

# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### General Description

The MAX44251/MAX44252 are 20V, ultra-precision, low-noise, low-drift amplifiers that offer near-zero DC offset and drift through the use of patented autocorrelating zeroing techniques. This method constantly measures and compensates the input offset, eliminating drift over time and temperature and the effect of 1/f noise. These dual and quad devices feature rail-to-rail outputs, operate from a single 2.7V to 20V supply, and consume only 1.15mA per channel, while providing 5.9nV/√Hz input-referred voltage noise. The ICs are unity-gain stable with a gain-bandwidth product of 10MHz.

With excellent specifications such as offset voltage of 6μV (max), drift of 19nV/°C (max), and 123nV<sub>P-P</sub> noise in 0.1Hz to 10Hz, the ICs are ideally suited for applications requiring ultra-low noise and DC precision such as interfacing with pressure sensors, strain gauges, precision weight scales, and medical instrumentation.

The ICs are available in 8-pin SOT23, 8-pin μMAX®, and 14-pin SOIC packages and are rated over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

**Ordering Information** appears at end of data sheet.

**Functional Diagrams** appear at end of data sheet.

For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to [www.maxim-ic.com/MAX44251.related](http://www.maxim-ic.com/MAX44251.related).

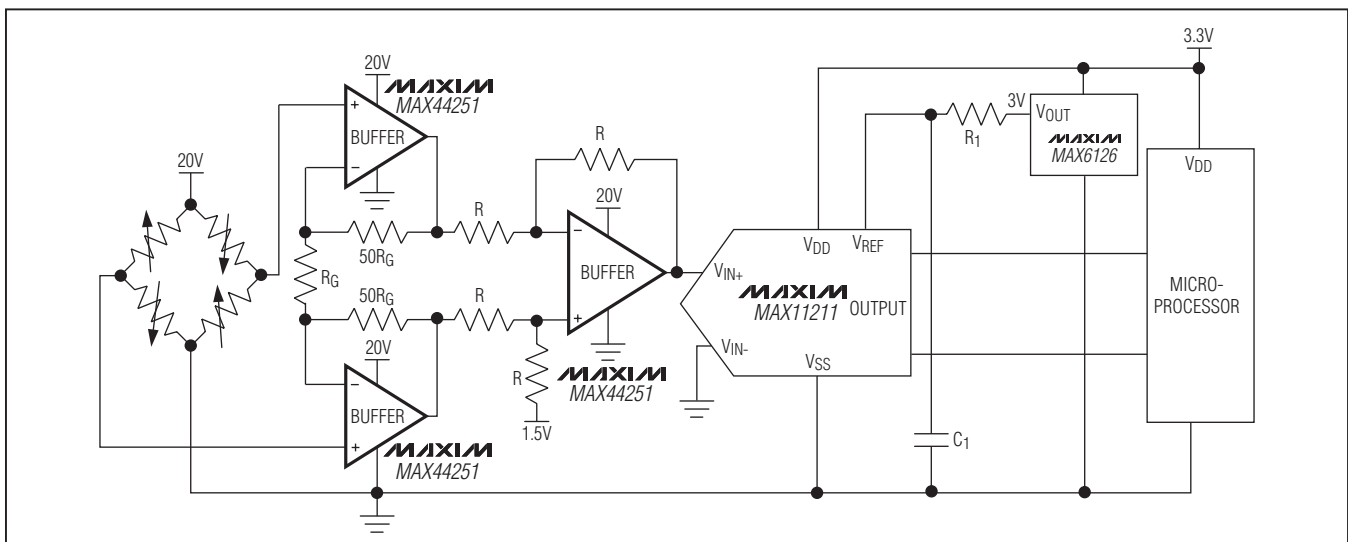
### Benefits and Features

- ◆ 2.7V to 20V Power-Supply Range
- ◆ Integrated EMI Filter
- ◆ 6μV Input Offset Voltage (max) at Room Temperature
- ◆ TCV<sub>OS</sub> of 19nV/°C (max)
- ◆ Low 5.9nV/√Hz Input-Referred Voltage Noise
- ◆ 123nV<sub>P-P</sub> in 0.1Hz to 10Hz
- ◆ Fast 400ns Settling Time
- ◆ 10MHz Gain-Bandwidth Product
- ◆ Rail-to-Rail Output
- ◆ High Accuracy Enables Precision Signal Chain Acquisition

### Applications

- Strain Gauges
- Pressure Transducers
- Medical Instrumentation
- Precision Instrumentation
- Load Cell and Bridge Transducer Amplification

### Typical Operating Circuit



μMAX is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

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### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ to $V_{SS}$ ).....	-0.3V to +22V	Operating Temperature Range .....	-40°C to +125°C
All Other Pins.....	( $V_{SS} - 0.3V$ ) to ( $V_{DD} + 0.3V$ )	Junction Temperature .....	+150°C
Short-Circuit Duration to Either Supply Rail .....	1s	Storage Temperature Range.....	-65°C to +150°C
Continuous Input Current (any pin).....	±20mA	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....	+300°C
Differential Input Voltage.....	±6V	Soldering Temperature (reflow) .....	+260°C
Maximum Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$ )			
SOT23 (derate 9.1 mW/°C above +70°C).....	727mW		
μMAX (derate 4.5 mW/°C above +70°C) .....	362mW		
SOIC (derate 8.3 mW/°C above +70°C) .....	666.7mW		

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

SOT23	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) .....	196°C/W	SOIC	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) .....	120°C/W
	Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) .....	70°C/W		Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) .....	37°C/W
μMAX	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) .....	221°C/W			
	Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) .....	42°C/W			

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial).

