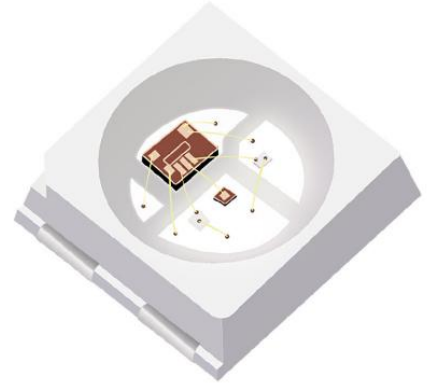


3535贴片式发光二极管

特点 (Characteristics) :

- * 外观尺寸 (L/W/H) :3.5*3.5*1.1 mm
Outline Dimensions (L / w / h): 3.5*3.5*1.1 mm
- * 发光颜色及胶体: 白色/黄色雾状
Luminous color and colloid: White/ Yellow mist
- * 环保工艺符合ROHS要求
Environmental protection products Complied With ROHS Directive
- * EIA规范标准包装
EIA standard packaging
- * 适用于SMT贴片自动化生产
Suitable for SMT automatic production
- * 适用于红外线回流焊制程
Suitable for infrared reflow soldering process



应用领域 (Product application) :

- * 医用设备: 内窥镜、血氧仪
Medical equipment: endoscope、oximeter
- * 汽车电子: 背光按键灯、指示灯
Automotive electronics: backlight key light、indicator light
- * 工业产品: 电子仪表盘、工业设备
Industrial products: electronic instrument panel、industrial equipment
- * 智能家居: 白色家电、数码管LED
Smart home: white appliances, nixie tube LED
- * 通讯产品: 手机按键灯、路由器、电视盒
Communication products: mobile phone button lamp, router



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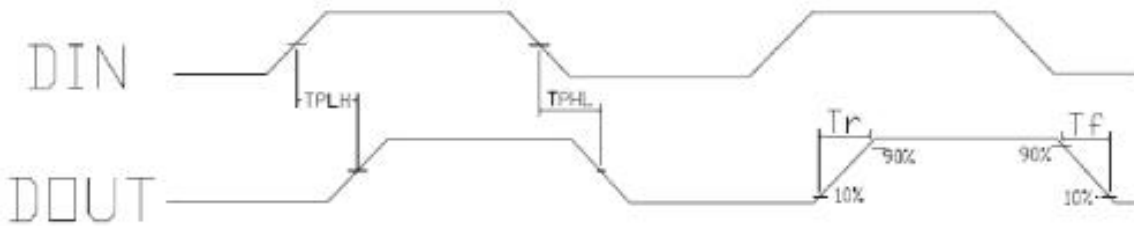
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电性参数

Electrical Characteristics

参数 Parameter	符号 Symbol	最小 Min	典型 Typical	最大 Max	单位 Unit	测试条件 Test conditions
数据传输速度 Data transmission speed	fDIN	-	800	-	KHZ	占空比 67% (数据 1) Duty cycle 67% (data 1)
DOUT 传输延迟 Dout transmission delay	TPLH	-	-	500	ns	DIN→DOUT
	TPHL	-	-	500	ns	
I _{out} 上升时间 IOUt rise time	T _r	-	100	-	ns	V _{DS} =1.5V I _{OUT} =13mA
	T _r	-	100	-	ns	



电气参数（极限参数，Ta=25℃,VSS=0V）：

Absolute Maximum Ratings (limit parameters, ta=25 °C, vss=0v):

参数 Parameters	符号 Symbol	范围 Range	单位 Unit
电压 Voltage	VDD	+3.5~+5.5	V
逻辑输入电压 Logic input voltage	V _I	-0.5~VDD+0.5	V
工作温度 working temperature	Topt	-40~+85	°C
储存温度 Storage temperature	Tstg	-50~+150	°C
ESD耐压（设备模式） ESDwithstand voltage (device mode)	V _{ESD}	200	V
ESD耐压（人体模式） ESDwithstand voltage (human body mode)	V _{ESD}	4K	V

IC电气参数（如无特殊说明，TA=-20~+70℃，VDD=4.5~5.5V,VSS=0V）：

IC electrical parameters (unless otherwise specified, ta=-20 ~ +70 °C, vdd=4.5 ~ 5.5V, vss=0v):

