

2400 bps Single Chip Full Duplex Data Modem with Protocol

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ML7012-06 is a single chip modem LSI device that enables data communication conforming to ITU-T recommendations V.22bis, V.22 and V.21. This LSI is also equipped with the error correction protocol function complying with MNP-class 4. (The MNP-class 4 is available in V.22bis or V.22 mode.)

The ML7012-06 consists of high speed DSP, analog front end, and digital logic circuit. In addition, this device provides local analog loop testing, synchronous/asynchronous converter, dialing, and auto answering functions.

The ML7012-06 has an external serial interface. When integrated into the system, it is controlled from a control CPU through a serial interface (e.g. UART). By connecting a level converter, the ML7012-06 can easily implement a modem that can be controlled through the RS-232C-interface.

FEATURES

- Conforming to ITU-T Recommendations V.22 bis, V.22, and V.21: Asynchronous
- Error correction function compliant to MNP-class 4
- Serial interface: V.24 interface
- AT commands (excluding automatic command speed detection)
- Terminal data speed between DTE and DCE: 9600 bps, 2400 bps, 1200 bps, 300 bps
- Character format: 10 bit/character
- DTMF generating function
- Pulse-dial control signal outputs
- Call progress tone detection
- Auto answering function
- Built-in electronic hybrid circuit (a line transformer can be directly coupled)
- Single +3 V power supply
- Power consumption: Typ.= 35mA (VDD=3.3V)
- Package: 64-pin plastic QFP (QFP64-P-1414-0.80-BK) (ML7012-06GA)
- * MNP (Microcom Networking Protocol) is a registered trademark of Hewlett-Packard Company (previously Microcom Corp.)

BLOCK DIAGRAM



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PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



64-Pin Plastic QFP

Note: Pins marked (NC) are no-connection pins that are left open.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

System & Clock

Symbol	Туре	Description
0000	т	Pins to connect crystal, resistors and capacitors for the master clock oscillation.
OSC0	1	When supplying the master clock from an external source, use OSC0 and leave OSC1 open.
0801	0	Master clock frequency = 11.0592 MHz. When $\overline{PDN/RST} = "0"$, OSC1 outputs "1".
OSCI	0	Refer to the "Connection of Crystal Oscillator" in page 20 for further details.
	I	Power-down and reset control input pin. When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, this device is in the
		power-down state and internal circuits are reset.
		"0": Power-down state, "1": Normal operation
		After power-on, set this pin to "0" for 1 μ s or more to reset internal circuits.
PDN/RS1		230 ms (min.) is required to resume normal operation after reset release.
		If this pin remains at "0" after power-on, the internal circuits become undefined and the
		power-down current may increase. To avoid this, input "1" to this pin and start oscillation or
		input the master clock to operate the internal circuits, and then set it to "0"

V.24 Serial Interface

Symbol	Туре	Description
		Transmission data input pin
STD	Ι	"0": Space, "1": Mark
		Receive data output pin
SRD	0	"0": Space, "1": Mark
		When $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST} = "0"$, SRD outputs "1".
DTC	т	RTS (Request to Send) signal input pin
KI S	1	"0": On, "1": Off
		CTS (Clear to Send) signal output pin
CTS	0	"0": On, "1": Off
		When $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST} = "0"$, CTS outputs "1".
		DCD (Data Carrier Detect) signal output pin
DCD	0	"0": On, "1": Off
		When $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST} = "0"$, DCD outputs "1".
		DSR (Data Set Ready) signal output pin
DSR	0	"0": On, "1": Off
		When $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST} = "0"$, DSR outputs "1".
DTP	т	DTR (Data Terminal Ready) signal input pin
DIK	1	"0": On, "1": Off
		CI (Calling Indicator) signal output pin (*2)
CI	0	"0": On, "1": Off
		When $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST} = "0"$, CI outputs "1".

