

## STEREO AUDIO CODEC WITH USB INTERFACE, SINGLE-ENDED ANALOG INPUT/OUTPUT AND S/PDIF

### FEATURES

- PCM2904: Without S/PDIF
- PCM2906: With S/PDIF
- On-Chip USB Interface:
  - With Full-Speed Transceivers
  - Fully Compliant With USB 1.1 Specification
  - Certified by USB-IF
  - Partially Programmable Descriptors <sup>(1)</sup>
  - USB Adaptive Mode for Playback
  - USB Asynchronous Mode for Record
  - Bus Powered
- 16-Bit Delta-Sigma ADC and DAC
- Sampling Rate:
  - DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
  - ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
- On-Chip Clock Generator With Single 12-MHz Clock Source
- Single Power Supply: 5 V Typical ( $V_{BUS}$ )
- Stereo ADC
  - Analog Performance at  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V
    - THD+N = 0.01%
    - SNR = 89 dB
    - Dynamic Range = 89 dB
  - Decimation Digital Filter
    - Pass-Band Ripple =  $\pm 0.05$  dB
    - Stop-Band Attenuation =  $-65$  dB
  - Single-Ended Voltage Input
  - Antialiasing Filter Included
  - Digital LCF Included
- Stereo DAC:
  - Analog Performance at  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V
    - THD+N = 0.005%
    - SNR = 96 dB
    - Dynamic Range = 93 dB
  - Oversampling Digital Filter

- Pass-Band Ripple =  $\pm 0.1$  dB
- Stop-Band Attenuation =  $-43$  dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Output
- Analog LPF Included
- Multifunctions:
  - Human Interface Device (HID) Volume  $\pm$  Control and Mute Control
  - Suspend Flag
- Package: 28-Pin SSOP

### APPLICATIONS

- USB Audio Speaker
- USB Headset
- USB Monitor
- USB Audio Interface Box

### DESCRIPTION

The PCM2904/2906 is Texas Instruments single-chip USB stereo audio codec with USB-compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF (PCM2906 only). The USB protocol controller works with no software code, but the USB descriptors can be modified in some areas (for example, vendor ID/product ID). The PCM2904/2906 employs SpAct™ architecture, TI's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter and with independent playback and record sampling rates.

(1) The descriptor can be modified by changing a mask.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

SpAct is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

System Two, Audio Precision are trademarks of Audio Precision, Inc.



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### PACKAGING ORDERING INFORMATION

| PRODUCT   | PACKAGE-LEAD | PACKAGE DESIGNATOR | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE MARKING | ORDERING NUMBER | TRANSPORT MEDIA |
|-----------|--------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| PCM2904DB | 28-lead SSOP | 28DB               | –25°C to 85°C               | PCM2904         | PCM2904DB       | Rails           |
|           |              |                    |                             |                 | PCM2904DBR      | Tape and reel   |
| PCM2906DB | 28-lead SSOP | 28DB               | –25°C to 85°C               | PCM2906         | PCM2906DB       | Rails           |
|           |              |                    |                             |                 | PCM2906DBR      | Tape and reel   |

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                                                              |                                                                                      | PCM2904/PCM2906                | UNIT    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| Supply voltage, $V_{BUS}$                                    |                                                                                      | –0.3 to 6.5                    | V       |
| Ground voltage differences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU |                                                                                      | ±0.1                           | V       |
| Digital input voltage                                        | SEL0, SEL1, TEST0 (DIN) <sup>(2)</sup>                                               | –0.3 to 6.5                    | V       |
|                                                              | D+, D–, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, TEST1 (DOUT) <sup>(2)</sup> , $\overline{SSPND}$ | –0.3 to $(V_{DDI} + 0.3) < 4$  |         |
| Analog input voltage                                         | $V_{INL}$ , $V_{INR}$ , $V_{COM}$ , $V_{OUTR}$ , $V_{OUTL}$                          | –0.3 to $(V_{CCCI} + 0.3) < 4$ | V       |
|                                                              | $V_{CCCI}$ , $V_{CCP1I}$ , $V_{CCP2I}$ , $V_{CCXI}$ , $V_{DDI}$                      | –0.3 to 4                      |         |
| Input current (any pins except supplies)                     |                                                                                      | ±10                            | mA      |
| Ambient temperature under bias                               |                                                                                      | –40 to 125                     | °C      |
| Storage temperature, $T_{stg}$                               |                                                                                      | –55 to 150                     | °C      |
| Junction temperature, $T_J$                                  |                                                                                      | 150                            | °C      |
| Lead temperature (soldering)                                 |                                                                                      | 260                            | °C, 5 s |
| Package temperature (IR reflow, peak)                        |                                                                                      | 250                            | °C      |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) ( ): PCM2906

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                              |                     | TEST CONDITIONS                    | PCM2904DB, PCM2906DB               |     |          | UNIT     |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|----------|----------|
|                                        |                     |                                    | MIN                                | TYP | MAX      |          |
| DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT                   |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| Host interface                         |                     | Apply USB Revision 1.1, full speed |                                    |     |          |          |
| Audio data format                      |                     | USB isochronous data format        |                                    |     |          |          |
| INPUT LOGIC                            |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>         | Input logic level   |                                    | 2                                  | 3.3 |          | Vdc      |
| V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>         |                     |                                    | 0.8                                |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(2) (3)</sup>     |                     | 2.52                               | 3.3                                |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(2) (3)</sup>     |                     | 0.9                                |                                    |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>         |                     | 2                                  | 5.25                               |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>         |                     | 0.8                                |                                    |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>         |                     | 2.52                               | 5.25                               |     |          |          |
| V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>         |                     | 0.9                                |                                    |     |          |          |
| I <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(1) (2) (4)</sup> | Input logic current | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            | ±10                                |     | μA       |          |
| I <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(1) (2) (4)</sup> |                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V              | ±10                                |     |          |          |
| I <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>         |                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            | 50                                 | 80  |          |          |
| I <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>         |                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V              | ±10                                |     |          |          |
| I <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>         |                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            | 65                                 | 100 |          |          |
| I <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>         |                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V              | ±10                                |     |          |          |
| OUTPUT LOGIC                           |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| V <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>         | Output logic level  |                                    | 2.8                                |     |          | Vdc      |
| V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>         |                     |                                    | 0.3                                |     |          |          |
| V <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>         |                     | I <sub>OH</sub> = −4 mA            | 2.8                                |     |          |          |
| V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>         |                     | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA             | 0.5                                |     |          |          |
| V <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(7)</sup>         |                     | I <sub>OH</sub> = −2 mA            | 2.8                                |     |          |          |
| V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(7)</sup>         |                     | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA             | 0.5                                |     |          |          |
| CLOCK FREQUENCY                        |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| Input clock frequency, XTI             |                     |                                    | 11.994                             | 12  | 12.006   | MHz      |
| ADC CHARACTERISTICS                    |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| Resolution                             |                     |                                    | 8, 16                              |     | bits     |          |
| Audio data channel                     |                     |                                    | 1, 2                               |     | channel  |          |
| CLOCK FREQUENCY                        |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| f <sub>s</sub>                         | Sampling frequency  |                                    | 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 |     |          | kHz      |
| DC ACCURACY                            |                     |                                    |                                    |     |          |          |
| Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel      |                     |                                    | ±1                                 |     | ±5       | % of FSR |
| Gain error                             |                     |                                    | ±2                                 |     | ±10      | % of FSR |
| Bipolar zero error                     |                     |                                    | ±0                                 |     | % of FSR |          |

- (1) Pins 1, 2: D+, D–  
 (2) Pin 21: XTI  
 (3) Pins 5, 6, 7: HID0, HID1, HID2  
 (4) Pins 8, 9: SEL0, SEL1  
 (5) Pin 24: DIN  
 (6) Pin 25: DOUT  
 (7) Pin 28: SSPND

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)**All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                          |                                        | TEST CONDITIONS                                                       | PCM2904DB, PCM2906DB  |                      |                  | UNIT |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|------|
|                                    |                                        |                                                                       | MIN                   | TYP                  | MAX              |      |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE <sup>(1)</sup> |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
| THD+N                              | Total harmonic distortion plus noise   | V <sub>IN</sub> = −0.5 dB <sup>(2)</sup> , V <sub>CCCI</sub> = 3.67 V | 0.01%                 | 0.02%                |                  |      |
|                                    |                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> = −0.5 dB <sup>(3)</sup>                              | 0.1%                  |                      |                  |      |
|                                    |                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> = −60 dB                                              | 5%                    |                      |                  |      |
|                                    | Dynamic range                          | A-weighted                                                            | 81                    | 89                   | dB               |      |
|                                    | S/N ratio                              | A-weighted                                                            | 81                    | 89                   | dB               |      |
|                                    | Channel separation                     |                                                                       | 80                    | 85                   | dB               |      |
| ANALOG INPUT                       |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
|                                    | Input voltage                          |                                                                       | 0.6 V <sub>CCCI</sub> |                      | V <sub>p-p</sub> |      |
|                                    | Center voltage                         |                                                                       | 0.5 V <sub>CCCI</sub> |                      | V                |      |
|                                    | Input impedance                        |                                                                       | 30                    |                      | kΩ               |      |
|                                    | Antialiasing filter frequency response | −3 dB                                                                 | 150                   |                      | kHz              |      |
|                                    |                                        | f <sub>IN</sub> = 20 kHz                                              | −0.08                 |                      | dB               |      |
| DIGITAL FILTER PERFORMANCE         |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
|                                    | Pass band                              |                                                                       |                       | 0.454 f <sub>s</sub> | Hz               |      |
|                                    | Stop band                              |                                                                       | 0.583 f <sub>s</sub>  |                      | Hz               |      |
|                                    | Pass-band ripple                       |                                                                       |                       | ±0.05                | dB               |      |
|                                    | Stop-band attenuation                  |                                                                       | −65                   |                      | dB               |      |
| t <sub>d</sub>                     | Delay time                             |                                                                       | 17.4/f <sub>s</sub>   |                      | s                |      |
|                                    | LCF frequency response                 | −3 dB                                                                 | 0.078 f <sub>s</sub>  |                      | MHz              |      |
| DAC CHARACTERISTICS                |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
|                                    | Resolution                             |                                                                       | 8, 16                 |                      | bits             |      |
|                                    | Audio data channel                     |                                                                       | 1, 2                  |                      | channel          |      |
| CLOCK FREQUENCY                    |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
| f <sub>s</sub>                     | Sampling frequency                     |                                                                       | 32, 44.1, 48          |                      | kHz              |      |
| DC ACCURACY                        |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
|                                    | Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel      |                                                                       | ±1                    | ±5                   | % of FSR         |      |
|                                    | Gain error                             |                                                                       | ±2                    | ±10                  | % of FSR         |      |
|                                    | Bipolar zero error                     |                                                                       | ±2                    |                      | % of FSR         |      |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE <sup>(4)</sup> |                                        |                                                                       |                       |                      |                  |      |
| THD+N                              | Total harmonic distortion plus noise   | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 dB                                               | 0.005%                | 0.016%               |                  |      |
|                                    |                                        | V <sub>OUT</sub> = −60 dB                                             | 3%                    |                      |                  |      |
|                                    | Dynamic range                          | EIAJ, A-weighted                                                      | 87                    | 93                   | dB               |      |
| SNR                                | Signal-to-noise ratio                  | EIAJ, A-weighted                                                      | 90                    | 96                   | dB               |      |
|                                    | Channel separation                     |                                                                       | 86                    | 92                   | dB               |      |

(1)  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , using the System Two™ audio measurement system by Audio Precision™ in RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF in calculation.(2) Using external voltage regulator for  $V_{\text{CCCI}}$  (as shown in Figure 36 and Figure 37, using REG103xA-A)(3) Using internal voltage regulator for  $V_{\text{CCCI}}$  (as shown in Figure 38 and Figure 39)(4)  $f_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , using the System Two audio measurement system by Audio Precision in RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

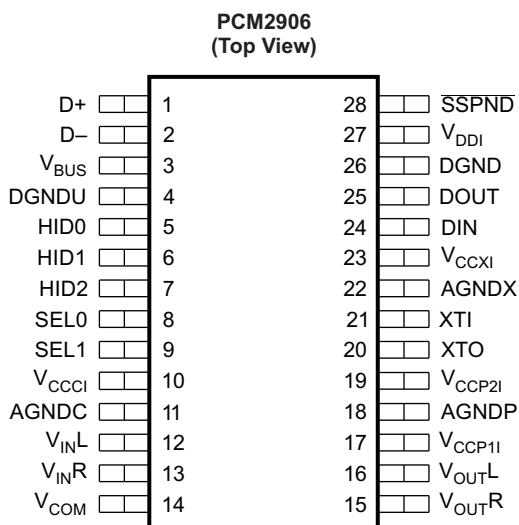
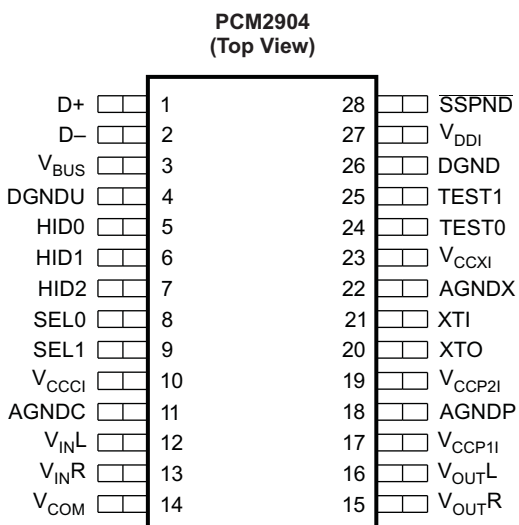
All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                  |                                              | TEST CONDITIONS             | PCM2904DB, PCM2906DB  |      |      | UNIT |    |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|----|
|                            |                                              |                             | MIN                   | TYP  | MAX  |      |    |
| ANALOG OUTPUT              |                                              |                             |                       |      |      |      |    |
| V <sub>O</sub>             | Output voltage                               |                             | 0.6 V <sub>CCCI</sub> |      |      | Vp-p |    |
|                            | Center voltage                               |                             | 0.5 V <sub>CCCI</sub> |      |      | V    |    |
|                            | Load impedance                               | AC coupling                 | 10                    |      |      | kΩ   |    |
|                            | LPF frequency response                       | –3 dB                       | 250                   |      |      | kHz  |    |
|                            |                                              | f = 20 kHz                  | –0.03                 |      |      | dB   |    |
| DIGITAL FILTER PERFORMANCE |                                              |                             |                       |      |      |      |    |
|                            | Pass band                                    |                             | 0.445 f <sub>s</sub>  |      |      | Hz   |    |
|                            | Stop band                                    |                             | 0.555 f <sub>s</sub>  |      |      | Hz   |    |
|                            | Pass-band ripple                             |                             | ±0.1                  |      |      | dB   |    |
|                            | Stop-band attenuation                        |                             | –43                   |      |      | dB   |    |
| t <sub>d</sub>             | Delay time                                   |                             | 14.3 f <sub>s</sub>   |      |      | s    |    |
| POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS  |                                              |                             |                       |      |      |      |    |
| V <sub>BUS</sub>           | Voltage range                                |                             | 4.36                  | 5    | 5.25 | VDC  |    |
|                            | Supply current                               | ADC, DAC operation          | 56                    |      |      | mA   |    |
|                            |                                              | Suspend mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 210                   |      |      | μA   |    |
| P <sub>D</sub>             | Power dissipation                            | ADC, DAC operation          | 280                   |      |      | mW   |    |
|                            |                                              | Suspend mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 1.05                  |      |      |      |    |
|                            | Internal power supply voltage <sup>(2)</sup> |                             | 3.25                  | 3.35 | 3.5  | VDC  |    |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE          |                                              |                             |                       |      |      |      |    |
|                            | Operating temperature                        |                             | –25                   |      |      | 85   | °C |
| θ <sub>JA</sub>            | Thermal resistance                           | 28-pin SSOP                 | 100                   |      |      | °C/W |    |