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{DD} = 10V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $+25^\circ\text{C}$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{DD}$	Guaranteed by PSRR		2.7		20	V
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 3)	PSRR	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $20V$ , $V_{CM} = 0V$		140	145		dB
Quiescent Current per Amplifier	$I_{DD}$	$R_L = \infty$	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		1.15	1.55	mA
			$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			1.75	
Power-Up Time	$t_{ON}$				25		μs
<b>DC SPECIFICATIONS</b>							
Input Common-Mode Range	$V_{CM}$	Guaranteed by CMRR test		$V_{SS} - 0.05$		$V_{DD} - 1.5$	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 3)	CMRR	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CM} = -0.05V$ to ( $V_{DD} - 1.5V$ )		133	140		dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		130			

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### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 10V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $+25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{OS}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$			3	6	$\mu V$
		$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$				7	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)	$TC V_{OS}$				5	19	$nV/^\circ C$
Input Bias Current (Note 3)	$I_B$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$			200	1300	$pA$
		$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$				2400	
Input Offset Current (Note 3)	$I_{OS}$				400		$pA$
Open-Loop Gain (Note 3)	$A_{VOL}$	$250mV \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DD} - 250mV$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	145	154		$dB$
			$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$	136			
Output Short-Circuit Current		To $V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$	Noncontinuous		96		$mA$
Output Voltage Low	$V_{OL}$	$V_{OUT} - V_{SS}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		12	25	$mV$
			$R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		45	85	
Output Voltage High	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DD} - V_{OUT}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		18	37	$mV$
			$R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		71	135	
<b>AC SPECIFICATIONS</b>							
Input Voltage-Noise Density	$e_N$	$f = 1kHz$			5.9		$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Voltage Noise		$0.1Hz < f < 10Hz$			123		$nV_{P-P}$
Input Current-Noise Density	$i_N$	$f = 1kHz$			0.6		$pA/\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$				2		$pF$
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				10		$MHz$
Phase Margin	PM	$C_L = 20pF$			60		Degrees
Slew Rate	SR	$A_V = 1V/V$ , $V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$			8		$V/\mu s$
Capacitive Loading	$C_L$	No sustained oscillation, $A_V = 1V/V$			500		$pF$
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ , $A_V = +1V/V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$	$f = 1kHz$		-124		$dB$
			$f = 20kHz$		-119		
Settling Time		To 0.01%, $V_{OUT} = 2V$ step, $A_V = -1V/V$			400		$ns$

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## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $+25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>							
Quiescent Current per Amplifier	$I_{DD}$	$R_L = \infty$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	1.1	1.5		mA
			$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$		1.65		
Power-Up Time	$t_{ON}$			25			$\mu s$
<b>DC SPECIFICATIONS</b>							
Input Common-Mode Range	$V_{CM}$	Guaranteed by CMRR test		$V_{SS} - 0.05$		$V_{DD} - 1.5$	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 3)	CMRR	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $V_{CM} = -0.05V$ to $(V_{DD} - 1.5V)$		120	129		dB
		$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$		117			
Input Offset Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{OS}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$			3	5.5	$\mu V$
		$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$				6.5	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)	TC $V_{OS}$				8	18	nV/ $^\circ C$
Input Bias Current (Note 3)	$I_B$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$			200	1100	pA
		$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$				1200	
Input Offset Current (Note 3)	$I_{OS}$				400		pA
Open-Loop Gain (Note 3)	$A_{VOL}$	$250mV \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DD} - 250mV$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	136	151		dB
			$-40^\circ C < T_A < +125^\circ C$	133			
Output Short-Circuit Current		To $V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$	Noncontinuous		58		mA
Output Voltage Low	$V_{OL}$	$V_{OUT} - V_{SS}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		5	22	mV
			$R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		17	42	
Output Voltage High	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DD} - V_{OUT}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		9	22	mV
			$R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$		29	52	
<b>AC SPECIFICATIONS</b>							
Input Voltage-Noise Density	$e_N$	$f = 1kHz$			6.2		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Voltage Noise		$0.1Hz < f < 10Hz$			123		nV <sub>P-P</sub>
Input Current-Noise Density	$i_N$	$f = 1kHz$			0.3		pA/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$				2		pF
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				10		MHz

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### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $+25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

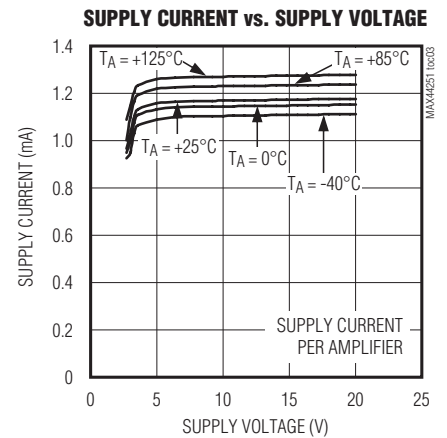
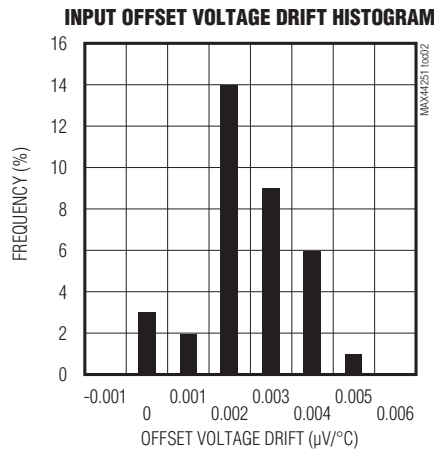
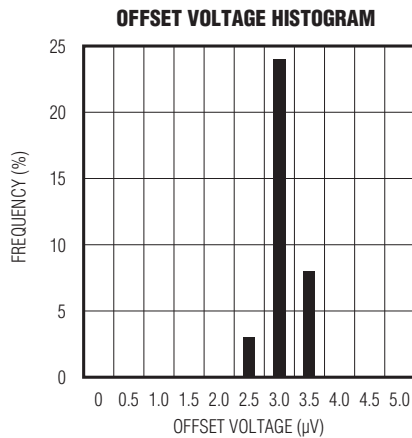
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Phase Margin	PM	$C_L = 20pF$		60		Degrees
Slew Rate	SR	$A_V = 1V/V$ , $V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$ , 10% to 90%		5		V/ $\mu s$
Capacitive Loading	$C_L$	No sustained oscillation, $A_V = 1V/V$		500		pF
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$ , $A_V = +1V/V$ , $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/4$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$	$f = 1kHz$		-124	dB
			$f = 20kHz$		-100	
Settling Time		To 0.01%, $V_{OUT} = 1V$ step, $A_V = -1V/V$		200		ns

**Note 2:** All devices are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

**Note 3:** Guaranteed by design.

### Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{DD} = 10V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ , outputs have  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ .  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