Analog Interface

Symbol	Туре	Description
AOUT	0	Transmit analog output pin
AUUT	0	When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, AOUT is in a high impedance state.
RCI	Ι	Operational amplifier input pin constituting transmit RC active
BCAO	0	Operational amplifier output pin constituting transmit RC active
KCAU	0	When $\overline{\text{PDN}/\text{RST}} = "0"$, RCAO is in a high impedance state.
TXAI	Ι	Input pin of the first line transformer drive amplifier
TVAN	0	Output pin of the first line transformer drive amplifier
IAAN	0	When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, TXAN is in a high impedance state.
		Output pin of the second line transformer drive amplifier
TXAP	0	Outputs the inverted signal of TXAN
		When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, TXAP is in a high impedance state.
AIN	Ι	Input pin of the receive input amplifier
COD	0	Output pin of the receive input amplifier
GSK	0	When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, GSR is in a high impedance state.
		Output of internal signal ground circuited
SG	0	Connect to GNDA through 1µF capacitor.
		When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, SG is in a high impedance state.

PSTN Line Control Interface

Symbol	Туре	Description
		Output pin of signals to control off-hook and dial pulses. (*1)
RLY1	0	"0" : On-hook or break state of dial pulse, "1" : Off-hook or make state of dial pulse
		When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, this pin outputs "0".
		Output pin of signals to control a connection to a parallelly connected telephone. (*1)
RLY2		"0" : phone line is connected to the parallelly connected phone
	0	"1" : phone line is connected to the modem (the parallelly connected phone is disconnected from
		the phone line)
		When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, this pin outputs "0".
		Call-in state input pin. (*2)
	т	Input "0" when call-in is detected.
	1	Input "1" when call-in is not detected.
		When a ring detect circuit is not used, input "1".
		Output for speaker control signal
SPK	0	"0" : speaker On , "1": speaker Off
		When $\overline{\text{PDN}}/\overline{\text{RST}} = "0"$, this pin outputs "1".

Other Interface

Symbol	I/O			Description			
		Data Transmission Speed between DTE and DCE					
SPEED 1	Ι		SPEED 1	SPEED 0	Speed		
			0	0	300 bps		
			0	1	1200 bps		
SPEED 0	Ι		1	0	2400 bps		
			1	1	9600 bps		

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Test Interface

Symbol	Туре					Description		
TST2 to 0	Ι	Test p	ins for t	the LSI	manufa	icturer. Input "0".		
		In nor The ir TI5, T	In normal operation state, input "0" to all of the TI8 to 0. The input combination in the table below realizes test modes. (Input "0" to TI8, TI6 TI5, TI3, and TI2 in the case, too.)					
		TI7	TI4	TI1	TI0	Test function, description		
		1	0	0	0	Continuous output of DTMF tones (Code A)		
TI8 to 0		1	1	0	0	Continuous output of originate scramble "1" of V.22bis (2400bps)		
	Ι	1	1	0	1	Continuous output of answer scramble "1" of V.22bis (2400bps)		
		1	0	1	0	AC loop test It takes approx. 2 seconds to get into the AC loop test mode. RTS signal is required to be ON.		
		When intend When	enterin led. escapir	g a test	mode, of the test	execute reset using $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST}$ pin after TI8 to 0 are set as mode, execute reset using $\overline{PDN}/\overline{RST}$ pin after TI8 to 0 are		
		set to	"0".	5 110111	ine test			
TO10 to 0	0	Leave	open					

Power Supply

Symbol	Туре	Description
VDDA	Ι	Analog VDD pin. Supply 2.7 - 3.6V.
		Connect a ceramic capacitor with good high frequency characteristics (0.1 to $1\mu F$) and an
		electrolytic capacitor (10 to 20µF) in parallel between this terminal and GNDA.
GNDA	Ι	Analog GND pin
VDD2 to	1 I	Digital VDD pins. Supply 2.7 - 3.6V. Supply the same voltage to the VDDA.
		Connect a ceramic capacitor with good high frequency characteristics (0.1 to $1\mu F$) and an
		electrolytic capacitor (10 to 20μF) in parallel between this terminal and GND2/GND1.
GND2 to	1 I	Digital GND pins.
(*1) RLY1 _ RLY2 _	P	re-pause Dialing Communicating Commands
	Line conne	ction
(*2)		
RII		
		150ms 400ms
CI		
		a call-in signal —

