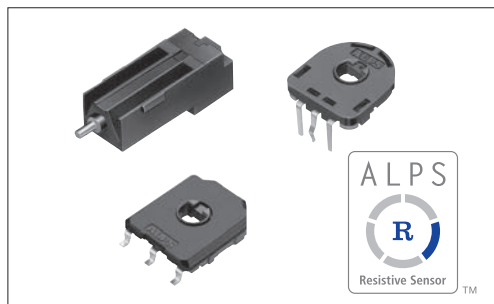




Typical Specifications



Items	Specifications		
	RDC40	RDC50	RDC90
Rated voltage	5V DC		
Operating life	100,000 cycles	1,000,000 cycles	10,000,000 cycles
Total resistance	10kΩ		3.3kΩ (RDC9010001) 10kΩ (RDC9010003)
Operating temperature range	-30°C to +80°C		-40°C to +120°C

Product Line

Mounting method	Linearity guarantee range	Linearity	Hollow shaft variation	Operating life (cycles)	Minimum order unit (pcs.)		Model No.	Drawing No.
					Japan	Export		
Connector type	13 rotations	±1%	—	100,000	770	770	RDC401D07A	1
Horizontal type	320°	±2%	φ3.5 dia	1,000,000	1,500	3,000	RDC501015A	2
			φ3.5 dia with radius				RDC501011A	3
Vertical type			φ3.5 dia		1,600	1,600	RDC502010A	4
Reflow type			φ3.5 dia with radius		3,900	3,900	RDC503013A	5
							RDC503015A	6
Reflow type (Low-profile)			φ4 dia		3,600	3,600	RDC506002A	7
Reflow type (Long-life)	60°	±3%	φ3.5 dia	10,000,000	1,960	1,960	RDC9010001	8
	244°						RDC9010003	

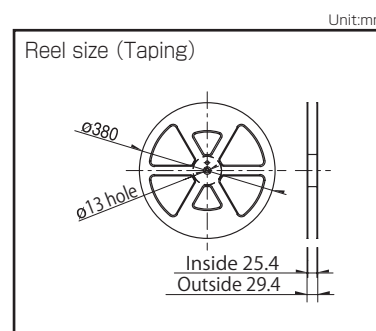
Note

Other varieties are also available. Please inquire.

Packing Specifications

Tray / Taping

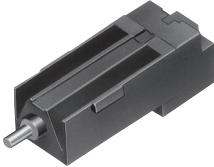
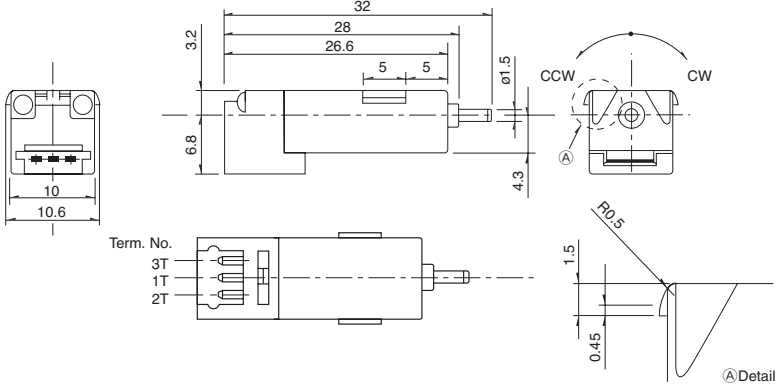
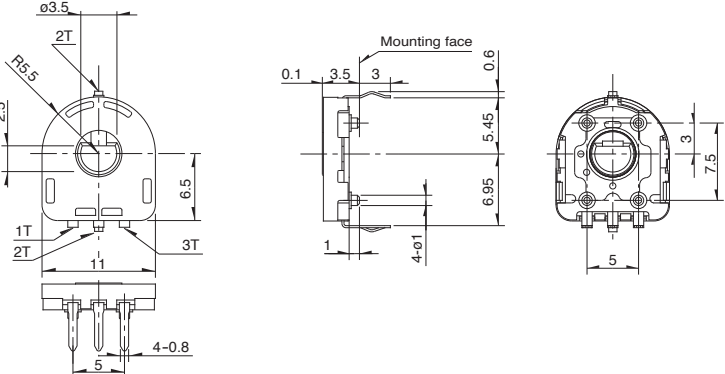
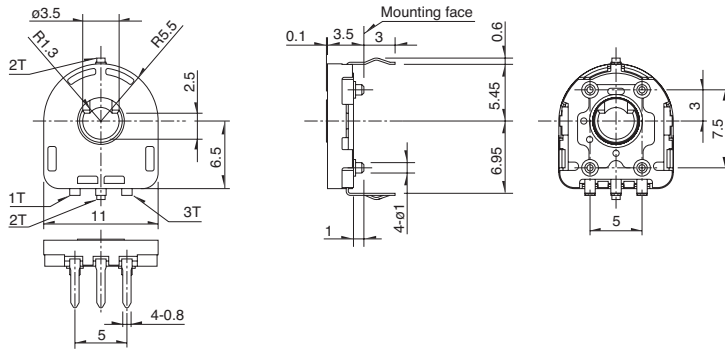
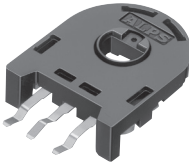
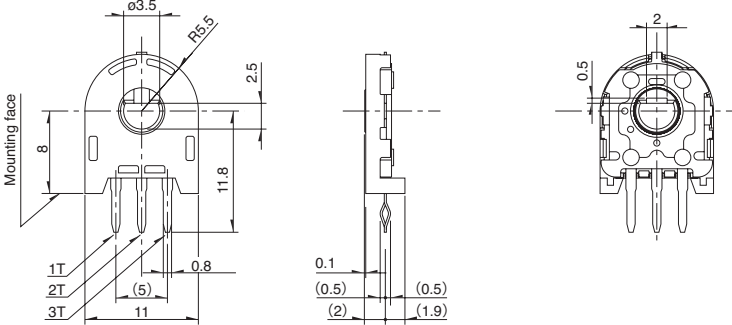
Series	Packing Specifications	Number of packages (pcs.)		Tape width (mm)	Export package measurements (mm)
		1 case / Japan	1 case / export packing		
RDC40	Tray	770	770	—	526×370×191
RDC501		1,500	3,000		
RDC502		1,600	1,600		370×280×92
RDC503	Taping	3,900	3,900	24	407×415×135
RDC506		3,600	3,600		
RDC90	Tray	1,960	1,960	—	240×300×270



