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DESCRIPTION: single output series dc-dc converter

Description

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PART NUMBER: VEFT1-SMT

Designed to convert fixed voltages into an isolated voltage, the VEFT1-SMT single series is well suited for providing board-mount local supplies in a wide range of applications, including mixed analog/digital circuits, test & measurement equip., process/machine controls, datacom/telecom fields, etc...

The semi-regulated output can be followed by 3-terminal regulators to provide output protection, in addition to output regulation.

Features

- ·Isolated 1 W output
- ·Temperature range: -40°C~+85°C
- ·Unregulated
- ·High efficiency to 80%
- ·Single voltage output
- ·Small footprint
- ·SMD package style
- ·Industry standard pinout
- ·UL94-V0 package
- ·No heatsink required
- ·3K Vdc isolation
- ·Power density 0.85 W/cm³
- ·No external component required
- ·Low cost





Input	Voltage	Output	Out	put Curre	nt	Package	•
Nominal	Range	Voltage	Max.	Min.	Efficiency	Style	UL60950-1
3.3 Vdc	3.00~3.60 Vdc	3.3 Vdc	300 mA	30 mA	72%	SMD	NO
3.3 Vdc	3.00~3.60 Vdc	5 Vdc	200 mA	20 mA	73%	SMD	NO
5 Vdc	4.5~5.5 Vdc	3.3 Vdc	300 mA	30 mA	74%	SMD	NO
5 Vdc	4.5~5.5 Vdc	5 Vdc	200 mA	20 mA	70%	SMD	YES
5 Vdc	4.5~5.5 Vdc	9 Vdc	111 mA	12 mA	75%	SMD	YES
5 Vdc	4.5~5.5 Vdc	12 Vdc	83 mA	9 mA	78%	SMD	YES
5 Vdc	4.5~5.5 Vdc	15 Vdc	67 mA	7 mA	80%	SMD	YES
5 Vdc	4.5~5.5 Vdc	24 Vdc	42 mA	5 mA	78%	SMD	NO
12 Vdc	10.8~13.2 Vdc	3.3 Vdc	300 mA	30 mA	75%	SMD	NO
12 Vdc	10.8~13.2 Vdc	5 Vdc	200 mA	20 mA	72%	SMD	YES
12 Vdc	10.8~13.2 Vdc	9 Vdc	111 mA	12 mA	76%	SMD	YES
12 Vdc	10.8~13.2 Vdc	12 Vdc	83 mA	9 mA	79%	SMD	YES
12 Vdc	10.8~13.2 Vdc	15 Vdc	67 mA	7 mA	81%	SMD	YES
12 Vdc	10.8~13.2 Vdc	24 Vdc	42 mA	5 mA	79%	SMD	NO
24 Vdc	21.6~26.4 Vdc	3.3 Vdc	300 mA	30 mA	73%	SMD	NO
24 Vdc	21.6~26.4 Vdc	5 Vdc	200 mA	20 mA	79%	SMD	NO
24 Vdc	21.6~26.4 Vdc	9 Vdc	111 mA	12 mA	80%	SMD	NO
24 Vdc	21.6~26.4 Vdc	12 Vdc	83 mA	9 mA	81%	SMD	NO
24 Vdc	21.6~26.4 Vdc	15 Vdc	67 mA	7 mA	79%	SMD	NO
24Vdc	21.6~26.4 Vdc	24 Vdc	42 mA	5 mA	80%	SMD	NO
	Nominal 3.3 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 5 Vdc 5 Vdc 5 Vdc 5 Vdc 5 Vdc 12 Vdc 24 Vdc 24 Vdc 24 Vdc 24 Vdc 24 Vdc 24 Vdc	3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 24 Vdc 21.6~26.4 Vdc	Nominal Range Voltage 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 5 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 5 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 9 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 12 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 15 Vdc 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 24 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 5 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 12 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 5 Vdc 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15 Vdc	Nominal Range Voltage Max. 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 9 Vdc 111 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 24 Vdc 42 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 9 Vdc 111 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15 Vdc 42 mA 24 Vdc 21.6~26.4 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA	Nominal Range Voltage Max. Min. 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 9 Vdc 111 mA 12 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 9 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 7 mA 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 24 Vdc 42 mA 5 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 9 Vdc 111 mA 12 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 9 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 7 mA 12 Vdc 10.8~1	Nominal Range Voltage Max. Min. Efficiency 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 72% 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 73% 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 74% 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 70% 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 9 Vdc 111 mA 12 mA 75% 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 9 mA 78% 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 7 mA 80% 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 24 Vdc 42 mA 5 mA 78% 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 75% 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 72% 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 9 mA 79% 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 15	Nominal Range Voltage Max. Min. Efficiency Style 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 72% SMD 3.3 Vdc 3.00~3.60 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 73% SMD 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 74% SMD 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 70% SMD 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 9 Vdc 111 mA 12 mA 75% SMD 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 12 Vdc 83 mA 9 mA 78% SMD 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 15 Vdc 67 mA 7 mA 80% SMD 5 Vdc 4.5~5.5 Vdc 24 Vdc 42 mA 5 mA 78% SMD 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 3.3 Vdc 300 mA 30 mA 75% SMD 12 Vdc 10.8~13.2 Vdc 5 Vdc 200 mA 20 mA 72% SMD