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3 to +5.0	V
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Digital Input Voltage	V _{DIN}	-0.3 toV _{DD} +0.3	V
Power dissipation	P _D	to 500	mW
Output short-circuit current	I _{OUT}	to 90	mA
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

	Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage		V _{DD}	—	2.7		3.6	V
Operating Temperature		T _{OP}	_	-20	+25	+70	°C
High Le	High Level Input Voltage		All digital input pins	$0.7\times V_{\text{DD}}$		V_{DD}	V
Low Level Input Voltage		V _{IL}	excluding OSC0	0		$0.16 \times V_{\text{DD}}$	V
Digital	Input Rise time	tir	All digital input ning			20	ns
Digital Input Fall Time		tif		_		20	ns
Input C	lock Frequency Deviation	FMCK	11.0592 MHz	-100		+100	ppm
Master CLK Duty Ratio		DMCK	Input to OSC0	40	50	60	%
Digital Output Load		C _{DL}	Digital output pins			50	pF
R1to R3 Resistance Ratio (R3/R1)		Rrat1	_		1	1.05	
		Rrat2	V _{DD} ≥3V			2	_
K410 K.	(KS/K4)	Rrat3	V _{DD} ≥2.7V	_		1.6	
SG Byp	ass Capacitor	C _{SG}	SG pin	1		_	μF
Oscillat	or Feedback Resistance	R _{OSC}	Between OSC0 and OSC1	800	1000	1200	KΩ
OSC0 a	nd OSC1 Load Capacitance	C ₀₁ , C ₀₂	OSC0 and OSC1 pins	_	15	_	pF
	Oscillation Frequency		_		11.0592	_	MHz
Createl	Frequency Deviation		Including temperature characteristics	-80		+80	ppm
Crystal	Equivalent Series Resistance *1	_		_	_	90	Ω
	Load Capacitance *1	_	—		12	_	pF

*1: If a matching by a crystal manufacturer is sufficiently verified, the values of equivalent series resistance and load capacitance may be changeable so long as the frequency deviation is within the range specified above.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

			$(V_{DD} = 2.7)$	V to 3.6 V, Ta	$a = -20^{\circ}$ C to -10° C	+70°C)
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Dowor Supply Current	I _{DD}	—		35	65	mA
Power Supply Current	I _{DDS}	During power-down (*1)		1	1000	μA
Inmut I color on Comment	I _{IH}	$V_I = V_{DD}$		0	20	μA
Input Leakage Current	I _{IL}	V _I =0V	_	0	20	μA
High I and Digital Output Valtage	V _{OH1}	I_{0H} = -5mA (*2)	$0.8 imes V_{\text{DD}}$	$0.96 \times V_{DD}$	_	V
High Level Digital Output Voltage	V _{OH2}	I_{0H} = -0.4mA (*3)	$0.8 \times V_{\text{DD}}$	$0.99 \times V_{DD}$		V
Low Level Digital Output Voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{0L}=3.2$ mA		0.1	0.4	V
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	_		5		pF

*1 When the power down mode is activated while the device is in operating mode.

*2 Applicable to RLY1 and RLY2 pins. The output current from these pins must be limited less than 8 mA by the external circuitry.

*3 Applicable to all digital output pins except RLY1 and RLY2.

