

Dual 250 mA Output, UltraLow Noise, High PSRR, Low-Dropout Linear Regulator

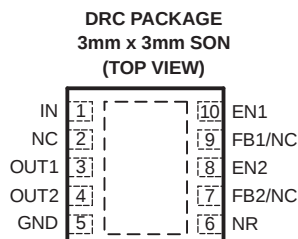
Check for Samples: [TPS71202](#), [TPS71219](#), [TPS71229](#), [TPS71247](#), [TPS71256](#), [TPS71257](#)

FEATURES

- Dual 250 mA High-Performance RF LDOs
- Available in Fixed and Adjustable Voltage Options (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
- High PSRR: 65 dB at 10 kHz
- UltraLow Noise: 32 μ Vrms
- Fast Start-Up Time: 60 μ s
- Stable with 2.2 μ F Ceramic Capacitor
- Excellent Load/Line Transient Response
- Very Low Dropout Voltage: 125 mV at 250 mA
- Independent Enable Pins
- Thermal Shutdown and Independent Current Limit
- Available in Thermally-Enhanced SON Package: 3mm x 3mm x 1mm

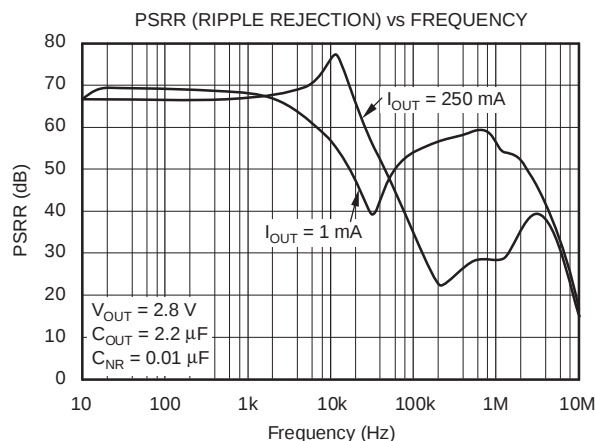
APPLICATIONS

- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Wireless PDA/Handheld Products
- PCMCIA/Wireless LAN Applications
- Digital Camera/Camcorder/Internet Audio
- DSP/FPGA/ASIC/Controllers and Processors



DESCRIPTION

The TPS712xx family of low-dropout (LDO) voltage regulators is tailored to noise-sensitive and RF applications. These products feature dual 250 mA LDOs with ultralow noise, high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and fast transient and start-up response. Each regulator output is stable with low-cost 2.2 μ F ceramic output capacitors and features very low dropout voltages (125 mV typical at 250 mA). Each regulator achieves fast start-up times (approximately 60 μ s with a 0.001 μ F bypass capacitor) while consuming very low quiescent current (300 μ A typical with both outputs enabled). When the device is placed in standby mode, the supply current is reduced to less than 0.3 μ A typical. Each regulator exhibits approximately 32 μ Vrms of output voltage noise with $V_{OUT} = 2.8$ V and a 0.01 μ F noise reduction (NR) capacitor. Applications with analog components that are noise-sensitive, such as portable RF electronics, will benefit from high PSRR, low noise, and fast line and load transient features. The TPS712 family is offered in a thin 3mm x 3mm SON package and is fully specified from -40°C to +125°C (T_J).



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

PRODUCT	VOLTAGE (V)		PACKAGE- LEAD (DESIGNATOR)	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE (T _J)	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY
	V _{OUT1}	V _{OUT2}					
TPS71202	Adjustable	Adjustable	SON-10 (DRC)	-40°C to +125°C	ARQ	TPS71202DRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
						TPS71202DRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000
TPS71219	1.8 V	Adjustable	SON-10 (DRC)	-40°C to +125°C	ARW	TPS71219DRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
						TPS71219DRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000
TPS71229	2.8 V	Adjustable	SON-10 (DRC)	-40°C to +125°C	ARU	TPS71229DRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
						TPS71229DRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000
TPS71247	1.8 V	2.85 V	SON-10 (DRC)	-40°C to +125°C	ARS	TPS71247DRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
						TPS71247DRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000
TPS71256	2.8 V	2.8 V	SON-10 (DRC)	-40°C to +125°C	ARV	TPS71256DRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
						TPS71256DRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000
TPS71257	2.85 V	2.85 V	SON-10 (DRC)	-40°C to +125°C	ART	TPS71257DRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
						TPS71257DRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Ordering Addendum located at the end of this data sheet.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating junction temperature range unless otherwise noted⁽¹⁾

	TPS712xx	UNIT
V _{IN} range	-0.3 to 6.0	V
V _{EN1} , V _{EN2} range	-0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
V _{OUT} range	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Peak output current	Internally limited	
Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite	
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Ratings Table	
Junction temperature range, T _J	-40 to +150	°C
Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
ESD rating, HBM	2	kV
ESD rating, CDM	500	V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under the Electrical Characteristics is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL INFORMATION

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		TPS712xx	UNITS
		DRC (10 PINS)	
θ _{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	49.6	°C/W
θ _{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	70.0	
θ _{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	17.8	
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.6	
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	15.2	
θ _{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	5.2	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

(2) For thermal estimates of this device based on PCB copper area, see the [TI PCB Thermal Calculator](#).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$), V_{IN} = highest $V_{OUT(nom)} + 1.0\text{ V}$ or 2.7 V (whichever is greater), $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN1, 2} = 1.2\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{NR} = 0.01\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and adjustable LDOs are tested at $V_{OUT} = 3.0\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