(1) In USB suspend state

(2) Pins 10, 17, 19, 23, 27:  $V_{\text{CCCI}}$ ,  $V_{\text{CCP1I}}$ ,  $V_{\text{CCP2I}}$ ,  $V_{\text{CCXI}}$ ,  $V_{\text{DDI}}$

## PIN ASSIGNMENTS



P0007-05

**Table 1. PCM2904 TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

| TERMINAL           |     | I/O | DESCRIPTION                                                   |
|--------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME               | NO. |     |                                                               |
| AGNDC              | 11  | –   | Analog ground for codec                                       |
| AGNDP              | 18  | –   | Analog ground for PLL                                         |
| AGNDX              | 22  | –   | Analog ground for oscillator                                  |
| D–                 | 2   | I/O | USB differential input/output minus <sup>(1)</sup>            |
| D+                 | 1   | I/O | USB differential input/output plus <sup>(1)</sup>             |
| DGND               | 26  | –   | Digital ground                                                |
| DGNDU              | 4   | –   | Digital ground for USB transceiver                            |
| HID0               | 5   | I   | HID key state input (mute), active-high <sup>(2)</sup>        |
| HID1               | 6   | I   | HID key state input (volume up), active-high <sup>(2)</sup>   |
| HID2               | 7   | I   | HID key state input (volume down), active-high <sup>(2)</sup> |
| SEL0               | 8   | I   | Must be set to high <sup>(3)</sup>                            |
| SEL1               | 9   | I   | Must be set to high <sup>(3)</sup>                            |
| SSPND              | 28  | O   | Suspend flag, active-low (Low: suspend, High: operational)    |
| TEST0              | 24  | I   | Test pin, must be connected to GND                            |
| TEST1              | 25  | O   | Test pin, must be left open                                   |
| V <sub>BUS</sub>   | 3   | –   | Connect to USB power (V <sub>BUS</sub> )                      |
| V <sub>CCCI</sub>  | 10  | –   | Internal analog power supply for codec <sup>(4)</sup>         |
| V <sub>CCP1I</sub> | 17  | –   | Internal analog power supply for PLL <sup>(4)</sup>           |
| V <sub>CCP2I</sub> | 19  | –   | Internal analog power supply for PLL <sup>(4)</sup>           |
| V <sub>CCXI</sub>  | 23  | –   | Internal analog power supply for oscillator <sup>(4)</sup>    |
| V <sub>COM</sub>   | 14  | –   | Common for ADC/DAC (V <sub>CCCI</sub> /2) <sup>(4)</sup>      |
| V <sub>DDI</sub>   | 27  | –   | Internal digital power supply <sup>(4)</sup>                  |
| V <sub>INL</sub>   | 12  | I   | ADC analog input for L-channel                                |
| V <sub>INR</sub>   | 13  | I   | ADC analog input for R-channel                                |
| V <sub>OUTL</sub>  | 16  | O   | DAC analog output for L-channel                               |
| V <sub>OUTR</sub>  | 15  | O   | DAC analog output for R-channel                               |
| XTI                | 21  | I   | Crystal oscillator input <sup>(5)</sup>                       |
| XTO                | 20  | O   | Crystal oscillator output                                     |

(1) LV-TTL level

(2) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which have no direct connection with the internal DAC or ADC. See the *Interface #3* and *End-Points* sections.

(3) TTL Schmitt trigger, 5-V tolerant

(4) Connect a decoupling capacitor to GND.

(5) 3.3-V CMOS-level input

**Table 2. PCM2906 TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

| TERMINAL           |     | I/O | DESCRIPTION                                                   |
|--------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME               | NO. |     |                                                               |
| AGNDC              | 11  | –   | Analog ground for codec                                       |
| AGNDP              | 18  | –   | Analog ground for PLL                                         |
| AGNDX              | 22  | –   | Analog ground for oscillator                                  |
| D–                 | 2   | I/O | USB differential input/output minus <sup>(1)</sup>            |
| D+                 | 1   | I/O | USB differential input/output plus <sup>(1)</sup>             |
| DGND               | 26  | –   | Digital ground                                                |
| DGNDU              | 4   | –   | Digital ground for USB transceiver                            |
| DIN                | 24  | I   | S/PDIF input <sup>(2)</sup>                                   |
| DOUT               | 25  | O   | S/PDIF output                                                 |
| HID0               | 5   | I   | HID key state input (mute), active-high <sup>(3)</sup>        |
| HID1               | 6   | I   | HID key state input (volume up), active-high <sup>(3)</sup>   |
| HID2               | 7   | I   | HID key state input (volume down), active-high <sup>(3)</sup> |
| SEL0               | 8   | I   | Must be set to high <sup>(4)</sup>                            |
| SEL1               | 9   | I   | Must be set to high <sup>(4)</sup>                            |
| SSPND              | 28  | O   | Suspend flag, active-low (Low: suspend, High: operational)    |
| V <sub>BUS</sub>   | 3   | –   | Connect to USB power (V <sub>BUS</sub> )                      |
| V <sub>CCCI</sub>  | 10  | –   | Internal analog power supply for codec <sup>(5)</sup>         |
| V <sub>CCP1I</sub> | 17  | –   | Internal analog power supply for PLL <sup>(5)</sup>           |
| V <sub>CCP2I</sub> | 19  | –   | Internal analog power supply for PLL <sup>(5)</sup>           |
| V <sub>CCXI</sub>  | 23  | –   | Internal analog power supply for oscillator <sup>(5)</sup>    |
| V <sub>COM</sub>   | 14  | –   | Common for ADC/DAC (V <sub>CCCI</sub> /2) <sup>(5)</sup>      |
| V <sub>DDI</sub>   | 27  | –   | Internal digital power supply <sup>(5)</sup>                  |
| V <sub>INL</sub>   | 12  | I   | ADC analog input for L-channel                                |
| V <sub>INR</sub>   | 13  | I   | ADC analog input for R-channel                                |
| V <sub>OUTL</sub>  | 16  | O   | DAC analog output for L-channel                               |
| V <sub>OUTR</sub>  | 15  | O   | DAC analog output for R-channel                               |
| XTI                | 21  | I   | Crystal oscillator input <sup>(6)</sup>                       |
| XTO                | 20  | O   | Crystal oscillator output                                     |

(1) LV-TTL level

(2) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown, 5-V tolerant

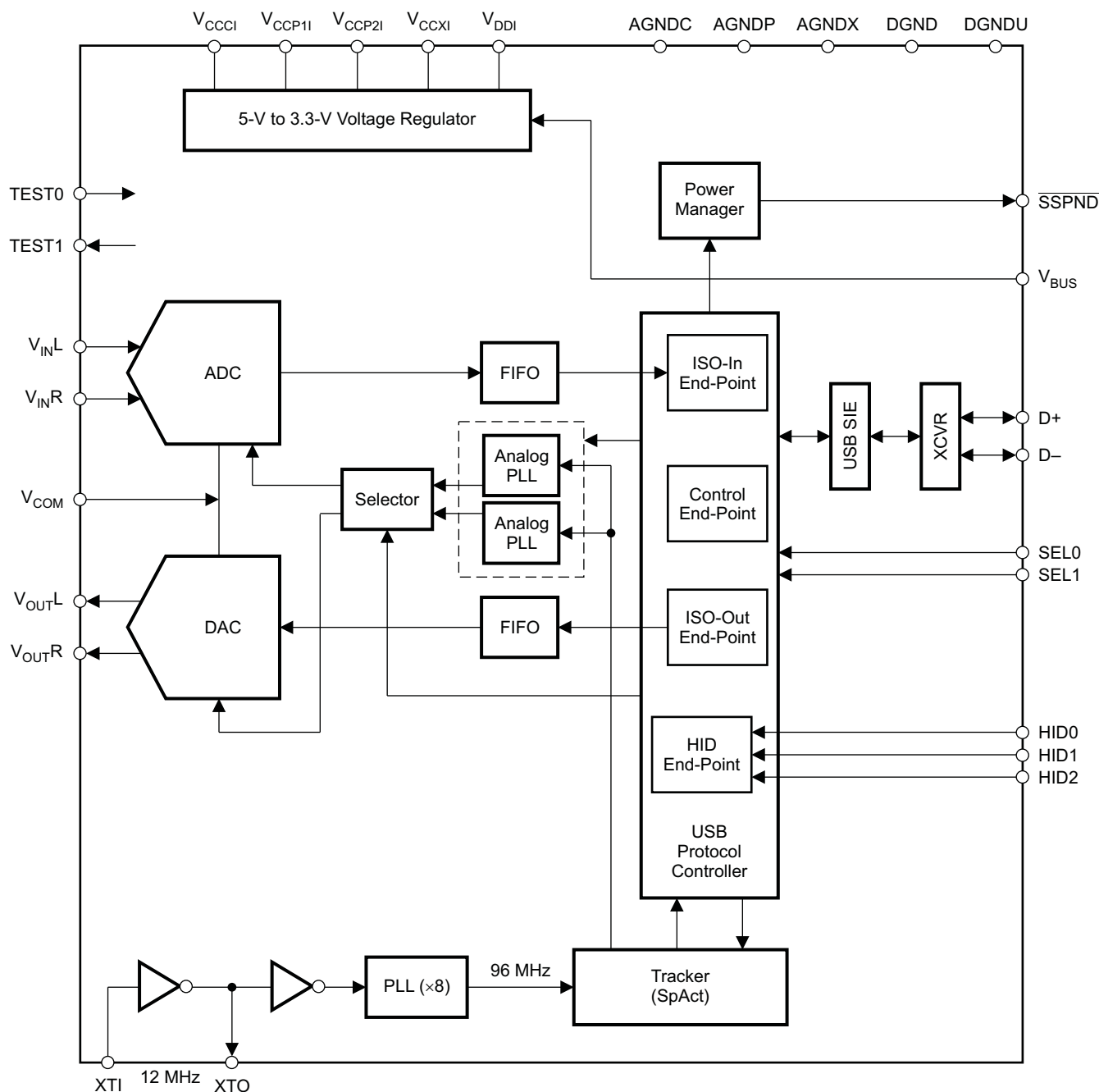
(3) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which have no direct connection with the internal DAC or ADC. See the *Interface #3* and *End-Points* sections.

(4) TTL Schmitt trigger, 5-V tolerant

(5) Connect a decoupling capacitor to GND.

