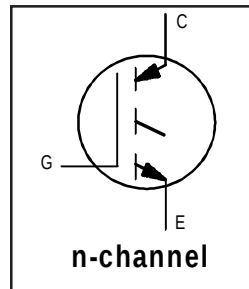


Features

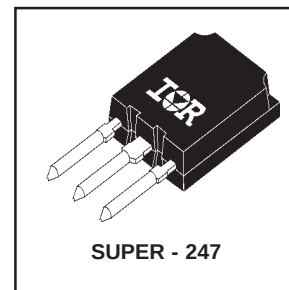
- Hole-less clip/pressure mount package compatible with TO-247 and TO-264, with reinforced pins
- High short circuit rating IGBTs, optimized for motorcontrol
- Minimum switching losses combined with low conduction losses
- Tightest parameter distribution
- Creepage distance increased to 5.35mm



$V_{CES} = 1200V$
 $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.97V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 42A$

Benefits

- Highest current rating IGBT
- Maximum power density, twice the power handling of the TO-247, less space than TO-264



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V _{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	V
I _C @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Collector Current	78	A
I _C @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Collector Current	42	
I _{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ❶	156	
I _{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ❷	156	
t _{SC}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	μs
V _{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
E _{ARV}	Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy ❸	170	mJ
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	350	W
P _D @ T _C = 100°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	140	
T _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm from case)	

Thermal Resistance\ Mechanical

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.36	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	38	
	Recommended Clip Force	20.0(2.0)	—	—	N (kgf)
	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$V_{(BR)ECS}$	Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④	18	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.1	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 10mA$
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.97	3.9	V	$I_C = 42A, V_{GE} = 15V$
		—	3.44	—		$I_C = 78A, V_{GE} = 15V$
		—	2.60	—		$I_C = 42A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-12	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.5mA$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ⑤	25	38	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 42A$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	500	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$
		—	—	2.0		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	—	5.0	mA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	410	610	nC	$I_C = 42A$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	47	70		$V_{CC} = 400V$
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	145	220		$V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	45	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	38	—		$I_C = 42A, V_{CC} = 960V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	220	340		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	160	250	mJ	Energy losses include "tail"
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	2.35	—		See Fig. 9,10,14
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	3.14	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	5.49	8.3		
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	—	—	μs	$V_{CC} = 720V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 20V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	42	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	41	—		$I_C = 42A, V_{CC} = 960V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	460	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	250	—	mJ	Energy losses include "tail"
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	11.5	—		See Fig. 10,11,14
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	5770	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	400	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	100	—		$f = 1.0MHz$

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE} = 20V$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 13b)
- ② $V_{CC} = 80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE} = 20V$, $L = 10\mu H$, $R_G = 5.0\Omega$, (See fig. 13a)
- ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

- ④ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$
- ⑤ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot