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Analog Interface

C				$(V_{DD} = 1)$	2.7V to 3	.6 V, Ta =	-20°C to	+70°C)
Parameter	Symbol		Condi	ition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	N RCI, TXAI, AIN		_	10	_	MΩ	
Output L and Paristance	R _{L1}	AOU	T, RCA	AO, GSR	20	_		kΩ
Output Load Resistance	R _{L2}	Between	TXAN	N and TXAP	1080			Ω
Output Load Capacitance	CL	Aı	nalog o	output	_	_	100	pF
SG Output Voltage	V _{SG}		SC	Ĵ	1.3	1.4	1.65	V
SG Output Impedance	R _{SG}		SC	Ĵ	—	30		kΩ
Carrier Output Level	VAOM	AO	UT, S3	4 = 0 dB	-19.5	-18.0	-16.0	dBm *1
DTMF Low Group Output Level	VDTL	AO	UT, S3	5 = 0 dB	-17.0	-15.5	-13.5	dBm
DTMF High Group Output Level	VDTH	AOUT, $S35 = 0 dB$		-16.0	-14.5	-12.5	dBm	
DTMF Output Frequency Precision	TSDF	Against nominal frequency		-1.5	—	+1.5	%	
Answer Tone Output Level	VAOAT	AOUT, $S34 = 0 dB$		-20.0	-18.0	-15.5	dBm	
Answer Tone Output Frequency Precision	TSAF	Ag	ainst 2	2100 Hz	-10	—	+10	Hz
	VS1		4	4 to 8 kHz			-20	dBm
Undesired Sending Level	VS2	TXAN,	8	to 12 kHz			-40	dBm
Undesired Sending Lever	VS3 TXAP		12 kHz or more (each 4 kHz band)		_	_	-60	dBm
Carrier Receive Input Level	VGSR		GSR 1	evel	-46		-15	dBm
Carrier Detection Level	VON	CCD 1	-1 * 2	$OFF \rightarrow ON$	-46	_	_	dBm
Carrier Detection Level	VOFF	USK lev	el +2	$ON \rightarrow OFF$		_	-54	dBm
Carrier Detection Delay Time	t _{CDD}			$OFF \rightarrow ON$	—	25		ms
Carrier Detection Hold Time	T _{CDH}			$ON \rightarrow OFF$	—	15		ms
Answer Tone Detection / Non-detection Level	ATDL		GSR I	evel	_	-50		dBm
Call Progress Tone Detection / Non-detection Level	CPDL		GSR l	evel		-50		dBm

*1 The unit of the signal level (dBm) is 0 dBm = 0.775 Vrms at 600 Ω

*2 The values of the carrier detection level are those for QAM, PSK and FSK modulation signals.

COMMAND DESCRIPTIONS

AT Commands

Command format :

AT commands begin with $\langle AT \rangle$ or $\langle at \rangle$. Character strings to a carriage return code are interpreted as commands to be executed successively. A result code is returned to DTE after the completion of interpretations.

AT Command, Command, Command,	CR	LF	
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However, the commands of A, D, Dc, On, Zn, Ax, &Tn and &Zn must be set at the end of the sequence of commands. Commands following above commands in the same command line are ignored.

The maximum command character string is 40 characters (space <20h> is ignored).

Input characters can be deleted only by a backspace function in default (The code assignment can be altered).

<CR> is a Carriage Return code in default (The code assignment can be altered).

<LF> is a Line Feed code (Not mandatory; The code assignment can be altered).

Both capital and small letters can be recognized with the exception of At and aT. The communication with the terminal when inputting commands is handled in asynchronous mode, and the character format is checked automatically as soon as $\langle AT \rangle$ or $\langle at \rangle$ is input.

Normal operation of the device cannot be guaranteed, when character strings or parameters not listed below are input.

Terminal data speed and character format :

The communication mode to DTE with the V.24 interface is as follows: Terminal data speed : 9600/2400/1200/300 bps Character format : Listed below

Start bit	Data bit	Parity	Stop bit	Character length
1	7	None	2	10
1	7	Odd number	1	10
1	7	Even number	1	10
1	8	None	1	10

AT command list :