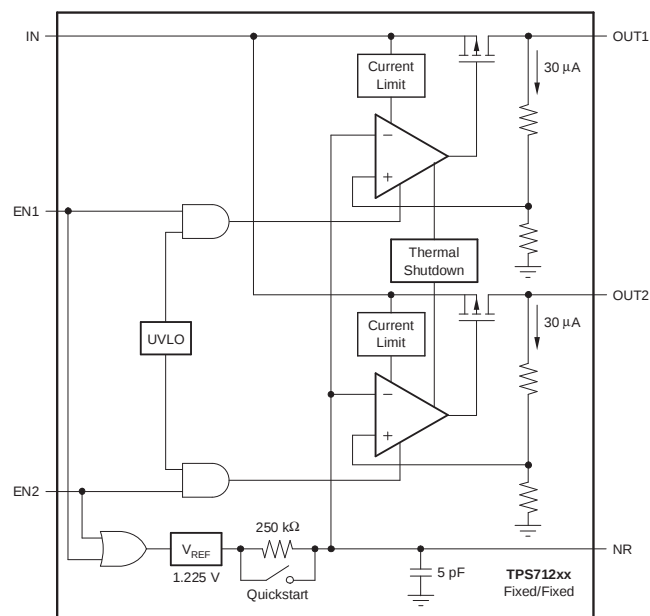
PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range ⁽¹⁾			2.7		5.5	V
V _{FB}	Internal reference (adjustable LDOs)			1.200	1.225	1.250	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range (adjustable LDOs)			V _{FB}	5.5 - V _{DO}		V
	Accuracy ⁽¹⁾	Nominal	T _J = +25°C, I _{OUT} = 0 mA	-1.5		+1.5	%
		Over V _{IN} , I _{OUT} , and T	V _{OUT} + 1.0 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V, 0 μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 250 mA	-3	±1	+3	
ΔV _{OUT} %/ΔV _{IN}	Line regulation ⁽¹⁾		V _{OUT} + 1.0 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V		0.05		%/V
ΔV _{OUT} %/ΔI _{OUT} T	Load regulation		0 μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 250 mA		0.8		%/mA
V _{DO}	Dropout voltage ⁽²⁾ (V _{IN} = V _{OUT(nom)} - 0.1V)	2.8 V, 2.85 V Adjustable	I _{OUT1} = I _{OUT2} = 250 mA		125	230	mV
I _{CL}	Output current limit		V _{OUT} = 0.9 × V _{OUT(nom)}	400	600	800	mA
I _{GND}	Ground pin current	One LDO enabled	I _{OUT} = 1 mA (enabled channel)		190	250	μA
		Both LDOs enabled	I _{OUT1} = I _{OUT2} = 1 mA to 250 mA		300	600	
I _{SHDN}	Shutdown current ⁽³⁾		V _{EN} ≤ 0.4 V, 0 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V		0.3	2.0	μA
I _{FB}	FB pin current (adjustable LDOs)				0.1	1	μA
V _n	Output noise voltage, BW = 10 Hz - 100 kHz		No C _{NR} , I _{OUT} = 250 mA	80.0 × V _{OUT}		μVrms	
			C _{NR} = 0.01 μF, I _{OUT} = 250 mA	11.8 × V _{OUT}			
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio (ripple rejection)		f = 100 Hz, I _{OUT} = 250 mA	65		dB	
			f = 10 kHz, I _{OUT} = 250 mA	65			
t _{STR}	Startup time		V _{OUT} = 2.85 V, R _L = 30Ω, C _{NR} = 0.001 μF	60		μs	
V _{IH}	Enable threshold high (EN1, EN2)			1.2		V _{IN}	V
V _{IL}	Enable threshold low (EN1, EN2)			0		0.4	V
I _{EN}	Enable pin current (EN1, EN2)		V _{IN} = V _{EN} = 5.5 V	-1		1	μA
T _{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature		Shutdown	Temp increasing		+160	°C
			Reset	Temp decreasing		+140	
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout threshold		V _{IN} rising	2.25		2.65	V
	Undervoltage lockout hysteresis		V _{IN} falling		100		mV

(1) Minimum $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DO}$ or 2.7 V , whichever is greater.

(2) V_{DO} is not measured for 1.8 V regulators since minimum $V_{IN} = 2.7\text{ V}$.

(3) For the adjustable version, this applies only after V_{IN} is applied; then V_{EN} transitions from high to low.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM — FIXED VERSION



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM — ADJUSTABLE VERSION

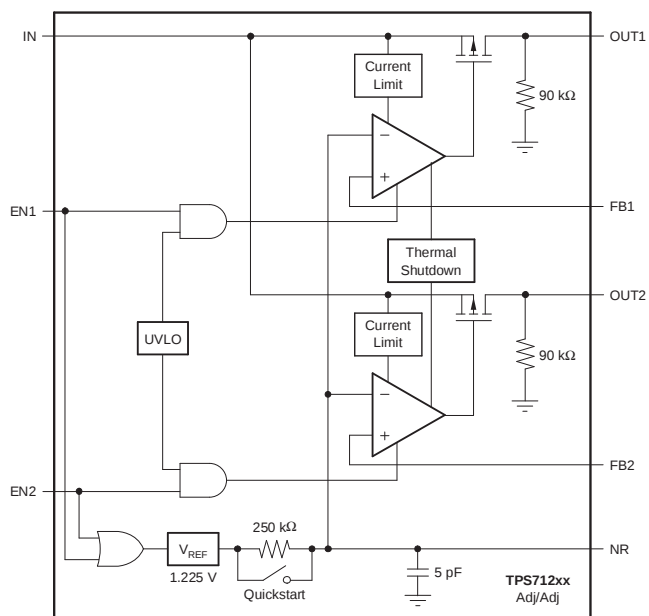


Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMINAL		DESCRIPTION
NAME	DRC	
IN	1	Unregulated input supply. A small 0.1 μ F capacitor should be connected from IN to GND.
GND	5, Pad	Ground
OUT1	3	Output of the regulator. A small 2.2 μ F ceramic capacitor is required from this pin to ground to assure stability.
OUT2	4	Same as OUT1 but for LDO2.
EN1	10	Driving the enable pin (EN) high turns on LDO1. Driving this pin low puts LDO1 into shutdown mode, reducing operating current. The enable pin should be connected to IN if not used.
EN2	8	Same as EN1 but controls LDO2.
FB1/NC	9	Feedback for CH1 adjustable version; no connection for non-adjustable CH1.
FB2/NC	7	Feedback for CH2 adjustable version; no connection for non-adjustable CH2.
NR	6	Noise reduction pin; connect an external bypass capacitor to reduce LDO output noise.
NC	2	No connection.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = 1.2\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $C_{NR} = 0.01\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted.

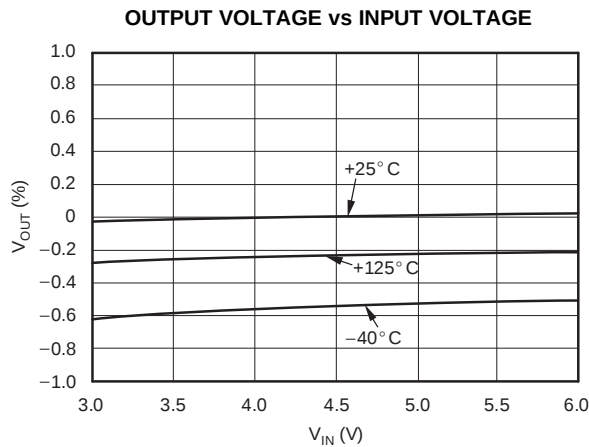


Figure 1.

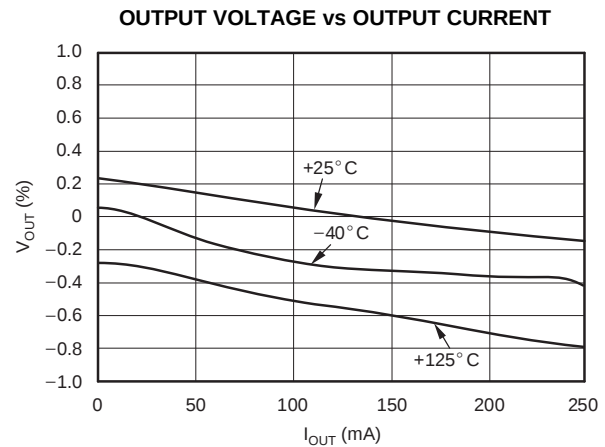


Figure 2.