参数 Parameter	符号 Symbol	最小 Min	典型 Typical	最大 Max	单位 Unit	测试条件 Test conditions
芯片内部电源电压 Chip internal power supply voltage	V _{DD}	-	5.2	-	V	-
R/G/B端口耐压 R/g/b port withstand voltage	V _{DS,MAX}	-	-	26	V	-
DOUT驱动能力 Dout drive capability	I _{D_{OH}}	-	49	-	mA	DOUT接地，最大驱动电流 Dout grounding, maximum drive current
	I _{D_{OL}}	-	-50	-	mA	DOUT接正，最大灌电流 Dout is connected positively, and the maximum perfusion current
信号输入翻转阈值 Signal input flip threshold	V _{IH}	0.7*VDD	-	-	V	VDD=5.0V
	V _{IL}	-	-	0.3*VDD	V	
PWM频率 PWM frequency	F _{PWM}	-	1.2	-	KHZ	-
静态功耗 Static power consumption	I _{DD}	-	1	-	mA	-

数据传输时间:

Data transmission time

时序表名称 Timeline name	最小 Min	实际值 Actual value	最大 Max	单位 Unit
T	码元周期 Symbol period	1.20	--	μs
T0H	0码, 高电平时间 0 code, high level time	0.2	0.3	μs
T0L	0码, 低电平时间 0 code, low level time	0.8	--	μs
T1H	1码, 高电平时间 1 code, high level time	0.58	0.64	μs
T1L	1码, 低电平时间 1 code, low level time	0.2	--	μs
Trst	Reset码, 低电平时间 Reset code, low level time	>80	--	μs

◆ 协议采用单极性归零码, 每个码元必须有低电平, 本协议的每个码元起始为高电平, 高电平时间宽度决定“0”码或“1”码。

◆ 书写程序时, 码元周期最低要求为 1.2μs。

◆ “0”码、“1”码的高电平时间需按照上表的规定范围, “0”码、“1”码的低电平时间要求小于 20μs。

◆ the protocol adopts unipolar zeroing code, and each symbol must have a low level. Each symbol of the protocol starts with a high level, and the time width of the high level determines the "0" code or "1" code.

◆ when writing the program, the minimum symbol period is 1.2 μ s.

◆ the high-level time of "0" code and "1" code shall be within the range specified in the above table, and the low-level time of "0" code and "1" code shall be less than 20 μ s

数据传输方式 (Ta=25℃) :Data transmission mode (Ta=25℃) :



注: 其中 D1 为 MCU 端发送的数据, D2、D3、D4 为级联电路自动整形转发的数据。

Note: D1 is the data sent by MCU, and D2, D3 and D4 are the data automatically shaped and forwarded by cascade circuit.

光电参数 (Ta=25℃) :

Photoelectric parameters (Ta=25℃) :

参数 Parameter	颜色 Colour	符号 Symbol	最小 Min	典型 Typical	最大 Max	单位 Unit	测试条Test conditions
光强 light intensity	红Red	IV	450	-	550	mcd	IF=12mA
	绿Green		1300	-	1500		
	蓝Blue		350	-	400		
半光强视角 Half light angle	-	201/2	-	120	-	deg	IF=12mA
正向电压 Forward voltage	红Red	VF	2.0	-	2.2	V	IF=12mA
	绿Green		3.0	-	3.2		
	蓝Blue		3.0	-	3.2		
主波长 Dominant wavelength	红Red	λD	620	-	625	nm	IF=12mA
	绿Green		520	-	525		
	蓝Blue		460	-	470		

亮度分档: Brightness classification:

颜色 Colour	代码 Code	最小 Min	最大 Max	单位 Unit	测试条件 Test conditions
红Red	CV4	450	550	mcd	IF = 12mA
绿Green	S02	1300	1500		
蓝Blue	C26	350	400		

电压分档: Voltage grading:

颜色 Colour	代码 Code	最小 Min	最大 Max	单位 Unit	测试条件 Test conditions
红Red	I2	2.0	2.2	V	IF = 12mA
绿Green	I7	3.0	3.2		
蓝Blue	I7	3.0	3.2		

色温分档: Color temperature grading:

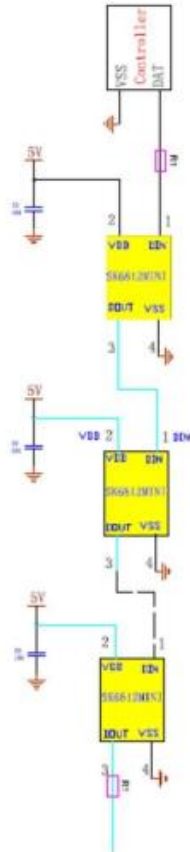
颜色 Colour	代码 Code	最小 Min	最大 Max	单位 Unit	测试条件 Test conditions
红Red	R0	620	625	nm	IF = 12mA
绿Green	G12	520	525		
蓝Blue	PB12	460	470		