If a	parameter	(n)) is not s	pecified	in the	command line	e, a default	t value n=0	is assumed.
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CMD	Style	Function	Initial Value	Note
+++AT		Switches from the data mode to the on-line command mode.		AT and <cr></cr>
<cr></cr>		It becomes effective when it is inputted as follows.		don't go before
		+++AT <cr></cr>		the command.
		Switching to the on-line command mode is performed after the input of		
		<cr>.</cr>		
Α	ATA	Starts line connection in answer mode		
	ATD	Starts line connection in originate mode		
		Connects lines in originate mode after dialing.		
		c: Dial control character		
		Pulse: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9		
		Tone: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, *, #		
		(a) Silence Detection		
		Dialing is executed when continuous silence of 5 sec is detected within		
		the period specified in S/ register.		
		Sends back BUSY when busy tone is detected and sends back NO		
		ANSWER when no shence is detected after fing back tone.		
		l Elash		
		On-hook for 0.5sec, and off-hook again		
D	ATDc	on nook for 0.5500, and on nook again.		
		. Comma		
		Dialing is put on hold for the period specified in the S8 register for pause		
		settings.		
		; Moves to command mode without disconnecting lines after dialing is		
		completed.		
		P: Dials the numbers in pulse mode thereafter.		
		T: Dials the numbers in tone mode thereafter.		
		W: Detects a dial tone.		
		Continues the dial string process when a dial tone is detected during the		
		period specified in S/ register regardless of A1Xn command settings.		
		Soloat the command cabe back ontion		
Е	٨Τ٢٣	Select the command input characters are not school hack $n=0$. The command input characters are not school hack	1	
E	ALEII	n=0. The command input characters are echoed back.	1	
		Controls the line connection		
н	ATHn	n=0. on-hook		
11	711111	n=1: off-hook		
		Returns the modem manufacturer's code. The execution of ATI0 <cr></cr>		
Ι	ATI0	will results in return of a result code. "24A", back to the DTE.		
		Selects the monitor speaker operation.		
		n=0: Always OFF		
М	ATMn	n=1: ON from dialing to line connection	1	
		n=2: Always ON		
		n=3: ON when connected with a remote modem		
0	ATO	Returns from the on-line command mode to the data mode.		
Р	ATP	Set to pulse dialing mode		

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CMD	Style	Function	Initial Value	Note
	-	Selects the result code transmission.		
0	ATOn	n=0: Result code is transmitted.	0	
`		n=1: Result code is not transmitted.	-	
	ATSr	Sets the pointer value for S register to "r".		
S	ATSr?	Echoes back the contents of S register specified by "r".		
	ATSr=d	Sets the content of S register specified by "r" to "d'.		
Т	ATT	Sets dialing mode to DTMF.		
		Selects the type of result code.		
V	ATVn	n=0: Number	1	
		n=1: Characters		
		Selects the extended result code and call progress tone detection.		
		n E di De la Cul		
		0 1 2 3 4 Function Result Code		
		o o o o Line connection 300 bps CONNECT		
Х	ATXn	— o o o Line connection 1200 bps CONNECT 1200	4	
		- 0 0 0 Line connection 2400 bps CONNECT 2400	-	
		- $ -$ Dial tone detection NO DIAL TONE		
		0 0 Busy tone detection BUSY		
7	ΔΤ7	Reset in the same way the PDN/BST nin is set to "0"		
	1112	Controls data carrier detection signals (DCD)		
&C	ΔT&Cn	n=0: Always sets DCD to ON	0	
uc	mach	n=1: Controls DCD by detecting reception carriers	0	
		Controls the modern dependent upon DTR signal state		
		n=0: Ignores DTR signals		
		n=1: Ignores DTR signals but goes to on-line command mode when the		
&D	AT&Dn	change of DTR from ON to OFF is detected during data mode	2	
		n=2 and 3. Terminates the call and goes to command mode when the		
		change of DTR from ON to OFF is detected during data mode		
		Sets the guard tone transmission.		
		n=0: No guard tone	0	
æG	Al&Gn	n=1: With guard tone of 550 Hz	0	
		n=2: With guard tone of 1800 Hz		
		Sets the make ratio of pulse dialing.		
0 D	ATT O D	n=0: 39% (10pps)		
æΡ	Al&Pn	n=1: 33% (10pps)	1	
		n=2: 33% (20pps)		
		Controls the loop back test mode.		
		n=0: Ceases test mode		
		n=1: Starts local analog loop back test (ALB)		
		n=2 or 3: None		
&Т	AT&Tn	n=4: Responds to the RDL test request	—	
		n=5: Does not respond to the RDL test request		
		n=6: Starts remote digital loop back test (RDL)		
		n=7: Starts RDL self-diagnostic test.		
		n=8: Starts ALB self-diagnostic test.		
		Selects automatic re-training function due to poor incoming conditions of		
0/ E	AT0/ Em	the receive section.	1	
70E	AI 70EII	n=0: Automatic re-training is disabled.	1	
		n=1: Automatic re-training is enabled.		

