UTC UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

TDA2003

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

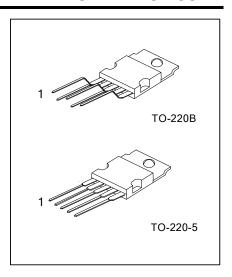
10W CAR RADIO AUDIO AMPLIFIER

DESCRIPTION

The UTC TDA2003 is a monolithic audio power amplifier integrated circuit.

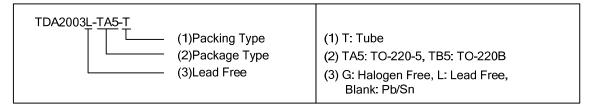
FEATURES

*Very Low External Component Required.



ORDERING INFORMATION

	Ordering Number	Dookaga	Dooking		
Normal	Lead Free	Halogen Free	Package	Packing	
TDA2003-TA5-T	TDA2003L-TA5-T	TDA2003G-TA5-T	TO-220-5	Tube	
TDA2003-TB5-T	TDA2003L-TB5-T	TDA2003G-TB5-T	TO-220B	Tube	



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME			
1	Non inverting input			
2	Inverting input			
3	Ground			
4	Output			
5	Supply Voltage			

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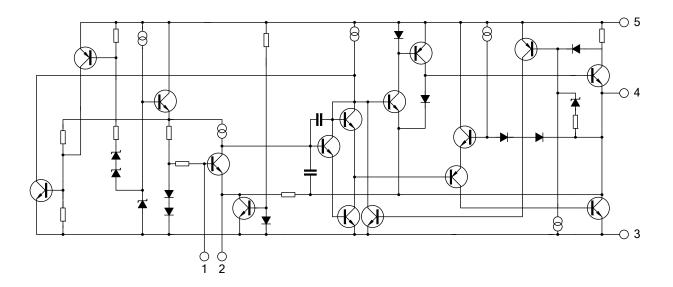
^{*}High Current Output (up to 3 A).

^{*}Low Harmonic and Crossover Distortion.

^{*}Built-in Over Temperature Protection.

^{*}Short Circuit Protection Between all Pins.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Peak Supply Voltage		Vss	40	V
DC Supply Voltage		Vss	28	V
Operating Supply Voltage		Vss	18	V
0.1.18.101	Repetitive		3.5	Α
Output Peak Current	Non Repetitive	IO(PEAK)	4.5	Α
Power Dissipation at Tc = 90°C		P _D	20	W
Storage and Junction Temperature		T _{STG}	-40 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

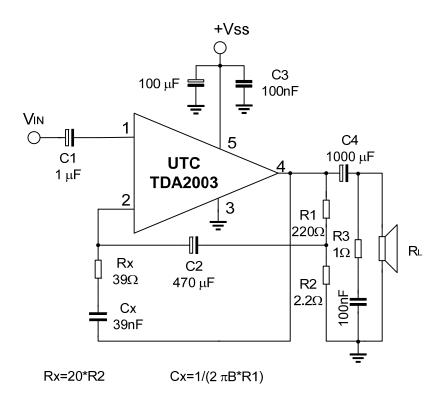
■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C, Refer to the test circuit, Vs=±16V, unless otherwise specified.)