24bit 数据结构 (Ta=25℃) : 24bit data structure (ta=25℃):

G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	R7	R6	R5	R4
R3	R2	R1	R0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

注：高位先发，按照 **GRB** 的顺序发送数据(**G7** → **G6** →... .. **B0**)

典型应用电路: Typical application circuit:



在实际应用电路中，为防止产品在测试时带电插拔产生的瞬间高压损伤IC内部信号输入输出引脚，应在信号输入及输出端串接保护电阻。此外，为了使各IC芯片间更稳定工作，各灯珠间的退偶电容则必不可少；

应用一：用于软灯灯或硬灯条的，灯珠间传输距离短的，建议在信号及时钟线输入输出端各串接保护电阻，即R1=R0 约 500 欧；

应用二：用于模组或一般异形产品，灯珠间传输距离长，因线材及传输距离不同，在信号及时钟线两端串接的保护电阻会略有不同；以实际使用情况定；

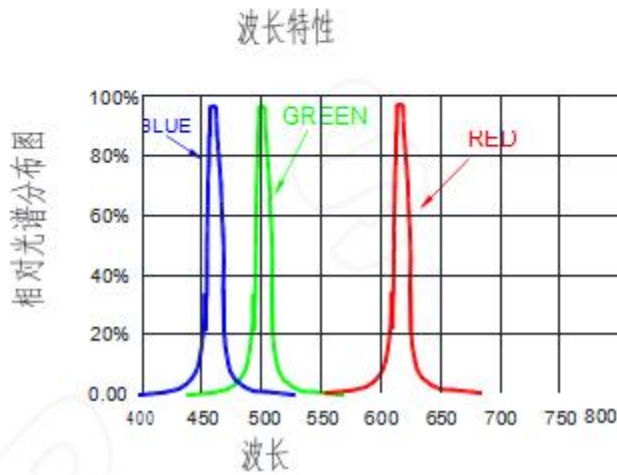
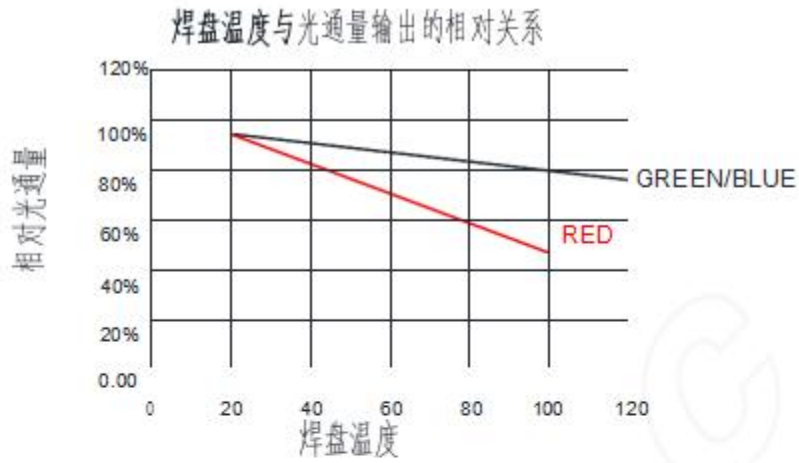
In the practical application circuit, in order to prevent the instantaneous high voltage generated by the hot plug of the product during the test from damaging the IC internal signal input and output pins, the protective resistors should be connected in series at the signal input and output terminals. In addition, in order to make the IC chips work more stably, the decoupling capacitor between the lamp beads is essential;

Application 1: it is used for soft light or hard light bar, and the transmission distance between light beads is short. It is recommended to use it at the input and output end of the signal clock line Each protective resistor is connected in series, that is, r1=r0 is about 500 Ω;

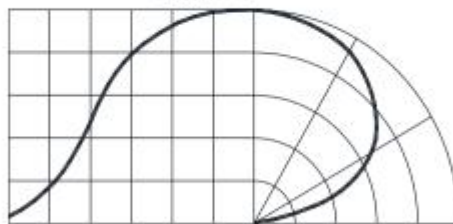
Application 2: for modules or general special-shaped products, the transmission distance between lamp beads is long. Due to different wire and transmission distance, the protection resistance connected in series at both ends of the signal clock line will be slightly different; Subject to actual use;

典型特性曲线

Typical Characteristics Curves



典型的辐射方向图



注：如无另外注明，测试环境温度为 $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ If not otherwise noted, the test ambient temperature is $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$.