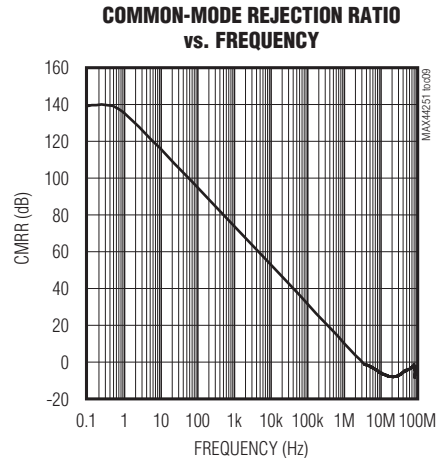
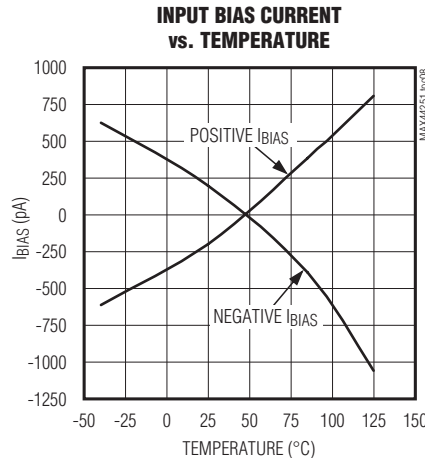
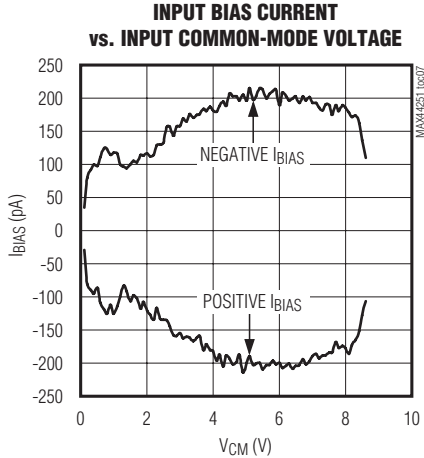
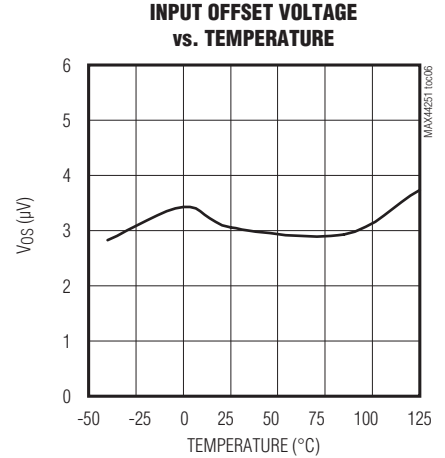
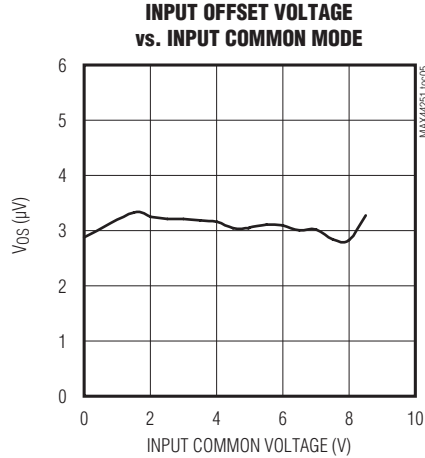
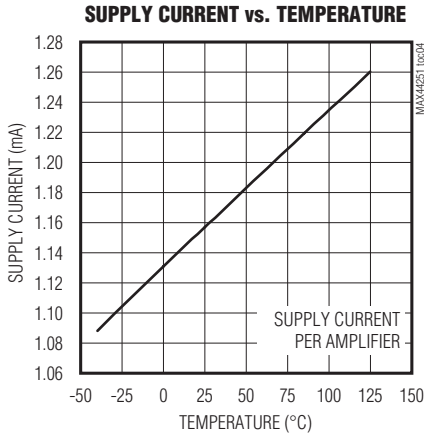


# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 10V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ , outputs have  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ .  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

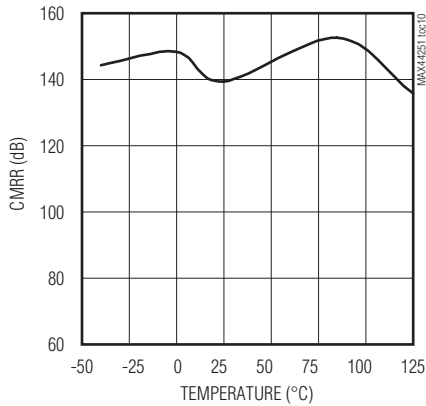


## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

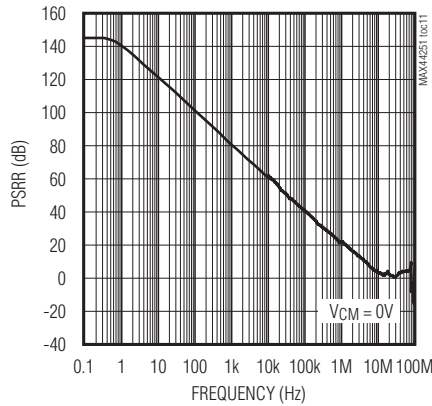
### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 10V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ , outputs have  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ .  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

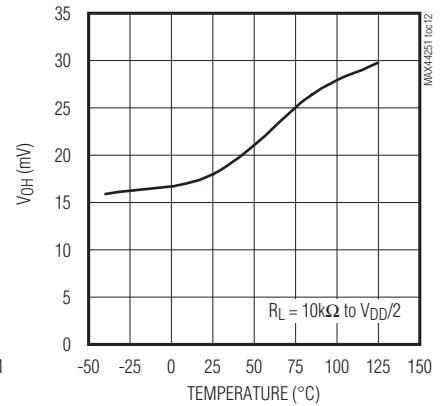
**COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO vs. TEMPERATURE**



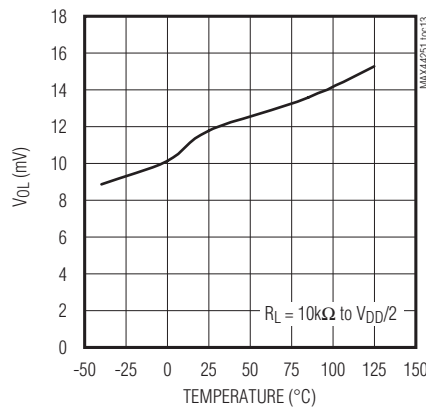
**POWER-SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO vs. FREQUENCY**