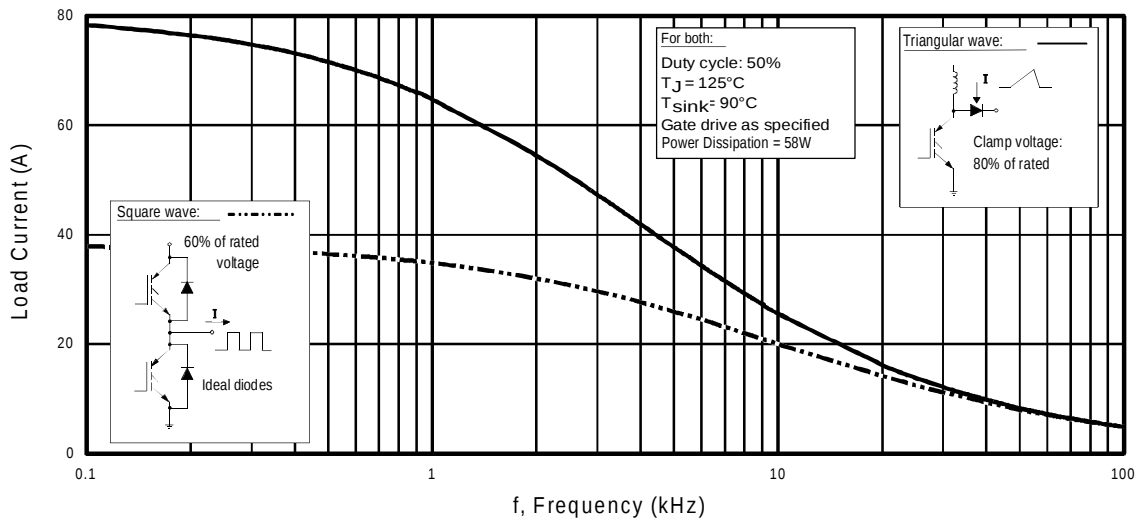


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(For square wave, $I = I_{\text{RMS}}$ of fundamental; for triangular wave, $I = I_{\text{PK}}$)