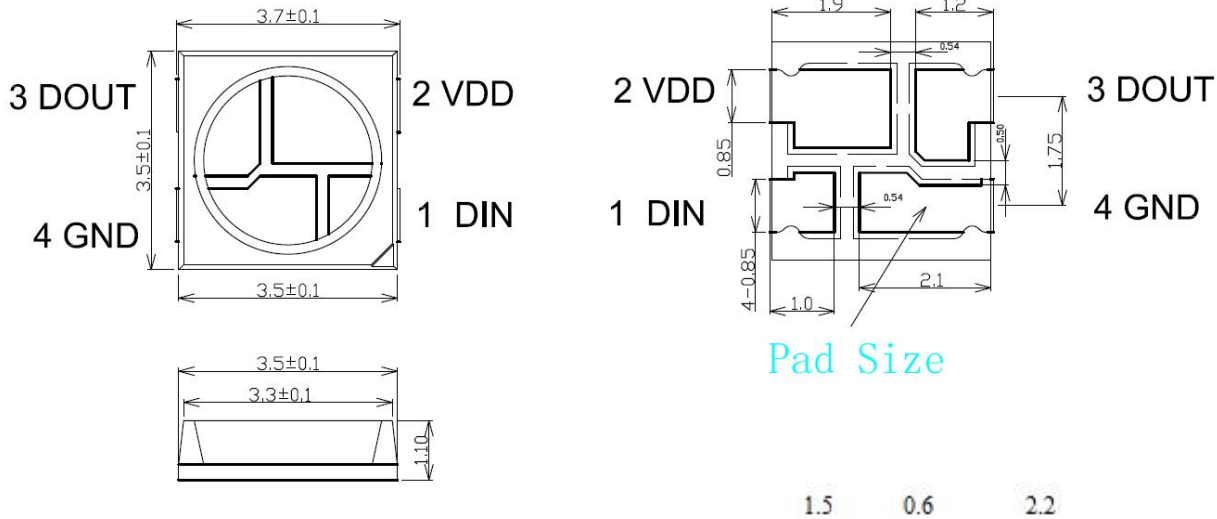
可靠性实验 Reliability experiment

序号 Serial number	实验项目 Experimental items	实验条件 Experimental condition	参考标准 Reference standard	判断 judge
1	冷热冲击 Thermal Shock	100 ±5°C ~ -40°C ±5°C 30min~30min 300cycles	MIL-STD-202G	0/22
2	高温储藏 High temperature storage	Ta= +100°C 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	0/22
3	低温储藏 Low temperature storage	Ta= -40°C 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	0/22
4	高温高湿储藏 High temperature and humidity storage	Ta=60°C RH=90% 1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	0/22
5	温度循环 Temperature cycle	-55°C~25°C~100°C~25°C 30min~5min~30min~5min 100 cycles	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	0/22
6	耐焊接热 Resistance to welding heat	Tsld = 260°C, 10sec. 3 times	JEITA ED-4701 300 301	0/22
7	常温寿命测试 Normal temperature life test	25°C, IF: Typical current , 1000hrs	JESD22-A 108D	0/22

项目 project	符号 Symbol	测试条件 Test conditions	判断标准Judgment criteria	
			最小值 minimum value	最大值 Maximum value
发光强度 Luminous intensity	IV	DC=5V, 规格典型电流 Dc=5v, specification typical current	初始数据x0.7 Initial data x0.7	---
耐焊接热 Resistance to welding heat	-	DC=5V, 规格典型电流 Dc=5v, specification typical current	无死灯或明显损坏 No dead light or obvious damage	