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CMD	Style	Function	Initial Value	Note
\L	AT\Ln	Checks kinds of line connection and returns the result n=0: Checks whether it's connected with a PBX (0-starting dialing) or directly connected to PSTN. n=1:.Checks between pulse dialing line or tone dialing line	-	
\N	AT∖Nn	 Selects data control mode. n=0,1: Selects normal mode (without error correction). n=2,3,4,5: None n=6 : Selects reliable mode. Disconnects the line when MNP connection is not available. n=7 : Selects auto-reliable mode. Connects in normal mode when MNP connection is not available. 	7	
\Q	AT\Qn	Selects the flow control between DTE and modem. n=0: No flow control (Connects in direct mode when AT\Nn=AT\N0 or AT\N1) n=1,2: None n=3: Bi-directional control by CTS/RTS	3	Only 1200/2400bps mode is available in direct mode.
\V	AT\Vn	Selects extended result code. n=0: Displays the normal result code. n=1: Displays the result code with the mode of the MNP connection. n=2, 3: None	0	

Note : When the data rate between the DTE and the DCE is 9600bps and the normal mode is set, set the n-value to 3 in AT\Qn.

Note : Connecting in direct mode, a prior check to see if the modem on the remote side is also in a direct mode must be made.

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Result Codes

Result Code Description :

The result code is returned to DTE after AT command is executed. Two types of result codes are available and can be selected by the Vn command. It is possible to select whether the result code is returned or not by using the Qn command. The format of 2 types of result codes is as follows:

In the case of number <u>Number</u> <u>CR</u> In the case of characters <u>CR</u> <u>LF</u> Result Character string <u>CR</u> <u>LF</u>

Result Code List :

Number	Character string	Meaning
0	OK	Command is correctly executed.
1	CONNECT	Connected.
2	RING	Call-in signal is detected.
3	NO CARRIER	Aborted the connection or on-hook
4	ERROR	Found the error in the command
5	CONNECT 1200	Connected at 1200 bps
6	NO DIAL TONE	Dial tone cannot be detected.
7	BUSY	Busy tone is detected.
8	NO ANSWER	Silence state cannot be detected.
10	CONNECT 2400	Connected at 2400 bps
12	CONNECT 9600	Connected at 9600 bps in normal mode
22	CONNECT 1200/REL	Connected at 1200 bps in MNP mode
23	CONNECT 2400/REL	Connected at 2400 bps in MNP mode
90	EXT	Judges as PBX connection
91	DIRECT	Judges as direct connection
92	DTMF	Judges as tone dialing line
93	PULSE	Judges as pulse dialing line

REGISTERS

S Register Setting :

In this modem, memory used as S registers is provided in RAM to set variables used for modem environment settings or to read modem status.

Normal operation is not guaranteed when register numbers not specified in this data sheet or parameters outside the specification are input.

(1) S register setting The format to set S registers is as follows: AT < Sn > = <d><n> specifies the register no. in decimal (0 to 27, 34, 35). <d> specifies the number to be set from decimal 0 to 255. If no number is specified at <n> and <d>, it is regarded as "0".

(2) S register reference
The format to refer to S registers is as follows:
ATS<n>
<n> specifies the register no. in decimal (0 to 27, 34, 35)
If no number is specified at <n>, it is regarded as "0".