Refer to P.477 for product specifications.
Refer to P.478 for soldering conditions.

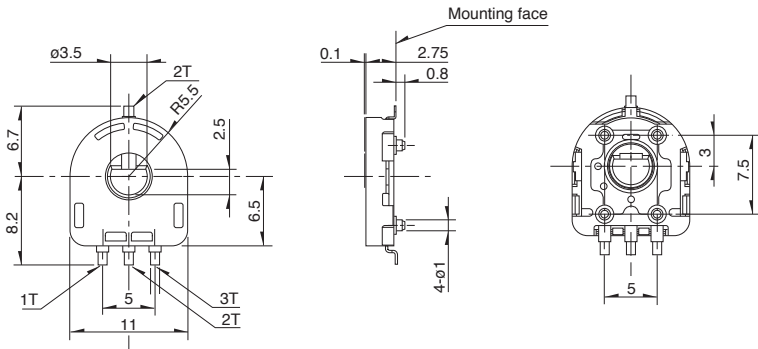
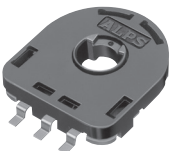
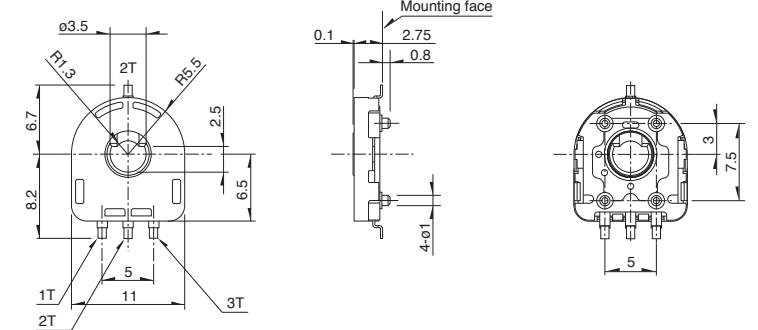
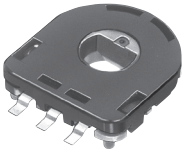
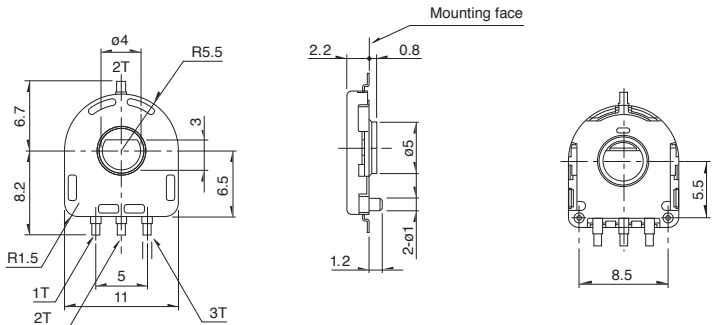
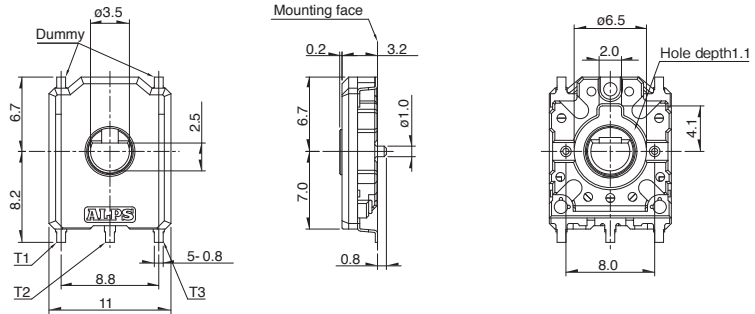
■ Dimensions