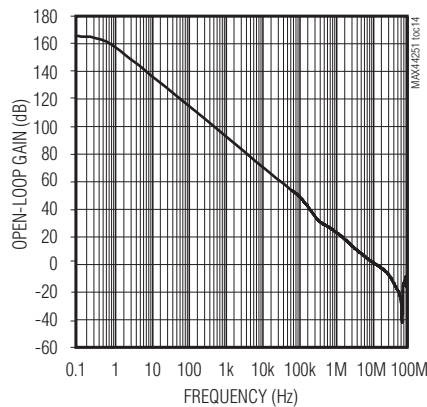
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING HIGH vs. TEMPERATURE**



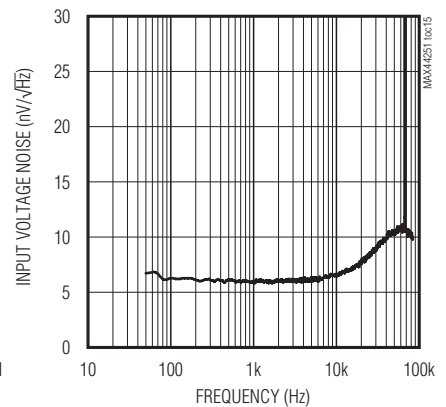
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING LOW vs. TEMPERATURE**



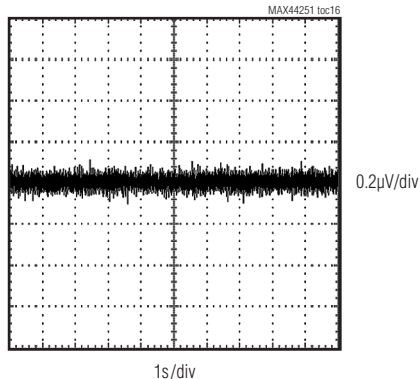
**OPEN-LOOP GAIN vs. FREQUENCY**



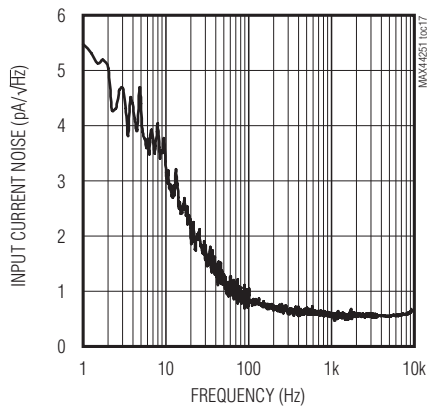
**INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE vs. FREQUENCY**



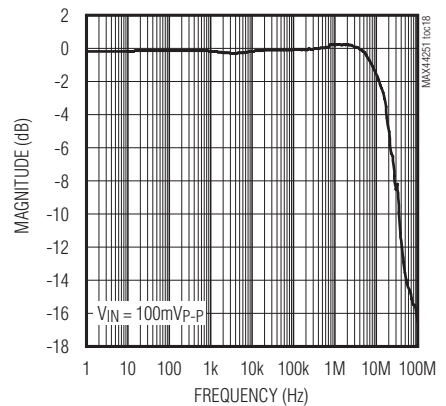
**INPUT VOLTAGE 0.1Hz TO 10Hz NOISE**



**INPUT CURRENT NOISE vs. FREQUENCY**



**SMALL-SIGNAL RESPONSE**

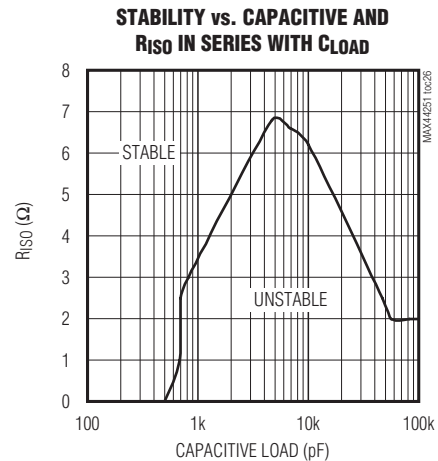
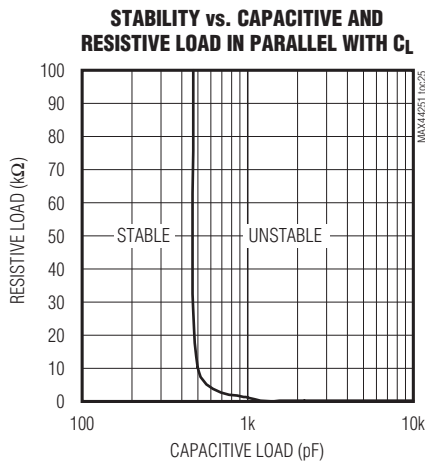
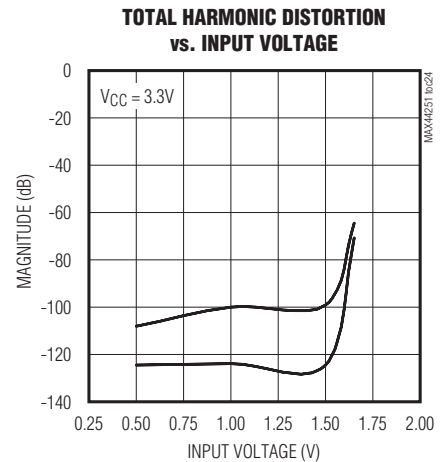
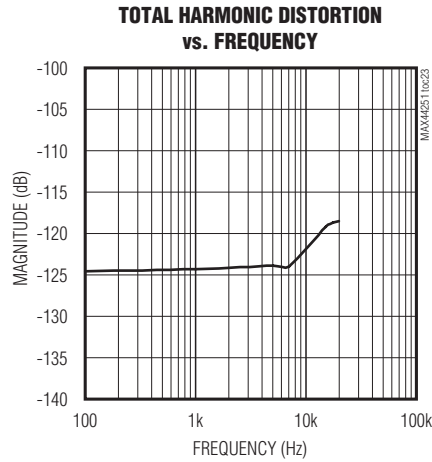
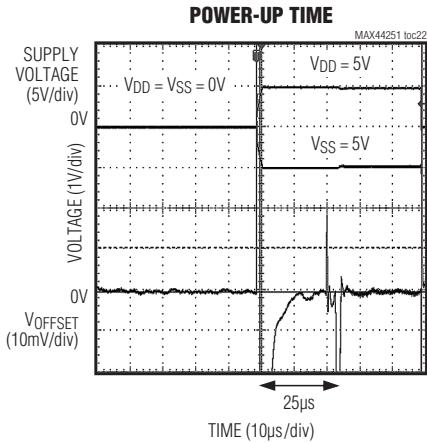
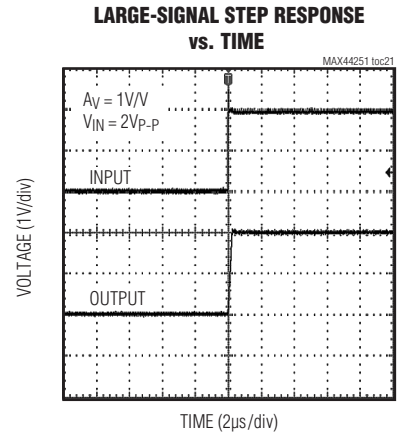
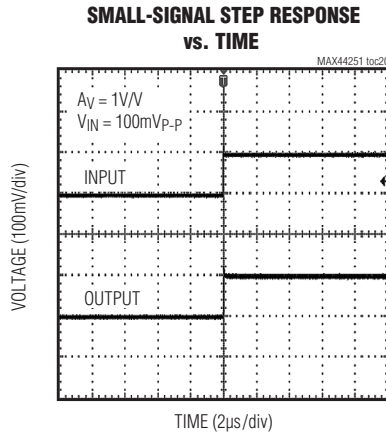
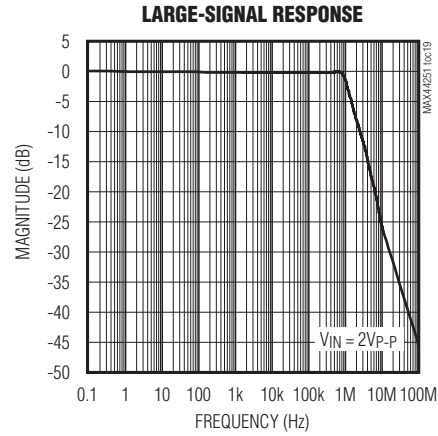


# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

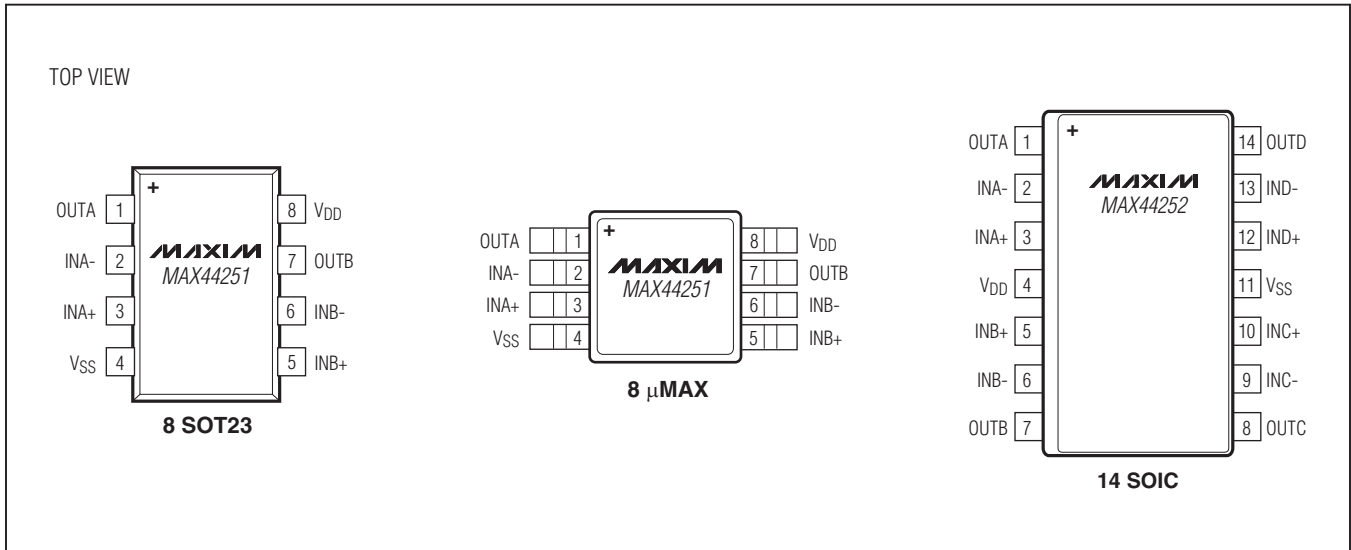
( $V_{DD} = 10V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ , outputs have  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ .  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)



# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Pin Configurations



### Pin Description

PIN			NAME	FUNCTION
SOT23	μMAX	SOIC		
1	1	1	OUTA	Channel A Output
2	2	2	INA-	Channel A Negative Input
3	3	3	INA+	Channel A Positive Input
4	4	11	V <sub>SS</sub>	Negative Supply Voltage
5	5	5	INB+	Channel B Positive Input
6	6	6	INB-	Channel B Negative Input
7	7	7	OUTB	Channel B Output
8	8	4	V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage
—	—	8	OUTC	Channel C Output
—	—	9	INC-	Channel C Negative Input
—	—	10	INC+	Channel C Positive Input
—	—	12	IND+	Channel D Positive Input
—	—	13	IND-	Channel D Negative Input
—	—	14	OUTD	Channel B Output

# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Detailed Description

The MAX44251/MAX44252 are high-precision amplifiers that have less than 3 $\mu$ V of typical input-referred offset and low flicker noise. These characteristics are achieved through an autozeroing technique that samples and finds repeating patterns of signal to cancel the input offset voltage and 1/f noise of the amplifier.