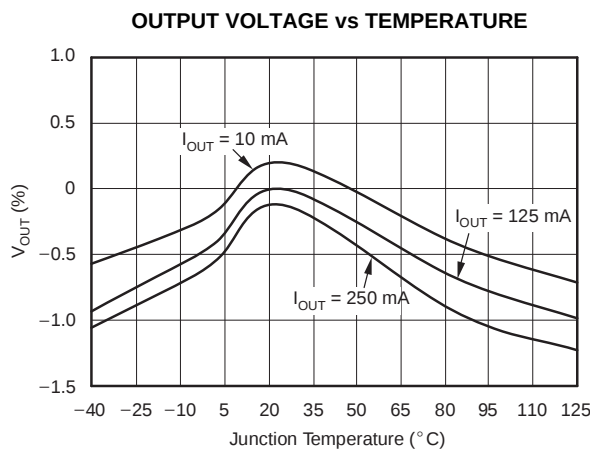


Figure 3.

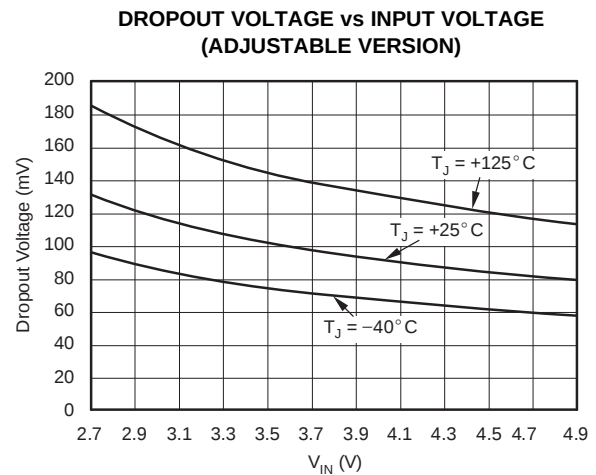


Figure 4.

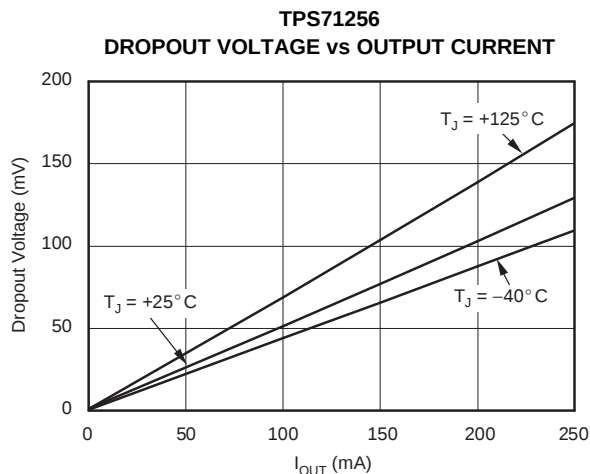


Figure 5.

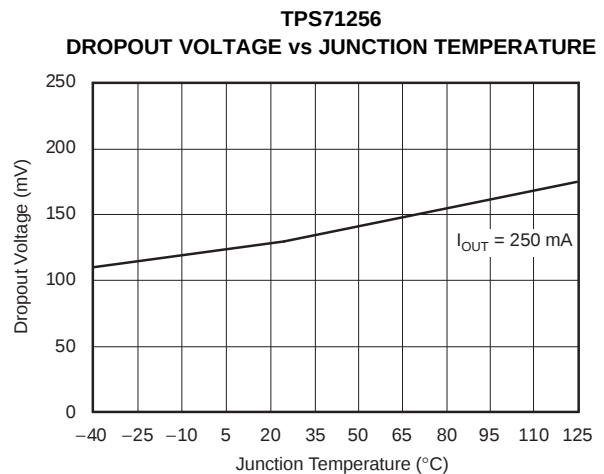


Figure 6.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = 1.2\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $C_{NR} = 0.01\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

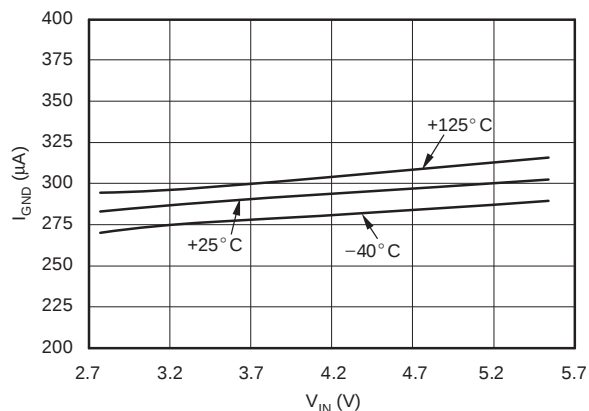


Figure 7.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs I_{OUT}

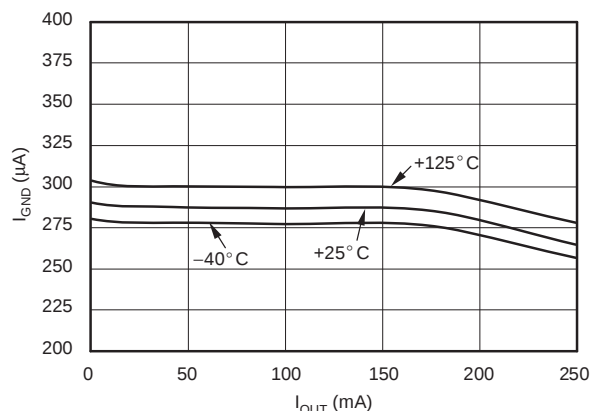


Figure 8.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

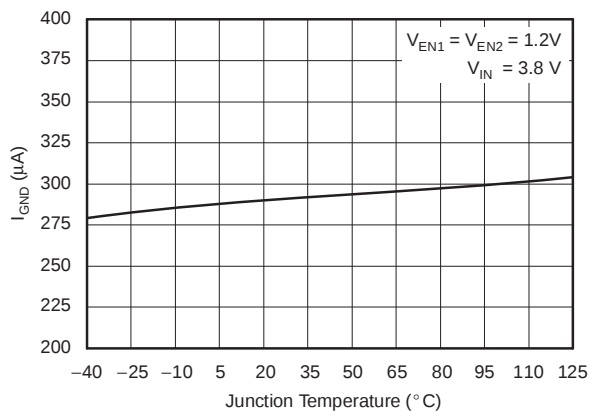


Figure 9.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (DISABLED)

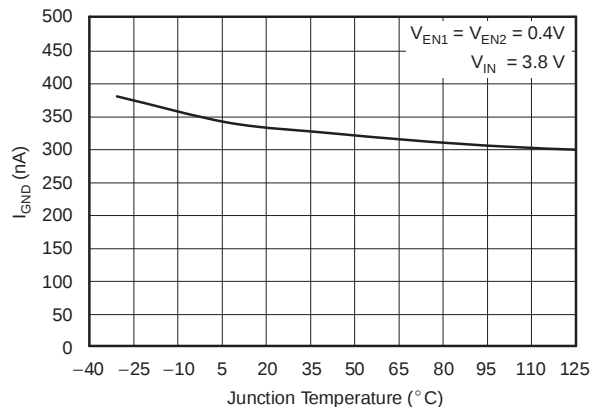


Figure 10.

