 = C_2$

The frequency accuracy and duty cycle skew can be fine-tuned by adjusting the C_1 and C_2 values. For example, increasing the C_1 and C_2 values will reduce the operational frequency.

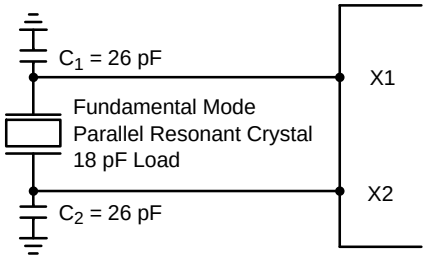


Figure 7. Crystal Interface Loading

Power Supply Filter

In order to isolate the NB3N51044 from system power supply, noise decoupling is required. The 10 μF and a 0.1 μF cap from supply pins to GND decoupling capacitor has to be connected between V_{DD} (pins 3, 8, 14, 24 and 28) and GND (pins 4, 13 and 19). It is recommended to place decoupling capacitors as close as possible to the device to minimize lead inductance.

Termination

The output buffer structure is shown in the Figure 8.

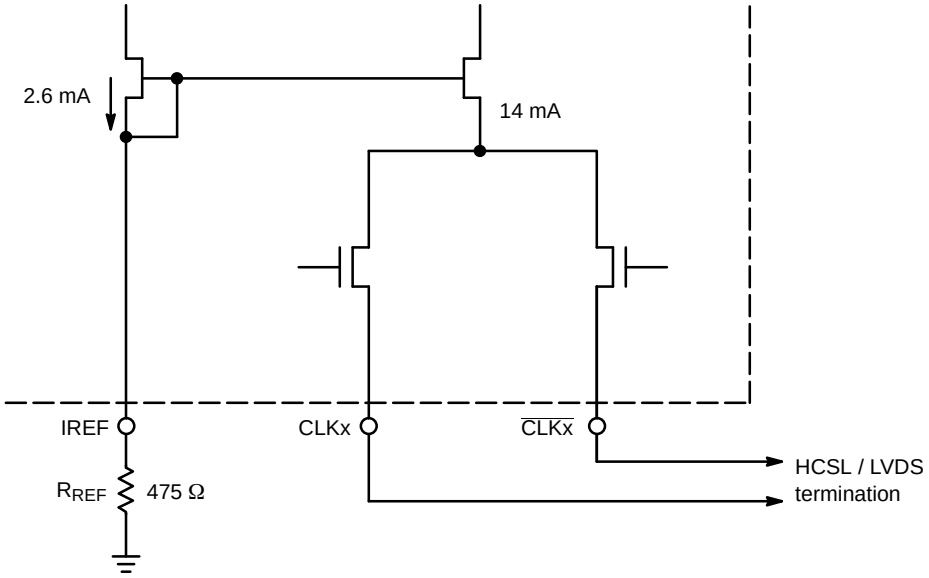


Figure 8. Simplified Output Structure

The outputs can be terminated to drive HCSL receiver (see Figure 9) or LVDS receiver (see Figure 10). HCSL output interface requires 49.9 Ω termination resistors to GND for generating the output levels. LVDS output interface may not require the 100 Ω near the LVDS receiver if the receiver has internal 100 Ω termination. An optional series resistor R_L may be connected to reduce the overshoots in case of impedance mismatch.