#### Autozero

The ICs feature an autozero circuit that allows the devices to achieve less than 6 $\mu$ V (max) of input offset voltage at room temperature and eliminate the 1/f noise.

#### Noise Suppression

Flicker noise, inherent in all active devices, is inversely proportional to frequency presented. Charges at the oxide-silicon interface that are trapped-and-released by MOSFET oxide occurs at low frequency more often. For this reason, flicker noise is also called 1/f noise.

Electromagnetic interference (EMI) noise occurs at higher frequency that results in malfunction or degradation of electrical equipment.

The ICs have an input EMI filter to avoid the output getting affected by radio frequency interference. The EMI filter composed of passive devices presents significant higher impedance to higher frequency.

#### High Supply Voltage Range

The ICs feature 1.15mA current consumption per channel and a voltage supply range from either 2.7V to 20V single supply or  $\pm 1.35$ V to  $\pm 10$ V split supply.

### Applications Information

The ICs are ultra-high-precision operational amplifiers with a high supply voltage range designed for load cell, medical instrumentation and precision instrument applications.

These devices are also designed to interface with pressure transducers and are ideal for precision weight scale application as shown in Figure 1.

#### ADC Buffer Amplifier

The MAX44251/MAX44252's low input offset voltage, low noise, and fast settling time make these amplifiers ideal for ADC buffers. Weigh scales are one application that often require a low-noise, high-voltage amplifier in front of an ADC. Figure 1 details an example of a load cell and amplifier driven from the same  $\pm 10$ V supplies, along with the MAX11211 18-bit delta sigma ADC. Load cells produce a very small voltage change at their outputs, therefore driving the excitation source with a higher voltage produces a wider dynamic range that can be measured at the ADC inputs.

The MAX11211 ADC operates from a single 2.7V to 3.6V analog supply, offers 18-bit noise-free resolution and 0.86mW power dissipation. The MAX11211 also offers > 100dB rejection at 50Hz and 60Hz. This ADC is part of a family of 16-, 18-, 20-, and 24-bit delta sigma ADCs with high precision and < 1mW power dissipation.

The MAX44251/MAX44252's low input offset voltage and low noise allow a gain circuit prior to the MAX11211 without losing any dynamic range at the ADC.

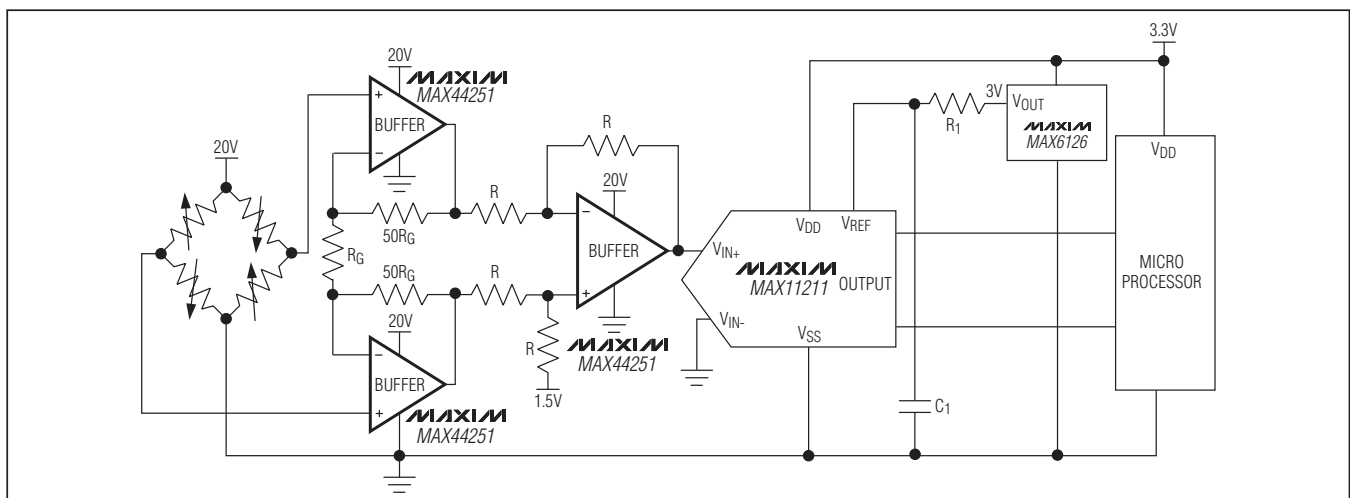


Figure 1. Weight Scale Application Circuit

# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Error Budget Example

When using the ICs as an ADC buffer in strain gauge application, the temperature drift should be taken into consideration to determine maximum input signal. A typical strain gauge has sensitivity specification of just 2mV/V at rated out load. This means that when the strain gauge load cell is powered with 10V, the full-scale output voltage is 20mV. In this application, both offset voltage and drift are critical parameters that directly affect the accuracy of measurement. Even though offset voltage could be calibrated out, its drift over temperature is still a problem.

The ICs, with a typical offset drift of 5nV/°C, guarantee that the drift over a 10°C range is only 50nV. Setting this equal to 0.5 LSB in a 18-bit system yields a full-scale range of 13mV. With a single 10V supply, an acceptable closed-loop gain of 770V/V provides sufficient gain while maintaining headroom.

### Precision Low-Side Current Sensing

The ICs' autozero feature produces ultra-low offset voltage and drift, making them ideal for precision current-sensing applications. Figure 2 shows the ICs in a low-side current-sense configuration. This circuit produces an accurate output voltage,  $V_{OUT}$  equal to  $I_{LOAD} \times R_{SENSE} \times R_2/R_1$ .