CURRENT LIMIT vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

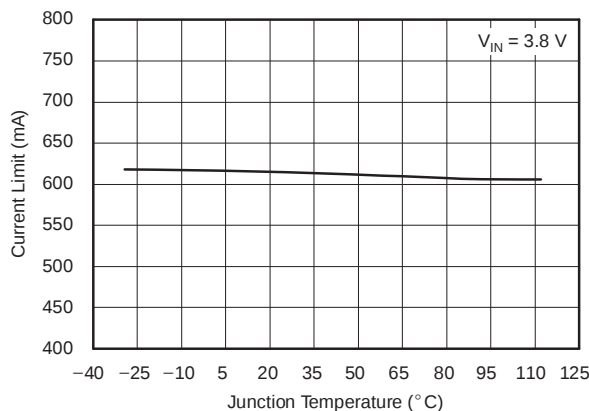


Figure 11.

TPS71256
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

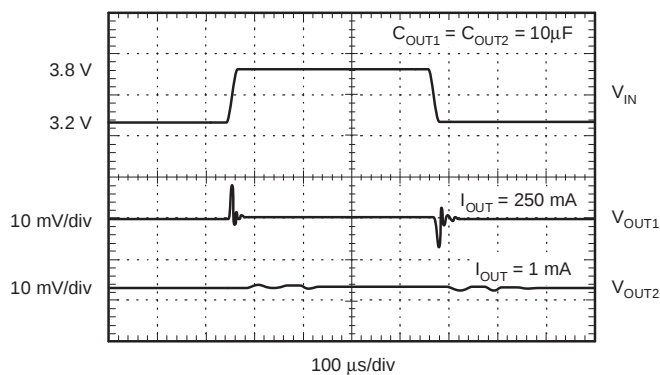


Figure 12.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = 1.2\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $C_{NR} = 0.01\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted.

**TPS71256
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE
AND V_{OUT2} CROSSTALK**

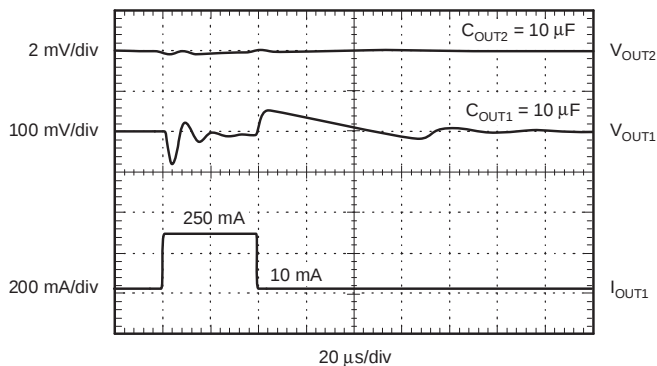


Figure 13.

**TPS71256
CHANNEL-TO-CHANNEL ISOLATION vs FREQUENCY**

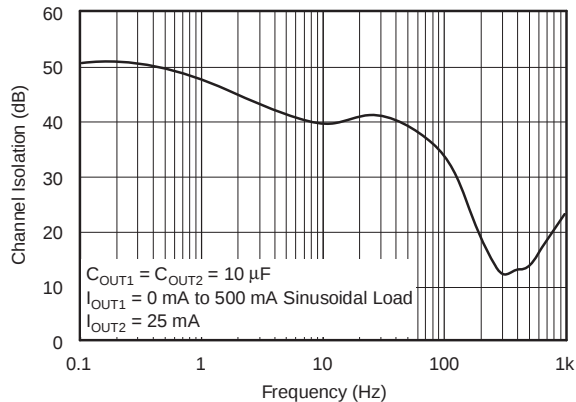


Figure 14.

**TPS71256
TURN-ON/OFF RESPONSE
AND V_{OUT2} CROSSTALK**

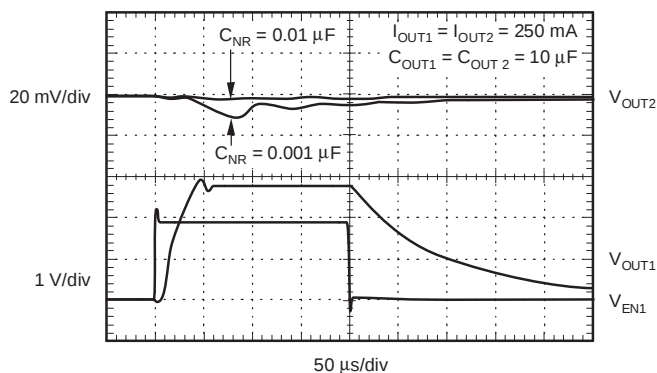


Figure 15.

**TPS71229
POWER-UP/POWER-DOWN**

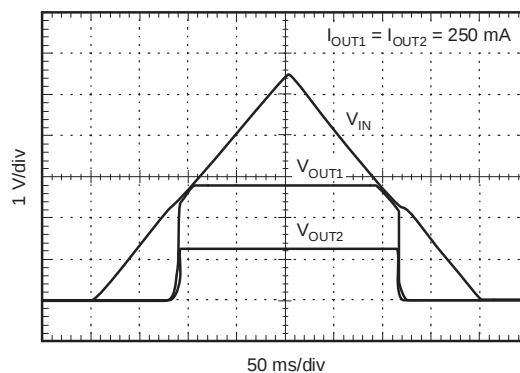


Figure 16.

TOTAL NOISE vs C_{NR}

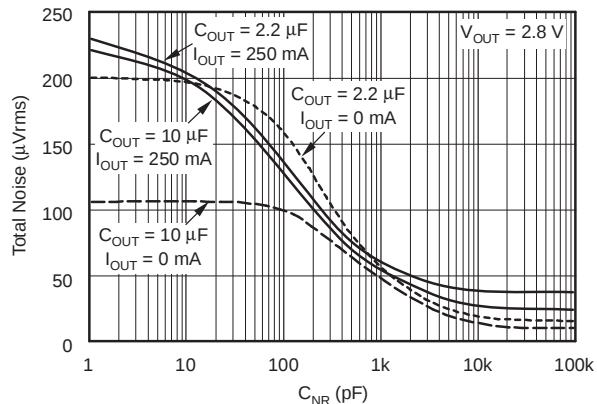


Figure 17.