外形尺寸

Outline Dimension

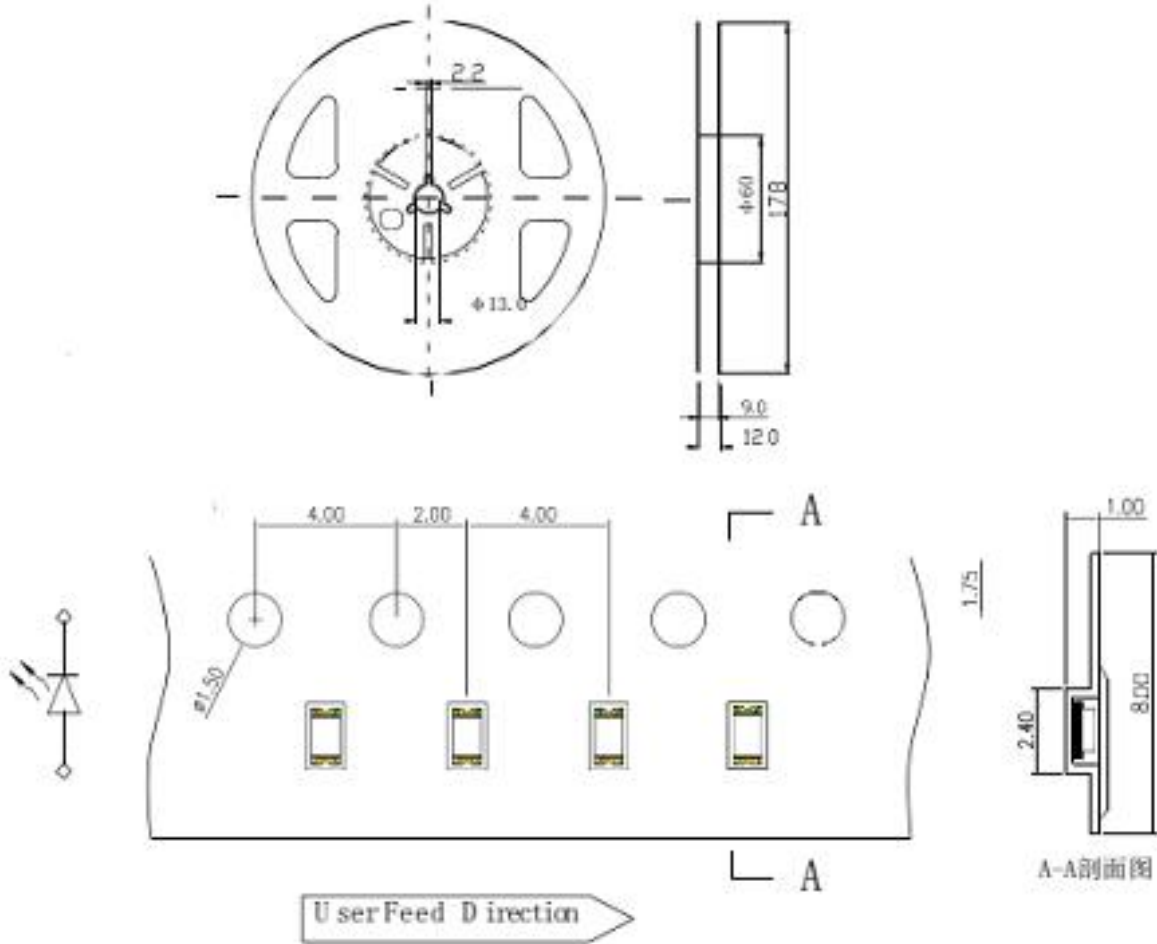


- 备注： 1.单位：毫米（mm）
 Remarks: 1 Unit: mm
 2.公差： 如无特别标注则为±0.10mm
 2. Tolerance: ± 0.10mm unless otherwise specified

包装 (1)

Packaging (1)

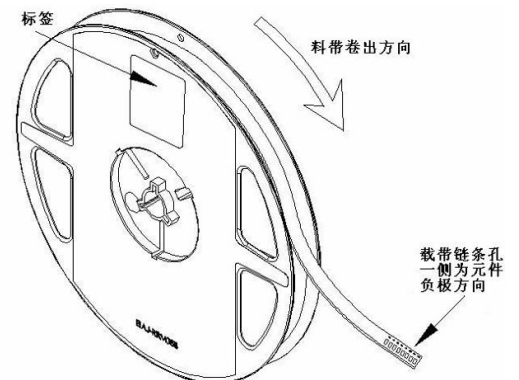
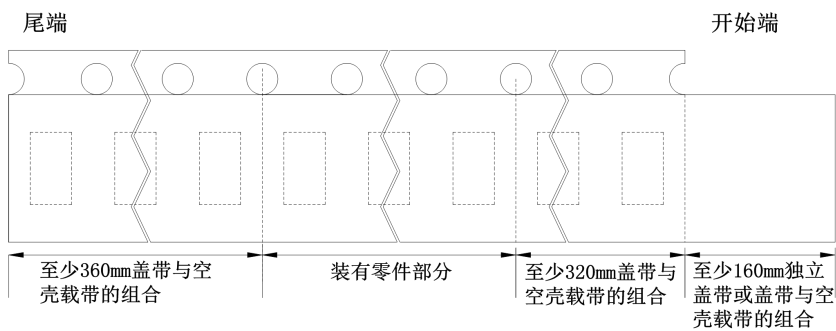
载带与圆盘尺寸 Belt and disk dimensions



注:

1. 尺寸单位为毫米(mm)。
1. Size unit is mm (mm).
2. 尺寸公差是±0.1mm。
2. The dimensional tolerance is ± 0.1mm.