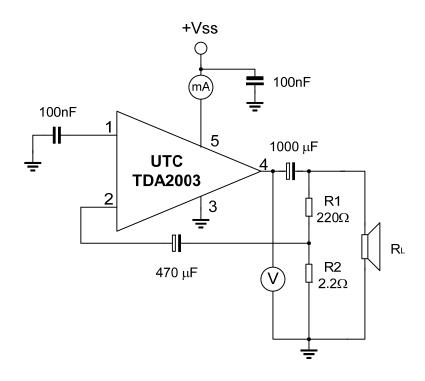
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DC CHARACTERISTICS								
Supply Voltage	Vss				8		18	V
Quiescent Output Voltage	V_{OUT}				6.1	6.9	7.7	V
Quiescent Drain Current	I_{D}				44	50	mA	
AC CHARACTERISTICS								
	P _{out}			$R_L=4\Omega$	5.5	6		
Output Power		THD=10%)%,	$R_L=2\Omega$	9	10		w
Output Fower		f=1kHz		R_L =3.2 Ω		7.5		VV
				R_L =1.6 Ω		12		
		f=1kHz		P_{OUT} =0.5W, R_L =4 Ω		14		mV
Input Concitivity	Vı			P_{OUT} =6W, R_L =4 Ω		55		
Input Sensitivity				P_{OUT} =0.5W, R_L =2 Ω		10		
				P_{OUT} =10W, R_L =2 Ω		50		
Input Saturation Voltage	$V_{I(RMS)}$			300			mV	
Frequency Response(-3dB)	F	P_{OUT} =1W, R_L =4 Ω		40		15000	Hz	
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD			=0.05 \sim 4.5W, R _L =4 Ω		0.15		%
Total Harmonic Distortion				=0.05 ~ 7.5W, R_L =2 Ω		0.15		
Input Resistance(Pin 1)	Rı	open loop, f=1kHz		70	150		kΩ	
Input Noise Current	iN					60	200	pА
Input Noise Voltage	eN					1	5	μV
Open Leen Voltage Cain	Gvo	f=1kHz			80		dB	
Open Loop Voltage Gain		f=10kHz			60		dB	
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	Gvc	f=1kHz, R_L =4 Ω		39.3	40	40.3	dB	
T#:-i	η	P_{OUT} =6W, R_L =4 Ω			69		%	
Efficiency, f=1kHz		P_{OUT} =10W, R_L =2 Ω			65			
Supply Voltage Rejection	SVR	f=100Hz, V_{RUPPLE} =0.5V R _G =10k Ω , R _L =4 Ω		30	36		dB	

■ TEST CIRCUIT

AC Test Circuit



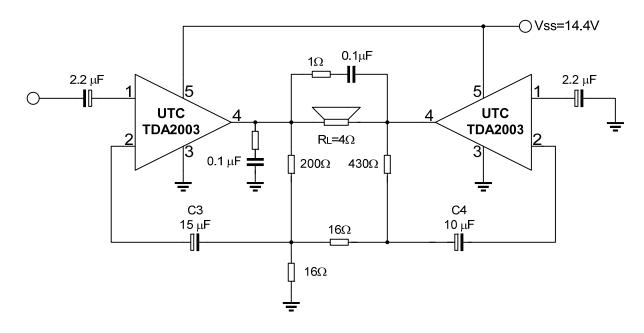
DC Test Circuit



■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

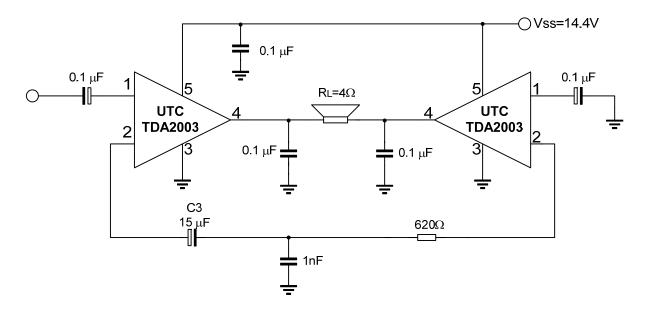
20W Bridge Configuration Application

The Values of the capacitors C3 and C4 are different to optimize the SVR (Typ. 40dB)



■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Low Cost Bridge Configuration Application Circuit(Pout=18W)



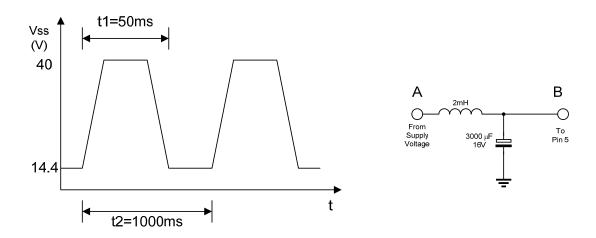
■ BUILT-IN PROTECTION SYSTEMS

LOAD DUMP VOLTAGE SURGE

The UTC TDA2003 has a circuit which enables it to withstand a voltage pulse train, on pin 5.