**NOISE SPECTRAL DENSITY
 $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$**

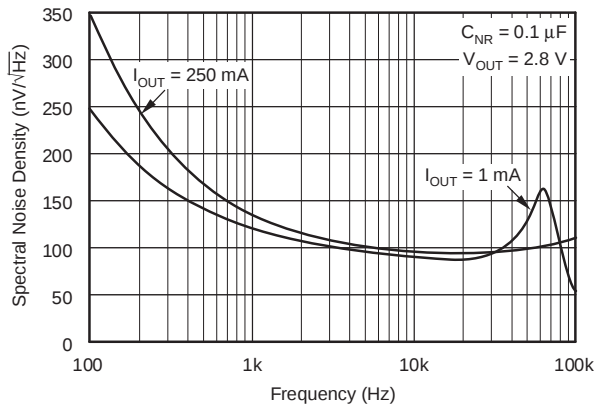


Figure 18.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = 1.2\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $C_{NR} = 0.01\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted.

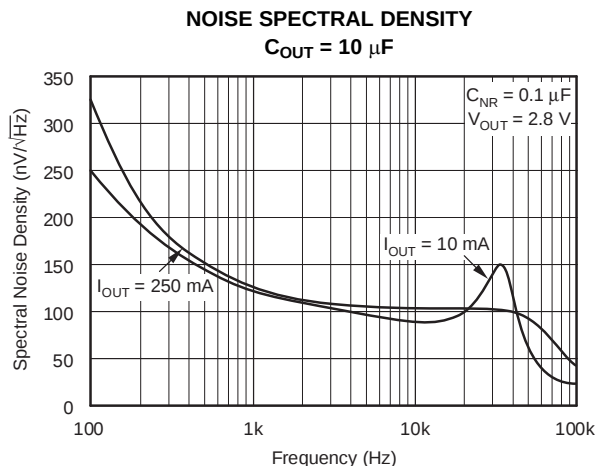


Figure 19.

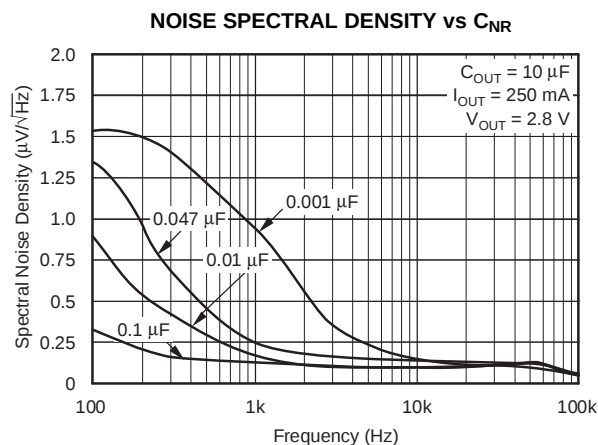


Figure 20.

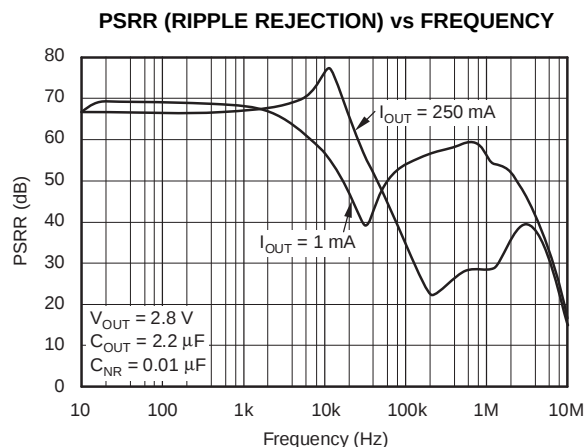


Figure 21.

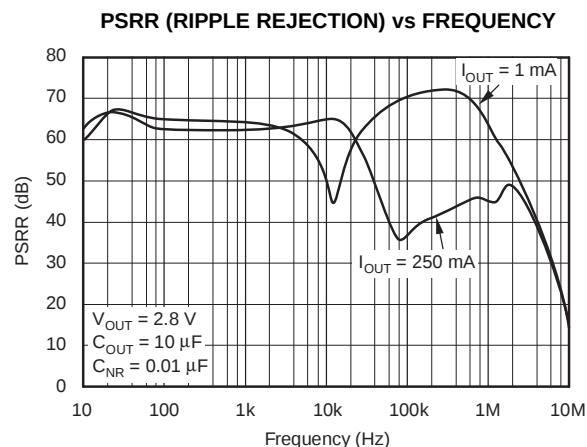


Figure 22.

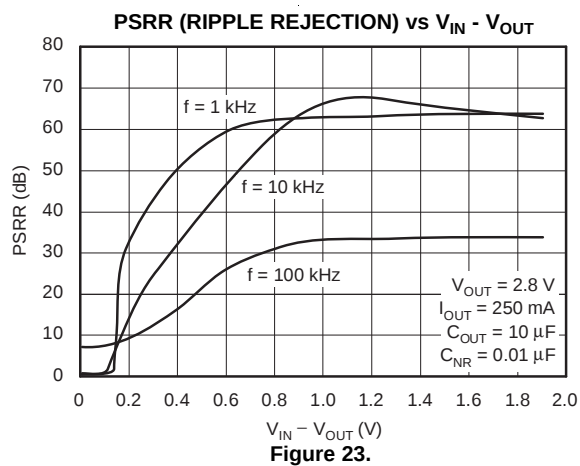
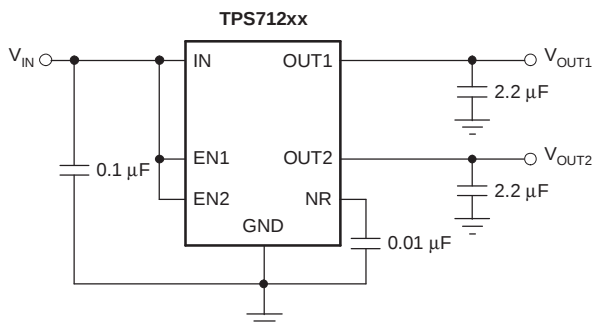


Figure 23.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS712xx family of dual low-dropout (LDO) regulators has been optimized for use in noise-sensitive battery-operated equipment. The device features extremely low dropout, high PSRR, ultralow output noise, and low quiescent current (190 μ A typical per channel). When both outputs are disabled, the supply currents are reduced to less than 2 μ A. A typical application circuit is shown in Figure 24.



**Figure 24. Typical Application Circuit
(fixed-voltage versions)**

INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

A 0.1 μ F or larger ceramic input bypass capacitor, connected between IN and GND and located close to the TPS712xx, is required for stability. It improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value input capacitor may be necessary if large, fast-rise-time load transients are anticipated and the device is located several inches from the power source.

The TPS712xx requires an output capacitor connected between the outputs and GND to stabilize the internal control loops. The minimum recommended output capacitor is 2.2 μ F. If an output voltage of

1.8 V or less is chosen, the minimum recommended output capacitor is 4.7 μ F. Any ceramic capacitor that meets the minimum output capacitor requirements is suitable. Capacitors with higher ESR may be used, provided the ESR is less than 1 Ω .

OUTPUT NOISE

The internal voltage reference is a key source of noise in an LDO regulator. The TPS712xx has an NR pin that is connected to the voltage reference through a 250 k Ω internal resistor. The 250 k Ω internal resistor, in conjunction with an external ceramic bypass capacitor connected to the NR pin, creates a low-pass filter to reduce the voltage reference noise and, therefore, the noise at the regulator output. To achieve a fast startup, the 250 k Ω internal resistor is shorted for 400 μ s after the device is enabled.

