

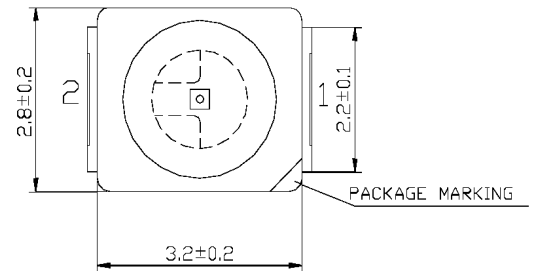
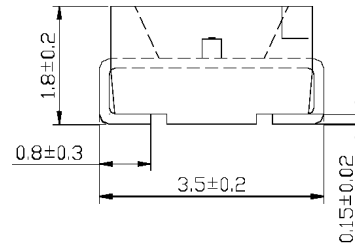
## LM1-PBL1-01-N1

### Features

Industry Standard 1210 PLCC Package (3.2 x 2.8mm)  
 High Operating Temperature Range:  $-40^{\circ} \sim +100^{\circ} \text{C}$   
 High luminosity with low power consumption  
 120° Viewing Angle  
 Wave and Re-flow Solderable

### Applications

Indicators  
 Illuminators  
 LCD Backlights  
 Automobile Applications



1: CATHODE  
 2: ANODE

### Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Forward Current	$I_F$	25	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	100.00	mW
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	$-40 \sim +100$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	$-40 \sim +100$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$T_{sol}$	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Time	-	for 3 sec. max	-

### Opto-Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	-	3.40	4.00	V
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	-	-	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Luminous Intensity	$I_v$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	112.00	260.00	-	mcd
Viewing Angle	$2\theta^{1/2}$	-	-	$120^{\circ}$	-	deg.
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_p$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	-	465	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda_d$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	-	470	-	nm
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	-	28	-	nm

## LM1-PBL1-01-N1 Graphs

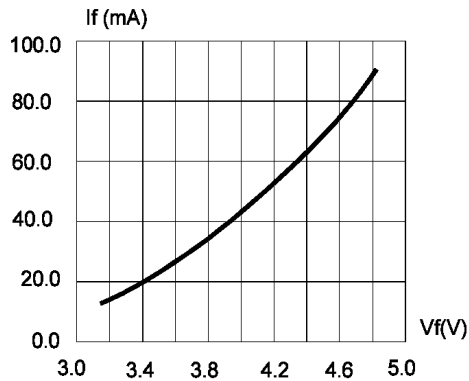


FIG.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

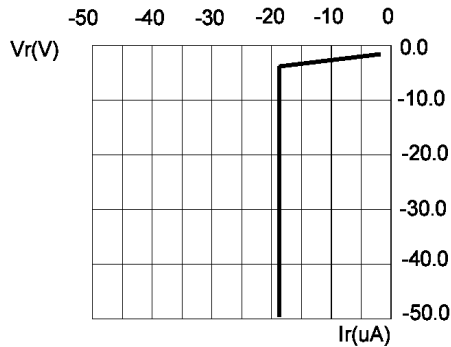


FIG.2 REVERSE CURRENT VS. REVERSE VOLTAGE.

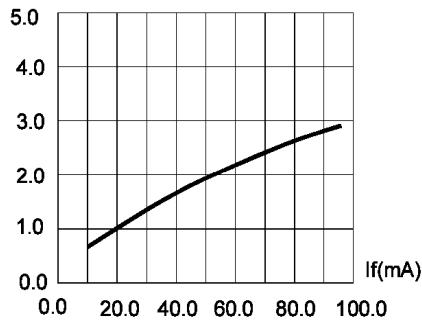


FIG.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

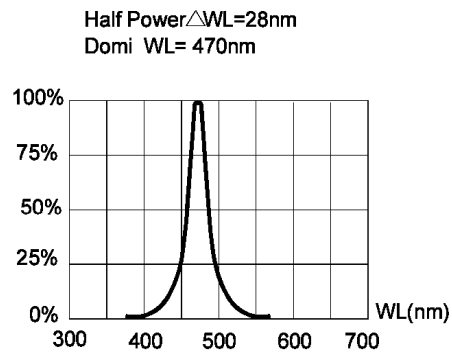


FIG.4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH.

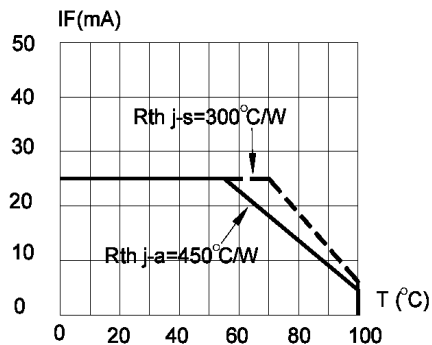


FIG.5 MAXIMUM FORWARD DC CURRENT VS TEMPERATURE. DERATING BASED ON  $T_{jmax}=110^{\circ}\text{C}$

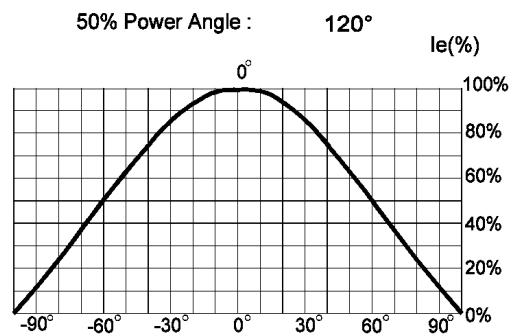


FIG.6 FAR FIELD PATTERN