Unit:mm

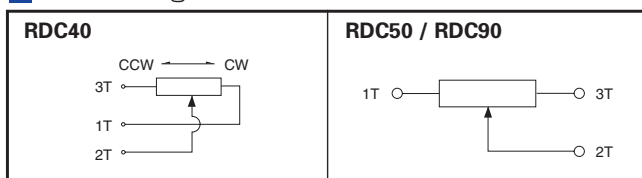
No.	Photo	Style
1	RDC40 (Multiple turns type) 	
2	RDC501 (Horizontal type) 	
3	RDC501 (Horizontal type, $\phi 3.5$ dia with radius) 	
4	RDC502 (Vertical type) 	

■ Dimensions

Unit:mm

No.	Photo	Style
5	RDC503 (Reflow type) 	
6	RDC503 (Reflow type, ø3.5 dia with radius) 	
7	RDC506 (Reflow type, low-profile) 	
8	RDC90 (Reflow type, Long-life) 	

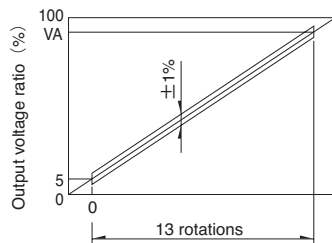
■ Circuit Diagram



Method for Regulating the Linearity

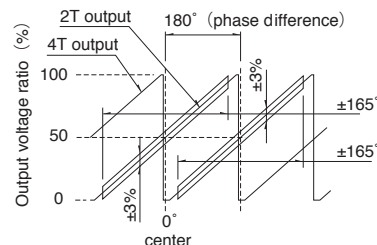
Model RDC40

1. Reference taper : 90%/13rotations
2. VA is measured output value



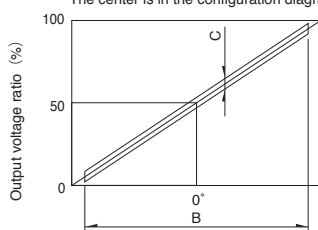
Model RDC80

1. Reference taper : 100%/340°
2. The center is in the configuration diagram condition



Model RDC50 / RDC90 / RD6R1A / RDCC0

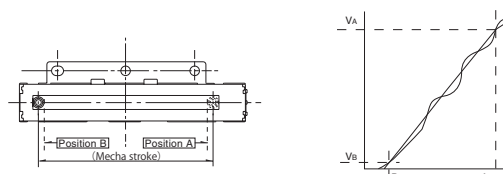
1. Reference taper : 100%/A
 2. Index point is 50% output point(RDC50/RDC90/RDCC0)
- The center is in the configuration diagram condition



Series	A	B	C
RDC50	333.3°	±160°	±2%
RDC90	80°	±30°	±3%
	260°	±122°	
RD6R1A	320°	±155°	±2%
RDCC0	30°	±15°	±2%

Model RDC10 / RD7

With rated voltage applied between terminals 1 and 3, the straight line which connects the measured output values VB and VA at specified reference positions B and A is assumed to be an ideal straight line, so that deviation against the ideal straight line when the voltage applied between terminals 1 and 3 is assumed to be 100% can be expressed as a percentage.



Resistive Position Sensors / Measurement and Test Methods

Resistive Position Sensor

[Total Resistance]

The total resistance, with the shaft (lever) placed at the end of terminal 1 or 3, shall be determined by measuring the resistance between the resistor terminals 1 and 3 unless otherwise specified.