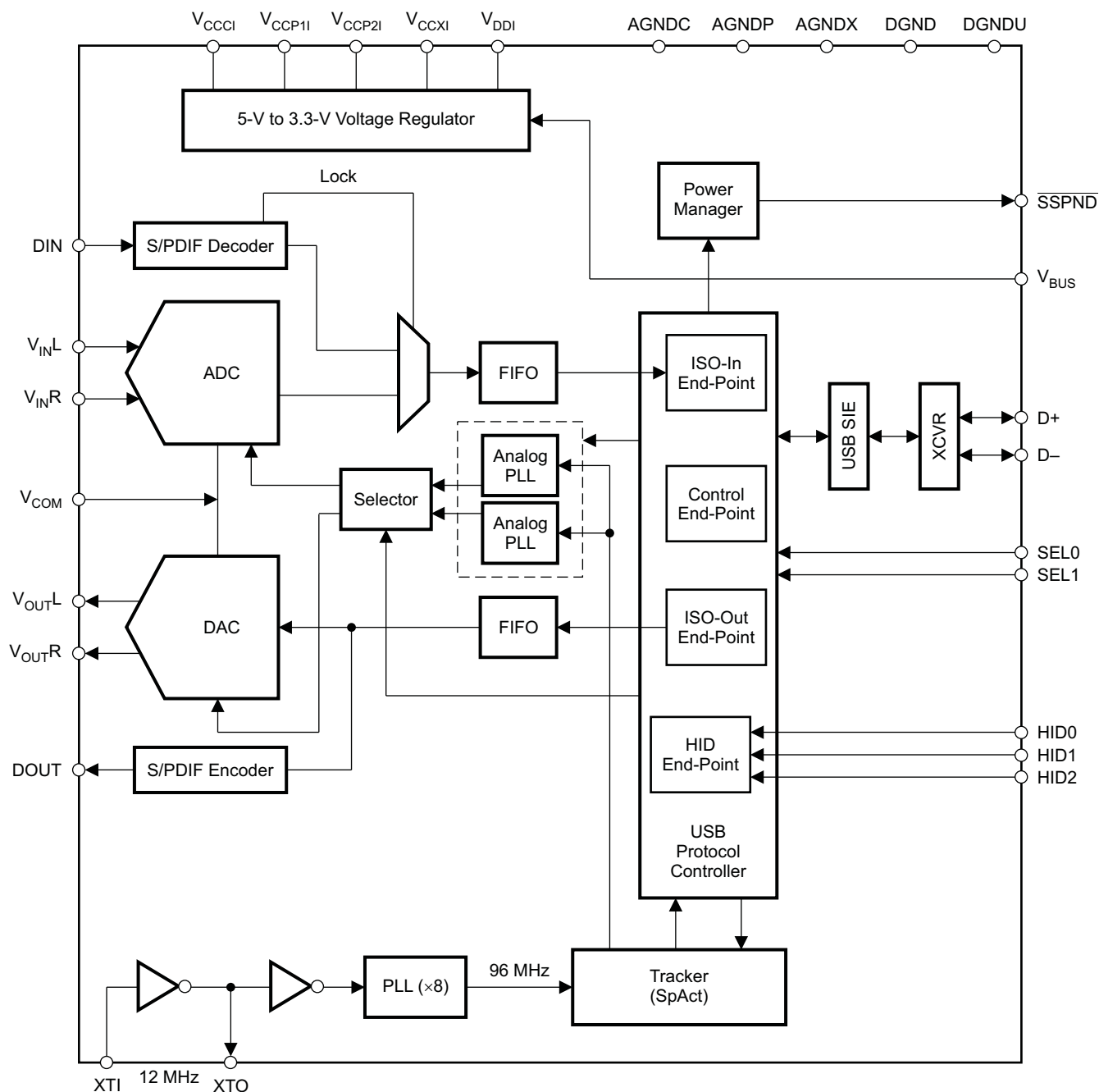
(6) 3.3-V CMOS-level input

## PCM2904 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



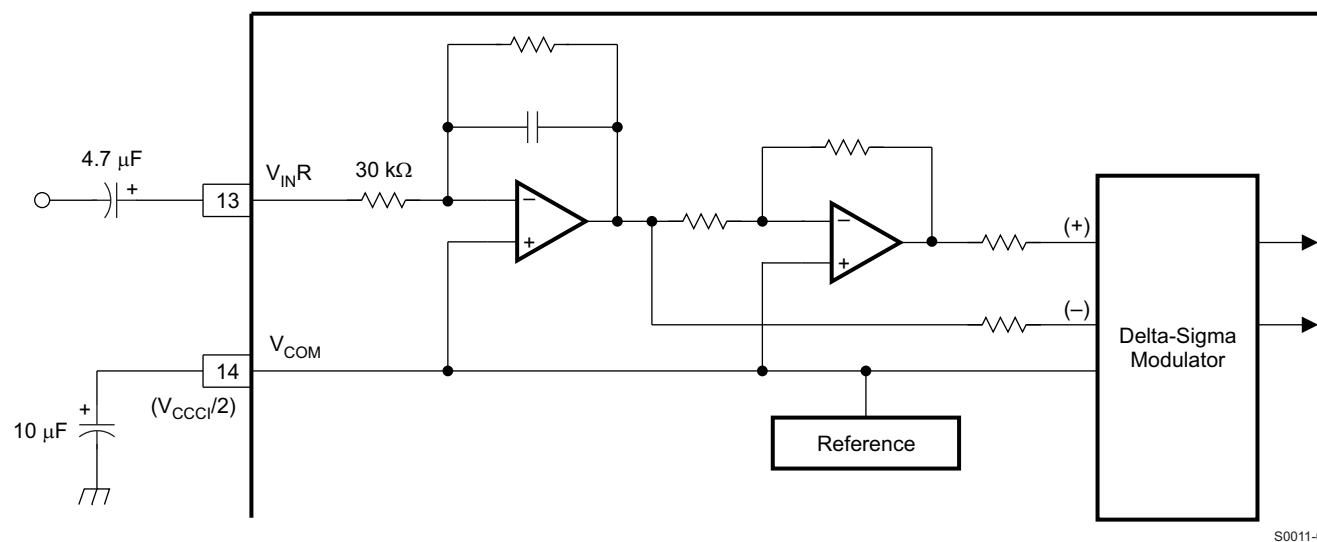
B0238-01

## PCM2906 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



B0239-01

## BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)



S0011-06

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

### ADC

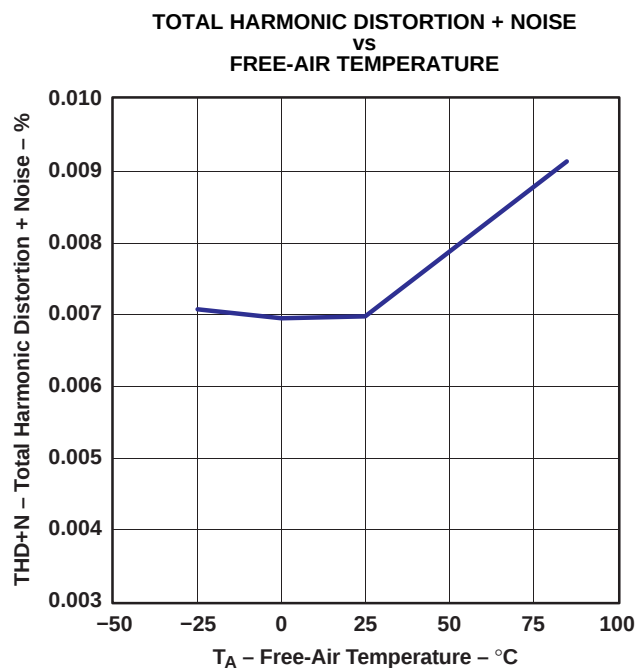


Figure 1. THD+N at -0.5 dB vs Temperature

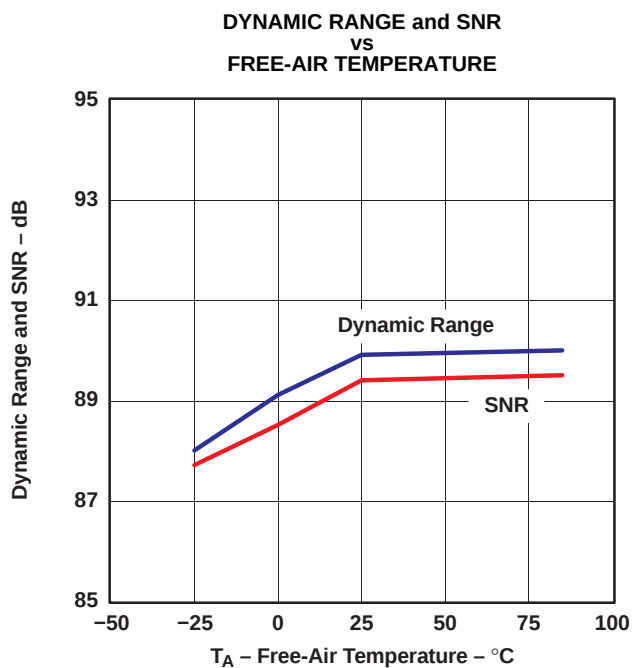


Figure 2.

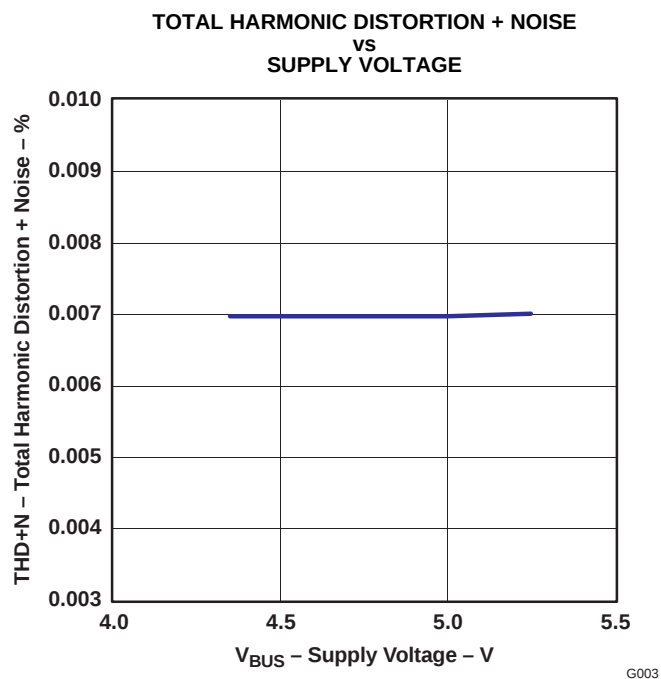


Figure 3. THD+N at -0.5 dB vs Supply Voltage

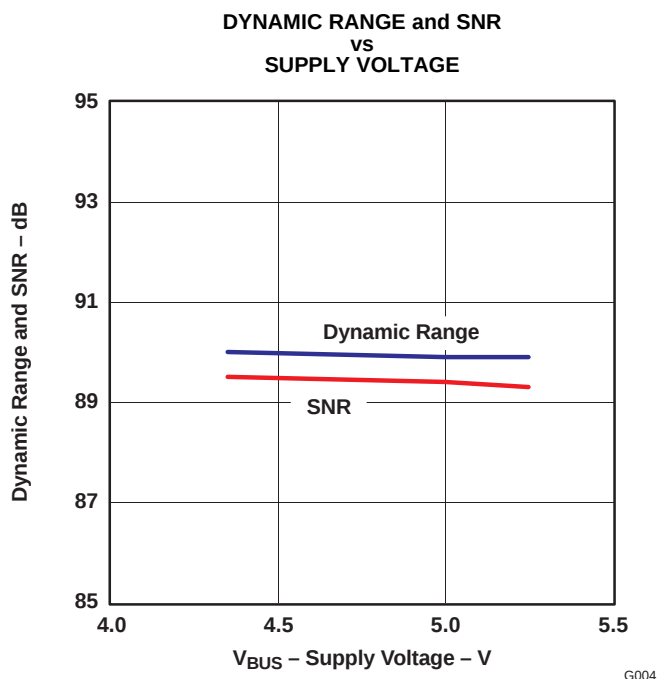


Figure 4.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

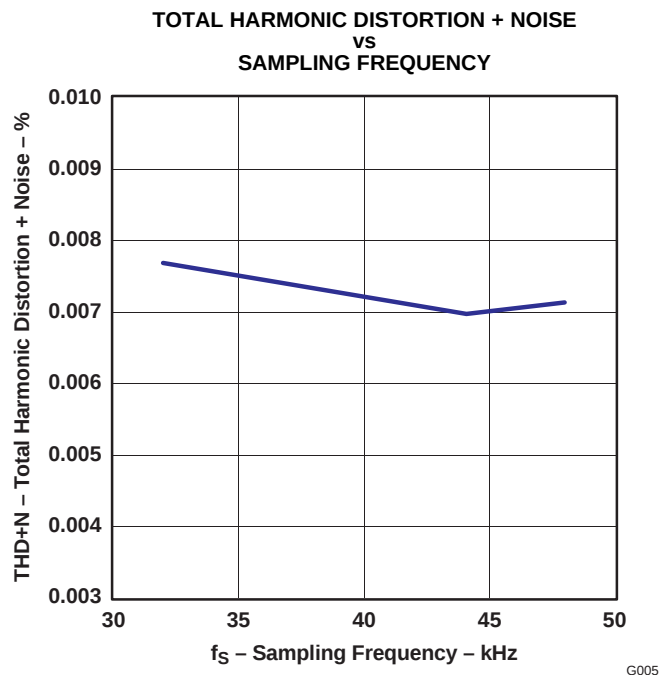


Figure 5. THD+N at -0.5 dB vs Sampling Frequency

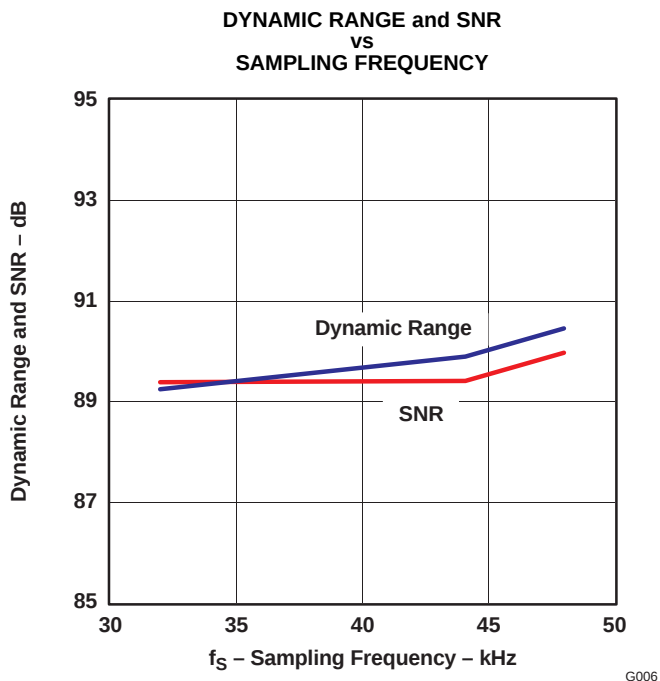


Figure 6.