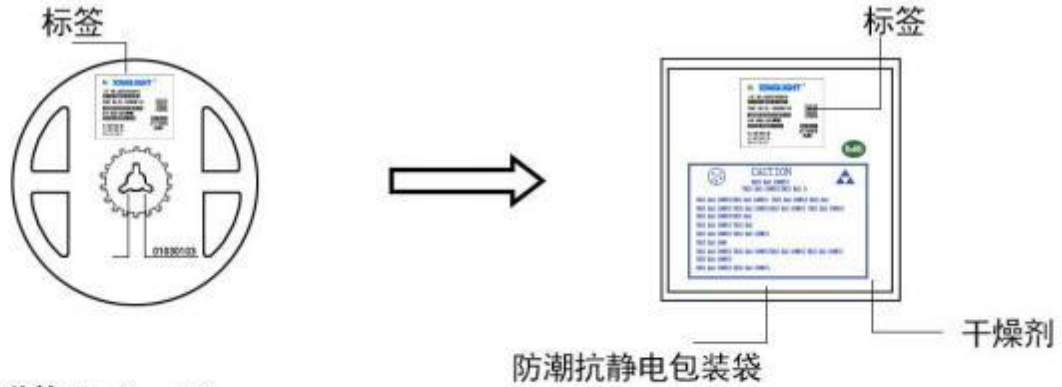
◇ 圆盘及载带卷出方向及空穴规格 Disk and carrier belt direction of roll and hole dimensions



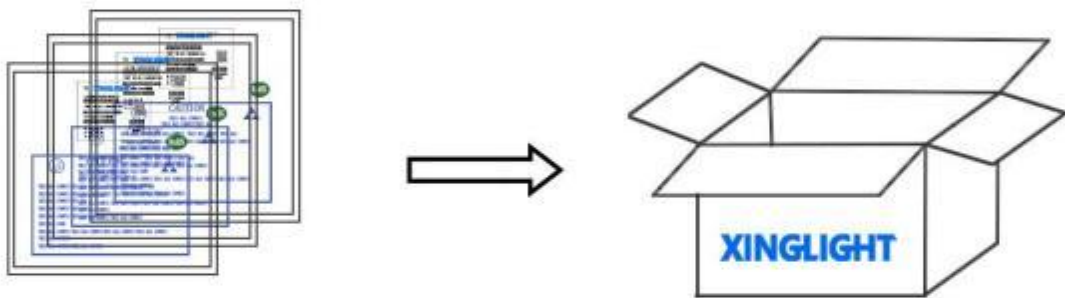
包装 (2)

Packaging (2)

◇ 防潮防静电包装 Moisture Proof and Anti-Electrostatic Foil Bag



◇ 外包装箱 Cardboard Box



Capacity 5 or 10 reels per box (内箱容量: 50或100卷)

◇ 标签说明: Label Explanation

- LOT NO: 批次信息
- PART NO: 产品型号
- BIN CODE: 产品名称
- WL: 波长范围
- IV: 光强范围
- VF: 电压范围



焊接指导（1）

Guideline for Soldering (1)

1. 使用烙铁人手焊接

Hand Soldering

只建议在修理和重工的情况下使用手工焊接；推荐使用功率低于 30 W 的烙铁，焊接时烙铁的温度必须保持在 300℃ 以下，且每个电极只能进行一次焊接，每次焊接的持续时间不得超过 3 秒。