[Rating Voltage]

The rating voltage corresponding to the rated power shall be determined by the following equation. When the resulting rated voltage exceeds the maximum operating voltage of a specific resistor, the maximum operating voltage shall be taken as the rated voltage.

$$E = \sqrt{P \cdot R}$$

E : Rated voltage (V)
P : Rated power (W)
R : Total nominal resistance (Ω)

Resistive Position Sensors

List of Varieties

Type		Rotary Type					Magnetic Rotary Type
Series		RDC40	RDC50	RDC90	RDC80	RD6R1A	RDCC0
Photo							
Direction of lever		Horizontal	Vertical Horizontal	Vertical			
Effective electrical angle (°)		5,400 (15 rotations)	333.3	80, 260	340 (1-phase) 360 (2-phase)	320	30
Linearity guarantee range (°)		4,680 (13 rotations)	320	60, 244	330 (1-phase) 360 (2-phase)	310	±15
Travel		—	—	—	—	—	—
Operating temperature range		−30℃ to +80℃	−40℃ to +120℃			−40℃ to +85℃	0℃ to +50℃
Operating life		100,000 cycles	1,000,000 cycles	10,000,000 cycles	100,000 cycles	500,000 cycles	10,000,000 cycles
Available for automotive use							—
Life cycle (availability)							
Mechanical performance	Operating force	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Rotational torque	1.96mN·m max.	2mN·m max.		10mN·m max.	100mN·m	5mN·m max.
Electrical performance	Total resistance tolerance	±30%				±20%	—
	Linearity (%)	±1	±2	±3		±2 (320°)	±2
	Rated voltage (V DC)	5					
Environmental performance	Cold	−30℃ 240h	−40℃ 168h				−40℃ 240h
	Dry heat	80℃ 240h	120℃ 168h			85℃ 168h	85℃ 240h
	Damp heat	60℃, 90 to 95%RH 240h	60℃, 90 to 95%RH 96h			80℃, 90 to 95%RH 96h	60℃, 90 to 95%RH 240h
Terminal style		Connector	Insertion / Reflow	Reflow		Connector	
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Resistive Position Sensors Soldering Conditions	478
Resistive Position Sensors Cautions	479

Note

- Indicates applicability to all products in the series.

Reference for Manual Soldering

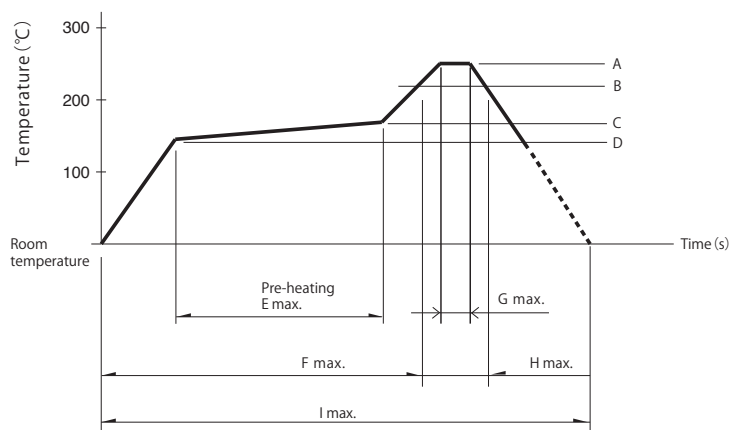
Series	Tip temperature	Soldering time
RDC50, RDC90, RDC80	350±5°C	3 ⁺¹ ₀ s
RDC10, RD7	350°C max.	3s max.

Reference for Dip Soldering

Series	Preheating		Dip soldering		No. of solders
	Soldering surface temperature	Heating time	Soldering temperature	Soldering time	
RDC501, RDC502	100 to 150°C	1minute max.	260±5°C	10±1s	1 time
RD7	100°C max.	1minute max.	260°C max.	5s max.	1 time

Example of Reflow Soldering Condition

1. Cleaning Cleaning should not be attempted.
2. Type of solder to be used Use cream solder that contains 10 to 15 %wt flux.
3. Number of solder applications - apply solder only once
4. Recommended reflow conditions



Series	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	No. of reflows
RDC503 RDC506	250°C	230°C	180°C	150°C	2min.	—	5s	40s	4min.	1 time
RDC90	255°C	230°C	—	—	—	2min.	10s	1min.	4min.	1 time
RDC80	250°C	—	180°C	150°C	90±30s	—	10±1s	—	—	1 time

Notes

1. When using an infrared reflow oven, solder may not always be applied as intended.
Be sure to use a hot air reflow oven or a type that uses infrared rays in combination with hot air.
2. The temperatures given above are the maximum temperatures at the terminals of the sensor when employing a hot air reflow method. The temperature of the PC board and the surface temperature of the sensor may vary greatly depending on the PC board material, its size and thickness. Ensure that the surface temperature of the sensor does not rise to 250°C or greater.
3. Conditions vary to some extent depending on the type of reflow bath used. Be sure to give due consideration to this prior to use.