## DAC

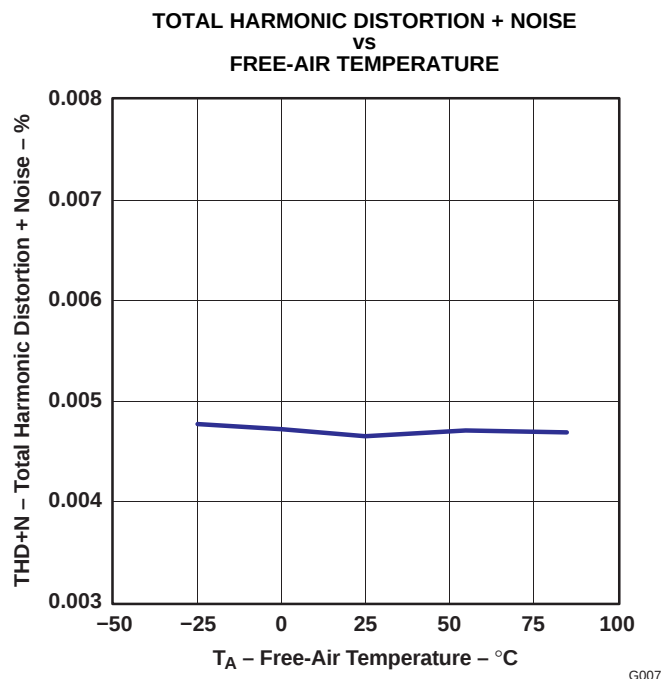


Figure 7. THD+N at 0 dB vs Temperature

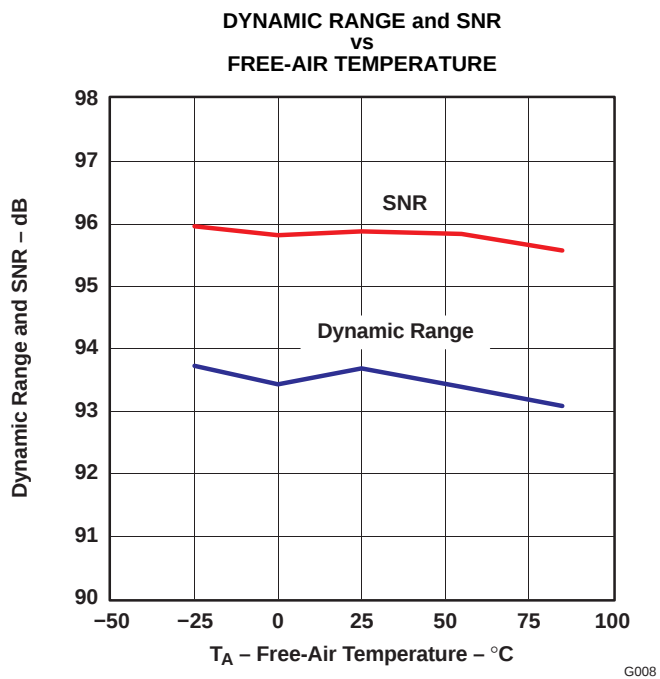


Figure 8.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

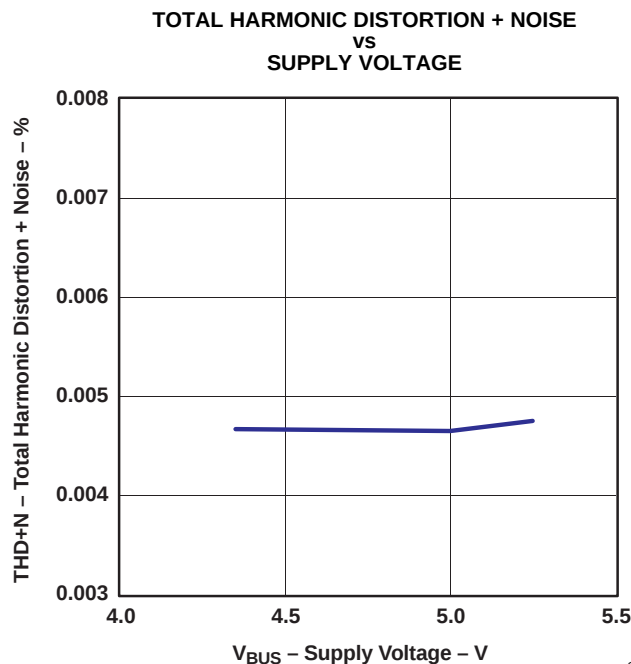


Figure 9. THD+N at 0 dB vs Supply Voltage

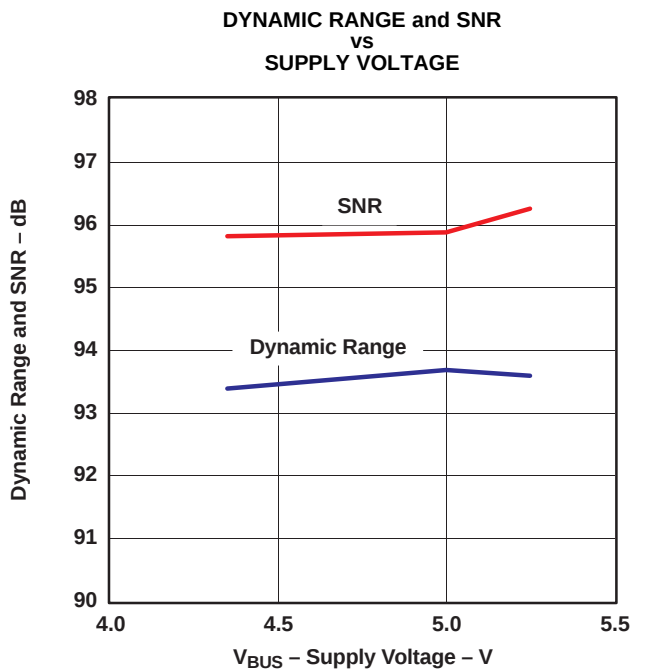


Figure 10.

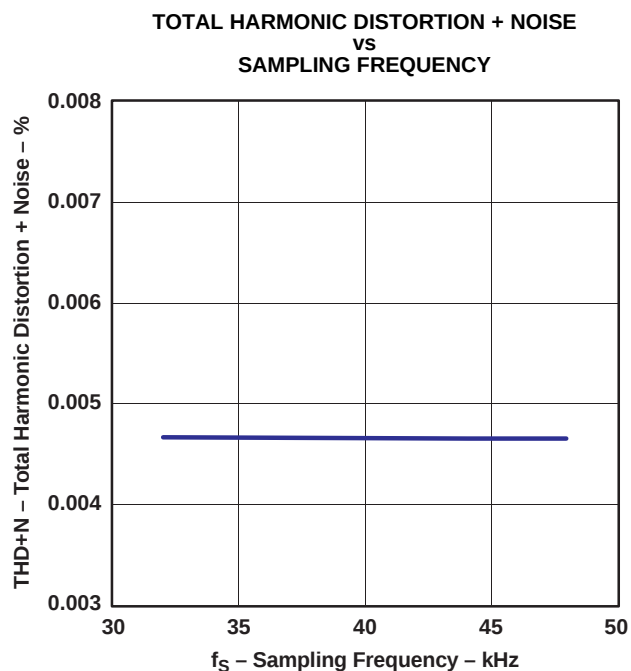


Figure 11. THD+N at 0 dB vs Sampling Frequency

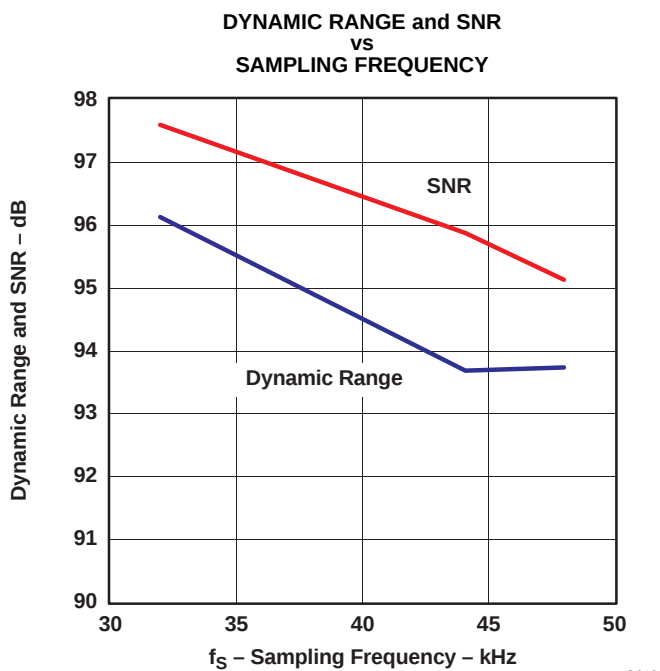
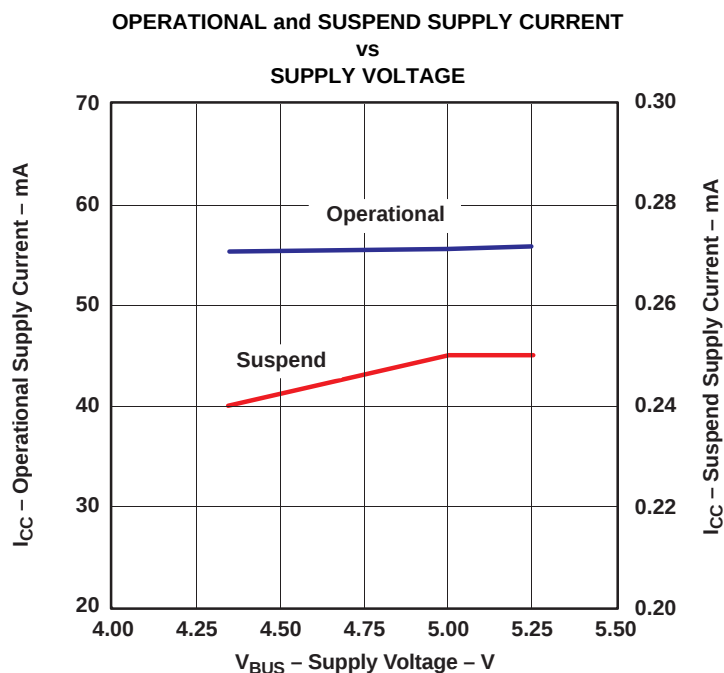


Figure 12.

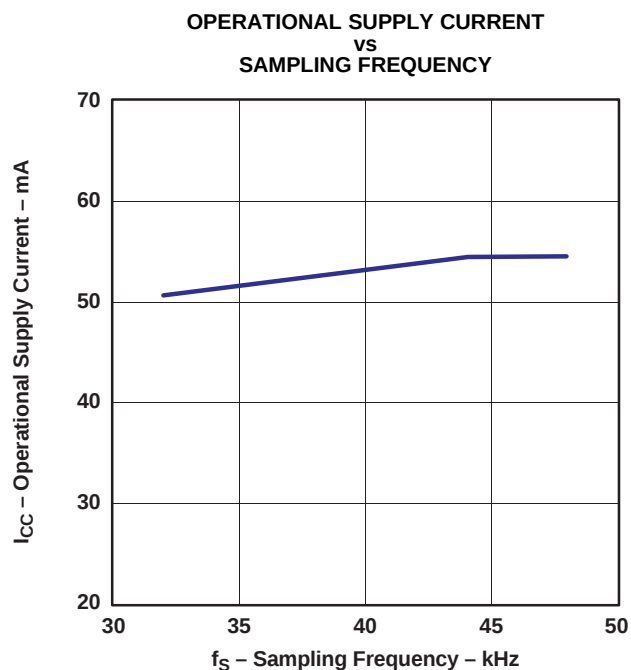
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

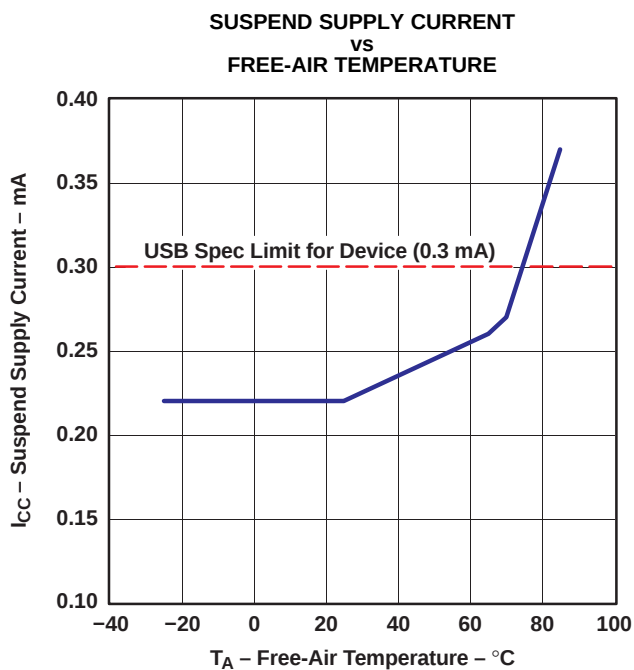
**SUPPLY CURRENT**

G013

Figure 13.



G014

Figure 14. Supply Current vs Sampling Frequency, ADC and DAC at Same  $f_s$ 

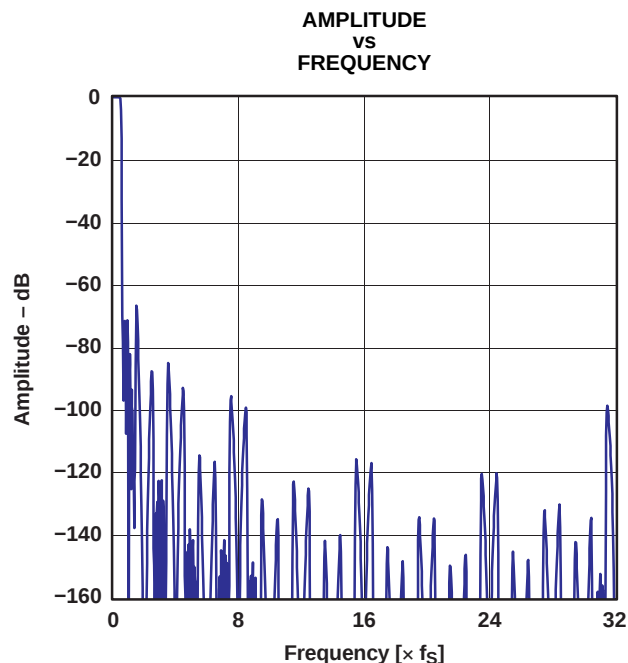
G015

Figure 15. Supply Current vs Temperature in Suspend Mode

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

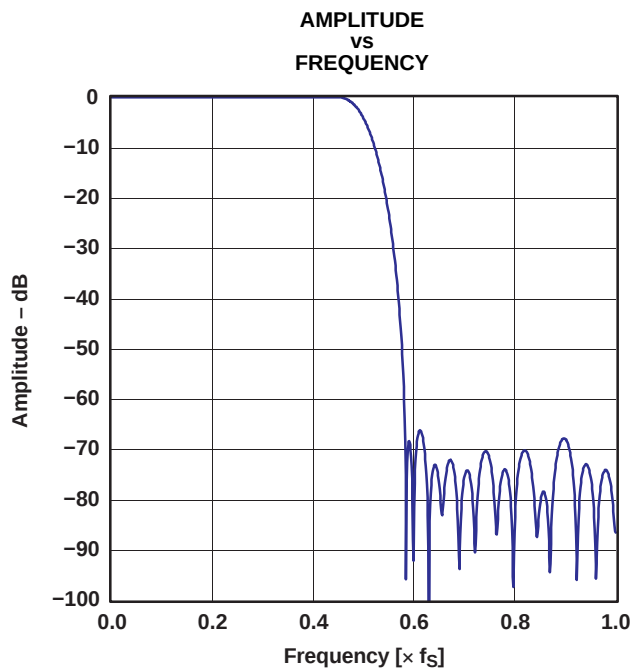
All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

### ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE



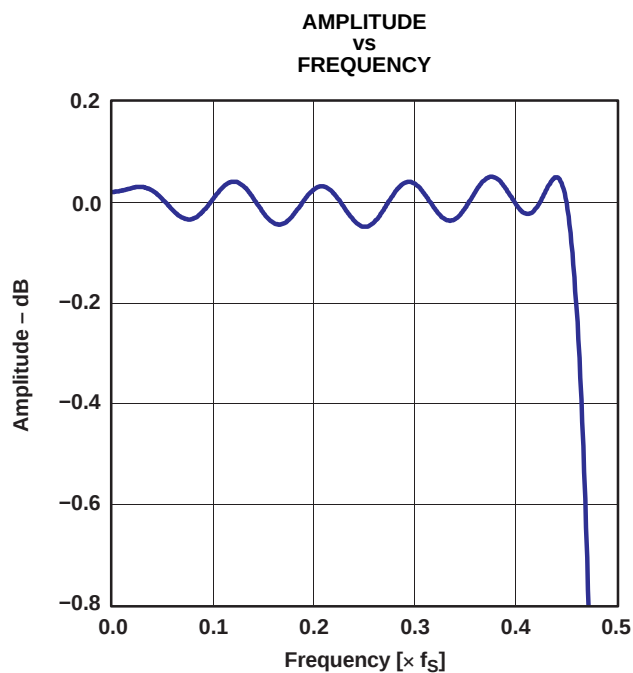
G016

Figure 16. Overall Characteristic



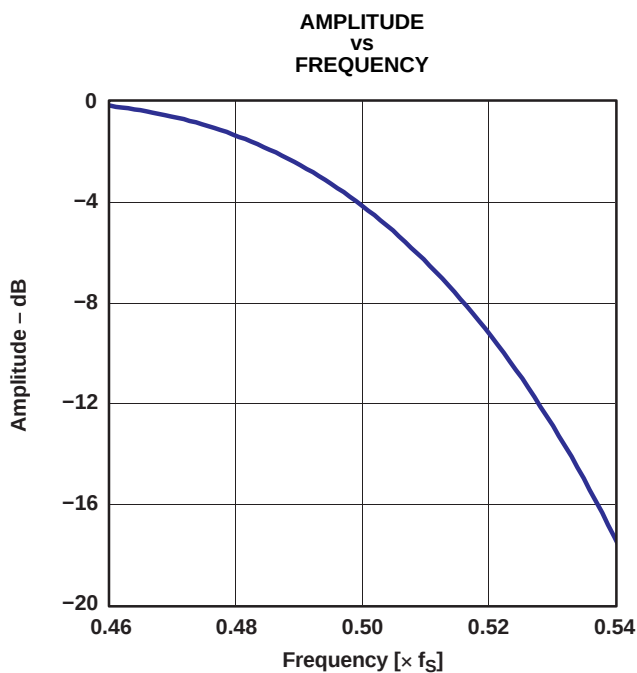
G017

Figure 17. Stop-Band Attenuation



G018

Figure 18. Pass-Band Ripple



G019

Figure 19. Transition-Band Response

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

### ADC DIGITAL HIGH-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

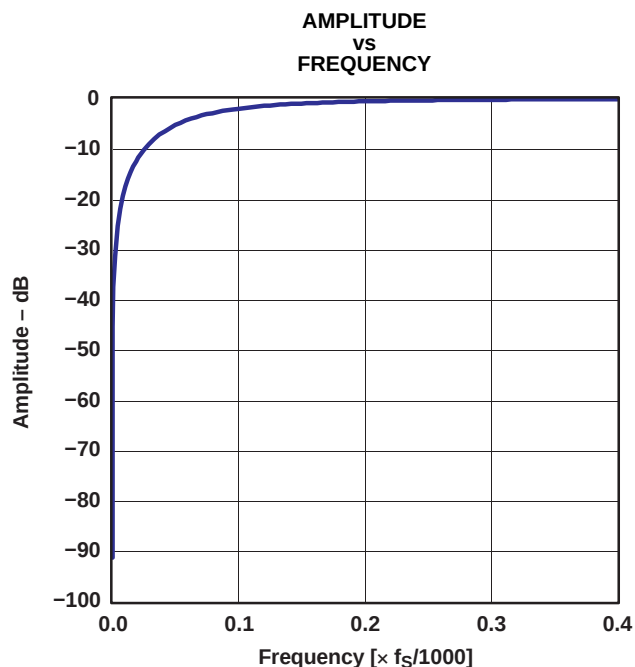


Figure 20. Stop-Band Characteristic

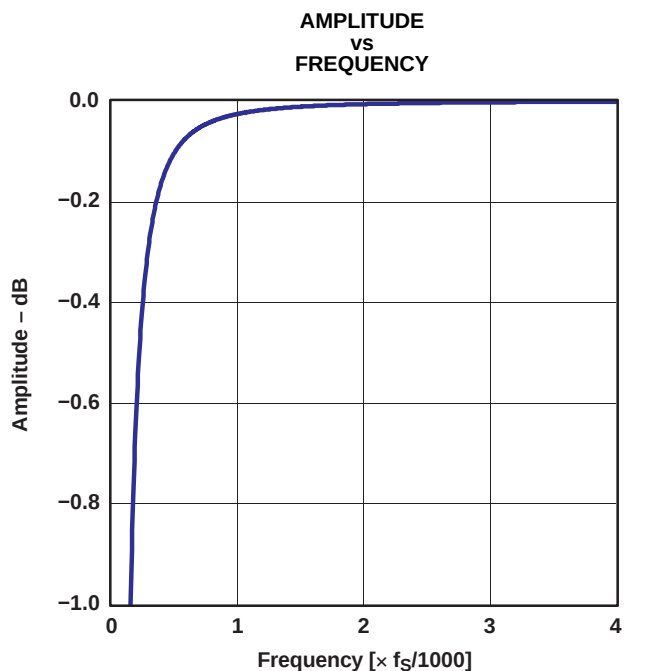


Figure 21. Pass-Band Characteristic

### ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

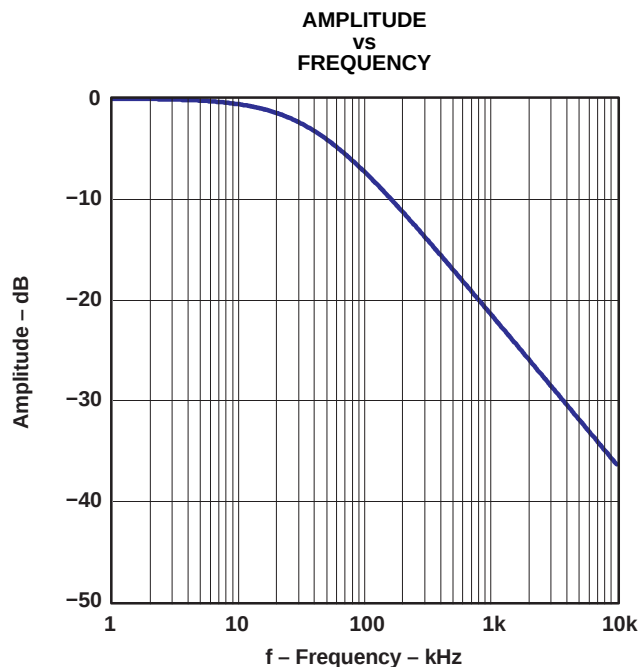


Figure 22. Stop-Band Characteristic

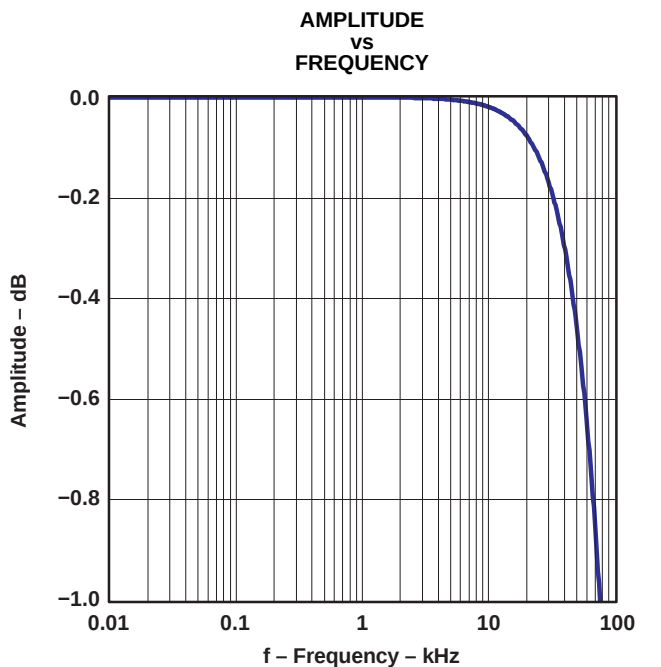


Figure 23. Pass-Band characteristic

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

### DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION AND DE-EMPHASIS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

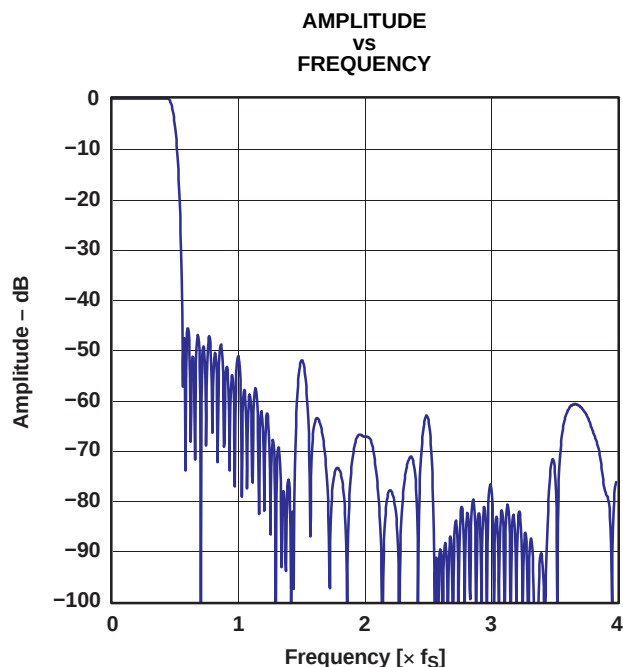


Figure 24. Stop-Band Attenuation

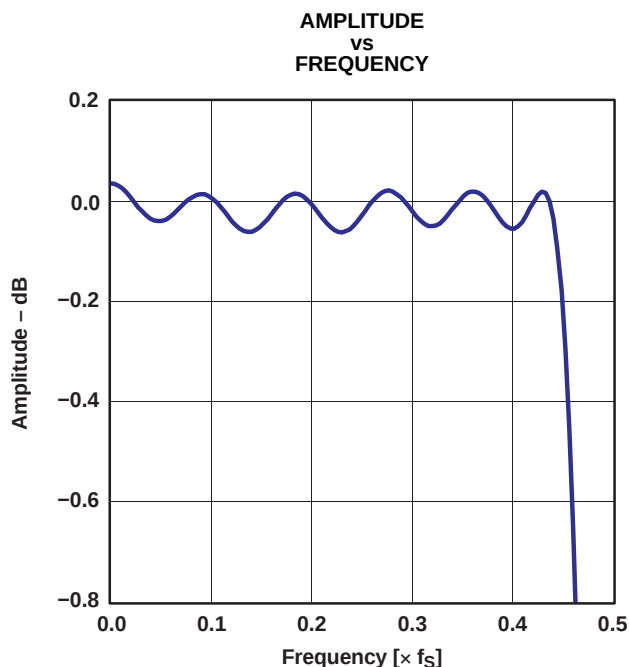


Figure 25. Pass-Band Ripple

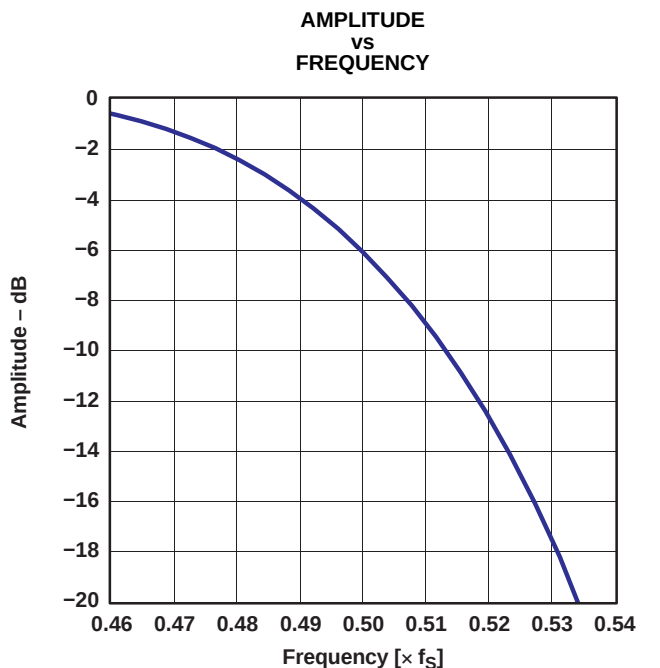


Figure 26. Transition-Band Response

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{BUS}} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_s = 44.1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{ kHz}$ , 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

### DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

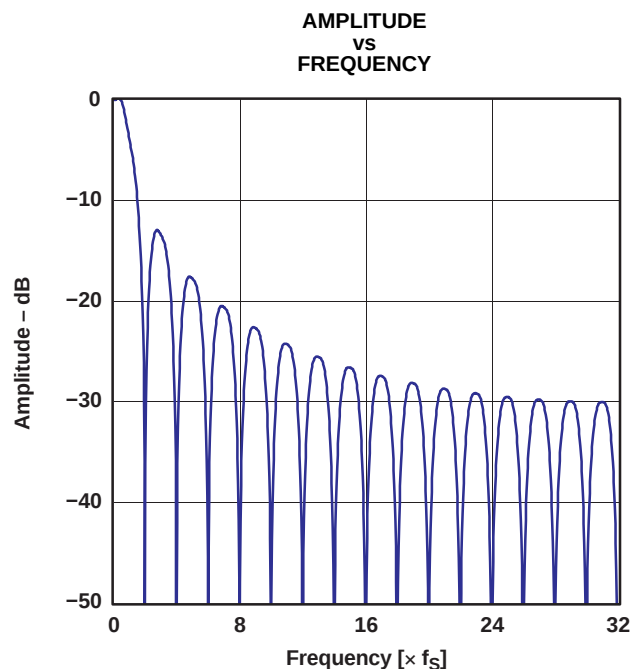


Figure 27. Stop-Band Characteristic

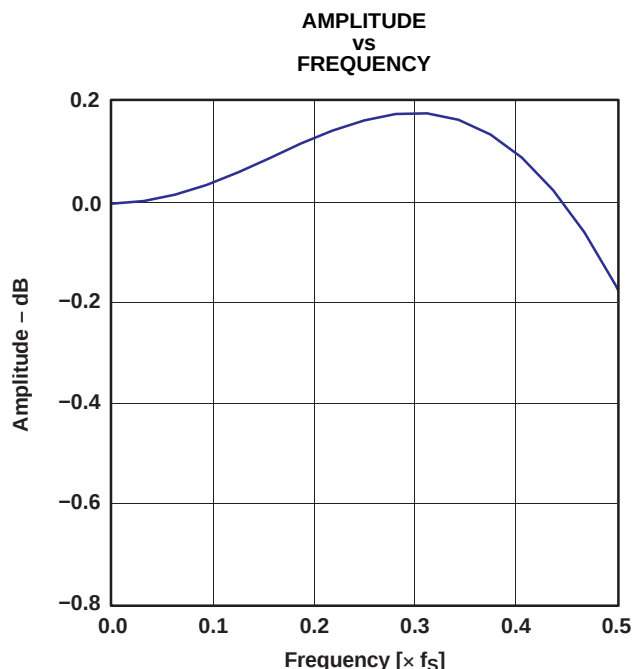


Figure 28. Pass-Band Characteristic

### DAC ANALOG LOW-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

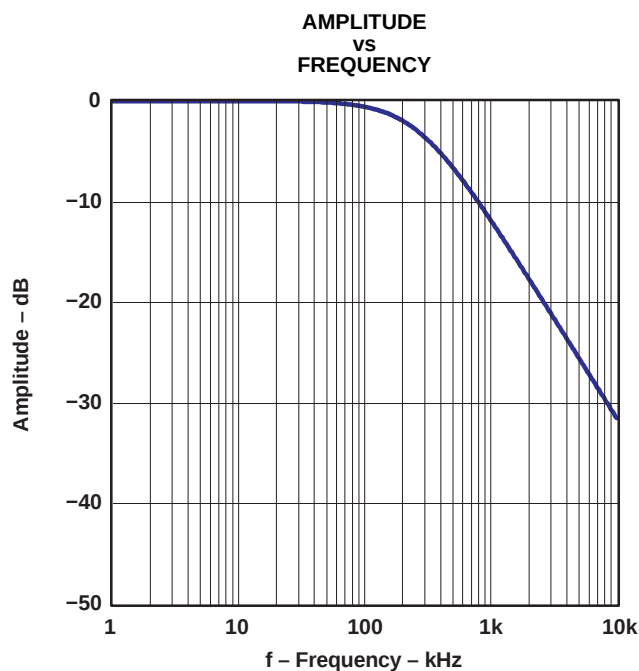


Figure 29. Stop-Band Characteristic

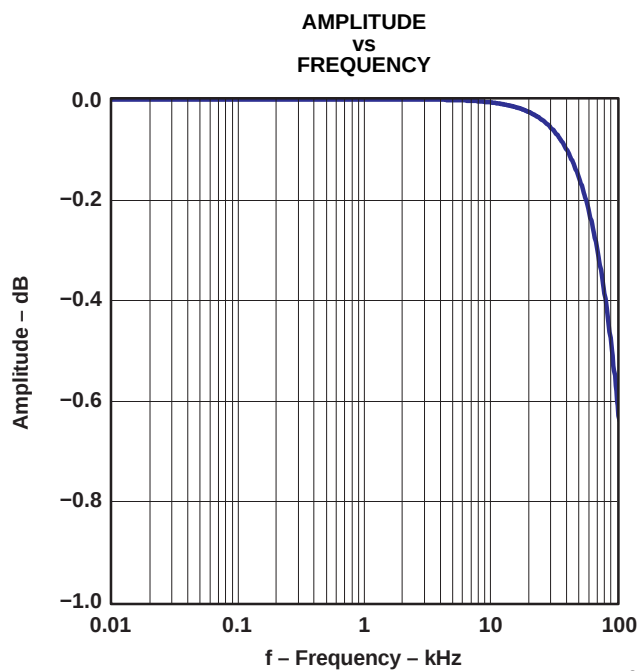


Figure 30. Pass-Band Characteristic

## USB INTERFACE

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2904/2906 via D+ (pin 1) and D– (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2904/2906 is transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in [Table 3](#). The device descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative about the details.

**Table 3. Device Descriptor**

|                                 |                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| USB revision                    | 1.1 compliant                                  |
| Device class                    | 0x00 (device defined interface level)          |
| Device sub class                | 0x00 (not specified)                           |
| Device protocol                 | 0x00 (not specified)                           |
| Max packet size for end-point 0 | 8 byte                                         |
| Vendor ID                       | 0x08BB (default value, can be modified)        |
| Product ID                      | 0x2904/0x2906 (default value, can be modified) |
| Device release number           | 1.0 (0x0100)                                   |
| Number of configurations        | 1                                              |
| Vendor string                   | String #1 (see <a href="#">Table 5</a> )       |
| Product string                  | String #2 (see <a href="#">Table 5</a> )       |
| Serial number                   | Not supported                                  |

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in [Table 4](#). The configuration descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative about the details.

**Table 4. Configuration Descriptor**

|                 |                                               |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Interface       | Four interfaces                               |
| Power attribute | 0x80 (Bus powered, no remote wakeup)          |
| Max power       | 0xFA (500 mA. Default value, can be modified) |

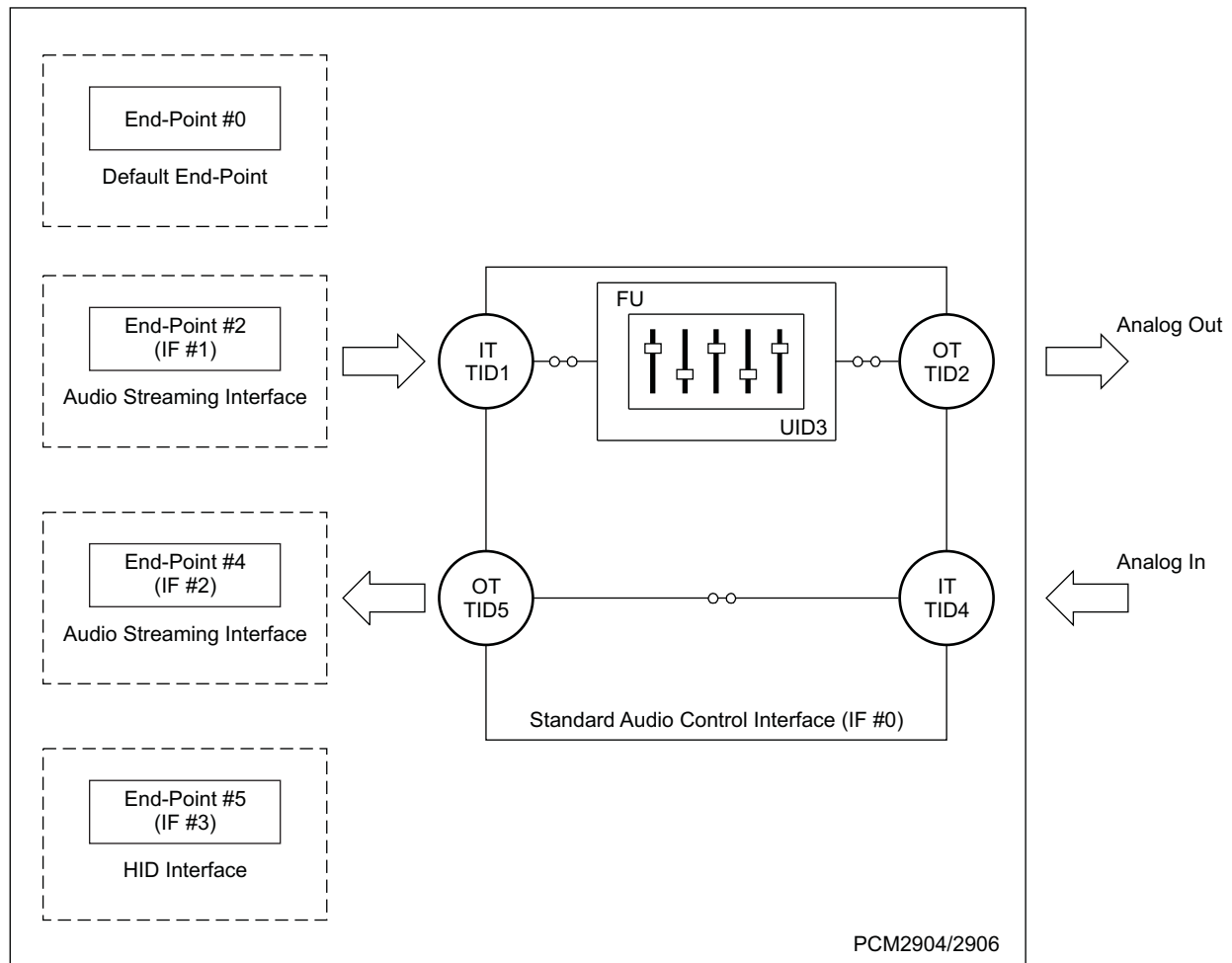
The string descriptor contains the information described in [Table 5](#). The string descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative about the details.

**Table 5. String Descriptor**

|    |                                                     |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------|
| #0 | 0x0409                                              |
| #1 | Burr-Brown from TI (default value, can be modified) |
| #2 | USB audio codec (default value, can be modified)    |

## DEVICE CONFIGURATION

Figure 31 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2904/2906 has four interfaces. Each interface is constructed by alternative settings.



M0024-02

**Figure 31. USB Audio Function Topology**

## Interface #0

Interface #0 is the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. The audio control interface is constructed by a terminal. The PCM2904/2906 has the following five terminals.

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as a *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept 2-channel audio streams consisting of left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a *speaker* (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as a *microphone* (terminal type 0x0201). Output terminal #5 is defined as a *USB stream* (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate 2-channel audio streams consisting of left and right channels. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features.

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio-class-specific request from 0 dB to –64 dB in steps of 1 dB. Each channel can be set for different values. The master volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio-class-specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

## Interface #1

Interface #1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface #1 has the following seven alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

| ALTERNATIVE SETTING | DATA FORMAT    |        |                      | TRANSFER MODE | SAMPLING RATE (kHz) |
|---------------------|----------------|--------|----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 00                  | Zero bandwidth |        |                      |               |                     |
| 01                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM)  | Adaptive      | 32, 44.1, 48        |
| 02                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM)  | Adaptive      | 32, 44.1, 48        |
| 03                  | 8 bit          | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM)  | Adaptive      | 32, 44.1, 48        |
| 04                  | 8 bit          | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM)  | Adaptive      | 32, 44.1, 48        |
| 05                  | 8 bit          | Stereo | Offset binary (PCM8) | Adaptive      | 32, 44.1, 48        |
| 06                  | 8 bit          | Mono   | Offset binary (PCM8) | Adaptive      | 32, 44.1, 48        |

## Interface #2

Interface #2 is the audio streaming data-in interface. Interface #2 has the following 19 alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

| ALTERNATIVE SETTING | DATA FORMAT    |        |                     | TRANSFER MODE | SAMPLING RATE (kHz) |
|---------------------|----------------|--------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 00                  | ZERO BANDWIDTH |        |                     |               |                     |
| 01                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 48                  |
| 02                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 48                  |
| 03                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 44.1                |
| 04                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 44.1                |
| 05                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 32                  |
| 06                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 32                  |
| 07                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 22.05               |
| 08                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 22.05               |
| 09                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 16                  |
| 0A                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 16                  |
| 0B                  | 8 bit          | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 16                  |
| 0C                  | 8 bit          | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 16                  |
| 0D                  | 8 bit          | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 8                   |
| 0E                  | 8 bit          | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Asynchronous  | 8                   |
| 0F                  | 16 bit         | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Synchronous   | 11.025              |
| 10                  | 16 bit         | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Synchronous   | 11.025              |
| 11                  | 8 bit          | Stereo | 2s complement (PCM) | Synchronous   | 11.025              |
| 12                  | 8 bit          | Mono   | 2s complement (PCM) | Synchronous   | 11.025              |

## Interface #3

Interface #3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 constructs the HID consumer control device. Interface #3 reports the following three key statuses.

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)

## End-Points

The PCM2904/2906 has the following four end-points.

- Control end-point (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP #4)
- HID end-point (EP #5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2904/2906 by the standard USB request and USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point is an audio source end-point that transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses the asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. The HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. This means that the result obtained from the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is used as a primary audio-out device.

## Clock and Reset

The PCM2904/2906 requires a 12-MHz ( $\pm 500$  ppm) clock for the USB and audio functions. The clock can be generated by a built-in oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high-value (1-M $\Omega$ ) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. An external clock can be supplied to XTI (pin 21). If an external clock is used, XTO (pin 20) must be left open. Because there is no clock disabling signal, use of the external clock supply is not recommended.  $\overline{\text{SSPND}}$  (pin 28) is unable to use clock disabling.

The PCM2904/2906 has an internal power-on reset circuit, which is triggered automatically when  $V_{\text{BUS}}$  (pin 3) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V to 2.2 V). About 700  $\mu\text{s}$  is required until internal reset release.

## Digital Audio Interface (PCM2906)

The PCM2906 employs S/PDIF for both input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host is encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data is selected from either the S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects S/PDIF input and successfully locks the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source automatically selected is S/PDIF; otherwise, the data source selected is the ADC analog input.

## Supported Input Data (PCM2906)

The following data formats are accepted by S/PDIF for input and output. All other data formats are unusable as S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Mismatch between the input data format and the host command may cause unexpected results, with the following exceptions:

- Recording in monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Recording in 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination of the two foregoing conditions is not accepted.

For playback, all possible data-rate sources are converted to the 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

## Channel Status Information (PCM2906)

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0s except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.

## Copyright Management (PCM2906)

Isochronous-in data is affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). When the control bit indicates that the received digital audio data is original, the input digital audio data is transferred to the host. If the data is indicated as first generation or higher, the transferred data is routed to the analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.