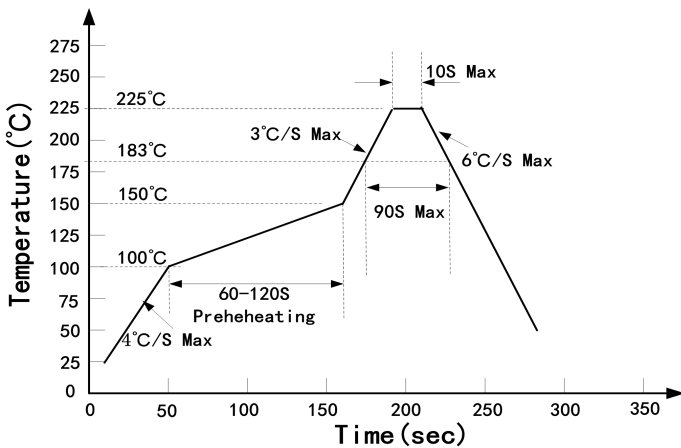
人手焊接过程中的不慎操作易引起 LED 产品的损坏，应当小心谨慎。

Manual welding is recommended only for repair and heavy industry situations. A soldering iron of less than 30W is recommended to be used in Hand Soldering. Please keep the temperature of the soldering iron under 300℃ while soldering. Each terminal of the LED is to go for less than 3 second and for one time only.

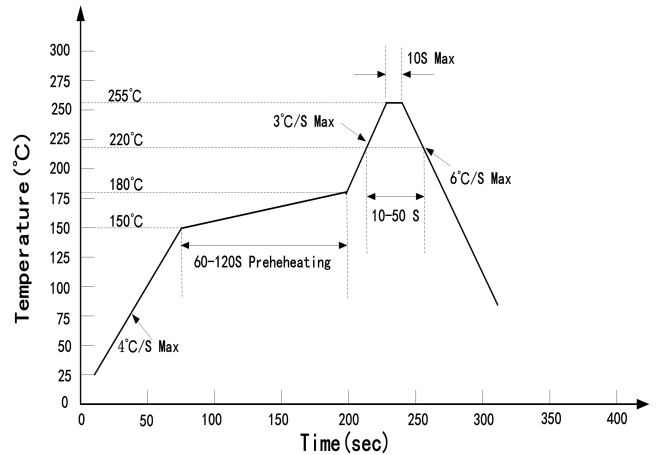
Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand soldering.

2. 回流焊接： 推荐使用以下无铅回流焊接温度图进行。

Reflow Soldering: Use the conditions shown in the under Figure of Pb-Free Reflow Soldering.



有铅制程 have lead process



无铅制程 Lead-free process

- 回流焊接最多只能进行两次。

Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

- 在回流焊接升温过程中，请不要对 LED 施加任何压力。

Stress on the LEDs should be avoided during heating in soldering process.

- 在焊接完成后，待产品温度下降到室温之后，再进行其他处理。

After soldering, do not deal with the product before its temperature drop down to room temperature.

焊接指导 (2)

Guideline for Soldering (2)

3. 清洗:

Cleaning

在焊接后推荐使用酒精进行清洗，在温度不高于 30°C 的条件下持续 3 分钟，不高于 50°C 的条件下持续 30 秒。使用其他类似溶剂清洗前，请先确认使用的溶剂不会对 LED 的封装和环氧树脂部分造成损伤。

超声波清洗也是有效的方法，一般最大功率不应超过 300W，否则可能对 LED 造成损伤。请根据具体的情况预先测试清洗条件是否会对 LED 造成损伤。

It is recommended that alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30°C for 3 minutes or 50°C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

Ultrasonic cleaning is also an effective way for cleaning. But the influence of Ultrasonic cleaning on LED depends on factors such as ultrasonic power. Generally, the ultrasonic power should not be higher than 300W. Before cleaning, a pretest should be done to confirm whether any damage to LEDs will occur.

- * **注意:** 此一般指导原则并不适用于所有 PCB 设计和焊接设备的配置。具体工艺受到诸多因素的影响，请根据特定的PCB设计和焊接设备来确定焊接方案。
- * **Note:** This general guideline may not apply to all PCB designs and configurations of all soldering equipment. The technics in practise is influenced by many factors, it should be specialized base on the PCB designs and configurations of the soldering equipment..

使用注意事项 (1)

Precautions (1)

1. 贮存:

Storage

- 本产品使用密封防潮抗静电袋包装, 并附有干燥剂, 未开封的产品有一年的保存时间。

Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to a minimum.

- 开封前, 产品须存放在温度不高于 30°C, 湿度不高于 40%RH 的环境中。

Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 40% RH, and be used within a year.

- 开封后, 产品须存放在温度不高于 30°C, 湿度不高于 10%RH 的环境中, 且应该在 24 小时 (1天) 内使用完;且贴片后应尽快做焊接。建议工作环境为温度不高于 30°C, 湿度不高于 40%RH。

After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH, and be soldered within 24 hours (1 day). And it should be welded as soon as possible after the patch. It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 40%RH.