S Register List :

Refer to the "Bit map S Register list" if the function is specified as "Bit map register".

Register No.	Set Range	Unit	Initial Value	Function			
				Setting of the number to receive the ring signal in			
0	0-255	time	0	automatic receive mode. When set to "0", automatic			
				receive function is disabled.			
1	0-255	time	0	The number of rings received			
2		—		Not used			
3	0-127	ASCII code	13	Carriage return code			
4	0-127	ASCII code	10	Line feed code			
5	0-127	ASCII code	8	Back space code			
6	4-255	sec	4	Pause time from off-hook to start dialing (Only when setting ATX0, X1, and X3)			
7	1-115	sec	60	Waiting time for carrier from the far end modem. The device is set to on-hook when no carrier is detected after the time specified.			
8	0-255	sec	2	Pause time for dialing. It is referred when dial character $<, >$ is used.			
9				Not used			
10	1-255	1/10 sec	14	Carrier lost detection time The device is set to on-hook automatically when the lost carrier signal is longer than the specified time. Carrier lost detection is invalid when 255 is set.			
11	1-255	1/100 sec	9	DTMF tone transmit time Sets DTMF transmit time. DTMF tone is continuously transmitted when set at 255.			
12				Not used			
13	_	_		Not used			
14	_	_	170	Bit map register			
15	_	_		Not used			
16	_	_	0	Bit map register			
17		_		Not used			
18	0-255	sec	0	Timer for loop back test			
19		—		Not used			
20		_		Not used			
21			18	Bit map register			
22		_	244	Bit map register			
23		_	23	Bit map register			
24~27	_	_		Not used			
34	0-255	dB	2	Sets the level attenuator of transmit carrier. When 15 to 255 is input, value is fixed to 15.			
35	0-255	dB	0	Sets the sending level attenuator of DTMF signal. When 15 to 255 is input, value is fixed to 15.			

Refer to the "Analog Interface" for the analog transmit level for S34 and S35.

Refer to the "Analog Interface" for the analog transmit level 101 554 and 555.
Waiting time for carrier from the far end modem set by S7 starts at a timing of off-hook.

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Bit Map Register List :

S14]			
Bit	Initial value	Function enabled by "0"	Function enabled by "1"	Command
7	1	Answer mode	Originate mode	A, D
6	0	Not used	Not used	
5	1	Tone dial	Pulse dial	Т, Р
4	0	Pulse speed = 10pps	Pulse speed = 20pps	&P
3	1	Makes the result code the number.	Makes the result code the character string.	V
2	0	With the result code	No result code	Q
1	1	No echo back	With echo back	E
0	0	Not used	Not used	

S16				
Bit	Initial value	Function enabled by "0"	Function enabled by "1"	Command
7	0	Not used	Not used	
6	0	Stops analog loop back self-diagnostic.	Analog loop back self-diagnostic	&T8
5	0	Stops remote digital loop back self-diagnostic.	Remote digital loop back self-diagnostic	&T7
4	0	Stops remote digital loop back test.	Remote digital loop back test	&T6
3	0	Not used	Not used	
2	0	Not used	Not used	
1	0	Not used	Not used	
0	0	Stops analog loop back test.	Analog loop back test	&T1

S21				
Bit	Initial value	Function enabled by "0"	Function enabled by "1"	command
7	0	Not used	Not used	
6	0	Not used	Not used	
5	0	CD signal is always ON.	CD signal is ON by carrier detection.	&C
4	1			&D
3	0		$0 _ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	DTR Control
2	0	Not used	Not used	
1	1	Auto re-train disabled	Auto re-train enabled	%Е
0	0	Not used	Not used	

S22										
Bit	Initial value	Funct	tion enabled by '	" 0 "		Function enabled by "1"				Command
7	1	Pulse dial ma	tke ration = 39%		Pulse dial make ration = 33%				&Р	
6	1	0	1	1 —		1 -		1 —		X
5	1	0 X0	0 X1	0	X2	1	X3	1	X4	Extended
4	1	0	0 1			0		1		command
3	0	0 — M0	0M1	1	мэ	1	M2			м
2	1		1 IVI I	0	IVIZ	1	1013			1 v1
1	0	Not used			Not us	sed				
0	0	Not used			Not us	sed				