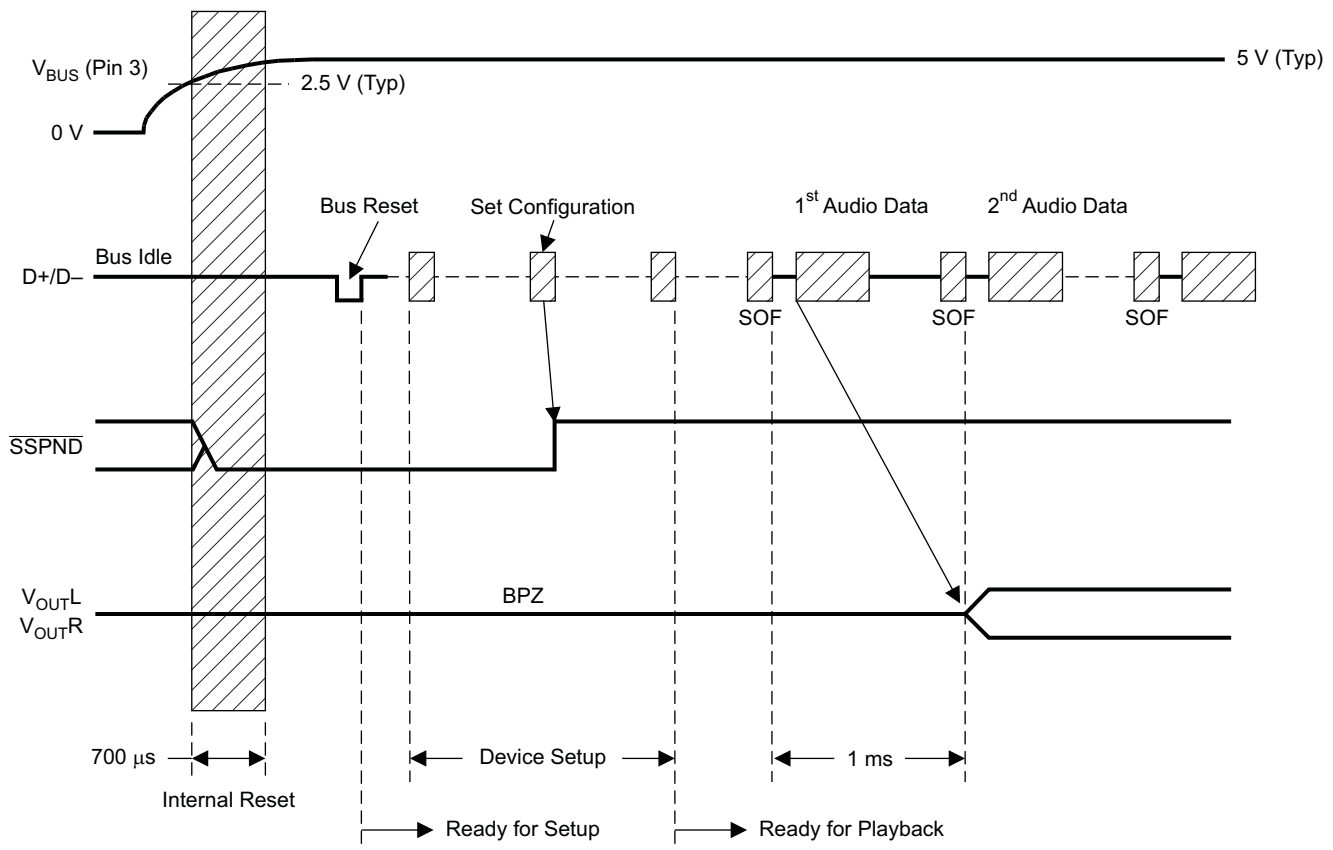
The implementation of this feature is optional. It is the designer's responsibility to determine whether to implement this feature in a product or not.

## INTERFACE SEQUENCE

### Power-On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2904/2906 is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB device is attached. After a connection has been established by setup, the PCM2904/PCM2906 is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting for the audio data (idle state), the analog output is set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2904/2906 stores the first audio packet, which contained 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2904/2906 starts playing the audio data when detecting the following start-of-frame (SOF) packet.



T0055-02

Figure 32. Initial Sequence

### Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

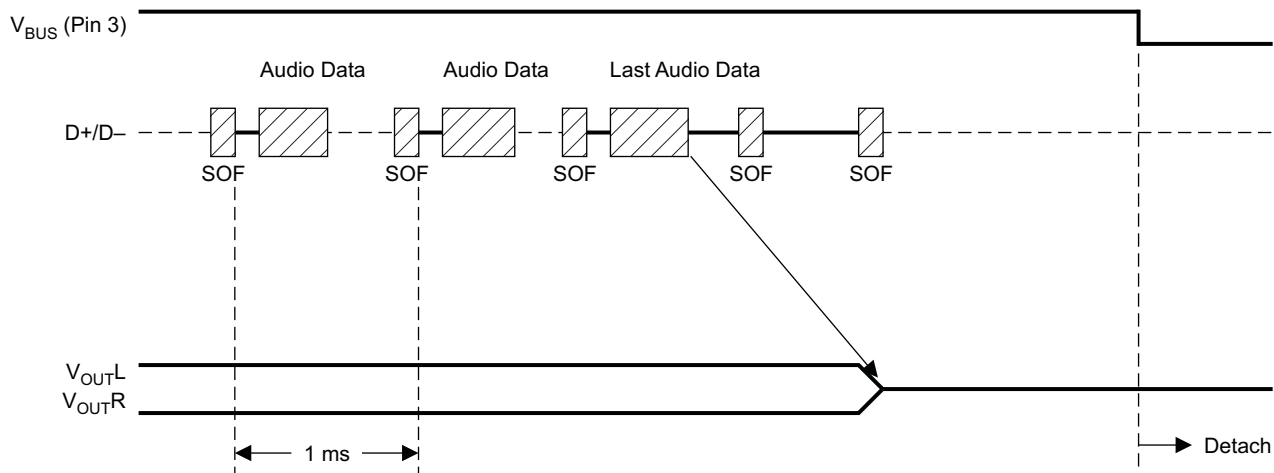
When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2904/2906 stops playing after the last audio data has played.

### Record Sequence

The PCM2904/2906 starts audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET\_INTERFACE command.

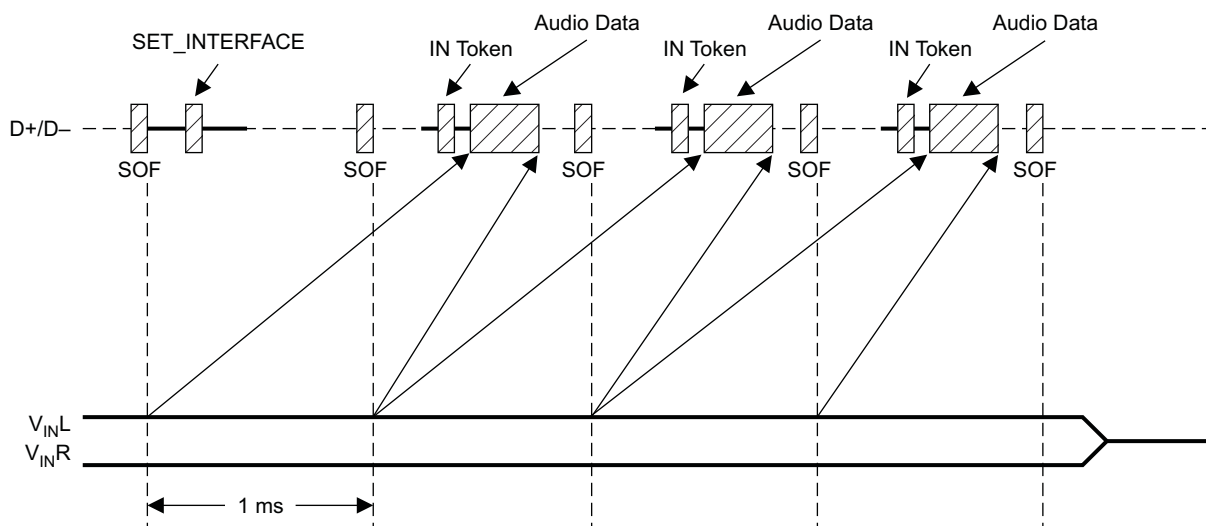
### Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2904/2906 enters the suspend state after a constant idle state on the USB bus, approximately 5 ms. While the PCM2904/2906 enters the suspend state, the SSPND flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2904/2906 wakes up immediately on detecting a non-idle state on the USB.



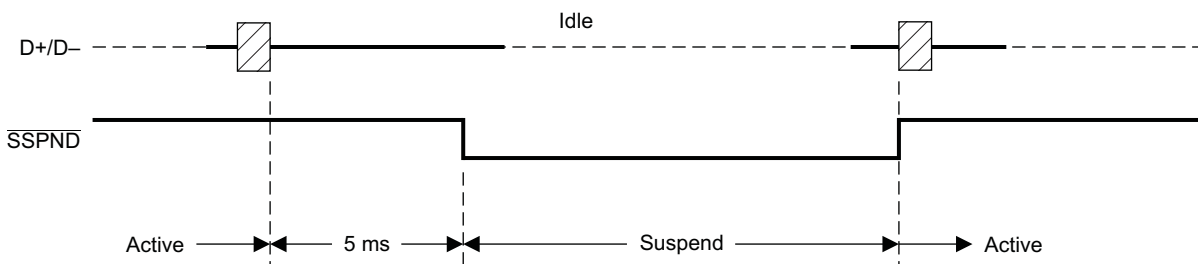
T0056-02

Figure 33. Play, Stop, and Detach



T0259-01

Figure 34. Record Sequence

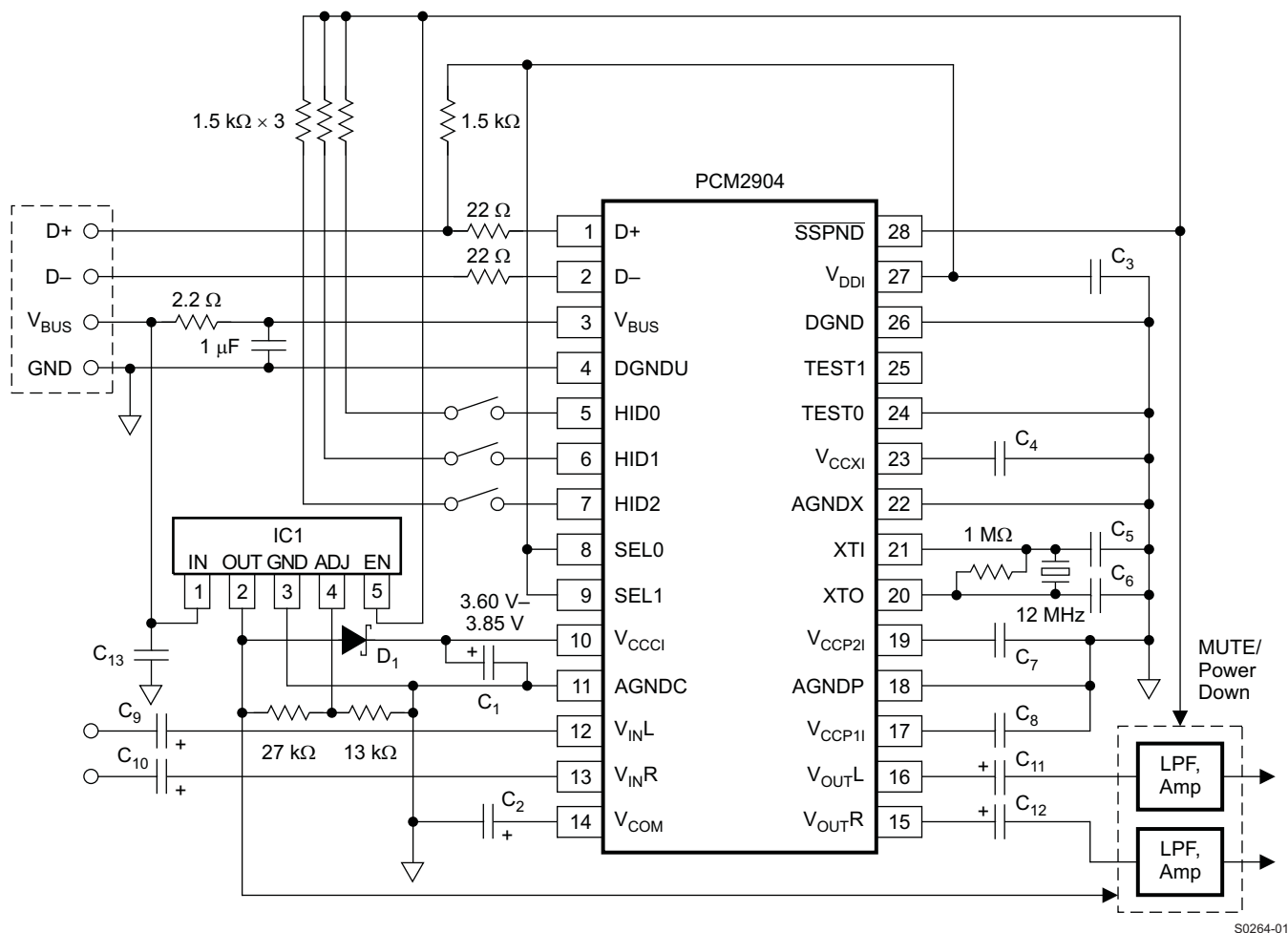


T0057-02

Figure 35. Suspend and Resume

## PCM2904 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 36 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB compliant product.



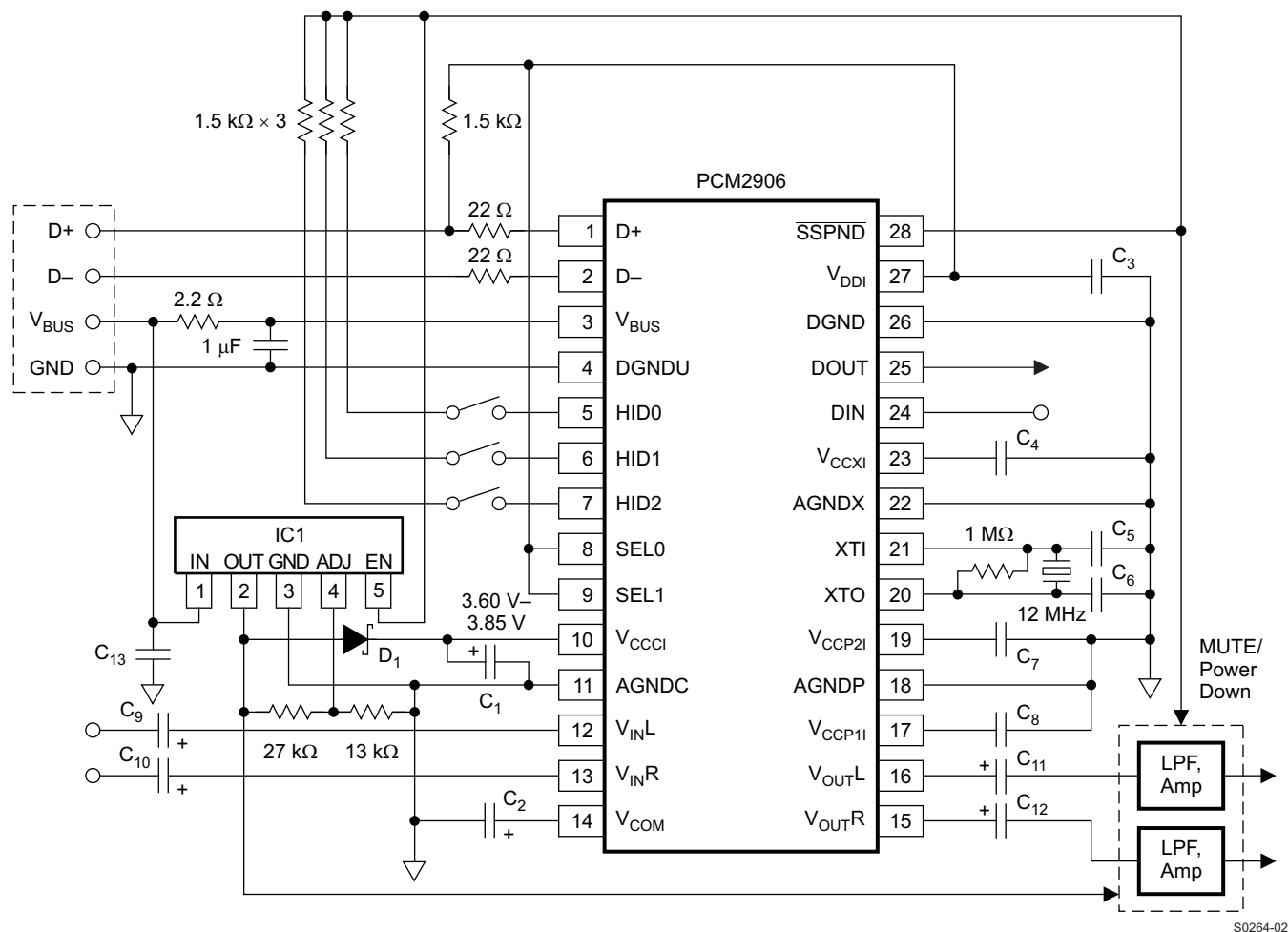
NOTE: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>: 10 μF  
C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>13</sub>: 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF.)  
C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)  
C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>: The capacitance may vary depending on design.  
IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.  
D<sub>1</sub>: Schottky barrier diode (V<sub>F</sub> ≤ 350 mV at 10 mA, I<sub>R</sub> ≤ 2 μA at 4 V)

**Figure 36. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance PCM2904 Application**

S0264-01

## PCM2906 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 37 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB compliant product.