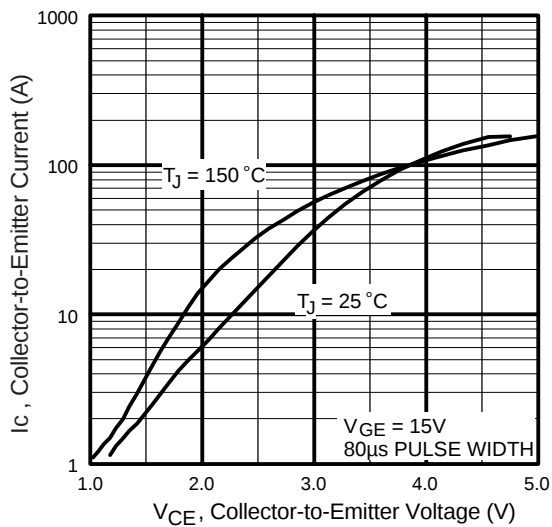


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

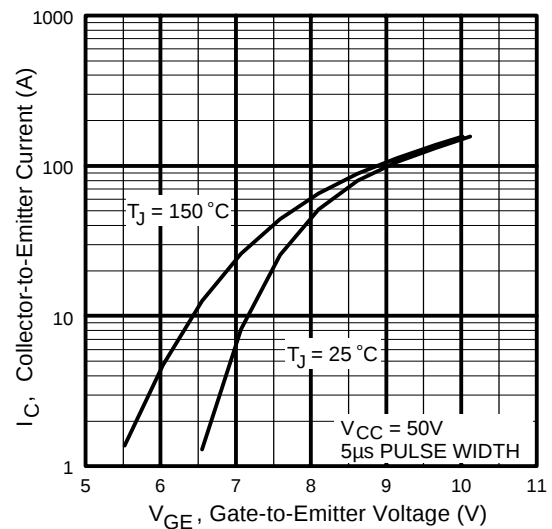


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

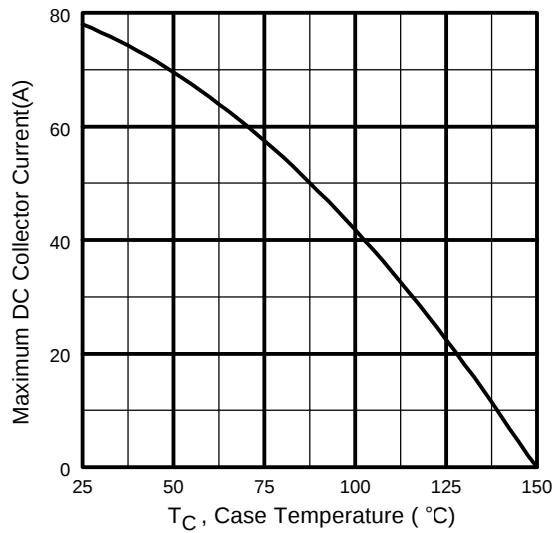


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

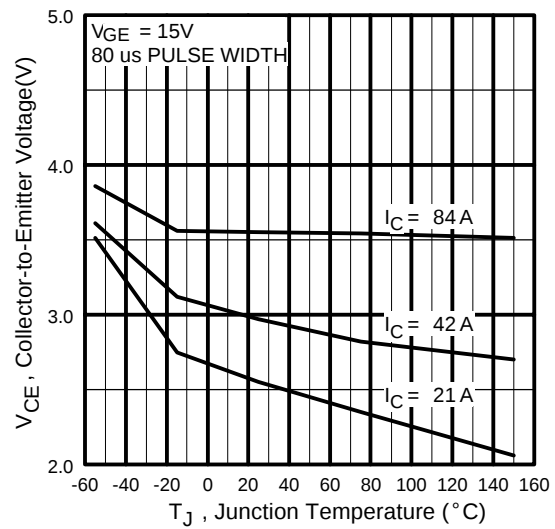


Fig. 5 - Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

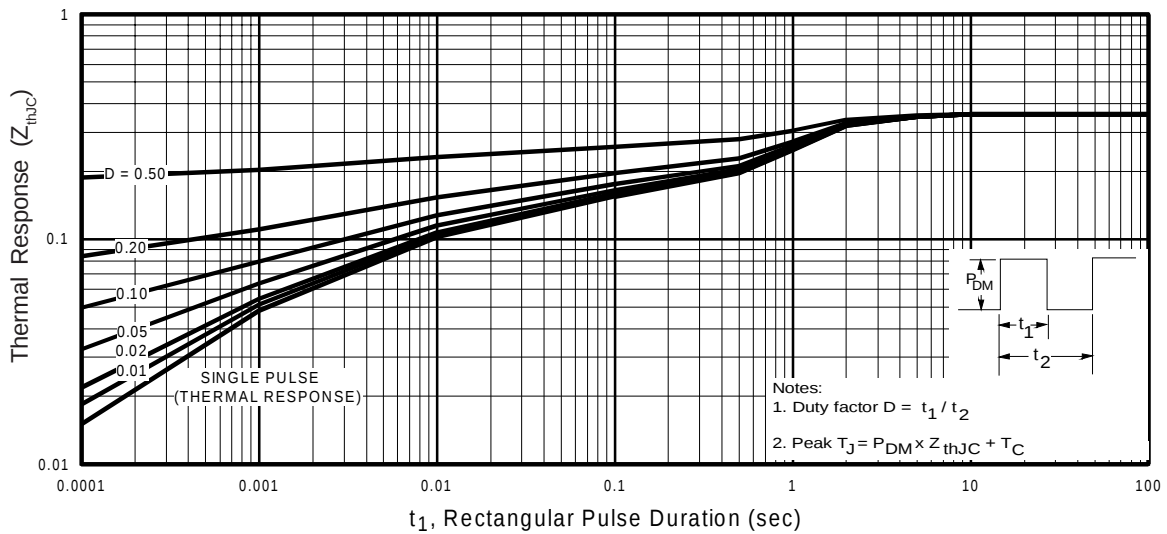


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

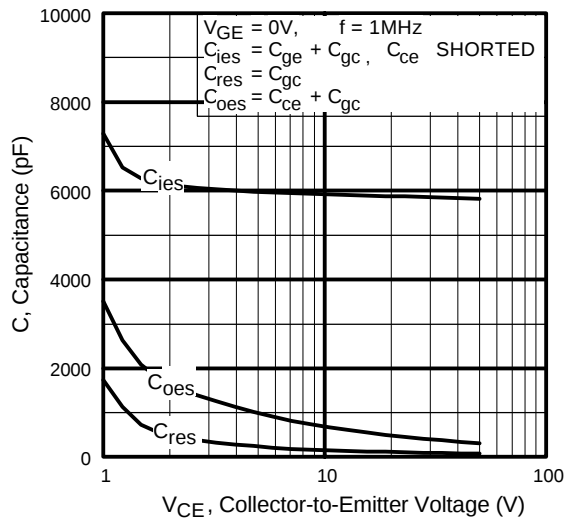


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

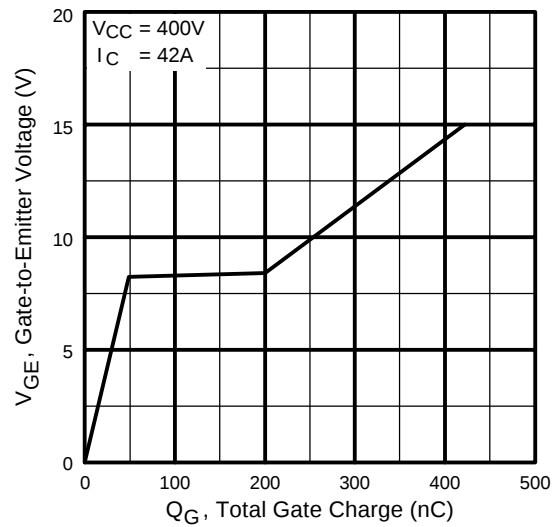


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

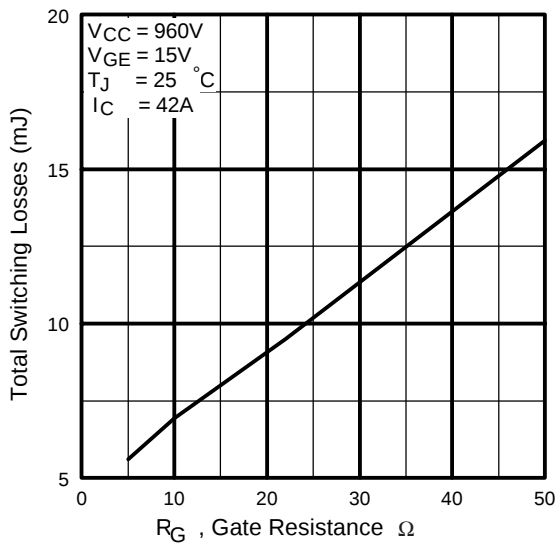


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

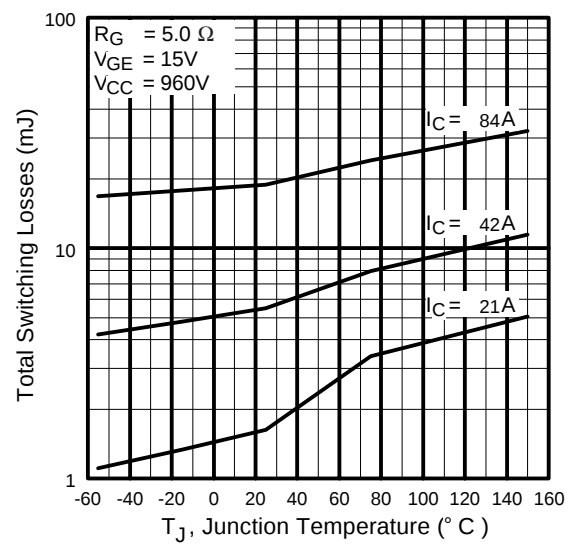


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

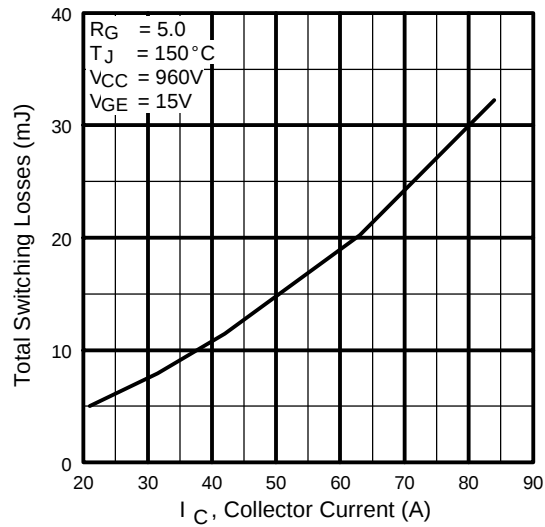


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

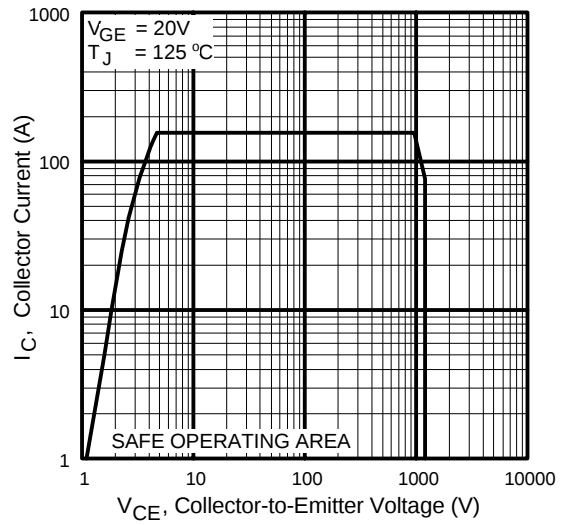


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

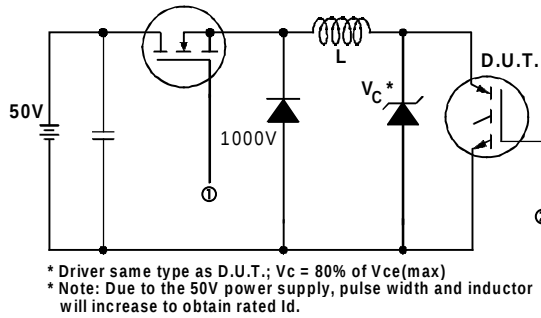


Fig. 13a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

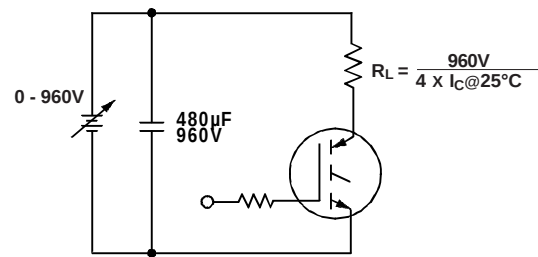


Fig. 13b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

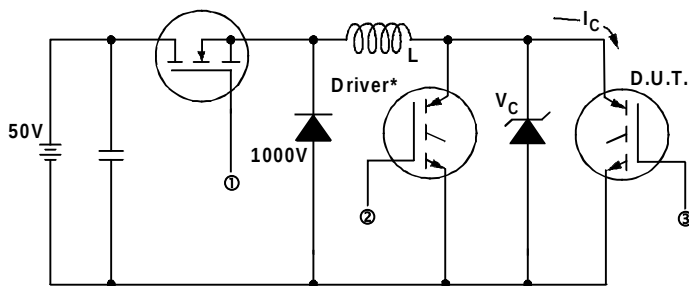


Fig. 14a - Switching Loss Test Circuit

* Driver same type as D.U.T., $V_C = 960V$

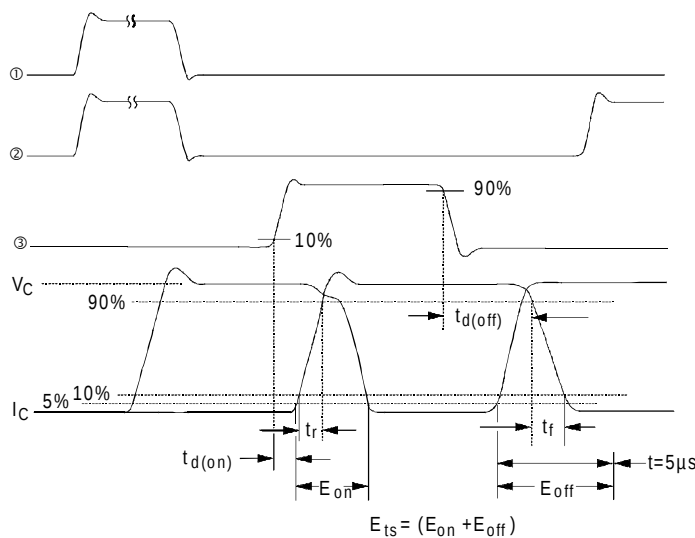


Fig. 14b - Switching Loss Waveforms

Case Outline and Dimensions — Super-247

Dimensions are shown in millimeters

