Power line chokes

Current-compensated ring core double chokes
250 V AC, 0.5 … 6 A, 1 … 82 mH

Series/Type: **B82724A/J**

Date: July 2012

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Rated voltage 250 V AC
Rated current 0.5 ... 6 A
Rated inductance 1 ... 82 mH



B82724A



B82724J

Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke
- Ferrite core wih epoxy coating (UL 94 V-0)
- Polycarbonate case (UL 94 V-0)
- Polyurethane potting (UL 94 V-0)
- Sector winding

Features

- High resonance frequency due to special winding technique
- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2) and UL 1283
- UL[1)] and/or ENEC (VDE) approvals
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Switch-mode power applications
- Electronic ballasts in lamps
- Power inverters

Terminals

- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins 0.7 × 0.7 (mm)
- Lead spacing 15 × 12.5 (mm) or 30 × 20 (mm)

Marking

- Manufacturer, approval signs and/or VDE standard number, ordering code, graphic symbol, rated current, rated voltage, rated inductance, date of manufacture (YYWWD.internal ID code)

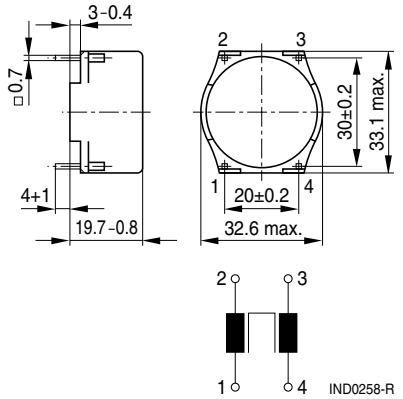
Delivery mode

- Blister tray in cardboard box

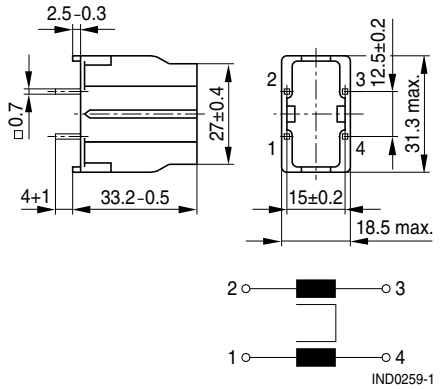
1) UL approval with 300 V AC

Dimensional drawings and pin configuration

Horizontal version (B82724A)



Vertical version (B82724J)



Tolerances to ISO 2768-C unless otherwise noted.
Dimensions in mm.

Technical data and measuring conditions

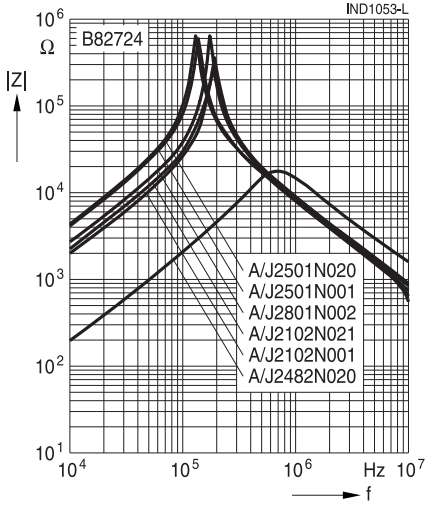
Rated voltage V_R	250 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Test voltage V_{test}	1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)
Rated temperature T_R	+40 °C / +45 °C / +50 °C / +60 °C / +70 °C
Rated current I_R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature
Rated inductance L_R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 0.1 mA, +20 °C Measuring frequency: $L_R \leq 1$ mH = 100 kHz $L_R > 1$ mH = 10 kHz Inductance is specified per winding.
Inductance tolerance	±30% at +20 °C
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I_R, +20 °C
Stray inductance $L_{stray,typ}$	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 5 mA, +20 °C, typical values Measuring frequency: $L_R \leq 1$ mH = 100 kHz $L_R > 1$ mH = 10 kHz
DC resistance R_{typ}	Measured at +20 °C, typical values, specified per winding
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	+(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C … +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH
Weight	Approx. 27 g … 32 g
Approvals	EN 60938-2, UL 1283