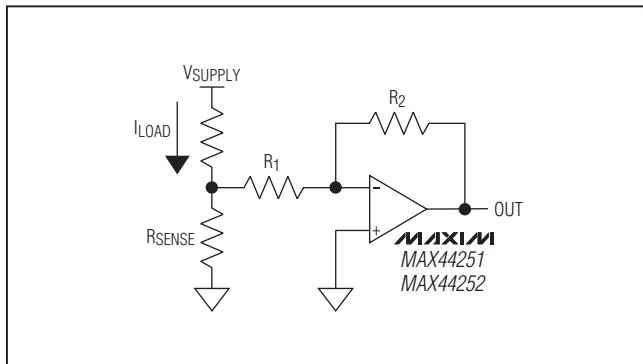


Figure 2. Low-Side Current Sensing

### Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

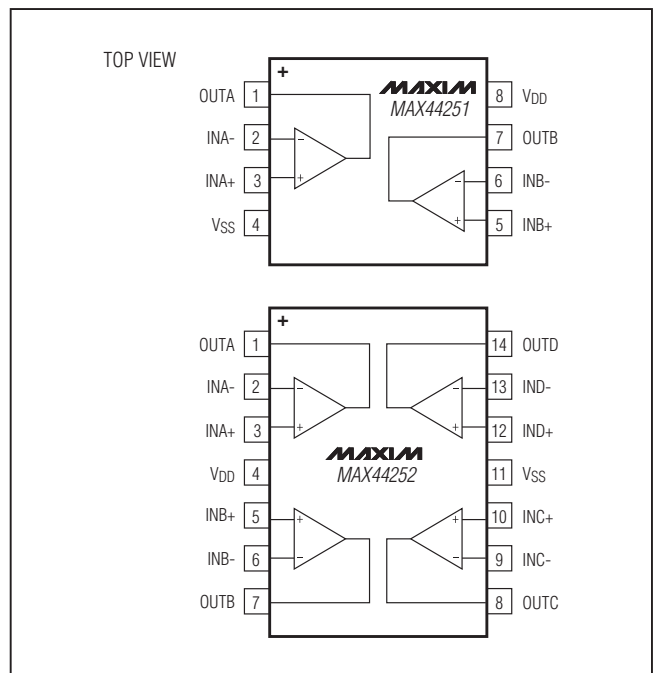
### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX44251AKA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23	AERC
MAX44251AUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 $\mu$ MAX	—
MAX44252ASD+*	-40°C to +125°C	14 SOIC	—

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*Future product—contact factory for availability.

### Functional Diagrams



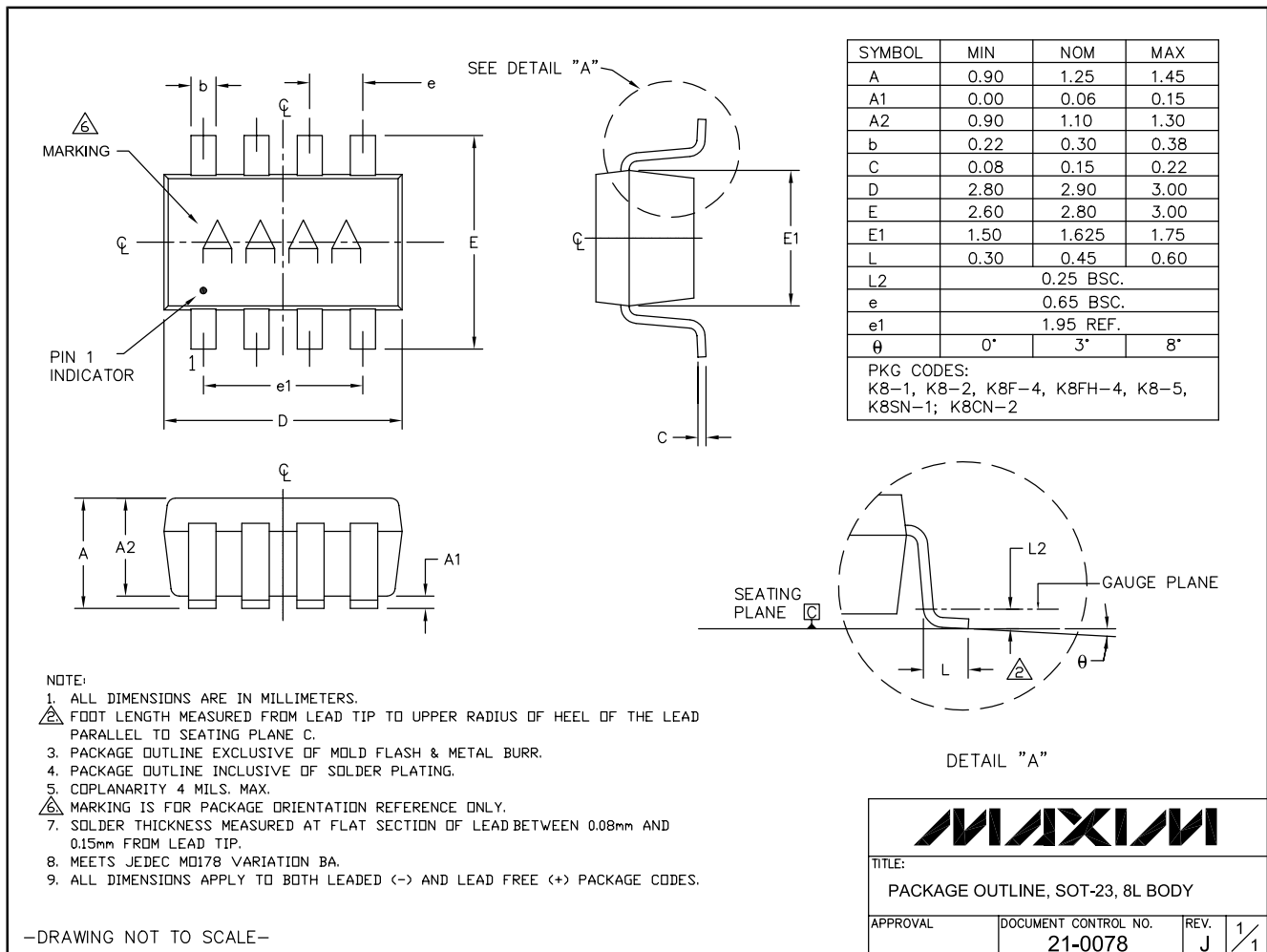
# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN
8 SOT23	K8+5	<a href="#">21-0078</a>	<a href="#">90-0176</a>
8 $\mu$ MAX	U8+1	<a href="#">21-0036</a>	<a href="#">90-0092</a>
14 SOIC	S14M+5	<a href="#">21-0041</a>	<a href="#">90-0096</a>