HCSL INTERFACE

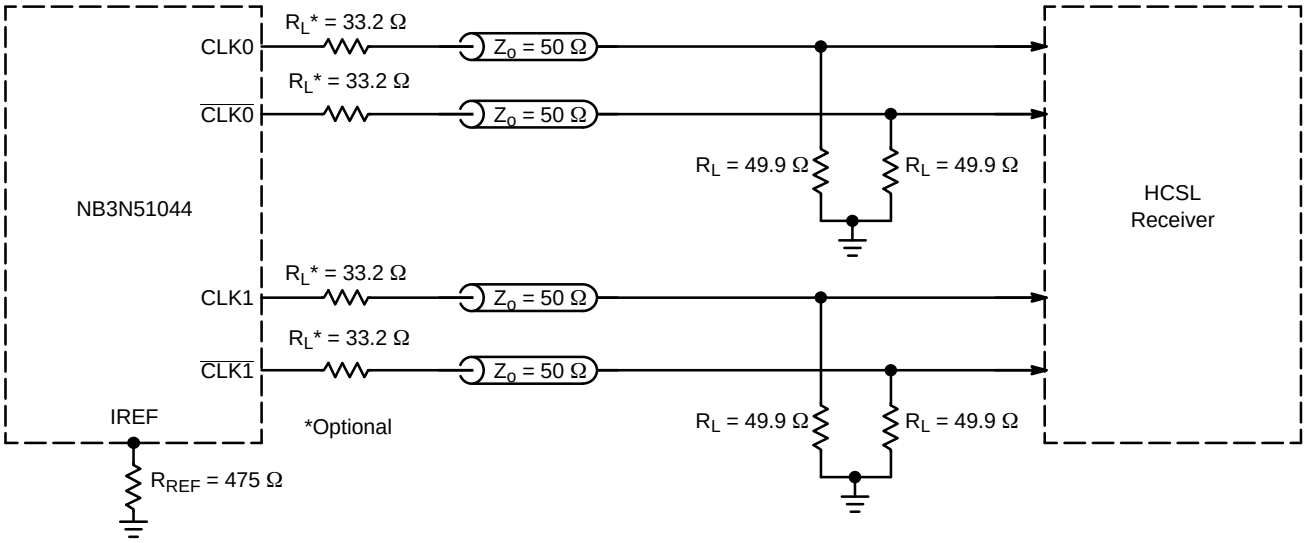


Figure 9. Typical Termination for HCSL Output Driver and Device Evaluation

LVDS COMPATIBLE INTERFACE

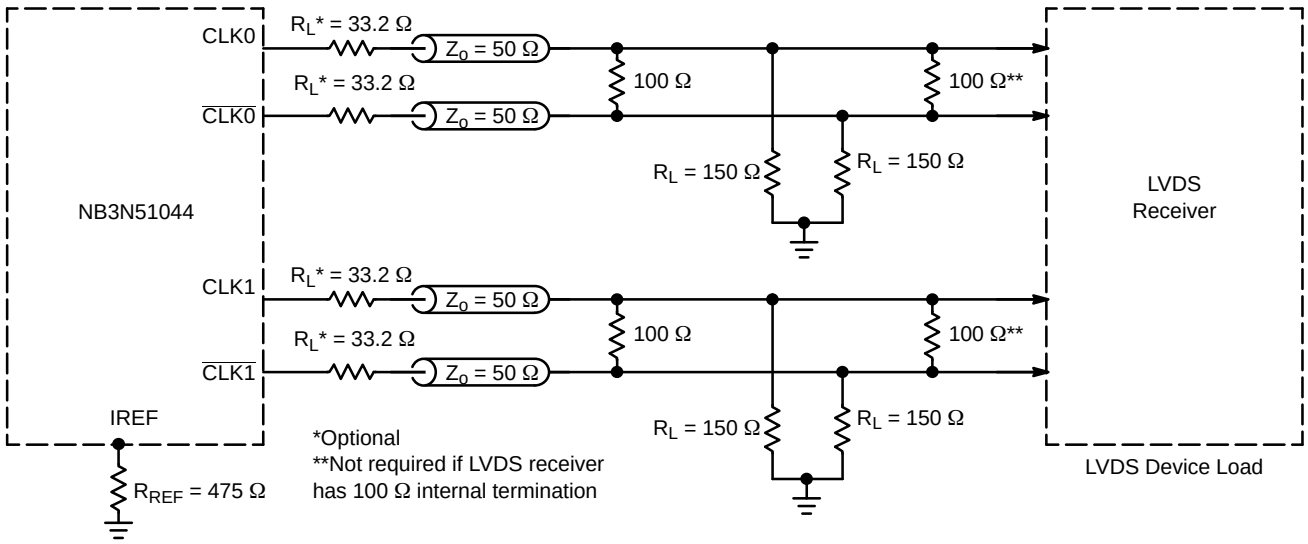


Figure 10. Typical Termination for LVDS Device Load

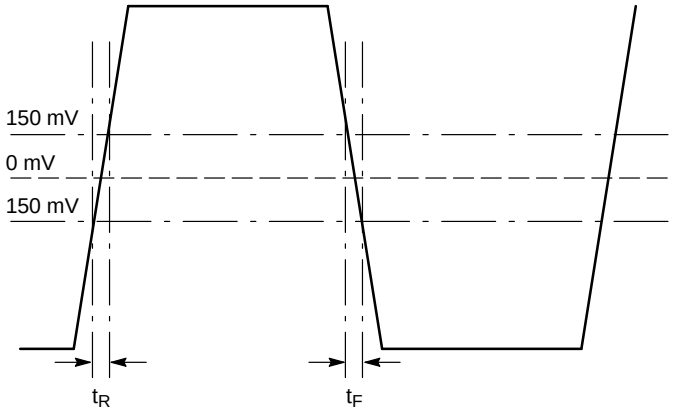


Figure 11. HCSL Differential Measurement of t_R/t_F

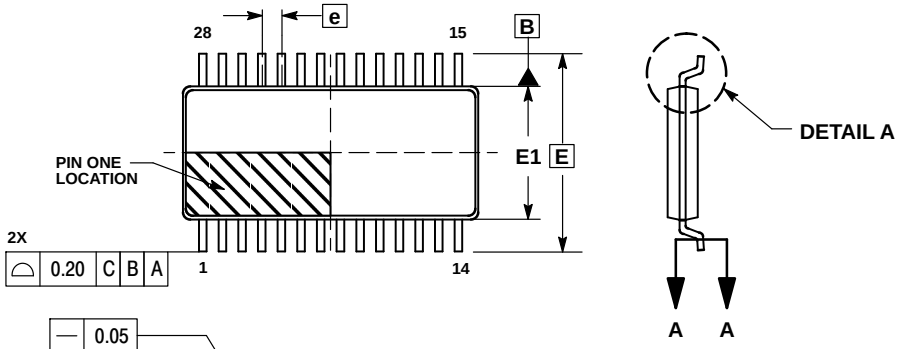
ORDERING INFORMATION

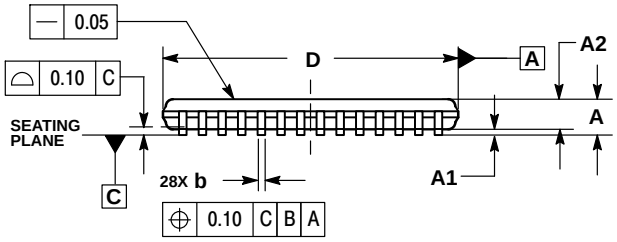
Device	Temperature	Package	Shipping†
NB3N51044DTG	−40°C to 85°C	TSSOP−28 (Pb−Free)	96 Units / Rail
NB3N51044DTR2G	−40°C to 85°C	TSSOP−28 (Pb−Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel

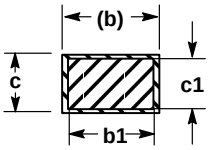
†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

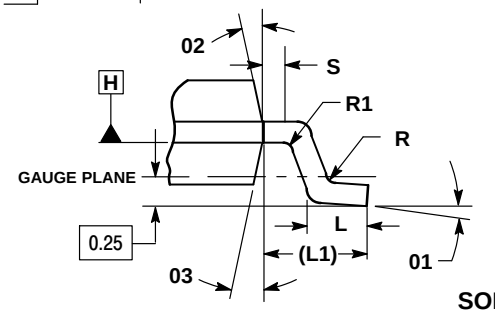
TSSOP28
CASE 948AA
ISSUE A







SECTION A−A

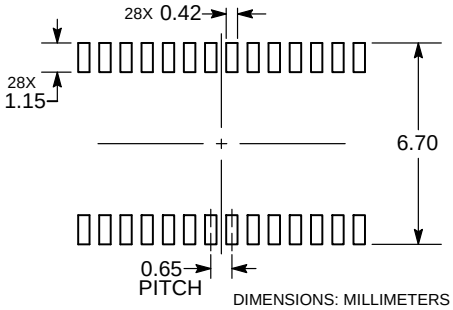


DETAIL A

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 MM TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE “b” DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
4. DATUMS A AND B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.

	MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX
A	−−−	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
b1	0.19	0.25
c	0.09	0.20
c1	0.09	0.16
D	9.60	9.80
E	6.40 BSC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BSC	
L	0.45	0.75
L1	1.00 REF	
R	0.09	−−−
R1	0.09	−−−
S	0.20	−−−
01	0 °	8 °
02	12 ° REF	
03	12 ° REF	

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

ON Semiconductor and ON are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of SCILLC’s product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent−Marking.pdf. SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. “Typical” parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including “Typicals” must be validated for each customer application by customer’s technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:
Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor
P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA
Phone: 303−675−2175 or 800−344−3860 Toll Free USA/Canada
Fax: 303−675−2176 or 800−344−3867 Toll Free USA/Canada
Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800−282−9855 Toll Free USA/Canada
Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:
Phone: 421 33 790 2910
Japan Customer Focus Center
Phone: 81−3−5817−1050

ON Semiconductor Website: **www.onsemi.com**

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative