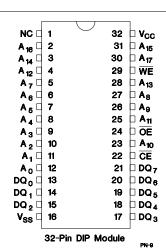


# 256Kx8 Nonvolatile SRAM

#### Features

- Data retention in the absence of power
- Automatic write-protection during power-up/power-down cycles
- Industry-standard 32-pin 256K x 8 pinout
- Conventional SRAM operation; unlimited write cycles
- 10-year minimum data retention in absence of power
- Battery internally isolated until power is applied

#### **Pin Connections**



### Selection Guide

### **General Description**

The CMOS bq4014 is a nonvolatile 2,097,152-bit static RAM organized as 262,144 words by 8 bits. The integral control circuitry and lithium energy source provide reliable nonvolatility coupled with the unlimited write cycles of standard SRAM.

The control circuitry constantly monitors the single 5V supply for an out-of-tolerance condition. When  $V_{CC}$  falls out of tolerance, the SRAM is unconditionally write-protected to prevent inadvertent write operation. At this time the integral energy

source is switched on to sustain the memory until after  $V_{CC}$  returns valid.

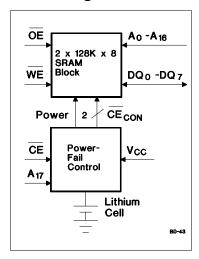
The bq4014 uses extremely low standby current CMOS SRAMs, coupled with small lithium coin cells to provide nonvolatility without long write-cycle times and the writecycle limitations associated with EEPROM.

The bq4014 requires no external circuitry and is compatible with the industry-standard 2Mb SRAM pinout.

#### A0-A17 Address inputs DQ0-DQ7 Data input/output CE Chip enable input OE Output enable input WE Write enable input NC No connect +5 volt supply input VCC Vss Ground

Pin Names

### **Block Diagram**



Part Number	Maximum Access Time (ns)	Negative Supply Tolerance	Part Number	Maximum Access Time (ns)	Negative Supply Tolerance	
bq4014 -85	85	-5%	bq4014Y -85	85	-10%	
bq4014 -120	120	-5%	bq4014Y -120	120	-10%	

# **Functional Description**

When power is valid, the bq4014 operates as a standard CMOS SRAM. During power-down and power-up cycles, the bq4014 acts as a nonvolatile memory, automatically protecting and preserving the memory contents.

Power-down/power-up control circuitry constantly monitors the V<sub>CC</sub> supply for a power-fail-detect threshold V<sub>PFD</sub>. The bq4014 monitors for V<sub>PFD</sub> = 4.62V typical for use in systems with 5% supply tolerance. The bq4014Y monitors for V<sub>PFD</sub> = 4.37V typical for use in systems with 10% supply tolerance.

When  $V_{CC}$  falls below the  $V_{PFD}$  threshold, the SRAM automatically write-protects the data. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as "don't care." If a valid access is in process at the time of power-fail detection, the memory cycle continues to completion. If the memory cycle fails to terminate within time t<sub>WPT</sub>, write-protection takes place.

As  $V_{CC}$  falls past  $V_{PFD}$  and approaches 3V, the control circuitry switches to the internal lithium backup supply, which provides data retention until valid  $V_{CC}$  is applied.

When  $V_{CC}$  returns to a level above the internal backup cell voltage, the supply is switched back to  $V_{CC}$ . After  $V_{CC}$  ramps above the  $V_{PFD}$  threshold, write-protection continues for a time  $t_{CER}$  (120ms maximum) to allow for processor stabilization. Normal memory operation may resume after this time.

The internal coin cells used by the bq4014 have an extremely long shelf life and provide data retention for more than 10 years in the absence of system power.

As shipped from Benchmarq, the integral lithium cells are electrically isolated from the memory. (Self-discharge in this condition is approximately 0.5% per year.) Following the first application of V<sub>CC</sub>, this isolation is broken, and the lithium backup provides data retention on subsequent power-downs.

### **Truth Table**

Mode	CE	WE	OE	I/O Operation	Power
Not selected	Н	Х	Х	High Z	Standby
Output disable	L	Н	Н	High Z	Active
Read	L	Н	L	D <sub>OUT</sub>	Active
Write	L	L	Х	D <sub>IN</sub>	Active

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	Conditions
Vcc	DC voltage applied on Vcc relative to Vss	-0.3 to 7.0	V	
VT	DC voltage applied on any pin excluding $V_{CC}$ relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.3 to 7.0	V	$V_T \leq V_{CC} + 0.3$
T <sub>OPR</sub>	Operating temperature	0 to +70	°C	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-40 to +70	°C	
T <sub>BIAS</sub>	Temperature under bias	-10 to +70	°C	
TSOLDER	Soldering temperature	+260	°C	For 10 seconds

**Note:** Permanent device damage may occur if **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be limited to the Recommended DC Operating Conditions detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to conditions beyond the operational limits for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

### Recommended DC Operating Conditions (TA = 0 to 70°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Notes
		4.5	5.0	5.5	V	bq4014Y
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	4.75	5.0	5.5	v	bq4014
Vss	Supply voltage	0	0	0	v	
VIL	Input low voltage	-0.3	-	0.8	v	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage	2.2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	v	

**Note:** Typical values indicate operation at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

# DC Electrical Characteristics (TA = 0 to 70°C, VCCmin $\leq$ VCC $\leq$ VCCmax)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Conditions/Notes
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input leakage current	-	-	± 2	μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output leakage current	-	-	± 2	μΑ	$\label{eq:expectation} \begin{aligned} \overline{\underline{CE}} &= V_{IH} \mbox{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{IH} \mbox{ or } \\ \overline{WE} &= V_{IL} \end{aligned}$
Voh	Output high voltage	2.4	-	-	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA
Vol	Output low voltage	-	-	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Standby supply current	-	5	12	mA	$\overline{\text{CE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Standby supply current	-	2.5	5	mA	$\label{eq:VCC} \begin{split} \overline{CE} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2V, \\ 0V &\leq V_{IN} \leq 0.2V, \\ \text{or } V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \end{split}$
I <sub>CC</sub>	Operating supply current	-	75	110	mA	$\label{eq:min.cycle, duty = 100\%,} \frac{Min. cycle, duty = 100\%,}{CE = V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0mAV,} \\ A17 < V_{IL} \mbox{ or } A17 > V_{IH} \\ \end{array}$
		4.55	4.62	4.75	V	bq4014
VPFD	PFD Power-fail-detect voltage		4.37	4.50	V	bq4014Y
Vso	Supply switch-over voltage	-	3	-	V	

**Note:** Typical values indicate operation at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5V$ .

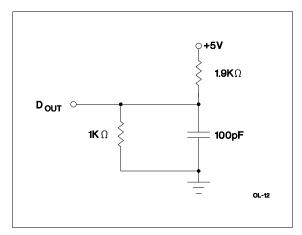
### **Capacitance** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, F = 1MHz, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
CI/O	Input/output capacitance	-	-	40	pF	Output voltage = 0V
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	-	-	40	pF	Input voltage = 0V

**Note:** These parameters are sampled and not 100% tested.

# **AC Test Conditions**

Parameter	Test Conditions
Input pulse levels	0V to 3.0V
Input rise and fall times	5 ns
Input and output timing reference levels	1.5 V (unless otherwise specified)
Output load (including scope and jig)	See Figures 1 and 2



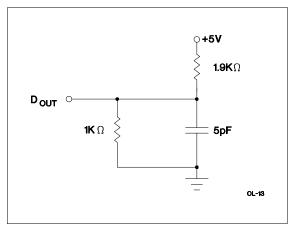
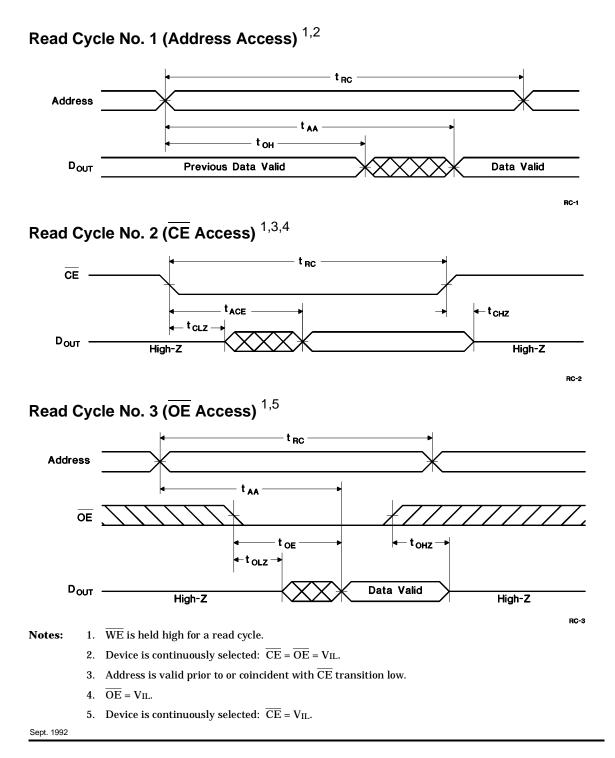


Figure 1. Output Load A

Figure 2. Output Load B

# $\label{eq:relation} \textit{Read Cycle} \quad (T_{A} = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{VcCmin} \ \leq \text{VcC} \leq \text{VcCmax})$

		-85 -120					
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	85	-	120	-	ns	
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address access time	-	85	-	120	ns	Output load A
t <sub>ACE</sub>	Chip enable access time	-	85	-	120	ns	Output load A
toE	Output enable to output valid	-	45	-	60	ns	Output load A
t <sub>CLZ</sub>	Chip enable to output in low Z	5	-	5	-	ns	Output load B
tolz	Output enable to output in low Z	0	-	0	-	ns	Output load B
t <sub>CHZ</sub>	Chip disable to output in high Z	0	35	0	45	ns	Output load B
toHz	Output disable to output in high Z	0	25	0	35	ns	Output load B
toH	Output hold from address change	10	-	10	-	ns	Output load A



		-8	-85 -120				
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Min. Max.		Conditions/Notes
twc	Write cycle time	85	-	120	-	ns	
tcw	Chip enable to end of write	75	-	100	-	ns	(1)
taw	Address valid to end of write	75	-	100	-	ns	(1)
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address setup time	0	-	0	-	ns	Measured from address valid to beginning of write. (2)
t <sub>WP</sub>	Write pulse width	65	-	85	-	ns	Measured from beginning of write to end of write. (1)
t <sub>WR1</sub>	Write recovery time (write cycle 1)	5	-	5	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{\rm WE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (3)
t <sub>WR2</sub>	Write recovery time (write cycle 2)	15	-	15	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{CE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (3)
t <sub>DW</sub>	Data valid to end of write	35	-	45	-	ns	Measured to first low-to-high transition of either $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$ .
t <sub>DH1</sub>	Data hold time (write cycle 1)	0	-	0	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{\rm WE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (4)
t <sub>DH2</sub>	Data hold time (write cycle 2)	10	-	10	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{\text{CE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. (4)
twz	Write enabled to output in high Z	0	30	0	40	ns	I/O pins are in output state. (5)
tow	Output active from end of write	0	-	0	-	ns	I/O pins are in output state. (5)

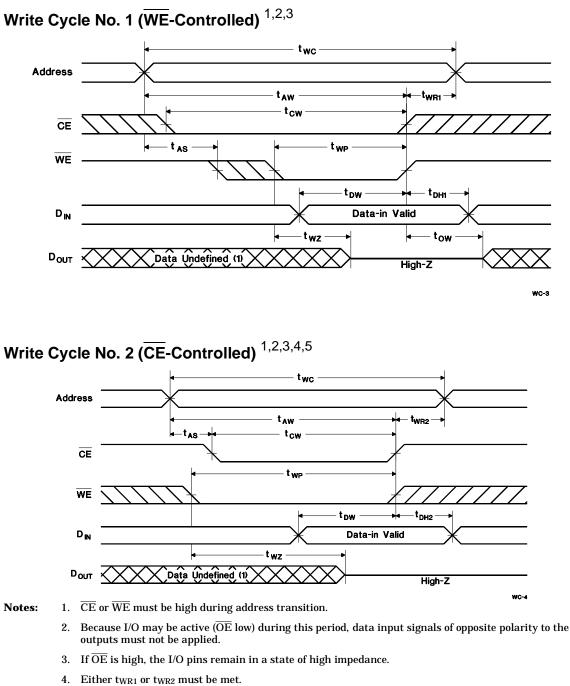
# Write Cycle (TA = 0 to 70°C, VCCmin $\leq$ VCC $\leq$ VCCmax)

Notes:

: 1. A write ends at the earlier transition of  $\overline{CE}$  going high and  $\overline{WE}$  going high.

- 2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low  $\overline{CE}$  and a low  $\overline{WE}$ . A write begins at the later transition of  $\overline{CE}$  going low and  $\overline{WE}$  going low.
- 3. Either  $t_{WR1}$  or  $t_{WR2}$  must be met.
- 4. Either t<sub>DH1</sub> or t<sub>DH2</sub> must be met.

5. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes low simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going low or after  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going low, the outputs remain in high-impedance state.



- 4. Either twee of twee must be met.
- 5. Either  $t_{DH1}$  or  $t_{DH2}$  must be met.

### Power-Down/Power-Up Cycle (T<sub>A</sub> = 0 to 70°C)

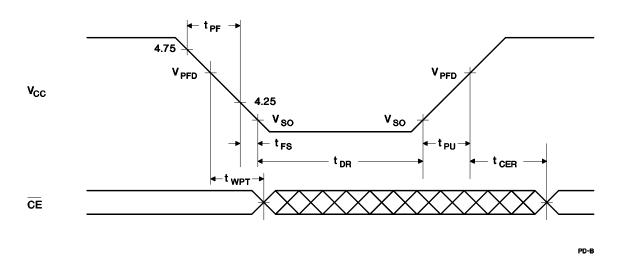
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
t <sub>PF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> slew, 4.75 to 4.25 V	300	-	-	μs	
t <sub>FS</sub>	$V_{CC}$ slew, 4.25 to $V_{SO}$	10	-	-	μs	
t <sub>PU</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> slew, V <sub>SO</sub> to V <sub>PFD</sub> (max.)	0	-	-	μs	
tcer	Chip enable recovery time	40	80	120	ms	Time during which SRAM is write-protected after $V_{CC}$ passes $V_{PFD}$ on power-up.
t <sub>DR</sub>	Data-retention time in absence of $V_{CC}$	10	-	-	years	$T_{\rm A} = 25^{\circ} {\rm C.}$ (2)
t <sub>WPT</sub>	Write-protect time	40	100	150	μs	Delay after V <sub>CC</sub> slews down past V <sub>PFD</sub> before SRAM is write-protected.

**Notes:** 1. Typical values indicate operation at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5V$ .

2. Batteries are disconnected from circuit until after  $V_{CC}$  is applied for the first time.  $t_{DR}$  is the accumulated time in absence of power beginning when power is first applied to the device.

Caution: Negative undershoots below the absolute maximum rating of -0.3V in battery-backup mode may affect data integrity.

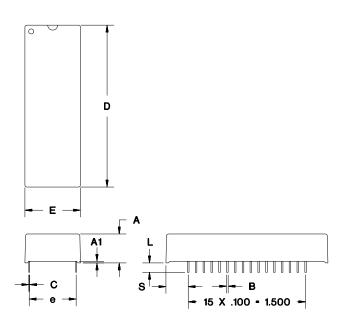
### **Power-Down/Power-Up Timing**



# Data Sheet Revision History (Sept. 1992 Changes From Sept. 1990)

 $Clarification \ of \ I_{CC} \ test \ conditions, \ page \ 3.$ 

# MB: 32-Pin B-Type Module

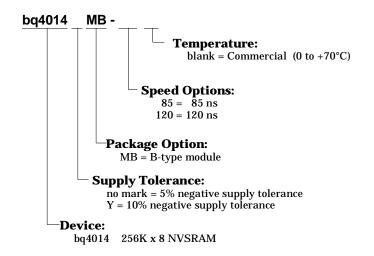


### 32-Pin MB (B-Type Module)

Dimension	Minimum	Maximum
Α	0.365	0.375
A1	0.015	-
В	0.017	0.023
С	0.008	0.013
D	2.070	2.100
Е	0.710	0.740
е	0.590	0.630
G	0.090	0.110
L	0.120	0.150
S	0.275	0.310

All dimensions are in inches.

# **Ordering Information**



### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
BQ4014MB-120	NRND	DIP MOD ULE	MB	32	1	TBD	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type
BQ4014MB-85	NRND	DIP MOD ULE	MB	32	1	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type
BQ4014YMB-120	NRND	DIP MOD ULE	MB	32	1	TBD	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type
BQ4014YMB-85	NRND	DIP MOD ULE	MB	32	10	TBD	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

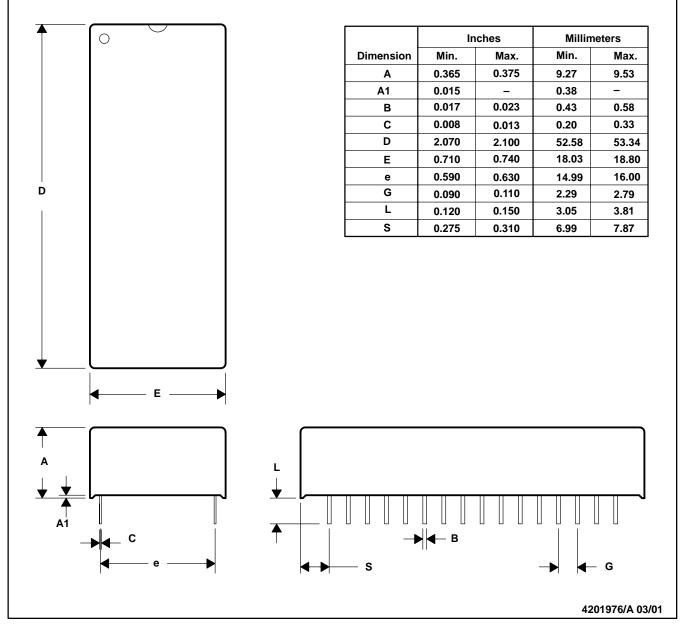
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# **MECHANICAL DATA**

MPDI062 - MAY 2001

#### PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (mm). B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

MB (R-PDIP-T32)



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