Because the primary noise source is the internal voltage reference, the output noise will be greater for higher output voltage versions. For the case where no noise reduction capacitor is used, the typical noise (μ Vrms) over 10 Hz to 100 kHz is 80 times the output voltage. If a 0.01 μ F capacitor is used from the NR pin to ground, the noise (μ Vrms) drops to 11.8 times the output voltage. For example, the TPS71256 exhibits only 33 μ Vrms of output voltage noise using a 0.01 μ F ceramic bypass capacitor and a 2.2 μ F ceramic output capacitor.

STARTUP CHARACTERISTICS

To minimize startup overshoot, the TPS712xx will initially target an output voltage that is approximately 80% of the final value. To avoid a delayed startup time, noise reduction capacitors of 0.01 μ F or less are recommended. Larger noise reduction capacitors will cause the output to hold at 80% until the voltage on the noise reduction capacitor exceeds 80% of the bandgap voltage. The typical startup time with a 0.001 μ F noise reduction capacitor is 60 μ s. Once one of the output voltages is present, the startup time of the other output will not be affected by the noise reduction capacitor.

PROGRAMMING THE TPS71202 ADJUSTABLE LDO REGULATOR

The output voltage of the TPS71202 dual adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider, as shown in [Figure 25](#). The output voltage is calculated using [Equation 1](#):

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (1)$$

where $V_{REF} = 1.225 \text{ V}$ (the internal reference voltage).

Resistors R2 and R4 should be chosen for approximately a 40 μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used for improved noise performance, but will consume more power. Higher values should be avoided because leakage current at FB increases the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose $R2 = 30.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ to set the divider current at 40 μA , and then calculate R1 using [Equation 2](#):

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1\right) \times R2 \quad (2)$$

To improve the stability and noise performance of the adjustable version, a small compensation capacitor can be placed between OUT and FB.

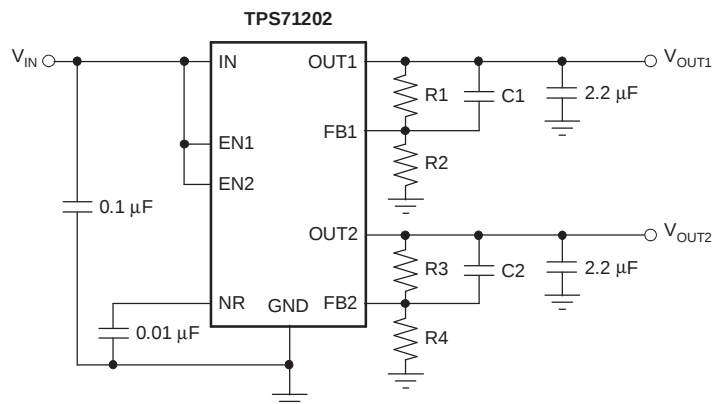
For voltages $\leq 1.8 \text{ V}$, the value of this capacitor should be 100 pF. For voltages $> 1.8 \text{ V}$, the approximate value of this capacitor can be calculated as [Equation 3](#):

$$C1 = \frac{(3 \times 10^5) \times (R1 + R2)}{(R1 \times R2)} \quad (\text{pF}) \quad (3)$$

The suggested value of this capacitor for several resistor ratios is shown in [Figure 25](#). If this capacitor is not used (such as in a unity-gain configuration) or if an output voltage $\leq 1.8 \text{ V}$ is chosen, then the minimum recommended output capacitor is 4.7 μF instead of 2.2 μF .

DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The TPS712xx uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve extremely low dropout. When $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}), the PMOS pass device is in its linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the $R_{DS, ON}$ of the PMOS pass element. Dropout voltages at lower currents can be approximated by calculating the effective $R_{DS, ON}$ of the pass element and multiplying that resistance by the load current. $R_{DS, ON}$ of the pass element can be obtained by dividing the dropout voltage by the rated output current. For the TPS71256, the $R_{DS, ON}$ of the pass element is 84 m Ω . The dropout voltage of the TPS712xx will be less for higher output voltage versions. This is because the PMOS pass element will have lower on-resistance due to increased gate drive.



Output Voltage Programming Guide

V_{OUT}	R1/R3	R2/R4	C1/C2
1.225 V	Short	Open	Open
1.5 V	7.15 k Ω	30.1 k Ω	100 pF
2.5 V	31.6 k Ω	30.1 k Ω	22 pF
3.0 V	43.2 k Ω	30.1 k Ω	15 pF
3.3 V	49.9 k Ω	30.1 k Ω	15 pF
4.75 V	86.6 k Ω	30.1 k Ω	15 pF

Figure 25. TPS71202 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

TRANSIENT RESPONSE

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor will reduce over/undershoot magnitude but increase duration of the transient response. In the adjustable version, the addition of a capacitor, C_{FB} , from the output to the feedback pin will also improve stability and transient response. The transient response of the TPS712xx is enhanced with an active pull-down that engages when the output is over-voltaged. The active pull-down decreases the output recovery time when the load is removed. [Figure 13](#) in the *Typical Characteristics* section shows the output transient response.

SHUTDOWN

Both enable pins are active high and are compatible with standard TTL-CMOS levels. The device is only completely disabled when both EN1 and EN2 are logic low. In this state, the LDO is completely off and the ground pin current drops to approximately 100 nA. With one output disabled, the ground pin current is slightly greater than half the nominal value. When shutdown capability is not required, the enable pins should be connected to the input supply.

INTERNAL CURRENT LIMIT

The TPS712xx internal current limit helps protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output will source a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of the output voltage.

The TPS712xx PMOS-pass transistors have a built-in back diode that conducts reverse current when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (that is, during power-down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. If extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

THERMAL PROTECTION

Thermal protection disables both outputs when the junction temperature of either channel rises to approximately +160°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately +140°C, the output circuitry is again

enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage due to overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to +125°C maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger at least +35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of your application. This produces a worst-case junction temperature of +125°C at the highest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the TPS712xx was designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TPS712xx into thermal shutdown will degrade device reliability.

POWER DISSIPATION

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the PCB layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air. Performance data for a JEDEC high-K board is shown in the Dissipation Ratings table. Using heavier copper will increase the effectiveness in removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes to heat-dissipating layers will also improve the heat-sink effectiveness.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current times the voltage drop across the output pass element (V_{IN} to V_{OUT}):

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} \quad (4)$$

Power dissipation can be minimized by using the lowest possible input voltage necessary to assure the required output voltage.