- 对于尚未焊接的 LED, 如果吸湿剂或包装失效, 或者产品没有符合以上有效存储条件, 烘焙可以起到一定的性能恢复效果。烘焙条件: (60±5) °C, 持续 24 小时。

If the moisture absorbent material has fade away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition: (60±5)°C for 24 hours.

2. 静电:

Static Electricity

静电和电涌会导致产品特性发生改变, 例如正向电压降低等, 如果情况严重甚至会损毁产品。所以在使用时必须采取有效的防静电措施。

所有相关的设备和机器都应该正确接地, 同时必须采取其他防止静电和电涌的措施。使用防静电手环, 防静电垫子, 防静电工作服、工作鞋、手套, 防静电容器, 都是有效的防止静电和电涌的措施; 严禁使用普通塑料制品。建议在作业过程中, 使用离子风扇来压制静电的产生。距离LED元件1英尺距离的环境范围内静电场电压小于100V。

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristic such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current. even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs. Using ordinary plastic products are strictly prohibited. It is recommended to use ion fans to suppress the static electricity generation during the operation. The static field voltage is less than 100V within the ambient range of 1 foot distance from the LED element.

使用注意事项 (2)

Precautions (2)

3. 设计建议:

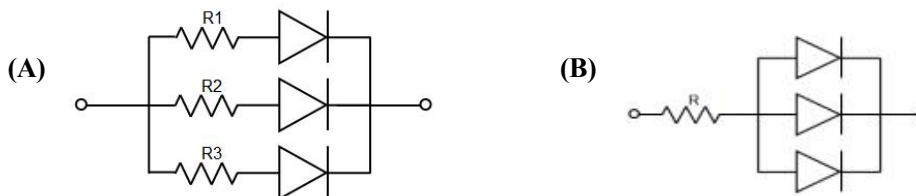
Design Consideration

设计电路时，通过 LED 的电流不能超过规定的最大值，同时，还需使用保护电阻，否则，微小的电压变化将会引起较大的电流变化，可能导致产品损毁。

建议使用以下 (A) 电路，该电路能够很好的调节通过每个 LED 的电流；不推荐使用 (B) 电路，该电路在持续的电压驱动下，LED 的正向电压 (V_F) 发生变化，电流会随之而发生变化，可能使某些 LED 承受高于规定的电流值。

In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen.

It is recommended to use Circuit A which regulates the current flowing through each LED rather than Circuit B. When driving LEDs with a constant voltage in Circuit B, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in Forward Voltage (V_F) of the LEDs. In the worst case, some LED may be subjected to stresses in excess of the Absolute Maximum Rating.



光电参数公差:

正向电压 V_F / V_F : $\pm 0.1V$

亮度 I_V / I_V : $\pm 15\%$

波长 λ / λ : $\pm 1nm$

LED 的特性容易因为自身的发热和环境的温度的改变而发生改变。温度的升高会降低 LED 的发光效率、影响发光颜色等，所以在设计时应充分考虑散热的问题。

Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color changed and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design.

使用注意事项 (3)

Precautions (3)

4. 其他事项:

Others

直接用手拿取产品不但会污染封装树脂表面, 也可能由于静电等因素导致产品性能的改变。过度的压力也可能直接影响封装内部的管芯和金线, 因此请勿对产品施加过度压力, 特别当产品处于高温状态下, 例如在回流焊接过程中。

When handling the product, touching the encapsulant with bare hands will not only contaminate its surface, but also affect on its optical characteristics. Excessive force to the encapsulant might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to die breakage or wire deformation. For this reason, please do not put excessive stress on LEDs, especially when the LEDs are heated such as during Reflow Soldering.



LED 的环氧树脂封装部分相当脆弱, 请勿用坚硬、尖锐的物体刮、擦封装树脂部分。在用镊子夹取的时候也应当小心注意。

The epoxy resin of encapsulant is fragile, so please avoid scratch or friction over the epoxy resin surface. While handling the product with tweezers, do not hold by the epoxy resin, be careful.

5. 眼睛保护忠告:

Safety Advice For Human Eyes

LED 发光时, 请勿直视发光光源, 特别是对于一些光强较高的 LED, 强光可能伤害你的眼睛。

Viewing direct to the light emitting center of the LEDs, especially those of great Luminous Intensity, will cause great hazard to human eyes. Please be careful.