Characteristics and ordering codes

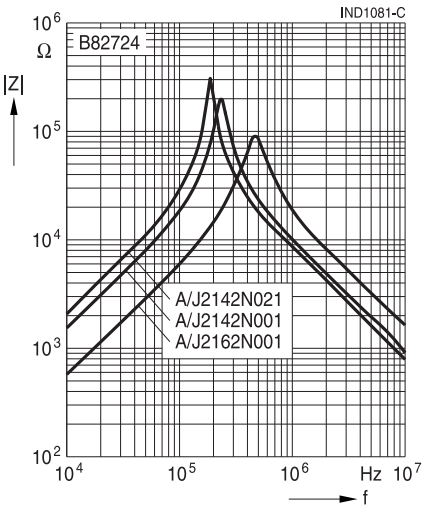
I_R	L_R	$L_{stray,typ}$	R_{typ}	T_R	Ordering code		Approvals	
A	mH	µH	mΩ	°C	Horizontal version	Vertical version		
0.5	82.0	1000	2300	+60	B82724A2501N001	B82724J2501N001	×	×
0.5	68.0	700	2000	+70	B82724A2501N020	B82724J2501N020	–	–
0.8	49.0	500	1950	+50	B82724A2801N002	–	×	–
0.8	49.0	500	1950	+50	–	B82724J2801N002	–	–
1.0	39.0	350	750	+60	B82724A2102N021	B82724J2102N021	×	×
1.0	33.0	400	750	+60	B82724A2102N001	B82724J2102N001	×	×
1.4	37.0	320	420	+60	B82724A2142N021	B82724J2142N021	×	×
1.4	27.0	260	460	+50	B82724A2142N001	B82724J2142N001	×	×
1.6	10.0	120	350	+60	B82724A2162N001	B82724J2162N001	×	×
1.8	33.0	300	400	+40	B82724A2182N021	B82724J2182N021	×	×
2.0	6.8	80	170	+60	B82724A2202N001	B82724J2202N001	×	×
2.2	20.0	180	250	+40	B82724A2222N021	B82724J2222N021	×	×
2.2	15.0	140	210	+45	B82724A2222N020	B82724J2222N020	×	×
2.5	10.0	90	140	+40	B82724A2252N020	B82724J2252N020	×	×
2.5	5.6	55	125	+60	B82724A2252N001	B82724J2252N001	×	×
2.7	6.6	60	110	+60	B82724A2272N020	B82724J2272N020	×	×
3.0	12.0	110	125	+40	B82724A2302N021	B82724J2302N021	×	×
3.3	5.6	45	95	+40	B82724A2332N001	B82724J2332N001	×	×
4.0	4.7	40	65	+60	B82724A2402N020	B82724J2402N020	×	×
4.0	3.3	35	65	+60	B82724A2402N001	B82724J2402N001	×	×
4.8	3.3	35	46	+70	B82724A2482N020	B82724J2482N020	–	–
5.0	2.5	25	38	+60	B82724A2502N001	B82724J2502N001	×	×
5.1	4.1	30	46	+60	B82724A2512N020	B82724J2512N020	×	×
6.0	3.3	17	25	+60	B82724A2602N041	B82724J2602N041	×	×
6.0	1.8	20	31	+40	B82724A2602N020	B82724J2602N020	×	×
6.0	1.0	12	23	+60	B82724A2602N001	B82724J2602N001	×	×

× = approval granted

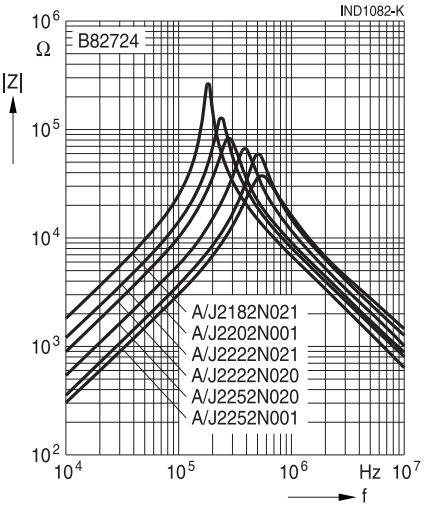
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f
measured with windings in parallel at +20 °C, typical values



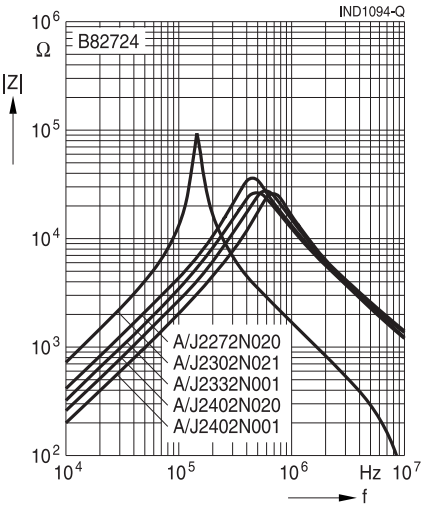
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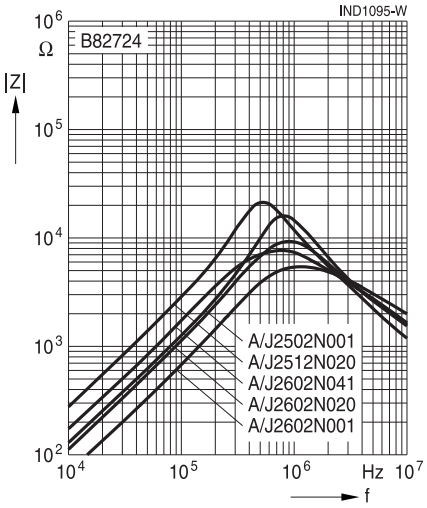
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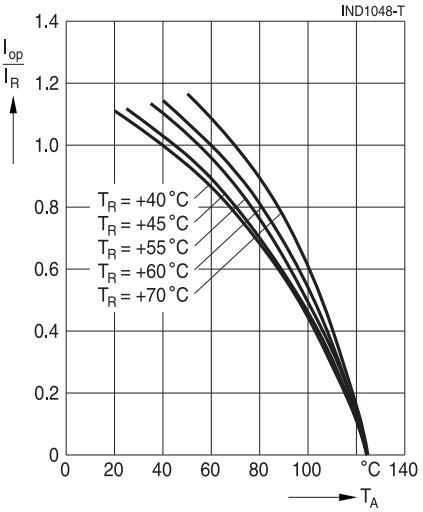
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f
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Impedance |Z| versus frequency f
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Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus temperature T_A



Cautions and warnings

Current-compensated ring core double chokes

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there. Derating must be applied in case the ambient temperature in the application exceeds the rated temperature of the component.
  - Ensure the operation temperature (which is the sum of the ambient temperature and the temperature rise caused by losses / self-heating) of the component in the application does not exceed the maximum value specified in the climatic category.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
  Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

Important notes

Current-compensated ring core double chokes

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2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified.** In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.

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