If the supply voltage peaks to more than 40V, then an LC filter must be inserted between the supply and pin 5, in order to assure that the pulses at pin 5 will be head within the limits.

A suggested LC network. With this network, a train of pulses with amplitude up to 120V and width of 2ms can be applied at point A. This type of protection is ON when the supply voltage(pulsed or DC) exceeds 18V. For this reason the maximum operating supply voltage is 18V.



SHORT CIRCUIT (AC and DC Conditions)

The UTC TDA2003 can withstand a permanent short-circuit on the output for a supply voltage up to 16V.

POLARITY INVERSION

High current (up to 5A) can be handled by the device with no damage for a longer period than the blow-out time of a quick 1A fuse(normally connected in series with the supply).

The feature is added to avoid destruction if, during fitting to the car, a mistake on connection of the supply is made.

OPEN GROUND

When the radio is in the ON condition and the ground is accidentally opened, a standard audio amplifier will be damaged. On the UTC **TDA2003** protection diodes are included to avoid any damage.

INDUCTIVE LOAD

A protection diode is provide between pin 4 and pin 5(see the internal schematic diagram) to allow use of the UTC TDA2003 with inductive loads. In particular, the UTC TDA2003 can drive a coupling transformer for audio modulation.

DC VOLTAGE

The maximum operating DC voltage on the UTC **TDA2003** is 18V.

However the device can withstand a DC voltage up to 28V with no damage. This could occur during winter if two batteries were series connected to crank the engine.

■ BUILT-IN PROTECTION SYSTEMS(Cont.)

THERMAL SHUT-DOWN

The presence of a thermal limiting circuit offers the following advantages:

- (1) An overload on the output (even if it is permanent), or an excessive ambient temperature can be easily withstood.
- (2) The heat-sink can have a smaller factor compared with that of a conventional circuit. There is no device damage in case of excessive junction temperature: all that happens is that Po (and therefore P_D) and Id are reduced.

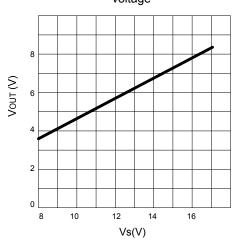
■ COMPONENTS USAGE SUGGESTION

The recommended values of the components are those shown on typical application circuit Different values can be used. The following table can help the designer.

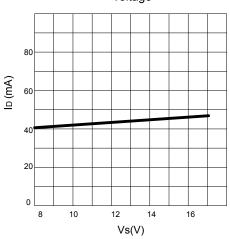
COMPONENT	RECOMMENDED	PURPOSE	LARGE THAN	SMALLER THAN
	VALUE		RECOMMENDED VALUE	RECOMMENDED VALUE
R1	(Gv-1)*R2	gain setting.		increase of drain current
R2	2.2Ω	gain and SVR setting.	Decrease of SVR	
R3	1Ω	Frequency stability	Danger of oscillation at high frequencies with inductive loads.	
Rx	≈20R2	Upper frequency cutoff	Poor high frequencies attenuation	Danger of oscillation
C1	2.2μF	Input DC decoupling		Noise at switch-on switch-off
C2	470μF	Ripple rejection		Decrease of SVR
C3	0.1μF	Supply voltage bypass		Danger of oscillation
C4	1000μF	Supply voltage bypass		Higher low frequency cutoff
C5	0.1μF	Frequency stability		Danger of oscillation at high frequencies with inductive loads.
Cx	≈1/(2π*B*R1)	Upper frequency cutoff	Lower bandwidth	Larger bandwidth