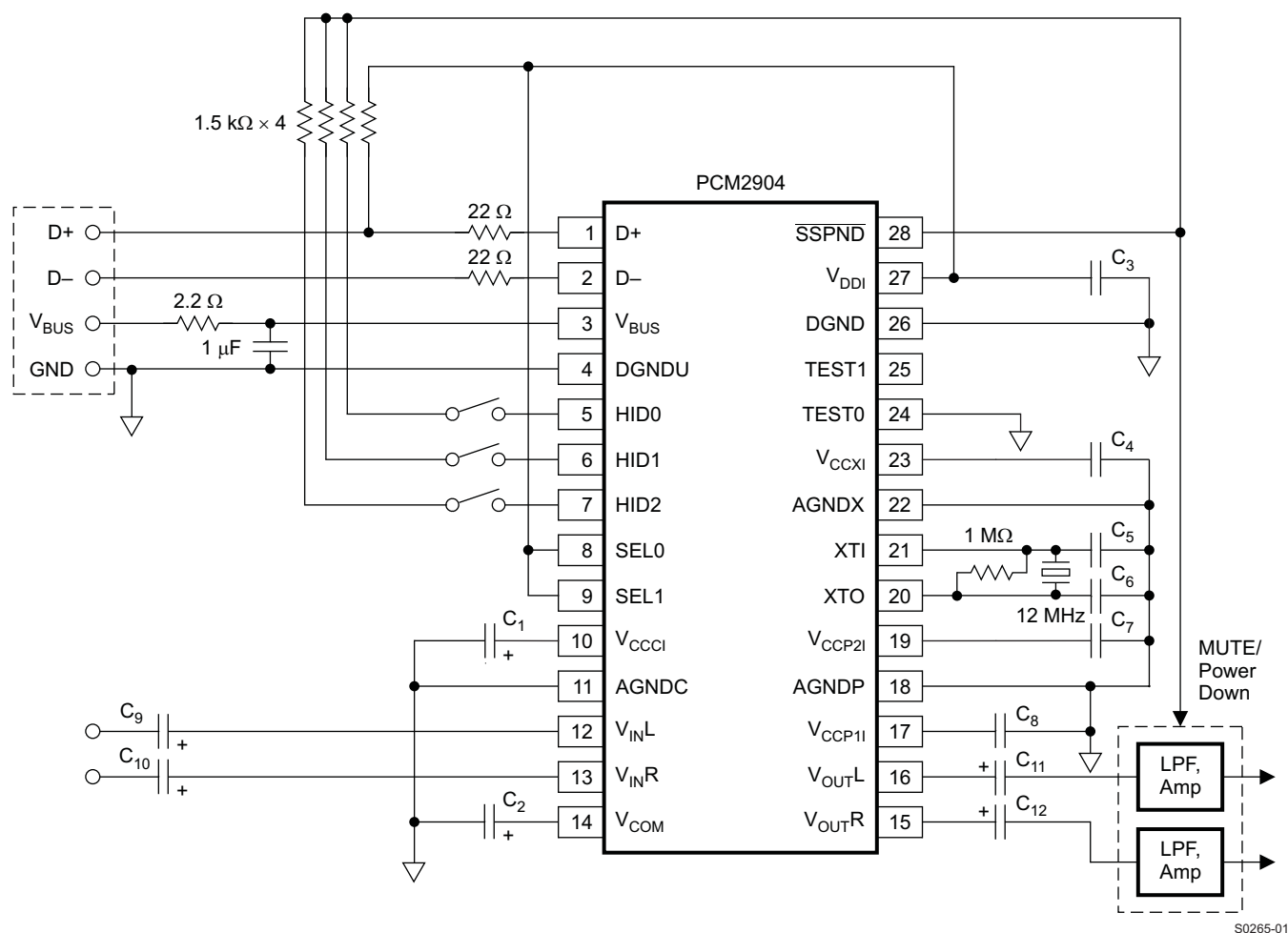
NOTE: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>: 10 μF  
C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>13</sub>: 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF.)  
C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)  
C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>: The capacitance may vary depending on design.  
IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.  
D<sub>1</sub>: Schottky barrier diode (V<sub>F</sub> ≤ 350 mV at 10 mA, I<sub>R</sub> ≤ 2 μA at 4 V)

**Figure 37. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance PCM2906 Application**

S0264-02

## PCM2904 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 38 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB compliant product.



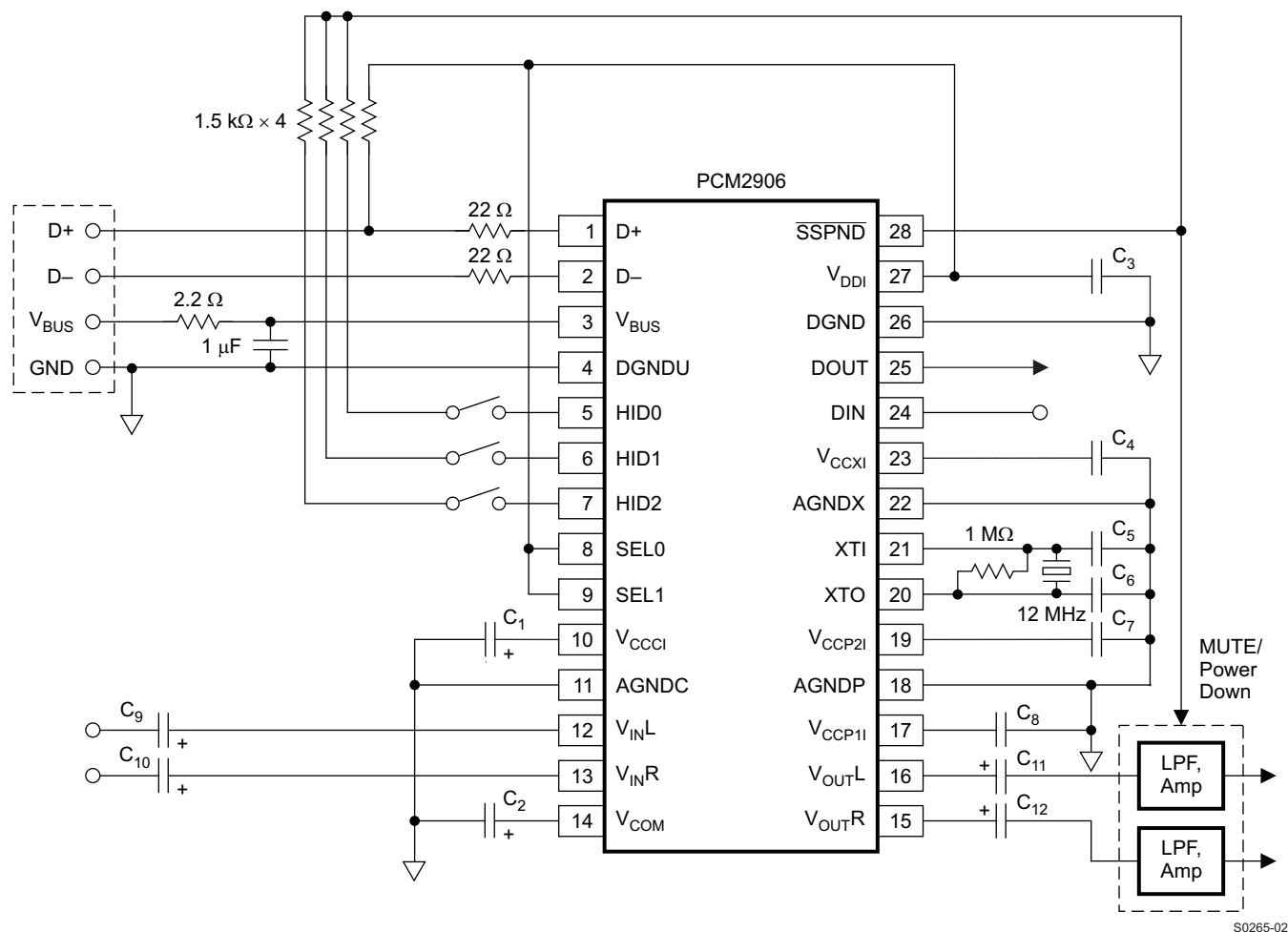
NOTE: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>: 10 μF  
C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>: 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF.)  
C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)  
C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>: The capacitance may vary depending on design.  
In this case, the analog performance of the A/D converter may be degraded.

Figure 38. PCM2904 Bus-Powered Configuration

S0265-01

## PCM2906 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 39 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB compliant product.



NOTE: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>: 10 μF  
C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>: 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF.)  
C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)  
C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>: The capacitance may vary depending on design.  
In this case, the analog performance of the A/D converter may be degraded.

Figure 39. PCM2906 Bus-Powered Configuration

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

For current information on the PCM2904/2906 operating environment, see the *Updated Operating Environments for PCM270X, PCM290X Applications* application report, [SLAA374](#).

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## REVISION HISTORY

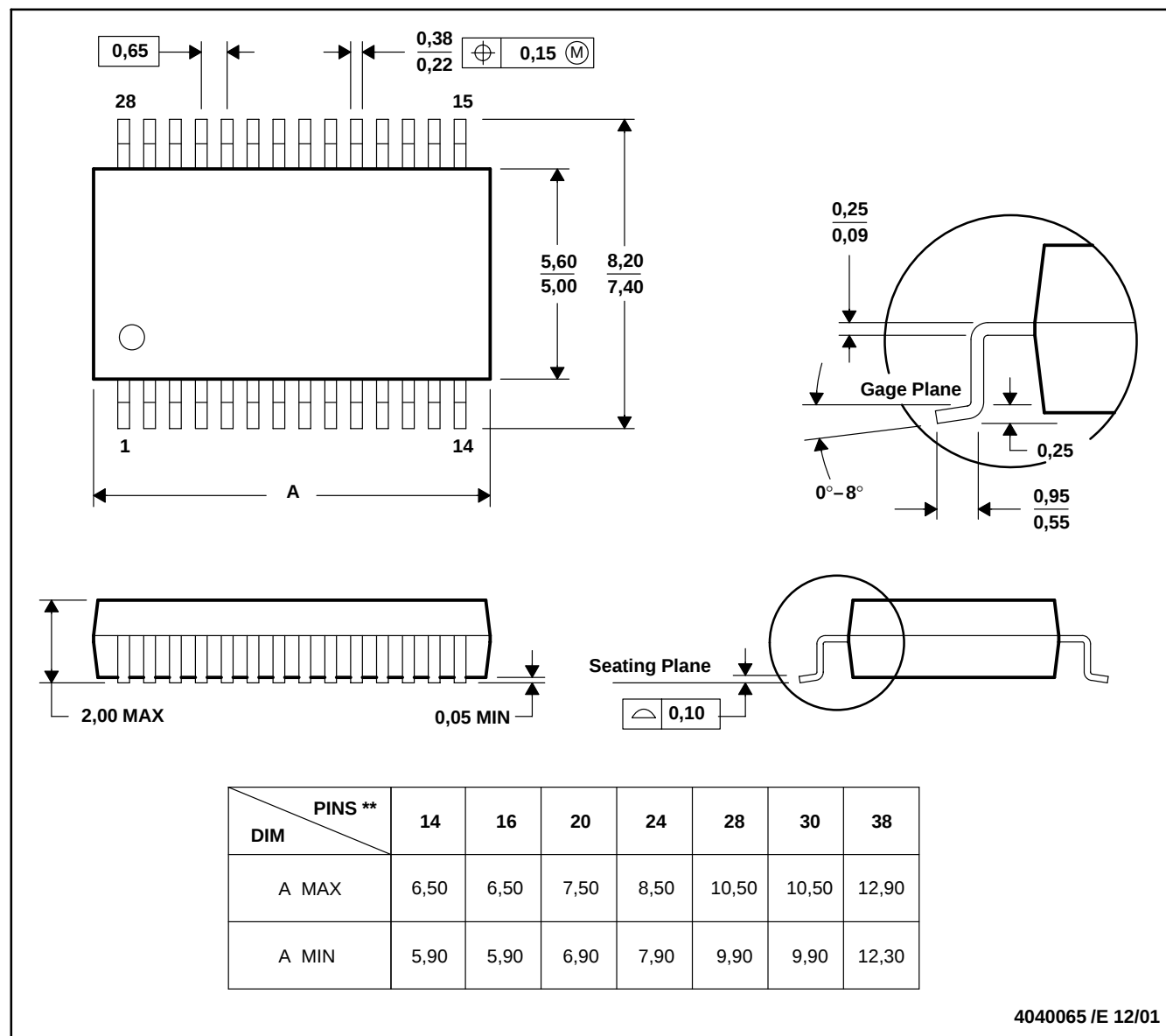
| Changes from Revision B (March 2007) to Revision C                                                          | Page               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| • Deleted operating environment information from data sheet and added reference to application report ..... | <a href="#">30</a> |

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## DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.  
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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|                    |                                                                          |
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| Military           | <a href="http://www.ti.com/military">www.ti.com/military</a>             |
| Optical Networking | <a href="http://www.ti.com/opticalnetwork">www.ti.com/opticalnetwork</a> |
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