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output power		0.1		1	W
Line Regulation	For Vin change of 1%	For Vin change of 1%		1.2	%
Load Regulation	10% to 100% full load 10		10	15	%
Output voltage accuracy	See tolerance envelope graph				
Temperature drift	@ 100% load			0.03	%/°C
Output ripple	20 MHz Bandwidth 75		75	150	mVp-p
Switching frequency	Full load, nominal input	100	125	160	KHz

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PART NUMBER: VEFT1-SMT DESCRIPTION: single output series dc-dc converter

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Short circuit protect	tion	<1 second
Temperature rise at	full load	25°C Max, 15°C Typ.
Cooling		Free air convection
Operating temperature range		-40°C to +85°C
Storage temperature	e range	-55°C to +125°C
Soldering temperature		300°C (1.5mm from case for 10 sec.)
Storage humidity ra	nge	<95%
Case material		Plastic (UL94-V0)
Safety ²		approved to UL60950-1 (E222736)
MTBF >3,500,000 hrs.		>3,500,000 hrs.
Burn-in	Full load at +85°C, for 4 hours at no-load and 4 hours at full load.	

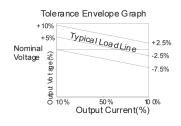
ISOLATION SPECIFICATIONS

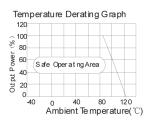
Item	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Isolation Voltage	Tested for 1 min.	3000			Vdc
Insulation Resistance	Test at 500 Vdc	1000			ΜΩ

Note:

- All specifications measured at TA=25°C, humidity <75%, nominal input voltage and rated output load unless otherwise specified.
- 2. See table on page 1 for available models

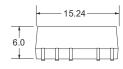
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

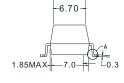




OUTLINE DIMENSIONS & RECOMMENDED LAYOUT PATTERN

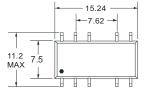
Side View







Top View



Pin	Function
1	-Vin
2	+Vin
3	NC
5	-Vout
6	NC



Pin	Function
7	NC
8	+Vout
10	NC
11	NC
12	NC

Note: All Pins on a 2.54mm pitch; all pin diameters are 0.50mm; all dimensions in mm.

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APPLICATION NOTES:

- Input filtering

To reduce the reflected ripple current and minimize EMI, especially when the converter input is more than 2" away from the DC source, it is recommended to connect a low ESR electrolytic capacitor between Vin and Gnd. The values suggested are as shown in Table 1. If additional filtering is required, the capacitance may be increased, or expanded to an LC network as shown in Figure 1.

TABLE 1

Input Voltage	External Input Capacitance
5 V	4.7 µF
12 V	2.2 μF
24 V	1.0 µF

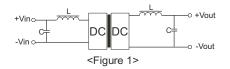
- Output filtering

An output capacitor is needed to meet output ripple requirements as shown in Table 2.

Output capacitance may be increased for additional filtering, but should not exeed $10\mu F$ or expanded to an LC network as in Figure 1.

TABLE 2

Vout	External Ouput Capacitance
5 V	10 μF
9 V	4.7 µF
12 V	2.2 µF
15 V	1 μF
24 V	0.47 μF



- Minimum loading

The converter needs a minimum of 10% loading to maintain output regulation. Operation under no-load conditions will not cause immediate damages but may reduce reliability, and cause performance not to meet specifications.

- Regulation

With a semi-regulated design, the converter's output voltage varies with load current and will change proportionally to the input voltage. If regulated output is needed, an external regulator can be used as shown in Figure 2.

- Protection

The converter has minimal protection against input over-voltage or output over-load, and may be permanently damaged if exposed to these conditions. An input clamping device can be used for input voltage limiting. An input fuse or an output fuse can also be used to protect against over-loading.

- External Regulator

An external 3-terminal regulator can be connected to the output of the converter to achieve full regulation. Make sure the converter's output voltage provides sufficient head room for the regulator. An additional benefit is that the built-in protection features in the regulator, such as OCP, OTP, etc, will protect the converter also. In a complimentory supply, a negative output regulator must be used to achieve the negative regulated output.