■ TYPICAL CHARACTORISTICS

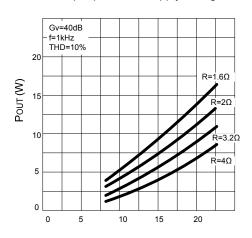
Quiescent output voltage vs.Supply voltage



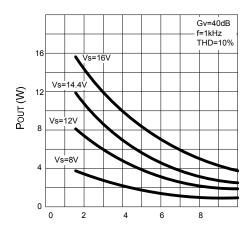
Quiescent drain current vs.Supply voltage

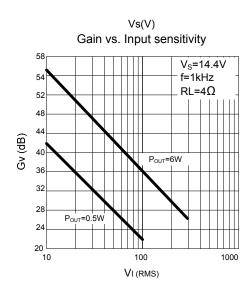


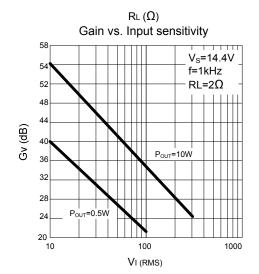
Output power vs. Supply voltage



Output power vs.load resistance

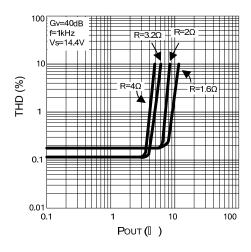




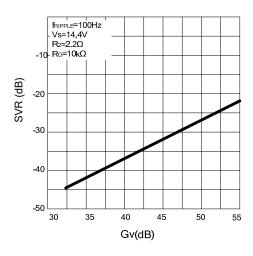


■ TYPICAL CHARACTORISTICS (Cont.)

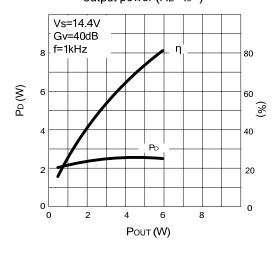
Distortion vs. output power



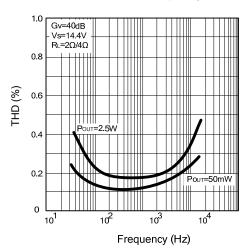
Supply voltage rejection vs. voltage gain



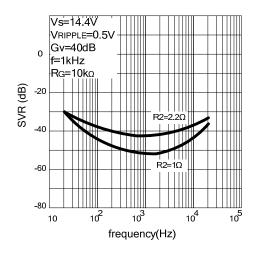
Power dissipation and efficiency vs. output power (RL=41)



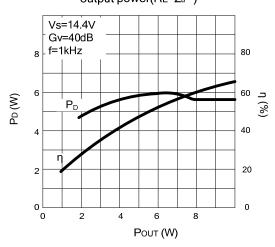
Distortion vs.frequency



Supply voltage rejection vs.frequency

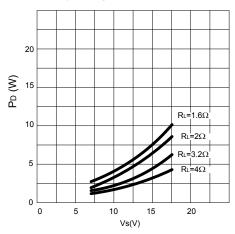


Power dissipation and efficiency vs. output power(RL=20)

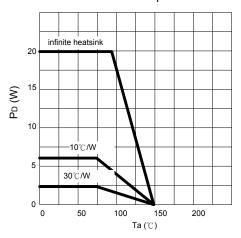


■ TYPICAL CHARACTORISTICS (Cont.)

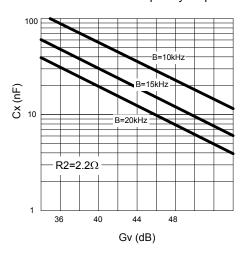
Maximum Power dissipation and supply voltage(sine wave operation)



Maximum allowable dissipation and ambient temperature



Typical values of capacitor(Cx) for different values of frequency response



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