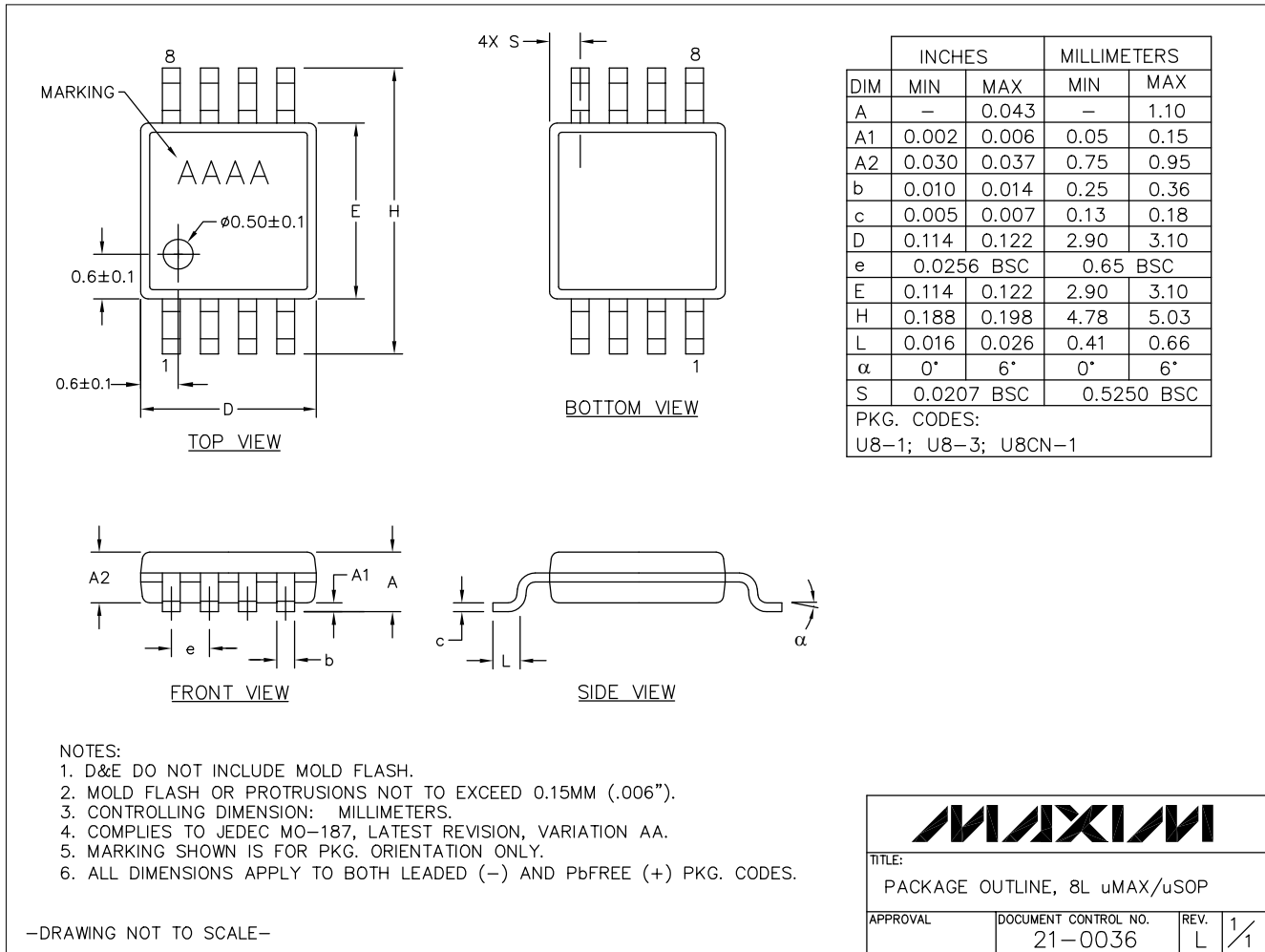


# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

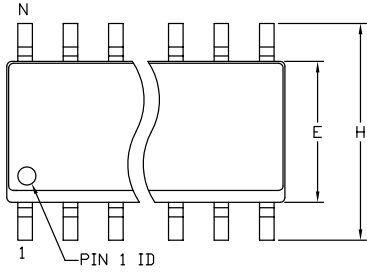


# MAX44251/MAX44252

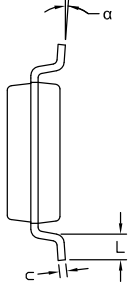
## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### Package Information (continued)

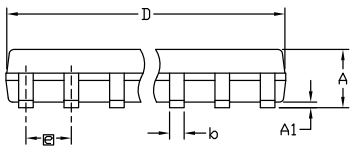
For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.



TOP VIEW



END VIEW



SIDE VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
A	.053	.069	1.35	1.75
A1	.004	.010	0.10	0.25
b	.014	.019	0.35	0.49
c	.007	.010	0.19	0.25
E	.150	.157	3.80	4.00
e	.050	BSC	1.27	BSC
H	.228	.244	5.80	6.20
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
alpha	0°	8°	0°	8°

VARIATION A				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
D	.189	.197	4.80	5.00
N	8			
MS012	AA			
PKG. CODE	S8-2, S8-4, S8-5, S8-6F, S8-7F, S8-8F, S8-10F, S8-11F, S8-16F			

VARIATION B				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
D	.337	.344	8.55	8.75
N	14			
MS012	AB			
PKG. CODE	S14-1, S14-4, S14-5, S14-6; S14M-4, S14M-5, S14M-6, S14M-7			


  

VARIATION C				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
D	.386	.394	9.80	10.00
N	16			
MS012	AC			
PKG. CODE	S16-1, S16-3, S16-5, S16-6, S16-8, S16-7F, S16-9F, S16-10F; S16M-3, S16M-6			

NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- MATERIAL MUST COMPLY WITH BANNED AND RESTRICTED SUBSTANCES SPEC # 10-0131.
- DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS 0.15 MM (.006") PER SIDE.
- LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN 0.10mm (.004").
- MEETS JEDEC MS012
- ALL DIMENSIONS APPLY TO BOTH LEADED (-) AND PbFREE (+) PKG. CODES.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-



TITLE:  
PACKAGE OUTLINE,  
8L, 14L, 16L SOIC .150 INCH

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0041	REV. C	1/1
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# MAX44251/MAX44252

## 20V, Ultra-Precision, Low-Noise Op Amps

### *Revision History*

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	10/11	Initial release	—

*Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.*

**Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600 \_\_\_\_\_ 15**