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S23				
Bit	Initial value	Function enabled by "0" Function enabled by "	1"	Command
7	0		802	8-0
6	0		aus	æG
5	0	0 Parity 0 Parity 1 Parity 1	Parity	
4	1	0 $__$ Even No. 1 $__$ Mark 0 $__$ Odd No 1 $__$	None	
3	0	Not used Not used		
2	1	Not used Not used		
1	1	Not used Not used		
0	1	Ignores the remote digital loop back Complies to the remote digital	loop back	PT1 PT5
0	1	request. request.		a14, a15

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

Analog Interface



AN EXAMPLE OF LEVEL DIAGRAM

- Modem transmission, V_{DD} ≥ 3 V AOUT = -20dBm, RCAO = -20dBm, TXAN = -14dBm, TXAP = -14dBm, LINE = -16dBm (S34 = 2dB(default), R5/R4 = 2, Loss at a transformer = 2dB)
 DTMF Transmission, V_{DD} ≥ 3 V DTMF high group level, DTMF low group level is approx. 1dB lower than
- 2. DTMF fransmission, $v_{DD} \ge 3$ v DTMF high group level, DTMF low group level is approx. Tab lower that below.

AOUT = -14.5dBm, RCAO = -14.5dBm, TXAN = -8.5dBm, TXAP = -8.5dBm, LINE = -10.5dBm (S35 = 0dB(default), R5/R4 = 2, Loss at a transformer = 2dB)

- 3. Modem transmission, $V_{DD} \ge 2.7V$ AOUT = -20dBm, RCAO = -20dBm, TXAN = -15.9dBm, TXAP = -15.9dBm, LINE = -17.9dBm
- (S34 = 2dB(default), R5/R4 = 1.6, Loss at a transformer = 2dB)
 DTMF Transmission, V_{DD} ≥ 2.7V DTMF high group level, DTMF low group level is approx. 1dB lower than below.
 AOUT = -14.5dBm, RCAO = -14.5dBm, TXAN = -10.4dBm, TXAP = -10.4dBm, LINE = -12.4dBm (S35 = 0dB(default), R5/R4 = 1.6, Loss at a transformer = 2dB)
- 5. Modem receive (max.) LINE= -9dBm, at connection of R6 and R7 = -11dBm, GSR= -15dBm, (R8/R7 = 0.63 = -4dB, Loss at a transformer = 2dB)
- 6. Modem receive (min.)
 LINE= -40dBm, at connection of R6 and R7 = -42dBm, GSR= -46dBm, (R8/R7 = 0.63 = -4dB, Loss at a transformer = 2dB)

CONNECTION OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR

Connect a 11.0592 MHz crystal and a 1 M Ω feedback resistor between OSC0 and OSC1.

The values of capacitors C_{01} and C_{02} connected between OSC0 and GND, and OSC1 and GND vary with the load capacitance of the crystal and the wiring capacitance of the board. Set the values by the crystal manufacture's matching evaluation.

If an external clock is used, input it to OSC0.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The surface mount type packages are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.

Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact ROHM's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code, and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

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REVISION HISTORY

Document No.	Date	Page		
		Previous Edition	Current Edition	Description
FEDL7012-06-01	May 2004	-	-	First edition
FEDL7012-06-02	Jun 28, 2004	1	1	Literal brush-up of descriptions under GENERAL DESCRIPTION
		1	1	Literal brush-up of descriptions under FEATURES
		4	4	Literal brush-up of descriptions under STD pin description
		11	11	Correction of ATD! function
		12	12	Functional description alternation for AT&T0
		13	13	Alternation of Note for AT\Qn setting in normal mode.
		17	17	Correction of functional descriptions for bit-7 and bit-6 of S21 bit map register.

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