REVISION HISTORY

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision C (July, 2005) to Revision D	Page
• Replaced the <i>Dissipation Ratings</i> table with the <i>Thermal Information</i> table	3

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings (4)	Samples
TPS71202DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARQ	Samples
TPS71202DRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARQ	Samples
TPS71202DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARQ	Samples
TPS71202DRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARQ	Samples
TPS71219DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARW	Samples
TPS71219DRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARW	Samples
TPS71219DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARW	Samples
TPS71219DRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARW	Samples
TPS71229DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARU	Samples
TPS71229DRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARU	Samples
TPS71229DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARU	Samples
TPS71229DRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARU	Samples
TPS71247DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARS	Samples
TPS71247DRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARS	Samples
TPS71247DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARS	Samples
TPS71247DRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARS	Samples
TPS71256DRCR	OBSOLETE	SON	DRC	10		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	ARV	
TPS71256DRCRG4	OBSOLETE	SON	DRC	10		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings (4)	Samples
TPS71256DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARV	Samples
TPS71256DRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ARV	Samples
TPS71257DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ART	Samples
TPS71257DRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ART	Samples
TPS71257DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ART	Samples
TPS71257DRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ART	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Only one of markings shown within the brackets will appear on the physical device.

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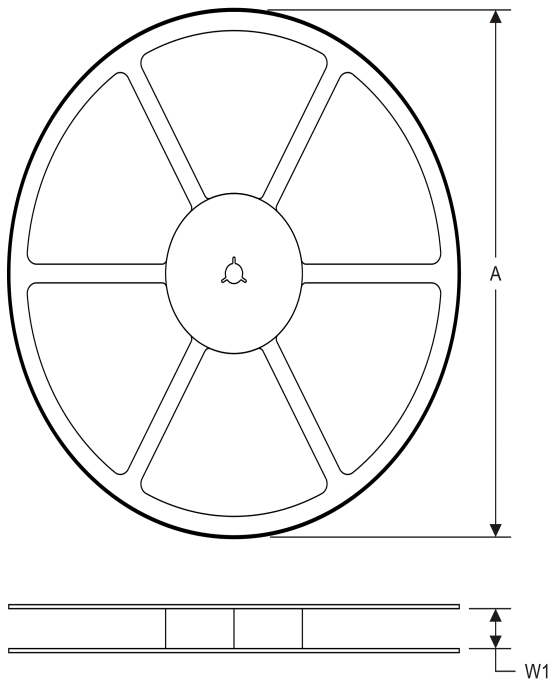
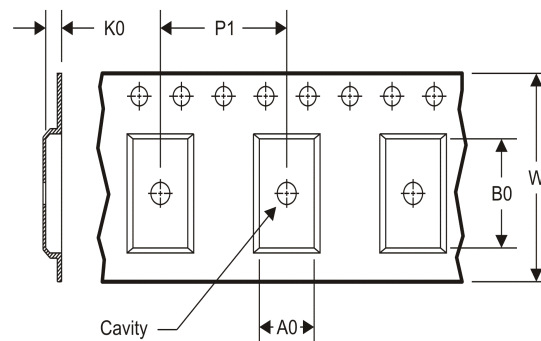
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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS71202 :

- Enhanced Product: [TPS71202-EP](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION
REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS


A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS71202DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71202DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71219DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71219DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71229DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71229DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71247DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71247DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71256DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71257DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS71257DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

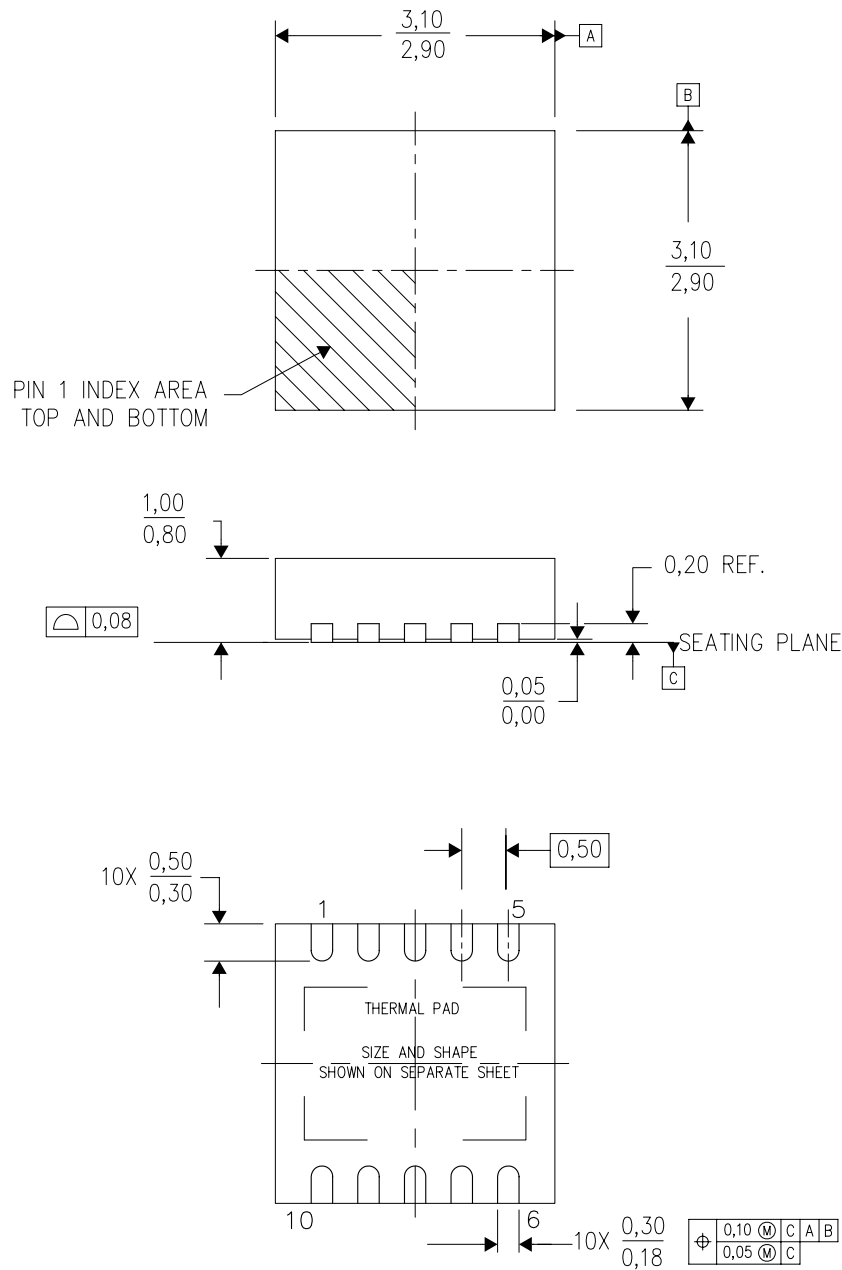


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS71202DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS71202DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS71219DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS71219DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS71229DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS71229DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS71247DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS71247DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS71256DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS71257DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS71257DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

DRC (S-PVSON-N10)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



4204102-3/L 09/11

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
 - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance, if present.
 - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions, if present

DRC (S-PVSON-N10)

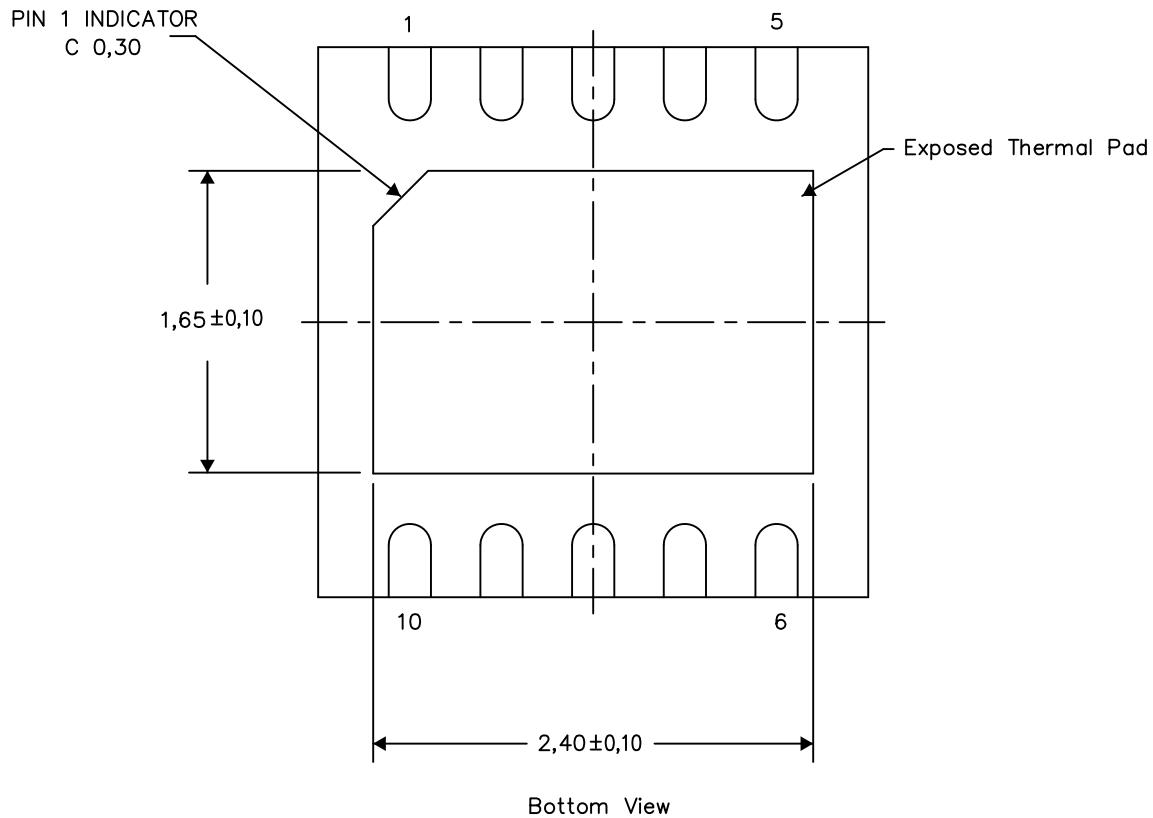
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



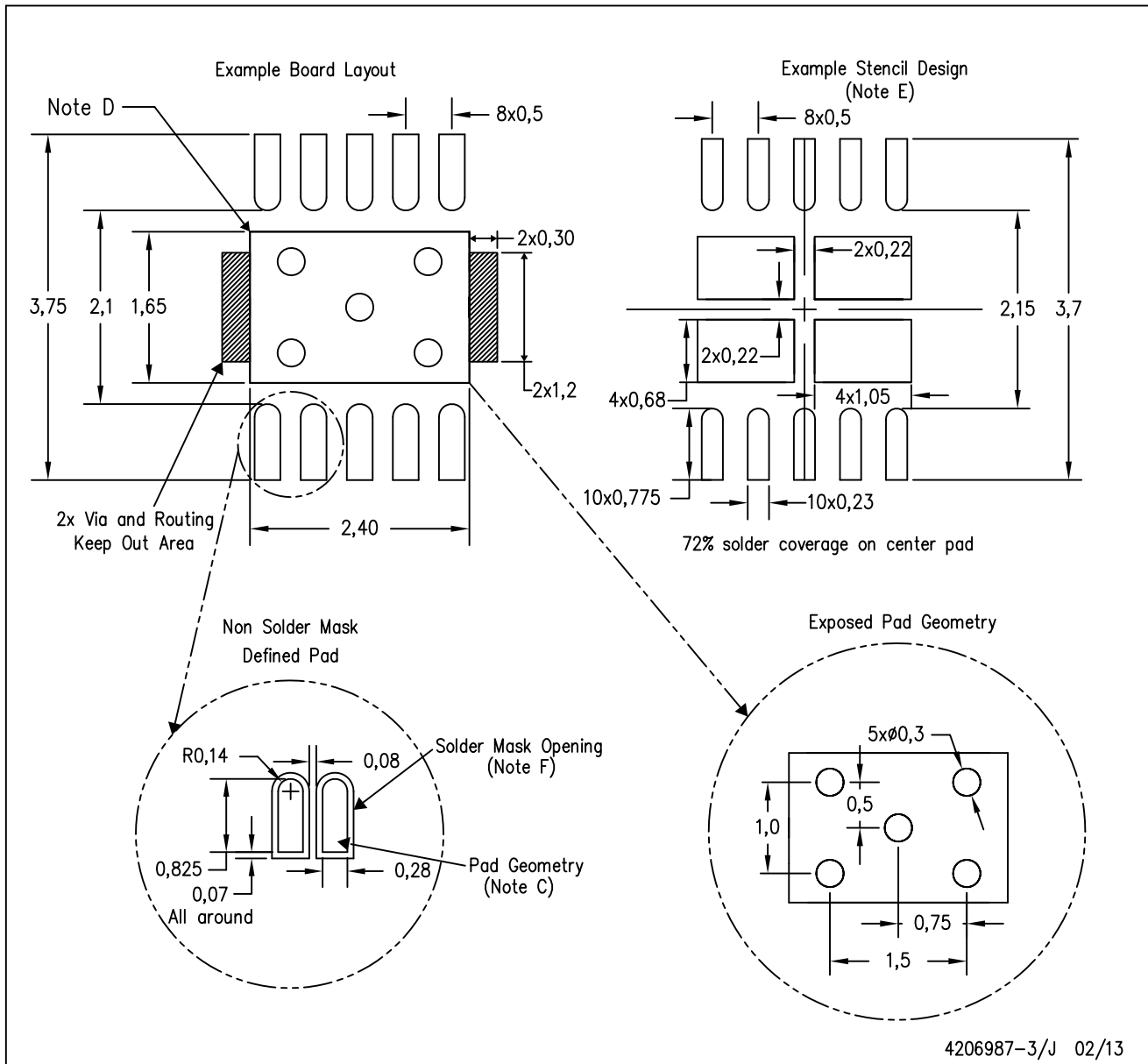
Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206565-4/R 03/13

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

DRC (S-PVSON-N10)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-SM-782 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.

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